



APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1906.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

THE following Notices are published for general information.

Calcutta, the 3rd March 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secretary, Marine Department.

CEYLON COAST—COLOMBO HARBOUR.

Caution—A rocky ridge on the northern approaches.

No. 79 (first publication).—The Master Attendant, Colombo, has given notice of the existence of a rocky ridge in the northern approaches of Colombo harbour with a least depth of 21 feet over it. A buoy has been placed N. 14° W. two miles from head of south-west breakwater. Mariners are accordingly warned.

AFRICA, SOUTH—CAPE COLONY.

Whale rock—Bell buoy withdrawn.

No. 80 (first publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 227, dated 27th June 1903, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 97 of 1906) that the bell buoy formerly marking Whale rock, and situated in a position from which Robben island lighthouse bore N. 37° E., distant 1½ miles, has been withdrawn.

Approximate position, lat. 33° 50' S., long. 18° 22½' E.

(Variation 29° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Table bay to Cape Agulhas, No. 2082; Table bay to Donkin bay, No. 2021; Cape of Good Hope and False bay, No. 636; Table bay, No. 1920. Also, Africa Pilot, part II, 1901, page 324; Supplement, 1905, page 19, and part III, 1897, page 65.

PACIFIC OCEAN—THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—MINDORO STRAIT.

Apo island light—Alteration in—.

No. 81 (first publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 362, dated 20th October 1904, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 105 of 1906) that, on or about 20th December 1905, the character of the light on Apo island, Mindoro strait, would be altered from white fixed to a *group flashing* light about *every ten seconds*, thus:—*white flash, eclipse five seconds; red flash, eclipse five seconds*; it would be elevated 123 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 15 miles, the light being of the 3rd order. The exact time occupied by the flashes and eclipses is not stated.

Approximate position, lat. $12^{\circ} 40'$ N., long. $120^{\circ} 24'$ E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Molucca passage to Manila, No. 943; China sea, No. 2661b; St. Bernardino and Mindoro straits, No. 2577; Also, List of Lights, part VI, 1905, No. 621a; China Sea Directory, vol. II, 1899, page 297; and Eastern Archipelago, part I, 1902, page 77.

CHINA, NORTH—MANCHURIA—PECHILI STRAIT—KWANG TUNG PENINSULA.

Ta lien hwan—Mines removed in approach.

No. 82 (first publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 151, dated 8th May 1905, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 106 of 1906) that the mines in the approach to Ta lien hwan have been cleared away, and that the Kwang tung peninsula may now be approached on the southern side, eastward of a line joining South Entry point and Cap island, and running in a S. 61° W. direction for a distance of 10 miles from Cap island, with reasonable security.

Approximate position, Cap island, lat. $38^{\circ} 47\frac{1}{2}'$ N., long. $121^{\circ} 36\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

The cautionary note respecting mines will, however, be retained on the Charts until it is known that the whole of the coast in this locality is free from these dangers.

(Variation 5° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Gulfs of Pechili and Liau tung, No. 1256; Kwang tung peninsula, No. 1798; Also, China Sea Directory, vol. III, 1904, pages 585, 589, 633, 634.

PACIFIC OCEAN—THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—LUZON—SAN BERNARDINO STRAIT—TEKLNI STRAIT.

Cabezas shoal—Amended position.

No. 83. (first publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 194, dated 20th October 1894, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 111 of 1906) that Cabezas shoal, with a depth of one fathom over it is situated at a distance of 13 cables No. 20° W., and not one-third of a mile N. 20° W. from Kalantas bank as previously stated. It is a shoal head on Hamorauan bank.

Approximate position, lat. $12^{\circ} 31\frac{1}{2}'$ N., long. $124^{\circ} 4'$ E.

(Variation Nil in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—San Bernardino and Mindoro straits' No. 2577; San Bernardino strait, No. 3370; plan of Matnog bay on Chart No. 3475; Also Eastern Archipelago, Part I, 1902, page 349.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT—PULO PENANG.

Pulo Rimau light—Character altered.

No. 84 (first publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 112 of 1906) that on 15th January 1906, the character of Pulo Rimau light would be altered from fixed to a red occulting light *every twenty seconds*, thus:—*light, seventeen and a half seconds; eclipse, two and a half seconds*; it would be elevated 129 feet above high water, visible in clear weather from a distance of about 13 miles, and shown from an iron tower, 57 feet high.

erected on a masonry base, situated on the eastern side of the island at a distance of $1\frac{1}{2}$ cables N. 12° E. from its southern point:
The light is of the 3rd order.

Approximate position, lat. $5^{\circ} 14'$ N., long. $100^{\circ} 16\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

(Variation 2° Easterly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Acheh head to Tyingkok bay, No. 2760; Butang group to Pulo Berhala, No. 793; Penang Harbour, No. 1366; Malacca strait, No. 1355; Also, List of Lights, part VI, 1906, No. 408; and China Sea Directory, Vol. I, 1896, page 147.

JAPAN—HONSHU, NORTH-WEST COAST—WAKARA BAY.

Tsunegami zaki—Rock awash of Ohi shima—Amended height.

No. 85 (first publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 113 of 1906) of the existence of a rock awash, situated at a distance of about $3\frac{1}{2}$ cables S. 55° W. from the extremity of Tsunegami zaki.

Approximate position, lat. $35^{\circ} 38\frac{1}{2}'$ N., long. $135^{\circ} 48\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

Also, that the height of Ohi shima, situated $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles S. 30° W. from Tsunegami zaki, is 103 feet, and not 38 feet above high water as at present shown on the Charts.

(Variation 5° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Aburatani bay to Ando zaki, No. 1495; Amurube zaki to Ando zaki, No. 2174; Also, Sailing Directions for Japan, etc., 1904, page 650.

JAPAN—NAIKAI—BINGO NADA.

Sanagi shima—Wreck to the southward.

No. 86 (first publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 114 of 1906) that the wreck of a sailing vessel, with a mast showing 6 feet above high water, is reported to be sunk in Bingo nada, in a position from which Sanagi shima summit (812 feet) bears N. 83° E., distant $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles, and Mushima summit S. 83° W.

Approximate position, lat. $34^{\circ} 19'$ N., long. $133^{\circ} 36\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

(Variation 4° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Naikai, No. 2875; Bingo nada to Osuchi shima, No. 128; Also, Sailing Directions for Japan, etc., 1904, page 450.

CHINA, EAST COAST—PORT SHELTER.

Rocks.

No. 87 (first publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice of the existence of the undermentioned rocks in port Shelter, in the following positions :—

- (a) A rock, with a depth of 3 fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the north-western point of Shelter island bears N. 56° E., distant 4 cables, and the southern extremity of the same island S. 56° E.

Approximate position, lat. $22^{\circ} 20'$ N., long. $114^{\circ} 17\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

- (b) A rock, with a depth of $3\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the north-western point of Shelter island bears N. 20° E., distant $4\frac{1}{2}$ cables, and the southern extremity of the same island S. 68° E.
- (c) A rock, with a depth of $2\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the eastern summit of Sharp island bears S. 24° W., distant $2\frac{1}{4}$ cables, and Keni island summit (725 feet) S. 31° E.

- (d) A rock, with a depth of 1½ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the northernmost summit of Sharp Island bears S. 7° W., distant 3½ cables, and the northern extremity of Nga ju tau N. 82° W.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 23' N., long. 114° 17½' E.

- (e) The channel between Peaked rock and Jin island is foul.

Approximate position, Peaked rock, lat. 22° 19½' N., long. 114° 19½' E.

(Variation Nil in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Approaches to Hongkong, No. 1180; Mirs bay, No. 1964; Also, China Sea Directory, Vol. III, 1904, page 128.

CHINA SEA—BANKA STRAIT.

Amelia bank—Light buoy established. *Banju Asin river*.—Buoy replaced by light buoy.

No. 88 (first publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 468, dated 30th November 1905, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 117 of 1906) that a light buoy, painted in red and black horizontal bands, and exhibiting a white occulting light every twenty seconds (light, ten seconds; eclipse, ten seconds), has been established near the south-eastern edge of Amelia bank, Banka strait, in approximately lat. 2° 13½' S., long. 105° 17' E.

Also, that the black can buoy formerly situated 1½ miles north-eastward from Tanjong Serah, Banju Asin river, has been replaced by a light buoy, painted black, from which a white occulting light every twenty seconds (light, ten seconds; eclipse, ten seconds) is exhibited.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 22' 25" S., long. 104° 45' 10" E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Banka strait to Singapore, No. 2757; Gaspar and Banka straits, No. 2149; Banka strait, Nos. 2597 and 3471; Also, China Sea Directory, vol. I, 1896, pages 413, 400; and Supplement, 1899, page 35.

INDIA, WEST—SIND COAST.

Karachi harbour—Light buoy established.

No. 89 (first publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 118 of 1906) that a light buoy, painted red, exhibiting a red fixed light, has been established to mark the 20-foot patch in Karachi harbour; it is moored in a position from which Manora point light-house bears S. 85° W., distant 3½ cables, and the breakwater light S. 8° W.

Approximate position, lat. 24° 47½' N., long. 66° 59' E.

(Variation 1° Easterly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Chart:—Karachi harbour, No. 40; Also, Hindustan Pilot, 1898, page 304; and Supplement, 1903, page 19.

INDIA, WEST—BOMBAY COAST.

Port of Aguada—Light to be fixed.

No. 72 (second publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 16 of 1906) that information, dated 22nd January 1906, has been received from the Captain of the Port, Aguada, through the Consul-General for Portugal in British India, Bombay, that from the 10th February 1906 Aguada light will be fixed until further notice.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—No. 827, Vengurla to Cape Comorin; No. 2737, Viasadrag to Cochin; No. 740, Achra river to Cape Ramas; No. 492, Aguada to St. George Islands, including Marmugoa and Goa roadstead, and West Coast of Hindustan Pilot, 4th edition, 1898, page 164; also list of Light-houses and Light-vessels in British India, page 28, No. 257.

ARABIA, NORTH-EAST COAST—PERSIAN GULF.

Rehnia Shoal—Depth of water.

No. 73 (second publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 18 of 1906) that the Commander of the B. I. S. N. Co.'s S.S. *Waroonga* reports that on her recent voyage from Koweit to Bahrein the vessel grounded on the shoal which was reported by

H. M. S. *Sphinx* in 1897, bearing S. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rennie Shoal and to have a depth of 19 feet.

It appears that there is less water on this shoal than previously reported, as the S.S. *Waroonga* was only drawing 15' 6" at the time of her grounding.

This Notice affects Admiralty Chart No. 2837 C, Persian Gulf, Western Sheet, and Persian Gulf Pilot, 4th edition, 1898, page 137.

CHINA, EAST COAST—YANG TSE KIANG.

Kiu Toan beacon—Position altered.

No. 74 (second publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 88 of 1906) that in consequence of the washing away of the banks, Kiu Toan beacon has been moved for a distance of $5\frac{1}{4}$ cables S. 87° W. from its former position.

Approximate position, lat. $31^{\circ} 15\frac{1}{2}'$ N., long. $121^{\circ} 43'$ E.

(Variation 2° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Kueshan islands to Yang tse Kiang, No. 1199; approaches to the Yang tse Kiang, No. 1602; Also, China Sea Directory, vol. III, 1904, page 407.

INDIAN OCEAN—MADAGASCAR, EAST COAST.

Cape East—Experimental light exhibited.

No. 75 (second publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 89 of 1906) that a white group flashing light, showing groups of two flashes at an elevation of 236 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 21 miles, has been experimentally exhibited from a lighthouse erected on Ambohitsara hill, about $1\frac{1}{4}$ cables from the coast and at a distance of about one mile southward from the extremity of Cape East; it has been placed on the Chart in approximately lat. $15^{\circ} 15' 30''$ S., long. $50^{\circ} 29' 15''$ E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Indian ocean, Nos. 748a, b; Chagos archipelago to Madagascar, No. 2899; Delagoa bay to Guardafui, No. 597; St. Andrew to Antongil bay, No. 758; Also, List of Lights, Part VI, 1905, page 17; and islands in the Southern Indian Ocean, 1904, page 79.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—CELEBES, NORTH COAST, KWANDANG BAY.

Antoinette reef—Beacon re-erected.

No. 76 (second publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 154, dated 14th May 1904, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 91 of 1906) that a pile beacon with conical top mark has again been erected on Antoinette reef, in Kwandang bay.

Approximate position, lat. $0^{\circ} 56\frac{1}{2}'$ N., long. $122^{\circ} 55'$ E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Penang to Pulo Motuo, No. 3195; Also, Eastern Archipelago, Part II, 1904, page 395.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA WEST COAST—KONINGINNE BAY APPROACH.

Pulo Pisang light—Intended alteration in character.

No. 77 (second publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 92 of 1906) that it is intended to alter the character of Pulo Pisang light from fixed to occulting every twelve seconds, thus:—light, six seconds; eclipse, six seconds; the light being produced by acetylene gas.

Approximate position, lat. $1^{\circ} 0'$ S., long. $100^{\circ} 20'$ E.

Further notice will be given when received.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Acheh head to Tyingkok, No. 2760; Ujung Masang to Ujung Indrapura, No. 709; Koninginne bay, No. 312; Also, List of Lights, Part VI, 1905, No. 457; China Sea Directory, vol. I, 1896, page 299; and Supplement, 1899, page 20.

JAPAN, WEST COAST—SIMONOSEKI STRAIT.

Wreck in western entrance.

No. 78 (second publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 94 of 1906) that the wreck of a steamship, with masts 9 to 20 feet above water, lies sunk in the western entrance to Simonoseki strait, in a position from which Wakura jima summit bears N. 59° W., distant 4½ cables, and Mutsure jima light N. 11° E.

Approximate position, lat. 33° 57½' N., long. 130° 51½' E.

(Variation 4° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Simonoseki strait, Nos. 532, 1578 : Also, Sailing Directions for Japan, &c., 1904, page 514.

INDIAN OCEAN—MADAGASCAR, EAST COAST.

Island of St. Mary—Experimental light exhibited from the extremity of point Albrand or Halbrand.

No. 64 (third publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 58 of 1906) that a white flashing light every five seconds, elevated 255 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 23 miles, has been experimentally exhibited from a light-house erected at a distance of about 1½ miles from the extremity of point Albrand or Halbrand, island of St. Mary; it has been placed on the Chart in approximately lat. 16° 42' 20" S., long. 50° 3' 40" E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Indian Ocean, No. 748a; Chagos archipelago to Madagascar, No. 2899; Delagoa bay to Guardafui, No. 597; Antongil bay to Ambatosa, No. 759b; island of St. Mary, No. 683; Also List of Lights, part VI, 1905, page 17; and Islands in the Southern Indian Ocean, 1904, page 91.

PACIFIC OCEAN—HAWAIIAN OR SANDWICH ISLANDS.

Honolulu harbour channel—Dredging—Pilots necessary.

No. 65 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 244, dated 16th July 1904, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 59 of 1906), that the dredging now in progress renders it necessary to alter the positions of the buoys and beacons, etc., marking the channel into Honolulu harbour.

A pilot is therefore necessary for vessels proceeding in or out of the harbour until the dredging is completed and the marks re-established, of which further notice will be given.

Approximate position, lat. 21° 18' N., long. 157° 52' W.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Chart :—Honolulu harbour, No. 1378: Also Pacific Islands, vol. III, 1900, page 230; and Supplement, 1903, page 16.

INDIAN OCEAN—SEYCHELLES ISLANDS.

Shoal sounding on bank to the westward.

No. 66 (third publication).—The following Notice to Mariners (No. 63 of 1906), issued by the British Admiralty, is republished :—

Information dated 3rd January 1906 has been received from the Eastern Telegraph Company that a sounding of 10 fathoms rock was obtained by the Company's S.S. *Sherard Osborn* on the bank extending westward from the Seychelles islands. in approximately lat. 4°, 47' 45" S., long. 54° 30' E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Chagos Archipelago to Madagascar No. 2899; Seychelles group, No. 721: Also, Islands in the Southern Indian Ocean, 1904, page 361.

RED SEA—GULF OF SUZ.

Newport rock light—Intended alteration in.

No. 67 (third publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 67 of 1906) that it is intended shortly to alter the colour of the Newport rock (*revolving*) light from white to red.

Approximate position, lat. $29^{\circ} 53' N.$, long $32^{\circ} 33' E.$

Further Notice will be given when this alteration has been effected.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Red sea, Nos. 2523 and 8a; Gulf of Suez, No. 757; Suez bay, No. 734; Also, List of Lights, Part V, 1905, No. 1428, Part VI, 1905, No. 166; and Red Sea, etc., Pilot, 1900, page 90.

PACIFIC OCEAN—NEW GUINEA, SOUTH COAST—ARU ISLANDS, DOBBO HARBOUR.

Tanjong Ular—Light established.

No. 68 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 177, dated 1st June 1905, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 70 of 1906) that a *white group occulting* light, showing groups of three eclipses *every thirty seconds*, thus:—light *fifteen seconds*; eclipse, *three seconds*; light, *three seconds*; eclipse, *three seconds*; light, *three seconds*; eclipse, *three seconds* has been established on Tanjong Ular, the north-western end of Wammer island, at the entrance to Dobbo harbour: it is elevated 72 feet above high water, visible in clear weather from a distance of 14 miles and shown from an open ironwork support, 42 feet high, painted white. The light is of the 4th order.

Approximate position on plan on Chart No. 1460, lat. $5^{\circ} 45' S.$, long. $134^{\circ} 11' E.$

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Eastern Archipelago, No. 942b; Australia, No. 2759a; Aru islands, No. 470; Dobbo harbour on No. 1460; Also List of Lights, Part VI, 1905, page 87; and Eastern Archipelago, Part I, 1902, page 478.

AUSTRALIA, SOUTH—SPENCER GULF—PORT LINCOLN APPROACH.

Cape Donnington—Light established.

No. 69 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 58, dated 14th February 1905, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 73 of 1906) that a *fixed* light, elevated 80 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 14 miles, has been established on cape Donnington, in the approach to port Lincoln, Spencer gulf; it shows the following sectors:—*white* from the bearing of $N. 70^{\circ} E.$ to $N. 74^{\circ} E.$, *red* from $N. 74^{\circ} E.$, through east, to $S. 44^{\circ} E.$, *white* from $S. 44^{\circ} E.$, through south and west, to $N. 74^{\circ} W.$, *red* from $N. 74^{\circ} W.$ to about $N. 51^{\circ} W.$, when it is obscured by the land. The light is shown from a white wooden tower erected about one cable to the southward of the extremity of the cape.

Approximate position, lat. $34^{\circ} 43\frac{1}{2}' S.$, long. $135^{\circ} 59\frac{1}{2}' E.$

(Variation 4° Easterly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Cape Catastrophe to Great Australia light, No. 1061; St. Vincent and Spencer gulfs, No. 2389b; port Lincoln, No. 784; Also, List of Lights, Part VI, 1905, No. 1146; and Australia Directory, vol. I, 1897, page 182.

AUSTRALIA, SOUTH—ST. VINCENT GULF.

Port Wakefield—Shoal in approach—Buoy.

No. 70 (third publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 74 of 1906) of the existence of a shoal, with a depth of 4 feet over it at low water, in the eastern approach to Port Wakefield, situated at a distance of $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles $N. 58^{\circ} W.$ from Great Sandy point. A red can buoy marks its position.

Approximate position, lat. $34^{\circ} 26' S.$, long. $138^{\circ} 11' 20'' E.$

(Variation 5° Easterly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Chart:—St. Vincent and Spencer gulfs, No. 2389b; Also, Australia Directory, vol. I, 1897, page 338.

PACIFIC OCEAN—THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—MINDANAO, NORTH POINT.

Polo point—Light established. Tagola point—Light altered.

*No. 71 (third publication).—*The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 76 of 1906) that a *white fixed* light, elevated 44 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 11 miles, has been established on a frame structure, painted white, erected on Polo point; the light is 38 feet above the ground, and is visible from the bearing of S. 56° E., through south and west, to N. 35° W.

Approximate position, lat. 8° 36' 30" N., long. 123° 44' 40" E.

Also, with reference to Notice to Mariners No. 413 of 1904, (this office No. 223 dated 25th June 1905) that the colour of Tagola point light (*fixed*) has been altered from white to red, and is now visible from a distance of 7 miles only: in other respects it remains as before.

Approximate position, lat. 8° 44' N., long. 123° 22' E.

(Variation 1° Easterly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—The Philippine islands, No. 943; Sulu or Mindanao sea, No. 2578; Plan of Dapitan bay on Chart No. 957; Also List of Lights, Part VI, 1905, page 101, No. 585a; and Eastern Archipelago, Part I, 1902, pages 319, 320.

E. J. BEAUMONT, COMDR., R.I.M.

Port Officer of Calcutta.

**REVISED LIST OF SPECIAL AND COMMON JURORS FOR
THE YEAR 1906.**

REVISED LIST OF JURORS FOR THE YEAR 1906.

It is notified that objections to the following List of Jurors for the district of 24-Parganas for the year 1906 will be heard and determined by the Sessions Judge and Collector of the district at the Sessions Court on the 27th March 1906 at noon :—

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or business.
	Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
A				
1 Addy, P N	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
2 Abbot, F H	...	Alipore	...	European
3 Adam, J	...	Naihati	...	ditto
4 Allen, A Apear	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
5 Allen, D	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
6 Almeida, E	...	Intally	...	East Indian
7 Alcantara, W V	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
8 Andrew, Revnie	...	Baranagore	...	European
9 Anderson, P	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
10 Apear, A	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
11 Arthur, W	...	Nowpara	...	European
12 Augier, F	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
B				
13 Baxter, G	...	Naihati	...	European
14 Baley, E O	...	Baniapukur	...	Eurasian
15 Bell, W	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
16 Blackford, H T	...	Intally	...	ditto
17 Blair, A O	...	Chitpur	...	ditto
18 O'Brien, M	...	Intally	...	ditto
19 Brown, J	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
20 Burker, W	...	Naihati	...	ditto
21 Burke, E	...	Ultadanga	...	ditto
C				
22 Chatters, M	...	Bhawanipur	...	Christian
23 Cleghorn, E	...	Baniapukur	...	Eurasian
24 Cameron, C C	...	Alipore	...	European
25 Callow, John	...	Baniapukur	...	Eurasian
26 Callow, James	...	ditto	...	ditto
D				
27 Datta, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
28 Datta, S	...	Alipore	...	European
29 Datta, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
30 Datta, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
31 Datta, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
32 Datta, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
33 Datta, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
34 Datta, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
35 Datta, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
36 Datta, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
37 Datta, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
38 Datta, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
E				
39 Eassey, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
40 Eassey, S	...	Alipore	...	European
41 Eassey, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
42 Eassey, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
43 Eassey, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
44 Eassey, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
45 Eassey, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
46 Eassey, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
47 Eassey, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
48 Eassey, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
49 Eassey, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
50 Eassey, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
F				
51 Faint, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
52 Faint, S	...	Alipore	...	European
53 Faint, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
54 Faint, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
55 Faint, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
56 Faint, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
57 Faint, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
58 Faint, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
59 Faint, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
60 Faint, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
61 Faint, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
62 Faint, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
G				
63 Gait, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
64 Gait, S	...	Alipore	...	European
65 Gait, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
66 Gait, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
67 Gait, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
68 Gait, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
69 Gait, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
70 Gait, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
71 Gait, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
72 Gait, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
73 Gait, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
74 Gait, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
H				
75 Haldar, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
76 Haldar, S	...	Alipore	...	European
77 Haldar, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
78 Haldar, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
79 Haldar, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
80 Haldar, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
81 Haldar, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
82 Haldar, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
83 Haldar, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
84 Haldar, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
85 Haldar, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
86 Haldar, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
I				
87 Iyer, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
88 Iyer, S	...	Alipore	...	European
89 Iyer, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
90 Iyer, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
91 Iyer, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
92 Iyer, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
93 Iyer, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
94 Iyer, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
95 Iyer, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
96 Iyer, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
97 Iyer, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
98 Iyer, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
J				
99 Jaisankar, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
100 Jaisankar, S	...	Alipore	...	European
101 Jaisankar, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
102 Jaisankar, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
103 Jaisankar, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
104 Jaisankar, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
105 Jaisankar, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
106 Jaisankar, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
107 Jaisankar, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
108 Jaisankar, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
109 Jaisankar, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
110 Jaisankar, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
K				
111 Karmakar, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
112 Karmakar, S	...	Alipore	...	European
113 Karmakar, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
114 Karmakar, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
115 Karmakar, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
116 Karmakar, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
117 Karmakar, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
118 Karmakar, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
119 Karmakar, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
120 Karmakar, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
121 Karmakar, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
122 Karmakar, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
L				
123 Lal, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
124 Lal, S	...	Alipore	...	European
125 Lal, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
126 Lal, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
127 Lal, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
128 Lal, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
129 Lal, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
130 Lal, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
131 Lal, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
132 Lal, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
133 Lal, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
134 Lal, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
M				
135 Mahapatra, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
136 Mahapatra, S	...	Alipore	...	European
137 Mahapatra, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
138 Mahapatra, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
139 Mahapatra, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
140 Mahapatra, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
141 Mahapatra, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
142 Mahapatra, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
143 Mahapatra, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
144 Mahapatra, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
145 Mahapatra, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
146 Mahapatra, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
N				
147 Nath, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
148 Nath, S	...	Alipore	...	European
149 Nath, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
150 Nath, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
151 Nath, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
152 Nath, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
153 Nath, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
154 Nath, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
155 Nath, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
156 Nath, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
157 Nath, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
158 Nath, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
O				
159 O'Connell, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
160 O'Connell, S	...	Alipore	...	European
161 O'Connell, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
162 O'Connell, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
163 O'Connell, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
164 O'Connell, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
165 O'Connell, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
166 O'Connell, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
167 O'Connell, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
168 O'Connell, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
169 O'Connell, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
170 O'Connell, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
P				
171 Pal, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
172 Pal, S	...	Alipore	...	European
173 Pal, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
174 Pal, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
175 Pal, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
176 Pal, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
177 Pal, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
178 Pal, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
179 Pal, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
180 Pal, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
181 Pal, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
182 Pal, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
Q				
183 Quinlan, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
184 Quinlan, S	...	Alipore	...	European
185 Quinlan, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
186 Quinlan, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
187 Quinlan, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
188 Quinlan, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
189 Quinlan, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
190 Quinlan, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
191 Quinlan, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
192 Quinlan, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
193 Quinlan, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
194 Quinlan, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
R				
195 Ray, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
196 Ray, S	...	Alipore	...	European
197 Ray, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
198 Ray, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
199 Ray, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
200 Ray, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
201 Ray, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
202 Ray, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
203 Ray, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
204 Ray, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
205 Ray, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
206 Ray, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
S				
207 Sanyal, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
208 Sanyal, S	...	Alipore	...	European
209 Sanyal, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
210 Sanyal, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
211 Sanyal, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
212 Sanyal, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
213 Sanyal, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
214 Sanyal, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
215 Sanyal, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
216 Sanyal, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
217 Sanyal, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
218 Sanyal, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
T				
219 Talukder, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
220 Talukder, S	...	Alipore	...	European
221 Talukder, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
222 Talukder, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
223 Talukder, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
224 Talukder, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
225 Talukder, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
226 Talukder, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
227 Talukder, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
228 Talukder, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
229 Talukder, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
230 Talukder, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
U				
231 Uddin, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
232 Uddin, S	...	Alipore	...	European
233 Uddin, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
234 Uddin, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
235 Uddin, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
236 Uddin, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
237 Uddin, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
238 Uddin, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
239 Uddin, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
240 Uddin, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
241 Uddin, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
242 Uddin, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
V				
243 Verma, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
244 Verma, S	...	Alipore	...	European
245 Verma, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
246 Verma, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
247 Verma, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
248 Verma, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
249 Verma, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
250 Verma, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
251 Verma, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
252 Verma, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Armenian
253 Verma, S	...	Nowpara	...	European
254 Verma, S	...	Chitpur	...	Armenian
W				
255 Wadgaonkar, S	...	Baniapukur	...	Christian
256 Wadgaonkar, S	...	Alipore	...	European
257 Wadgaonkar, S	...	Naihati	...	ditto
258 Wadgaonkar, S	...	Ballygunge	...	Armenian
259 Wadgaonkar, S	...	Tollygunge B. P.	...	European
260 Wadgaonkar, S	...	Intally	...	East Indian
261 Wadgaonkar, S	...	Ballieghatta	...	ditto
262 Wadgaonkar, S	...	Baranagore	...	European
263 Wadgaonkar, S	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto
264 Wadgaonkar, S				

27	Garrie, A.	Naihati	...	Gouripur Jute Mill	...	European	...	Assistant, Gouripur Jute Mill.
28	Garrie, W.	Nowpara	...	Shamnagore Mill	...	ditto	...	ditto, Shamnagore Mill.
29	Christie, J. S.	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
30	Cheekham, J.	ditto	...	Dunbar Mills	...	ditto	...	Dunbar Mills.
31	Clarkson, J.	Garden Reach	...	Garden Reach	...	ditto	...	Store-keeper, R. S. N. Co.
32	Curry, R.	Chitpur	...	2, Chitpur Ghat Lane	...	Eurasian	...	Manager, Hooghly Hydraulic Press.
33	Outhberts, James	Naihati	...	Jagaddal Alliance Jute Mills	...	European	...	Mill Assistant.
D								
34	Duvar, W.	Khardah	...	Khardah Mill	...	European	...	Factory Mechanic, Khardah Mill.
35	Dinshaw, H.	Baniapukur	...	31, Factory Lane	...	East Indian	...	Servant in private Co.
36	Duncan, A.	Garden Reach	...	Garden Reach	...	European	...	Manager, Clive Jute Mill.
37	Dunn, I.	ditto	...	14, Garden Reach Road	...	ditto	...	Chief Clerk, Traffic Manager's Office, B. N. Railway.
38	Duncan, J.	Naihati	...	Gouripur Jute Mill	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Gouripur Jute Mill.
E								
39	Elliot, J. H.	Baniapukur	...	19-1, Baniapukur Road	...	Eurasian	...	Clerk, Asiatic Society, Bengal.
40	Kleon	Watgunge	...	72, Diamond Harbour Road	...	European	...	Pilot.
F								
41	Ferrier, W.	Garden Reach	...	Garden Reach Road	...	European	...	Manager, Hooghly Mills
42	Findlay, J. B.	Barrackpore	...	Standard Jute Mill	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Standard Jute Mill.
G								
43	Galloway, G. J.	Chitpur	...	10, Kali Singh's Road	...	European	...	Engineer, Calcutta Hydraulic Press.
44	Gasper, A.	Ballygunge	...	12, Ballygunge Circular Road	...	Christian	...	Zaminadar.
45	Gasper, S.	Baniapukur	...	45, Gorachand Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Writers' Buildings.
46	George, J.	Alipore	...	9, Belvedere Road	...	European	...	Cloth Examiner, Army Clothing Agency.
47	Gibson, R.	Nowpara	...	Shamnagore Mill	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Shamnagore Jute Mill.
48	Gough, R.	Intally	...	21, Canal Street	...	ditto	...	Editor, <i>Evening News</i> .
49	Grant, J.	Khardah	...	Khardah Mill	...	ditto	...	Weaving Overseer, Khardah Mill.
50	Gray, A.	Titagarh	...	Titagarh Jute Mill	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Titagarh Jute Mill.
H								
51	Hainey, R.	Khardah	...	Khardah	...	Eurasian	...	Assistant, Khardah Jute Mill.
52	Harris, G. B.	Barrackpore	...	Titagarh	...	European	...	Assistant, Standard Jute Mill.
53	Henderson, D.	Budge-Budge	...	Harris Road	...	East Indian	...	Superintendent, Petroleum Wharf, Budge-Budge.
54	Hendry, H.	Intally	...	20, Convent Road	...	ditto	...	General Merchant.
55	Henry, A. O.	Alipore	...	Army Clothing Agency	...	European	...	Store-keeper.

N

83 Nicols, H ... Watgunge ... 5, Komeden Bagan Road ... L. M. Deptt.
 84 Nelson, K ... Intally ... 11, Canal Street ... Messenger, High Court, Calcutta.

P

85 Pearson, T ... Nowpara ... Shamnagore Mill ... Assistant, Shamnagore Jute Mill.
 86 Peters, K C ... Ballygunge ... 8, Ballygunge Circular Road ... ditto, Merchant's Office.
 87 Piaggio, G ... Baniapukur ... 33, Gobra Road, North ... Trader.
 88 Power, A W ... Balliaghatta ... Narkoldanga Gas Street ... Manager, Ice Factory.

R

89 Ritchie, D ... Naihati ... Gouripur Jute Mill ... Assistant, Gouripur Jute Mill.
 90 Ribbins, J ... Ekbalpore ... 36, Circular Garden Reach Road ... ditto, Kidderpore Docks.
 91 Robb, W ... Barrackpore ... Tittagarh ... ditto, Standard Jute Mill.
 92 Rodrigues, J M ... Intally ... 21, Middle Road ... Clerk, Commissariat Office.
 93 Rodocanachi, J M ... Alipore ... 12, Alipore Road ... Assistant, Messrs. Balli Brothers.
 94 Rodgers, A A ... Balliaghatta ... Baranagore Branch Mill ... ditto, Baranagore Branch Mill.

S

95 Saw, J ... Garden Reach ... Garden Reach ... Weaving Master, Olive Jute Mill.
 96 Scott, J G ... Baniapukur ... 38, Padmapukur ... Trader.
 97 Shaw, B B ... Baniapukur ... 11-5, Koreabazar Road ... Servant of private firm.
 98 Silk, W W H ... Intally ... 10, Convent Road ... Contractor and Plumber.
 99 Singh, H L ... Ballygunge ... 5, Ballygunge Store Road ... Assistant, Shipping Office.
 100 Smith, T ... Intally ... 75, South Road ... Clerk, Government Medical Stores.
 101 Smith, A ... Naihati ... Gouripur Jute Mill ... Assistant, Gouripur Jute Mill.
 102 Smith, W ... Khardah ... 39-1, Ekbalpur Road ... ditto, Tittagarh Jute Mill.
 103 Smith, G ... Ekbalpur ... 63, Garden Reach Road ... Engineer, Alipore Jail.
 104 Shorter, A E ... Garden Reach ... Lower Hooghly Mill ... Manager, North-West Soap Co., Ltd.
 105 Stevenson, H ... Tollygunge B. P. ... Tittagur Jute Mill ... Assistant, Hooghly Mill (Bodortala).
 106 Stark, P ... Nowpara ... Shamnagore Jute Mill ... ditto, Tittagur Jute Mill.
 107 Stewart, D B ... Nowpara ... Shamnagore Jute Mill ... ditto, Shamnagore Mill.

T

108 Taylor, W H ... Intally ... 16, Tangra Road ... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel.
 109 Tosh, R ... Khardah ... Khardah ... ditto, Tittagarh Jute Mill.

V

110 Valenté, E ... Intally ... 5, Convent Road ... Foreman, Carriage Department, East Indian Railway.

W

111 Watts, J E ... Garden Reach ... Bengal Mill, Garden Reach ... Assistant, Bengal Mill.
 112 Well, J ... Intally ... 16, Canal Street ... Engineer, Municipal Office, Calcutta.

NAME	PLACE OF BIRTH.		R. no.	Quality or business.
	Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
W				
1113 West, C L	Alipore	Army Clothing Agency	European	Master Tailor, Army Clothing Agency.
1114 Wheeler, F H	Tollygunge Suburbs	30, Russa Road	ditto	Assistant, Andrew Yule & Co.
1115 Weir, J	Alipore	Alipore Jail	ditto	Foreman, Alipore Jail.
1116 Williamson, A	Nowpara	Shamnagore Mill	ditto	Assistant, Shamnagore Jute Mill.
1117 Wilson, A	Baranagore	North Mill, Baranagore	ditto	ditto, North Mill, Baranagore.
Y				
1118 Young, W B	Balliaghatta	Baranagore Branch Mill	European	Assistant, Baranagore Branch Mill.
M				
1119 Muncharjee Buttonjee	Ekbalpur	59, Ekbalpur Road	Parsee	Engineer, Kidderpore Dockyard.
A				
120 Agra, Wasikali	Tollygunge, Suburban	66, Russa Road, South Tollygunge	Muhammadian	Landholder.
121 Abbasali	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
122 Aich, Kanye Lal	Bhawanipur	39, Chuckerbere Road, North	Hindu	Clerk, High Court.
123 Acharjee, Nitya Gopal	Sonarapore	Harinavi	ditto	Landlord.
124 " Jadu Nath	Bhawanipur	Boloram Bose's 1st Lane	ditto	Pensioner.
125 Addy, Ashutosh	Alipore	8, Myerpore Road	ditto	Zamindar.
126 " Atal Behari	Ekbalpore	37, Circular Garden Reach Road	ditto	Banker.
127 " Bijoy Kumar	Alipore	Myerpore Road	ditto	Zamindar.
128 " Chuni Lal	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
129 " Rakhal Das	ditto	8, Myerpore Road, Chetla	ditto	ditto.
130 Adhicary, Kristo Gopal	Baruipur	Baruipur (Sasone)	ditto	Kaviraj.
131 " Paran Chandra	Balliaghatta	Raja Rajendra Lal Mitter's Road	ditto	Contractor.
132 Ash, Probhat Chunder	Baranagore	Baranagore, Tobin's Road, Palpara	ditto	Contractor and Brick Manufacturer.
B				
133 Banerjee, Abhoy Charan	Barrackpore	Titagarh	Hindu	Clerk, Standard Jute Mill.
134 " Akhil Chandra	Watgunge	34, Padmapukur Street	ditto	Contractor.
135 " Akhoy Kumar	Tollygunge	136, Russa Road, Monohurpukur	ditto	Clerk.
136 " Akhoy Kumar	Naihati	Medral	ditto	do., Military Pay Office.
137 " Amulya Charan	ditto	Bhatpara	ditto	Brick Manufacturer.
138 " Anarapati	Bhawanipur	43, Halderpara Road	ditto	Merchant.
139 " Anunto Ram	Nowpara	Garulia	ditto	Clerk, Shamnagore Jute Mill.
140 " Anukul Chander	Naihati	Kontalpara	ditto	Independent Gentleman.
141 " Arun Chander	ditto	Bhatpara	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.

142	"	Ashu Tosh, B.A.	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala (Naakurpore)	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
143	"	Ashu Tosh	Baliaghatta	...	Garpar	...	ditto	...	Broker.
144	"	Ashu Tosh	Naihati	...	Halishahar Mookherjipara	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Loco. Superintendent's Office, E. B. S. Railway, Kandrapara.
145	"	Ashu Tosh	Bhawanipur	...	34, Gopal Banerjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Small Cause Court, Sealdah.
146	"	Ashu Tosh	Hashnabad	...	Rajipur	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
147	"	Atul Kisen	Baranagore	...	Kolupara Lane	...	ditto	...	Private School-master.
148	"	Angbar Nath	Baduria	...	Khorgatohi	...	ditto	...	Servant of a private firm.
149	"	Baidyanath	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Maheshtola	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
150	"	Bankim Behari	Baniapukur	...	Hook Lane	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
151	"	Basanta Coomar	Manicktolla	...	2, Bahir Simla Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office (Government servant).
152	"	Bhuti Nath	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Behala (Patuckpara)	...	ditto	...	Clerk of the Corporation of Calcutta.
153	"	Bepin Behari	Alipore	...	7, Mahesh Chandra Dutta's Lane	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
154	"	Behari Lal	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Barisa	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
155	"	Behary Lal, M.A.	Joynagar	...	Joynagar	...	ditto	...	Graduate.
156	"	Bhola Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala	...	ditto	...	Accountant, East Indian Railway Office.
157	"	Bidya Nath	Dum-Dum	...	Nimta	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
158	"	Bhupati	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Maheshtolla	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
159	"	Bhupati	Khardah	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	do., Office of Examiner, Army Clothing Accounts.
160	"	Binode Behari	Watgunge	...	Durga Dass Mukherjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Store-keeper, Public Works Department.
161	"	Bissessur	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Sursoona	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Office.
162	"	Broja Mohun	Baduria	...	Andermanick	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
163	"	Brojendra Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Sursoona	...	ditto	...	Clerk in a Bank.
164	"	Chikan Lal	Watgunge	...	2, Ram Kopol Mukherjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
165	"	Debendra Nath, B.A.	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Office of Controller of Stationary.
166	"	Debendra Nath	Chhipur	...	Simlaipara Road	...	ditto	...	Plumber.
167	"	Din Doyal	Barasat	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Municipal Servant
168	"	Durga Prosonna	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala, Gabtolla	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
169	"	Durga Charan	Khardah	...	Ghola	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
170	"	Gopal Chunder	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Maheshtolla	...	ditto	...	Clerk and Zamindar.
171	"	Girendra Nath	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Plantars' Stores.
172	"	Grurupodo	Barasat	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Mohurrir, Baraset Court.
173	"	Gyanada Charan	Barasat	...	Hridoypur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's Office.
174	"	Gyan Chunder	Khardah	...	Panibati	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
175	"	Haran Chandra	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Fothepore	...	ditto	...	Landholder.

PLACES OF ABOVE						Race.	Quality of business.
NAME.	THANE.			Village, road and street			
B							
176	Banerjee, Hem Chandra.	Naihati	Bengal	Bhatpara	Hindu	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.	
177	" Hara Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala, Naakurpur	ditto	Chief Clerk, Government Emigration Agent's Office for British Guiana.	
178	" Hari Charan	Dum-Dum	"	Kadibati	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.	
179	" Hari Mohon	Obitpur	"	Paikpara	ditto	Government Pensioner.	
180	" Hari Dass	Khardah	"	Panihati	ditto	Zamindar.	
181	" Hari Charan	Ditto	"	Agarpara	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.	
182	" Hari Dass, B.A.	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Barisa	ditto	Landholder.	
183	" Hira Lal	Bhawanipur	"	11, Roop Chand Mukherjee's Lane	ditto	Landlord.	
184	" Jadu Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Futchehur Road, Modially	ditto	Watch and Clock dealer.	
185	" Jogendra Nath	Bhawanipur	"	96, Russ Road, North	ditto	Teacher, South Suburban School.	
186	" Jogendra Nath	Sonarpore	"	Rajpur	ditto	Assistant Cashier, King, Hamilton & Co.	
187	" Jogendra Nath	Naihati	"	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	
188	" Kali Krishna	Khardah	"	Panihati	ditto	Government pensioner.	
189	" Kali Soboy	Nawpara	"	Nawpara	ditto	Government servant.	
190	" Kali Kristo	Baliaghatta	"	Surah 1st Lane	ditto	Broker.	
191	" Kali Pado	Naihati	"	Naihati	ditto	Tradesman.	
192	" Khani Lal	Watgunge	"	20, Circular Garden Reach Road	ditto	Zamindar.	
193	" Kunja Behari	Baliaghatta	"	Talpukur Road	ditto	Landlord.	
194	" Kasindra Nath	Basirhat	"	Basirhat	ditto	Clerk, Local Board.	
195	" Kedar Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Barabagan	ditto	Independent gentleman.	
196	" Kamini Kumar	Watgunge	"	10, Watgunge Street	ditto	Clerk.	
197	" Khirode Kumar	Naihati	"	Kantalspara	ditto	Clerk, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	
198	" Kishub Chunder	Ultadings	"	3, Mohan Lal Mitter's Lane	ditto	Editor, Indian Empire.	
199	" Khetter Nath	Baduria	"	Khorgatchee	ditto	Landholder.	
200	" Khetter Mohon	Dum-Dum	"	Nimta	ditto	ditto.	
201	" Kusury Mohon	Watgunge	"	8, Gangadhar Banerjee's Lane	ditto	ditto.	
202	" Kusum Coomer	Baranipur	"	Sashone	ditto	Government Pensioner.	
203	" Madhab	Naihati	"	Anupur	ditto	Landholder.	
204	" Mohatap Chandra.	Ekraipur	"	6, Mominpur	ditto	Clerk, Messrs. Ralli Brothers.	
205	" Mohan Lal	Watgunge	"	14-2, Gurbari Road	ditto	Clerk.	
206	" Mohendra Nath	Bhawanipur	"	18, Gopal Banerjee's Road	ditto	Zamindar.	
207	" Moti Lal	Baranagore	"	Joynarain Banerjee's Lane	ditto	Servant of private firm.	
208	" Monmohan	Habra	"	Gouipur	ditto	Cashier.	
209	" Nibaran Chandra	Bhawanipur	"	16, Roop Chand Mukherjee's Lane	ditto	Landholder.	
210	" Nilmoni	Kulpi	"	Lukhikantapur	ditto	"	

211	"	Nobokumar	Tollygunge	...	107-2 Monoharpur Road	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Lyon and Lyon & Co.
212	"	Norendra Kumar	Baruipur	...	Saahone	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
213	"	Norendra Nath	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Trains Office, BBS Railway, Naihati.
214	"	Nanda Lal	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Dhakuria	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Commissariat Office.
215	"	Narain Chandra	ditto	...	Sarsoona	...	ditto	...	do., Merchant's office.
216	"	Narain Chandra, s.l.	Kharda	...	Agarpura	...	ditto	...	Translator, High Court.
217	"	Nagendra Nath	Chitpore	...	Rani's Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Office.
218	"	Nrita Gopal	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.
219	"	Peary Mohan	Naihati	...	Ramstargoli, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Independent Gentlemen
220	"	Preo Nath	Bhowanipur	...	Baloram Bose's Ghat Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Port Commissioners' Office
221	"	Probooth Chandra	Watgunge	...	25, Poddopukur West Lane	...	ditto	...	Cashier, Moran & Co.
222	"	Prosonno Kumar	Baliaghatta	...	21, Peary Mohan Sur's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Messrs. Jarline, Skinner & Co.
223	"	Prosonno Kumar	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala, Nuskerpur	...	ditto	...	do., Government office.
224	"	Prosonno Kumar	Kharda	...	Panihati	...	ditto	...	Government Pensioner.
225	"	Profulla Chandra	Watgunge	...	6, Luckhi Naraingunge Gully	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
226	"	Purna Chandra	Bistoopur	...	Ramchandrapore	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
227	"	Punchanan	Bhowanipur	...	18, Gopal Chandra Banerjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
228	"	Rajendra Nath	Kharda	...	Rohora	...	ditto	...	do., Oriental Gas Co.
229	"	Rama Nath	Joynagar	...	Joynagar	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
230	"	Rama Nath	Garden Reach	...	Paharpur Road	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
231	"	Ram Lal	Joynagar	...	Joynagar Bandopadhyapara Lane	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
232	"	Rameshwar	Kharda	...	Agarpura	...	ditto	...	Teacher.
233	"	Rojoni Kanto	Baliaghatta	...	Sura's 1st Lane	...	ditto	...	Broker.
234	"	Sarat Chandra	Barasat	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
235	"	Satish Chandra	Kharda	...	Kharda	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
236	"	Satya Charn	Watgunge	...	Monshotola Lane	...	ditto	...	Servant of Private Firm.
237	"	Sarat Chandra	Watgunge	...	3-1, Padmapukur Square	...	ditto	...	Merchant and Money-lender.
238	"	Satkori	Chitpur	...	Kali Kumar Banerjee's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Municipal Office.
239	"	Surendra Nath	Bhowanipur	...	36, Chukerbere Road, South	...	ditto	...	do., High Court.
240	"	Shashi Bhushan	Chitpur	...	Rani's Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
241	"	Shashi Bhushan	Naihati	...	Madral	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Bhatpara School.
242	"	Shib Nath	Hassanabad	...	Taki	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
243	"	Shib Prasanna	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Maheshbala	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
244	"	Shib Chandra	Deyganga	...	Jhikra	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
245	"	Sriah Chandra	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Mohendra School, Naihati.
246	"	Sriah Chandra	Watgunge	...	Pitambar Sircar's Lane	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
247	"	Syama Charan	Bhowanipur	...	47, Nakulawarfolla	...	ditto	...	Translator, High Court.
248	"	Syama Charan	Watgunge	...	36, Ram Kamal Mukherjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Dockyard.
249	"	Surjee Kumar	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Maheshbala	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
250	"	Surro Nath	Habra	...	Gobardanga	...	ditto	...	Trader.
251	"	Surendro Nath	Bhowanipur	...	Kalighat Road	...	ditto	...	Supervisor, Calcutta Corporation.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		RACE.	Gentry or business.
	House.	Village, road, or street.		
B				
253 Banerjee, Tarak Das	Baduria	Ghoshpur	Hindu	Landholder.
253 " Thacoor Das	Baranagore	Belgharia	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.
254 " Tadlakya Nath	Bairhat	Dholbitta	ditto	Landlord.
255 " Tadlakya Nath	Alipore	Dwarka Nath Ghose's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Army Clothing Agency.
256 " Upendra Krishna	Bhawanipur	11, Kedar Bose's Lane	ditto	Editor.
257 " Upendra Nath, M.A.	Baranagor	Baranagor	ditto	School Master, Government School, North Baranagor.
258 " Wooma Charan	Barasat	Hridoypur	ditto	Government Pensioner.
259 " Umesh Chunder	Khardah	Panibhati	ditto	ditto.
260 Bhaduri, Shib Chandra	Cossipore	Radhamohon Dey's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.
261 Bhattacharjee, Abinash Chunder.	Sonarpur	Harinavi	ditto	Superintendent, Albert College.
262 " Abinash Chander.	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, E. B. S. Railway, Naihati.
263 " Ambika Charan	Cossipore	Paramanick Ghat Road	ditto	Tradesman.
264 " Basanto Kumar	Sonarpur	Rajpore	ditto	Clerk, P. W. Department.
265 " Basanto Kumar,	ditto	ditto	ditto	Contractor.
266 " B.A.	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Office of Examiner of Accounts, E B S Railway.
267 " Binode Behari	ditto	Bhatpara	ditto	Pundit, Asiatic Society, Bengal.
268 " Bepin Behari	ditto	Naihati	ditto	Teacher, Training Academy, Chinsura.
269 " Bepin Behary	Sonarpore	Rajpore	ditto	Do., Horinavi A S School.
270 " Bhut Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Barisa	ditto	Pundit.
271 " Dino Bandhu	Sonarpore	Chingripotta	ditto	Landlord.
272 " Dasarathi, B.A.	Naihati	Bhatpara	ditto	Clerk, Statistical Department.
273 " Gopal Chunder	Baduria	Andermanick	ditto	Other.
274 " Gouri Pati	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal Barisa	ditto	Clerk, Government office.
275 " Girja Bhuson	Naihati	Bhatpara	ditto	Government Servant.
276 " Harripoddo, M.A.	Baranagore	Dakhineswar, Rai P. O. Banerjee's Road	ditto	Chemist, Cossipore Gun Foundry.
277 " Harripoddo	Naihati	Athpore	ditto	Trader.
278 " Jadoo Nath	Sonarpur	Harinavi	ditto	Clerk, High Court.
279 " Jadu Nath	Baduria	Khorgachy	ditto	Landlord.
280 " Jogendra Nath	Sonarpore	Rajpur	ditto	Clerk, Public Works Department, Bengal.
281 " Jogendro Nath	Naihati	Chowdhripara Halishahar	ditto	Head Clerk, Signal Engineer's office, E B S Railway, Calcutta.
282 " Khetra Nath	Naihati	Moolajore	ditto	Clerk, Alliance Mill, Jeggodul.
283 " Kishan Chander.	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal Shabepar	ditto	School Pundit.

284	"	Kali Krishna (Pandit).	Sonarpur	...	Harinavi	...	ditto	...	Professor, Metropolitan Institution.
285	"	Kashiwar	Bhawanipur	...	29, Jelliapara	...	ditto	...	Assistant Towji Navis, 24-Parganas Col- lectorate.
286	"	Kedar Nath	Intally	...	24, Padmapukur Lane	...	ditto	...	Record-keeper, Collector's Office, Calcutta.
287	"	Keeshab Chandra.	Watgunge	...	6-1, Gangadhar Banerjee's Lane	...	ditto	...	Government Servant.
288	"	Kamud Chandra.	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	...	Pundit, Calcutta Gupta Press.
289	"	Kunja Lal	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Head Pundit, Hooghly Branch School
290	"	Lal Behari	ditto	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk Loco. office, E B S Railway, Kanchnra- para.
291	"	Lalit Mohan	ditto	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Bhatpara School.
292	"	Lalit Mohan	Sonarpur	...	Rajpur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Accountant-General's office.
293	"	Mohadev Chandra.	Naihati	...	Khashbati, Haliababar	...	ditto	...	Independent gentlemen.
294	"	Mohanundo	Baduria.	...	Pura	...	ditto	...	Other.
295	"	Mohendro Nath	Basirhat	...	Dhulchita	...	ditto	...	Schoolmaster, Basirhat H C English School.
296	"	Nilmadhub	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
297	"	Niharan Chandra.	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Sub-Editor, Education Gazette.
298	"	Nogendra Nath	ditto	...	Sibargoli, Haliababar	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Municipal Office.
299	"	Purno Chunder	Sonarpur	...	Harinavi	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Jessop & Co.
300	"	Pran Krishna	Banapurkur	...	29, Jannagore Road	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
301	"	Raj Kumar	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Barisa	...	ditto	...	Clerk, United Service Club.
302	"	Rajani Kanta	Tollygunge, Subar- tan Police, Cal- cutta.	...	77, Hazra Road	...	ditto	...	Assistant Assessor, Calcutta Municipality.
303	"	Rajeni Kanta	Baduria	...	Arbelia	...	ditto	...	Pundit, L M School, Baduria.
304	"	Rajendro Nath	Khardah	...	Sukchor	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Attorney's Office.
305	"	Ram Gopal	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
306	"	Rampran	Sonarpur	...	Rajpur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Sanitary Board.
307	"	Ram Prasanna	Naihati	...	Katalpara	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
308	"	Rajendro Nath	Sonarpure	...	Kotalia	...	ditto	...	Landlord and Municipal Commissioner.
309	"	Ram Lal	Baranagore	...	Bonhugli	...	ditto	...	Retired Government servant.
310	"	Sashadhar	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
311	"	Shama Charan	Sonarpur	...	Harinavi	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Agra Bank.
312	"	Shiba Charan	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Punchanagram (Tanzi Navis).
313	"	Shib Chandra	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Konnagur School.
314	"	Sidheswar	do.	...	Kantalpara	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Loco office, E. B. S. Railway, Kanchnrapara.
315	"	Sita Nath	Mogrehat	...	Enathpur	...	ditto	...	Landowner.
316	"	Shosoo Bhuran	Watgunge	...	43, Monahatalla Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or business.	
	Thana.	Village, Road, or street.			
B					
317	Bhattacharjee, Sripati	Basirhat	...	Dholchitta	Landlord.
318	" Topodhone	ditto	...	ditto	ditto.
319	" Tarak Nath	Nawabgunge	...	...	Clerk.
320	" Tara Prasanno	Nainati	...	...	Sanskrit Pandit.
321	" Upendra Nath	Joyagar	...	...	Superintendent of Mosilpur Zamindars.
322	" Upendra Narayan.	Sonarpur	...	...	Clerk, Commissioner's Office.
323	" W bopendra	ditto	...	...	Chaukdar.
324	" Coomar.	Chingripotta	...	...	Head Pandit, Hooghly College.
325	" Woomesh	Bhatpara	...	...	Merchant.
326	" Chandra.	6, Dehi Serampore Road	Muhammadan	...	Landowner and Clerk.
327	Bham Hasi Kaem Arif	9, Shambhu Babu's Lane	Hindu	...	Contractor, E B S Railway.
328	Biswas, Biswa Nath	Churuckdanga Road, Peary Mohan Sur's Garden.	ditto	...	Merchant.
329	" Grish Chandra	Dhinchhatta	ditto	...	Government Servant.
330	Hurro Nath	5-1, Gangadhar Banerjee's Lane	ditto	...	Teacher, Mohendra School, Naihati.
331	Hari Pado	Naihati	ditto	...	Landholder.
332	Hari Charan, B.A.	Bandipore	ditto	...	Clerk.
333	Kali Charan	Hazra Bagan Lane	ditto	...	Landlord.
334	Kedar Nath	Jerackpur	ditto	...	Merchant.
335	Kheira Nath	Chaulputty Road	ditto	...	Florist.
336	Krishto Behary	Sonrah	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
337	Mohendra Nath	5-1, Gangadhar Banerjee's Lane	ditto	...	Clerk, Surveyor-General's Office.
338	Monmotho Nath	106, Kurrya Road	Christian	...	Servant of private firm.
339	N. O.	13, Linton Street	Hindu	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office.
340	Nabo Krishna	Bengal Behala	...	...	Teacher.
341	Nakoor Chunder	82, Monshatola Lane	ditto	...	Landholder.
342	Preo Nath	3, Shambhu Babu's Lane	ditto	...	Rustee Surveyor, Calcutta Corporation.
343	Probodh Chander	Chetla Road	ditto	...	Landholder.
344	Punchanun	7, Shambhu Babu's Lane	ditto	...	Teacher.
345	Purno Chander	82, Monshatola Lane	ditto	...	Servant, Jute Merchant's Office.
346	Roma Prosad	Utterpara Road	ditto	...	Teacher, Kidderpore High School.
347	Sriram Chunder	2, Poddopukur Street	ditto	...	Landholder.
348	Suresh Chandra	Belvedere Road	Christian	...	Municipal Inspector.
349	Suresh Chander	82, Monshatola Lane	Hindu	...	Independent gentleman.
350	Tarini Chura	Pura	ditto	...	Broker.
351	Amritlal	Chasadhobapara Road	ditto	...	Schoolmaster.
352	Amrita Lal	Harinavi	ditto	...	Cashier, Kerr, Taruck & Co.
353	Bosa,	95, Peary Mohan Sur's Lane	ditto	...	...

353	"	Ambika Charan.	...	Baduria	...	Khorgachy	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
354	"	Anantolal	...	Baliaghatta	...	Garpur	...	ditto	...	Overseer, Manicktola Municipality.
355	"	Anukul Chandra, M.A.	...	Joynagar	...	Mazilpur, Bosepara Lane	...	ditto	...	Graduate.
356	"	Apurbo Chunder	...	Baliaghatta	...	Kalitara Bose's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Octavius Steel & Co.
357	"	Bama Churn	...	Bhawanipur	...	40-1, Chaulpurity Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Agra Bank.
358	"	Bama Churn	...	Diamond Harbour	...	Sarisha	...	ditto	...	Do., Munsif's Court.
359	"	Benode Behary	...	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Barisa	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
360	"	Bipin Behary	...	Sonarpur	...	Rajpur	...	ditto	...	Ditto.
361	"	Behari Lal	...	Hasinabad	...	Taki	...	ditto	...	Private servant.
362	"	Behari Lal	...	Baniapukur	...	65, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Servant of private firm.
363	"	Bejoy Krishna, B.A.	...	Watgunge	...	Sastitolla Road	...	ditto	...	Teacher.
364	"	Bhupati Charn	...	ditto	...	Monahatola	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Dockyard.
365	"	Bhupati Nath	...	Baduria	...	Peerah	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
366	"	Bhuban Mohon	...	Alipore	...	Chetlahat Road	...	ditto	...	Broker.
367	"	Bidhu Bhosoun	...	Diamond Harbour	...	Kamarpole	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
368	"	Bosonto Kumar	...	Baliaghatta	...	Talpurkur Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Surah Jute Mill.
369	"	Bhut Nath	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Do., Small Cause Court, Calcutta.
370	"	Brojo Mohon	...	ditto	...	91A, Narkuldanga N. Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
371	"	Brojendra Coomer	...	Sonarpur	...	Harinavi	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
372	"	Charu Chunder	...	Bhawanipur	...	18, Gobindo Prosad Bose's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
373	"	Chandi Charn	...	Uktadanga	...	4, Mohun Lall Mitter's Lane	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
374	"	Durga Prosonna	...	Baraset	...	Banonnura	...	ditto	...	Government Servant.
375	"	Ganendra Nath	...	Bhawanipur	...	47, Boloram Bose's 1st Lane	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
376	"	Gopal Chandra	...	Cossipore	...	Cossipore	...	ditto	...	Private individual.
377	"	Gopal Chandra	...	Tollygunge	...	92, Hazra Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
378	"	Gobindo Chandra, B.A.	...	Diamond Harbour	...	Sorisa	...	ditto	...	Headmaster, Sorisa School.
379	"	Gopal Chandra	...	Bhawanipur	...	22, Gobindo Bose's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
380	"	Gurn Das	...	ditto	...	Mulick's Lane	...	ditto	...	2nd Teacher, South Suburban School.
381	"	Haripado	...	Cossipore	...	Shama Churn Moitra's Lane	...	ditto	...	Private individual.
382	"	Hariprasad	...	Uktadanga	...	18, Jadu Nath Mitter's Lane	...	ditto	...	Manager, Star Theatre (servant of private firm).
383	"	Haridas	...	Habra	...	Baliyany	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
384	"	Haridas	...	Naihati	...	Baruipara, Haliabhar	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Ernsthausen & Co., Calcutta.
385	"	Haridas	...	Baliaghatta	...	Churruokdanga Road	...	ditto	...	Timber Merchant.
386	"	Kartio Chandra	...	ditto	...	39, Kankurgachhi Road	...	ditto	...	Supervisor, Calcutta Municipal Corporation, District No. 1.
387	"	Kisto Kisore	...	Watgunge	...	Padmapukur West Lane	...	ditto	...	Other
388	"	Jagendra Nath	...	Mograhat	...	Usti	...	ditto	...	Landowner.
389	"	Jadu Nath	...	Basrhat	...	Sainpola	...	ditto	...	ditto.
390	"	Jadu Nath	...	Nowpara	...	Gaulis	...	ditto	...	ditto.
391	"	Jadu Nath	...	Alipur	...	Bridge Road	...	ditto	...	Pensioner (Retired Police Officer).
392	"	Jadu Nath	...	Baliaghatta	...	Sustitolla Road	...	ditto	...	Retired Sub-Engineer.
393	"	Jogendra Nath	...	Nathau	...	Kona, Haliabhar	...	ditto	...	Landholder.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality of education.
	Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
472 Chatterjee, B O, Esquire	Balligunge	16, Lansdowne Road	Christian	Retired Sub-Judge.
473 " Rama Charan	Nowpara	Nowpara	Hindu	Government Servant.
474 " Begola Charan	Watgunge	11, Ram Komol Mukerjee's Street	ditto	Clerk.
475 " Bhola Nath	Bhawanipur	Chundra Nath Chatterjee's Lane	ditto	Supervisor, District IV, Corporation of Calcutta.
476 " Bhut Nath	Joy nagar	Durgapur	ditto	Naib Talukdar.
477 " Barada Charan	Watgunge	11, Ram Komol Mukerjee's Street	ditto	Clerk.
478 " Bejoy Chandra	Baraset	Gustia	ditto	Landlord.
479 " Basanta Kumar	Watgunge	20, Gurbari Road	ditto	Clerk.
480 " Bhogobuti Charan	Baranagore	Belgheria, Mandolpara Road	ditto	do., Merchant's office.
481 " Boidya Nath, I. K.	ditto	Alambazar	ditto	Civil Engineer.
482 " Chandra Kumar	Tollygunge	80-2, Hazra Road	ditto	Overseer, Calcutta Corporation.
483 " Ohuni Lall	Banispukur	12, Banstollah Lane	ditto	Independent Gentleman.
484 " Deno Nath	Bhawanipur	41, Chaulpatty Road	ditto	Clerk.
485 " Debendra Nath	Dum-Dum	Nimta	ditto	do., Merchant's office.
486 " Gopal Chandra	Oossipore	3, Chasadhobapara	ditto	do., High Court, Original Side (Government servant).
487 " Gopal Chandra	Naihati	Baruipara, Halishahar	ditto	Government pensioner.
488 " Gopal Chandra	Baliaghatta	Narkoldanga North Road	ditto	Pensioner.
489 " Girish Chandra	Bhawanipur	46, Jaliapara Road	ditto	ditto.
490 " Hari Charan	Baranagore	Ariadaha-Mukerjee's Road	ditto	Government servant.
491 " Hari Nath	Khardah	Panihati	ditto	Government pensioner.
492 " Hem Chandra	Dum-Dum	Kadihati	ditto	Landholder.
493 " Haran Chandra	Watgunge	7, Ram Komol Mukherjee's Street	ditto	Clerk (Government servant).
494 " Haran Chandra	Bhawanipur	29, Padmapukur Road	ditto	do. (Government office).
495 " Harendra Nath	Watgunge	9-13, Munahigunge Road	ditto	Merchant.
496 " Hari Das	Bhawanipur	3, Kundu's Road	ditto	Sariatadar, Munsif's Court, Alipore.
497 " Hari Das	ditto	Beltola	ditto	Store-keeper, Zoological Garden.
498 " Hari Pada	Banispukur	12, Banstola Lane	ditto	Trader.
499 " Hari Das	Chitpur	Barrackpore Trunk Road	ditto	Nursery man.
500 " Hira Lal	Bhawanipur	4-3, Gobinda Ghosal's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Ordnance of Military Accounts.
501 " Jadu Madhab	Baraset	Narasat	ditto	Landlord.
502 " Jadu Nath	Nawabgunge	8, Peepulparty Branch Lane	ditto	Pensioner.
503 " Jadu Nath	Bhawanipur	Ram Chandrapur	ditto	Clerk.
504 " Jagannath	Bistopur	Bengal Dhakuria, Brahmanpara	ditto	Landholder.
505 " Jiban Krishna	Tollygunge, Police.		ditto	Clerk, Examiner's Office, Eastern Bengal State Railway.
506 " Jogendra Nath	Chitpur	Khelat Ghose's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Eastern Bengal State Railway.
507 " Jogendra Nath	Baduria	Collinga	ditto	Zamindar.
508 " Jogendra Nath	Naihati	Chowdhripara, Halishahar	ditto	Clerk, Loco-Supdt.'s office, E B S Railway, Kanchrapara.

509	Jyotish Chandra...	ditto	...	Kantalpara	...	ditto	...	Police Inspector (retired.)
510	Kanai Lal	Baranagore	...	Dakineswar-Bachaspatipara Road	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
511	Kanai Lal	ditto	...	Hedger's Road, North Baranagore	...	ditto	...	Stock-broker.
512	Kanai Lal	Chitpur	...	Bonomali Chatterjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
513	Kali Prasanna	ditto	...	Ranee's Road	...	ditto	...	Private Secretary, Paikpara Raja.
514	Kali Kisen	Bhawanipur	...	12, Roop Chand Mukherjee's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
515	Kali Prasanna	ditto	...	20, Baloram Bose's Ghat Road	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
516	Kali Nath	Khardah	...	Sodepur	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
517	Kali Prasanna	Nawabgunge	...	Ichapur	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
518	Kali Prasanna	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
519	Keshab Chandra...	Bhawanipur	...	35, Padmapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Kabiraj.
520	Keshab Lal	ditto	...	46, Jaliapara Road	...	ditto	...	Overseer.
521	Khetra Chandra	Baliaghatta	...	Garpar	...	ditto	...	Government Pensioner.
522	Kristo Dhan	Bhawanipur	...	46, Jaliapara Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.
523	Kisori Mohan	Baranagore	...	Belgharia Feeder Road	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
524	Kirti Chunder	Chitpur	...	Lala Babu's Lane	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
525	Kunja Behari	Budge-Budge	...	Chuckmanick	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
526	Kunja Behari	Barasat	...	Ridaypur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Accountant-General, Bengal's Office.
527	Lakshman Chandra	Tollygunge	...	Modially	...	ditto	...	do., Lower Hooghly Mills.
528	Lokh Nath	ditto	...	26, Nokuleswar Bhattacharjee's Lane...	...	ditto	...	do.
529	Lokh Nath	Baranagore	...	Areadah Mohadeb Ghosal's Road	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
530	Matab Chandra	Baliaghatta	...	Raja Rajendra Lal Mitter's Road	...	ditto	...	Broker.
531	Mohesh Chandra...	Nawabgunge	...	Ichapur	...	ditto	...	Municipal Commissioner.
532	Monmohan	Wagunge	...	Orphanagunge Road	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
533	Mahadeb	Kharda	...	Panihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, office of Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.
534	Mothura Nath	Baduria	...	Baduria	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
535	Mohendra Lal	Nawabgunge	...	Ichapur	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
536	Nibaran Chandra...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Moheshtola	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
537	Nibaran Chandra...	ditto	...	Behala	...	ditto	...	Conservancy Inspector, South Suburban Municipality.
538	Nibaran Chandra...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
539	Narain Chandra	Magrahat	...	Ektara	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
540	Nilratan	Baranagore	...	Belgharia	...	ditto	...	Cashier to the estate of the late Maharaja Gobinda Lal.
541	Nalin Behari	Baniapukur	...	77, Linton Street	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
542	Nabin Krishna, B.A.	Baranagore	...	North Baranagore	...	ditto	...	Private School Master.
543	Peary Lal	Baniapukur	...	12, Banatolla Lane	...	ditto	...	Trader.
544	Prasanna Kumar...	Alipore	...	19, Chetla Road	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
545	Polin Behary	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala	...	ditto	...	Overseer, South Suburban Municipality.
546	Radha Nath	Kharda	...	Sodepore	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
547	Raj Coomar, B.A....	Baranagore	...	Ariadah	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
548	Rajendra Nath	Basirhat	...	Kachua	...	ditto	...	Gentidar.

C

Name.	Place of abode.	Thana.	Place of abode.	Race.	Quality or business.
549 Chatterjee, Rajoni Kanto	Chitpur	Paikpara, Simlaipara Road	Hindu	...	Servant of Paikpara Estate.
550 " Ram Chandra	Baniapukur	12, Banstolla Lane	ditto	...	Trader.
551 " Rangalal	ditto	ditto	ditto	...	Municipal servant.
552 " Romesh Chandra...	Tollygunge	91, Hazra Road, Beltolla	ditto	...	Clerk.
553 " S. C. Esg.	Bhawanipore	16, Lansdowne Road	Christian	...	Accountant, Corporation, Calcutta.
554 " Sarada Prosad	Baliaghatta	Narkeldanga Main Road	Hindu	...	Florist.
555 " Sarat Chunder	Tollygunge, Police.	3, Mission Row, Calcutta	ditto	...	Clerk.
556 " Sarat Chandra	Kharchar	Sukhar	ditto	...	Trader.
557 " Sada Nando	Barsookpore	Manirampore	ditto	...	Zamindar.
558 " Saroda Charan	Ballygunge	14, Benispara Lane, Beltolla	ditto	...	Clerk, Government office, Statistical Department.
559 " Shasi Bhusan	Chitpur	Talla	ditto	...	Head Clerk, Gun Foundry.
560 " Siddeelar	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	...	Clerk, Naihati Railway Station.
561 " Sib Chandra	Baliaghatta	Narkoldanga Main Road	ditto	...	Florist.
562 " Sree Mohan	Tollygunge	10, Shahanagar Lane	ditto	...	Superintendent, Kalighat School.
563 " Sree Krishto	Bhawanipur	Beltolla Road	ditto	...	Translator, High Court.
564 " Surendra Nath	Baniapukur	13-1, Cantopher's Lane	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
565 " Tarini Charan	Watgunge	11, Gangadhar Banerjee's Lane	ditto	...	Teacher.
566 " Tarak Nath	Bhawanipur	Boloram Bose's Ghat Road	ditto	...	Clerk.
567 " Tarak Nath	Baranagore	Kutighata Road	ditto	...	Government Pensioner.
568 " Thakurdas	ditto	Pitheri Ghat Road, Kamarhati	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
569 " Upendra Nath	Sonarpur	Mahinagore	ditto	...	Schoolmaster.
570 " Upendra Nath	Tollygunge	79, Hazra Road	ditto	...	Contractor.
571 Chattopadhyay, G O	Baniapukur	77, Linton Street	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
572 Chuckerbunty, Adhar Chandra	Alipore	7-2, Mayerpur Road	ditto	...	Clerk, Army Clothing Agency.
573 " Ashutosh	Sonarpur	Rajpur	ditto	...	do., J. Thomas & Co., Calcutta.
574 " " Ashutosh	Baliaghatta	Narkoldanga Main Road	ditto	...	do., Custom House.
575 " " Bama Charan,	Sonarpur	Kumrabad	ditto	...	Teacher, Harinavi A. S. School.
576 " " M.A.	Mograbat	Bishupore	ditto	...	Landholder.
577 " Beheri Lall	Oosipur	Chandra Kumar Roy's Lane	ditto	...	Clerk, Small Cause Court.
578 " Bhoocondra	Sonarpur	Chingripotta	ditto	...	Landholder.
579 " Bidhubhushan	Sonarpur	Rajpur	ditto	...	Trader.
580 " Bishnu Charan	Naihati	Audhpore	ditto	...	do.
581 " Deno Nath	Coomore	Radha Mohon Dey's Lane	ditto	...	Clerk (servant of a Company).
582 " Din Taran	Joyanagar	Barasat	ditto	...	Landholder.
583 " Harish Chandra	Bhawanipur	Kalighat-Tollygunge Road	ditto	...	Muharrir, Munsif's Court, Alipore
584 " Harro Coomar	Naihati	Ram Sitar Gali, Halishahar	ditto	...	Zamindar.
585 " Harokally	Diamond Harbour...	Majergawn	ditto	...	Government pensioner.

586	"	Kali Kumar	Tollygunge	...	Tollygunge Road	...	ditto	...	Manager, Mandal's Estate.
587	"	Kali Dass	Barasat	...	Gopalpur	...	ditto	...	Money-lender.
588	"	Kali Nath	Baranagore	...	Sreenath Chuckerbutty's Lane, Banbhugli	...	ditto	...	Sadar mate, Merchant's office.
589	"	Kapali Charan	Naihati	...	Bhatpura	...	ditto	...	Schoolmaster.
590	"	Nil Kamal	Sonarpur	...	Nagulbaria	...	ditto	...	Ohakdar.
591	"	Nitya Gopal	Falta	...	Malikpur	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
592	"	Nobin Chandra	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
593	"	Peary Mohan	Barasat	...	Gopalpur	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
594	"	Prasanno Kumar	Naopara	...	Garulia	...	ditto	...	ditto.
595	"	Preo Nath	Diamond Harbour	...	Netra	...	ditto	...	Landowner.
596	"	Ram Sarbaswar	Sonarpur	...	Hariuavi	...	ditto	...	Clerk, National Bank.
597	"	Ramani Mohan	Watgunge	...	9, Circular Garden Reach Road	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
598	"	Rama Nath	Cossipore	...	Radha Mohon Dey's Lane	...	ditto	...	Broker.
599	"	Sarat Chandra	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Trains office, E. B. S. Railway, Naihati.
600	"	Satkori	Cossipore	...	Radha Mohan Dey's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Messrs. Balli Brothers' Jute Works, Cossipore.
601	"	Shoshi Bhushan	Basirhat	...	Tantra	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
602	"	Shoshi Bhushan	Sonarpur	...	Rajpur	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Hariuavi A. S. School.
603	"	Shoshi Bhushan	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Sursoua	...	ditto	...	Head Clerk and Accountant, Garden Reach Municipality.
604	"	Upendra Kumar	Kulpi	...	Ghateswara	...	ditto	...	Landowner.
605	Chandra, Beni Madhab	...	Watgunge	...	8, Sastitola Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
606	"	Kailash Chandra	Ekbalpur	...	Mominpur Gali	...	ditto	...	do., Government Printing Office.
607	"	Peary Mohon	Chitpore	...	Lockgate Road	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
608	Cooar, Fakir Chander	...	Baniapukur	...	Dehi Serampur Road	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
609	"	Gopal Chunder	ditto	...	34-7, ditto	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
610	"	Lal Behari	ditto	...	87, Linton Street	...	ditto	...	Trader.
611	"	Rakhal Chandra	ditto	...	87, ditto	...	ditto	...	Clerk (Government servant).
612	"	Sashi Bhushan	ditto	...	81, ditto	...	ditto	...	Servant in private Company.
613	Dalal, Hari Mohan	...	Uttadanga	...	Uttadanga Road	...	ditto	...	Trader.
614	"	Rajendra Nath	ditto	...	8, Bhairab Mookerjee's Lane	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
615	Dass, Abinash Chundra	...	Intally	...	Police Hospital Road	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
616	"	Abinash Chundra	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Mudially	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Income-tax Collector's Office, Calcutta.
617	"	Amrita Lall	Baniapukur	...	18, Baniapara Lane	...	ditto	...	Servant of private firm.
618	"	Andhor Chandra	Intally	...	Palmer Bazar Road	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
619	"	Audhor Chandra	Naihati	...	Kankinara	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
620	"	Basanta Oommar	Cossipore	...	Ruffon Baboo's Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Corporation.
621	"	Bechu Lall	Baniapukur	...	12, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	do., P. W. Department, Bengal.
622	"	Behari Lall	Diamond Harbour	...	Diamond Harbour	...	ditto	...	Sarishtadar, Diamond Harbour Municipality's Court.
623	"	Boni Madhab	Baniapukur	...	43, Baniapukur Lane	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.

D

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.	Thane.	Village, road, or street.	Race.	Quality or business.
624 Dasa, Bepin Behari	Ultradanga	...	4, Nikashipara Lane	Hindu	Servant in private firm.
625 " Rijooy Kesab	Baruipur	...	Baruipur	ditto	Landlord.
626 " Bhuban Mohan	Intally	...	Police Hospital Road	ditto	Clerk (servant in private Company).
627 " Benkim Behari	Bhowanipur	...	16, Pran Nath Pandit's Street	ditto	Gentleman.
628 " Chandri Charan	Baniapukur	...	13, Baniapara Lane	ditto	Servant in private firm.
629 " Chuni Lal	ditto	...	26, Jannagore 1st Lane	ditto	Government servant.
630 " Chunder Kanto	Chitpur	...	Lockgate Road	ditto	Lock manufacturer.
631 " Dwarkanath	Khardah	...	Kubirpara	ditto	Government pensioner.
632 " Gogan Chandra	Intally	...	82, South Road	ditto	Accountant, East Indian Railway.
633 " Gopal Chandra	Tollygunge	...	Nocoleswar Bhattacharjee's Lane	ditto	Clerk.
634 " Gopal Chunder	Manicktolla	...	5, Badridass' Temple Lane	ditto	Clerk (Government Consulting Engineer's Office, Railway Buildings).
635 " G. C. (Rev)	Intally	...	South Road, Intally	Christian	Landowner.
636 " Gosta Behari	Baniapukur	...	13, Baniapara Lane	Hindu	Government servant.
637 " Hari Charan	Cosmipore	...	South Sinthi Road	ditto	Jeweller.
638 " Haro Chandra	Intally	...	16, Police Hospital Road	ditto	Clerk.
639 " Haran Chandra	Baliaghatta	...	Kalitara Bose's Lane	ditto	do.
640 " Hem Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	27, Obanulputty Road	ditto	Accountant-General's Office.
641 " Hem Chandra	Chitpur	...	Lockgate Road	ditto	Lock manufacturer.
642 " Hemanta Kumar	Fulta	...	Kotaldanga	ditto	Landowner.
643 " Hirral	Baniapukur	...	25, Jannagore 1st Lane	ditto	Government servant.
644 " Jadu Nath	Baliaghatta	...	Charukdanga Lane.	ditto	Clerk, E B S Railway.
645 " Jadu Nath	Sonarpur	...	Harinavi	ditto	Accountant, George Henderson.
646 " Kalipado	Chitpur	...	Ranee's Road	ditto	Independent gentleman.
647 " Kali Oharan	Bhawanipur	...	25, Jellipara Lane	ditto	Pensioner.
648 " Kedarnath	Baniapukur	...	43, Baniapukur Lane	ditto	Servant in private firm.
649 " Keshab Chandra	Baruipur	...	Lockgate Road	ditto	Landlord.
650 " Krishnalal	Chitpur	...	Lockgate Road	ditto	Lock manufacturer.
651 " Krishna Dhona	Tollygunge, Police.	...	Dhakuria	ditto	Head Master, Dhakuria Middle School.
652 " Mohendra Nath	Intally	...	72, Anando Gopal Palit's Lane	ditto	Clerk.
653 " Moni Mohon	Baniapukur	...	30, Gobra Road, South	ditto	Government servant.
654 " Moti Lal	Baranagore	...	Kolupara	ditto	Others.
655 " Moti Lal	Wafgunge	...	84, Diamond Harbour Road	ditto	Clerk, E I Railway.
656 " Narayan Chandra	Baniapukur	...	24, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Government servant.
657 " Norendra Nath	Intally	...	Police Hospital Road	ditto	Zamindar.
658 " Nagendra Nath	do.	...	26, Police Hospital Road	ditto	Shopkeeper.
659 " Nriya Lal	Baniapukur	...	26, Jannagore 1st Lane	ditto	Clerk (Government servant)
660 " Pico Nath	Naihati	...	Bisporo (Halishahar)	ditto	Draftsman, Loco. Department, Kancharapara, E B S Railway.
661 " Raj Kumar	Baniapukur	...	67, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Clerk, E I Railway, Agent's Office.

662	"	Rajendra Nath	Cossipore	...	Ratan Babu's Road	...	ditto	...	Municipal pensioner.
663	"	Sarat Chandra	Naihati	...	Baruipara Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Halishahar H. O. E. School.
664	"	Shib Chandra	Baranagar	...	Kolupara	...	ditto	...	School-master.
665	"	Shashi Bhushan	Budge-Budge	...	Senpukur	...	ditto	...	Servant, Budge-Budge Jute Mills.
666	"	Shyam Charan	Nawpara	...	Garulia	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
667	"	Shyamapada	Baniapukur	...	58, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
668	"	Surendra Nath	Cossipore	...	Rutton Baboo's Road	...	ditto	...	Municipal servant, License Office, Calcutta Corporation.
669	"	Toolah Charan	Baniapukur	...	Christopher's Lane	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
670	"	Tara Pada	ditto	...	58, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	ditto.
671	"	Uddhob Chandra	Naihati	...	Kankinara	...	ditto	...	Head Pundit, Calcutta Model School.
672	"	Upendra Nath	Chitpur	...	Cossipore Road	...	ditto	...	Lock manufacturer.
673	"	Dawn, Bishnu Pada	Baniapukur	...	7, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Servant of a private firm.
674	"	Probodh Chandra	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
675	"	Anadi Nath	Baliaghatta	...	Ondarsaja's Lane	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
676	"	Bireswar	Barrackpore	...	Monirampur	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
677	"	Chandi Charan	Garden Reach	...	Circular Garden Reach Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, North-West Soap Company, Limited.
678	"	Chandar Nath	Baliaghatta	...	6-16, Charukdanga Road	...	ditto	...	Inspector of Taxes, Calcutta Corporation.
679	"	Chandi Charan	Watgunge	...	83, Monshatolla Lane	...	ditto	...	School-master.
680	"	Ganapathy	Baniapukur	...	57, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Trader.
681	"	Hari Naran	Cossipore	...	Ratan Baboo's Road	...	ditto	...	Government servant, Board of Revenue.
682	"	Hari Pada	Baniapukur	...	55, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Municipal servant.
683	"	Hari Charan	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, E B S Railway, Sealdah.
684	"	Jogendra Nath	Baniapukur	...	1, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk (Government servant).
685	"	Jogendra Nath	ditto	...	48, ditto	...	ditto	...	Trader.
686	"	Kasiputi	Watgunge	...	4, Tarafdar's Tank 2nd Lane	...	ditto	...	School-master (Government servant).
687	"	Kartic Chandra	Baliaghatta	...	Sostitolla	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Small Cause Court.
688	"	Kedar Nath	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Barisa	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
689	"	Kedar Nath	Baniapukur	...	57-1, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Servant of a private individual.
690	"	Khettra Mohan	ditto	...	11, Baniapara Lane	...	ditto	...	Trader.
691	"	Kunja Behari	ditto	...	24, ditto	...	ditto	...	Servant of a private firm.
692	"	Lalit Mohan	Cossipur	...	Shyama Charan Moitra's Lane	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
693	"	Mohendra Nath	Intally	...	Debi Intally	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
694	"	Mohendra Lal	Baniapukur	...	7, Baniapukur Lane	...	ditto	...	Trader.
695	"	Narayan Das	Bhowanipore	...	62, Padmapukur Road	...	ditto	...	do.
696	"	Nikunja Behari	Naihati	...	Bizpur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Loco. Supdt.'s Office, E B S Railway, Kanohrapara.
697	"	Nobokishor	Intally	...	1, Tangra Road	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
698	"	Nogendra Nath	Ballygunge	...	16, Chackerbere Lane	...	ditto	...	Gomasta in the Estate of the Maharaja of Cooch Behar.
699	"	Peary Mohan, B.A.	Naihati	...	Bazarpura, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
700	"	Patiram	Habra	...	Gaipur	...	ditto	...	Servant of a private firm.
701	"	Purna Chunder	Baliaghatta	...	Baliaghatta Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, E B S Railway, Manager's Office.
702	"	Ramaputty	Watgunge	...	4, Tarafdar's Tank, 2nd Lane	...	ditto	...	Teacher (Government servant).
703	"	Ridday Chandra	Baniapukur	...	21, Baniapara Lane	...	ditto	...	Trader.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or business.
	Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
D				
704 Dey, Sam Lal	Baniapukur	8, Tanti Bagan Road	Hindu	Trader.
705 " Sailendro Nath	ditto	57-1, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Independent gentleman.
706 " Satish Chandra	Uttadanga	Kundoo's Lane	ditto	ditto.
707 " Siddeshwar, B.A.	Naihati	Garifa	ditto	Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Presidency Division.
708 " Shoorash Chandra	Baniapukur	54, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Servant of a private individual.
709 " Serish Chandra	ditto	10, ditto	Christian	Clerk, St. John's Church.
710 " Suriya Coomar	ditto	75-1, Linton Street	Hindu	Government servant.
711 " Tarak Nath	ditto	8, Tanti Bagan Road	ditto	Trader.
712 " Toolai Charan	Baniapukur	6, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Servant of a private individual.
713 " Atool Kristo	Uttadanga	Canal West Road	ditto	Landlord and Merchant.
714 " Ashutosh	Baduria	Pura	ditto	Landlord.
715 " Ambika Ohurn	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Barisa	ditto	Clerk (Government office).
716 " Amode Nath	Baruipur	Baruipur	ditto	Landlord.
717 " Amoy Kissen	Joynagar	Mazilpur	ditto	Zamindar.
718 " Becharan	Ballygunge	101, Kurrya Road	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.
719 " Bidhu Bhusan, M.A.	Joynagar	Mazilpur	ditto	Independent gentleman.
720 " Bejoy Lal	Bhowanipore	23-3, Chuckerhere Road, South	ditto	Assistant Supdt., Zoological Garden.
721 " Bejoy Lal	Baduria	Arbalia	ditto	Government servant.
722 " Benoy Krishna	Joynagar	Mazilpur	ditto	Zamindar.
723 " Bepin Krishna	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
724 " Benode Behari	Chitpur	Khelat Baboo's Lane	ditto	Merchant.
725 " Baikanto Nath	Baliaghatta	Gurpar	ditto	Broker.
726 " Charu Chandra	Sonarpur	Kejpur	ditto	Contractor.
727 " Deb Prasad	Joynagar	Mazilpur	ditto	Clerk.
728 " Gopal Chunder	Bhowanipur	16, Sankaripara Road	ditto	do., Accountant-General's Office.
729 " Gopal Chunder	Naihati	Bhatpara	ditto	Pensioner.
730 " Girish Chunder	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Barisa	ditto	Clerk (Government office).
731 " Harigopal	Watgunge	40, Monshatalla Lane	ditto	do., Bengal Secretariat Office.
732 " Hari Pada, B.A.	Baruipur	Dhapdapi	ditto	Landholder.
733 " Jadu Nath	Baruipur	Baruipur	ditto	Tenureholder.
734 " Jahor Lall	Uttadanga	Johar Lall Dutt's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Small Cause Court.
735 " Jagobondhu	Bhowanipur	7-1, Bacoolhagan Road	ditto	Pensioner.
736 " Joy Gopal	Basirhat	Sainpala	ditto	Government pensioner.
737 " Jogendra Nath	Chitpur	Khelat Babu's Lane	ditto	Clerk, E B S Railway.
738 " Jandira Narayan	Joynagar	Mazilpur	ditto	Zamindar.
739 " Judhisheer	Sonarpur	Rajpur	ditto	Contractor.
740 " Kedar Nath	Chitpur	G. O. Mookerjee's Lane	ditto	Tradesman.
741 " Kalibilash	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Barisa	ditto	Clerk, Inspector-General of Jails office.

742	"	Kumed Chunder	Naihati	...	Kona Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government of India Record Office, Calcutta.
743	"	Lalit Mohan	Baniapukur	...	22, Baniapara Lane	...	ditto	...	Municipal servant.
744	"	Mohesh Chandra	Intally	...	22, Dehi Intally Road	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
745	"	Nanda Gopal	Jaynegar	...	Mazilpur	...	ditto	...	ditto.
746	"	Narayan Chandra	Baranagore	...	Paramanik Ghat Road	...	ditto	...	Broker.
747	"	Nibaran Chandra	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Shell Factory, Cossipore.
748	"	Paran Chandra	Baniapukur	...	36, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
749	"	Rasik Chunder	Baruipur	...	Baruipur	...	ditto	...	Tenureholder.
750	"	Raman Krishna	Jaynagar	...	Mazilpur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
751	"	Raj Krishna	Baliaghatta	...	Narkoldanga Main Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, E B S Railway.
752	"	Saroda Prosad	Ballygunge	...	101, Kurrya Road	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Messrs. Phelps & Co.
753	"	Shib Chandra	ditto	...	101, ditto	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
754	"	Sidheswar	Joyanagar	...	Mazilpur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
755	"	Sarat Chandra	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
756	"	Satish Chandra	Habra	...	Khanura	...	ditto	...	Trader.
757	"	Surendra Nath	Jaynagar	...	Mazilpur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
758	"	Surja Kumar	Tollygunge,	...	Barisa	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
			Police.	...	Gokorni	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
759	"	Taruk Nath	Mograhāt	...	9, Bacoobagan Road	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
760	"	Woottam Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	Mebta Road	...	ditto	...	Head Clerk, Graham's Depot, Budge-Budge.
761	"	Dhar, Pran Krisen	Bndge-Budge	...	Feeder Road	...	ditto	...	Head Clerk, Messrs. Graham & Company.
762	"	Ramanath	ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...
G									
763	"	Gangooly, Aghore Nath	Tollygunge	...	16, Shabanagore Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Municipal Office, Calcutta.
764	"	Akhoy Coomer	Naihati	...	Shibergully, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
765	"	Bata Krishna	Bhawanipur	...	28, Issur Ganguly's Lane, Kalighat	...	ditto	...	Clerk (Government Printing, India).
766	"	Benode Bihary	Khardah	...	Khurdah	...	ditto	...	Landholder and Naib.
767	"	Beni Madhab	Magrahāt	...	Rungilabad	...	ditto	...	Servant of private individual.
768	"	Bejoy Chandra	Baduria	...	Baduria	...	ditto	...	Head-master, South Suburban School.
769	"	Beni Madhab	Bhawanipur	...	5, Chaulputty Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Manager's office, Calcutta, E B S
770	"	Bhusan Chandra	Naihati	...	Khasbatti, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Railway.
771	"	Devendra Nath	Bhawanipur	...	1, Chuckerbere Road, South	...	ditto	...	Teacher, South Suburban School.
772	"	Indu Prakash	Baniapukur	...	171, Lower Circular Road	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
773	"	Jamini Prakash	ditto	...	171, ditto	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
774	"	Jina Prakash	ditto	...	171, ditto	...	ditto	...	Servant of a private firm.
775	"	Jolodhur	Naihati	...	Ram Siter Gully, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
776	"	Jyoti Prakash	Baniapukur	...	171, Lower Circular Road	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
777	"	Kamala Kanta	Alipore	...	Sabjibagan Lane, Chetla	...	ditto	...	Head Clerk, District Board.
778	"	Kally Prosonno, B.A.	Naihati	...	Khasbatti, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Government servant (Teacher, Hare School, Calcutta).
779	"	Kharendra Chandra	Baliaghatta	...	Garpar	...	ditto	...	Overscer.
780	"	Khetter Mohan	Bhawanipur	...	28, Issur Ganguli's Lane	...	ditto	...	Translator, High Court.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		RACE.	Quality of occupation.
	Town.	Village, road, or street.		
781 Gangooly, Khagendra Nath ...	Sonarpur	Alachi	Hindu	Clerk, Railway Department.
782 Lal Mehan	Watgunge	8-1, Jagannath Sircar's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Government Dockyard.
783 Makhon Lall	Bhowanpur	Hazra Road	ditto	Sub-Assessor, Calcutta Corporation.
784 Nabo Kumar	Baliaghatta	Baliaghatta Road	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.
785 Nabin Chandra	ditto	Rash Bagan Lane	ditto	Landlord.
786 Nundo Lall	Bhawanipur	Padmapukur Lane	ditto	Jeweller, Gillanders & Co.
787 Protap Chandra	Alipore	42, Chetia Road	ditto	Trader.
788 Prasanna Kumar	Sonarpur	Rajpur	ditto	Pensioner.
789 Raj Kristo	Manicktolla	1, Baugmari Road	ditto	Clerk, Ralli Brothers.
790 Syamschon	Khardah	Natagore	ditto	Clerk, Cook & Co.
791 Sasti Charan	Baliaghatta	Narkoldanga Main Road	ditto	Balmer, Lawrie & Co.
792 Surendra Nath	Alipore	Sabibagan Lane	ditto	Ledger-keeper, Bank of Bengal.
793 Surendra Nath	Khardah	Sodpore	ditto	Clerk, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.
794 Ghatlack, Adiswar	Tollygunge	Chandra Kumar Mandal's Lane	ditto	Artist.
795 Kartick Chandra	Ultadanga	Ultadanga Road	ditto	Merchant.
796 Purno Chandra	Tollygunge, B. P.	Dhopapara	ditto	Clerk, Lower Hooghly Jute Mill.
797 Sreenath	Tollygunge	Nepal Bhatlacharjee's Lane	ditto	Independent.
798 Behari Lal	Garden Reach	Sonai 3rd Lane	ditto	Teacher.
799 Beni Madhab	Baliaghatta	Narkoldanga North Road	ditto	ditto.
800 Coomar Satya Bhanoo	Watgunge	Bhukoylash	ditto	Zamindar.
801 Coomar Satya Haras	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
802 Coomar Satya Dhyani	Ekalpur	ditto	ditto	ditto.
803 Coomar Satya Sree	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
804 Coomar Satya Mohan	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
805 Coomar Satya Nidhi	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
806 Coomar Satya Sunker	ditto	7, Budge-Budge Road	ditto	ditto.
807 Coomar Satya Shebak	ditto	14, ditto	ditto	ditto.
808 Nabin Ch.	Tollygunge, B. P.	7, ditto	ditto	ditto.
809 Prasanna Coomar	Ekalpur	Diamond Harbour Road	ditto	Pensioner.
810 Rajendra Nath	Baranagore	Ekalpur Road	ditto	Head Clerk, Bird & Co.
811 Sarat Chander	Bistupur	Gopal Lal Tagore's Road, Mayradanga	ditto	Kabiraj.
812 Sharada Prosad	Bhawanipur	Jaychandipur	ditto	Accountant, Merchant's office.
813 Shaktish Chandra	ditto	Chukerbaria Road	ditto	Pensioner.
814 Syama Charan	Naihati	ditto	ditto	Zamindar.
815 Syama Charan	Baliaghatta	Moolajore	ditto	Independent gentleman.
816 Abinash Chander	Garden Reach	Kankurgachi Road	ditto	Landlord.
817 Abinash Chunder	Naihati	Sonai 1st Lane	ditto	Clerk.
818 Akhoy Coomar	Intally	Naihati	ditto	do. Military office, Iohapur.
819 Akhoy Coomar	Ultadanga	15, Sambhu Babu's Lane	ditto	do.
820 Ambica Charan	Joyanagar	New Canal Road	ditto	Merchant.
		Joyanagar	ditto	Landholder.

831	"	Annada Prosad	Bhawanipur	...	25, Jaliapara Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Alipore Collectorate.
832	"	Anantaram	Intally	...	South Road	...	ditto	...	Money-lender.
833	"	Ashutoch	Bhawanipur	...	38, Chakerbere Road (North)	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Deputy Inspector-General of Police.
834	"	Boroda Charan	Watgunge	...	4, Barapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Municipal servant.
835	"	Bhut Nath	Ballygunge	...	100, Kurrya Road	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
836	"	Bama Charan	Bhawanipur	...	9, Bacoolbagan Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Presy. Division.
837	"	Bipin Behari	Baniapukur	...	64, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Servant in a private Company.
838	"	Bipin Behari	Naihati	...	Garfa	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Gouripur Jute Mills.
839	"	Bejoy Kumar	Kulpi	...	Karanjoli	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
840	"	Bejoy Kumar	Baliaghata	...	Horomohan Ghose's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
841	"	Brajo Nath	Watgunge	...	88, Diamond Harbour Road	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
842	"	Brajo Nath	Barasat	...	Kaikhali	...	ditto	...	ditto.
843	"	Brajo Nath	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Sarsanna	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Small Cause Court, Calcutta.
844	"	Oharu Chander	Alipore	...	6, Mohes Chandra Dutt's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Royal Insurance Company.
845	"	Ohander Nath	Baliaghata	...	Biswas Nursery Lane	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
846	"	Ohundy Churn	Watgunge	...	12-2, Circular Garden Reach Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, E B S Railway.
847	"	Chuni Lal	Sonarpur	...	Harinavi	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
848	"	Dina Nath	Watgunge	...	Padmapukur West Lane	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
849	"	Debendra Oommar	Barupur	...	Ramnagore	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
850	"	Dhiraj Chandra	Sadar	...	Goria	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
851	"	Doyal Chandra	Tollygunge B. P.	...	Indry	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
852	"	Durga Charan	Naihati	...	Authpore	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
853	"	Dwarka Nath	Baliaghata	...	35, Ohuruckdanga Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
854	"	Dwarka Nath	ditto	...	9-A,	...	ditto	...	do.
855	"	Fakir Chand	Baliaghata	...	Garpar	...	ditto	...	Translator, High Court.
856	"	Girish Chunder	Garden Reach	...	Sonai 1st Lane	...	ditto	...	Superintendent, Cooly Depdt.
857	"	Gakuleswar	Baranagore	...	Bonhugli	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
858	"	Gopal Chandra (Mazumdar).	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
859	"	Harigopal	Bhawanipore	...	Gopal Chandra Banerjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
860	"	Harimohan	Garden Reach	...	Sonai 1st Lane	...	ditto	...	ditto.
861	"	Harish Oh.	Bhawanipur	...	11, Bolaram Bose's 2nd Lane	...	ditto	...	Assistant.
862	"	Hira Lal	Bhawanipur	...	68, Bakool Bagan Road	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
863	"	Hari Charan	Manicktalla	...	14, Rahimuddin Munahi's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
864	"	Horoprosad	ditto	...	43, Ultadanga Lane	...	ditto	...	do.
865	"	Jadub Chandra	Alipur	...	Myerapore Road	...	ditto	...	Head Master, Gopalnagore M. H. School.
866	"	Jotendra Nath	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, office of Accountant-General, Bengal.
867	"	Jotendra Mohan	Garden Reach	...	Sonie 1st Lane	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
868	"	Jodu Nath	Intally	...	9, Dehi Intally Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
869	"	Jiban Krishna	Basirhat	...	Sikra	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
870	"	Jedn Nath	Intally	...	8, Dehi Intally	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
871	"	Jagendra Nath, Sr.	Beduria	...	Arbelia	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
872	"	Jogendra Nath	Kharda	...	Sakohar	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Corporation.
873	"	Jagendra Kumar	Baliaghata	...	Horomohan Ghose's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		RACE.	Quality or business.
	Town.	Village, road, or street.		
G				
864 Ghose, Janaki Chandra	Naihati	Anthpur	Hindu	Trader.
865 " Jogeswar	Baranagar	Banugli	ditto	Landholder.
866 " Joy Gopal	Baliaghata	Charackdanga Road, Peary Mohan Sur's Garden.	ditto	Clerk, late Ewing & Co.
867 " Kali Churn	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Financial Department, Bengal Secretariat.
868 " Kedar Nath	Khardah	Panihati	ditto	Government pensioner.
869 " Kedar Nath	Naihati	Kuntalpara	ditto	Contractor.
870 " Kirone Chandra	Baliaghata	Talpuktir Road	ditto	Merchant.
871 " Kirone Chandra	Cossipore	Narikel Bagan	ditto	Trader.
872 " Krishno Chunder	Baliaghata	Charackdanga Road	ditto	Clerk, G. Henderson & Co.
873 " Krishna Dhan	Khardah	Sukbar	ditto	Contractor.
874 " Kali Bhuseen, Rai Bahadur.	Habra	Rajibpur	ditto	Government pensioner.
875 " Kedar Nath	Basirhat	Sikra	ditto	Zamindar.
876 " Keshab Chandra	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Italgata	ditto	Pensioner.
877 " Khetter Mohan	Wa'gunge	26, Munshigunge Road	ditto	Gomasta of the Mullicks.
878 " Khetter Mohan	Cossipore	Cossipore Road, Jheel Busti	ditto	Clerk, Sugar Works.
879 " Khirode Chandra, B.A.	Baranagar	Ariadah	ditto	Government servant.
880 " Kishori Lal	Sonarpur	Harinavi	ditto	Zamindar.
881 " Kharode Chandra	Baliaghata	4, Charackdanga Road	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.
882 " Koylash Chandra	Tollygunge, B. P.	Fathepur	ditto	Landholder.
883 " Lalit Mohon	Alipore	Chetla Road, Subjibagan	ditto	Landholder.
884 " Lolit Mohon	Chitpur	Simlaipara Road	ditto	Independent gentleman.
885 " Lolit Mohon	Baranagar	North Baranagar	ditto	Castor-oil Merchant.
886 " Maniot Chandra	Cossipore	South Sinthi Road	ditto	Municipal servant.
887 " Makom Lal	Baranagar	Dakshineswar, Dattaram Mandal's Ghat Road.	ditto	Zamindar.
888 " Mohendra Nath	Tollygunge	Mudially	ditto	Pensioner.
889 " Monindra Nath	Alipore	9, Bridge Road	ditto	Sub-Editor, <i>Hitabadi</i> .
890 " Mohendra Nath	Alipore	Subjibagan Lane, Chetla	ditto	Clerk, High Court.
891 " Mohendra Nath	Nawabgunge	Nawabgunge	ditto	Contractor.
892 " Mohini Ranjan	Intally	Shambhu Babu's Lane	ditto	Landowner.
893 " Monmotha Nath	Baliaghata	Baliaghata Road	ditto	Landlord.
894 " Monmatha Nath	Bhawanipur	Chuckerberia Road, North	ditto	Overseer, Corporation of Calcutta.
895 " Monmatha	Wa'gunge	Taratdar's 2nd Lane	ditto	Servant of private company.
896 " Mati Lal	Basirhat	Sikra	ditto	Landholder.
897 " Mathura Nath	Baliaghata	Baliaghata	ditto	Merchant.
898 " Norendra Nath	Bhawanipur	65, Chuckerbere Road, North	ditto	Clerk.
899 " Natabar	Ultadanga	Bhoirub Mukerjee's Lane	ditto	Merchant.

900	"	Nanda Gopal	...	Garden Reach	...	69, Sonai	...	ditto	...	Teacher.
901	"	Nibaran Chandra	...	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Saruna	...	ditto	...	ditto.
902	"	Nilmoni	...	Maniktolla	...	2, Maniktolla Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Registration Office, Calcutta (Government servant).
903	"	Nogendra Nath	...	Bhawanipur	...	9, Bokul Bagan Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
904	"	Nalin Behary	...	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
905	"	Nando Lall	...	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Russa	...	ditto	...	do.
906	"	Peary Lall	...	Budge-Budge	...	Mehta Road	...	ditto	...	Servant of Budge-Budge Jute Mill Company.
907	"	Preo Nath	...	Intally	...	1, Ananda Gopal Palit's Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, High Court, Calcutta.
908	"	Prankristo	...	Naihati	...	Moolajore	...	ditto	...	Trader.
909	"	Probbat Chandra	...	Basirhat	...	Sikra	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
910	"	Protho Kanto	...	Naihati	...	Authpur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
911	"	Prosad Das	...	Intally	...	2, Ananda Gopal Palit's Road	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
912	"	Purna Chandra	...	Bhawanipur	...	37, Padmapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Head Assistant, Office of the Geological Survey of India.
913	"	Purna Chandra	...	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Naihati Mohendro School.
914	"	Radha Nath	...	Tollygunge	...	Russa Road, South	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Jessop & Co.
915	"	Rajendranath	...	Baduria	...	Taragonia	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
916	"	Ramoni Mohon	...	Watgunge	...	12-2, Circular Garden Beach Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, office of Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.
917	"	Ram Das	...	Hashnabad	...	Thaba	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
918	"	Rama Nath	...	Intally	...	Pan Bagan Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
919	"	Ram Lall	...	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Office of the Accountant-General, Bengal.
920	"	Rusick Lall	...	Tollygunge	...	Modially	...	ditto	...	Storekeeper, Bengal Cotton Mills.
921	"	Saroda Prosad	...	Ballygunge	...	Woolcoberia Road	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
922	"	Sama Charan	...	Bhawanipur	...	9, Bakoolbagan Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Home Department, Government of India.
923	"	Shama Charan	...	Baniapukur	...	86, Linton Street	...	ditto	...	Clerk, B. C. Ry. office.
924	"	Shib Chandra	...	Naihati	...	Authpur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta.
925	"	Shashi Bhushan	...	Bhawanipur	...	16-1, Boop Narayan Nandan's Lane	...	ditto	...	Article Clerk.
926	"	Srinath	...	Watgunge	...	9, Pitambar Sircar's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Medical Department.
927	"	Sripati Charan	...	Baniapukur	...	23, Gorachand Road	...	ditto	...	Municipal servant.
928	"	Sripati Charan	...	Naihati	...	Authpur	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
929	"	Sriish Chandra	...	Intally	...	2, Dehi Road	...	ditto	...	Oashier, E. B. S. Railway.
930	"	Surja Kumar	...	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Russa	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
931	"	Sures Chandra	...	Bhawanipur	...	15-1, Bamanpara Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Ulmann, Hirschhorn.
932	"	Surendro Nath	...	Ballyghatta	...	35, Churrukdanga Road	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
933	"	Syama Charan	...	Sonarpur	...	Kodalia	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Treasury Department.
934	"	Thakur Dass	...	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Singarhatty	...	ditto	...	do., Natal Emigration Agent's Office.
935	"	Tarini Charan	...	ditto	...	Gopal Banerji's Lane	...	ditto	...	do., Municipal Office.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or business.
	Town.	Village, road, or street.		
G				
936 Ghose, Tara Pada	Naihati	Jagaddal	Hindu	Independent gentleman.
937 " Tin Coury	ditto	Mulajore	ditto	Peonage.
938 " Uma Charan	ditto	Naihati	ditto	Teacher of the Metropolitan Institution, Calcutta.
939 " Upendra Chandra	Watgunge	9, Pitambar Sarkar's Lane	ditto	Cashier, B. N. R. District Traffic Office.
940 " Urdhab Chandra	Cosapure	Barrackpore Road	ditto	School-master (Private).
941 Goswami, Akhil Mohan	Khardah	Khardah	ditto	Zamindar.
942 " Benode Kisore	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
943 " Radha Madhub	Tollygunge	85, Monoharpukur Road	ditto	Attorney's clerk.
944 " Syama Charan	Barasat	Barasat	ditto	Landholder.
945 " Hari Pudo	Dum-Dum	Satgachia	ditto	Banker.
946 " Naliny Bhushan	Alipore	57, Chetla Road	ditto	Cashier, Leslie & Co.
947 " Gupta, Apurvakrishno Sen	Bhawanipur	49, Sankaripara Road	ditto	Cashier.
948 " Akhoy Oomer	Tollygunge, Police.	Baria	ditto	Copyist, 24-Parganas Magistracy.
949 " Disco Nath	Naihati	Gariffa	ditto	Independent gentleman.
950 " Difyendra Nath	ditto	Halishahar, Ramtargally	ditto	Clerk, Accountant-General's office.
951 " Hari Charan	ditto	Baydopara, Halishahar	ditto	do., E. I. Railway Audit Office.
952 " Kedar Nath	Basirhat	Sainpala	ditto	Shariatadar, Munsiff's Court, Basirhat.
953 " Molendro Nath	Naihati	Boydopara, Halishahar	ditto	Retired Railway officer.
H				
954 Haldar, Abja Prokash	Naihati	Bhatpara	ditto	Landholder.
955 " Akhoy Oomer	Tollygunge, Bengal	Behala	ditto	Clerk, E. I. Railway Office.
956 " Asoke	Police.	Jagaddal	ditto	Assistant, Financial Secretariat office, Calcutta.
957 " Annoda Prosad	Naihati	Behala	ditto	Clerk, Attorney's office.
958 " Atul Chandra	Tollygunge, Bengal	Talpurkur Road	ditto	Landowner.
959 " Biswar	Ballinghatta	9, Kalighat 2nd Lane	ditto	ditto.
960 " Gyanendra Nath	Bhawanipur	Haldarpara Road	ditto	Zamindar.
961 " Hari Charan	Budge-Budge	Behala	ditto	Landholder.
962 " Hari Das	Tollygunge, Bengal	23, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Government servant.
963 " Kiseri Mohan, B.A.	Baniapukur	Nandanpur	ditto	School-master.
964 " Kaliprosana	Budge-Budge	Behala	ditto	Landholder.
965 " Nibaran Chandra	Police.	Gobbaria	ditto	Landholder.
966 " Narsing Chandra	Kulpi	22, Gopal Banerjee's Lane	ditto	Clerk.
967 " Prankrishna	Bhawanipur	Gokuna	ditto	Zamindar.
968 " Preo Nath	Bhawanipur	4-1, Kalighat 2nd Lane	ditto	Clerk.

969	"	Purna Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	24, Urapai Bazar, Jute Mills	...	Village School-master.
970	"	Ram Lal	Cossipur	...	Ratan Babu's Road	...	Clerk, Kankinara Jute Mills.
971	"	Sib Chandra	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	Landlord.
972	"	Soilendra Nath	Bhawanipur	...	Shikderpara, Kaligbat	...	Broker.
973	"	Troilokya Nath	Barasat	...	Koikhali	...	Clerk, Port Commissioners' office.
974	Hazra,	Bihari Lal	Ekbalpur	...	Sonai Road	...	Paddy Merchant.
975	"	Kedar Nath	Alipore	...	Chetla Road	...	Independent gentleman.
976	"	Roma Nath	Garden Reach	...	Sonai 2nd Lane	...	Overseer.
977	"	Sarat Chandra	Ekbalpur	...	New Sonai Road	...	Clerk, Examiner's office, Eastern Bengal
978	"	Srikrishno	Barasat	...	Koikhali	...	State Railway.

K

979	Khettry, Radha Sham	Garden Reach	...	2, Sonai 1st Lane	...	Clerk, Audit office, B.-N. Railway.
980	Kundu, Benode Behari	Habra	...	Goberdanga	...	Trader.
981	"	Sader	...	Garia	...	Merchant.
982	"	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	Shopkeeper.
983	"	Basirhat	...	Basirhat	...	Tradesman.
984	"	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	Shopkeeper.
985	"	Habra	...	Goberdanga	...	Trader.
986	Kanji Lal, Wopendra Nath	Naihati	...	Dijpore, Halishahar	...	Government servant. (Head Clerk, District

987	Karmakar, Mani Lal	Ballighatta	...	Narkoldanga Main Road	...	Looc. Superintendent's Office, E. B. S.
988	"	Mohendra Nath	...	ditto	...	Railway, Kanohrapara.)
989	"	Nogendra Nath	...	Narkoldanga Road	...	Merchant.
990	"	Rojani Kanta	...	Taragonia	...	ditto.
991	Khan, Musud	Baduria	...	29, Ice Factory Lane	...	Tradesman.
992	"	Abdus Samad	...	Canal East Road	...	ditto.
993	"	Dondali	...	North Sealdah Road	...	Merchant.
994	"	Nooruddin	...	Earpur	...	Hide Merchant.
995	"	Dim Mahomed	...	Jerakpur	...	Independent gentleman.
996	Quazi, Golam Muhammad	Basirhat	...	Titagarh	...	Landlord.
997	"	Golam Mowla	...	ditto	...	ditto.
998	Karmakar, Bepin Behary	Ballighatta	...	Narkoldanga Main Road	...	ditto.
999	"	Surendra Nath	...	ditto	...	Jeweller.
1000	"	Srikanta	...	23, Ramkamal Mukharji's Street	...	ditto.
1001	Kar, Akhay Coomar	Tollygunge, Suburbs	...	Russa Road	...	Clerk, Government Military Pay Office.
1002	Kirti, Amrito Lal	Barasat	...	Amredanga (Badu)	...	Librarian.
1003	"	Amrito Lal	...	Dhobapara	...	Landholder.
1004	Kaspyy, Amulya Charun	Garden Reach	...	ditto	...	Money-lender.

L

1005	Lusker, Farzley Hossain	Magrahat	...	Belloreah	...	Land-owner.
1006	Lahiri, Mohendra Nath	Baranagore	...	Kutighatta Road	...	Pensioner.

NAME.	PLACES OF ANCESTRAL RESIDENCE.		RELIGION.	EDUCATION.	PROFESSION.	QUALITY OR BUSINESS.
	Thane.	Village, road, or street.				
M						
1007 Mandal, Annoda Prasanno	...	Baliaghatta	...	Joy Narayan Tarka Panchanun's Lane	Hindu	Head Ticket-Collector, E. B. S. Railway
1008 " Anunda Chunder	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	Sealdah.
1009 " Banka Behari	...	Tollygunge	...	Tollygunge Road	ditto	Clerk (Government servant).
1010 " Brindaban	...	Wategunge	...	31, Ram Kamal Mukerjee's Street	ditto	Zamindar.
1011 " Radha Binode	...	Tollygunge	...	36, Russa Road, South	ditto	Zamindar.
1012 " Brojendra Nath	...	ditto	...	57, Tollygunge Road	ditto	ditto.
1013 " Chundi Charan	...	Budge-Budge	...	Bowali	ditto	ditto.
1014 " Gopal Lall	...	Tollygunge	...	Tollygunge Road	ditto	ditto.
1015 " Gopi Kioresore	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	Printing Press owner.
1016 " Hari Podo	...	Alipore	...	24, Durgapore Lane	ditto	Trader.
1017 " Hari Das	...	Dam-Dum	...	Paipukur	ditto	Zamindar.
1018 " Hari Das	...	Nawabgunge	...	Nawabgunge	ditto	ditto.
1019 " Kali Coomar	...	Diamond Harbour	...	Parulia	ditto	ditto.
1020 " Kristo Prasanno	...	Budge-Budge	...	Bowali	ditto	ditto.
1021 " Ram Lall	...	Tollygunge	...	62, Tollygunge Road	ditto	Landlord.
1022 " Shoshi Bhusan	...	Nawabgunge	...	Polta	ditto	Zamindar.
1023 " Upendra Kriahna	...	Tollygunge	...	Tollygunge Road	ditto	Clerk, Emigrants' office (Government servant).
1024 " Maulvi, Abdul Mazid	...	Baniapukur	...	Kurrya Road	Muhammadan	...
1025 " Hamed Ali Russal	...	Ekbalpur	...	Comedan Bagan	ditto	Teacher.
1026 " Abinash Chandra	...	Alipore	...	Myerpur Road	Hindu	Clerk, Magistrate's office, 24-Parganas.
1027 " Akhileswar	...	Baliaghatta	...	Charrakdanga	ditto	Jeweller.
1028 " Ambika Charn	...	Joynagar	...	Joynagar	ditto	Zamindar.
1029 " Annoda Prosod	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	ditto.
1030 " Apurva Kali	...	Harva	...	Gopalpur	ditto	ditto.
1031 " Ashu Tosh	...	Naihati	...	Halishahar Golabati	ditto	Teacher, H. O. E. School, Halishahar.
1032 " Atul Kriahao	...	Tollygunge, Police.	...	Mudially	ditto	Clerk, Port Commissioners' Office, Calcutta.
1033 " Atul Kristo	...	ditto	...	Sursoona	ditto	Trader.
1034 " Birendra Lala	...	Baliaghatta	...	Raja Rajendro Lala Mitter's Road	ditto	Private servant.
1035 " Birendra Nath	...	Naihati	...	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat, P. W. Dept.
1036 " Beni Madhub	...	Naihati	...	Halishahar Basorpara	ditto	Teacher, Halishahar School.
1037 " Basanta Oommar	...	ditto	...	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Office of Controller of Stationery, Calcutta.
1038 " Bhagabat Chandra	...	Chitpur	...	Talla Bagan Lane	ditto	Clerk, Office of Examiner of Ordnance
1039 " Brindaban Chunder	...	Bistoorpur	...	Barakalipukur	ditto	Factory Accounts in India, Calcutta.
1040 " Charu Chander	...	Intally	...	4, Debi Intally	ditto	Landholder.
1041 " Charu Chunder	...	Baliaghatta	...	11, Sastitolla Road	ditto	Clerk.
			...			Private service.

1042	"	Chuni Lal	Barnipur	...	Barnipur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1043	"	Durga Churn	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
1044	"	Grija Bhusan, B.A.	Joynagar	...	Joynagar	...	ditto	...	Graduate.
1045	"	Gyanendro Chandra	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1046	"	Iswar Chandra	Baliaghata	...	17, Jagat Nath Dutt's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
1047	"	Janaki Nath	Bhawanipur	...	Goaltuli Road	...	ditto	...	Assistant Manager in the estate of Maharaja Durga Charan Laha.
1048	"	Jogendra Nath	Entally	...	18, Anando Gopal Palit's Road	...	ditto	...	Head Clerk, Government Emigration Department.
1049	"	Khetro Nath	Watgunge	...	10, Nazir Mohammad Ghat Manji's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Dockyard, Kidderpore.
1050	"	Khirode Chunder	Chitpur	...	Bonomali Chatterjee's Street	...	ditto	...	do., Government office.
1051	"	Krishna Nath	Diamond Harbour	...	Netra	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1052	"	Krishna Kali	Hazra	...	Gopalpur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1053	"	Kunja Behari	Naihati	...	Kona, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Hooghly Collectorate.
1054	"	Lalit Gopal	Joynagar	...	Joynagar	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1055	"	Lali Behari	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Sursoona	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Attorney's office.
1056	"	Mahim Chandra	Diamond Harbour	...	Bardone	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1057	"	Mohendro	Baliaghata	...	Raja Rajendra Lal Mitter's Road	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1058	"	Monmota Nath	Bhawanipur	...	10, Padmapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1059	"	Nagendra Nath	Alipore	...	Dwarka Nath Ghose's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Army Clothing Agency.
1060	"	Nilratan	Joynagar	...	Joynagar	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1061	"	Nitya Nath	Sonarpore	...	Rajpur	...	ditto	...	Merohant.
1062	"	Priya Lal	Baliaghata	...	50, Raja Rajendra Lal Mitter's Road	...	ditto	...	Private individual.
1063	"	Preo Nath	Joynagar	...	Mazilpur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1064	"	Rajendro Nath	Baliaghata	...	16, Sastitolla Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
1065	"	Raj Jogodiswar	Bhawanipur	...	14, Paddopocker Road	...	ditto	...	do., Ordnance of Military Accounts.
1066	"	Rakhal Chandra	Naihati	...	Bazarpore, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Retired Railway Officer.
1067	"	Ram Kali	ditto	...	Chowdhuripara, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1068	"	Romes Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	62-1, Padmapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
1069	"	Robindro Nath, B.A.	ditto	...	76, Padmapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1070	"	Ratendra Lal	Baliaghata	...	Raja Rajendra Lal Mitter's Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
1071	"	Sarat Chandra	Garden Reach	...	Sonai 2nd Lane	...	ditto	...	do., Port Commissioners' office.
1072	"	Sarat Chandra	Dum-Dum	...	Nimta	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1073	"	Sachindra Nath	Joynagar	...	Mazilpur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1074	"	Sobindro Nath	Baliaghata	...	17, Sastitolla Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
1075	"	Satya Charan	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Agelasto & Co.
1076	"	Sib Chandra	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Dhobapara, Mudiali's	...	ditto	...	do., Government Dockyard.
1077	"	Sukumar	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	do., private firm.
1078	"	Surendra Nath	Barasat	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1079	"	Surendra Nath	Joynagar	...	Joynagar	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1080	"	Umacharan	Baliaghata	...	8, Joyanayan Trallopacharans Lane	...	ditto	...	Teacher.
1081	Moitra, Agore Nath		Basirhat	...	Mirzapore	...	ditto	...	Landlord.

Qualify or business.

Race.

PLACE OF BIRTH.
Village, road, or street.

NAME.

Town.

M

1082	Motira Mati Lal-Ramlal	Joynagar	Joynagar	Landholder.	...	Hindu	...
1083	Mullick, Abdul Gunny	Chitpore	Barrackpore Trunk Road	Contractor.	...	Muhammadian...	...
1084	Mooneshi, Abul Khair	Barasat	Kazipara	Landlord.	...	ditto	...
1085	" Abhas	Bhawanipur	32, Chuckerbere	Head Draftsman. Municipal Office	...	ditto	...
1086	" Abdulkader Gilani	Baniapukur	Gobra Road, North	Clerk, High Court (Government servan	...	ditto	...
1087	" Abdur Rahim	Ballygunge	67, Jhautollah Road	do.	...	ditto	...
1088	" Abdur Rohim	Maniktolla	9, Halsi Bagan	Clerk, Attorney's office.	...	ditto	...
1089	" Abdul Hamid	Ballygunge	127, Kurrya Road	Government pensioner.	...	ditto	...
1090	" Ahiduddin Ahmed	Dum-Dum	Gouripore	Landholder.	...	ditto	...
1091	" Aziz Ahmed	Barasat	Kazipara	Government servant.	...	ditto	...
1092	" Aminuddin	Baliaghatta	6, Latifat Hossain's Lane	Pensioner.	...	ditto	...
1093	" Basarat	Habra	Goolbusti	Landlord.	...	ditto	...
1094	" Bedureddaza	Basirhat	Sainpala	Government servant.	...	ditto	...
1095	" Burkhurdar	Barasat	Beckjooni	Zamindar.	...	ditto	...
1096	" Bhoodia Jamma	Ekbalpur	4, Kamidan Bagan Lane	Draftsman.	...	ditto	...
1097	" Chodair Mollah	Kulpi	Dhola	Landlord.	...	ditto	...
1098	" Ertiss Hossain	Barasat	Kazipara	Landholder.	...	ditto	...
1099	" Enadul Haq	Alipore	Chetia	Clerk, Commissioner's office, Presidency	...	ditto	...
1100	" Fuzley Rahman	Baniapukur	20, Jannagar Road	Division.	...	ditto	...
1101	" Golam Hydar	Baliaghatta	Munshi Latifat Hossain's Lane	Draftsman (Government office).	...	ditto	...
1102	" Golam Rasul	Baniapukur	11, Ice Factory Lane	Government pensioner.	...	ditto	...
1103	" Habibur Rahaman	Alipore	Chetia	Draftsman (Government servant).	...	ditto	...
1104	" Isabug Molia	Kulpi	Dhola	Peshkar, 24-Parganas Collectorate.	...	ditto	...
1105	" Isbanadin	Garden Reach	35, Sonate Road	Landlord.	...	ditto	...
1106	" Latif	Baniapukur	14, Jannagar Road	Trader.	...	ditto	...
1107	" Maftabuddin Ahmed	Baduria	Jeshaikali	Landholder.	...	ditto	...
1108	" Mohammad Kasim	Baliaghatta	Baliaghatta Road	Hide Merchant.	...	ditto	...
1109	" Mohammad Khalil	Intally	14, Foolbagau	Landholder.	...	ditto	...
1110	" Motinlab	Ballygunge	93, Boondel Road	Pensioner.	...	ditto	...
1111	" Monlabox	Baniapukur	Ice Factory Road	Draftsman (Government servant).	...	ditto	...
1112	" Muhammad Kasim	Baliaghatta	18, Baliaghatta Road	Landlord and hide merchant.	...	ditto	...
1113	" Mokbool	Barrackpore	Manirampur	Draftsman.	...	ditto	...
1114	" Rahimuddin Ahmed	Maniktolla	42, Buldipara Road	Clerk, Calcutta Small Cause Court.	...	ditto	...
1115	" Samsuddin	Baniapukur	Kurrya Bazar Road	Draftsman, Surveyor-General's office (Government servant).	...	ditto	...
1116	" Sher Shasa	Baliaghatta	2-12, Narikaldanga N. Road	Pensioner.	...	ditto	...
1117	" Tomujudee	Garden Reach	Sonai	do.	...	ditto	...
1118	" Wahed Batak	Baniapukur	63, Baniapukur Road	Servant of a private firm.	...	ditto	...
1119	" Mir Azizur Rahman	Baliaghatta	Khoyru Munshi's Road	Hide merchant.	...	ditto	...
1120	" Nessar Hossain	Chitpur	Nowabputty	Horse dealer.	...	ditto	...

1131	"	Hyder Mohaimmed Zulforguare.	Naihati	Mullick Bag	...	ditto	Clerk, Anglo-Indian Jute Mills Co.
1132	Prince Askari	Walgunge	...	123, Garden Reach Road	...	ditto	Pensioner, Ondh family.
1133	"	Beniapukur	...	1, Doogdoogipara Road	...	ditto	Political pensioner of ex-King of Ondh.
1134	"	Kamr Kader	...	123, C. G. R. Road	...	ditto	ditto.
1135	"	Kharshed Mirza	Garden Reach	Matlabruj	...	ditto	Political pensioner of ex-King of Ondh's family.
1136	"	Dilawar Jah	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto.
1137	"	Muhammad Ibrahim	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto.
1138	Ahmad, Shah Shahebasda	Tollygunge, Suburban Police.	...	Shahanagar	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1139	"	Muhammad Isa	Intally	Muchipara Lane, Fulbag	...	ditto	Librarian, Madrasa.
1140	Rahim, Abdur	do.	...	Chingrihatta Road	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1141	Muhammad Issa	Baliaghatta	...	131, Baliaghatta Road	...	ditto	ditto.
1142	Moulvi Abdul Hamid	Manicktolla	...	14, Bahersimla Road	...	ditto	Contractor.
1143	"	Muhammad Hossain	Ballygunge	12, Begg Bagan Lane	...	ditto	Clerk, Inspector-General of Registration.
1144	Motiro, Banamali	Baranagore	...	Bon Hooghly, Hedger's Road	Hindu	...	Government servant.
1145	"	Bhogobatti Charan	Naihati	Balidaghatta, Halishabar	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1146	"	Krishno Prosad	Sonarpur	Malanoba	...	ditto	Landlord.
1147	"	Satish Chunder	Barrackpore	Nona Choudunpur	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1148	"	Sarat Chandra	Cossipore	Katan Babu's Road	...	ditto	Teacher, private school.
1149	"	Sham Lal	Naihati	Bhatpara	...	ditto	Clerk, Jute Mill, Kachnara.
1150	Masumdar, Baroda Kanto	Husnabad	...	Taki	...	ditto	Manager, Rai Jotindra Nath Oboudhuri's Estate.
1151	"	Bepin Behary	Chitpur	Kali Coomar Banerjee's Lane	...	ditto	Clerk, E. B. S. Railway.
1152	"	Bijoy Krishna	Naihati	Gariffa	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1153	"	Chandra Nath	Intally	25, Tangra Road	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1154	"	Krishna Chunder	Naihati	Naihati	...	ditto	Clerk, Archaeological Department.
1155	"	Kali Prasanna	Tollygunge, Police.	Putiari	...	ditto	Landholder.
1156	"	Narain Chandra	Intally	Tangra Road	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1157	"	Purna Chandra	Basirhat	Sainpala	...	ditto	Landlord.
1158	"	Rejendra Lal	Baliaghatta	Gurpar	...	ditto	Cashier, Cresswell & Co.
1159	"	Syama Charan	Cossipore	Syama Churn Moitra's Lane	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1160	"	Syama Charan	Chitpur	Ranee's Road	...	ditto	Tradesman.
1161	Mukherjee, Abinash Chandra	Naihati	...	Khasbati, Halishabar	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1162	"	Adhar Nath	Walgunge	40, Circular Garden Reach Road	...	ditto	Clerk, Audit Department, Bengal-Nagpur Railway office.
1163	"	Aghore Nath	Chitpur	Paikpara, Simlaipara Road	...	ditto	Servant of a private firm.
1164	"	Aghore Chunder	Tollygunge, Police.	Behala	...	ditto	Government pensioner.
1165	"	Akhy Kumar	ditto	Mohestolla	...	ditto	Clerk.
1166	"	Anadi Charan	Tollygunge	4, Shahanagore Lane	...	ditto	Pundit, Sanakrit College.
1167	"	Ananda Charan	Bhawanipur	Chuckerbere, South, Old Mitter's House	...	ditto	Teacher, Reformatory School, Alipora.
1168	"	Amrita Lal	Tollygunge, Police.	Barisa	...	ditto	Landholder.

M

NAME.	PLACES OF ABODE. Village, road, or street.	THANA.	RELIGION.	RELIGION.	QUALITY OR BUSINESS.
1159 Mukherjee, Ashutosh	...	Baniapukur	...	Hindu	Independent gentleman.
1160 " "	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	Olerk.
1161 " "	...	Baranagar	...	ditto	Assistant, Merchant's office.
1162 " "	...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	Clerk in the Chambers of W. O. Bonnerjee, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.
1163 " "	...	Kulpi	...	ditto	Landowner.
1164 " "	...	Naihati	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1165 " "	...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	Clerk, Messrs. Scott, Thompson & Co.
1166 " "	...	Barasat	...	ditto	Private servant.
1167 " "	...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	Government Pensioner.
1168 " "	...	Bhowanipur	...	ditto	Landholder.
1169 " "	...	Baranagore	...	ditto	ditto.
1170 " "	...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	Clerk, E. I. Railway.
1171 " "	...	Naihati	...	ditto	Inspector of Water Works, Calcutta Corporation.
1172 " "	...	Habra	...	ditto	Servant of private firm.
1173 " "	...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	Olerk, Merchant's office.
1174 " "	...	Watgunge	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1175 " "	...	Barrackpur	...	ditto	Government servant (Head clerk, Barrackpur Subdivisional Office).
1176 " "	...	Barasat	...	ditto	Private servant.
1177 " "	...	Khardah	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1178 " "	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	Head Clerk and Accountant, South Suburban Municipality.
1179 " "	...	Watgunge	...	ditto	Clerk, Government Dockyard.
1180 " "	...	Intally	...	ditto	Clerk.
1181 " "	...	Joynagar	...	ditto	School-master.
1182 " "	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	Food Inspector, Calcutta Municipality.
1183 " "	...	Baranagore	...	ditto	Contractor.
1184 " "	...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	Clerk, High Court.
1185 " "	...	Balliaghatta	...	ditto	Teacher.
1186 " "	...	Baranagore	...	ditto	Landed proprietor.
1187 " "	...	Chitpur	...	ditto	Landholder.
1188 " "	...	Mugrahat	...	ditto	Landowner.
1189 " "	...	Watgunge	...	ditto	Landlord.
1190 " "	...	ditto	...	ditto	Contractor.

1191	Jadu Nath	...	Khardah	...	ditto	...	Retired railway store-keeper.
1192	Jogendra Nath	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Gouripur Jute Mills.
1193	Jogendra Nath	...	Baduria	...	ditto	...	Other.
1194	Jogendra Nath	...	Baliaghatta	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Swall & Co.
1195	Jogodishwar	...	Tollygunge, Police.	...	ditto	...	Assistant Accountant, 24-Parganas Collee- torate.
1196	Jotindra Nath	...	Baranagore	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
1197	Jotindra Nath	...	Khardah	...	ditto	...	Olerk, B. O. Railway.
1198	Kally Gopal	...	Baranagore	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
1199	Kali Nath	...	Tollygunge, Police.	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
1200	Kali Dass	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Corporation.
1201	Krishna Mohan	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Pensioner and samindar.
1202	Krishna Mohan	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Administrator-General's office, Bengal.
1203	Kedar Nath	...	Wetgunge	...	ditto	...	Trademan.
1204	Kedar Nath	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance Accounts.
1205	Khelat Chandra	...	Wetgunge	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1206	Kheta Nath	...	Baduria	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Basirhat H. O. E. School.
1207	Kisori Mohan	...	Tollygunge, Police.	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Natal Emigration Agency.
1208	Kunja Behary	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Inspector of Water Works, Calcutta Corpo- ration.
1209	Kanai Lal	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Comptroller, India Treasury's office.
1210	Krishno Lal	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
1211	Madhub Chander	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Examiner's office, E. B. S. Railway, Calcutta.
1212	Manmatha Nath	...	Chitpur	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1213	Maheudhar Nath	...	Fulta	...	ditto	...	Landowner.
1214	Mahendra Nath	...	Tollygunge, Police.	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchants' office.
1215	Mahendra Nath	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	do.
1216	Mahendra Nath	...	Tollygunge, Police.	...	ditto	...	do., Accountant-General's office, Bengal.
1217	Mahendra Nath	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	do.
1218	Mahendra Nath	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1219	Mahendra Nath	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Trader.
1220	Mahenando	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1221	Makhan Lal	...	Intally	...	ditto	...	Teacher.
1222	Mati Lal	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
1223	Mohit Mohan	...	Barrackpore	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
1224	Nagendra Nath	...	Uttadanga	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Revenue Board.
1225	Nagendra Nath	...	Haroa	...	ditto	...	Trader and Landholder.
1226	Nagendra Nath	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
1227	Nagendra Nath	...	Baniapukur	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
1228	Narendra Nath	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Accountant-General's Office.

No.	Name	Address	Religion	Rank	Remarks
1229	Mukherjee, Naro Nath	Baniapur	...	...	Servant of private firm.
1230	Nareh Chander	Naihati	...	...	Independent gentleman.
1231	Nirode Chandra	Balighatta	...	...	Clerk, Shaw, Wallace & Co.
1232	Nonigopal	Watgunge	...	...	Zamindar.
1233	Nibaran Chunder	Intally	...	...	Clerk, Eastern Bengal State Railway.
1234	Nitmoni	Dum-Dum	...	...	Landholder.
1235	Nando Lall	Naihati	...	...	Independent gentleman.
1236	Priya Nath, M.A.	Khardah	...	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's office.
1237	Prabhat Chandra	ditto	...	...	Clerk, E. B. S. Railway, Sealdah.
1238	Prasanna Kumar	Bhawanipur	...	...	Muharrir, 2nd Munsif's Court.
1239	Probode Chandra	Maniktala	...	...	Zamindar.
1240	Promotho Nath	Watgunge	...	...	Landholder.
1240A	Panchanan	ditto	...	...	Pensioner.
1241	Pnnohan	Kharda	...	...	Independent gentleman.
1242	Puranjan	Chitpur	...	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
1243	Purna Chunder	Watgunge	...	...	Government servant.
1244	Rajendra Nath	Sonarpur	...	...	Landholder.
1245	Rajendra Nath	Naihati	...	...	Manager, Tagore Estate.
1246	Rajendra Nath	ditto	...	...	Government pensioner.
1247	Rajendra Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	...	Landholder.
1248	Rajendra Lall	Barasat	Bengal	...	Clerk, Police office, Calcutta.
1249	Rakhal Chandra	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	...	Pensioner.
1250	Ram Nath	Basirhat	...	...	Gautidar.
1251	Sasi Bhushan	Naihati	...	...	Clerk, E. B. S. Railway, Loco. office, Kanchrapara.
1252	Sasi Bhushan	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	...	Government pensioner.
1253	S. C. M. A.	Baniapur	...	...	Professor in a private College.
1254	Sagar Lall	Khardah	...	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's office.
1255	Sarat Chandra	Naihati	...	...	Independent gentleman.
1256	Satis Chandra	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	...	Overseer, Howrah Municipality.
1257	Satis Chandra	ditto, Suburbs	...	...	Clerk, Military Department.
1258	Sriah Chander	Naihati	...	...	do., Hooghly Collectorate.
1259	Sriah Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	...	do., Bengal Bank.
1260	Sriah Chander	Khardah	...	...	Servant of private employers.
1261	Saroda Prosad	Baduria	...	...	Landholder.
1262	Sashi Bhushan	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	...	Editor, National Guardian.
1263	Sashi Bhushan	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	...	Government pensioner.

1264	Shib Chunder	Ekbalpur	...	Bhukailash Rajbati	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
1265	Suresh Chandra	Watgunge	...	13-1, Garbari Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Military Accounts.
1266	Surendra Nath	Cossipore	...	Ratan Babu's Ghat Road	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1267	Surendra Nath	Nahati	...	Kantalpara	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Hooghly Collectorate.
1269	Syam Lal	Bhawanipur	...	15-2, Kansaripara Road	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
1269	Tara Churan	Barasat	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
1270	Trailokhya Nath	Baranagar	...	Dakhineswar	...	ditto	...	Book-keeper, Merchant's office.
1271	Titulal	ditto	...	Joyarain Banerji's Lane, Baranagar	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1272	Uma Charan	Nawabgunge	...	Nawabgunge	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
1273	Upendra Nath	Chitpur	...	Barrackpore Trunk Road, Talla	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1274	Woomesh Chandra	Watgunge	...	7, Padmapukur Square	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
1275	Woomesh Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	17, Tollygunge Road	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1276	Moti Lal	Nawabgunge	...	Nawabgunge	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
1277	Mullick, Gopal Chandra	Tollygunge, Police.	...	Singerbatty	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Natal Emigration Agent's office.
1278	Jogabandhu	Bhawanipur	...	1, Bolaram Bose's 2nd Lane	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
1279	Koylash Chunder	Tollygunge, Police.	...	Singerbatty	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Natal Emigration Agent's office.
1280	Punna Lal	Balishghatta	...	147, Manioktollah Road	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1281	Russick Lal	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1282	Suresh Chander	Bhawanipur	...	29, Russa Road North	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Baptist Mission Society.
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1283	Nag Chaudhri, Abinash Chandra	Baduria	...	Taragonia	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1284	"	Rajendra Nath	...	Arbelia	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1285	"	Upendra Nath	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1286	Chaudhri, Akhoy Kumar	Balishghatta	...	Choulpatty	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
1287	"	Benode Behary	...	Gaipur	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1288	"	Basanto Kumar, M.A.	...	Alumbazar	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1289	"	Bhupaty Nath	...	Rudrapur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1290	"	Chunder Bhoosan	...	37, Chunder Nath Chatterji's Street	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
1291	"	Jadu Nath	...	Tanra	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1292	"	Kunja Behary	...	65, Haris Chunder Chatterji's Street	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
1293	"	Madhab Chunder	...	Khardah	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Barrackpore Government School.
1294	"	Mahendra Nath	...	Old Barrackpore	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1295	"	Rajendra Nath	...	Tanra	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1296	"	Rajendra Nath	...	Chassachobapara Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Englishman Office.
1297	"	Rajendra Nath	...	Rudrapur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1298	"	Sripaty Nath	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1299	"	Surendra Nath	...	Kodalia	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1300	"	Sashi Bhusan	...	Gobardanga	...	ditto	...	Trader.
1301	"	Sarat Chunder	...	2, Linton Street	...	ditto	...	Railway servant.
1302	Neogi, Hira Lal	Nahati	...	Shannagar	...	ditto	...	Head Goods Clerk, E. B. State Railway.

PLACES OF ABODE.
Thana. Village, road, or street.

NAME.

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NAME.	PLACES OF ABODE. Thana. Village, road, or street.	Religion.	Quality of business.
1303 Neogi, Ram Chunder	Bhowanipur	...	Government servant, Assignee's office.
1304 " Susil Chunder, M.A.	Utkadangee	...	Graduate.
1305 " Tarak Nath	Baliaghatta	...	Clerk, Agra Bank.
1306 Nandi, Sree Churn	Basirhat	...	Landlord.
1307 " Nakur Chandra	Naihati	...	Clerk, Fort Gloster Jute Mills, Jagaddal.
1308 Nusker, Rai Churan	Baliaghatta	...	Penaloner.
1309 Palit, Anath Nath	Utkadanga	...	Professor, Metropolitan Institution.
1310 Rakhal Chunder	Chitpur	...	Merchant.
1311 " Behari Lal	Naihati	...	Trader.
1312 " Bhusan Chunder	Cossapore	...	do.
1313 " Beni Madhab	ditto	...	Merchant.
1314 " Debendra Nath	Baniapukur	...	Clerk, Eastern Bengal State Railway.
1315 " Hari Charan	Naihati	...	Employé, Loco. Department, Kanohrapara.
1316 " Jogendra Nath	ditto	...	Money-lender.
1317 " Jotindro Nath	Intally	...	Landowner.
1318 " Keshub Chunder	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Clerk, British Guiana Emigration Agency.
1319 " Kali Prasanna	Naihati	...	Trader.
1320 " Kshitish Chunder	Watgunge	...	Servant of private firm.
1321 " Moti Lal	Maniktolla	...	Tradesman.
1322 " Mohendra Nath	Baranagar	...	Kabiraj.
1323 " Mathur Nath, B.A.	Maniktolla	...	Manager of the firm. of Ram Kanto and Hari Narsain Shaha, Ultadanga (servant in a private firm).
1324 " Nundo Lal	Cossinore	...	Servant in a private firm.
1325 " Proboth Chander	Intally	...	Clerk and Landowner.
1326 " Promotho Nath	Tollygunge Suburb...	...	Assista
1327 " Rakhal Chandra	Naihati	...	Trader.
1328 " Patitunda, Kamini Mohar	Kulpi	...	Landlord.
1329 " Srish Chunder	do.	...	Zamindar.
1330 " Paladhi, Haradhan	Mograbat	...	Landholder.
1331 " Pandit, Sankar Nath	Bhowanipore	...	ditto.
1332 " Haripodo	Alipore	...	Clerk, Calcutta Municipal Office.
1333 " Patra, Ram Narayan	Kulpi	...	Landlord.
1334 " Poddar, Kedar Nath	Basirhat	...	Tradesman.
1335 " Pramanick, Madhub Chandra	Diamond Harbour	...	School-master.
1336 " " Niranjan	Budge Budge	...	Landholder.
1337 " Surendra Nath	Naihati	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
1338 " Perkait, Devendra Nath	Mathurapur	...	Landowner.
1339 " Pyin, Nilmani	Manicktolla	...	Teacher.
1340 " Pyke, Nando Lal	Baniapukur	...	Independent gentleman.

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1341	Raha, Nagendra Nath	...	Ultadanga	...	13, Ultadanga Road	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
1342	Ray, Annoda Mohon, M.A.	...	Bhowanipore	...	46, Chakabere Road, North	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1343	" Anurita Lal	...	Baliaghatta	...	Baroaritala Road	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
1344	" Ashutosh	...	Naihati	...	Sibergolly, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1345	" Coomer Ashutosh	...	Cossipore	...	Raja's Park, Cossipore	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1346	" Raja Baroda Kanto	...	Baduria	...	Khorgatchi	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1347	" Biseswar	...	Intally	...	4, Tangra Road	...	ditto	...	Timber merchant.
1348	" Chandra Nath	...	Baduria	...	Pura	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1349	" Chandra Kanto	...	Bhowanipore	...	2, Banimadhub Brothers' 2nd Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Medical Stores.
1350	" Gopal Chandra Gupta	...	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Barisa	...	ditto	...	do., Bengal Bank.
1351	" Girish Chandra	...	Naihati	...	Golabati, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	do., Erusthausen & Co, Calcutta.
1352	" Gungadas	...	Chitpur	...	Barrackpore Trunk Road	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1353	" Hari Dass	...	Baduria	...	Magrooty	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1354	" Hari Dass	...	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Tittagbur Mill.
1355	" Hari Charan	...	Alipore	...	Chetla	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
1356	" Hem Chandra	...	ditto	...	Judge's Court Road	...	ditto	...	Trader.
1357	" Kedar Nath	...	Alipore	...	14, Gopalnagar	...	ditto	...	Clerk, High Court.
1358	" Kisori Mohon	...	Baliaghatta	...	Baliaghatta Road	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
1359	" Krishna Kiecr	...	Barasat	...	Salna	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1360	" Krishna Kisore	...	Basirhat	...	Haripur	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1361	" Moti Lal	...	Chitpur	...	Kalicharan Banerjee's Road	...	ditto	...	Timber merchant.
1362	" Nishitha Nath	...	Basirhat	...	Sainpala	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1363	" Nundo Lal	...	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1364	" Panchcorti	...	Baranagore	...	Kutighatta	...	ditto	...	Private Schoolmaster.
1365	" Poolin Chandra	...	Baniapukur	...	69, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Engineer.
1366	" Peary Mohan	...	Alipore	...	Myerpore Road	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
1367	" Pares Nath	...	Bhowanipore	...	Mockherjee's para Road, Kalighat	...	ditto	...	Overseer Calcutta Corporation.
1368	" Poolin Behary	...	Naihati	...	Bhatpara, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Municipal Office.
1369	" Prabash Chunder	...	Barrackpore	...	Kantalia	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1370	" Raj Kumar	...	Cossipore	...	Ruton Babu's Ghat Road	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1371	" Ram Lal	...	Chitpur	...	Pran Kissen Mukherji's Ghat Road	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
1372	" Rash Behari	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
1373	" Radhika Prosad	...	Bhowanipore	...	Jelinpara Road	...	ditto	...	Resident Engineer, Suburban Drainage.
1374	" Raja Rajendra Nath	...	Baduria	...	Khorgatchi	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1375	" Sarat Chandra	...	Naihati	...	Aulipur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, office of the Inspector-General, Civil Hospitals, Bengal.
1376	" Sarath Narain	...	Barasat	...	Ghola	...	ditto	...	Private servant.
1377	" Sarat Chandra	...	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Tittagbur Paper Mills.
1378	" Soti Bhusan	...	Intally	...	5, Onraet's 2nd Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
1379	" Sashi Bhusan	...	Bhowanipore	...	Sikdarpara Road in Kalighat	...	ditto	...	do., Army Clothing Agency.
1380	" Surendro Narain	...	Cossipore	...	South Sinthi Road	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1381	" Chaudhuri, Abney Kumar	...	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Barisa	...	ditto	...	ditto.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or position.
	Thana.	Village, road or street.		
R				
1382	Ray Chaudhuri, Anukul Chandra.	Hasanabad ... Taki	Hindu	... Zamindar.
1383	" Ardha Chandra.	Khadda ... Pauhati	ditto	... ditto.
1384	" Adhar Chandra.	Naihati ... Chaudhuripara, Halishahar	ditto	... Government Pensioner.
1385	" Ashutosh ...	Baranagar ... Belghoria Feeder Road	ditto	... Independent gentleman.
1386	" Asutose ...	Joyanagar ... Gocharan	ditto	... Zamindar.
1387	" Ambika Coommar.	Baruipur ... Baruipur	ditto	... ditto.
1388	" Basanto Coommar.	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	ditto	... Clerk (Government Office).
1389	" Bankim Chandra.	Husainabad ... Taki	ditto	... Zamindar's agent.
1390	" Bhupendra Coommar.	Baruipur ... Baruipur	ditto	... Zamindar.
1391	" Chuni Lal ...	ditto ... ditto	ditto	... ditto.
1392	" Bepin Bihari	Barackpore ... Monirampur	ditto	... Clerk.
1393	" Dyal Chandra	ditto ... ditto	ditto	... Trader.
1394	" Fani Bhusan	Hasanabad ... Taki	ditto	... Zamindar.
1395	" Ganendra Kumar.	Baruipur ... Baruipur	ditto	... ditto.
1396	" Girija Nath ...	Cossipore Road ... Cossipore Road	ditto	... ditto.
1397	" Girindra Nath	Khadda ... Pauhati	ditto	... Tradesman.
1398	" Goonendra Nath.	Husainabad ... Taki	ditto	... Zamindar.
1399	" Hermanta Kumar.	Baruipur ... Baruipur	ditto	... ditto.
1400	" Hemendra Nath.	Cossipore ... Cossipore Road	ditto	... ditto.
1401	" Harry Coommar	Dum-Dum ... Nimta	ditto	... Tradesman.
1402	" Harish Chandra.	Naihati ... Choudhuripara, Halishahar	ditto	... Retired Railway Officer.
1403	" Janoke Nath	Sonarpur ... Rajpur	ditto	... Clerk, Hoare, Miller & Co.
1404	" Jotindra Nath	Husainabad ... Taki	ditto	... Zamindar.
1405	" Jotindra Coommar.	Baruipur ... Baruipur	ditto	... ditto.
1406	" Kali Sahaya	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	ditto	... ditto.
1407	" Kedar Nath ...	Baruipur ... Baruipur	ditto	... ditto.

1408	"	Khiti Nath...	Husainabad	...	Taki (now residing at 1, Tangra Road, Intally).	ditto	...	Landlord.
1409	"	Krishnadhan...	ditto	...	Taki	ditto	...	Zamiadar.
1410	"	Lalit Mohan	Bhangore	...	Bodra	ditto	...	ditto.
1411	"	Mon Mohan	Husainabad	...	Taki	ditto	...	ditto.
1412	"	Moni Mohan	Baruipur	...	Baruipur	ditto	...	ditto.
1413	"	Nirmal Chunder.	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Barisa	ditto	...	Teacher.
1414	"	Prosad Das	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	...	Clerk, 24-Parganas Collectorate.
1415	"	Purna Chander.	Husainabad	...	Taki	ditto	...	Head Clerk, Alipore Jail.
1416	"	Purna Chander.	Baniapur	...	86, Linton Street	ditto	...	Clerk, B. O. Railway.
1417	"	Pravat Chunder.	Bhowanipur	...	28, Sikdarpara Road	ditto	...	Head Clerk, Certificate Department, 24-Parganas Collectorate.
1418	"	Prio Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Barisa	ditto	...	Clerk, Government office.
1419	"	Priyo Nath	Sonarpur	...	Jagaddal	ditto	...	Landlord.
1420	"	Prosanna Kumar.	Ballygunge	...	22, Uhubaria 1st Lane	ditto	...	Clerk and Zamiadar.
1421	"	Rajendra Nath	Chitpur	...	32, Bonamali Chatterjee's Street	ditto	...	Landholder.
1422	"	Radha Nath	Nahati	...	Chandhuripara, Haliabhar	ditto	...	ditto.
1423	"	Ramaprosad	Husainabad	...	Saidpur	ditto	...	Landlord.
1424	"	Romesh Chander.	Sonarpure	...	Rajpur	ditto	...	ditto.
1425	"	Sardar Prosad	Sonarpure	...	Rajpure	ditto	...	Teacher, City College, Calcutta,
1426	"	Saroj Mohan	Hasanabad	...	Taki	ditto	...	Head Master, Taki Government School.
1427	"	Sarva Ranjan	Hasanabad	...	do.	ditto	...	Landlord.
1428	"	Surji Kumar	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Barisa	ditto	...	Zamiadar.
1429	"	Surja Kumar Babadur.	Ultadunge	...	24, Ram Ratan Bose's Lane	ditto	...	Superintendent, Financial Department.
1430	"	Satis Chandra	Tollygunge	...	Barisa	ditto	...	(Government servant).
1431	"	Satindro Nath	Coesipore	...	Cossipore Road	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's office
1432	"	Sarat Kumar	Baruipur	...	Baruipur	ditto	...	Zamiadar.
1433	"	Satish Coomar	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto.
1434	"	Tara Das	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto.
1435	"	Upendra Coommar.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto.
1436	"	Rudra, Gopal Chunder	Baliaghatta	...	Charakdanga Road	ditto	...	Clerk in the Commissariat Department.
1437	"	Nobin Chandra	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	...	Merchant.
1438	"	Rakbit, Jaggeshar	Habra	...	Kbantura	ditto	...	Trader.
1439	"	Purna Chandra	do.	...	Gobardanga	ditto	...	Trader.
1440	"	Rakhal Das	do.	...	ditto	ditto	...	do.
1441	"	Ram Chunder	do.	...	Haidadpur	ditto	...	Tradesman.

Name.	Place of Abode.		Religion.	Quality or business.
	Village, road, or street.	Place.		
1442 Saha, Rai Charan	...	Uttadanga	Hindu	Merchant.
1443 Sarbadhikari, Surendra Kumar	...	Baliaghatta	ditto	Contractor.
1444 Sen, Abinash Chunder	...	Baniapukur	...	Servant of private firm.
1445 " Amrita Lal	...	Dum-Dum	ditto	Merchant.
1446 " Birreshwar	Bengal	Tollygunge, Police.	ditto	Clerk, Bengal Bank.
1447 " Balaram	...	Naihati	ditto	Assistant Engineer, E. B. S. Railway, Sealdah.
1448 " Bepin Behary	...	Bhowanipore	ditto	Landholder.
1449 " Brejo Nath	...	ditto	ditto	Pensioner.
1450 " Dayal Chandra	...	Naihati	ditto	Clerk.
1451 " Gonesh Chunder, B.A.	...	Bhowanipore	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1452 " Kedar Nath	...	Baniapukur	ditto	Trader.
1453 " Kala Chand	...	Khurda	ditto	Landholder.
1454 " Mahendra Nath	...	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Messrs. Kilburn & Co.
1455 " Moumotha Nath	...	Bhowanipore	ditto	Counsel's clerk, High Court.
1456 " Moti Lal, B.A.	...	Baranagar	ditto	Head Master, Victoria School.
1457 " Nigendra Nath	...	Basirhat	ditto	ditto, Basirhat H. E. School.
1458 " Novokrishto	Bengal	Tollygunge, Police.	ditto	Teacher.
1459 " Nabo Kisore	...	Dum-Dum	ditto	Trader.
1460 " Satis Chandro	...	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, International Bank, Calcutta.
1461 " Surendra Nath	...	Baliaghatta	ditto	Kabiraj.
1462 " Tin Coury	...	Naihati	ditto	Trader.
1463 Shastri, Rishikesh	...	Naihati	ditto	Teacher, Sanskrit College.
1464 Shukel, Surendra Nath	...	Baduria	ditto	Servant of private individual.
1465 Sheik Abdusovan	...	Basirhat	Muhammadan	Landlord.
1466 " Sadho	...	Chitpore	ditto	Contractor and Merchant.
1467 " Abdul Karimbex	...	ditto	ditto	Horse-dealer.
1468 " Abdul Ganey	...	ditto	ditto	Contractor.
1469 " Ata Karim	...	Barasat	ditto	Landholder.
1470 " Moniruddin	...	Ballygunge	ditto	Counsel's clerk.
1471 " Muhammad Abdulla	...	Basirhat	ditto	Clerk, Government Office.
1472 " Omerali	...	Khardah	ditto	Merchant.
1473 " Rajabali	...	Ekbelpur	ditto	Shipbroker and Contractor.
1474 Shome, Motilal	...	Chitpur	Hindu	Assistant, Thecker, Spink & Co.
1475 Sing, Gobin Chand	...	Walgunge	ditto	Others.
1476 " Gopal Chunder	...	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Alliance Jute Mills.

1477	Jajneswar	Baranagore	Alumbasar	ditto	Castor oil Merchant.
1478	" Kedar Nath	Bistapur	Sukdebpur	ditto	Zamindar.
1479	" Kedar Nath	Baniapukur	Jannagar Ist Lane	ditto	Servant, private firm.
1480	" Kader Nath, B.A.	Baranagore	Ariadaha, Anando Chandra Banerjee's Road.	ditto	Head Master, Ariadaha High English School.
1481	" Khettro Mohan	Bhowanipur	20, Pipulputty Road	ditto	Contractor.
1482	" Norendro Nath	Baliaghatta	33, Charakdanga Road	ditto	Clerk.
1483	" Nilmoney	Baniapukur	23, Baniapara Lane	ditto	Trader.
1484	" Nitya Lal (<i>alias</i> Madhub).	Mathurapur	Mathurapur	ditto	Landowner.
1485	" Pulin Behari	Alipore	Gopalnagar	ditto	Muharrir, Munsif's Court, Alipore.
1486	" Rajendra Nath, B.A.	Baranagore	Ariadaha	ditto	Government servant.
1487	" Uma Nath	Baliaghatta	17, Sustitolla Road	ditto	Accountant, E. B. S. Railway.
1488	Sirkar, Amarendra Nath	Barackpore	Monirampur	ditto	Landholder.
1489	" Abimash Chander	Naihati	Shamnagar	ditto	Contractor.
1490	" Ashutosh	Fulta	Mala	ditto	Landholder.
1491	" Atul Behari	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	ditto.
1492	" Atul Chandra	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Shahapore	ditto	Clerk, E. I. Railway.
1493	" Akahoy Kumar	Intally	22, Padmapukur Lane	ditto	do., Moore & Co
1494	" Bama Charan	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	do., Kerr, Tarruck & Co.
1495	" Bijan Behary	Watgunge	Ramkamal Mukherji's Street	ditto	Tradesman.
1496	" Behari Lal	Chitpur	Nilmony Mitter's Street	ditto	Clerk, Bengal Bank.
1497	" Beman Behari	Watgunge	27, Ramkamal Mukherji's Street	ditto	Contractor.
1498	" Benode Behari	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
1499	" Bhuban Mohan	Magrahat	Mollachauk	ditto	Head Master.
1500	" Bhusen Chunder	Nawabgunge	Napara	ditto	Naib of Zamindar Haro Lal Banerji.
1501	" Debendra Nath	Baliaghatta	Choulputty Road	ditto	Merchant.
1502	" Dhoronidhur	Chitpur	Bonomali Chatterjee's Street	ditto	School Master.
1503	" Hari Charan	Watgunge	106, Circular Garden Reach Road	ditto	Overseer, Garden Reach Municipality.
1504	" Jagendra Nath	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Hooghly Municipality.
1505	" Kisori Lal (<i>alias</i> Ghaswan).	Garden Reach	Sonai 3rd Lane	ditto	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.
1506	" Kumudini Kanta	Budge-Budge	Mehta Road	ditto	Clerk, Messrs. Graham & Co.'s Oil Depot.
1507	" Nava Kumar	Bhowanipore	15, Ruasa Road, North	ditto	do., Police Commissioner's office.
1508	" Nisi Kanto	Utkadanga	Canal West Road	ditto	Private individual.
1509	" Nundo Lal	Sonarpur	Rajpur	ditto	Clerk, High Court.
1510	" Paran Chandra	Haroa	Dhuturdah	ditto	Zamindar.
1511	" Prasunno Kumar	Naihati	Bhatpara	ditto	Landing Sirkar at Messrs. Finlay, Muir & Co
1512	" Promotho Nathe	Tollygunge	48, Monohurpukur Road	ditto	Superintendent, Kidderpore School.
1513	" Probodh Chandra	Intally	69, South Road, Intally	ditto	Zamindar.
1514	" Raj Kumar	Watgunge	14, Monshatola Lane	ditto	Pensioner.
1515	" Radha Nath	Fulta	Banganagar	ditto	Landowner.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.	THANE.	PLACE OF ABODE.	RACE.	Quality or business.
1516 Sirkar, Raj Kumar	Alipore	...	9, Bridge Road	Hindu	Zamindar.
1517 " Subodh Krishna	Intally	...	73, Ananda Gopal Palit's Road	ditto	Draftsman, Surveyor-General's office.
1518 " Uma Charan	Mograbat	...	Mollachak	ditto	Cashier, City College.
1519 " Upendra Nath	Naihati	...	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Kerr, Tarruck & Co.
1520 " Woomesh Chandra	Fulta	...	Banganagar	ditto	Landowner.
1521 Sur, Hari Das	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	ditto	Landlord.
1522 " Purno Chunder	Ultadanga	...	27, Boidya Nath Bose's Garden Lane	ditto	Broker.
1523 " Sanyasi Charan	Intally	...	Shambhu Babu's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Government office.
1524 " Syam Lal	Baliaghata	...	Charakdanga Road	ditto	do., Ralli Brothers' office.
1525 " Sai Bhuan	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	do., Merchant's office.
1526 " Saroda Prosad	Nawabgunge	...	Nawabgunge	ditto	Municipal Commissioner.
1527 " Umes Chandra	Intally	...	77, South Road	ditto	Overseer.
1528 Sikdar, Ram Rhedya	Basirhat	...	Dhalchetta	ditto	Teacher, Basirhat H. M. School.
1529 Sanyal, Ram Brahma	Alipore	...	Alipore	ditto	Superintendent, Zoological Garden, Alipore.
1530 Saw, Braja Doyal	Chitpur	...	Brojodoyal Shaw's Road	ditto	Merchant.
1531 " Brohmaundo	Baliaghata	...	Baliaghata Road	ditto	ditto.
1532 " Chandra Nath	Nowabgunge	...	Nowabgunge	ditto	Trader.
1533 " Haran Chandra	Baliaghata	...	Choulputty Road	ditto	Merchant
1534 " Jiban Krishna	Baranagar	...	Victoria Road, Alambar, Baranagar	ditto	ditto.
1535 " Madon Mobon	Baliaghata	...	Choulputty Road	ditto	ditto.
1536 " Pran Krishna, S.A.	Baranagar	...	Baranagar, Suripara Lane	ditto	Clerk.
1537 " Upendra Nath	Basirhat	...	Dhankuria	ditto	Zamindar.
1538 Shaw, Beni Madhab	Baniapukur	...	68, Lintou Street	ditto	Trader.
1539 " Rakhal Chander	Chitpur	...	Lockgate Road	ditto	Merchant.
1540 Simlai, Prasunno Kumar	ditto	...	Simlaipara Road	ditto	Landholder.
1541 Shoil, Grishchandra	Baduria	...	Baduria	ditto	Tradesman.
1542 Sheit, Mahendra Nath	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	ditto.
1543 Sarnakar, Bama Charan	Naihati	...	Naihati	ditto	ditto.
1544 " Kali Charan	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	Trader.
1545 Sayud, Abdul Kaddas	Barackpore	...	Titagarh	ditto	Landlord.
1546 " Asruf Ally	Barasat	...	Barasat	ditto	2nd Clerk, Barasat Subdivisional Office.
1547 " Ahmed	Barackpore	...	Titagarh	ditto	Landlord.
1548 " Ali Hossain	Coombare	...	Gun Foundry Road	ditto	Registrar, Muhammadan Deaths.
1549 " Bilal Ali	Barackpore	...	Titagarh	ditto	Teacher, Government School.

1550	Kamrud Ali	...	ditto	...	...	Landlord.
1551	Mohammed Ali	...	Ballygunge	...	...	Translator, High Court.
1552	Maher Ali	...	Barasat	...	...	Clerk, High Court.
1553	Maher Ali	...	Barasat	...	...	Landholder.
1554	Maher Ali	...	Barasat	...	...	Clerk, Audit Office, B. N. Railway.
1555	Set, Panchouri	...	Garden Beach	...	...	Merchant.
1556	Set, Panchouri	...	W. range	ditto
1557	Tarafdar, Khetra Nath	...	Khari	Government pensioner.

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1558	Upadhyay, Bamacharan	...	Barasat	Clerk, Eastern Bengal State Railway.
1559	" Khetra Mohon	...	ditto	2nd Master, Jagoolia English School.

24-PARGANAS COLLECTORATE,

The 15th February 1906.

J. H. BERNARD,

Collector.

LIST OF SPECIAL JURORS FOR THE YEAR 1906.

It is notified that objections to the following list of Special Jurors for the District of 24-Parganas for the year 1906 will be heard and determined by the Sessions Judge and Collector of the district at the Sessions Court on the 27th March 1906 at noon:—

No.	NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or business.
		Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
1	Addy, P. N.	Baniapukur	28, Baniapukur Road	Christian	Assistant in the Board of Revenue (Government servant).
2	Abbot, F. H.	Alipore	1, Alipore Lane	European	Secretary, Agricultural and Horticultural Society, Alipore.
3	Apoor, Allen A.	Ballygunge	9, Gariahat Road	Armenian	Merchant.
4	Apoor, A.	Baniapukur	47, Baniapukur Road	Ditto	Contractor.
5	Ashworth, S. H.	Naihati	Gouripur Jute Mills	European	Joint Manager, Gouripur Jute Mills.
6	Bayley, E. C.	Baniapukur	42, Baniapukur Lane	European	Government servant.
7	Burke, E.	Ultadanga	Belgachia Road	European	Assistant Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
8	Booth, T. T.	Barrackpore	Titagar	Ditto	Manager, Titagar Paper Mills.
9	Brand, E.	Ultadangi	Belgachia Road	Ditto	Assistant Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
10	Baxter, K. R.	Barrackpore	Titagar	Ditto	Assistant Manager, Titagar Jute Mills.
11	Carter, W. J.	Baniapukur	72, Tiljulla Road	Ditto	Manager, Kellner & Co.
12	Chatters, M.	Bhawanipur	9, Lansdowne Row	Christian	Landholder.
13	Cleghorn, E.	Baniapukur	11, Rychem Pal's Lane	European	Government Pensioner.
14	Cameron, C. C.	Alipore	12, Belvedere Road	European	Head Assistant, Army Clothing Agency.
15	Oallow, John	Baniapukur	78, Linton Street	European	Trader.
16	Curry, R.	Chitpur	2, Chitpurghat Lane	European	Manager, Hooghly Hydraulic Press.
17	Dinshaw, H.	Baniapukur	Goraohad Road	East Indian	Servant of a private Company.
18	Evans, D. E.	Chitpur	Ram Gopal Ghose's Lane	European	Engineer in the firm of Messrs. Ralli Brothers.
19	Fairweather, D.	Naihati	Fort Gloster Jute Mills	Ditto	Manager, Fort Gloster Jute Mills.
20	Ferrier, W.	Garden Reach	Garden Reach Road	Ditto	Manager, Hooghly Mills.
21	Gasper, A.	Ballygunge	12, Ballygunge Circular Road	Christian	Zamindar.
22	Gough, R.	Intally	18, Convent Road	Ditto	Editor, Critic.
23	Guinness, C. F.	Ditto	Chingrihatta Road	Ditto	Late Superintendent, Municipal Slaughter-house.
24	Gregory, J.	Cossipore	Rustumjee's Road	Ditto	Engineer in the Camperdown Press.
25	Hart, P.	Watgunge	Garbaria Road	Ditto	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office.
26	Henry, A. O.	Alipore	Army Clothing Agency Office	European	Store-keeper.
27	Hendry, H.	Intally	20, North Road	East Indian	Broker.
28	Hughes, G. H.	Watgunge	7, Monshatolla Lane	European	Clerk.
29	Hunt, A. A.	Ditto	17, Watgunge Road	Ditto	Proprietor, Marquis Hotel.
30	Imley, John	Baniapukur	5, Dehi Serampore Road	Ditto	Independent gentleman.
31	Joschim, W.	Chitpur	Gun Foundry Road	Ditto	Engineer, Sugar Works.
32	Jones, H.	Watgunge	15, Watgunge Street	Ditto	Assistant, John Teal & Co.
33	Joseph, S.	Intally	Lower Circular Road, Gowkhana	Ditto	Superintendent, Gowkhana Corporation Valentia.

34	Mangalik, M. D.	Chitpur	Cossipore Road	European	Assistant Manager, Ralli Brothers' Jute Press.
35	McDowal, J.	Cossipore	Rastomji Parai's Lane	Ditto	Merchant.
36	Macnical, S. T.	Barrackpore	Titagar	Ditto	Assistant, Standard Jute Mills.
37	McNeel, J.	Chitpur	Newabputty Road	Ditto	Manager, Canal Press.
38	Nicola, H.	Watgunge	5, Komedan Bagan Road	Ditto	Clerk.
39	Neel, C.	Barrackpore	North Baranagar	Ditto	Assistant, Baranagar Jute Mills.
40	Peterson, H.	Nawpara	Titagar	European	Manager, Kinnison Mills.
41	Peter, A.	Barrackpore	Shamnagar Mill	Ditto	Manager, Shamnagar Jute Mill.
42	Robertson, J.	Alipore	Titagar	Ditto	Salesman, Titagar Jute Mills.
43	Rodocanachi, J. M.	Barrackpore	12, Alipore Road	Ditto	Assistant in the office of Ralli Brothers.
44	Scott, J. G.	Banipur	88, Padmapukur	Eurasian	Trader.
45	Shorter, A. E.	Garden Reach	68, Garden Reach Road	European	Manager, North-Western Soap Company, Limited.
46	Smith, W.	Barrackpore	Titagar	Ditto	Salesman, Standard Jute Mills Company, Limited.
47	Stewart, A. C.	Garden Reach	21, Garden Reach Road	Ditto	Agent, Jamaica, Fiji, St. Lucia and Mauritius Emigration Agency.
48	Tyndall, W.	Naihati	Jagaddal	Ditto	Assistant, Alliance Jute Mills.
49	West, C. L.	Alipore	Army Clothing Agency	Ditto	Master Tailor, Army Clothing Agency.
50	Aga Wasikeli	Tollygunge, Suburban.	35, Russa Road, South	Muhammadian	Landholder.
51	Addy, Rethal Dass	Alipore	7-8, Dharbagan Lane	Hindu	Zamindar.
52	Banerjee, Anghor Nath	Baduria	Khorgatchy	Do.	Servant of private individual.
53	"	Buwanipur	23, Haldarpara Road	Do.	Merchant.
54	"	Tollygunge, B. P.	Behala, Nuskerpore	Do.	Clerk, Merchant's office.
55	"	Ditto	Maheshstolia	Do.	Zamindar.
56	"	Joynagar	Joynagar	Do.	Landholder, Professor, General Assembly's Institution.
57	"	Tollygunge, B. P.	Behala	Do.	Accountant, East Indian Railway Office.
58	"	Maniktala	2, Bahir Simla Road	Do.	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office (Government servant).
59	"	Tollygunge, B. P.	Behala, Gabtola	Do.	Independent gentleman.
60	"	Chitpur	34, Bonomali Chatterjee's Street	Do.	Landlord.
61	"	Tollygunge, B. P.	Maheshstolia	Do.	Clerk and Zamindar.
62	"	Ditto	Behala, Nuskerpur	Do.	Chief Clerk, Government Emigration Agency, British Guiana.
63	"	Khardah	Panihati	Do.	Zamindar.
64	"	Naihati	Bhatpara	Do.	Clerk, Inspector-General, Civil Hospitals.
65	"	Bhawanipur	11, Rup Chand Mukerjee's Lane	Do.	Landholder.
66	"	Naihati	Naihati	Do.	Municipal Commissioner.
67	"	Watgunge	3, Padmapukur Square	Do.	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.
68	"	Bhawanipur	33, Boloram Bose's Ghat Road	Do.	Editor of the <i>Hittabadi</i> .
69	"	Basirhat	Basirhat	Do.	Local Board clerk.
70	"	Garden Reach	Komarpara Singarhati	Do.	Building contractor.
71	"	Khardah	Panihati	Do.	Government pensioner.

No.	Name.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality.
		Village, road, or street.	Thana.		
72	Banerjee, Khettar Nath	Baduria	...	...	Landholder.
73	" Khettar Mohan	Dum-Dum	...	Hindn	Ditto.
74	" Kisor Mohan	Watgunge	...	Do.	Ditto.
75	" Kustum Kumar	Barupur	...	Do.	Ditto.
76	" Mati Lal	Baranagar	...	Do.	Zaminder.
77	" Mahit Krims	Dum-Dum	...	Do.	Trader.
78	" Naren Chandra, B.L.	Khorda	...	Do.	Translator, High Court.
79	" Norendra Kumar	Barupur	...	Do.	Landholder.
80	" Nibaran Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	Do.	Cashier.
81	" Noni Lal	Watgunge	...	Do.	Zaminder.
82	" Peary Mohan	Naihati	...	Do.	Independent gentleman.
83	" Prasanna Kumar	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Do.	Zaminder.
84	" Prasanna Kumar	Khorda	...	Do.	Government pensioner.
85	" Sarat Chandra	Watgunge	...	Do.	Merchant and money-lender.
86	" Syama Charan	Bhawanipur	...	Do.	Translator, High Court.
87	" Surendra Nath	Bhawanipur	...	Do.	Clerk, High Court.
88	" Upendra Krishna	Bhawanipur	...	Do.	Independent gentleman.
89	" Wooma Charan	Barasat	...	Do.	Government pensioner.
90	Bhatlacharjee, Abinash Chandra.	Sonarpur	...	Do.	Landlord.
91	" Bipin Behari	Do.	...	Do.	Teacher, Harinavi A. S. School.
92	" Barada Kanto	Bhawanipur	...	Do.	Pandit, City College.
93	" Hari Pado, M.A.	Baranagar	...	Do.	Chemist, Coesipore Gun Foundry
94	" Kali Krista, (Pandit).	Sonarpur	...	Do.	Professor, Metropolitan Institution, Calcutta.
95	" Nibaran	Naihati	...	Do.	Editor, <i>Educational Gazette</i> .
96	" Purgo Chandra	Naihati	...	Do.	Surveyor.
97	" Rajoni Kanto	Tollygunge, Suburban Police, Calcutta.	...	Do.	Assistant Assessor, Calcutta Municipality.
98	" Ramanuj	Naihati	...	Do.	Head Pandit, Calcutta Hindu School.
99	" Shib Chander	Do.	...	Do.	Teacher, Kounagur High English School.
100	" Tarini Charan, B.A.	Do.	...	Do.	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.
101	" Woomesh Chandra.	Do.	...	Do.	Pandit, Hooghly College.
102	Biswas, Achinta Nath	Khorda	...	Do.	Zaminder.
103	" Hira Lal	Chitpur	...	Do.	Independent gentleman.
104	" Kali Churn	Barasakpore	...	Do.	Landholder.
105	" Nakoor Chandra	Watgunge	...	Do.	Clerk, <i>Mirar</i> Office.
106	" Naba Krishna	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Do.	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office.

107	Bose, Bejoy Kristo, B.A.	Watgunge	Sastitolla Road	Do.	Teacher.
108	" Bhola Nath	... Bhowanipur	Chunder Nath Chatterji's Street	Do.	Supervisor, Corporation of Calcutta, District No. IV.
109	" Brojendra Coomer	...	...	Do.	Landlord.
110	" Ganendra Nath	... Sonarpur	Harinavi	Do.	Zamindar.
111	" Guru Dass	... Bhowanipur	47, Bolaram Bose's 1st Lane	Do.	2nd Teacher, South Suburban School.
112	" Hari Prasad	... Ditto	12, Mallick's Lane	Do.	Manager, Star Theatre ; servant of private firm.
113	" Jadab Chandra	... Ulkadanghi	18, Jadu Nath Mitter's Lane	Do.	Teacher.
114	" Jogendra Nath	... Chitpore	Banawali Chatterjee's Street	Do.	Landowner.
115	" Jogendra Nath	... Magrahat	Usti	Do.	Clerk, Telegraph Store.
116	" Khagendra Nath	... Watgunge	Padmapukur Street	Do.	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat Office, Judicial Department.
117	" Mohendra Nath	... Bhowanipur	66, Choulputty Road	Do.	Zamindar.
118	" Mohendra Nath	... Joynagar	Baharoo	Do.	Ditto.
119	" Nafar Chandra	... Balliaghatta	Charakdanga Road	Do.	Contractor.
120	" Nolini Mohan	... Watgunge	Monshatolla	Do.	Landlord.
121	" Rajendra Chandra	... Baduria	Purah	Do.	Clerk, Accountant-General's Office (Government servant).
122	" Satish Chunder	... Maniktala	67, Bahir Simla Road	Do.	Clerk, Office of Examiner of Railway Accounts, E. I. Railway.
123	" Syama Charan	... Naihati	Naihati	Do.	Independent gentleman.
124	" Taran Chandra	... Bhowanipur	2, Gobindo Bose's Lane	Do.	Manager, Pakpara Raj Estate.
125	" Upendra Nath	... Naihati	Naihati	Do.	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.
126	" Umesh Chandra	... Bhowanipur	2, Govindo Bose's Lane	Do.	Pensioner.
127	" Brohmo, Kali Charan	... Alipore	Pitambar Ghutta's Lane	Do.	Ditto.
128	" Chatterjee, Abhoy Charan, B.A.	... Baniapur	84, Linton Street	Do.	Teacher, Kalighat School.
129	" Bama Charan	... Khardah	Panihati	Do.	Municipal Commissioner.
130	" Basanta Kumar	... Nawabgunge	Napara	Do.	Clerk.
131	" Bhagabati Churn	... Watgunge	Gurbaria Road	Do.	Government pensioner.
132	" Shahib	... Barrackpore	Talpur	Do.	Independent gentleman.
133	" Bistoo Churn	... Chitpur	Madhusudan Chatterji's Street	Do.	Retired Sub-Judge.
134	" B. O., Esq.	... Ballygunge	16, Lansdowne Road	Christian Hindu	Clerk, High Court, Original Side.
135	" Gopal Chandra	... Cossipore	3, Chasachopapara	Do.	Professor, La Martinière College, Calcutta.
136	" Haridas, M.A.	... Baranagar	Bachaspatipara Road, Dakhineswar	Do.	Pensioner.
137	" Jadu Nath	... Nawabgunge	Nawabgunge	Do.	Merchant.
138	" Kanai Lal	... Baranagar	Dakhineswar, Bachaspatipara Road	Do.	Government pensioner.
139	" Kali Nath	... Kharda	Sodepore	Do.	Independent.
140	" Kali Prasanna	... Bhowanipur	20, Bolaram Bose's Ghat	Do.	Clerk, Government Office.
141	" Kedar Nath	... Tallygunge	B. Police, Behala	Do.	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office.
142	" Khetter Chandra	... Balliaghatta	Garpar	Do.	Government servant.
143	" Mohesh Chandra	... Nawabgunge	Ishapore	Do.	Teacher.
144	" Oroy Charan, B.A.	... Khardah	Panihati	Do.	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.
145	" Pran Krishna	... Dum-Dum	Kadibati	Do.	Government servant.
146	" Raj Coomer, B.A.	... Baranagar	Ariadah	Do.	

No.	Name.	Place of abode.		Race.	Quality or business.
		Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
146	Chatterjee, Ramesh Chandra...	Tollygunge	91, Hasra Road	Hindu	Clerk, Railway Office.
147	" Sarada Prasanna...	Baliaghatta	Narkoldanga Main Road	Do.	Florist.
148	" Shiba Prasanna...	Joynagar	Joynagar	Do.	Landholder.
149	" Siddeshwar...	Naihati	Gnaudharipara, Halisahar	Do.	Tradesman.
150	" Sree Mohan...	Tollygunge	10, Shahannagore Lane	Do.	Superintendent, Kalighat School.
151	" Sikrisko...	Bhawanipur	5, Belfolla Road	Do.	Translator, High Court.
152	" Terini Charan...	Watgunge	Gurbaria Road	Do.	Teacher.
153	" Tincori...	Barasat	Barasat	Do.	Money-lender.
154	Chatopadhyay, G. C.	Baniapukur	77, Linton Street	Do.	Government pensioner.
155	Chuckerbutty, Rama Charan,	Sonarpur	Kamrabad	Do.	Teacher, Harnavi, A. S. School.
156	M.A.	Baranagar	Ariadah	Do.	Government pensioner.
157	" Khettra Mohon	Diamond Harbour...	Diamond Harbour	Do.	Sarishtadar, Manai's Court, Diamond Harbour.
158	Dass, Behari Lal	Watgunge	Joggonath Sarkar's Lane	Do.	Independent gentleman.
159	" Koilash Chunder	Chitpur	Lookgate Road	Do.	Book Manufacturer.
160	" Krishna Lal	Gossipore	Button Babu's Road	Do.	Municipal Commissioner.
161	" Rajendra Nath	Baniapukur	58, Baniapukur Road	Do.	Government servant.
162	" Tarapada	Barackpore	Monirampur	Do.	Ditto.
163	Dey, Bireswar	Watgunge	Monshatolla	Do.	School-master.
164	" Chandri Charan	Ditto	57-1, Baniapukur Road	Do.	Clerk, Government office.
165	" Kaseipatti	Baniapukur	Ditto, Tarafdar's Tank, 2nd Lane	Do.	Servant of a private individual.
166	" Kedar Nath	Tollygunge, B. P.	Barisa	Do.	Pensioner.
167	" Kedar Nath	Intally	Debi Intally Road	Do.	Zamindar.
168	" Mohendra Nath	Baniapukur	7, Baniapukur Lane	Do.	Trader.
169	" Mohendra Lal	Intally	1, Tangra Road	Do.	Merchant.
170	" Naba Kishore	Naihati	Biipore	Do.	Clerk, Loco. Superintendent's Office, E. B. S.
171	" Nikunja Behary	Do.	Gorifa	Do.	Railway, Kanchrapara.
172	Siddeshwar, A.A.	Tollygunge, B. P.	Barisa	Do.	Clerk, Commissioner's office, Presidency Division.
173	Dutta, Ambica Charan	Baduria	Parah	Do.	Military Department.
174	" Ashutosh	Bhawanipur	23-3, Chuckerbere Road	Do.	Landlord.
175	Dutta, Bejoy Lal	Beduria	Arbelia	Do.	Assistant Superintendent, Zoological Garden.
176	" Bejoy Lal	Chitpur	Khelat Babu's Road	Do.	Government servant.
177	" Benode Behari	Joynagar	Masilpur	Do.	Merchant.
178	" Benoy Kishno	Baliaghatta	Garpar	Do.	Zamindar.
179	" Boykanto Nath	Bhawanipur	7-1, Bocool Bagan Road	Do.	Broker.
180	" Jagabandhu	Joynagar	Masilpur	Do.	Pensioner.
181	" Jotindra Naryan	Garden Reach	Circular Garden Reach Road	Do.	Zamindar.
182	" Monmotha Nath	Joynagar	Masilpur	Do.	Clerk.
183	" Nriitya Gopal	Baniapukur	36, Baniapukur Road	Do.	Zamindar.
184	" Poren Chandra	Bhawanipur	28, Kalighat Road	Do.	Tradesman.
185	" Purna Chandra	Joynagar	Masilpur	Do.	Translator, High Court.
186	" Roman Krishna	Naihati	Naihati	Do.	Zamindar.
187	" Suresh Chander	Do.	Do.	Do.	Municipal Commissioner, Naihati.

187	"	Satish Chandra	Habra	...	...	...	Do.	...	Trader.
188	"	Wootiam Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Pensioner.
189	Gangooly,	Ambica Nath	Ditto	...	...	...	Do.	...	Assistant, G. A. and Co.
190	"	Amar Nath	Chitpur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Government servant.
191	"	Beni Madhab	Bhawanipur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Head-master, South Suburban School.
192	"	Devendro Nath	Ditto	...	...	...	Do.	...	Teacher, South Suburban School.
193	"	Induprokash	Baniapur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Landlord.
194	"	Jyoti Prakash	Ditto	...	...	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
195	"	Jaunki Nath	Naihati	...	...	...	Do.	...	Government Pensioner.
196	"	Kali Nath	Ditto	...	...	...	Do.	...	Teacher, Hare School, Calcutta.
197	"	Kamala Kanta	Alipore	...	...	...	Do.	...	Head Clerk, District Engineer's Office.
198	"	Khetter Mohan	Bhawanipur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Translator, High Court.
199	"	Protap Chunder	Alipore	...	...	...	Do.	...	Trader.
200	Ghosal,	Coomer Satya Sree	Ekalpur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
201	"	Coomer Satya Mohan	Ekalpur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
202	"	Coomer Satya Sankar	Ditto	...	...	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
203	Ghose,	Abhoy Churn, B.A.	Naihati	...	...	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Office of Examiner of Military Accounts.
204	"	Ashutosh	Barrackpore	...	...	...	Do.	...	Tradesman.
205	"	Beikanto Nath	Watgunge	...	...	...	Do.	...	Pensioner.
206	"	Bepin Behari	Nawabgunge	...	...	...	Do.	...	Servant, Dumbur Cotton Mill &c.
207	"	Brojendra Kumar	Baripur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Landholder.
208	"	Brojo Nath	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	...	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Small Cause Court, Calcutta.
209	"	Brojo Nath	Watgunge	...	...	...	Do.	...	Contractor.
210	"	Chandi Charan	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	...	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
211	"	Dhiraj Chunder	Sadar	...	...	...	Do.	...	Merchant.
212	"	Hari Gopal	Bhawanipur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Contractor.
213	"	Kedarnath	Intally	...	...	...	Do.	...	Landowner.
214	"	Keabory Lal	Sonarpur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Landlord and Vice-Chairman, Rajpur Municipality.
215	"	Kherode Chander, B.A.	Baranagar	...	...	...	Do.	...	Government servant.
216	"	Lalit Mohan	Alipore	...	...	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
217	"	Mohendra Nath	Ditto	...	...	...	Do.	...	Clerk, High Court.
218	"	Nalin Chunder Chowdhuri.	Naihati	...	...	...	Do.	...	Landlord.
219	"	Notobar	Ultadanga	...	...	...	Do.	...	Merchant.
220	"	Preo Nath	Bhawanipur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Private Secretary, Cooch Bihar Raj.
221	"	Preo Nath	Intally	...	...	...	Do.	...	Clerk, High Court.
222	"	Prasad Dass	Ditto	...	...	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
223	"	Purna Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	...	...	Do.	...	Head Assistant, Office of the Geological Survey of India.
224	"	Ram Lal	Naihati	...	...	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Accountant-General's office.
225	"	Ramani Mohan	Watgunge	...	...	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Office of Registrar of Births, Deaths and Marriages.
226	"	Rono Nath	Tollygunge, B.P.	...	...	...	Do.	...	Local Auditor.

No.	NAME	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or business.
		Town.	Village, road, or street.		
227	Ghoseal, Ram Rakhai	Intally	Midda	Hindu	Zamindar.
228	" Uma Charan	Naihati	Naihati	Do.	Teacher, Metropolitan Institution, Calcutta.
229	Gupta, Djendro Nath	Ditto	Halishahar Ramsiter Gully	Do.	Clerk, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal, Calcutta.
230	" Mohendro Nath	Ditto	Baidyapara, Halishahar	Do.	Retired Railway Officer.
231	Goswami, Binode Kisor	Khardaha	Khardaha	Do.	Zamindar.
232	Gossain, Mohendro Nath	Naihati	Kankinara	Do.	Municipal Commissioner.
233	Hastia, Sarat Chandra	Ekbalpur	New Sonai Road	Do.	Overseer.
234	Kanjee Lal, Upendro Nath	Naihati	Bisnore, Halishahar	Do.	Head Clerk, District Loco. Superintendent's Office, E. B. S. Railway, Kancharapara.
235	Kundu, Benode Bihari	Habra	Gobardanga	Do.	Trader.
236	" Moti Lal	Sadar	Garia	Do.	Merchant.
237	" Shashee Bhusan	Habra	Gobardanga	Do.	Trader.
238	Khan, Nooruddin	Tollygunge, B. P.	Rusa	Muhammadian	Independent.
239	" Musud	Baniapukur	29, Ice Factory Lane	Ditto	Tradesman.
240	Mandal, Banks Behari	Tollygunge	Tollygunge Road	Hindu	Zamindar.
241	" Brindaban	Wakgunge	Ram Kamal Mukherji's Lane	Do.	Clerk, Fort William.
242	" Chandi Prasanna	Budge-Budge	Bawali	Do.	Zamindar.
243	" Kristo Prasanna	Ditto	Do.	Do.	Ditto.
244	Mitter, Ashutosh	Naihati Golabati	Halishahar	Do.	Teacher, H. C. E. School, Halishahar.
245	" Akshoy Chunder	Ditto	Naihati	Do.	Independent gentleman.
246	" Birendra Lala	Baliaghata	Raja Rajendra Lala Mitter's Road	Do.	Private servant.
247	" Chunilal	Baruipur	Baruipur	Do.	Zamindar.
248	" Jogodish Chandra	Baliaghata	Sastitolla Road	Do.	Clerk in the Accounts Office.
249	" Jogendra Nath	Cossipore	Sama Churn Moitra's Road	Do.	Clerk, Gun Foundry, Cossipore (Government servant).
250	" Mohendra Lal	Baliaghata	Raja Rajendra Lala Mitter's Road	Do.	Landlord.
251	" Raj Jogodiswar	Bhawanipur	34-6, Bacool Bagan Road	Do.	Clerk, Ordnance of Military Accounts.
252	" Sarat Chandra	Chitpur	Ranie's Road	Do.	Clerk, East Indian Railway.
253	" Setya Churn	Naihati	Naihati	Do.	Clerk, Agelasto & Co.
254	" Surendra Nath	Joynagar	Joynagar	Do.	Zamindar.
255	Munshi, Abdar Rahaman	Ekbalpur	47, Diamond Harbour Road	Muhammadian	Zamindar.
256	" Badaruddass	Besirhat	Sainpala	Ditto	Government servant.
257	" Zahuruddin Ahmed	Naihati	Naihati	Ditto	Municipal Commissioner.
258	" Mohamed Ibrahim	Besirhat	Sainpali	Ditto	Zamindar.
259	" Kharshed Mirza	Garden Reach	Matlabrus	Ditto	Political Pensioner of ex-King of Oudh's family.
260	Prince, Kam Bux Mirza	Baniapukur	1, Doogdoogipara Road	Ditto	Ditto.
261	" Dilawar Jah	Garden Reach	Matlabrus	Ditto	Ditto.
262	" Mohamed Ibrahim	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
263	" Amed Shah Shahab-	Tollygunge	104, Rusa Road, South	Ditto	Ditto.
	zada.				Independent.

264	Mohammed Isa	Intally	...	Muchipara Lane, Fullbagen	...	Ditto	Librarian.
265	Mirza Mohamed Naki	Baniapukur	...	1, Tanti Bagan Road	...	Ditto	Independent.
266	Ilahi Bekrah	Bhawanipur	...	Kansharipara Road	...	Ditto	Clerk, High Court.
267	Maulvi Abdul Hamid	Maniktala	...	14, Bahr Simla Road	...	Ditto	Contractor.
268	Moitra, Bhagobati Charan	Naihati	...	Belidaghatta, Halishahar	...	Hindu	Trader.
269	" Monnotho Lal	Baranagar	...	Nim Chand Moitra's Lane, Hooghly.	Bon-	Do.	Independent gentleman.
270	Masumdar, Chandra Nath	Intally	...	25, Tangra Road	...	Do.	Zamindar.
271	" Rajendralal	Balidaghatta	...	Garpar	...	Do.	Oeshier, Cresswell & Co.
272	Mukerjee, Abinash Chandra	Naihati	...	Khasbati, Halishahar	...	Do.	Zamindar
273	" Anadi Charan	Tollygunge	...	4, Shahanagore Road	...	Do.	Pundit, Sanskrit College.
274	" Amrito Lal	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Barisa	...	Do.	Landholder.
275	" Amrita Lal	Khardaha	...	Khardaha	...	Do.	Government servant, Custom House.
276	" Beni Madhab	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Behala	...	Do.	Clerk in the Chamber of W. O. Bonnerjee, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.
277	" Bepin Behari, B.A.	Khardaha	...	Rohara	...	Do.	Store keeper, Stationery Office.
278	" Bhut Nath	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Behala	...	Do.	Pensioner.
279	" Bunkoo Behary	Naihati	...	Ramaitar Gali, Halishahar	...	Do.	Inspector of Water Works, Calcutta Corporation.
280	" Debendra Nath	Watgunge	...	15, Paddopukur Street	...	Do.	Zamindar.
281	" Dwarika Nath	Kharda	...	Agorpara	...	Do.	Independent gentleman.
282	" Jadab Chandra	Watgunge	...	2, Bishu Babu's Lane	...	Do.	Contractor.
283	" Jadu Nath	Khardah	...	Khardah	...	Do.	Retired Railway Store-keeper.
284	" Jogendra Nath	Bhawanipur	...	12, Choulputty Road	...	Do.	Head Clerk and Accountant, South Suburban Municipality.
285	" Kedar Nath	Ditto	...	52, Govindo Ghosal's Lane	...	Do.	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance Accounts.
286	" Kriahno Nath	Barackpore	...	Talpokur, Chanak	...	Do.	Contractor.
287	" Krishno Dhan	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Behala	...	Do.	Clerk, Merchant Office.
288	" Khelat Chandra	Watgunge	...	2, Bishu Babu's Lane	...	Do.	Zamindar.
289	" Kunjo Behari	Naihati	...	Bamaiter Gully, Halishahar	...	Do.	Inspector of Water-works, Calcutta Corporation.
290	" Naro Nath	Baniapukur	...	23, Baniapukur Road	...	Do.	Servant of private firm.
291	" Nogendra Nath	Bhawanipur	...	1, Jelliapara Road	...	Do.	Pensioner.
292	" Nirod Nath	Baniapukur	...	29, Baniapukur Road	...	Do.	Zamindar.
293	" Prasanna Kumar	Maniktala	...	1, Kalinath Banerjee's Lane	...	Do.	Ditto.
294	" Priya Nath, M.A.	Khardah	...	Panibati	...	Do.	Clerk, Controller-General's Office.
295	" Rakhal Chandra	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Barisa	...	Do.	Pensioner.
296	" Rajendra Nath	Naihati	...	Chaudhuripara, Halishahar	...	Do.	Government pensioner.
297	" Roop Das	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	Do.	Clerk, Merchant's office.
298	" Saroda Prosad	Beduria	...	Beduria	...	Do.	Landholder.
299	" Sashi Bhusan	Tollygunge	...	131, Russa Road	...	Do.	Editor, <i>National Guards</i> .
300	" Sashi Bhusan	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Shahapur, Behala	...	Do.	Government pensioner.
301	" S. O., M.A.	Baniapukur	...	1, Debi Serampur Road	...	Christian	Professor in a private College.
302	" Syam Lal	Bhawanipur	...	16-2, Sanskaripara Road	...	Hindu	Independent gentleman.

No.	Name	Place of abode		Race	Quality of business.
		House	Village, road or street		
303	Mukerjee, S. C.	Intolly	Ananda Gopal Palit's Lane	Christian	Trader.
304	"	Baranagar	Joyharain Banerjee's Kutighatta	Hindu	Zamindar.
305	"	Upendra Nath	Barrackpore Trunk Road	Do.	Landholder.
306	"	Womesh Chandra	7, Padmapukur Square	Do.	Pensioner.
307	"	Womesh Chandra	17, Tollygunge Road	Do.	Zamindar.
308	Mullick, Harish Chander	Chitpur	Barrackpore Trunk Road	Do.	Merchant.
309	Nag Chowdhury, Abinash Chandra	Baduria	Taragonia	Do.	Landholder.
310	"	Surendra Nath	Arbaila	Do.	Zamindar.
311	"	Upendra Nath	Ditto	Do.	Ditto.
312	Chaudhuri, Benode Behary	Habra	Gaipur	Do.	Landlord.
313	"	Durga Das	Baruipur	Do.	Zamindar.
314	Pal, Behary Lal	Naihati	Bang, Haliahabar	Do.	Trader.
315	"	Hari Das	Nawabgunge	Do.	Head-master, Nawabgunge School.
316	"	Moti Lal	Manikkala	Do.	Head-master.
317	Ray, Atul Chandra	Tollygunge, B. P.	I-4, Uktadanga Junction Road	Do.	Clerk, Merchant's office.
318	"	Raja Borada Kanto	Behala	Do.	Landholder.
319	"	Chandra Nath	Khorgatohi	Do.	Zamindar.
320	"	Chuni Lal	Pura	Do.	Clerk, office of Controller of Military Accounts.
321	"	Gopal Chandra Gupta	Gorifa	Do.	Clerk, Bengal Bank.
322	"	Grish Chandra	Barisa	Do.	Clerk, Ernhausen & Co.
323	"	Kedar Nath	Golabati, Haliahabar	Do.	Clerk, High Court.
324	"	Poolin Ghunder	14, Gopalinagar	Do.	Engineer.
325	"	Upendra Nath	69, Banianpur Road	Do.	Clerk, Executive Engineer's office.
326	Ray Chaudhuri, Ardha Chandran	Naihati	Gorifa	Do.	Zamindar.
327	"	Ambika Kumar	Panibati	Do.	Ditto.
328	"	Doyal Chandra	Baruipur	Do.	Landholder.
329	"	Genendra Kumar	Monirampur	Do.	Zamindar.
330	"	Hurri Dass	Baruipur	Do.	Ditto.
331	"	Kally Seboy	Baruipur	Do.	Ditto.
332	"	Moni Mohun	Tollygunge B.P.	Do.	Ditto.
333	"	Purna Chandra	Baruipur	Do.	Head Clerk, Alipore Jail.
334	"	Prasanna Kumar	Hosainabad	Do.	Clerk and zamindar.
			22, Unbaria 1st Lane	Do.	

835	"	Priya Nath	...	Tallygunge B. P.	...	Bariss	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Accountant-General's Office.
836	"	Surja Kumar	...	Ultadanga	...	24, Ram Ratan Bose's Lane	...	Do.	...	Superintendent, Financial Department.
837	"	Ardha Chunder	...	Khardah	...	Panihati	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
838	"	Romesh Chau-	...	Sonarpur	...	Rajpur	...	Do.	...	Talookdar.
	"	dra.								
839	"	Satish Kumar	...	Baruipur	...	Baruipur	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
840	"	Taradas	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
841	"	Upendra Ku-	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	Do.	...	Landlord.
	"	mar.								
342	Rakhit,	Rakhal Das	...	Habra	...	Goberdanga	...	Do.	...	Trader.
343	Sen, Brojanath	...	Bhawanipur	...	17, Chuckerbere Road, South	...	...	Do.	...	Pensioner.
344	"	Boloram	...	Naihati	...	Gorifa	...	Do.	...	Engineer, Railway service.
345	"	Ganendra Kumar	...	Bhawanipur	...	12, Chuckerbere Road, South	...	Do.	...	Head Clerk, G. A. & Co.
346	"	Monmohan	...	Naihati	...	Gorifa	...	Do.	...	Independent gentleman.
347	"	Rango Lal	...	Do.	...	Do.	...	Do.	...	Railway servant.
348	"	Sham Lal	...	Do.	...	Do.	...	Do.	...	Independent gentleman.
349	"	Satya Krishna	...	Do.	...	Do.	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
350	Shastri, Kishikesh	...	Do.	...	Bhatpara	...	...	Do.	...	Teacher, Sanakrit College.
351	Show, Jibon Krishna	...	Baranagar	...	Victoria Road, North Baranagar	...	...	Do.	...	Merchant.
352	Singh, Kedar Nath, B.A.	...	Do.	...	Ariadah, Ananda Chandra Banerji's Road.	...	...	Do.	...	Head-master, Ariadah H. E. School.
353	"	Rajendra Nath, B.A.	...	Do.	...	Ariadah	...	Do.	...	Government servant.
354	Sirkar, Amarendra Nath	...	Barraekpore	...	Monirampur	...	...	Do.	...	Tradesman and Landholder.
355	"	Abinash Chander	...	Naihati	...	Moolajore	...	Do.	...	Contractor and a Municipal Commissioner.
356	"	Atal Behary	...	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	Do.	...	Landlord.
357	"	Jadu Nath	...	Intally	...	South Road	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
358	"	Upendra Nath	...	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Kerr, Turuck & Co.
359	Sur, Purna Chandra	...	Ultadanga	...	27, Boidyanath Bose's Garden Lane	...	...	Do.	...	Broker.
360	Sanyal, Ram Brahma	...	Alipore	...	Alipore	...	...	Do.	...	Superintendent, Zoological Garden, Alipore.

J. H. BERNARD,

Collector.



APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1906.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

THE following Notices are published for general information.

CALCUTTA, the 9th March 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secretary, Marine Department.

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon river—Lower Hastings black buoy in a sinking condition.

No. 90 (first publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 19 of 1906) that the Lower Hastings black buoy is in a sinking condition, and will be replaced as early as possible.

This Notice affects Admiralty Chart No. 833, Rangoon River and approaches (plan, Port of Rangoon); also Bay of Bengal Pilot, 3rd edition, 1901, page 353.

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon river—Spit Light-vessel replaced.

*No. 91 (first publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 20 of 1906) that the Spit Light-vessel will be brought up to town on the 7th or 8th instant, and the Light-vessel *Martaban* put approximately in the place of the Spit Light-vessel as on former occasions, i.e., the line of the two lights in one will be on the same bearing as before. The temporary light consists of two mast-head lights back to back.*

This Notice affects the Admiralty Chart Nos. 833, Kdronge Island to White Point, 833, Rangoon river and approaches, and Bay of Bengal Pilot, 3rd edition, 1901, page 348; also List of Lights, part VI, 1905, No. 369.

INDIA, WEST—SIND COAST.

A derelict off Kori creek.

No. 92 (first publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 23 of 1906) that the Commander of S.S. *Lama* reports that he passed a bugalow floating on her side yesterday at 0-20 P.M. (Standard time), with no one on board of her, off Kori creek in latitude $23^{\circ} 20' 45''$ N., longitude $68^{\circ} 3'$ E., tide half flood.

This affects Admiralty Charts Nos. 826, Karachi to Vengurla, 42, Coasts of Sind and Kutch, and 118, Kediwari Mouth to Nirani Creek; also West Coast of Hindustan Pilot, 4th edition, 1898, page 297.

AFRICA, NORTH-EAST—RED SEA, WESTERN SHORE.

Shab Shanks—Feux Eclaires light established.

No. 93 (first publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 149, dated 7th May 1904, issued by this office, the Bombay Government has given notice (No. 24 of 1906) that the new light Feux Eclaires will be exhibited on the extremity of the Shab Shank reef from the 15th February 1906, and will be visible, in clear weather, for a distance of 18 miles.

Approximate position :—Latitude $14^{\circ} 40'$ N.; longitude $41^{\circ} 06'$ E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Red Sea, Sheets IV and V, Nos. 8d and 8e, Jebel Tier to Perim Island, No. 143; also Admiralty List of Lights, Part VI, 1906, page 23, No. 152; also Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Pilot, fifth edition, 1900, page 197, and Supplement 1904, page 20.

AUSTRALIA, SOUTH—GULF OF ST. VINCENT.

Entrance to Port Wakefield—White and red lights placed.

No. 94 (first publication).—The President, Marine Board, Port Adelaide, has given notice (No. 2 of 1906) that a White light, eight feet high, has been fixed on the south end of the wharf; also a red light, twenty feet high, has been placed on the wharf 360 feet north of the white light.

The above lights in line lead up to the outer red beacon, but do not show Mid Channel inside of that.

This affects Admiralty Chart No. 2389b and plan No. 2152.

CEYLON COAST—COLOMBO HARBOUR.

Caution—A rocky ridge on the northern approaches.

No. 79 (second publication).—The Master Attendant, Colombo, has given notice of the existence of a rocky ridge in the northern approaches of Colombo harbour with a least depth of 21 feet over it. A buoy has been placed N. 14° W. two miles from head of south-west breakwater. Mariners are accordingly warned.

AFRICA, SOUTH—CAPE COLONY.

Whale rock—Bell buoy withdrawn.

No. 80 (second publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 227, dated 27th June 1903, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 97 of 1906) that the bell buoy formerly marking Whale rock, and situated in a position from which Robben island lighthouse bore N. 37° E., distant $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles, has been withdrawn.

Approximate position, lat. $33^{\circ} 50'$ S., long. $18^{\circ} 22\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

(Variation 29° Westerly in 1903.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Table bay to Cape Agulhas, No. 2082; Table bay to Donkin bay, No. 2091; Cape of Good Hope and False bay, No. 658; Table bay, No. 1920. Also, Africa Pilot, part II, 1901, page 324; Supplement, 1905, page 19, and part III, 1897, page 55.

PACIFIC OCEAN—THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—MINDORO STRAIT.

Apo island light—Alteration in—.

No. 81 (second publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 362, dated 20th October 1904, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 105 of 1906) that, on or about 20th December 1905, the character of the light on Apo island, Mindoro strait, would be altered from white fixed to a *group flashing* light about *every ten seconds*, thus:—*white flash, eclipse five seconds; red flash, eclipse five seconds*; it would be elevated 123 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 15 miles, the light being of the 3rd order. The exact time occupied by the flashes and eclipses is not stated.

Approximate position, lat. $12^{\circ} 40' N.$, long. $120^{\circ} 24' E.$

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—*Molucca passage to Manila*, No. 943; *China sea*, No. 2661b; *St. Bernardino and Mindoro straits*, No. 2577; Also, *List of Lights*, part VI, 1905, No. 621a; *China Sea Directory*, vol. II, 1899, page 297; and *Eastern Archipelago*, part I, 1902, page 77.

CHINA, NORTH—MANCHURIA—PECHILI STRAIT—KWANG TUNG PENINSULA.

Ta lien hwan—Mines removed in approach.

No. 82 (second publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 151, dated 8th May 1905, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 106 of 1906) that the mines in the approach to Ta lien hwan have been cleared away, and that the Kwang tung peninsula may now be approached on the southern side, eastward of a line joining South Entry point and Cap island, and running in a $S. 61^{\circ} W.$ direction for a distance of 10 miles from Cap island, with reasonable security.

Approximate position, Cap island, lat. $38^{\circ} 47\frac{1}{2}' N.$, long. $121^{\circ} 36\frac{1}{2}' E.$

The cautionary note respecting mines will, however, be retained on the Charts until it is known that the whole of the coast in this locality is free from these dangers.

(Variation 5° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—*Gulf of Pechili and Liau tung*, No. 1256; *Kwang tung peninsula*, No. 1798; Also, *China Sea Directory*, vol. III, 1904, pages 585, 589, 633, 634.

PACIFIC OCEAN—THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—LUZON—SAN BERNARDINO STRAIT—TELINI STRAIT.

Cabezas shoal—Amended position.

No. 83 (second publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 194, dated 20th October 1894, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 111 of 1906) that Cabezas shoal, with a depth of one fathom over it is situated at a distance of 13 cables No. $20^{\circ} W.$, and not one-third of a mile N. $20^{\circ} W.$ from Kalantas bank as previously stated. It is a shoal head on Hamorauan bank.

Approximate position, lat. $12^{\circ} 31\frac{1}{2}' N.$, long. $124^{\circ} 4' E.$

(Variation Nil in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—*San Bernardino and Mindoro straits* No. 2577; *San Bernardino strait*, No. 3370; *plan of Matnog bay on Chart* No. 3475; Also *Eastern Archipelago*, Part I, 1902, page 349.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT—PULO PENANG.

Pulo Rimau light—Character altered.

No. 84 (second publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 112 of 1906) that on 15th January 1906, the character of Pulo Rimau light would be altered from fixed to a *red occulting* light *every twenty seconds*, thus:—*light, seventeen and a half seconds; eclipse, two and a half seconds*; it would be elevated 129 feet above high water, visible in clear weather from a distance of about 13 miles, and shown from an iron tower, 57 feet high.

APPENDIX TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, MARCH 14, 1906.

erected on a masonry base, situated on the eastern side of the island at a distance of $1\frac{1}{2}$ cables N. 12° E. from its southern point.

The light is of the 3rd order.

Approximate position, lat. $5^{\circ} 14'$ N., long. $100^{\circ} 16\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

(Variation 2° Easterly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Acheh head to Tyingkok bay, No. 2760; Bulang group to Pulo Berhala, No. 793; Penang Harbour, No. 1366; Malacca strait, No. 1355; Also, List of Lights, part VI, 1906, No. 408; and China Sea Directory, Vol. I, 1896, page 147.

JAPAN—HONSHU, NORTH-WEST COAST—WAKARA BAY.

Tsunegami zaki—Rock awash of Chi shima—Amended height.

No. 85 (second publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 113 of 1906) of the existence of a rock awash, situated at a distance of about $3\frac{1}{2}$ cables S. 55° W. from the extremity of Tsunegami zaki.

Approximate position, lat. $35^{\circ} 38\frac{1}{2}'$ N., long. $135^{\circ} 48\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

Also, that the height of Ohi shima, situated $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles S. 30° W. from Tsunegami zaki, is 103 feet, and not 38 feet above high water as at present shown on the Charts.

(Variation 5° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Aburatani bay to Ando zaki, No. 1495; Amarube zaki to Ando zaki, No. 2174; Also, Sailing Directions for Japan, etc., 1904, page 650.

JAPAN—NAIKAI—BINGO NADA.

Sanagi shima—Wreck to the southward.

No. 86 (second publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 114 of 1906) that the wreck of a sailing vessel, with a mast showing 6 feet above high water, is reported to be sunk in Bingo nada, in a position from which Sanagi shima summit (812 feet) bears N. 33° E., distant $1\frac{1}{10}$ miles, and Mushima summit S. 83° W.

Approximate position, lat. $34^{\circ} 19'$ N., long. $133^{\circ} 36\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

(Variation 4° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Naikai, No. 2875; Bingo nada to Ozuchi shima, No. 128; Also, Sailing Directions for Japan, etc., 1904, page 450.

CHINA, EAST COAST—PORT SHELTER.

Rocks.

No. 87 (second publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice of the existence of the undermentioned rocks in port Shelter, in the following positions:—

- (a) A rock, with a depth of 3 fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the north-western point of Shelter island bears N. 36° E., distant 4 cables, and the southern extremity of the same island S. 56° E.

Approximate position, lat. $22^{\circ} 20'$ N., long. $114^{\circ} 17\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

- (b) A rock, with a depth of $3\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the north-western point of Shelter island bears N. 20° E., distant $4\frac{1}{2}$ cables, and the southern extremity of the same island S. 68° E.

- (c) A rock, with a depth of $2\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the eastern summit of Sharp island bears S. 24° W., distant $2\frac{1}{4}$ cables, and Keni island summit (726 feet) S. 31° E.

- (d) A rock, with a depth of $1\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the northernmost summit of Sharp island bears S. 7° W., distant $3\frac{1}{2}$ cables, and the northern extremity of Nga ju tau N. 82° W.

Approximate position, lat. $22^{\circ} 23'$ N. long. $114^{\circ} 17\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

- (e) The channel between Peaked rock and Jin island is foul.

Approximate position, Peaked rock, lat. $22^{\circ} 19\frac{1}{2}'$ N., long. $114^{\circ} 19\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

(Variation Nil in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Approaches to Hongkong, No. 1180; Mirs bay, No. 1964: Also, China Sea Directory, Vol. III, 1904, page 128.

CHINA SEA—BANKA STRAIT.

Amelia bank—Light buoy established. *Banju Asin river*.—Buoy replaced by light buoy.

No. 88 (second publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 468, dated 30th November 1905, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 117 of 1906) that a light buoy, painted in red and black horizontal bands, and exhibiting a *white occulting light every twenty seconds* (light, *ten seconds*; eclipse, *ten seconds*), has been established near the south-eastern edge of Amelia bank, Banka strait, in approximately lat $2^{\circ} 13\frac{1}{2}'$ S., long. $105^{\circ} 17'$ E.

Also, that the black can buoy formerly situated $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles north-eastward from Tanjong Sereh, Banju Asin river, has been replaced by a light buoy, painted black, from which a *white occulting light every twenty seconds* (light, *ten seconds*; eclipse, *ten seconds*) is exhibited.

Approximate position, lat. $2^{\circ} 22' 25''$ S., long. $104^{\circ} 45' 10''$ E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Banka strait to Singapore, No. 2757; Gaspar and Banka straits, No. 2149; Banka strait, Nos. 2597 and 3471: Also, China Sea Directory, vol. I, 1896, pages 413, 400; and Supplement, 1899, page 35.

INDIA, WEST—SIND COAST.

Karachi harbour—Light buoy established.

No. 89 (second publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 118 of 1906) that a light buoy, painted red, exhibiting a *red fixed light*, has been established to mark the 20-foot patch in Karachi harbour; it is moored in a position from which Manora point light-house bears S. 85° W., distant $3\frac{3}{4}$ cables, and the breakwater light S. 8° W.

Approximate position, lat. $24^{\circ} 47\frac{3}{4}'$ N., long. $66^{\circ} 59'$ E.

(Variation 1° Easterly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Chart:—Karachi harbour, No. 40: Also, Hindustan Pilot, 1898, page 304; and Supplement, 1903, page 19.

INDIA, WEST—BOMBAY COAST.

Port of Aguada—Light to be fixed.

No. 72 (third publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 16 of 1906) that information, dated 22nd January 1906, has been received from the Captain of the Port, Aguada, through the Consul-General for Portugal in British India, Bombay, that from the 10th February 1906 Aguada light will be fixed until further notice.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—No. 827, Vengurla to Cape Comorin; No. 2737, Viziadrag to Cochin; No. 740, Achra river to Cape Ramas; No. 492, Aguada to St. George Islands, including Marmugoa and Goa roadstead, and West Coast of Hindustan Pilot, 4th edition, 1898, page 164; also list of Light-houses and Light-vessels in British India, page 28, No. 257.

ARABIA, NORTH-EAST COAST—PERSIAN GULF.

Rennie Shoal—Depth of water.

No. 75 (third publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 18 of 1906) that the Commander of the B. I. S. N. Co.'s S.S. *Waroonga* reports that on her recent voyage from Koweit to Bahrein the vessel grounded on the shoal which was reported by

H. M. S. *Sphinx* in 1897, bearing S. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rennie Shoal and to have a depth of 19 feet.

It appears that there is less water on this shoal than previously reported, as the S.S. *Waroonga* was only drawing 15' 6" at the time of her grounding.

This Notice affects Admiralty Chart No. 2837C, Persian Gulf, Western Sheet, and Persian Gulf Pilot, 4th edition, 1898, page 137.

CHINA, EAST COAST—YANG TSE KIANG.

Kiu Toan beacon—Position altered.

No. 74 (third publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 88 of 1906) that in consequence of the washing away of the banks, Kiu Toan beacon has been moved for a distance of $5\frac{1}{16}$ cables S. 87° W. from its former position.

Approximate position, lat. $31^{\circ} 15\frac{1}{2}'$ N., long. $121^{\circ} 43'$ E.

(Variation 2° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Kueshan islands to Yang tse Kiang, No. 1199; approaches to the Yang tse Kiang, No. 1602; Also, China Sea Directory, vol. III, 1904, page 40.

INDIAN OCEAN—MADAGASCAR, EAST COAST.

Cape East—Experimental light exhibited.

No. 75 (third publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 89 of 1906) that a white group flashing light, showing groups of two flashes at an elevation of 236 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 21 miles, has been experimentally exhibited from a lighthouse erected on Ambohitsara hill, about $1\frac{1}{2}$ cables from the coast and at a distance of about one mile southward from the extremity of cape East; it has been placed on the Chart in approximately lat. $15^{\circ} 15' 30''$ S., long. $50^{\circ} 29' 15''$ E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Indian ocean, Nos. 748a, b; Chagos archipelago to Madagascar, No. 2899; Delagoa bay to Guardafui, No. 597; St. Andrew to Antongil bay, No. 758; Also, List of Lights, Part VI, 1905, page 17; and islands in the Southern Indian Ocean, 1904, page 79.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—CELEBES, NORTH COAST, KWANDANG BAY.

Antoinette reef—Beacon re-erected.

No. 76 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 154, dated 14th May 1904, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 91 of 1906) that a pile beacon with conical top mark has again been erected on Antoinette reef, in Kwandang bay.

Approximate position, lat. $0^{\circ} 56\frac{1}{2}'$ N., long. $122^{\circ} 55'$ E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Penang to Pulo Motuo, No. 3195; Also, Eastern Archipelago, Part II, 1904, page 395.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA WEST COAST—KONINGINNE BAY APPROACH.

Pulo Pisang light—Intended alteration in character.

No. 77 (third publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 92 of 1906) that it is intended to alter the character of Pulo Pisang light from fixed to occulting every twelve seconds, thus:—light, six seconds; eclipse, six seconds; the light being produced by acetylene gas.

Approximate position, lat. $1^{\circ} 0'$ S., long. $100^{\circ} 20'$ E.

Further notice will be given when received.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Acheh head to Tyingkok, No. 2760; Ujong Masang to Ujong Indrapura, No. 709; Koninginne bay, No. 212; Also, List of Lights, Part VI, 1905, No. 457; China Sea Directory, vol. I, 1896, page 299; and Supplement, 1899, page 20.

JAPAN, WEST COAST—SIMONOSEKI STRAIT.

Wreck in western entrance.

No. 78 (*third publication*).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 94 of 1906) at the wreck of a steamship, with masts 9 to 20 feet above water, lies sunk in the western tranee to Simonoseki strait, in a position from which Wakura jima summit bears N. 59° .., distant $4\frac{1}{10}$ cables, and Mutsure jima light N. 11° E.

Approximate position, lat. $33^{\circ} 57\frac{1}{2}'$ N., long. $130^{\circ} 51\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

(*Variation 4° Westerly in 1906.*)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Simonoseki strait, Nos. 532, 1578 . Also, Sailing Directions for Japan, &c., 1904, page 514.

E. J. BEAUMONT, COMDR., R.N.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.



**REVISED LIST OF SPECIAL AND COMMON JURORS 'FOR
THE YEAR 1906.**

REVISED LIST OF JURORS FOR THE YEAR 1906.

It is notified that objections to the following List of Jurors for the district of 24-Parganas for the year 1906 will be heard and determined by the Sessions Judge and Collector of the district at the Sessions Court on the 27th March 1906 at noon:—

NAME.	PLACE OF RESIDENCE.		RACE.	QUALITY OR BUSINESS.
	THANA.	Village, road, or street.		
A				
1 Addy, P N	...	Baniapukur	...	Assistant in the Board of Revenue (Government servant).
2 Abbot, F H	...	Alipore	European	Secretary, Agricultural and Horticultural Society, Alipore.
3 Adam, J	...	Naihati	ditto	Assistant, Alliance Jute Mill (Jagaddal).
4 Allen, A Apear	...	Ballygunge	Armenian	Merchant.
5 Allen, D	...	Tollygunge B. P.	European	Assistant, Lower Hooghly Mill (Bodortola).
6 Almeida, E	...	Intally	East Indian	Clerk, Apear & Co.
7 Alcantara, W V	...	Balliaghatta	ditto	Inspector, Oriental Gas Co.
8 Andrews, Revmie	...	Baranagore	European	Assistant, Kamarhati Jute Mill.
9 Anderson, F	...	Baranagore	ditto	Mill Assistant.
10 Apear, A	...	Raniapukur	Armenian	Contractor.
11 Arthur, W	...	Nowpara	European	Assistant Manager, Samnagore Jute Mill.
12 Augier, F	...	Chitpur	Armenian	Manager, Bengal Hydraulic Press.
B				
13 Baxter, C	...	Naihati	European	Assistant, Gouripur Jute Mill.
14 Baley, E O	...	Baniapukur	Eurasian	Assistant, Government Medical Store Department
15 Bell, W	...	Tollygunge B. P.	European	Assistant, Lower Hooghly Jute Mill.
16 Blackford, H T	...	Intally	ditto	Mechanical Engineer.
17 Blair, A C	...	Chitpur	ditto	Superintendent, Talla Pumping Station.
18 O'Brien, M	...	Intally	ditto	Pensioner.
19 Brown, J	...	Balliaghatta	ditto	Assistant, Baranagore Branch Mill.
20 Burke, W	...	Naihati	ditto	Assistant, Gouripur Jute Mill.
21 Burke, E	...	Ultadanga	ditto	Assistant Principal, Beggal Veterinary College (Government servant).
C				
22 Chatters, M	...	Bhawanipur	Christian	Landholder.
23 Cleghorn, E	...	Baniapukur	Eurasian	Government Pensioner.
24 Cameron, C C	...	Alipore	European	Head Assistant, Army Clothing Department.
25 Callow, John	...	Baniapukur	Eurasian	Trader.
26 Callow, James	...	ditto	ditto	Government Pensioner.

27	Garrie, A	...	Naihati	...	Gouripur Jute Mill	...	European	...	Assistant, Gouripur Jute Mill
28	Garrie, W	...	Nowpara	...	Shamnagore Mill	...	ditto	...	ditto, Shamnagore Mill.
29	Christie, J S	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
30	Cheetham, J	...	ditto	...	Dunbar Mills	...	ditto	...	Dunbar Mills.
31	Clarkson, J	...	Garden Reach	...	Garden Reach	...	ditto	...	Store-keeper, R. S. N. Co.
32	Curry, R	...	Chitpur	...	2, Chitpur Ghat Lane	...	Eurasian	...	Manager, Hooghly Hydraulic Press.
33	Cuthberts, James	...	Naihati	...	Jagaddal Alliance Jute Mills	...	European	...	Mill Assistant.
D									
34	Duvar, W	...	Khaddah	...	Khaddah Mill	...	European	...	Factory Mechanic, Khaddah Mill.
35	Dinslaw, H	...	Baniapukur	...	31, Factory Lane	...	East Indian	...	Servant in private Co.
36	Duncan, A	...	Garden Reach	...	Garden Reach	...	European	...	Manager, Olive Jute Mill.
37	Dunn, J	...	ditto	...	14, Garden Reach Road	...	ditto	...	Chief Clerk, Traffic Manager's Office, B. N. Railway.
38	Duncan, J	...	Naihati	...	Gouripur Jute Mill	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Gouripur Jute Mill.
E									
39	Elliot, J H	...	Baniapukur	...	19-1, Baniapukur Road	...	Eurasian	...	Clerk, Asiatic Society, Bengal.
40	Elson	...	Watgunge	...	72, Diamond Harbour Road	...	European	...	Pilot.
F									
41	Ferrier, W	...	Garden Reach	...	Garden Reach Road	...	European	...	Manager, Hooghly Mills.
42	Findlay, J B	...	Barrackpore	...	Standard Jute Mill	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Standard Jute Mill.
G									
43	Galloway, G J	...	Chitpur	...	10, Kali Singh's Road	...	ditto	...	Engineer, Calcutta Hydraulic Press.
44	Gasper, A	...	Ballygunge	...	12, Ballygunge Circular Road	...	Christian	...	Zamindar.
45	Gasper, E	...	Baniapukur	...	45, Gorachand Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Writers' Buildings.
46	George, J	...	Alipore	...	9, Belvedere Road	...	European	...	Cloth Examiner, Army Clothing Agency.
47	Gibson, R	...	Nowpara	...	Shamnagore Mill	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Shamnagore Jute Mill.
48	Gough, R	...	Intally	...	21, Canal Street	...	ditto	...	Editor, <i>Evening News</i> .
49	Grant, J	...	Khaddah	...	Khaddah Mill	...	ditto	...	Weaving Overseer, Khaddah Mill.
50	Gray, A	...	Titagurh	...	Titagurh Jute Mill	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Titagurh Jute Mill.
H									
51	Hailey, R	...	Khaddah	...	Khaddah	...	Eurasian	...	Assistant, Khaddah Jute Mill.
52	Harris, G B	...	Barrackpore	...	Titagurh	...	European	...	Assistant, Standard Jute Mill.
53	Henderson, D	...	Budge-Budge	...	Harris Road	...	East-Indian	...	Superintendent, Petroleum Wharf, Budge-Budge.
54	Hendry, H	...	Intally	...	20, Convent Road	...	ditto.	...	General Merchant.
55	Henry, A O	...	Alipore	...	Army Clothing Agency	...	European	...	Store-keeper.

NAME	PLACES OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or business.
	Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
H				
56 Houghton, A	Intally	11, Canal Street	European	Contractor.
57 Hughes, G H	Watungge	7, Monahatolla Lane	ditto	Clerk.
58 Hutchinson, O	Intally	Tangra Road	ditto	Manager, Union Jute Mill.
59 Hurria, G	Tollygunge, B. P.	Badortolla	ditto	ditto, Lower Hooghly Jute Mill.
60 Hutchinson, E	Nowpara	Shamnagore Mill	ditto	Assistant, Shamnagore Jute Mill.
61 Hooghstraten, A C	ditto	Dunbar Mill	Eurasian	ditto, Dunbar Mill.
J				
62 Joachim, W	Ohitpur	Gun Foundry Road	European	Engineer, Sugar Works.
63 Johnson	Alipore	9, Belvedere Road, Municipal Office	ditto	ditto, District No. IV.
64 Joseph, S	Intally	Corporation, Gowkhana, Lower Circular Road.	ditto	Superintendent of the Corporation Gowkhana.
65 Jones, H	Watungge	15, Watungge Street	ditto	Assistant, John Teil & Co.
66 Jacobson, E I	Sealdah, G. R. P.	Sealdah	ditto	ditto, Traffic Superintendent.
K				
67 Karkaldy, D	Barrackpore	Standard Jute Mill	European	Assistant, Standard Jute Mill.
68 Kidd, A D	Baranagore	Kamarhatty Mill	ditto	ditto, Kamarhatty Mill.
69 King, R B	Watungge	127-1-1, Circular Garden Reach Road	ditto	Agent, Messrs. Bird & Co., Kidderpore Docks.
L				
70 Langlands, P	Baranagore	North Baranagore	European	Assistant, North Mills, Baranagore.
71 Lamsden, J	Intally	19, Convent Road	Eurasian	Builder and Contractor.
M				
72 Mackie, G	Tollygunge, Suburbs	52, Guriahath Road	East Indian	Zamindar.
73 Marshall, W	Baranagore	North Baranagore	European	Assistant, North Baranagore Mill.
74 Marshall, J	Tollygunge, B. P.	Bodortolla	ditto	ditto, Lower Hooghly Jute Mills.
75 Masters, G F	Nahati	Gouripur Jute Mill	ditto	Assistant, Gouripur Jute Mill.
76 Mathews, J	Titagurh	Titagurh Jute Mill	ditto	ditto, Titagurh Jute Mill.
77 McDowell, J	Cossipore	Rustomjee's Lane	ditto	Jute Merchant.
78 McMahon, A F	Intally	10, Convent Road	Eurasian	Pensioner.
79 McNiel, J	Ohitpur	2, Nawabputty Road	European	Manager, Canal Press.
80 Melville, J	Nowpara	Shamnagor Mill	ditto	Engineer, Shamnagore Jute Mill.
81 Mollison, J	Baliaghatta	Baranagore Branch Mill	ditto	Assistant, Baranagore Branch Mill.
82 Morrison, G	Baranagore	North Mill, Baranagore	ditto	ditto, North Mill, Baranagore.

No.	Name	Address	Religion	Education	Occupation
83	Nicola, H	5, Komedan Bagan Road	...	...	L. M. Deptt.
84	Nelson, K	11; Canal Street	...	...	Messenger, High Court, Calcutta.
85	Pearson, T	Shamnagore Mill	...	...	Assistant, Shamnagore Jute Mill.
86	Peters, K O	8, Ballygunge Circular Road	...	...	ditto, Merchant's Office.
87	Piaggio, G	33, Gobra Road, North	...	...	Trader.
88	Power, A W	Narkoldanga Gas Street	...	...	Manager, Ice Factory.
89	Ritchie, D	Gouripur Jute Mill	...	...	Assistant, Gouripur Jute Mill.
90	Ribbins, J	36, Circular Garden Reach Road	...	...	ditto, Kidderpore Docks.
91	Robb, W	Tittagarh	...	...	ditto, Standard Jute Mill.
92	Rodrigues, J M	21, Middle Road	...	...	Clerk, Commissariat Office.
93	Rodocanachi, J M	12, Alipore Road	...	...	Assistant, Messrs. Balli Brothers.
94	Rodgers, A A	Baranagore Brunch Mill	...	...	ditto, Baranagore Branch Mill.
95	Saw, J	Garden Reach	...	...	Weaving Master, Clive Jute Mill.
96	Scott, J G	38, Padmapukur	...	...	Trader.
97	Shaw, B B	11-5, Koreabazar Road	...	...	Servant of private firm.
98	Silk, W W H	10, Convent Road	...	...	Contractor and Plumber.
99	Singh, H L	5, Ballygunge Store Road	...	...	Assistant, Shipping Office.
100	Smith, T	75, South Road	...	...	Clerk, Government Medical Stores.
101	Smith, A	Gouripur Jute Mill	...	...	Assistant, Gouripur Jute Mill.
102	Smith, W	Khardah	...	...	ditto, Titagarh Jute Mill.
103	Smith, G	30-1, Ekbalpur Road	...	...	Engineer, Alipore Jail.
104	Shorter, A E	63, Garden Reach Road	...	...	Manager, North-West Soap Co., Ltd.
105	Stevenson, H	Lower Hooghly Mill	...	...	Assistant, Hooghly Mill (Bodortala).
106	Stark, P	Titagarh Jute Mill	...	...	ditto, Titagarh Jute Mill.
107	Stewart, D B	Shamnagore Jute Mill	...	...	ditto, Shamnagore Mill.
108	Taylor, W H	16, Tangra Road	...	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel.
109	Toash, R	Khardah	...	...	ditto, Titagarh Jute Mill.
110	Vallenté, E	5, Convent Road	...	...	Foreman, Carriage Department, East Indian Railway.
111	Watts, J E	Bengal Mill, Garden Reach	...	...	Assistant, Bengal Mill.
112	Wells, J	16, Canal Street	...	...	Engineer, Municipal Office, Calcutta.

PLACE OF ABODE.
 Village, road, or street.

NAME.

Thana.

Quality or business.

Race.

W

113	West, C L	Alipore	Army Clothing Agency	European	Master Tailor, Army Clothing Agency.
114	Wheeler, F H	Tollygunge Suburbs	30, Russa Road	ditto	Assistant, Andrew Yule & Co.
115	Weir, J	Alipore	Alipore Jail	ditto	Foreman, Alipore Jail.
116	Williamson, A	Nowpara	Shamnagore Mill	ditto	Assistant, Shamnagore Jute Mill.
117	Wilson, A	Baranagore	North Mill, Baranagore	ditto	ditto, North Mill, Baranagore.

Y

118	Young, W B	Balliaghatta	Baranagore Branch Mill	European	Assistant, Baranagore Branch Mill.
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M

119	Muncharjee Bottonjee	Ekbalpur	59, Ekbalpur Road	Parsee	Engineer, Kidderpore Dockyard.
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A

120	Aga, Wasikali	Tollygunge, Suburban	66, Russa Road, South Tollygunge	Muhammadian	Landholder.
121	Abbasali	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
122	Aich, Kanye Lal	Bhawanipur	39, Chuckerbore Road, North	Hindu	Clerk, High Court.
123	Acharjee, Nitya Gopal	Sonarpore	Harinavi	ditto	Landlord.
124	Addy, Ashutosh	Bhowanipur	Boloram Bose's 1st Lane	ditto	Pensioner.
125	" Atal Behari	Alipore	8, Myerpore Road	ditto	Zaminder.
126	" Bijoy Kumar	Ekbalpore	37, Circular Garden Reach Road	ditto	Banker.
127	" Chuni Lal	Alipore	Myerpore Road	ditto	Zamindar.
128	" Rathal Das	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
129	Adhichary, Kristo Gopal	Baruipur	8, Myerpore Road, Chetla	ditto	ditto.
130	" Paran Chandra	Balliaghatta	Baruipur (Sasone)	ditto	Kaviraj.
131	Ash, Probhat Chuander	Baranagore	Raja Rajendra Lal Mitter's Road	ditto	Contractor.
132			Baranagore, Tobin's Road, Palpara	ditto	Contractor and Brick Manufacturer.

B

133	Baserjee, Abhoy Charan	Barackpore	Titagarh	Hindu	Clerk, Standard Jute Mill.
134	" Akhil Chandra	Watgunge	34, Fadmapukur Street	ditto	Contractor.
135	" Akhoy Kumar	Tollygunge	135, Russa Road, Monohurpukur	ditto	Clerk.
136	" Akhoy Kumar	Nalhati	Madral	ditto	do., Military Pay Office.
137	Ananya Charan	ditto	Bhatpara	ditto	Brick Manufacturer.
138	Anarapati	Bhawanipur	43, Halderpara Road	ditto	Merchant.
139	Anunto Ram	Nowpara	Garulia	ditto	Clerk, Shamnagore Jute Mill.
140	Anukul Chander	Nalhati	Kontalpara	ditto	Independent gentleman.
141	Arun Chander	ditto	Bhatpara	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's Office.

142	"	Ashu Tosh, B.A.	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala (Naakurpore)	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's Office.
143	"	Ashu Tosh	Baliaghatta	...	Garpar	...	ditto	...	Broker.
144	"	Ashu Tosh	Naihati	...	Halishahar Mookherjipara	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Loco. Superintendent's Office, E.B.S. Railway, Kandrapara.
145	"	Ashu Tosh	Bhawanipur	...	34, Gopal Banerjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Small Cause Court, Sealdah.
146	"	Ashu Tosh	Hashnabad	...	Rajipur	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
147	"	Atul Kisen	Baranagore	...	Kolupara Lane	...	ditto	...	Private School-master.
148	"	Angbar Nath	Baduria	...	Khorgatchi	...	ditto	...	Servant of a private firm.
149	"	Baidyanath	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Mahehtola	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
150	"	Bankim Behari	Baniapukur	...	Hook Lane	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
151	"	Basanta Coomar	Manicktolla	...	2, Bahir Simla Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office (Government servant).
152	"	Bhut Nath	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Behala (Patuckpara)	...	ditto	...	Clerk of the Corporation of Calcutta.
153	"	Bepin Behari	Alipore	...	7, Maheah Chandra Dutta's Lane	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
154	"	Behari Lal	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Barisa	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
155	"	Behary Lal, M.A.	Joynagar	...	Joynagar	...	ditto	...	Graduate.
156	"	Bhola Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala	...	ditto	...	Accountant, East Indian Railway Office.
157	"	Bidy Nath	Dum-Dum	...	Nimta	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
158	"	Bhupati	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Mahehtolla	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
159	"	Bhupati	Khurdah	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	do., Office of Examiner, Army Clothing Accounts.
160	"	Binode Behari	Watgunge	...	Durga Dass Mukherjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Store-keeper, Public Works Department.
161	"	Bissessur	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Sursoona	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Office.
162	"	Broja Mohun	Baduria	...	Andermanick	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
163	"	Brojendra Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Sursoona	...	ditto	...	Clerk in a Bank.
164	"	Chikan Lal	Watgunge	...	2, Ram Komol Mukherjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
165	"	Debendra Nath, B.A.	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Office of Controller of Stationery.
166	"	Debendra Nath	Chhipur	...	Simlaipara Road	...	ditto	...	Plumber.
167	"	Din Doyal	Barasat	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Municipal servant
168	"	Durga Prosanna	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala, Gaholla	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
169	"	Durga Charan	Khurdah	...	Ghola	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
170	"	Gopal Chunder	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Mahehtolla	...	ditto	...	Clerk and Zamindar.
171	"	Girendra Nath	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Planters' Stores.
172	"	Gurupodo	Barasat	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Mohurrir, Barasat Court.
173	"	Gyanada Charan	ditto	...	Hridoypur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's Office.
174	"	Gyan Chunder	Khurdah	...	Panhati	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
175	"	Haran Chandra	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Fatehpore	...	ditto	...	Landholder.

NAME.

B

PLACE OF BIRTH.

TOWN.

Village, road, or street.

Quality or business.

Race.

176	Banerjee, Hem Chandra	Naihati	Bhatpara	Hindu	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.
177	" Hara Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Behala, Nakturpur	ditto	Chief Clerk, Government Emigration Agent's Office for British Guiana.
178	" Hari Charan	Dum-Dum	Kadihati	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's Office.
179	" Hari Mohon	Chitpur	Paikpara	ditto	Government pensioner.
180	" Hari Dass	Khardah	Panihati	ditto	Zamindar.
181	" Hari Charan	Ditto	Agarpara	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's Office.
182	" Hari Dass, B.A.	Tollygunge, Police.	Barisa	ditto	Landholder.
183	" Hira Lall	Bhawanipur	11, Roop Chand Mukherjee's Lane	ditto	Landlord.
184	" Jadu Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Futcheppur Road, Modially	ditto	Watch and Clock dealer.
185	" Jogendra Nath	Bhawanipur	96, Russa Road, North	ditto	Teacher, South Suburban School.
186	" Jogendra Nath	Sonarpore	Rajpur	ditto	Assistant Cashier, King, Hamilton & Co.
187	" Jogendra Nath	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Office of Examiner of Public Works.
188	" Kali Krishna	Khardah	Panihati	ditto	Accounts, Bengal.
189	" Kali Sohoy	Nawpara	Nawpara	ditto	Government pensioner.
190	" Kali Kristo	Balinghatta	Surab 1st Lane	ditto	Government servant.
191	" Kali Pado	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Broker.
192	" Khani Lall	Watgunge	20, Circular Garden Reach Road	ditto	Tradesman.
193	" Kunja Behari	Balinghatta	Talpur Road	ditto	Zamindar.
194	" Kasindra Nath	Basirhat	Basirhat	ditto	Landlord.
195	" Kedar Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Barabagan	ditto	Clerk, Local Board.
196	" Kamini Kumar	Watgunge	10, Watgunge Street	ditto	Independent gentleman.
197	" Khirode Kumar	Naihati	Kantalpara	ditto	Clerk, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.
198	" Kishub Chunder	Utkalinga	3, Mohan Lall Mitter's Lane	ditto	Editor, Indian Empire.
199	" Khetter Nath	Baduria	Khorgatchee	ditto	Landholder.
200	" Khetter Mohon	Dum-Dum	Nimta	ditto	ditto.
201	" Kissory Mohon	Watgunge	8, Gangathur Banerjee's Lane	ditto	ditto.
202	" Kusum Coomer	Baruipur	Sashone	ditto	ditto.
203	" Madhab	Naihati	Anthpur	ditto	Government pensioner.
204	" Mohatap Chandra	Ekbalpur	6, Mominpur	ditto	Landholder.
205	" Mohan Lall	Watgunge	14-2, Gurbari Road	ditto	Clerk, Messrs. Balli Brothers.
206	" Mohendra Nath	Bhawanipur	18, Gopal Banerjee's Road	ditto	Clerk.
207	" Moti Lall	Baranagore	Joynarain Banerjee's Lane	ditto	Zamindar.
208	" Monmohan	Ilabra	Goipur	ditto	Servant of private firm.
209	" Nibaran Chandra	Bhawanipur	16, Roop Chand Mukherjee's Lane	ditto	Cashier.
210	" Nilmoni	Kulpi	Lukhikantapur	ditto	Landholder.

311	Nobokumar	Tollygunge	107-2, Monohurpur Road	...	ditto	...	Assistant, Lyon and Lyon & Co.
312	Narendra Kumar	Baruipur	Saahone	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
313	Narendra Nath	Naihati	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Trains Office, E B S Railway, Naihati.
314	Nanda Lal	Tollygunge, Police.	Dhakuria	...	ditto	...	do., Commissariat Office.
215	Narain Chandra	ditto	Sursuona	...	ditto	...	do., Merchant's Office.
216	Narain Chandra, a.L.	Khanda	Agarpara	...	ditto	...	Translator, High Court.
217	Nagendra Nath	Chitpore	Rani's Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Office.
218	Nrita Gopal	Naihati	Naihati	...	ditto	...	do., Office of Controller of Military Accounts.
219	Peary Mohan	Naihati	Ramsitargoli, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
220	Preo Nath	Bhawanipur	Baloram Bose's Ghat Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Port Commissioners' Office.
221	Probooth Chandra	Watgunge	25, Poddopukur West Lane	...	ditto	...	Cashier, Moran & Co.
222	Prosonno Kumar	Baliaghatta	21, Peary Mohan Sur's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Messrs. Jardine, Skinner & Co.
223	Prosunno Kumar	Tollygunge, Police.	Behala, Nuskerpur	...	ditto	...	do., Government Office.
224	Prosonno Kumar	Khanda	Panihati	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
225	Profulla Chandra	Watgunge	6, Luckhi Naraingunge Gully	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
226	Purna Chandra	Bistoopur	Ranchandrapore	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
227	Punchanan	Bhawanipur	18, Gopal Chandra Banerjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
228	Rajendra Nath	Khanda	Rohora	...	ditto	...	do., Oriental Gas Co.
229	Rama Nath	Joynagar	Joynagar	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
230	Rama Nath	Garden Reach	Paharpur Road	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
231	Ram Lal	Joynagar	Joynagar Bandopadhyaspara Lane	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
232	Rameshwar	Khanda	Agarpara	...	ditto	...	Teacher.
233	Rojoni Kanto	Baliaghatta	Surah 1st Lane	...	ditto	...	Broker.
234	Sarat Chandra	Barasat	Khanda	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
235	Satish Chandra	Watgunge	Monshotola Lane	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
236	Satya Charn	Watgunge	3-1, Padmapukur Square	...	ditto	...	Servant of private firm.
237	Sarat Chandra	Chitpur	Kali Kumar Banerjee's Lane	...	ditto	...	Merchant and Money-lender.
238	Saktori	Bhawanipur	36, Chukerbere Road, South	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Municipal Office.
239	Surenara Nath	Chitpur	Rani's Road	...	ditto	...	do., High Court.
240	Shashi Bhushan	Naihati	Madral	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
241	Shashi Bhushan	Naihati	Taki	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Bhatpara School.
242	Shib Nath	Hasainabad	Maheshola	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
243	Shib Prasanna	Tollygunge, Police.	Maheshola	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
244	Shib Chandra	Deyganga	Jhikra	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
245	Shish Chandra	Naihati	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Mohendra School, Naihati.
246	Shish Chandra	Watgunge	Pitambar Siroor's Lane	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
247	Syama Charan	Bhawanipur	47, Nakuleswartolla	...	ditto	...	Translator, High Court.
248	Syama Charan	Watgunge	35, Ram Kamal Mukherjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Dockyard.
249	Surjee Kumar	Tollygunge, Police.	Maheshola	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
250	Surro Nath	Habra	Gobardanga	...	ditto	...	Trader.
251	Surendro Nath	Bhawanipur	Kalighat Road	...	ditto	...	Supervisor, Calcutta Corporation.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race	Quality or business.
	Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
B				
253 Banerjee, Tarak Dass	...	Ghoshpur	Hindu	Landholder.
253 " Thacoar Dass	Baduria	...	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's Office.
254 " Trailakya Nath	Baranagore	...	ditto	Landlord.
255 " Trailakya Nath	Basirhat	...	ditto	Clerk, Army Clothing Agency.
256 " Upendra Krishna	Alipore	...	ditto	Editor.
257 " Upendra Nath, M.A.	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	School Master, Government School, North Baranagore.
258 " Wooma Charan	Baranagore	...	ditto	Government pensioner.
259 " Umesh Chunder	Khardah	...	ditto	ditto.
260 Bhaduri, Shib Chandra	Cossipore	...	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's Office.
261 Bhattacharjee, Abinash Chunder.	Sonarpur	...	ditto	Superintendent, Albert College.
263 " Abinash Chandra.	Naihati	...	ditto	Clerk, E. B. S. Railway, Naihati.
263 " Ambika Charan	Cossipore	...	ditto	Tradesman.
264 " Basanto Kumar	Sonarpur	...	ditto	Clerk, P. W. Department.
265 " Basanto Kumar, B.A.	ditto	...	ditto	Contractor.
266 " Beharilal	Naihati	...	ditto	Clerk, Office of Examiner of Accounts, E B S Railway.
267 " Binode Behari	ditto	...	ditto	Pandit, Asiatic Society, Bengal.
268 " Bepin Behari	ditto	...	ditto	Teacher, Training Academy, Chinsura.
269 " Bepin Behari	Sonarpur	...	ditto	do., Hornnavi A S School.
270 " Bhut Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	Pandit.
271 " Dino Bandhu	Sonarpur	...	ditto	Landlord.
272 " Dasarathi, B.A.	Naihati	...	ditto	Clerk, Statistical Department.
273 " Gopal Chunder	Baduria	...	ditto	Other.
274 " Gouri Pati	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	Clerk, Government Office.
275 " Girja Bhuson	Naihati	...	ditto	Government servant.
276 " Haripoddo, M.A.	Baranagore	...	ditto	Chemist, Cossipore Gun Foundry.
277 " Haripoddo	Naihati	...	ditto	Trader.
278 " Jadu Nath	Sonarpur	...	ditto	Clerk, High Court.
279 " Jadu Nath	Baduria	...	ditto	Landlord.
280 " Jogendra Nath	Sonarpur	...	ditto	Clerk, Public Works Department, Bengal.
281 " Jogendra Nath	Naihati	...	ditto	Head Clerk, Signal Engineer's Office, E B S Railway, Calcutta.
282 " Khetra Nath	Naihati	...	ditto	Clerk, Alliance Mill, Jaggodal.
283 " Kailash Chandra.	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	School Pandit.

284	"	Kali Krishna (Pandit).	Sonarpur	...	Harinavi	...	ditto	...	Professor, Metropolitan Institution.
285	"	Kashiswar ...	Bhawanipur	...	29, Jelliapara	...	ditto	...	Assistant Towji Navis, 24-Parganas Col- lectorate.
286	"	Kedar Nath ...	Intally	...	24, Padmapukur Lane	...	ditto	...	Record-keeper, Collector's Office, Calcutta.
287	"	Keshab Chan- dra.	Waugunge	...	5-1, Gangadhar Banerjee's Lane	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
288	"	Kumud Chun- dra.	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	...	Pandit, Calcutta Gupto Press.
289	"	Kunja Lal ...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Head Pandit, Hooghly Branch School.
290	"	Lal Behari ...	ditto	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Loco. Office, E B S Railway, Kanchrapara.
291	"	Lalit Mohan ...	ditto	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Bhatpara School.
292	"	Lalit Mohan ...	Sonarpur	...	Rajpur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Accountant-General's Office.
293	"	Mohadev Chan- dra.	Naihati	...	Khashbati, Halishabar	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
294	"	Mohanundo ...	Baduria	...	Pura	...	ditto	...	Other.
295	"	Mohendro Nath	Basirhat	...	Dhulchita	...	ditto	...	School-master, Basirhat H. C. English School.
296	"	Nilmadhuh ...	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
297	"	Nibaran Chun- der.	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Sub-Editor, Education Gazette.
298	"	Nogendra Nath	ditto	...	Sibargoli, Halishabar	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Municipal Office.
299	"	Purno Chunder	Sonarpur	...	Harinavi	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Jessop & Co.
300	"	Pran Krishna	Baniapukur	...	29, Jannagore Road	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
301	"	Raj Kumar ...	Tollygunge, Police.	...	Barisa	...	ditto	...	Clerk, United Service Club.
302	"	Rajani Kanta	Tollygunge, Subar- ban Police, Cal- cutta.	...	77, Hazra Road	...	ditto	...	Assistant Assessor, Calcutta Municipality.
303	"	Rajani Kanta	Baduria	...	Arbelia	...	ditto	...	Pandit, L. M. School, Baduria.
304	"	Rajendro Nath	Khardah	...	Sukehor	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Attorney's Office.
305	"	Ram Gopal ...	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
306	"	Rampran ...	Sonarpur	...	Rajpur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Sanitary Board.
307	"	Ram Prosanna	Naihati	...	Katalpara	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
308	"	Rajendro Nath	Sonarpore	...	Kodalia	...	ditto	...	Landlord and Municipal Commissioner.
309	"	Ram Lal ...	Baranagore	...	Bonhugli	...	ditto	...	Retired Government servant.
310	"	Sashadhar ...	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
311	"	Shama Charan	Sonarpur	...	Harinavi	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Agra Bank.
312	"	Shib Chandra	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Punchanagram (Tansi Navis).
313	"	Sidheswar ...	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Konnagar School.
314	"		do.	...	Kantalpara	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Loco. Office, E. B. S. Railway, Kanchrapara.
315	"	Sita Nath ...	Mograhat	...	Enathpur	...	ditto	...	Landowner.
316	"	Shoes Bhusan	Waugunge	...	43, Monabatalla Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.

353	"	Ambika Charan	...	Baduria	...	Khorgaun	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
354	"	Anantlal	...	Baliaghatta	...	Garpur	...	ditto	...	Overseer, Manicktola Municipality.
355	"	Anukul Chandra, M.A.	...	Joynagar	...	Mazipur, Boespara Lane	...	ditto	...	Graduate.
356	"	Apurbo Chunder	...	Baliaghatta	...	Kalitara Bose's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Octavius Steel & Co.
357	"	Bama Churn	...	Bhawanipur	...	40-1, Chaulputty Road	...	ditto	...	do., Agra Bank.
358	"	Bama Churn	...	Diamond Harbour	...	Sarisha	...	ditto	...	do., Munsif's Court.
359	"	Benode Behary	...	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Barisa	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
360	"	Bipin Behary	...	Sonarpur	...	Rajpur	...	ditto	...	ditto.
361	"	Behari Lal	...	Hasainabad	...	Taki	...	ditto	...	Private servant.
362	"	Behari Lal	...	Baniapukur	...	65, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Servant of private firm.
363	"	Bejoy Krishna, B.A.	...	Watgunge	...	22, Sastitolla Road	...	ditto	...	Teacher.
364	"	Bhupati Charn	...	ditto	...	Monahatola	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Dockyard.
365	"	Bhuban Mohon	...	Baduria	...	Peerah	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
366	"	Bidhu Bhosun	...	Alipore	...	Chetlabat Road	...	ditto	...	Broker.
367	"	Bosonto Kumar	...	Diamond Harbour	...	Kamarpole	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
368	"	Bhut Nath	...	Baliaghatta	...	Talpurkur Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Surah Jute Mill.
369	"	Brojo Mohon	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	do., Small Cause Court, Calcutta.
370	"	Brojendra Coomer	...	Sonarpur	...	91A, Narkuldanga N. Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
371	"	Charu Chunder	...	Bhawanipur	...	Harinavi	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
372	"	Chandi Charn	...	Ultadanga	...	18, Gobindo Prosad Bose's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
373	"	Durga Prosanna	...	Barasat	...	4, Mohun Lal Mitter's Lane	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
374	"	Ganendra Nath	...	Bhawanipur	...	Bamonmura	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
375	"	Gopal Chandra	...	Cossipore	...	47, Boloram Bose's 1st Lane	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
376	"	Gopal Chandra	...	Tollygunge	...	Cossipore	...	ditto	...	Private individual.
377	"	Gobindo Chandra, B.A.	...	Diamond Harbour	...	92, Hazra Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
378	"	Gopal Chandra	...	Bhawanipur	...	Sorisa	...	ditto	...	Head-master, Sorisa School.
379	"	Guru Das	...	ditto	...	22, Gobindo Bose's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
380	"	Haripada	...	Cossipore	...	Mullick's Lane	...	ditto	...	2nd Teacher, South Suburban School.
381	"	Hariprasad	...	Ultadanga	...	Shama Churn Moitra's Lane	...	ditto	...	Private individual.
382	"	Haridas	...	Habra	...	18, Jadu Nath Mitter's Lane	...	ditto	...	Manager, Star Theatre (servant of private firm).
383	"	Haridas	...	Naihati	...	Baliany	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
384	"	Haridas	...	Baliaghatta	...	Baruipara, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Ernsthansen & Co., Calcutta.
385	"	Kartio Chandra	...	ditto	...	Churrukdanga Road	...	ditto	...	Timber Merchant.
386	"	Kisto Kisoro	...	Watgunge	...	39, Kankurgachhi Road	...	ditto	...	Supervisor, Calcutta Municipal Corporation, District No. 1.
387	"	Jagendra Nath	...	Mograbhat	...	Padmapukur West Lane	...	ditto	...	Other.
388	"	Jadu Nath	...	Basarhat	...	Usti	...	ditto	...	Landowner.
389	"	Jadu Nath	...	Nowpara	...	Sainpala	...	ditto	...	ditto.
390	"	Jadu Nath	...	Alipur	...	Garulia	...	ditto	...	ditto.
391	"	Jadu Nath	...	Baliaghatta	...	Bridge Road	...	ditto	...	Pensioner (Retired Police Officer).
392	"	Jogendra Nath	...	Naihati	...	Sastitolla Road	...	ditto	...	Retired Sub-Engineer.
393	"	Jogendra Nath	...	...	...	Kona, Halishahar	...	ditto	...	Landholder.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or business.
	Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
B				
394 Bose, Jogesh Chunder	Balliaghatta	Kalitara Bose's Lane	Hindu	Clerk, Government office.
395 " Jogendra Nath	Basirhat	Sankohura	ditto	Landlord.
396 " Kartick Chandra	Chitpur	Nriya Gopal Chatterjee's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.
397 " Kali Nath	Baduria	Arbelia	ditto	Servant of private individual.
398 " Kali Krishna	Intally	Chingrihatta Road	ditto	Landowner.
399 " Kedar Nath	ditto	4, Ananda Gopal Palit's Lane	ditto	Godown Sircar (Merchant's office).
400 " Khirode Krishno	Balliaghatta	Hurumohon Ghose's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.
401 " Khagendra Nath	Bhawanipur	56, Chaulputty Road	ditto	do., Bengal Secretariat, Judicial Dept.
402 " Khetter Nath	Balliaghatta	Charukdanga Road, Peary Mohan Sur's Garden.	ditto	do., Gladstone, Wyllie & Co.
403 " Kumed Kumar	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	do., Imperial Library.
404 " Makhan Lal	Baniapur	61, Baniapur Road	ditto	Trader.
405 " Mohendra Nath	Joyanagar	Baharoo	ditto	Zamindar.
406 " Mohendra Nath	Barasat	Moheswarpur	ditto	Government pensioner.
407 " Mohendra Nath	Balliaghatta	Charukdanga Road	ditto	Landholder.
408 " Manmatho Nath, B.L.	Mograbhat	Gokorni	ditto	Clerk, Government office.
409 " Nafar Chandra	Chitpore	Khelat Babu's Lane	ditto	Zamindar's servant.
410 " Nitta Gopal	Kulpi	Ghateswara	ditto	Landowner.
411 " Nitai Krishno	Khardah	Khardah	ditto	Government servant.
412 " Nagendra Nath	Bhawanipur	83, Sambhu Nath Pandit's Street	ditto	Clerk, Inspector-General's office.
413 " Naran Chunder	Waugunge	3-1, Tarafdar's Tank 2nd Lane	ditto	do., Macneill & Co.'s yard.
414 " Nongendra Coomar	Baduria	Arbelia	ditto	Landholder.
415 " Norendra Nath	Manioktolla	Begumari Road	ditto	Merchant.
416 " Nuffer Chandra	Waugunge	83, Monshatolla Lane	ditto	Contractor.
417 " Nuffer Chandra	ditto	Gopal Kisto Ghose's Lane	ditto	Clerk.
418 " Okhoy Coomar	Bhawanipur	11, Jalispara Road	ditto	do., High Court.
419 " Pulin Behary	Barasat	Barasat	ditto	Government servant.
420 " Panchanan	Mograbhat	Hansuri	ditto	Deputy Inspector of Schools.
421 " Rajendra Chandra	Manioktolla	67, Bahir Simla Road	ditto	Clerk, Accountant-General's office (Government servant).
422 " Ram Chandra	Naihati	Chaudhuri para, Halishahar	ditto	Teacher, Free Church Institution, Chinsura.
423 " Ram Krishna	Baduria	Arbelia	ditto	Servant of private individual.
424 " Rama Nath	Intally	32, Anando Gopal Palit's Road	ditto	Clerk.
425 " Radha Raman	Baduria	Arbelia	ditto	Zamindar.
426 " Rajendra Nath	ditto	ditto	ditto	Servant of private firm.
427 " Sat Cowry	Baranagore	Mothura Nath Choudhury's Street	ditto	Clerk.
428 " Sachadhar	Waugunge	83, Monshatolla	ditto	Contractor.
429 " Sabibhusan	Kulpi	Daria	ditto	Landowner.
430 " Syama Charan	Bhawanipur	2, Govindo Bose's Lane	ditto	Independent gentleman.
431 " Surendra Kumar	Sonarpur	Chingripotta	ditto	Landholder.
432 " Surendra Nath	Balliaghatta	Charukdanga Road	ditto	Zamindar.

472	Chatterjee, B. C., Esquire	Ballyunge	16, Lansdowne Road	Retired Sub-Judge.	Christian
473	" Rama Charan	Nowpara	Nowpara	Government servant.	Hindu
474	" Bogola Charan	Watunge	11, Ram Komol Mukerjee's Street	Clerk.	ditto
475	" Bhola Nath	Bhawanipur	Chundra Nath Chatterjee's Lane	Supervisor, District IV, Corporation of Calcutta.	ditto
476	" Bhut Nath	Joyneagar	Durgapur	Naib Talukdar.	ditto
477	" Barada Charan	Watunge	11, Ram Komol Mukerjee's Street	Clerk.	ditto
478	" Bejoy Chandra	Barasat	Gustia	Landlord.	ditto
479	" Basanta Kumar	Watunge	20, Gurbari Road	Clerk.	ditto
480	" Bhogobuti Charan	Baranagore	Belghoria, Mandolpara Road	do., Merchant's office.	ditto
481	" Boidya Nath, L.B.	ditto	Alambazar	Civil Engineer.	ditto
482	" Chandra Kumar	Tollyunge	80-2, Hazra Road	Overseer, Calcutta Corporation.	ditto
483	" Chuni Lal	Baniapukur	12, Banatollah Lane	Independent gentleman.	ditto
484	" Denu Nath	Bhowanipur	41, Chaulputty Road	Clerk.	ditto
485	" Debendra Nath	Dum-Dum	Nimta	do., Merchant's office.	ditto
486	" Gopal Chandra	Cossipore	3, Chasandhobapara	Clerk, High Court, Original Side (Government servant).	ditto
487	" Gopal Chandra	Naihati	Harunipara, Halishahar	Government pensioner.	ditto
488	" Gopal Chandra	Haliaghatta	Narkoldanga North Road	Pensioner.	ditto
489	" Girish Chandra	Bhawanipur	46, Jaliapara Road	ditto.	ditto
490	" Hari Charan	Baranagore	Ariadaha-Mukerjee's Road	Government servant.	ditto
491	" Hari Nath	Khardah	Panihati	Government pensioner.	ditto
492	" Hem Chandra	Dum-Dum	Kadihati	Landholder.	ditto
493	" Haran Chandra	Watunge	7, Ram Komol Mukherjee's Street	Clerk (Government servant).	ditto
494	" Haran Chandra	Bhawanipur	29, Padmapukur Road	do. (Government office).	ditto
495	" Harendra Nath	Watunge	9-13, Munahigunge Road	Merchant.	ditto
496	" Hari Das	Bhawanipur	3, Kundu's Road	Sariatadar, Munai's Court, Alipore.	ditto
497	" Hari Das	ditto	Beltola	Store-keeper, Zoological Garden.	ditto
498	" Hari Das	Baniapukur	12, Banstola Lane	Trader.	ditto
499	" Hari Das	Chitpur	Barrackpore Trunk Road	Nursery-man.	ditto
500	" Hira Lal	Bhawanipur	4-3, Gobinda Ghosal's Lane	Clerk, Ordnance of Military Accounts.	ditto
501	" Jadu Madhab	Barasat	Barasat	Landlord.	ditto
502	" Jadu Nath	Nawabgunge	Nawabgunge	Pensioner.	ditto
503	" Jadu Nath	Bhawanipur	8, Peepulputty Branch Lane	Clerk.	ditto
504	" Jagannath	Bischoipur	Ram Chandrapur	Landholder.	ditto
505	" Jiban Krishna	Tollyunge, Bengal Police.	Dhakuria, Brahmanpara	Clerk, Examiner's office, P.B.S. Railway.	ditto
506	" Jogendra Nath	Chitpur	Khelat Ghose's Lane	Clerk, E.B.S. Railway.	ditto
507	" Jogendra Nath	Baduria	Collinga	Zamindar.	ditto
508	" Jogendra Nath	Naihati	Chowdhripara, Halishahar	Clerk, Loco Supdt.'s office, E.B.S. Railway, Kanchnapara.	ditto

509	"	Jyotish Chandra ...	ditto	...	Kantapara	...	ditto	...	Police Inspector (retired).
510	"	Kanai Lal	Baranagore	...	Dakshineswar-Bachaspatipara Road	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
511	"	Kanai Lal	ditto	...	Hedger's Road, North Baranagore	...	ditto	...	Stock-broker.
512	"	Kanai Lal	Chitpur	...	Bonomali Chatterjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
513	"	Kali Prasanna	ditto	...	Ranee's Road	...	ditto	...	Private Secretary, Paikpara Raja.
514	"	Kali Kissen	Bhawanipur	...	12, Roop Chand Mukherjee's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
515	"	Kali Prasauna	ditto	...	20, Balaram Bose's Ghat Road	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
516	"	Kali Nath	Khardah	...	Sodepur	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
517	"	Kali Prasanna	Nawabgunge	...	Ichapur	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
518	"	Kali Prasanna	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
519	"	Keshab Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	35, Padmapukur Road	...	ditto	...	Kabiraj.
520	"	Keshab Lal	ditto	...	46, Jalispara Road	...	ditto	...	Overseer.
521	"	Khetra Chandra	Baliaghatta	...	Garpar	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
522	"	Kristo Dhan	Bhawanipur	...	46, Jalispara Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.
523	"	Kisori Mohan	Baranagore	...	Belgharia Feeder Road	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
524	"	Kirti Chunder	Chitpur	...	Lala Babu's Lane	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
525	"	Kunja Behari	Budge-Budge	...	Chuckmanick	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
526	"	Kunja Behari	Barnsat	...	Ridaypur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Accountant-General, Bengal's Officer.
527	"	Lakshman Chandra	Tollygunge	...	Modally	...	ditto	...	do., Lower Hooghly Mills.
528	"	Lokh Nath	ditto	...	26, Nukuleshwar Bhattacharjee's Lane...	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
529	"	Lokh Nath	Baranagore	...	Areadaha Mohadeb Ghosal's Road	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
530	"	Metab Chandra	Baliaghatta	...	Raja Rajendra Lal Mitter's Road	...	ditto	...	Broker.
531	"	Mobesh Chandra...	Nawabgunge	...	Ichapur	...	ditto	...	Municipal Commissioner.
532	"	Monmohan	Watgunge	...	Orphanage Road	...	ditto	...	Tradesman
533	"	Mahadeb	Kharda	...	Panihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, office of Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.
534	"	Mothura Nath	Baduria	...	Baduria	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
535	"	Mohendra Lal	Nawabgunge	...	Ichapur	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
536	"	Nibaran Chandra...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Moheshtola	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
537	"	Nibaran Chandra...	ditto	...	Behala	...	ditto	...	Conservancy Inspector, South Suburban Municipality.
538	"	Nibaran Chandra...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
539	"	Narain Chandra ...	Magrahat	...	Ektara	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
540	"	Niratan	Baranagore	...	Belgharia	...	ditto	...	Cashier to the estate of the late Maharaja Gobinda Lal.
541	"	Nalin Behari	Baniapur	...	77, Linton Street	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
542	"	Nabin Krishna, B.A.	Baranagore	...	North Baranagore	...	ditto	...	Private School-master.
543	"	Peary Lal	Baniapur	...	12, Banstella Lane	...	ditto	...	Trader.
544	"	Prasanna Kumar...	Alipore	...	19, Chetla Road	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
545	"	Polin Behary	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Behala	...	ditto	...	Overseer, South Suburban Municipality.
546	"	Radha Nath	Kharda	...	Sodepore	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
547	"	Raj Coomar, B.A.	Baranagore	...	Ariadah	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
548	"	Rajendra Nath	Basirhat	...	Kachua	...	ditto	...	Ganfidar.

PLACES OF ABODE.
 Name. Village, road, or street.

Quality or business.

Race.

C

549	Chatterjee, Rajoni Kanto	Chitpur	Paikpara, Simlaipara Road	...	Hindu	Servant of Paikpara Estate.
550	" Ram Chandra	Baniapukur	12, Banstolla Lane	...	ditto	Trader.
551	" Rangalal	ditto	ditto	...	ditto	Municipal servant.
552	" Romesh Chandra	Tollygunge	91, Hazra Road, Beltolla	...	ditto	Clerk.
553	" S. O. Esq.	Bhawanipore	16, Lansdowne Road	...	Christian	Accountant, Corporation, Calcutta.
554	" Sarada Prosad	Baliaghata	Narkoldanga Main Road	...	Hindu	Florist.
555	" Sarat Chunder	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	3, Mission Row, Calcutta	...	ditto	Clerk.
556	" Sarat Chandra	Khardah	Sukchar	...	ditto	Trader.
557	" Sada Nando	Barrackpore	Manirampur	...	ditto	Zamindar.
558	" Saroda Charan	Ballygunge	14, Beniapara Lane, Beltolla	...	ditto	Clerk, Government office, Statistical Department.
559	" Shasi Bhusan	Chitpur	Talla	...	ditto	Head Clerk, Gun Foundry.
560	" Siddeswar	Naihati	Naihati	...	ditto	Clerk, Naihati Railway Station.
561	" Sib Chandra	Baliaghata	Narkoldanga Main Road	...	ditto	Florist.
562	" Sree Mohan	Tollygunge	10, Shahanagar Lane	...	ditto	Superintendent, Kalighat School.
563	" Sree Krishto	Bhawanipur	Beltolla Road	...	ditto	Translator, High Court.
564	" Surendra Nath	Baniapukur	13-1, Cantopher's Lane	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
565	" Tarini Charan	Watgunge	11, Gangadhar Banerjee's Lane	...	ditto	Teacher.
566	" Tarak Nath	Bhawanipur	Boloram Bose's Ghat Road	...	ditto	Clerk.
567	" Thakurdas	Baranagore	Kutighata Road	...	ditto	Government pensioner.
568	" Upendra Nath	Sonarpur	Pithari Ghat Road, Kamarhati	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
569	" Upendra Nath	Tollygunge	Mahinagore	...	ditto	School-master.
570	" Upendra Nath	Baniapukur	79, Hazra Road	...	ditto	Contractor.
571	Chatterjee, Adhar Chandra	Alipore	77, Linton Street	...	ditto	Government pensioner.
572	" Ahutosh	Sonarpur	7-2, Mayerpur Road	...	ditto	Clerk, Army Clothing Agency.
573	" Ahutosh	Baliaghata	Rajpur	...	ditto	do., J. Thomas & Co., Calcutta.
574	" Bama Charan,	Sonarpur	Narkoldanga Main Road	...	ditto	do., Custom House.
575	" M.A.	Sonarpur	Kumrabad	...	ditto	Teacher, Harinavi A. S. School.
576	" Bankim Chandra	Mograbhat	Bishtupore	...	ditto	Landholder.
577	" Behari Lal	Cossipur	Chandra Kumar Roy's Lane	...	ditto	Clerk, Small Cause Court.
578	" Bhoopendra	Sonarpur	Chingripotta	...	ditto	Landholder.
579	" Bidhubhusan	ditto	Rajpur	...	ditto	Trader.
580	" Bishnu Charan	Naihati	Authpore	...	ditto	do.
581	" Dano Nath	Cossipore	Radha Mohon Dey's Lane	...	ditto	Clerk (servant of a Company).
582	" Din Taran	Joyanagar	Barasat	...	ditto	Landholder.
583	" Harihar Chandra	Bhawanipur	Kalighat-Tollygunge Road	...	ditto	Muharrir, Munsif's Court, Alipore.
584	" Harro Oommar	Naihati	Ram Sitar Gali, Halishahar	...	ditto	Zamindar.
585	" Harokally	Diamond Harbour	Majergawn	...	ditto	Government pensioner.

586	"	Kali Kumar	Tollygunge	Tollygunge Road	...	ditto	Manager, Mandal's Estate.
587	"	Kali Das	Barasat	Gopalpur	...	ditto	Money-lender.
588	"	Kali Nath	Baranagore	Sreenath Chuckerbutty's Lane, Bon	...	ditto	Sadar mate, Merchant's office.
589	"	Kapali Charan	Naihati	Hooghly.	...	ditto	School-master.
590	"	Nil Kamal	Sonarpur	Bhatpara	...	ditto	Chakdar.
591	"	Nritya Gopal	Kalta	Nagulbaria	...	ditto	Landholder.
592	"	Nobis Chandra	Naihati	Matikpur	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
593	"	Peary Mohan	Barasat	Naihati	...	ditto	Landholder.
594	"	Prasanno Ku-	Naopara	Gopalpur	...	ditto	ditto.
	"	mar.		Garulia	...		
595	"	Preo Nath	Diamond Harbour	Netra	...	ditto	Landowner.
596	"	Rm Sarbaswar	Sonarpur	Hariuavi	...	ditto	Clerk, National Bank.
597	"	Ramabi Mohan	Watgunge	9, Circular Garden Reach Road	...	ditto	Tradesman.
598	"	Rama Nath	Cossipore	Radha Mohon Dey's Lane	...	ditto	Broker.
599	"	Sarat Chandra	Naihati	Naihati	...	ditto	Clerk, Transoffice, E. B. S. Railway, Naihati.
600	"	Satkori	Cossipore	Radha Mohan Dey's Lane	...	ditto	Clerk, Messrs. Ralli Brothers' Jute Works, Cossipore.
601	"	Shoshi Bhushan	Basirhat	Tantra	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
602	"	Shoshi Bhushan	Sonarpur	Rajpur	...	ditto	Teacher, Hariuavi A. S. School.
603	"	Shoshi Bhushan	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Sursoona	...	ditto	Head Clerk and Accountant, Garden Reach Municipality.
604	"	Upendra Kumar	Kulpi	Ghateswara	...	ditto	Landowner.
605	Chandra, Beni Madhab	Watgunge	...	8, Sastitola Road	...	ditto	Clerk.
606	"	Kailash Chandra	Ekbalpur	Mominpur Gali	...	ditto	do., Government Printing office.
607	"	Peary Mohon	Chitpore	Lockgate Road	...	ditto	Tradesman.
608	"	Fakir Chand	Baniapukur	Dehi Serampur Road	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
609	"	Gopal Chunder	ditto	34-7, ditto	...	ditto	Government pensioner.
610	"	Lal Behari	ditto	87, Linton Street	...	ditto	Trader
611	"	Rakhal Chandra	ditto	87, ditto	...	ditto	Clerk (Government servant).
612	"	Sashi Bhushan	ditto	81, Linton Street	...	ditto	Servant in private company.
613	"	Dalal, Hari Mohan	Utkadanga	Utkadanga Road	...	ditto	Trader.
614	"	Rajendra Nath	ditto	8, Bhairab Mookerjee's Lane	...	ditto	Merchant.
615	"	Abinash Chandra	Intally	Police Hospital Road	...	ditto	Tradesman.
616	"	Abinash Chandra	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Mudially	...	ditto	Clerk, Income-tax Collector's office, Calcutta.
617	"	Amrita Lall	Baniapukur	13, Baniapara Lane	...	ditto	Servant of private firm.
618	"	Andhor Chandra	Intally	Palmer Bazar Road	...	ditto	Government servant.
619	"	Audhor Chandra	Naihati	Kankinara	...	ditto	Contractor.
620	"	Basanta Coomar	Cossipore	Rutton Baboo's Road	...	ditto	Clerk, Calcutta Corporation.
621	"	Bedru Lall	Baniapukur	12, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	do., P. W. Department, Bengal.
622	"	Behari Lall	Diamond Harbour	Diamond Harbour	...	ditto	Sarishtadar, Diamond Harbour Munsif's Court.
623	"	Beni Madhab	Baniapukur	42, Baniapukur Lane	...	ditto	Tradesman.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		RELIGION.	QUALITY OF BUSINESS.
	Town.	Village, road, or street.		
D				
621 Dasa, Bepin Behari	Uttadanga	4, Nikashipara Lane	Hindu	Servant in private firm.
622 " Bijoy Keesub	Baruipur	Baruipur	ditto	Landlord.
623 " Bhuvan Mohan	Intally	Police Hospital Road	ditto	Clerk (servant in private company).
624 " Bankim Behari	Bhowanipur	16, Pran Nath Pandit's Street	ditto	Gentleman.
625 " Chandi Charan	Baniapukur	13, Baniapara Lane	ditto	Servant in private firm.
626 " Chuni Lal	ditto	25, Jannagore 1st Lane	ditto	Government servant.
627 " Chunder Kanto	Chitpur	Lockgate Road	ditto	Lock manufacturer.
628 " Dwarkanath	Kharidah	Kubirpara	ditto	Government pensioner.
629 " Gagan Chandra	Intally	82, South Road	ditto	Accountant, East Indian Railway.
630 " Gopal Chandra	Tollygunge	Nocoolaswar Bhattacharjee's Lane	ditto	Clerk.
631 " Gopal Chunder	Maucktolla	5, Badridass' Temple Lane	ditto	Clerk (Government Consulting Engineer's office, Railway Buildings).
632 " G. C. (Rev.)	Intally	South Road, Intally	Christian	Landowner.
633 " Gosta Behari	Baniapukur	13, Baniapara Lane	Hindu	Government servant.
634 " Hari Charan	Cossipore	South Sinhi Road	ditto	Jeweller.
635 " Haro Chandra	Intally	16, Police Hospital Road	ditto	Clerk.
636 " Haran Chandra	Baliaghatta	Kalitara Bose's Lane	ditto	do.
637 " Hem Chandra	Bhowanipur	27, Chaulputty Road	ditto	do., Accountant-General's office.
638 " Hem Chandra	Chitpur	Lockgate Road	ditto	Lock manufacturer.
639 " Hemanta Kumar	Fulta	Kotaldanga	ditto	Landowner.
640 " Hiralal	Baniapukur	25, Jannagore 1st Lane	ditto	Government servant.
641 " Jadu Nath	Baliaghatta	Charukdanga Lane	ditto	Clerk, E B S Railway.
642 " Jadu Nath	Sonarpur	Harinavi	ditto	Accountant, George Henderson.
643 " Kalipado	Chitpur	Ranee's Road	ditto	Independent gentleman.
644 " Kedar Nath	Bhowanipur	25, Jelliapara Lane	ditto	Pensioner.
645 " Kali Charan	Baniapukur	43, Baniapukur Lane	ditto	Servant in private firm.
646 " Keshab Chandra	Baruipur	Baruipur	ditto	Landlord.
647 " Krishnalal	Chitpur	Lockgate Road	ditto	Lock manufacturer.
648 " Krishna Dhone	Tollygunge, Bengal	Dhakuria	ditto	Head-master, Dhakuria Middle School.
649 " Mohendra Nath	Police.			
650 " Moni Mohan	Intally	72, Anando Gopal Palit's Lane	ditto	Clerk.
651 " Moti Lal	Baniapukur	30, Gobra Road, South	ditto	Government servant.
652 " Moti Lal	Baranagore	Kolupara	ditto	Other.
653 " Narayan Chandra	Watgungo	84, Diamond Harbour Road	ditto	Clerk, E I Railway.
654 " Narendranath	Baniapukur	24, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Government servant.
655 " Nagendra Nath	Intally	Police Hospital Road	ditto	Zamindar.
656 " Nitya Lal	do.	26, Police Hospital Road	ditto	Shopkeeper.
657 " Preet Nath	Baniapukur	25, Jannagore 1st Lane	ditto	Clerk (Government servant).
658 " Raj Kumar	Naihati	Pizpore (Halishahar)	ditto	Draftsman, Loco. Department, Kanchrapara, E B S Railway.
659 " " "	Baniapukur	67, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Clerk, E I Railway, Agent's office.

662	"	Rajendra Nath	Oossipore	Ratan Babu's Road	ditto	Municipal pensioner.
663	"	Sarat Chandra	Naihati	Baruipara Halishahar	ditto	Teacher, Halishahar H. O. H. School.
664	"	Shib Chandra	Baranagar	Kolupara	ditto	School-master.
665	"	Shashi Bhushan	Budge-Budge	Sempukur	ditto	Servant, Budge-Budge Jute Mills.
666	"	Shyama Charan	Nawpara	Garulia	ditto	Clerk.
667	"	Shyamapada	Baniapukur	58, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Independent gentleman.
668	"	Surendra Nath	Oossipore	Buttan Baboo's Road	ditto	Municipal servant, License Office, Calcutta Corporation.
669	"	Toolshi Charan	Baniapukur	Christopher's Lane	ditto	Government servant.
670	"	Tara Pade	ditto	58, Baniapukur Road	ditto	ditto.
671	"	Uddhob Chandra	Naihati	Kankinara	ditto	Head Pandit, Calcutta Model School.
672	"	Upendra Nath	Chitpur	Oossipore Road	ditto	Lock manufacturer.
673	Dawn,	Bishnu Pade	Baniapukur	7, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Servant of a private firm.
674	"	Probodh Chandra	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
675	Dey,	Anadi Nath	Baliaghatta	Omdarej's Lane	ditto	Merchant.
676	"	Bireswar	Barrackpore	Mouirampur	ditto	Clerk.
677	"	Chandi Charan	Garden Reach	Circular Garden Reach Road	ditto	Clerk, North-West Soap Company, Limited.
678	"	Chander Nath	Baliaghatta	5-16, Charukdanga Road	ditto	Inspector of Taxes, Calcutta Corporation.
679	"	Chanderi Charan	Wat-gunge	83, Monahatolla Lane	ditto	School-master.
680	"	Ganopaty	Baniapukur	57, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Trader.
681	"	Hari Naran	Oossipore	Ratan Baboo's Road	ditto	Government servant, Board of Revenue.
682	"	Hari Pade	Baniapukur	55, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Municipal servant.
683	"	Hari Charan	Naihati	1, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Clerk, E B S Railway, Sealdah.
684	"	Jogendra Nath	Baniapukur	48, ditto	ditto	Clerk (Government servant).
685	"	Jogendra Nath	ditto	4, Tarafdar's Tank, 2nd Lane	ditto	School-master (Government servant).
686	"	Kasiputti	Watgunge	Sasitolla	ditto	Clerk, Calcutta Small Cause Court.
687	"	Kartio Chandra	Tollygunge,	Barisa	ditto	Government pensioner.
688	"	Kedar Nath	Police.	57-1, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Servant of a private individual.
689	"	Kedar Nath	Baniapukur	11, Baniapara Lane	ditto	Trader.
690	"	Khetira Mohan	ditto	24, ditto	ditto	Servant of a private firm.
691	"	Kunja Behari	ditto	Shyama Charan Moitra's Lane	ditto	Merchant.
692	"	Lalit Mohan	Oossipur	Debi Intally	ditto	Zamindar.
693	"	Mohendra Nath	Intally	7, Baniapukur Lane	ditto	Trader.
694	"	Mohendra Lal	Baniapukur	62, Padmapukur Road	ditto	do.
695	"	Narayan Das	Bhowanipore	Bizpur	ditto	Clerk, Loco. Supdt.'s Office, E B S Railway, Kanchrapara.
696	"	Nikunja Behari	Naihati	1, Tangra Road	ditto	Merchant.
697	"	Nobokishor	Intally	16, Chuckerbere Lane	ditto	Gomasta in the Estate of the Maharaja of Cooh Behar.
698	"	Nogendra Nath	Ballygunge	Bazarpara, Halishahar	ditto	Landholder.
699	"	Peary Mohan, B.A.	Naihati	Gaipur	ditto	Servant of a private firm.
700	"	Patiram	Habra	Baliaghatta Road	ditto	Clerk, E B S Railway, Manager's Office.
701	"	Purna Chunder	Baliaghatta	4, Tarafdar's Tank, 2nd Lane	ditto	Teacher (Government servant).
702	"	Ramaputty	Watgunge	21, Baniapara Lane	ditto	Trader.
703	"	Riday Chandra	Baniapukur		ditto	

NAME			PLACE OF ABODE		RELIGION	QUALITY OF BUSINESS
			Village, road or street	Dist.		
704	Doy, Seth Lal	...	...	...	Hindu	Trader.
705	" Saldindro Nath	...	8, Tanti Bagan Road	...	...	Independent gentleman.
706	" Satish Chandra	...	57-1, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	ditto.
707	" Siddeshwar, M.A.	...	Kundoo's Lane	...	ditto	Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Preside Division.
708	" Shoresch Chandra	...	...	...	ditto	Servant of a private individual.
709	" Seriah Chandra	...	10, Baniapukur Road	...	Christian	Clerk, St. John's Church.
710	" Surjya Coomhar	...	76-1, Linton Street	...	Hindu	Government servant.
711	" Tarak Nath	...	8, Tanti Bagan Road	...	ditto	Trader.
712	" Tooli Charan	...	6, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	Servant of a private individual.
713	" Atool Kristo	...	Canal West Road	...	ditto	Landlord and Merchant.
714	" Ashutosh	...	Pura	...	ditto	Landlord.
715	" Ambika Churn	...	Barisa	...	ditto	Clerk (Government office).
716	" Amode Nath	...	Baruipur	...	ditto	Landlord.
717	" Amoy Kissen	...	Masilpur	...	ditto	Zamindar.
718	" Becharan	...	101, Kurrya Road	...	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's Office.
719	" Bidht Bhusan, M.A.	...	Masilpur	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
720	" Bejoy Lal	...	23-3, Chuckerbere Road, South	...	ditto	Assistant Supt., Zoological Garden.
721	" Bejoy Lal	...	Arbelia	...	ditto	Government servant.
722	" Benoy Krishna	...	Masilpur	...	ditto	Zamindar.
723	" Bepin Krishna	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto.
724	" Benode Behari	...	Khelat Baboo's Lane	...	ditto	Merchant.
725	" Balkanto Nath	...	Gurpar	...	ditto	Broker.
726	" Charu Chandra	...	Baripur	...	ditto	Contractor.
727	" Deb Prasad	...	Masilpur	...	ditto	Clerk.
728	" Gopal Chander	...	16, Sankatipara Road	...	ditto	do., Accountant-General's Office.
729	" Gopal Chunder	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	Pensioner.
730	" Girish Chunder	...	Barisa	...	ditto	Clerk, Government Office.
731	" Havigopal	...	40, Monabattala Lane	...	ditto	do., Bengal Secretariat Office.
732	" Hari Peda, B.A.	...	Dhapdhapi	...	ditto	Landholder.
733	" Jadh Nath	...	Baruipur	...	ditto	Tenure-holder.
734	" Jaitor Lal	...	Johar Lal Dutt's Lane	...	ditto	Clerk, Small Cases Court.
735	" Jagabhadra	...	7-1, Bicolbagan Road	...	ditto	Pensioner.
736	" Joy Gopal	...	Sainpala	...	ditto	Government Pensioner.
737	" Jagadish Nath	...	Khelat Babu's Lane	...	ditto	Clerk, E. B. S. Railway.
738	" Jagadish Narayan	...	Masilpur	...	ditto	Zamindar.
739	" Jankar	...	Baruipur	...	ditto	Contractor.
740	" Kedar Nath	...	G. O. Mookerjee's Lane	...	ditto	Transcriber.
741	" Kishorendra	...	Barisa	...	ditto	Clerk, Inspector-General of Jails Office.
742	" Kishorendra	...	Barisa	...	ditto	...

742	Kumud Chander	Nalhati	Kous Halishabar	Hinda	...	Clerk, Government of India Record Office, Calcutta.
743	Lalit Mohan	Baniapukur	22, Baniapara Lane	ditto	...	Municipal servant.
744	Mohesh Chandra	Intally	22, Dehi Intally Road	ditto	...	Zamindar.
745	Nanda Gopal	Joy Nagar	Masilpur	ditto	...	ditto
746	Narayan Chandra	Baranagore	Paramanik Ghat Road	ditto	...	Broker.
747	Nibaran Chandra	ditto	ditto	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Shell Factory, Coimbatore.
748	Paran Chandra	Baniapukur	36, Baniapukur Road	ditto	...	Tradesman.
749	Basik Chander	Baruipur	Masilpur	ditto	...	Tenant-holder.
750	Baman Krishna	Jay Nagar	Narkoldanga Main Road	ditto	...	Zamindar.
751	Raj Krishna	Baliaghata	101, Kurtya Road	ditto	...	Clerk, E B S Railway.
752	Saroda Prosad	Ballygunge	101, ditto	ditto	...	Assistant, Messrs. Phelps & Co.
753	Sitib Chandra	Joy Nagar	Masilpur	ditto	...	Pensioner.
754	Sidheswar	ditto	ditto	ditto	...	Zamindar.
755	Sarat Chandra	Hebra	Khantura	ditto	...	Trader.
756	Satish Chandra	Jay Nagar	Masilpur	ditto	...	Zamindar.
757	Surendra Nath	Tollygunge, Bengal	Baria	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
758	Surja Kumar	Police.	Gokorni	ditto	...	Landholder.
759	Taruk Nath	Mograhāt	19, Bacool Bagan Road	ditto	...	Pensioner.
760	Wootam Chandra	Bhawanipur	Mohita Road	ditto	...	Head Clerk, Graham's Depot, Budge-Budge.
761	Dhar, Pran Krissen	Budge-Budge	Feeder Road	ditto	...	Head Clerk, Messrs. Graham & Company.
762	Ramanath	ditto	...	...	...	...
G						
763	Gangooly, Aghore Nath	Tollygunge	16, Shahanagore Lane	ditto	...	Clerk, Municipal Office, Calcutta.
764	" Akhoy Coomer	Nalhati	Shibergully, Halishabar	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
765	" Bata Krishna	Bhawanipur	28, Iswar Ganguly's Lane, Kalighat	ditto	...	Clerk.
766	" Benode Bihary	Khaddah	Khaddah	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Printing, India.
767	" Beni Madhab	Magrahāt	Rungilabad	ditto	...	Landholder and Naib.
768	" Bejoy Chandra	Baduria	Baduria	ditto	...	Servant of private individual.
769	" Beni Madhab	Bhawanipur	6, Chaulputty Lane	ditto	...	Head-master, South Suburban School.
770	" Bhusean Chandra	Nalhati	Khasbatti, Halishabar	ditto	...	Clerk, Manager's Office, Calcutta, E B S Railway.
771	" Devendra Nath	Bhawanipur	1, Chuckerbere Road, South	ditto	...	Teacher, South Suburban School.
772	" Indu Prakash	Baniapukur	171, Lower Circular Road	ditto	...	Landlord.
773	" Jemini Prakash	ditto	171, ditto	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
774	" Jina Prakash	ditto	171, ditto	ditto	...	Servant of a private firm.
775	" Jolodhur	Nalhati	Ram Siter Gully, Halishabar	ditto	...	Zamindar.
776	" Jyoti Prakes	Baniapukur	171, Lower Circular Road	ditto	...	ditto
777	" Kamala Kanta	Alipore	Sabjibegan Lane, Chedla	ditto	...	Head Clerk, District Board.
778	" Kally Prosonno, B.A.	Nalhati	Khasbatti, Halishabar	ditto	...	Government servant (Teacher, Hare School, Calcutta).
779	" Khirendra Chandra	Baliyabatta	Garpar	ditto	...	Overseer.
780	" Khetter Mohan	Bhawanipur	28, Lower Ganguli's Lane	ditto	...	Translator, High Court.

NAME.		PLACE OF ABODE.		Village, road, or street.		Place.		Quality of business.	
G									
781	Gangooly, Khagendra Nath	...	Sonarpur	...	Alachi	...	Hindu	...	Clerk, Railway Department.
782	" Lal Mohan	...	Watgunge	...	8-1, Jagannath Siroor's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Government Dockyard.
783	" Mahon Lal	...	Bhowanipur	...	Hara Road	...	ditto	...	Sub-Assessor, Calcutta Corporation.
784	" Nabo Kumar	...	Baliaghatta	...	Baliaghatta Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's Office.
785	" Nabin Chandra	...	ditto	...	Rash Bagan Lane	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
786	" Nundo Lal	...	Bhawanipur	...	Padmapukur Lane	...	ditto	...	Jeweller, Gillanders & Co.
787	" Protap Chandra	...	Alipore	...	42, Chetla Road	...	ditto	...	Trader.
788	" Prasanna Kumar	...	Sonarpur	...	Rajpur	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
789	" Raj Kristo	...	Manicktolla	...	1, Baugnari Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Balli Brothers.
790	" Syamadhon	...	Khardah	...	Natagore	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Cook & Co.
791	" Sesti Charan	...	Baliaghatta	...	Narkoldanga Main Road	...	ditto	...	Balmer, Lawrie & Co.
792	" Surendra Nath	...	Alipore	...	Sabjibagan Lane	...	ditto	...	Ledger-keeper, Bank of Bengal.
793	" Surendra Nath	...	Khardah	...	Sodepore	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Office of Examiner of Commisariat Accounts.
794	Ghattach, Adiswar	...	Tollygunge	...	Chandra Kumar Mandal's Lane	...	ditto	...	Artist.
795	" Kartick Chandra	...	Uttadanga	...	Uttadanga Road	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
796	" Purno Chandra	...	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Dhobapara	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Lower Hooghly Jute Mill.
797	" Sreenath	...	Tollygunge	...	Nepal Bhattacharjee's Lane	...	ditto	...	Independent.
798	Ghosal, Behari Lal	...	Garden Reach	...	Sonai 3rd Lane	...	ditto	...	Teacher.
799	" Beni Madhab	...	Baliaghatta	...	Narkoldanga North Road	...	ditto	...	ditto.
800	" Coomar Satya Bhanoo	...	Watgunge	...	Bhukoylash	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
801	" Coomar Satya Hara	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
802	" Coomar Satya Dhyan	...	Ekbalpur	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
803	" Coomar Satya Sree	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
804	" Coomar Satya Mohan	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
805	" Coomar Satya Nidhi	...	ditto	...	7, Budge-Budge Road	...	ditto	...	ditto.
806	" Coomar Satya Sunker	...	ditto	...	14, ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
807	" Coomar Satya Shebak	...	ditto	...	7, ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
808	" Nabin Oh.	...	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Diamond Harbour Road	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
809	" Prasanno Coomar	...	Ekbalpur	...	Ekbalpur Road	...	ditto	...	Head Clerk, Bird & Co.
810	" Rajendra Nath	...	Baranagore	...	Gopal Lal Tagore's Road, Mayradanga	...	ditto	...	Kabiraj.
811	" Sarat Chander	...	Bistapur	...	Jaychandipur	...	ditto	...	Accountant, Merchant's Office.
812	" Sharada Prosad	...	Bhawanipur	...	Chukerbarie Road	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
813	" Shotish Chandra	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
814	" Syama Charan	...	Naihati	...	Moolajore	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
815	Ghose, Abanash Chander	...	Baliaghatta	...	Kankurgachi Road	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
816	" Abanash Chander	...	Garden Reach	...	Sonai 1st Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
817	" Abhoy Charan, S.A.	...	Naihati	...	15, Sambhu Babu's Lane	...	ditto	...	do., Military Office, Ichapur
818	" Abhoy Coomar	...	Intally	...	New Canal Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
819	" Abhoy Coomar	...	Uttadanga	...	Joynagar	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
820	" Ambica Charan	...	Joynagar	...		...	ditto	...	Landholder.

831	"	Annada Prasad	...	Bhawanipur	...	25, Jalsipara Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Alipore Collectorate.
832	"	Asantaram	...	Intally	...	South Road	...	ditto	...	Money-lender.
833	"	Ashutosh	...	Bhawanipur	...	38, Chankerbere Road (North)	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Deputy Inspector-General of Police.
834	"	Berada Charan	...	Watgunge	...	4, Baranpur Road	...	ditto	...	Municipal servant.
835	"	Bhut Nath	...	Ballygunge	...	100, Kurrya Road	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
836	"	Bena Charan	...	Bhawanipur	...	9, Bacoolbagan Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Presy. Division
837	"	Bipin Behari	...	Beniapukur	...	64, Baniaspukur Road	...	ditto	...	Servant in a private Company.
838	"	Bepin Behari	...	Naihati	...	Garfa	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Gouripur Jute Mills.
839	"	Bejoy Kumar	...	Kulpi	...	Karanjoli	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
840	"	Brajo Nath	...	Baliaghatta	...	Horomohun Ghose's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
841	"	Brajo Nath	...	Watgunge	...	88, Diamond Harbour Road	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
842	"	Brajo Nath	...	Barasat	...	Kaikhali	...	ditto	...	ditto
843	"	Brajo Nath	...	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Sarunna	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Small Cause Court, Calcutta.
834	"	Charn Chander	...	Alipore	...	6, Mohes Chandra Dutt's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Royal Insurance Company.
835	"	Chunder Nath	...	Baliaghatta	...	Biswas Nursery Lane	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
836	"	Chundry Churn	...	Watgunge	...	12-2, Circular Garden Reach Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, E B S Railway.
837	"	Chuni Lal	...	Sonarpur	...	Harinavi	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
838	"	Dina Nath	...	Watgunge	...	Padmapukur West Lane	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
839	"	Debendra Oomari	...	Baranpur	...	Ramnagore	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
840	"	Dhiraj Chandra	...	Sadar	...	Goria	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
841	"	Doyal Chandra	...	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Indry	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
842	"	Durga Charan	...	Naihati	...	Authpur	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
843	"	Dwarka Nath	...	Baliaghatta	...	35, Uharunkdanga Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
844	"	Dwarka Nath	...	ditto	...	9-A, ditto	...	ditto	...	do.
845	"	Fakir Chand	...	Baliaghata	...	Garpar	...	ditto	...	Translator, High Court.
846	"	Girish Chunder	...	Garden Reach	...	Sonai 1st Lane	...	ditto	...	Superintendent, Cooly Depot.
847	"	Gakuleswar	...	Baranagore	...	Bon Hoogli	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
848	"	Gopal Chandra (Mazumdar).	...	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
849	"	Harigopal	...	Bhawanipore	...	Gopal Chandra Banerjee's Street	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
850	"	Harimohan	...	Garden Reach	...	Sonai 1st Lane	...	ditto	...	ditto.
851	"	Harrish Oh.	...	Bhawanipur	...	11, Bolaram Bose's 2nd Lane	...	ditto	...	Assistant.
852	"	Hira Lal	...	ditto	...	68, Bacool Bagan Road	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
853	"	Hari Charan	...	Manicktalla	...	14, Rahimuddin Munshi's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
854	"	Horoprosad	...	Alipore	...	43, Ultadanga Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
855	"	Jadab Chandra	...	Naihati	...	Myerpore Road	...	ditto	...	Head-master, Gopalnagore M. E. School.
856	"	Jotendra Nath	...	Garden Reach	...	Sonai 1st Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, office of Accountant-General, Bengal.
857	"	Jotendra Mohan	...	Intally	...	9, Dehi Intally Road	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
858	"	Jodu Nath	...	Besirhat	...	Sikra	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
859	"	Jiban Krishna	...	Intally	...	8, Dehi Intally	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
860	"	Jagendra Nath, Sr.	...	Baduria	...	Arbelia	...	ditto	...	Contractor.
861	"	Jogenura Nath	...	Kharda	...	Sukohar	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
862	"	Jagendra Kamer	...	Baliaghatta	...	Horomohan Ghose's Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Corporation.
863	"		...		...		...	ditto	...	Clerk.

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Trade.	Race.	Quality or business.
	Thana.	Village, road, or street.			
864 Ghose, Janaki Chandra	Naihati	Authpur	...	Hindu	Trader.
865 " Jogeswar	Baranagar	Hon Hoogli	...	ditto	Landholder.
866 " Joy Gopal	Ballinghatta	Charukdanga Road, Peary Mohan Sur's Garden.	...	ditto	Clerk, late Ewing & Co.
867 " Kali Churn	Naihati	Naihati	...	ditto	Clerk, Financial Department, Bengal Secretariat.
868 " Kedar Nath	Khardah	Panihati	...	ditto	Government pensioner.
869 " Kedar Nath	Naihati	Kuntalpara	...	ditto	Contractor.
870 " Kirone Chandra	Ballinghatta	Talpurkur Road	...	ditto	Merchant.
871 " Kirone Chandra	Cossipore	Narikel Bagan	...	ditto	Trader.
872 " Krishno Chunder	Ballinghatta	Charukdanga Road	...	ditto	Clerk, G. Henderson & Co.
873 " Keshna Dhan	Khardah	Sukchar	...	ditto	Contractor.
874 " Kali Bhusan, Rai Bahadur.	Habra	Rajipur	...	ditto	Government pensioner.
875 " Kedar Nath	Basirhat	Sikra	...	ditto	Zamindar.
876 " Keshab Chandra	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Ittalghata	...	ditto	Pensioner.
877 " Khetter Mohan	Waingunge	26, Munshigunge Road	...	ditto	Gomasta of the Mullicks.
878 " Khetter Mohan	Cossipore	Cossipore Road, Jheel Busti	...	ditto	Clerk, Sugar Works.
879 " Khirode Chandra, B.A.	Baranagar	Ariadah	...	ditto	Government servant.
880 " Kishori Lal	Sonarpur	Harnavi	...	ditto	Zamindar.
881 " Khirode Chandra	Ballinghatta	4, Charukdanga Road	...	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.
882 " Koylash Chandra	Tollygunge, B. P.	Fatapur	...	ditto	Landholder.
883 " Lalit Mohon	Alipore	Chetla Road, Subjibagan	...	ditto	Landholder.
884 " Lolit Mohon	Chitpur	Simlaipara Road	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
885 " Lotit Mohon	Baranagar	North Baranagar	...	ditto	Castor-oil Merchant.
886 " Manick Chandra	Cossipore	South Sinthi Road	...	ditto	Municipal servant.
887 " Makom Lal	Baranagar	Dakinewar, Dattaram Mandal's Ghat Road.	...	ditto	Zamindar.
888 " Mohendra Nath	Tollygunge	Mudially	...	ditto	Pensioner.
889 " Monindra Nath	Alipore	9, Bridge Road	...	ditto	Sub-Editor, <i>Hindustan</i> .
890 " Mohendra Nath	ditto	Subjibagan Lane, Chetla	...	ditto	Clerk, High Court.
891 " Mohendra Nath	Nawabgunge	Nawabgunge	...	ditto	Contractor.
892 " Mohini Banjan	Intally	Shambhu Babu's Lane	...	ditto	Landowner.
893 " Monnotha Nath	Ballinghatta	Ballinghatta Road	...	ditto	Landlord.
894 " Monmatha Nath	Bhawanipur	Chuckerbore Road (North)	...	ditto	Overseer, Corporation of Calcutta.
895 " Monmatha	Waingunge	Tarafdar's 2nd Lane	...	ditto	Servant of private company.
896 " Mati Lal	Basirhat	Sikra	...	ditto	Landholder.
897 " Mathura Nath	Ballinghatta	Ballinghatta	...	ditto	Merchant.
898 " Narendra Nath	Bhawanipur	55, Chuckerbore Road (North)	...	ditto	Clerk.
899 " Nataraj	Uttadanga	Bhoirub Mukerjee's Lane	...	ditto	Merchant.

900	"	Nanda Gopal	Garden Beach	62, Sonai	ditto	Teacher.
901	"	Nibaran Chandra	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Sarsuna	ditto	ditto.
902	"	Nilmoni	Maniktolla	2, Maniktolla Road	ditto	Clerk, Registration Office, Calcutta (Government servant).
903	"	Nogendra Nath	Bhawanipur	9, Bacool Bagan Road	ditto	Clerk.
904	"	Nalin Behary	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Zamindar.
905	"	Nando Lall	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Rusa	ditto	ditto.
906	"	Peary Lall	Budge-Budge	Melita Road	ditto	Servant of Budge-Budge Jute Mill Company.
907	"	Preo Nath	Intally	1, Ananda Gopal Palit's Road	ditto	Clerk, High Court, Calcutta.
908	"	Frankisto	Naihati	Moolajore	ditto	Trader.
909	"	Probat Chandra	Basirhat	Sikra	ditto	Zamindar.
910	"	Promotho Kanto	Naihati	Authpur	ditto	Landholder.
911	"	Prosed Das	Intally	2, Ananda Gopal Palit's Road	ditto	Zamindar.
912	"	Purna Chandra	Bhawanipur	37, Padmapukur Road	ditto	Head Assistant, Office of the Geological Survey of India.
913	"	Purna Chandra	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Teacher, Naihati Mohendro School.
914	"	Radha Nath	Tollygunge	Rusa Road, South	ditto	Clerk, Jessop & Co.
915	"	Rajendranath	Baduria	Taragonia	ditto	Landholder.
916	"	Ramoni Mohon	Waingunge	12-2, Circular Garden Beach Road	ditto	Clerk, office of Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.
917	"	Ram Des	Hahnabad	Thaba	ditto	Landholder.
918	"	Rama Nath	Intally	Pan Bagan Lane	ditto	Clerk.
919	"	Ram Lall	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Office of the Accountant-General, Bengal.
920	"	Bisack Lall	Tollygunge	Modially	ditto	Storekeeper, Bengal Cotton Mills.
921	"	Baroda Prosad	Ballygunge	Wooloberin Road	ditto	Landholder.
922	"	Sama Charan	Bhawanipur	9, Bacool Bagan Road	ditto	Clerk, Home Department, Government of India.
923	"	Shama Charan	Baniapur	56, Linton Street	ditto	Clerk, B. O. By. office.
924	"	Shib Chandra	Naihati	Authpur	ditto	Clerk, Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta.
925	"	Shashi Bhushan	Bhawanipur	18-1, Roof Narayan Nandan's Lane	ditto	Article Clerk.
926	"	Srinath	Watgunge	9, Pitambar Sircar's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Government Medical Department.
927	"	Sripati Charan	Baniapur	23, Gorachand Road	ditto	Municipal servant.
928	"	Sripati Charan	Naihati	Authpur	ditto	Landlord.
929	"	Sriish Chandra	Intally	2, Dehi Road	ditto	Cashier, E. B. S. Railway.
930	"	Surja Kumar	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Rusa	ditto	Landholder.
931	"	Sures Chandra	Bhawanipur	15-1, Bamanpara Lane	ditto	Clerk, Ulmann, Hirebhorn.
932	"	Surendro Nath	Ballinghatta	35, Charnkdanga-Road	ditto	Landholder.
933	"	Syama Charan	Sonarpur	Kodalia	ditto	Clerk, Treasury Department.
934	"	Thakur Dass	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Singarhaty	ditto	do., Natal Emigration Agent's Office.
935	"	Tarini Charan	ditto	Gopal Banerji's Lane	ditto	do., Municipal Office.

NAME.	PLACE OF abode.		RANK.	QUALITY or business.
	THANE.	Village, road, or street.		
936	Ghose, Tara Pada	...	Hinda	Independent gentleman.
937	" Tin Coory	...	ditto	Pensioner.
938	" Uma Charan	...	ditto	Teacher of the Metropolitan Institution, Calcutta.
939	" Urendra Chandra	...	...	Cashier, B. N. R. District Traffic Office.
940	" Urdhab Chandra	...	...	School-master (private).
941	Goswami, Akhil Mohan	...	...	Zamindar.
942	" Benode Kisoro	...	...	ditto.
943	" Radha Madhub	...	...	Attorney's clerk.
944	" Syama Charan	...	...	Landholder.
945	" Hari Pudo	...	...	Banker.
946	" Naliny Bhusan	...	...	Cashier, Lealie & Co.
947	Gupta, Apurvakrishno Sen	...	...	Cashier.
948	" Akhoy Coomer	...	...	Copyist, 24-Parganas Magistracy.
949	" Dino Nath	...	...	Independent gentleman.
950	" Dijendra Nath	...	...	Clerk, Accountant-General's office.
951	" Hari Charan	...	...	do., E. I. Railway Audit Office.
952	" Kedar Nath	...	...	Shariatdar, Munsiff's Court, Basirhat.
953	" Mohendro Nath	...	...	Retired Railway officer.
H				
954	Haldar, Abja Prakash	...	ditto	Landholder.
955	" Akhoy Coomer	...	ditto	Clerk, E. I. Railway Office.
956	" Asote	...	...	Assistant, Financial Secretariat office, Calcutta.
957	" Anoda Prosad	...	...	Clerk, Attorney's office.
958	" Atal Chandra	...	...	Landowner.
959	" Biscawar	...	...	ditto.
960	" Gyanendra Nath	...	...	Zamindar.
961	" Hari Charan	...	...	Landholder.
962	" Hari Das	...	...	Government servant.
963	" Kicori Mohan, s.a.	...	...	School-master.
964	" Kaliprosana	...	...	Landholder.
965	" Nilayan Chandra	...	...	Landholder.
966	" Narsing Chandra	...	...	Clerk.
967	" Prashriakta	...	...	Zamindar.
968	" Pree Nath	...	...	Clerk.

969	"	Purna Chandra	Phawanipur	22, Gopal Banerjee's Lane	ditto	Private School-master.
970	"	Ram Lal	Cosainpur	Ratan Babu's Road	ditto	Village School-master.
971	"	Sib Chandra	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Kankinara Jute Mills.
972	"	Solendra Nath	Bhawanipur	Shikdarpara, Kalighat	ditto	Landlord.
973	"	Trolokya Nath	Barasat	Koikhal	ditto	Broker.
974	"	Bihari Lal	Ekbalpur	Sonai Road	ditto	Clerk, Post Commissioners' office.
975	"	Kedar Nath	Alipore	Ghetla Road	ditto	Paddy Merchant.
976	"	Roma Nath	Garden Reach	Sonai 2nd Lane	ditto	Independent gentleman.
977	"	Sarat Chandra	Ekbalpur	New Sonai Road	ditto	Overseer.
978	"	Srikishno	Barasat	Koikhal	ditto	Clerk, Examiner's office, E B S Railway.
K						
979	Khettry, Radha Sham	Garden Reach	2, Sonai 1st Lane	ditto	Clerk, Audit office, B.-N. Railway.	
980	Kundu, Benode Behari	Habra	Goberdanga	Christian	Trader.	
981	"	Mati Lal	Garia	Hindu	Merchant.	
982	"	Madhai Lal	Naihati	ditto	Shopkeeper.	
983	"	Rakhal Chandra	Basirhat	ditto	Tradesman.	
984	"	Radha Nath	Naihati	ditto	Shopkeeper.	
985	"	Shashee Bhushan	Goberdanga	ditto	Trader.	
986	"	Kauji Lal, Wopendra Nath	Dijpore, Halishahar	ditto	Government servant. (Head Clerk, District Loco. Superintendent's Office, E. B. S. Railway, Kanchrapara.)	
987	Karmakar, Mani Lal	Ballighatta	Narkoldanga Main Road	ditto	Merchant.	
988	"	Mohendra Nath	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
989	"	Nogendra Nath	Narkoldanga Road	ditto	Merchant.	
990	"	Rojani Kanta	Taragonia	Muhammadan	Tradesman.	
991	Khan, Abdus Samad	Baniapur	29, Ice Factory Lane	ditto	ditto.	
992	"	Musud	Canal East Road	ditto	Merchant.	
993	"	Dondali	North Scaldah Road	ditto	Hide Merchant.	
994	"	Nooruddin	Earpur	ditto	Independent gentleman.	
995	"	Din Mahomed	Jerakpur	ditto	Landlord.	
996	Quazi, Golan Muhammad	Basirhat	Titagarh	ditto	ditto.	
997	"	Golan Mowla	ditto	ditto	Jeweller.	
998	Karmakar, Bepin Behary	Barrackpore	ditto	Hindu	ditto.	
999	"	Sarendra Nath	Narkoldanga Main Road	ditto	Clerk, Government Military Pay Office.	
1000	"	Srikanta	ditto	ditto	Labrarian.	
1001	Kar, Akhay Coomar	Watgunge	23, Ramkamal Mukharji's Street	ditto	Landholder.	
1002	Kirti, Amrito Lal	Tollygunge, Suburbs	Russa Road	ditto	Money-lender.	
1003	"	Tollygunge, B. P.	Amradanga (Badu)	ditto	ditto.	
1004	"	Garden Reach	Dhobapara	ditto	ditto.	
L						
1005	Luaker, Farley Hossain	Magrahat	Belloreah	Muhammadan	Land owner.	
1006	"	Baranagore	Kutighatta Road	Hindu	Pensioner.	

NAME. PLACE OF ABODE. Village, road, or street. Race. Quality or business.

M

1007	Mandal, Annoda Prasanno	...	Baliaghatta	...	Joy Narayan Tarka Panchanun's Lane	Hindu	...	Head Ticket-Collector, E. B. S. Railway, Sealdah.
1008	Anunda Chunder	...	ditto	...	Tollygunge Road	ditto	...	Clerk (Government servant)
1009	Banka Behari	...	Tollygunge	...	31, Ram Kamal Mukerjee's Street	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1010	Brindaban	...	Wagunge	...	36, Russa Road, South	ditto	...	Clerk, Fort William.
1011	Radha Binode	...	Tollygunge	...	57, Tollygunge Road	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1012	Brojendra Nath	...	ditto	...	Bowali	ditto	...	ditto.
1013	Chandi Charan	...	Budge-Budge	...	Tollygunge Road	ditto	...	ditto.
1014	Gopal Lal	...	Tollygunge	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto.
1015	Gopi Kishore	...	Alipore	...	24, Durgapore Lane	ditto	...	Printing Press owner.
1016	Harri Podo	...	Dam-Dum	...	Patipukur	ditto	...	Trader.
1017	Harri Dass	...	Nawabgunge	...	Nawabgunge	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1018	Kali Coomar	...	Diamond Harbour	...	Purulia	ditto	...	ditto.
1019	Kristo Prasanno	...	Budge-Budge	...	Bowali	ditto	...	ditto.
1020	Ram Lal	...	Tollygunge	...	52, Tollygunge Road	ditto	...	Landlord.
1021	Shoshi Bhusan	...	Nawabgunge	...	Polta	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1022	Upendra Krishna	...	Tollygunge	...	Tollygunge Road	ditto	...	Clerk, Emigrants' office (Government servant).
1023	Abdul Mazid	...	Baniapukur	...	Kurriya Road	Muhammadan	...	
1024	Maulvi, Hamed Ali Russal	...	Ekbalpur	...	Comedan Bagan	ditto	...	Teacher.
1025	Abinash Chandra	...	Alipore	...	Myerpur Road	Hindu	...	Clerk, Magistrate's office, 24-Parganas.
1026	Akhileswar	...	Baliaghatta	...	Charukdanga	ditto	...	Jeweller.
1027	Ambika Charn	...	Joynagar	...	Joynagar	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1028	Annoda Prosad	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto.
1029	Apurva Kali	...	Harwa	...	Gopalpur	ditto	...	Teacher, H. C. E. School, Halishahar.
1030	Ashu Tosh	...	Naihati	...	Halishahar Golabati	ditto	...	Clerk, Port Commissioners' Office, Calcutta.
1031	Atul Krishno	...	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	...	Mudially	ditto	...	
1032		...		...			...
1033	Atul Krieto	...	ditto	...	Sursoona	ditto	...	Trader.
1034	Birendra Lala	...	Baliaghatta	...	Raja Rajendro Lala Mitter's Road	ditto	...	Private servant.
1035	Birendra Nath	...	Naihati	...	Naihati	ditto	...	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat, P. W. Dept.
1036	Beni Madhub	...	Naihati	...	Halishahar Bazorpura	ditto	...	Teacher, Halishahar School.
1037	Basanta Coomar	...	ditto	...	Naihati	ditto	...	Clerk, Office of Controller of Stationery, Calcutta.
1038	Bhagabat Chandra	...	Chitpur	...	Talla Bagan Lane	ditto	...	Clerk, Office of Examiner of Ordnance Factory Accounts in India, Calcutta.
1039	Brindaban Chunder	...	Bistopar	...	Barakalikapur	ditto	...	Landholder.
1040	Chara Chander	...	Intally	...	4, Dehi Intally	ditto	...	Clerk
1041	Charu Chunder	...	Baliaghatta	...	11, Sastitolla Road	ditto	...	Private service.

1043	"	Chuni Lall	Baruipur	Baruipur	ditto	Zamindar.
1043	"	Durga Churn	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1044	"	Grija Bhuan, B.A.	Joynagar	Joynagar	ditto	Graduate.
1045	"	Gyanendro Chandra	ditto	ditto	ditto	Zamindar.
1046	"	Iswar Chandra	Baliaghatta	17, Jagar Nath Dutt's Lane	ditto	Clerk.
1047	"	Janaki Nath	Bhawanipur	Goaltuli Road	ditto	Assistant Manager in the estate of Maharaja Durga Charan Laha.
1048	"	Jogendra Nath	Intally	18, Anando Gopal Palit's Road	ditto	Head Clerk, Government Emigration Department.
1049	"	Khetro Nath	Wagunge	10, Nazir Mohammad Ghat Manji's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Government Dockyard, Kidderpore.
1050	"	Khirode Chunder	Chitpur	Bonomali Chatterjee's Street	ditto	do., Government office.
1051	"	Krishna Nath	Diamond Harbour	Netra	ditto	Landholder.
1052	"	Krishna Kali	Harowa	Gopalpur	ditto	Zamindar.
1053	"	Kunja Behari	Naihati	Kona, Halishahar	ditto	Clerk, Hooghly Collectorate.
1054	"	Lalit Gopal	Joynagar	Joynagar	ditto	Zamindar.
1055	"	Lall Behari	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Sursoona	ditto	Clerk, Attorney's office.
1056	"	Mahim Chandra	Diamond Harbour	Bardrone	ditto	Landholder.
1057	"	Mohendro	Baliaghatta	Raja Rajendra Lala Mitter's Road	ditto	Landlord.
1058	"	Monnotha Nath	Bhawanipur	10, Padmapukur Road	ditto	ditto.
1059	"	Nagendra Nath	Alipore	Dwarka Nath Ghose's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Army Clothing Agency.
1060	"	Niratan	Joynagar	Joynagar	ditto	Zamindar.
1061	"	Nitya Nath	Sonarpur	Rajpur	ditto	Méchant.
1062	"	Priya Lall	Baliaghatta	50, Raja Rajendro Lala Mitter's Road	ditto	Private individual.
1063	"	Preo Nath	Joynagar	Mazipur	ditto	Zamindar.
1064	"	Rajendro Nath	Baliaghatta	16, Sastitolla Road	ditto	Clerk.
1065	"	Raj Jogodiswar	Bhawanipur	14, Puddopooker Road	ditto	do., Ordnance of Military Accounts.
1066	"	Rakhal Chandra	Naihati	Bazarpura, Halishahar	ditto	Retired Railway Officer.
1067	"	Ram Kali	ditto	Chowdhuripara, Halishahar	ditto	Zamindar.
1068	"	Romes Chandra	Bhawanipur	62-1, Padmapukur Road	ditto	Contractor.
1069	"	Robindro Nath, B.A.	ditto	76, Padmapukur Road	ditto	Zamindar.
1070	"	Ratneendra Lall	Baliaghatta	Raja Rajendro Lala Mitter's Road	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.
1071	"	Sarat Chandra	Garden Reach	Sonai 2nd Lane	ditto	do., Port Commissioners' office.
1072	"	Sachindra Nath	Dum-Dum	Nimta	ditto	Landlord.
1073	"	Sochindra Nath	Joynagar	Mazipur	ditto	Zamindar.
1074	"	Sochindro Nath	Baliaghatta	17, Sastitolla Road	ditto	Clerk.
1075	"	Satya Charan	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Agelasto & Co.
1076	"	Sib Chandra	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Dhobapara, Mudially	ditto	do., Government Dockyard.
1077	"	Sukumar	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	do., private firm.
1078	"	Surendra Nath	Barasat	Barasat	ditto	Landlord.
1079	"	Surendra Nath	Joynagar	Joynagar	ditto	Zamindar.
1080	"	Umacharan	Baliaghatta	8, Joynarayan Turkopanchanun's Lane	ditto	Teacher.
1081	Moitra, Aghore Nath		Bar'hat	Mirzapore	ditto	Landlord.

Quality or business

Race.

PLACE OF ABOVE.

Village, road, or street.

Thana.

NAME

M

1082	Maitra Mati Lal-Ramlal	Joynagar	Joynagar	Hindu	Landholder.
1083	Mullick, Abdul Gunny	Chitpur	Barreepore Trunk Road	...	Contractor.
1084	Moonshi, Abul Khair	Barasat	Kazipara	Muhammadian...	Landlord.
1085	"	"	32, Chuckerbere	ditto	Head Draftsman, Municipal Office
1086	Abdulkader Gilani	Bhawanipur	Gobra Road (North)	ditto	Clerk, High Court (Government servant).
1087	Abdur Rahim	Baniapukur	67, Jhautollah Road	ditto	Clerk, Attorney's office.
1088	"	"	9, Halsei Bagan	ditto	Clerk, Government pensioner.
1089	Abdul Hamid	Ballygunge	127, Kurrya Road	ditto	Landholder.
1090	Ahmeduddin Ahmed	Dum-Dum	Gouripore	ditto	Government servant.
1091	Azis Ahmed	Barasat	Kazipara	ditto	Pensioner.
1092	Aminuddin	Baliaghatta	6, Latifat Hossain's Lane	ditto	Landlord.
1093	Basarat	Habra	Goalbnsti	ditto	Government servant.
1094	Bedaraddasa	Basirhat	Sainpala	ditto	Zamindar.
1095	Burkhardar	Barasat	Reckjooni	ditto	Draftsman.
1096	Bhodia Jamma	Ekbalpur	4, Kamidan Bagan Lane	ditto	Landlord.
1097	Chadair Mollah	Kulpi	Dhola	ditto	Landholder.
1098	Ertiza Hossain	Barasat	Kazipara	ditto	Clerk, Commissioner's office, Presidency
1099	Ernadul Haq	Alipore	Chetla	ditto	Division.
1100	Fuzley Bahman	Baniapukur	20, Jannagar Road	ditto	Draftsman (Government office).
1101	Golan Hydar	Baliaghatta	Munshi Latifat Hossain's Lane	ditto	Government pensioner.
1102	Golan Rasul	Baniapukur	11, Ice Factory Lane	ditto	Draftsman (Government servant).
1103	Habiber Rahaman	Alipore	Chetla	ditto	Peshkar, 24-Parganas Collectorate.
1104	Ishuq Molla	Kulpi	Dhola	ditto	Landlord.
1105	Isahadin	Garden Reach	35, Sonai Road	ditto	Clerk, B.-N. Railway.
1106	Latif	Baniapukur	14, Jannagar Road	...	Trader.
1107	Mafizuddin Ahmed	Baduria	Jashakali.	ditto	Landholder.
1108	Mohammad Kasim	Baliaghatta	Baliaghatta Road	ditto	Hide Merchant.
1109	Mahammad Khalil	Intally	14, Foolbagan	ditto	Landholder.
1110	Mohammad Molla	Ballygunge	93, Boondel Road	...	Pensioner.
1111	Moulabox	Baniapukur	Ice Factory Road	ditto	Draftsman (Government servant).
1112	Muhammad Kasim	Baliaghatta	18, Baliaghatta Road	ditto	Landlord and hide merchant.
1113	Mokbool	Barackpore	Manirampur	ditto	Draftsman.
1114	Behimuddin Ahmed	Manicktolla	42, Buldipara Road	ditto	Clerk, Calcutta Small Causes Court
1115	Samsudda	Baniapukur	Kurrua Basar Road	ditto	Draftsman, Surveyor-General's office
1116	Sher Shasa	Baliaghatta	2-12, Narikaldanga N. Road	ditto	(Government servant).
1117	Tomujudee	Garden Reach	Sonai	ditto	Pensioner.
1118	Wahed Bakah	Baniapukur	63, Baniapukur Road	ditto	ditto.
1119	Mir Asisar Rahman	Baliaghatta	Khoyru Munshi's Road	ditto	Servant of a private firm.
1120	Nessar Hossain	Chitpur	Nowabputty	ditto	Hide merchant.

1131	Hyder Mohammad	Naihati	...	Mullik Bag	...	ditto	Clerk, Anglo-Indian Jute Mills Co.
1132	Prince Akbar	Watgunge	...	123, Garden Reach Road	...	ditto	Pensioner, Oudh family.
1133	" Kam Bukah	Baniapukur	...	1, Doogdoogipara Road	...	ditto	Political pensioner of ex-King of Oudh.
1134	" Kamar Kader	Watgunge	...	123, C. G. R. Road	...	ditto	ditto
1135	" Kharehed Mirza	Garden Reach	...	Matlabruj	...	ditto	Political pensioner of ex-King of Oudh family.
1136	" Dilawar Jaf	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1137	" Muhammad Ibrahim	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	Independent gentlemen.
1138	Ahmad, Shah Shahebsada	Tollygunge, Suburban Police.	...	Shahanagar	...	ditto	Librarian, Madrassa.
1139	Muhammad Ias	Intally	...	Muchipara Lane, Fulbagan	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1140	Rahim, Abdur	do.	...	Chingrihatta Road	...	ditto	ditto
1141	Muhammad Iesa	Baliaghatta	...	131, Baliaghatta Road	...	ditto	Contractor.
1142	Moulvi Abdul Hamid	Manicktolla	...	14, Bahersimla Road	...	ditto	Clerk, Inspector-General of Registration.
1143	Mohammad Hossain	Ballygunge	...	12, Begg Bagan Lane	...	Hindu	Government servant.
1144	" Mohammedi	Baranagore	...	Bon Hooghly, Hedger's Road	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1145	Motiro, Banamali	Naihati	...	Balidaghatta, Halishahar	...	ditto	Landlord.
1146	" Bhogobati Charan	Sonarpur	...	Malanoha	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1147	" Krishno Prosad	Barrackpore	...	Nona Chundunpukur	...	ditto	Teacher, private school.
1148	" Satish Chunder	Cossipore	...	Ratan Babu's Road	...	ditto	Clerk, Jute Mill, Kankinara.
1149	" Sarat Chandra	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	ditto	Manager, Rai Jotindra Nath Choudhuri's Estate.
1150	" Sham Lal	Humabad	...	Taki	...	ditto	ditto
1151	Masumdar, Baroda Kanto	...	...	Kali Coomar Banerjee's Lane	...	ditto	Clerk, E. B. S. Railway.
1152	"	Chitpur	...	Gariffa	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1153	"	Naihati	...	26, Tangra Road	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1154	"	Intally	...	Naihati	...	ditto	Clerk, Archaeological Department.
1155	"	Tollygunge, Police.	...	Putiari	...	ditto	Landholder.
1156	"	Intally	...	Tangra Road	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1157	"	Basirhat	...	Sainpala	...	ditto	Landlord.
1158	"	Baliaghatta	...	Gurpar	...	ditto	Cashier, Cresswell & Co.
1159	"	Cossipore	...	Syama Churn Moitra's Lane	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1160	"	Chitpur	...	Ranee's Road	...	ditto	Tradesman.
1161	Mukherjee, Atinash Chandra	Naihati	...	Khasbati, Halishahar	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1162	" Adhar Nath	Watgunge	...	40, Circular Garden Beach Road	...	ditto	Clerk, Audit Department, Bengal-Nagpur Railway office.
1163	"	Chitpur	...	Paikpara, Simlaipara Road	...	ditto	Servant of a private firm.
1164	"	Tollygunge, Police.	...	Behala	...	ditto	Government pensioner.
1165	"	ditto	...	Mohetolla	...	ditto	Clerk.
1166	"	Tollygunge	...	4, Shahanagore Lane	...	ditto	Pundit, Sanskrit College.
1167	"	Bhawanipur	...	2, Bokulbagan Road	...	ditto	Teacher, Reformatory School, Alipore.
1168	"	Tollygunge, Police.	...	Baria	...	ditto	Landholder.

NAME.	THANE.	Village, road, or street.	Race.	Quality or business.
M				
1159 Mukherjee, Asutosh	Banispukur	Tantibagan Road	Hindu	Independent gentleman.
1160 " Bama Charan	Bhawanipur	28, Gobinda Ghosal's Lane	ditto	Clerk.
1161 " Beni Madhab	Baranagore	Alumbazar	ditto	Assistant, Merchant's office.
1162 " Beni Madhab	Tollygunge, Police.	Behala	ditto	Clerk in the Chambers of W. O. Bonnerjee, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.
1163 " Behary Lal	Kulpi	Sinhessor	ditto	Landowner.
1164 " Benoy Krishna	Naihati	Kantalpara	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1165 " Bepin Bihari	Tollygunge, Police.	Behala	ditto	Clerk, Messrs. Scott, Thompson & Co.
1166 " Bepin Behari	Barasat	Gustia	ditto	Private servant.
1167 " Bhut Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Behala	ditto	Government pensioner.
1168 " Bhut Nath	Bhawanipur	6, Tollygunge Road	ditto	Landholder.
1169 " Bhola Nath	Baranagore	Areadah	ditto	ditto.
1170 " Brojajibun	Tollygunge, Police.	Behala	ditto	Clerk, E. I. Railway.
1171 " Banku Behari	Naihati	Ramsitergully, Halishahar	ditto	Inspector of Water Works, Calcutta Corporation.
1172 " Charu Chander	Habra	Gaipur	ditto	Servant of private firm.
1173 " Chandi Charan (alias Naku Chandra).	Tollygunge, Police.	Barisa	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.
1174 " Devendra Nath	Watgunge	13, Padmapukur Street	ditto	Zamindar.
1175 " Dhaniendra Nath	Barrackpore	Barrackpore	ditto	Government servant (Head Clerk, Barrack-pore Subdivisional office).
1176 " Din Dayal	Barasat	Barasat	ditto	Private servant.
1177 " Dwarika Nath	Khardah	Agarpara	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1178 " Gopal Chandra	Bhawanipur	55, Rupnarain Nandan's Lane	ditto	Head Clerk and Accountant, South Suburban Municipality.
1179 " Gopal Chandra	Watgunge	21, Garbari Road	ditto	Clerk, Government Dockyard.
1180 " Gopal Chandra	Intally	6, Sambhn Babu's Lane	ditto	Clerk.
1181 " Gangs Hari	Joynagar	Joynagar	ditto	School-master.
1182 " Gyanendra Nath	Bhawanipur	12, Chaulputty Lane	ditto	Food Inspector, Calcutta Municipality.
1183 " Haridas	Baranagore	Napitpara Lane, North Baranagore	ditto	Contractor.
1184 " Haridas	Tollygunge, Police.	Behala	ditto	Clerk, High Court.
1185 " Harish Chandra	Ballighatta	Talpukur Road	ditto	Teacher.
1186 " Hari Pada	Baranagore	Alumbazar	ditto	Landed proprietor.
1187 " Hara Narain	Chitpur	Gopal Chunder Mukherjee's Road	ditto	Landholder.
1188 " Harendra Nath	Mugrahat	Ghuttackpur	ditto	Landowner.
1189 " Harendra Nath	Watgunge	15, Puddopukur Street	ditto	ditto.
1190 " Jadab Chandra	ditto	14, Padmapukur Street	ditto	Contractor.

1191	"	Jada Nath	...	Khardah	...	ditto	...	Retired railway store-keeper.
1192	"	Jogendra Nath	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Gouripur Jute Mills.
1193	"	Jogendra Nath	...	Baduria	...	ditto	...	Other.
1194	"	Jogendra Nath	...	Balinghatta	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Swan & Co.
1195	"	Jogdishwar	...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	...	Assistant Accountant, 24-Parganas Collectorate.
1196	"	Jotindra Nath	...	Baranagore	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
1197	"	Jotindra Nath	...	Khardah	...	ditto	...	Clerk, B. O. Railway.
1198	"	Kaly Gopal	...	Baranagore	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
1199	"	Kali Nath	...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	...	Contractor.
1200	"	Kali Dass	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Corporation.
1201	"	Krishna Mohan	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Pensioner and zamindar.
1202	"	Krishna Mohan	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Administrator-General's office, Bengal.
1203	"	Kedar Nath	...	Watgunge	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
1204	"	Kedar Nath	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	Assistant, office of Examiner of Ordnance Accounts.
1205	"	Khelat Chandra	...	Watgunge	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1206	"	Khetra Nath	...	Baduria	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Basirhat H. O. E. School.
1207	"	Kisori Mohan	...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	...	Clerk, Natal Emigration Agency.
1208	"	Kunja Behary	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Inspector of Water Works, Calcutta Corporation.
1209	"	Kanai Lal	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Comptroller, India Treasury's office.
1210	"	Krishno Lal	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
1211	"	Madhob Chander	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Examiner's office, E. B. S. Railway, Calcutta.
1212	"	Manmatha Nath	...	Chitpur	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1213	"	Mahendar Nath	...	Fulta	...	ditto	...	Landowner.
1214	"	Mahendra Nath	...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
1215	"	Mahendra Nath	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
1216	"	Mahendra Nath	...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	ditto	...	do., Accountant-General's office, Bengal.
1217	"	Mahendra Nath	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
1218	"	Mahendra Nath	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1219	"	Mahendra Nath	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Trader.
1220	"	Mahando	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1221	"	Makhan Lal	...	Intally	...	ditto	...	Teacher.
1222	"	Mati Lal	...	Naihati	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
1223	"	Mohit Mohan	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
1224	"	Nagendra Nath	...	Uttadanga	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Revenue Board.
1225	"	Nagendra Nath	...	Haroa	...	ditto	...	Trader and Landholder.
1226	"	Nagendra Nath	...	Bhawanipur	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
1227	"	Nagendra Nath	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Government servant.
1228	"	Narendra Nath	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Accountant-General's Office.

Name	Thana	Place or Address. Village, road, or street.	Religion	Remarks	
				Qualification or business	
M					
Mukherjee, Naro Nath	Baniapukur	29, Baniapukur Road	Hindu	Servant of private firm.	
" Nares Chander	Naihati	...	ditto	Independent gentleman.	
" Nirode Chandra	Baliaghata	Talpur Road	ditto	Clerk, Shaw, Wallace & Co.	
" Nonigopal	Watgunge	2, Bisu Babu's Lane	ditto	Zamindar.	
" Niharan Chunder	Intally	65, Anundo Gopal Palit's Road	ditto	Clerk, E. B. S. Railway.	
" Nilmoni	Dum-Dum	Nimta	ditto	Landholder.	
" Nando Lal	Naihati	Gariffa	ditto	Independent gentleman.	
" Priya Nath, M.A.	Khardah	Panibhati	ditto	Clerk, Comptroller-General's office.	
" Priya Nath	ditto	Agarpura	ditto	do., E. B. S. Railway, Sealdah.	
" Prabhath Chandra	Bhawanipur	13, Kalidas Patitundi's Lane	ditto	Mukharri, 2nd Munsif's Court.	
" Prasanna Kumar	Manikata	1, Kali Nath Banerjee's Lane	ditto	Zamindar.	
" Probode Chandra	Watgunge	16, Tarafdar's Tank, 1st Lane	ditto	Landholder.	
" Promotho Nath	ditto	4, Ram Kamal Mukherji's Street	ditto	Pensioner.	
" Panchanan	Kharda	Agarpura	ditto	Independent gentleman.	
" Panchanan	Chitpur	Kali Kumar Banerji's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.	
" Purnanjan	Watgunge	Ram Kamal Mukherji's Street	ditto	Government servant.	
" Purna Chunder	Sonarpur	Rajpur	ditto	Landholder.	
" Rajendra Nath	Naihati	Mulajore	ditto	Manager, Tagore Estate.	
" Rajendro Nath	ditto	Chaudhuripara, Halishahar	ditto	Government pensioner.	
" Rajendra Nath	Tollygunge, Police.	Behala, Gabtala	ditto	Landholder.	
" Rajendra Lal	Berasat	Bamanmura	ditto	Clerk, Police office, Calcutta.	
" Rakhal Chandra	Tollygunge, Police.	Barisa	ditto	Pensioner.	
" Ram Nath	Basirhat	Champapukur	ditto	Gantidar.	
" Sasi Bhushan	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, E. B. S. Railway, Loco. office, Kanchrapara	
" Sasi Bhushan	Tollygunge, Police.	Shahapur	ditto	Government pensioner.	
" S. O., M.A.	Baniapukur	1, Debi Serampore Road	Christian	Professor in a private College.	
" Sagar Lal	Khardah	...	Hindu	Clerk, Comptroller-General's office.	
" Sarat Chandra	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Independent gentleman.	
" Satis Chandra	Tollygunge, Police.	Sursoona	ditto	Overseer, Howrah Municipality.	
" Satis Chandra	ditto, Suburbs	7, Monohorpoaker Road	ditto	Clerk, Military Department	
" Sriish Chander	Naihati	Kantapara	ditto	do., Hooghly Collectorate.	
" Sriish Chandra	Bhawanipur	82, Chukerbere Road (North)	Christian	do., Bengal Bank.	
" Sriish Chander	Khardah	...	Hindu	Servant of private employers.	
" Saroda Prasad	Baduria	...	ditto	Landholder.	
" Sashi Bhushan	Tollygunge	131, Russa Road	ditto	Editor, National Guardian.	
" Sashi Bhushan	Tollygunge, Police.	Behala	ditto	Government pensioner.	

1264	"	Shib Chunder	Ekbalpur	...	Bhukailash Rajbati	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
1265	"	Suresh Chandra	Watunge	...	13-1, Garbari Road	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Military Accounts.
1266	"	Surendra Nath	Oosipore	...	Ratan Babu's Ghat Road	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1267	"	Surendra Nath	Naihati	...	Kantapara	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Hooghly Collectorate.
1268	"	Syam Lal	Bhawanipur	...	15-2, Kansaripara Road	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
1269	"	Tara Churan	Barasat	...	Barasat	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
1270	"	Trailokhya Nath	Baranagar	...	Dakhineswar	...	ditto	...	Book-keeper, Merchant's office.
1271	"	Titalal	ditto	...	Joyanarain Banerji's Lane, Baranagar	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1272	"	Uma Charan	Nawabgunge	...	Nawabgunge	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
1273	"	Upendra Nath	Chitpur	...	Barrackpore Trunk Road, Talla	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1274	"	Woomesh Chandra	Watunge	...	7, Padmapukur Square	...	ditto	...	Government pensioner.
1275	"	Woomesh Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	17, Tollygunge Road	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1276	"	Motilal	Nawabgunge	...	Nawabgunge	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.
1277	"	Mullik, Gopal Chandra	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Singerhaty	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Natal Emigration Agent's office.
1278	"	Jogabandhu	Bhawanipur	...	1, Bolaram Bose's 2nd Lane	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
1279	"	Koylash Chunder	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Singerhaty	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Natal Emigration Agent's office.
1280	"	Punna Lal	Ballinghatta	...	147, Manicktollah Road	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1281	"	Russick Lal	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1282	"	Suresh Chander	Bhawanipur	...	29, Russa Road North	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Baptist Mission Society.
N									
1283	"	Nag Chaudhri, Abinash Chandra.	Baduria	...	Taragonia	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1284	"	Rajendra Nath	ditto	...	Arbelia	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1285	"	Upendra Nath	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1286	"	Chaudhri, Akhoy Kumar	Ballinghatta	...	Chaulpatty	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
1287	"	Benode Behary	Habra	...	Gaipur	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1288	"	Basanto Kumar, M.A.	Baranagar	...	Alumbazar	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1289	"	Bhupaty Nath	Baduria	...	Rudrapur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1290	"	Chunder Bhoosan	Bhawanipur	...	37, Chunder Nath Chatterji's Street	...	ditto	...	Clerk.
1291	"	Jadu Nath	Basirhat	...	Tantra	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1292	"	Kunja Behary	Bhawanipur	...	66, Haris Chunder Chatterji's Street	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
1293	"	Medhab Chunder	Khardah	...	Old Barrackpore	...	ditto	...	Teacher, Barrackpore Government School.
1294	"	Mahendra Nath	ditto	...	Tantra	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1295	"	Rajendra Nath	Basirhat	...	Chassadobapara Lane	...	ditto	...	Clerk, <i>Englishman</i> office.
1296	"	Rajendra Nath	Cossipore	...	Rudrapur	...	ditto	...	Zamindar.
1297	"	Rajendra Nath	Baduria	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1298	"	Sripaty Nath	ditto	...	Kodalia	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1299	"	Surendra Nath	Sonarpore	...	Gobardanga	...	ditto	...	Trader.
1300	"	Sashi Bhusan	Habra	...	2, Linton Street	...	ditto	...	Railway servant.
1301	"	Sarat Chunder	Baniapukur	...	Shannagar	...	ditto	...	Head Goods Clerk, E. B. S. Railway,
1302	"	Neogi, Hira Lal	Naihati	...	...	...	...	...	Chitpur.

Quality or business.

Rank.

PLACE OF ABODE.

Village, road, or street.

Thana.

NAME.

N

1303	Neogi, Ram Chunder	...	...	...	Hindu	...	Government servant, Assignee's office.
1304	" Sasil Chunder, M.A.	...	...	...	ditto	...	Graduate.
1305	" Tarak Nath	...	...	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Agra Bank.
1306	Nandi, Sree Churn	...	...	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1307	" Nakur Chandra	...	...	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Fort Gloster Jute Mills, Jagaddal.
1308	Nunker, Rai Churan	...	...	...	ditto	...	Pensioner.
P							
1309	Palit, Ananth Nath	...	...	...	ditto	...	Professor, Metropolitan Institution.
1310	" Rakhal Chunder	...	...	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
1311	Pal, Behari Lal	...	...	...	ditto	...	Trader.
1312	" Bhuvan Chunder	...	...	...	ditto	...	do.
1313	" Beni Madhab	...	...	...	ditto	...	Merchant.
1314	" Debendra Nath	...	...	...	ditto	...	Clerk, E. B. S. Railway.
1315	" Hari Charan	...	...	...	ditto	...	Employe, Loco. Department, Kanchrapara.
1316	" Jogendra Nath	...	...	...	ditto	...	Money-lender.
1317	" Jotindro Nath	...	...	...	ditto	...	Landowner.
1318	" Keshub Chunder	...	...	...	ditto	...	Clerk, British Guiana Emigration Agency.
1319	" Kali Prasanna	...	...	...	ditto	...	Trader.
1320	" Kshitish Chunder	...	...	...	ditto	...	Servant of private firm.
1321	" Mosi Lal	...	...	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
1322	" Mohendra Nath	...	...	...	ditto	...	Kabiraj.
1323	" Mathur Nath, M.A.	...	...	...	ditto	...	Manager of the firm of Ram Kanto and Hari Narain Shaha, Ulkadanga (servant in a private firm).

1324	Nundo Lal	...	...	...	ditto	...	Servant in a private firm.
1325	" Probodh Chander	...	...	...	ditto	...	Clerk and Landowner.
1326	" Promotho Nath	...	...	...	Christian	...	Assistant.
1327	" Rakhal Chandra	...	...	...	Hindu	...	Trader.
1328	" Patitunda, Kamini Mohar	...	...	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1329	" Srish Chunder	...	...	...	ditto	...	Zaminder.
1330	" Paladhi, Haradhan	...	...	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1331	" Pandit, Saugar Nath	...	...	...	ditto	...	ditto.
1332	" Haripodo	...	...	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Calcutta Municipal Office.
1333	" Patra, Ram Narayan	...	...	...	ditto	...	Landlord.
1334	" Podder, Kedar Nath	...	...	...	ditto	...	Tradesman.
1335	" Pramanick, Madhub Chandra	...	...	...	ditto	...	School-master.
1336	" Niranjan	...	...	...	ditto	...	Landholder.
1337	" Surendra Nath	...	...	...	ditto	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
1338	" Purkait, Devendra Nath	...	...	...	ditto	...	Landowner.
1339	" Pyia, Nilmani	...	...	...	ditto	...	Teacher.
1340	" Pyte, Nando Lal	...	...	...	ditto	...	Independent gentleman.

B

1341	Raba, Nagendra Nath	Utkadanga	13, Utkadanga Road	...	ditto	Government servant.
1342	Ray, Annoda Mohon, M.A.	Bhowanipore	46, Chakraborty Road, North	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1343	" Amrita Lal	Baliaghatta	Baroaritala Road	...	ditto	Merchant.
1344	" Ashutosh	Naihati	Sibergolly, Halishahar	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1345	" Coomer Ashutosh	Cossipore	Raja's Park, Cossipore	...	ditto	Landlord.
1346	" Raja Baroda Kanto	Baduria	Khorgatehi	...	ditto	ditto.
1347	" Hiseswar	Intally	4, Taugra Road	...	ditto	Timber merchant.
1348	" Chandra Nath	Baduria	Pura	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1349	" Chandra Kanto	Bhowanipore	2, Banimadhub Brothers' 2nd Lane	...	ditto	Clerk, Medical Stores.
1350	" Gopal Chandra Gupta	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Barisa	...	ditto	do., Bengal Bank.
1351	" Girish Chandra	Naihati	Golabati, Halishahar	...	ditto	do., Ernsthausen & Co., Calcutta.
1352	" Gungadas	Chitpur	Barrackpore Trunk Road	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1353	" Hari Dass	Baduria	Magrooty	...	ditto	Landholder.
1354	" Hari Dass	Naihati	Bhatpara	...	ditto	Clerk, Tittaghur Mill.
1355	" Hari Charan	Alipore	Chetla	...	ditto	Clerk.
1356	" Hem Chandra	ditto	Judge's Court Road	...	ditto	Trader.
1357	" Kedar Nath	Alipore	14, Gopalnagar	...	ditto	Clerk, High Court.
1358	" Kisori Mohon	Baliaghatta	Baliaghatta Road	...	ditto	Merchant.
1359	" Krishna Kisor	Barasat	Saina	...	ditto	Landholder.
1360	" Krishna Kisor	Basirhat	Hariapur	...	ditto	ditto.
1361	" Moti Lal	Chitpur	Kalicharan Banerjee's Road	...	ditto	Timber merchant.
1362	" Nishitha Nath	Basirhat	Sainpala	...	ditto	Landlord.
1363	" Nundo Lal	Naihati	Bhatpara	...	ditto	Landholder.
1364	" Panchoori	Baranagore	Kutighatta	...	ditto	Private School-master.
1365	" Poolin Chandra	Baniapukur	69, Baniapukur Road	...	ditto	Engineer.
1366	" Peary Mohan	Alipore	Myerpore Road	...	ditto	Government pensioner.
1367	" Parosh Nath	Bhowanipore	Mockherjee's para Road, Kalighat	...	ditto	Overseer, Calcutta Corporation.
1368	" Poolin Behary	Naihati	Bhatpara, Halishahar	...	ditto	Clerk, Calcutta Municipal Office.
1369	" Prabash Chunder	Barrackpore	Kautalia	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1370	" Raj Kumar	Cossipore	Ruton Babu's Ghat Road	...	ditto	ditto.
1371	" Ram Lal	Chitpur	Pran Kissen Mukherji's Ghat Road	...	ditto	Merchant.
1372	" Rash Behari	ditto	Jelapara Road	...	ditto	Tradesman.
1373	" Radhika Prosad	Bhowanipore	Khorgatehi	...	ditto	Resident Engineer, Suburban Drainage.
1374	" Raja Rajendra Nath	Baduria	Authpur	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1375	" Sarat Chandra	Naihati	Ghola	...	ditto	Clerk, office of the Inspector-General, Civil Hospitals, Bengal.
1376	" Sarath Narain	Barasat	Naihati	...	ditto	Private servant.
1377	" Sarat Chandra	Naihati	6, Oraet's 2nd Lane	...	ditto	Clerk, Tittaghur Paper Mills.
1378	" Sasi Bhushan	Intally	Sikdarpara Road in Kalighat	...	ditto	Clerk.
1379	" Sashi Bhushan	Bhowanipore	South Sinthi Road	...	ditto	do., Army Clothing Agency.
1380	" Surendro Narain	Cossipore	Barisa	...	ditto	Zamindar.
1381	" Chaudhuri, Abhoy Kumar	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Barisa	...	ditto	ditto.

B

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE. Village, road, or street.	Race.	Quality or business.
1382 Ray Chaudhuri, Anukul Chandra.	Hasanabad	Hindu	Zamindar.
1383 " Ardha Chandra.	Kharcha	ditto	ditto.
1384 " Adhar Chandra.	Naihati	ditto	Government pensioner.
1385 " Ashutosh ...	Baranagar	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1386 " Autose ...	Joynagar	ditto	Zamindar.
1387 " Ambika Coommar.	Baruipur	ditto	ditto.
1388 " Basanto Coommar.	Tollygunge, Bengal	ditto	Clerk (Government Office).
1389 " Bankim Chandra.	Husainabad	ditto	Zamindar's agent.
1390 " Bhupendra Coommar.	Baruipur	ditto	Zamindar.
1391 " Ohuni Lal ...	ditto	ditto	ditto.
1392 " Bepin Bihari	Barackpore	ditto	Clerk.
1393 " Dyal Okandra	ditto	ditto	Trader.
1394 " Fani Bhushan	Haaharabad	ditto	Zamindar.
1395 " Ganendro Kumar.	Baruipur	ditto	ditto
1396 " Girija Nath ...	Cossipore	ditto	ditto.
1397 " Girindro Nath	Kharcha	ditto	Tradesman.
1398 " Goonendra Nath.	Husainabad	ditto	Zamindar.
1399 " Hemanta Kumar.	Baruipur	ditto	ditto.
1400 " Hemendra Nath.	Cossipore	ditto	ditto.
1401 " Hurry Coommar	Dum-Dum	ditto	Tradesman.
1402 " Hariah Chandra.	Naihati	ditto	Retired Railway Officer.
1403 " Janoke Nath	Sonarpur	ditto	Clerk, Hoare, Miller & Co.
1404 " Jethandro Nath	Husainabad	ditto	Zamindar.
1405 " Jotindra Coommar.	Baruipur	ditto	ditto.
1406 " Kali Sahaya	Tollygunge, Bengal	ditto	ditto.
1407 " Kedar Nath ...	Baruipur	ditto	ditto.

1408	"	Khiti Nath ...	Hussainabad	...	Taki (now residing at 1, Tangra Road, Intally).	...	Landlord.
1409	"	Kriahnadhan...	ditto	...	Taki	ditto	Zamindar.
1410	"	Lalit Mohan	Bhangore	...	Bodra	ditto	ditto.
1411	"	Mon Mohon ...	Hussainabad	...	Taki	ditto	ditto.
1412	"	Moni Mohan	Baruipur	...	Baruipur	ditto	Teacher.
1413	"	Nirmal Chun-ger.	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Barisa	...	Clerk, 24-Parganas Collectorate.
1414	"	Prosad Das ...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	Head Clerk, Alipore Jail.
1415	"	Purna Chan-dra.	Hussainabad	...	Taki	ditto	Clerk, B. O. Railway.
1416	"	Purna Ohan-dra.	Baniapur	...	86, Linton Street	ditto	Head Clerk, Certificate Department, 24-Parganas Collectorate.
1417	"	Provat Chan-dra.	Bhowanipur	...	28, Sikdarpara Road	ditto	Clerk, Government office.
1418	"	Prio Nath ...	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Barisa	ditto	Landlord.
1419	"	Priyo Nath ...	Sonarpur	...	Jagaddal	ditto	Clerk and Zamindar.
1420	"	Proanna Kumar.	Ballygunge	...	22, Ulubaria 1st Lane	ditto	Landholder.
1421	"	Rajendra Nath	Chitpur	...	32, Bonamali Chatterjee's Street	ditto	ditto.
1422	"	Radha Nath	Naihati	...	Chaudhuripara, Halishahar	ditto	Landlord.
1423	"	Ramaprosad	Hussainabad	...	Saidpur	ditto	ditto.
1424	"	Romesh Chan-dra.	Sonarapore	...	Rajpur	ditto	Teacher, City College, Calcutta.
1425	"	Saroda Prosad	Sonarapore	...	Rajpore	ditto	Head Master, Taki Government School.
1426	"	Saroj Mohan	Hasanabad	...	Taki	ditto	Landlord.
1427	"	Sarva Ranjan	ditto	...	do.	ditto	Zamindar.
1428	"	Surji Kumar	Tollygunge, Police.	Bengal	Barisa	ditto	Superintendent, Financial Department.
1429	"	Surja Kumar Bahadur.	Ultadungee	...	24, Ram Ratan Bose's Lane	ditto	Clerk, Merchant's office.
1430	"	Satis Chandra	Tollygunge	...	Barisa	ditto	Zamindar.
1431	"	Satindro Nath	Cossipore	...	Cossipore Road	ditto	ditto.
1432	"	Sarat Kumar	Baruipur	...	Baruipur	ditto	ditto.
1433	"	Satish Coomar	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	ditto.
1434	"	Tara Das ...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	ditto.
1435	"	Upendra Coo-mar.	ditto	...	Charakdanga Road	ditto	Clerk in the Commissariat Department.
1436	Rudra.	Gopal Chunder	Baliaghat	...	ditto	ditto	Merchant.
1437	"	Nobin Chandra	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	Trader.
1438	Rakhit,	Jageshar	Habra	...	Khantura	ditto	Trader.
1439	"	Purna Chandra	do.	...	Gobardanga	ditto	do.
1440	"	Rakhal Das	do.	...	ditto	ditto	Tradesman.
1441	"	Ram Chunder	do.	...	Haidadpur	ditto	...

NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or business.
	Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
1442 Saha, Rai Charan	...	Canal West Road	Hindu	Merchant.
1443 Sarbedhikari, Surendra Kumar	...	Baliaghatta Road	ditto	Contractor.
1444 Sen, Abinash Chunder	...	17, Linton Street	ditto	Servant of private firm.
1445 " Amrita Lal	...	Dum-Dum	ditto	Merchant.
1446 " Birreshwar	...	Barisa	ditto	Clerk, Bengal Bank.
1447 " Balaram	...	Gariffa	ditto	Assistant Engineer, E. B. S. Railway, Sealdah.
1448 " Bepin Behary	...	24, Russa Road, North	ditto	Landholder.
1449 " Brojo Nath	...	17, Chuckerbere Road, South	ditto	Pensioner.
1450 " Deyal Chandra	...	Gariffa	ditto	Clerk.
1451 " Goush Chunder, B.A.	...	17, Chuckerbere Road, South	ditto	Independent gentleman.
1452 " Kader Nath	...	50, Baniapukur Road	ditto	Trader.
1453 " Kala Chandi	...	Bhowanipore	ditto	Landholder.
1454 " Mahendra Nath	...	Moolajore	ditto	Clerk, Messrs. Kilburn & Co.
1455 " Monmotho Nath	...	58, Kansaripara Road	ditto	Counsel's Clerk, High Court.
1456 " Moti Lal, B.A.	...	Baranagar	ditto	Head Master, Victoria School.
1457 " Nogendra Nath	...	Sainpala	ditto	ditto, Basirhat H. E. School.
1458 " Novokrishto	...	Barisa	ditto	Teacher.
1459 " Nabo Kisore	...	Dum-Dum	ditto	Trader.
1460 " Satis Chandro	...	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, International Bank, Calcutta.
1461 " Surendra Nath	...	Barwaritalla Road	ditto	Kabiraj.
1462 " Tin Coury	...	Moolajore	ditto	Trader.
1463 Shastri, Babikash	...	Bhatpara	ditto	Teacher, Sanskrit College.
1464 Shukel, Surendra Nath	...	Baduria	ditto	Servant of private individual.
1465 Sheik Abdusovan	...	Khardalia	Muhammadan	Laudlord.
1466 " Sadhuo	...	Nawabpatty Road	ditto	Contractor and Merchant.
1467 " Abdul Karimbax	...	Lockgate Road	ditto	Horse-dealer.
1468 " Abdul Ganey	...	Barrackpore Trunk Road	ditto	Contractor.
1469 " Ata Karim	...	Kazipara	ditto	Landholder.
1470 " Moniruddin	...	Ahirpooker	ditto	Counsel's Clerk.
1471 " Muhammed Abdulla	...	Sainpala	ditto	Clerk, Government office.
1472 " Omerali	...	Panihati	ditto	Merchant.
1473 " Rejabali	...	Mominpur Road	ditto	Shipbroker and Contractor.
1474 Shome, Motilal	...	Khelat Babu's Lane	Hindu	Assistant, Thacker, Spink & Co.
1475 Sing, Gobin Chaud	...	Monshatolla	ditto	Others.
1476 " Gopal Chunder	...	Authpur.	ditto	Clerk, Alliance Jute Mills.

1477	Jajnewar	Baranagore	Alumbazar	ditto	Castor-oil Merchant.
1478	Kedar Nath	Bistapur	Sukdebpur	ditto	Zamindar.
1479	Kedar Nath	Baniapukur	Jannagar 1st Lane	ditto	Servant, private firm.
1480	Kedar Nath, B.A.	Baranagore	Ariadaha, Anando Chandra Banerjee's Road.	ditto	Head Master, Ariadaha High English School.
1481	Khetro Mohan	Bhowanipur	20, Pipulputty Road	ditto	Contractor.
1482	Narendra Nath	Baliaghatta	39, Charakdanga Road	ditto	Clerk.
1483	Nilmoney	Baniapukur	23, Banapara Lane	ditto	Trader.
1484	Nitya Lal (alias Madhub).	Nil Mathurapur	Mathurapur	ditto	Landowner.
1485	Pulin Behari	Alipore	Gopalnagar	ditto	Muharrir, Munsif's Court, Alipore.
1486	Rafendra Nath, B.A.	Baranagore	Ariadaha	ditto	Government servant.
1487	Uma Nath	Baliaghatta	17, Sasitolla Road	ditto	Accountant, E. B. S. Railway.
1488	Sirkar, Amarendra Nath	Barrackpore	Monirampur	ditto	Landholder.
1489	Abinash Chander	Naihati	Shamnagar	ditto	Contractor.
1490	Ashutosh	Fulta	Mals	ditto	Landholder.
1491	Atal Behari	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	ditto.
1492	Atal Chandra	Tollygunge, Bengal Police.	Shahapore	ditto	Clerk, E. I. Railway.
1493	Atahoy Kumar	Intally	22, Padmapukur Lane	ditto	do., Moore & Co.
1494	Bama Charan	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	do., Kerr, Tarruck & Co.
1495	Bijan Behary	Waingunge	Ramkamal Mukherji's Street	ditto	Tradesman.
1496	Behari Lal	Chitpur	Nilmony Mitter's Street	ditto	Clerk, Bengal Bank.
1497	Beman Behari	Waingunge	27, Ramkamal Mukherji's Street	ditto	Contractor.
1498	Benode Behari	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto.
1499	Bhuban Mohan	Magrahat	Mollachauk	ditto	Head Master.
1500	Bhusan Chunder	Nawabgunge	Napara	ditto	Naib of Zamindar Haro Lal Banerji.
1501	Debendra Nath	Baliaghatta	Choulputty Road	ditto	Merchant.
1502	Dhronidhur	Chitpur	Bonomali Chatterjee's Street	ditto	School Master.
1503	Hari Charan	Waingunge	106, Circular Garden Reach Road	ditto	Overseer, Garden Reach Municipality.
1504	Jagendra Nath	Naihati	Naihati	ditto	Clerk, Hooghly Municipality.
1505	Kisori Lal alias Ghaswam.	Garden Reach	Sonai 3rd Lane	ditto	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.
1506	Kumudini Kanta	Budge-Budge	Mehta Road	ditto	Clerk, Messrs. Graham & Co.'s Oil Depot.
1507	Nava Kumar	Bhowanipore	15, Russa Road, North	ditto	do., Police Commissioner's office.
1508	Nisi Kanto	Utkadanga	Canal West Road	ditto	Private individual.
1509	Nundo Lal	Sonarpur	Rajpur	ditto	Clerk, High Court.
1510	Paras Chandra	Haroa	Dhuturdah	ditto	Zamindar.
1511	Prosenno Kumar	Naihati	Bhatpara	ditto	Landing Sirkar at Messrs. Finlay, Muir & Co.
1512	Promotho Nath	Tollygunge	48, Monohurpukur Road	ditto	Superintendent, Kidderpore School.
1513	Probodh Chandra	Intally	59, South Road, Intally	ditto	Zamindar.
1514	Raj Kumar	Waingunge	14, Monshatola Lane	ditto	Pensioner.
1515	Radha Nath	Fulta	Banganagar	ditto	Landowner.

Quality or business.

Rare.

PLACE & ABOVE. *
 Village, road, or street.

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NAME	PLACE & ABOVE. * Village, road, or street.	Quality or business.	Rare.
1516 Sirkar, Raj Kumar	Alipore	Hindu	...
1517 " Subodh Krishna	Intally	ditto	...
1518 " Uma Charan	Mograhath	ditto	...
1519 " Upendra Nath	Naihati	ditto	...
1520 " Woomeesh Chandra	Fulta	ditto	...
1521 Sur, Hari Das	Naihati	ditto	...
1522 " Purno Chunder	Utkadanga	ditto	...
1523 " Sanyasi Charan	Intally	ditto	...
1524 " Syam Lal	Baliaghatta	ditto	...
1525 " Sasi Bhawan	ditto	ditto	...
1526 " Saroda Prosad	Nawabgunge	ditto	...
1527 " Umes Chandra	Intally	ditto	...
1528 Sikdar, Ram Rhedya	Basirhat	ditto	...
1529 Sanyal, Ram Brahma	Alipore	ditto	...
1530 Saw, Braja Doyal	Chitpur	ditto	...
1531 " Brohmanundo	Baliaghatta	ditto	...
1532 " Chandra Nath	Nowabgunge	ditto	...
1533 " Haran Chandra	Baliaghatta	ditto	...
1534 " Jiban Krishna	Baranagar	ditto	...
1535 " Madon Mohon	Baliaghatta	ditto	...
1536 " Pran Krishna, B.A.	Baranagar	ditto	...
1537 " Upendra Nath	Basirhat	ditto	...
1538 Shaw, Beni Madhab	Baniapukur	ditto	...
1539 " Rakhal Chander	Chitpur	ditto	...
1540 Simlai, Prasunno Kumar	ditto	ditto	...
1541 Shoil, Grishchandra	Baduria	ditto	...
1542 Sheit, Mahendra Nath	ditto	ditto	...
1543 Sarnokar, Bama Choran	Naihati	ditto	...
1544 " Kali Charan	ditto	ditto	...
1545 Sayud, Abdul Kuddas	Barrackpore	Muhammadian...	...
1546 " Asruf Ally	Barasat	ditto	...
1547 " Ahamed	Barrackpore	ditto	...
1548 " Ali Hossain	Cossipore	ditto	...
1549 " Bilat Ali	Barrackpore	ditto	...

Zamindar.
 Draftsman, Surveyor-General's office.
 Cashier, City College.
 Clerk, Kerr, Tarruck & Co.
 Landowner.
 Landlord.
 Broker.
 Clerk, Government office.
 do., Ralli Brothers' office.
 do., Merchant's office.
 Municipal Commissioner.
 Overseer.
 Teacher, Basirhat H. E. School.
 Superintendent, Zoological Garden, Alipore.
 Merchant.
 ditto.
 Trader.
 Merchant.
 ditto.
 ditto.
 Clerk.
 Zamindar.
 Trader.
 Merchant.
 Landholder.
 Tradesman.
 ditto.
 ditto.
 Trader.
 Landlord.
 2nd Clerk, Barasat Subdivisional office.
 Landlord.
 Registrar, Muhammadan Deaths.
 Teacher, Government School.

1550	"	Khurshed Ali	...	ditto	...	Landlord.	...
1551	"	Muhammed Ali	...	Ballygunge	...	Translator, High Court.	...
1552	"	Meherali	...	Barrackpore	...	Clerk, High Court.	...
1553	"	Mahsook Hossain	...	Barasat	...	Landholder.	...
1554	"	Omer	...	Garden Reach	...	Clerk, Audit Office, B.-N. Railway.	...
1555	Set, Panchcauri		...	Cossipore	...	Merchant.	...
1556	" Saroda Prosad		...	Walgunge	Hindu	ditto	...
1557	Tarafdar, Khetra Nath		...	Khardah	Jain
			...	Suckchar	Hindu	Government pensioner.	...

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1558	Upadhya, Bamacharan	...	Barasat	...	Hindu	Clerk, Eastern Bengal State Railway.	...
1559	" Khetra Mohon	...	ditto	Jagoolia	ditto	2nd Master, Jagoolia English School.	...

24-PARGANAS COLLECTORATE,
The 15th February 1906.

J. H. BERNARD,
Collector.

LIST OF SPECIAL JURORS FOR THE YEAR 1906.

It is notified that objections to the following list of Special Jurors for the District of 24-Parganas for the year 1906 will be heard and determined by the Sessions Judge and Collector of the district at the Sessions Court on the 27th March 1906 at noon :—

No.	NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or business.
		Tbana.	Village, road, or street.		
1	Addy, P. N.	Baniapukur	28, Baniapukur Road	Christian	Assistant in the Board of Revenue (Government servant).
2	Abbot, F. H.	Alipore	1, Alipore Lane	European	Secretary, Agricultural and Horticultural Society, Alipore.
3	Apcar, Allen A.	Ballygunge	9, Gariahat Road	Armenian	Merchant.
4	Apcar, A. A.	Baniapukur	47, Baniapukur Road	Ditto	Contractor.
5	Ashworth, S. H.	Naihati	Gouripur Jute Mills	European	Joint Manager, Gouripur Jute Mills.
6	Bayley, E. C.	Baniapukur	42, Baniapukur Lane	Eurasian	Government servant.
7	Burke, E.	Uladanga	Belgaohia Road	European	Assistant Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
8	Booth, T. T.	Barrackpore	Titagar	Ditto	Manager, Titagar Paper Mills.
9	Brand, E.	Uladanga	Belgaohi Road	Ditto	Assistant Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
10	Baxter, K. R.	Barnackpore	Titagarh	Ditto	Assistant Manager, Titagarh Jute Mills.
11	Carter, W. J.	Baniapukur	72, Tiljulla Road	Ditto	Manager, Kellner & Co.
12	Chatters, M.	Bhawanipur	9, Lansdowne Row	Christian	Landholder.
13	Clegborn, E. C.	Baniapukur	11, Rychurn Pal's Lane	Eurasian	Government pensioner.
14	Cameron, C. C.	Alipore	12, Belvedere Road	European	Head Assistant, Army Clothing Agency.
15	Callow, John	Baniapukur	78, Linton Street	Eurasian	Trader.
16	Curry, R.	Chitpur	2, Chitpurghat Lane	Ditto	Manager, Hooghly Hydraulic Press.
17	Dinshaw, H.	Baniapukur	Gorachad Road	East Indian	Servant of a private Company.
18	Evans, D. E.	Chitpur	Ram Gopal Ghose's Lane	European	Engineer in the firm of Messrs. Ralli Brothers.
19	Fairweather, D.	Naihati	Fort Gloster Jute Mills	Ditto	Manager, Fort Gloster Jute Mills.
20	Ferrier, W.	Garden Reach	Garden Reach Road	Ditto	Manager, Hooghly Mills.
21	Gasper, A.	Ballygunge	12, Ballygunge Circular Road	Christian	Zamindar.
22	Gough, R.	Intally	12, Convent Road	Ditto	Editor, Critic.
23	Guinness, C. F.	Ditto	Chingrihatta Road	Ditto	Late Superintendent, Municipal Slaughter-house.
24	Gregory, J.	Cossipore	Rustumjee's Road	Ditto	Engineer in the Camperdown Press.
25	Hart, P.	Watgunge	Garbaria Road	Ditto	Clerk, Comptroller-General's office.
26	Henry, A. O.	Alipore	Army Clothing Agency Office	European	Store-keeper.
27	Hendry, H. H.	Intally	20, North Road	East Indian	Broker.
28	Hughes, G. H.	Watgunge	7, Monshatolla Lane	Eurasian	Clerk.
29	Hunt, A. A.	Ditto	17, Watgunge Road	Ditto	Proprietor, Marquis Hotel.
30	Imley, John	Baniapukur	5, Debi Serampore Road	Ditto	Independent gentleman.
31	Jocdim, W.	Chitpur	Gun Foundry Road	Ditto	Engineer, Sugar Works.
32	Jones, H.	Watgunge	15, Watgunge Street	Ditto	Assistant, John Teal & Co.
33	Joseph, S.	Intally	Lower Circular Road, Gowkhana	Ditto	Superintendent, Gowkhana Corporation of Calcutta.

34	Mangakia, M. D.	...	Chitpur	...	Cossipore Road	...	European	...	Assistant Manager, Ralli Brothers' Jute Press.
35	McDowel, J.	...	Cossipore	...	Rastomji Parsi's Lane	...	Ditto	...	Merchant.
36	Macnical, S. T.	...	Barrackpore	...	Titagar	...	Ditto	...	Assistant, Standard Jute Mills.
37	McNeel, J.	...	Chitpur	...	Nawabpatty Road	...	Ditto	...	Manager, Canal Press.
38	Nicola, H.	...	Wetgunge	...	5, Komedan Bagan Road	...	Ditto	...	Clerk.
39	Neel, C.	...	Baranagar	...	North Baranagar	...	Ditto	...	Assistant, Baranagar Jute Mills.
40	Peterson, H.	...	Barrackpore	...	Titagar	...	Ditto	...	Manager, Kinnison Mills.
41	Peter, A.	...	Nawpara	...	Shamnagar Mill	...	Ditto	...	Manager, Shamnagar Jute Mill.
42	Robertson, J.	...	Barrackpore	...	Titagar	...	Ditto	...	Salesman, Titagar Jute Mills.
43	Rodconachi, J. M.	...	Alipore	...	12, Alipore Road	...	Ditto	...	Assistant in the office of Ralli Brothers.
44	Scott, J. G.	...	Baniapukur	...	38, Padmapukur	...	Eurasian	...	Trader.
45	Shorter, A. E.	...	Garden Reach	...	63, Garden Reach Road	...	European	...	Manager, North-Western Soap Company Limited.
46	Smith, W.	...	Barrackpore	...	Titagar	...	Ditto	...	Salesman, Standard Jute Mills Company, Limited.
47	Stewart, A. C.	...	Garden Reach	...	21, Garden Reach Road	...	Ditto	...	Agent, Jamaica, Fiji, St. Lucia and Mauritius Emigration Agency.
48	Tyndall, W.	...	Naihati	...	Jagaddal	...	Ditto	...	Assistant, Alliance Jute Mills.
49	Weet, C. L.	...	Alipore	...	Army Clothing Agency	...	Ditto	...	Master Tailor, Army Clothing Agency.
50	Aga Wasikali	...	Tollygunge, Suburban.	...	35, Russa Road, South	...	Muhammadian...	...	Landholder.
51	Addy, Rakhal Dass	...	Alipore	...	7-8, Pharbagan Lane	...	Hindu	...	Zamindar.
52	Banerjee, Anghor Nath	...	Baduria	...	Khergetohy	...	Do.	...	Servant of private individual.
53	" Amrapaty	...	Bhawanipur	...	23, Haldarpara Road	...	Do.	...	Merchant.
54	" Ashutosh, R.A.	...	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Behala, Nuskerpore	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Merchant's office.
55	" Ashutosh	...	Ditto	...	Maheshtolla	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
56	" Behari Lal, M.A.	...	Joynagar	...	Joynagar	...	Do.	...	Landholder, Professor, General Assembly's Institution.
57	" Bhola Nath	...	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Behala	...	Do.	...	Accountant, East Indian Railway Office.
58	" Basanta Kumar	...	Maniktala	...	2, Bahir Simla Road	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office (Government servant).
59	" Durga Prasanna	...	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Behala, Gabtola	...	Do.	...	Independent gentleman.
60	" Ganendra Nath	...	Chitpur	...	34, Bonamali-Chatterjee's Street	...	Do.	...	Landlord.
61	" Gopal Chandra	...	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Mahestollah	...	Do.	...	Clerk and Zamindar.
62	" Hara Nath	...	Ditto	...	Behala, Nuskerpur	...	Do.	...	Chief Clerk, Government Emigration Agency, British Guiana.
63	" Hari Das	...	Khardah	...	Panihati	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
64	" Hem Chandra	...	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Inspector-General, Civil Hospitals.
65	" Hira Lal	...	Bhawanipur	...	11, Rup Chand Mukerjee's Lane	...	Do.	...	Landholder.
66	" Jogendra Nath	...	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	Do.	...	Municipal Commissioner.
67	" Kali Prasanna	...	Wetgunge	...	8, Padmapukur Square	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.
68	" Kali Prasanna	...	Bhawanipur	...	33, Boloram Bose's Ghat Road	...	Do.	...	Editor of the <i>Hibedi</i> .
69	" Kasindra Nath	...	Basirhat	...	Basirhat	...	Do.	...	Local Board Clerk.
70	" Kali Prasanna	...	Garden Reach	...	Komarpara Singarhati	...	Do.	...	Building contractor.
71	" Kali Krishna	...	Khardah	...	Panihati	...	Do.	...	Government pensioner.

Quality of business.

Race.

STATUS OF BUSINESS
Village, road, or street.

NAME.

Thana.

Village, road, or street.

No.	NAME.	Thana.	STATUS OF BUSINESS Village, road, or street.	Race.	Quality of business.
72	Banerjee, Khetter Nath	Baduria	Khorgatchee	Hindu	Landholder.
73	" Khetter Mohan	Dum-Dum	Nimta	Do.	Ditto.
74	" Kisser Mohan	Watgunge	Gangadhar Banerjee's Lane	Do.	Ditto.
75	" Kusum Kumar	Paripur	Shashone	Do.	Ditto.
76	" Mati Lall	Baranagar	Joynarain Banerjee's Lane,	Do.	Zamindar.
			Kutighatta.		
77	" Mahit Krishna	Dum-Dum	Kadihaty	Do.	Trader.
78	" Narain Chandra, B.L.	Khorda	Agorpara	Do.	Translator, High Court.
79	" Norendra Kumar	Baripur	Shashone	Do.	Landholder.
80	" Nibaran Chandra	Bhawanipur	11, Rup Chand Mukerjee's Lane	Do.	Cashier.
81	" Noni Lall	Watgunge	Kidderpore	Do.	Zamindar.
82	" Peary Mohun	Naihati	Ramsitargali (Malisahar)	Do.	Independent gentleman.
83	" Prasanna Kumar	Tollygunge, B. P.	Maheshbolla	Do.	Zamindar.
84	" Prasanna Kumar	Khorda	Pauhati	Do.	Government pensioner.
85	" Sarat Chandra	Watgunge	Padmapukur Square	Do.	Merchant and money-lender.
86	" Syama Charan	Bhawanipur	47, Nakuleswartolla	Do.	Translator, High Court.
87	" Surendra Nath	Bhawanipur	36, Chuckerberia Road, South	Do.	Clerk, High Court.
88	" Upendra Krishna	Bhawanipur	11, Kedar Bose's Lane	Do.	Independent gentleman.
89	" Woorna Charan	Barasat	Hridoypur	Do.	Government pensioner.
90	Bhattacharjee, Abinash Chandra.	Sonarpur	Harinavi	Do.	Landlord.
91	" Bipin Behari	Do.	Rajpur	Do.	Teacher, Harinavi A. S. School.
92	" Barada Kanto	Bhawanipur	4, Kalighat Road	Do.	Pandit, City College.
93	" Hari Pado, M.A.	Baranagar	Dhakbinesar, Rai P. C. Banerjee's Street.	Do.	Chemist, Cossipore Gun Foundry.
94	" Kali Krista, (Pandit).	Sonarpur	Harinavi	Do.	Professor, Metropolitan Institution, Calcutta.
95	" Nibaran	Naihati	Naihati	Do.	Editor, Education Gazette.
96	" Purno Chandra	Do.	Bhatpara	Do.	Surveyor.
97	" Rajoni Kanto	Tollygunge, Suburban Police, Calcutta.	77, Hazra Road	Do.	Assistant Assessor, Calcutta Municipality.
98	" Ramanuj	Naihati	Bhatpara	Do.	Head Pandit, Calcutta Hindu School.
99	" Shib Chander	Do.	Naihati	Do.	Teacher, Konnagur High English School.
100	" Tarini Charan,	Do.	Bhatpara	Do.	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat.
	" B.A.				
101	" Woomeah Chandra.	Do.	Ditto	Do.	Pandit, Hooghly College.
102	Biawas, Achinta Nath	Khorda	Khorda	Do.	Zamindar.
103	" Hira Lall	Chitpur	Bonomali Chatterjee's Street	Do.	Independent gentleman.
104	" Kali Churn	Barrackpore	Bandipore	Do.	Landholder.
105	" Nakoor Chandra	Watgunge	82, Monshatolla	Do.	Teacher.
106	" Naba Krishna	Tollygunge, B. P.	Behala	Do.	Clerk, Comptroller-General's office.

No.	NAME	PLACE OF ABODE.		Ra e.	Hindu	Quality or business.
		Thana.	Village, road, or street.			
146	Chatterjee Romesh Chandra	Tollygunge	91, Hazra Road	...	...	Clerk, Railway office.
147	" Sarada Prasanna	Balighat	Narkoldanga Main Road	Do.	Do.	Florist.
148	" Shiba Prasanna	Joynagar	Joynagar	Do.	Do.	Landholder.
149	" Siddeshar	Naihati	Chaudharipara, Halisahar	Do.	Do.	Tradesman.
150	" Sree Mohan	Tollygunge	10, Shabanagore Lane	Do.	Do.	Superintendent, Kalighat School.
151	" Srikrishna	Bhawanipur	5, Beltolla Road	Do.	Do.	Translator, High Court.
152	" Tarini Charan	Watgunge	Gurbaria Road	Do.	Do.	Teacher.
153	" Tinoori	Barasat	Barasat	Do.	Do.	Money-lender.
154	Chattopadhyay, G. C.	Baniapukur	77, Linton Street	Do.	Do.	Government pensioner.
155	Chuckerbutty, Bama Charan,	Sonarpur	Kamrabad	Do.	Do.	Teacher, Harinavi, A. S. School.
156	M.A. Khetra Mohan	Baranagar	Ariadah	Do.	Do.	Government pensioner.
157	Dasa, Behari Lal	Diamond Harbour	Diamond Harbour	Do.	Do.	Saristadar, Mamai's Court, Diamond Harbour.
158	" Koilash Chunder	Watgunge	Joggonath Sarkar's Lane	Do.	Do.	Independent gentleman.
159	" Krishna Lal	Chitpur	Lookgate Road	Do.	Do.	Lock Manufacturer.
160	" Rajendra Nath	Cossipore	Rutton Babu's Road	Do.	Do.	Municipal Commissioner.
161	" Tarapada	Baniapukur	58, Baniapukur Road	Do.	Do.	Government servant.
162	" Bireswar	Barackpore	Monirampur	Do.	Do.	Ditto.
163	" Chandi Charan	Watgunge	Monshatolla	Do.	Do.	School-master.
164	" Kasiipathi	Ditto	Ditto, Tarafdar's Tank, 2nd Lane	Do.	Do.	Clerk, Government office.
165	" Kedar Nath	Baniapukur	57-1, Baniapukur Road	Do.	Do.	Servant of a private individual.
166	" Kedar Nath	Tollygunge, B. P.	Barisa	Do.	Do.	Pensioner.
167	" Mohendra Nath	Intally	Debi Intally Road	Do.	Do.	Zamindar.
168	" Mohendra Lal	Baniapukur	7, Baniapukur Lane	Do.	Do.	Trader.
169	" Naba Kishore	Intally	1, Tangra Road	Do.	Do.	Merchant.
170	" Nikunja Behary	Naihati	Bijpore	Do.	Do.	Clerk, Local Superintendent's Office, E. B. S.
171	Siddeshar, B.A.	Do.	Gorifa	Do.	Do.	Railway, Kanchrapara.
172	Dutta, Ambica Charan	Tollygunge, B. P.	Barisa	Do.	Do.	Clerk, Commissioner's office, Presidency Division.
173	" Ashutosh	Baduria	Parnh	Do.	Do.	Do., Military Department.
174	Dutta, Bejoy Lal	Bhawanipur	23-3, Chuckerbere Road	Do.	Do.	Landlord.
175	" Bejoy Lal	Baduria	Arbelis	Do.	Do.	Assistant Superintendent, Zoological Garden.
176	" Benode Behari	Chitpur	Khelat Babu's Road	Do.	Do.	Government servant.
177	" Benoy Krishna	Joynagar	Mazilpur	Do.	Do.	Merchant.
178	" Boykanto Nath	Balighat	Garpar	Do.	Do.	Zamindar.
179	" Jagabandhu	Bhawanipur	7-1, Bocool Bagan Road	Do.	Do.	Broker.
180	" Jotindra Narayan	Joynagar	Mazilpur	Do.	Do.	Pensioner.
181	" Monmotha Nath	Garden Reach	Circular Garden Reach Road	Do.	Do.	Zamindar.
182	" Nriya Gopal	Joynagar	Mazilpur	Do.	Do.	Tradesman.
183	" Poran Chandra	Baniapukur	38, Baniapukur Road	Do.	Do.	Translator, High Court.
184	" Purna Chandra	Bhawanipur	28, Kalighat Road	Do.	Do.	Zamindar.
185	" Roman Krishna	Joynagar	Mazilpur	Do.	Do.	Municipal Commissioner, Naihati.
186	" Suresh Chander	Naihati	Naihati	Do.	Do.	

187	"	Satish Chandra	Habra	...	Khanura	...	Hiadu	...	Trader.
188	"	Wootam Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	9, Bakul Bagan Road	...	Do.	...	Pensioner.
189	Gangooly,	Ambica Nath	Ditto	...	1, Padmapukur Lane	...	Do.	...	Assistant, G. A. and Co.
190	"	"	Chitpur	...	Banamali Chatterji's Street	...	Do.	...	Government servant.
191	"	Beni Madhab	Bhawanipur	...	5, Choulputty Lane	...	Do.	...	Head-master, South Suburban School.
192	"	Devendro Nath	Ditto	...	19, Chuckerbere Road, South	...	Do.	...	Teacher, South Suburban School.
193	"	Induprakash	Baniapur	...	171, Lower Circular Road	...	Do.	...	Landlord.
194	"	Jyoti Prakash	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
195	"	Janaki Nath	Naihati	...	Khasabati, Halisahar	...	Do.	...	Government pensioner.
196	"	Kali Nath	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	Do.	...	Teacher, Hara School, Calcutta.
197	"	Kamala Kanta	Alipore	...	Subji Bagan Lane	...	Do.	...	Head Clerk, District Engineer's Office.
198	"	Khetter Mohan	Bhawanipur	...	28, Issur Gangooly's Lane	...	Do.	...	Translator, High Court.
199	"	Protap Chunder	Alipore	...	42, Chetla Road	...	Do.	...	Trader.
200	Ghosal,	Coomer Satya Sree	Ektalpur	...	Bhukoylash	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
201	"	Coomer Satya Mohan	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
202	"	Coomer Satya Sankar	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
203	Ghose,	Abhoy Churn, B.A.	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Office of Examiner of Military Accounts.
204	"	Ashutosh	Barrackpore	...	Bowbasar, Barrackpore	...	Do.	...	Tradesman.
205	"	Boikanto Nath	Watgunge	...	Gopal Ghose's Lane	...	Do.	...	Pensioner.
206	"	Bepin Behari	Nawabgunge	...	Nawabgunge	...	Do.	...	Servant, Dunbar Cotton Mill's.
207	"	Brojendra Kumar	Barnipur	...	Ramnagar	...	Do.	...	Landholder.
208	"	Brojo Nath	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Saruna	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Small Cause Court, Calcutta.
209	"	Brojo Nath	Watgunge, B. P.	...	80, Diamond Harbour Road	...	Do.	...	Contractor.
210	"	Chandi Charan	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Rusa	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
211	"	Dhiraj Chunder	Sadar	...	Garia	...	Do.	...	Merchant.
212	"	Hari Gopal	Bhawanipur	...	3, Gopalchandra Banerjee's Street	...	Do.	...	Contractor.
213	"	Kedarnath	Intally	...	Padma Pooker Lane	...	Do.	...	Landowner.
214	"	Keshory Lal	Sonarpur	...	Harinavi	...	Do.	...	Landlord and Vice-Chairman, Rajpur Municipality.
215	"	Kherode Chander, B.A.	Baranagar	...	Ariadah	...	Do.	...	Government servant.
216	"	Lalit Mohan	Alipore	...	18, Chetla Road	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
217	"	Mohendra Nath	Ditto	...	Chetla Road, Sabji Bagan	...	Do.	...	Clerk, High Court.
218	"	Nalin Chunder Chowdhuri.	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	Do.	...	Landlord.
219	"	Notobar	Ultadanga	...	Bhoyrub Mukerjee's Lane	...	Do.	...	Merchant.
220	"	Preo Nath	Bhawanipur	...	142, Russa Road, South	...	Do.	...	Private Secretary, Cooch Bihar Raj.
221	"	Preo Nath	Intally	...	1, Anando Gopal Palit's Road	...	Do.	...	Clerk, High Court.
222	"	Prasad Dass	Ditto	...	2, Ditto	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
223	"	Furna Chandra	Bhawanipur	...	37, Padmapukur Road	...	Do.	...	Head Assistant, Office of the Geological Survey of India.
224	"	Ram Lal	Naihati	...	Naihati	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Accountant-General's office.
225	"	Ramani Mohan	Watgunge	...	12-2, Circular Garden Resch Road	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Office of Registrar of Births, Deaths and Marriages.
226	"	Bono Nath	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Soruna	...	Do.	...	Local Auditor.

No.	NAME.	PLACE OF ABODE.		Race.	Quality or business.
		Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
227	Ghosal, Ram Rakhai	Intally	Midda	Hindu	Zamindar.
228	" Uma Charan	Naihati	Naihati	Do.	Teacher, Metropolitan Institution, Calcutta.
229	Gupta, Dijendro Nath	Ditto	Halishahar, Ramsaiter Gully	Do.	Clerk, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal, Calcutta.
230	" Mohendro Nath	Ditto	Baidyapara, Halishahar	Do.	Retired Railway Officer.
231	Goswami, Binode Kisor	Khardaha	Khardaha	Do.	Zamindar.
232	Gossain, Mohendro Nath	Naihati	Kankinara	Do.	Municipal Commissioner.
233	Hazra, Sarat Chandra	Ekbalpur	New Sonai Road	Do.	Overseer.
234	Kanjee Lal, Upendro Nath	Naihati	Bispora, Halishahar	Do.	Head Clerk, District Loco. Superintendent's Office, E. B. S. Railway, Kanchrapara.
235	Kundu, Benode Bihari	Habra	Goberdanga	Do.	Trader.
236	" Moti Lal	Sadar	Garia	Do.	Merchant.
237	" Shashree Bhusan	Habra	Goberdanga	Do.	Trader.
238	Khan, Nooruddin	Tollygunge, B. P.	Russa	Muhammadian...	Independent.
239	" Musund	Baniapukur	29, Ice Factory Lane	Ditto	Tradesman.
240	Mandal, Banka Behari	Tollygunge	Tollygunge Road	Hindu	Zamindar.
241	" Brindaban	Watgunge	Ram Kamal Mukherji's Lane	Do.	Clerk, Fort William.
242	" Chandi Charan	Budge-Budge	Bawali	Do.	Zamindar.
243	" Kristo Prasanna	Ditto	Do.	Do.	Ditto.
244	Mitter, Ashutosh	Naihati Golabati	Halishahar	Do.	Teacher, H. C. E. School, Halishahar.
245	" Akhoy Chunder	Ditto	Naihati	Do.	Independent gentleman.
246	" Birendra Lala	Baliaghatta	Raja Rajendra Lala Mitter's Road	Do.	Private servant.
247	" Chunilal	Baruipur	Sastitolla Road	Do.	Zamindar.
248	" Jogodish Chandra	Baliaghatta	Sama Churn Moitra's Road	Do.	Clerk in the Accounts Office.
249	" Jogendra Nath	Cossipore	Do.	Do.	Clerk, Gun Foundry, Cossipore (Government servant).
250	" Mohendra Lal	Baliaghatta	Raja Rajendra Lala Mitter's Road	Do.	Landlord.
251	" Raj Jogodiswar	Bhawanipur	34-6, Baccol Bagan Road	Do.	Clerk, Ordnance of Military Accounts.
252	" Sarat Chandra	Chitpur	Ranie's Road	Do.	Clerk, East Indian Railway.
253	" Satya Churn	Naihati	Naihati	Do.	Clerk, Agelasto & Co.
254	" Surendra Nath	Joy Nagar	Joy Nagar	Do.	Zamindar.
255	Munshi, Abdur Rahaman	Ekbalpur	47, Diamond Harbour Road	Muhammadian...	Zamindar.
256	" Badaruddaza	Basirhat	Sainpala	Ditto	Government servant.
257	" Zahuruddin Ahmad	Naihati	Naihati	Ditto	Municipal Commissioner.
258	" Mohamed Ibrahim	Basirhat	Sainpali	Ditto	Zamindar.
259	" Kharshed Mirza	Garden Reach	Matiabruz	Ditto	Political Pensioner of ex-King of Oudh's family.
260	Prinoo, Kam Bux Mirza	Baniapukur	1, Doogdoogipara Road	Ditto	Ditto.
261	" Dilawar Jah	Garden Reach	Matiabruz	Ditto	Ditto.
262	" Mohamed Ibrahim	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
263	" Amed Shah Shaheb-zada.	Tollygunge	104, Russa Road, South	Ditto	Independent.

264	Mirza Mohammed Isa	Intally	...	Muchipara Lane, Fullbagan	...	Ditto	Librarian.
265	Mirza Mohamed Naki	Baniapukur	...	1, Tanti Bagan Road	...	Ditto	Independent.
266	Ilahi Baksh	Baniapukur	...	Kansharipara Road	...	Ditto	Clerk, High Court.
267	Maulvi Abdul Hamid	Maniktala	...	14, Bahir Simla Road	...	Ditto	Contractor.
268	Maitra, Bhagabati Charan	Naihati	...	Balidaghatta, Halishahar	...	Hindu	Trader.
269	" Moamotho Lal	Baranagar	...	Nim Chand Moitra's Lane, Hooghly.	Bon-	Do.	Independent gentleman.
270	Mazumdar, Chandra Nath	Intally	...	25, Tangra Road	...	Do.	Zamindar.
271	" Rajendralal	Balidaghatta	...	Garpar	...	Do.	Cashier, Cresswell & Co.
272	Mukerjee, Abinash Chandra	Naihati	...	Khasbati, Halishahar	...	Do.	Zamindar.
273	" Anadi Charan	Tollygunge	...	4, Shahanagore Road	...	Do.	Pundit, Sanskrit College.
274	" Amrito Lal	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Barisa	...	Do.	Landholder.
275	" Amrita Lal	Khardaha	...	Khardaha	...	Do.	Government servant, Custom House.
276	" Beni Madhab	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Behala	...	Do.	Clerk in the Chamber of W. C. Bonnerjee, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.
277	" Bepin Behari, B.A.	Khardaha	...	Rohara	...	Do.	Store keeper, Stationery Office.
278	" Bhut Nath	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Behala	...	Do.	Pensioner.
279	" Bunkoo Behary	Naihati	...	Ramsitar Gaii, Halishahar	...	Do.	Inspector of Water Works, Calcutta Corporation.
280	" Debendra Nath	Watgunge	...	15, Puddopukur Street	...	Do.	Zamindar.
281	" Dwarika Nath	Kharda	...	Agorpara	...	Do.	Independent gentleman.
282	" Jadab Chandra	Watgunge	...	2, Bishu Babu's Lane	...	Do.	Contractor.
283	" Jadu Nath	Khardah	...	Khardah	...	Do.	Retired Railway Store-keeper.
284	" Jogendra Nath	Bhawanipur	...	12, Choulputty Road	...	Do.	Head Clerk and Accountant, South Suburban Municipality.
285	" Kedar Nath	Ditto	...	52, Govindo Ghosal's Lane	...	Do.	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance Accounts.
286	" Krishno Nath	Barrackpore	...	Talpukur, Chanak	...	Do.	Contractor.
287	" Krishno Dhan	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Behala	...	Do.	Clerk, Merchant's Office.
288	" Khelat Chandra	Watgunge	...	2, Bishu Babu's Lane	...	Do.	Zamindar.
289	" Kunjo Behari	Naihati	...	Ramsiter Gully, Halishahar	...	Do.	Inspector of Water-works, Calcutta Corporation.
290	" Naro Nath	Baniapukur	...	29, Baniapukur Road	...	Do.	Servant of private firm.
291	" Nogendra Nath	Bhawanipur	...	1, Jeliapara Road	...	Do.	Pensioner.
292	" Nirod Nath	Baniapukur	...	28, Baniapukur Road	...	Do.	Zamindar.
293	" Prasanna Kumar	Maniktala	...	1, Kalinath Banerjee's Lane	...	Do.	Ditto.
294	" Priya Nath, M.A.	Khardah	...	Panhati	...	Do.	Clerk, Controller-General's Office.
295	" Rakhal Chandra	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Barisa	...	Do.	Pensioner.
296	" Rajendra Nath	Naihati	...	Chaudhuripara, Halishahar	...	Do.	Government pensioner.
297	" Roop Das	Naihati	...	Bhatpara	...	Do.	Clerk, Merchant's office.
298	" Saroda Prosad	Baduria	...	Baduria	...	Do.	Landholder.
299	" Sashi Bhusan	Tollygunge	...	131, Russa Road	...	Do.	Editor, <i>National Guardian</i> .
300	" Sashi Bhusan	Tollygunge, B. P.	...	Shahapur, Behala	...	Do.	Government pensioner.
301	" S. C., M.A.	Baniapukur	...	1, Dehi Serampur Road	...	Christian	Professor in a private College.
302	" Syam Lal	Bhawanipur	...	15-2, Sankaripara Road	...	Hindu	Independent gentleman.

No.	NAME	PLACE OF ABODE		Race	Quality or business.
		Thana.	Village, road, or street.		
303	Mukerjee, S. C.	Intally	Ananda Gopal Palit's Lane	Christian	Trader.
304	"	Baranagar	Joynarain Banerjee's Kuttighatta.	Hindu	Zamindar.
305	"	Ohitpur	Barrackpore Trunk Road	Do.	Landholder.
306	"	Woomesh Chandra	7, Padmapukur Square	Do.	Pensioner.
307	"	Woomesh Chandra	17, Tollygunge Road	Do.	Zamindar.
308	Mullick, Harish Chander	Ohitpur	Barrackpore Trunk Road	Do.	Merchant.
309	Nag Chowdhury, Abinash Chandra.	Baduria	Taragonia	Do.	Landholder.
310	"	Surendra Nath.	Arbeia	Do.	Zamindar.
311	"	Upendra Nath,	Ditto	Do.	Ditto.
312	Chaudhuri, Benode Behary	Habra	Gaipur	Do.	Landlord.
313	" Durga Dass	Baruipur	Baruipur	Do.	Zamindar.
314	Pal, Behary Lal	Naihati	Bang. Halishahar	Do.	Trader.
315	" Hari Das	Nawabgunge	Nawabgunge	Do.	Head-master, Nawabgunge School.
316	" Moti Lal	Maniktala	1-4, Ultadanga Junction Road	Do.	Head-master.
317	Ray, Atul Chandra	Tollygunge, B. P.	Behala	Do.	Clerk, Merchant's office.
318	" Raja Borada Kanto	Baduria	Khorgatchi	Do.	Landholder.
319	" Chandra Nath	Do.	Pura	Do.	Zamindar.
320	" Chuni Lal	Naihati	Gorifa	Do.	Clerk, office of Controller of Military Accounts.
321	" Gopal Chandra Gupta	Tollygunge, B. P.	Barisa	Do.	Clerk, Bengal Bank.
322	" Grish Chandra	Naihati	Golabati, Halishahar	Do.	Clerk, Ernhausen & Co.
323	" Kedar Nath	Alipore	14, Gopalnagar	Do.	Clerk, High Court.
324	" Poolin Chunder	Baniapukur	69, Baniapukur Road	Do.	Engineer.
325	" Upendra Nath	Naihati	Gorifa	Do.	Clerk, Executive Engineer's office.
326	" Chaudhuri, Ardha Chandra.	Khardana	Panihati	Do.	Zamindar.
327	"	Baruipur	Baruipur	Do.	Ditto.
328	"	Barrackpore	Monirampur	Do.	Landholder.
329	"	Baruipur	Baruipur	Do.	Zamindar.
330	"	Hurri Dass	Ditto	Do.	Ditto.
331	"	Kally Sahoy	Tollygunge, B. P.	Do.	Ditto.
332	"	Moni Mohun	Baruipur	Do.	Ditto.
333	"	Purna Chandra	Hosainabad	Do.	Head Clerk, Alipore Jail.
334	"	Prasanna Ku-mar.	23, Ulubaria 1st Lane	Do.	Clerk and zamindar.

335	"	Priya Nath ...	Tallygunga, B. P. ...	Barisa	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Accountant-General's Office.
336	"	Surja Kumar...	Ultadanga	24, Ram Ratan Bose's Lane	...	Do.	...	Superintendent, Financial Department.
337	"	Bomesh Chandra.	Sonarpur	Rajpur	...	Do.	...	Talookdar.
338	"	Setish Kumar	Baruipur	Baruipur	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
339	"	Taradas	Ditto	Ditto	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
340	"	Upendra Kumar.	Ditto	Ditto	...	Do.	...	Landlord.
341	Rakhit, Rakhal Das	...	Habra	Goberdanga	...	Do.	...	Trader.
342	Sen, Brojanath	...	Bhawanipur	17, Chuckerbere Road, South	...	Do.	...	Pensioner.
343	" Boloram	...	Naihati	Gozifa	...	Do.	...	Engineer, Railway service.
344	" Ganendra Kumar	...	Bhawanipur	12, Chuckerbere Road, South	...	Do.	...	Head Clerk, G. A. & Co.
345	" Monmohan	...	Naihati	Gozifa	...	Do.	...	Independent gentleman.
346	" Rangoo Lal	...	Do.	Do.	...	Do.	...	Railway servant.
347	" Sham Lal	...	Do.	Do.	...	Do.	...	Independent gentleman.
348	" Satya Krishna	...	Do.	Do.	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
349	Shastri, Rishikesh	...	Do.	Bhatpara	...	Do.	...	Teacher, Sanskrit College.
350	Shw, Jibon Krishna	...	Baranagar	Victoria Road, North Baranagar	...	Do.	...	Merchant.
351	Singh, Kedar Nath, B.A.	...	Do.	Ariadah, Ananda Chandra Banerji's Road.	...	Do.	...	Head-master, Ariadah H. E. School.
352	" Rajendra Nath, B.A....	...	Do.	Ariadah	...	Do.	...	Government servant.
353	Sirkar, Amarendra Nath	...	Barrackpore	Monirampur	...	Do.	...	Tradesman and Landholder.
354	" Abinash Chander	...	Naihati	Moolajore	...	Do.	...	Contractor and a Municipal Commissioner.
355	" Atal Behary	...	Naihati	Naihati	...	Do.	...	Landlord.
356	" Jadu Nath	...	Intally	South Road	...	Do.	...	Zamindar.
357	" Upendra Nath	...	Naihati	Naihati	...	Do.	...	Clerk, Kerr, Turuck & Co.
358	Sur, Purna Chandra	...	Ultadanga	27, Boidyanath Bose's Garden Lane	...	Do.	...	Broker.
359	Sanyal, Ram Brahma	...	Alipore	Alipore	...	Do.	...	Superintendent, Zoological Garden, Alipore.

J. H. BERNARD,
Collector.



APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1906.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

THE following Notices are published for general information.

CALCUTTA, the 18th March 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secretary, Marine Department.

BAY OF BENGAL—ORISSA COAST.

Dharma river.—Changes in buoys.

No. 95 (first publication).—The Port Officer, Cuttack and Balasore ports, has given notice, dated 10th March 1906 that the "B" buoy has been removed from its old position in the Dharma river and placed higher up. It is now a starboard hand buoy, painted red and will in future be called the "A" buoy, and the old "A" buoy will now be called the "B" buoy. The bearings of the "A" buoy in its new position is given below:—

Chandipal mark N. N. W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W.

Kalibhanj mark W. $\frac{1}{2}$ N.

The bearings are magnetic.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—FLORES SEA.

Flores, Komodo, and Tanah Jampea Islands.—Existence and Non-existence of shoals.

No. 96 (first publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 148 of 1906) of the existence of the undermentioned shoals off the north-west coast of Flores island:—

- (a) A shoal, with a least depth of $1\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms over it, situated at a distance of $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles South from the summit of Sabolan Besar.

Approximate position, lat. $8^{\circ} 27\frac{1}{2}'$ S., long. $119^{\circ} 48'$ E.

- (b) A shoal, with a least depth of $1\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms, situated in approximately lat. $8^{\circ} 22\frac{1}{2}'$ S., long. $119^{\circ} 53\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

Also, that investigation shows that the breakers shown on the chart at a distance of 4 miles S. 15° W. from Sabolan Besar, and the shoal in lat. 8° 19' S., long. 119° 51½' E., do not exist; they have therefore been expunged from the chart.

KOMODO ISLAND. A small shoal composed of coral and rock, with a least depth of 1½ fathoms over it, exists to the northward of this island in approximately lat. 8° 25½' S., long. 119° 34' E.

TANAH JAMPEA. A pinnacle rock, with a least depth of 1½ fathoms over it, exists on the western side of this island, situated in a position from which the western extremity of Sambio island bears N. 22° W., distant 8 cables, and the eastern extremity of Guru N. 47° E.

Approximate position, lat. 7° 3¼' S., long. 120° 36¼' E.

NOTE.—The latitude given on plan of Sungai Menasa road on chart No. 2466 should be 7° 3' 40" S., not 7° 35' 40" S.

(Variation 2° Easterly in 1906.)

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Lombok to Flores, No. 1696; plans of Molo strait, and Sungai Menasa road on chart No. 2466; and Eastern Archipelago, part II., 1904, pages 222, 217, 256.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, WEST COAST.

Tabekat and Silugui bays and Sipora island shoals.

No. 97 (first publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 152 of 1906) of the existence of the following shoals in the undermentioned localities off the west coast of Sumatra:—

SIBERUT ISLAND.

- (a) **Tabekat bay.** A reef on which there is a depth of 7 feet extends in a N. 10° W. direction for a distance of 2½ cables from the north-western point of Carolina island.

Approximate position on chart 2284, lat. 1° 2¼' S., long. 98° 57' E.

- (b) **Silugui bay.** A reef, with a least depth of 1½ fathoms over it, exists in a position from which the south-eastern point of Logga Tesebukan bears S. 47° W., distant 6½ cables, and the northern point of the bay N. 4° E.

Approximate position, lat. 1° 23' S., long. 99° 6¾' E.

SIPORA ISLAND.

A shoal, with a depth of 5 fathoms over it, exists off the east coast of Sipora island in approximately lat. 2° 10' S., long. 99° 42¾' E.

(Variation Nil in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Tyingkok bay to straits of Sunda, No. 2761; plans of Tabekat and Silugui bay on chart No. 2284; Also China Sea Directory, Vol. I., 1896, pages 328, 326, 329; and Supplement, 1899, page 33.

AUSTRALIA, SOUTH—HOBART APPROACH.

Tasman island light—Date of exhibition.

No. 98 (first publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 338, dated 1st September 1905, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 162 of 1906) that, on 2nd April, a *white flashing light every five seconds*, thus:—*flash*, half a second; *eclipse*, four and-a-half seconds. It will be elevated 907 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 36 miles, and will be established in a lighthouse constructed on the south-eastern part of Tasman island, in the approach to Hobart. The light will be of the 1st order.

Approximate position, lat. 43° 14¼' S., long. 148° 2' E.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Pacific, No. 788; Australia, No. 2759b; Tasmania, No. 1079; Also, List of Lights, part VI, 1906, No. 1565a; and Australia Directory, vol. I., 1897, page 727.

JAPAN—NORTH-WEST COAST.

Shiro se, Wakamiya, Okai no shima—Lights established.

No. 99 (first publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 169 of 1906) that, on 1st January 1906, the undermentioned lights would be established on the north-west coast of Japan:—

1. **SHIRO SE.** A *fixed* light, elevated 115 feet above high water and visible in clear weather from a distance of 11 miles, would be exhibited in a square white wooden lighthouse, about 15 feet high, erected on Shiro se, Goto islands; it would show the following sectors:—*red* from the bearing of N. 45° E. to N. 67° E., *white* from N. 67° E., through east and south, to S. 75° W., *red* from S. 75° W. to S. 88° W., and *white* from S. 88° W., through west and north, to N. 45° E., the light power being 140 candles.

Approximate position, lat. 33° 11' N., long. 128° 48' E.

2. **WAKAMIYA.** A *red fixed* light, elevated 351 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 6 miles from the bearing of S. 67° E., through south and west, to N. 4° E., would be exhibited from a white staff about 35 feet high erected on Wakamiya, Iki shima.

Approximate position on chart No. 359, lat. 33° 52' N., long. 129. 40½' E.

3. **OKI NO SHIMA.** A *white fixed* light, elevated 816 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 8 miles, would be exhibited from a white staff about 36 feet high, erected on Oki no (Kotsu) shima, Tsu shima straits.

Approximate position, lat. 34° 14½' N., long. 130° 6' E.

(Variation 4 Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Shantung promontory to Nagasaki, No. 3480; China sea, No. 1263; Nipon, &c., No. 2347; Hirado no seto to Shimono seki, No. 127; Korean archipelago, No. 104; Iki shima, No. 3224; Kiusiu, &c., No. 358; Nagasaki to Karasut, No. 359; Also List of Lights, part VI., 1906, page 161; and Sailing Directions for Japan, &c., 1904, pages 569, 605, 510.

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Kurnafuli river—Depth of water in the channels

No. 100 (first publication).—The Officiating Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the following depth of water, reduced to Indian spring low water mark, was found in the channels on the 12th March 1906:—

					FT. IN.
<i>Track No. 1—Outer bar—</i>					
Disc on diamond	...	...	...	...	13 0
<i>Track No. 2—Inner bar—</i>					
Disc on diamond	...	...	...	...	11 9
Batten beacon on pillar	...	...	...	...	12 6
<i>Track No. 3—</i>					
Triangle on cross and ball	...	...	...	...	18 0
<i>Track No. 4—Guptakhally crossing—</i>					
Tripod on diamond	...	...	...	...	19 0
Cross and ball on diamond	...	...	...	...	20 0

AFRICA, SOUTH-EAST COAST—NATAL.

Port Shepstone light-house to be removed.

No. 101 (first publication).—The following Notice to Mariners, dated January 1906, is republished:—

The Government of Natal gives notice that on the 1st March 1906, the existing light at Port Shepstone will be removed and replaced by a 4th Order Occulting Light, showing a flash of 9 seconds with an eclipse of 1 second.

The focal plane of the new Light will be 78 feet above H. W. O. S. T.

The elevation of the base on which the tower stands is 53 feet above H. W. O. S. T.

The position of the new tower is 30 deg. 44 min. 45 sec. South latitude, 80 deg. 27 min. 45 sec. East longitude.

The iron tower will be painted in black and white, chequered, with the lantern painted white.

The new light will be visible between the true bearings North, 35½ degrees East to South, 28 degrees West, or assuming the magnetic variation to be 23 degrees West; between the magnetic bearings North, 58½ degrees East to South, 51 degrees West.

The new Light should be visible from the distance of about 15 nautical miles in clear weather.

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon river—Lower Hastings black buoy in a sinking condition.

No. 90 (second publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 19 of 1906) that the Lower Hastings black buoy is in a sinking condition, and will be replaced as early as possible.

This Notice affects Admiralty Chart No. 855, Rangoon River and approaches (plan, Port of Rangoon); also Bay of Bengal Pilot, 3rd edition, 1901, page 353.

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon river—Spit Light-vessel replaced.

No. 91 (second publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 20 of 1906) that the Spit Light-vessel will be brought up to town on the 7th or 8th instant, and the Light-vessel *Martaban* put approximately in the place of the Spit Light-vessel as on former occasions, i.e., the line of the two lights in one will be on the same bearing as before. The temporary light consists of two mast-head lights back to back.

This Notice affects the Admiralty Chart Nos. 823, Koronge Island to White Point, 883, Rangoon river and approaches, and Bay of Bengal Pilot, 3rd edition, 1901, page 348; also List of Lights, part VI, 1905, No. 369.

INDIA, WEST—SIND COAST.

A derelict off Kori creek.

No. 92 (second publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 23 of 1906) that the Commander of S.S. *Lama* reports that he passed a bugalow floating on her side yesterday at 0-20 p.m. (Standard time), with no one on board of her, off Kori creek in latitude 23° 20' 45" N., longitude 68° 3' E., tide half flood.

This affects Admiralty Charts Nos. 826, Karachi to Vengurla, 42, Coasts of Sind and Kutch, and 118, Kediwari Mouth to Nirani Creek; also West Coast of Hindustan Pilot, 4th edition, 1898, page 297.

AFRICA, NORTH-EAST—RED SEA, WESTERN SHORE.

Shab Shanks—Feux Eclaires light established.

No. 93 (second publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 149, dated 7th May 1904, issued by this office, the Bombay Government has given notice (No. 24 of 1906) that the new light Feux Eclaires will be exhibited on the extremity of the Shab Shank reef from the 15th February 1906, and will be visible, in clear weather, for a distance of 18 miles.

Approximate position :—Latitude 14° 40' N.; longitude 41° 06' E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Red Sea, Sheets IV and V, Nos. 8d and 8e, Jebel Tier to Perim Island, No. 143; also Admiralty List of Lights, Part VI, 1906, page 23, No. 152; also Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Pilot, 5th edition, 1900, page 197, and Supplement 1904, page 20.

AUSTRALIA, SOUTH—GULF OF ST. VINCENT.

Entrance to Port Wakefield—White and red lights placed.

No. 94 (second publication).—The President, Marine Board, Port Adelaide, has given notice (No. 2 of 1906) that a White light, eight feet high, has been fixed on the south end of the wharf; also a red light, twenty feet high, has been placed on the wharf 360 feet north of the white light.

The above lights in line lead up to the outer red beacon, but do not show Mid Channel inside of that.

CEYLON COAST—COLOMBO HARBOUR.

Caution—A rocky ridge on the northern approaches.

No. 79 (third publication).—The Master Attendant, Colombo, has given notice of the existence of a rocky ridge in the northern approaches of Colombo harbour with a least depth of 21 feet over it. A buoy has been placed N. 14° W. two miles from head of south-west breakwater. Mariners are accordingly warned.

AFRICA, SOUTH—CAPE COLONY.

Whale rock—Bell buoy withdrawn.

No. 80 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 227, dated 27th June 1903, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 97 of 1906) that the bell buoy formerly marking Whale rock, and situated in a position from which Robben island lighthouse bore N. 37° E., distant 1½ miles, has been withdrawn.

Approximate position, lat. 33° 50' S., long. 18° 22½' E.

(Variation 29° Westerly in 1903.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Table bay to Cape Agulhas, No. 2082; Table bay to Donkin bay, No. 2091; Cape of Good Hope and False bay, No. 636; Table bay, No. 1920. Also, Africa Pilot, part II, 1901, page 324; Supplement, 1905, page 19, and part III, 1897, page 55.

PACIFIC OCEAN—THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—MINDORO STRAIT.

Apo island light—Alteration in—.

No. 81 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 362, dated 20th October 1904, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 105 of 1906) that, on or about 20th December 1905, the character of the light on Apo island, Mindoro strait, would be altered from white fixed to a group flashing light about every ten seconds, thus:—white flash, eclipse five seconds, red flash, eclipse five seconds; it would be elevated 123 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 15 miles, the light being of the 3rd order. The exact time occupied by the flashes and eclipses is not stated.

Approximate position, lat. 12° 40' N., long. 120° 24' E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Molucca passage to Manila, No. 943; China sea, No. 2661b; St. Bernardino and Mindoro straits, No. 2577; Also, List of Lights, part VI, 1905, No. 621a; China Sea Directory, vol. II, 1899, page 297; and Eastern Archipelago, part I, 1902, page 77.

CHINA, NORTH—MANCHURIA—PECHILI STRAIT—KWANG TUNG PENINSULA.

Ta lien hwan—Mines removed in approach.

No. 82 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 151, dated 8th May 1905, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 106 of 1906) that the mines in the approach to Ta lien hwan have been cleared away, and that the Kwang tung peninsula may now be approached on the southern side, eastward of a line joining South Entry point and Cap island, and running in a S. 61° W. direction for a distance of 10 miles from Cap island, with reasonable security.

Approximate position, Cap island, lat. 38° 47½' N., long. 121° 36½' E.

The cautionary note respecting mines will, however, be retained on the Charts until it is known that the whole of the coast in this locality is free from these dangers.

(Variation 5° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Gulfs of Pechili and Liau tung, No. 1256; Kwang tung peninsula, No. 1798; Also, China Sea Directory, vol. III, 1904, pages 585, 589, 633, 634.

PACIFIC OCEAN—THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—LUZON—SAN BERNARDINO STRAIT—
TEKLNI STRAIT.

Cabezas shoal—Amended position.

No. 83 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 194, dated 20th October 1894, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 111 of 1906) that Cabezas shoal, with a depth of one fathom over it is situated at a distance of 13 cables No. 20° W., and not one-third of a mile N. 20° W. from Kalantas bank as previously stated. It is a shoal head on Hamoruan bank.

Approximate position, lat. 12° 31½' N., long. 124° 4' E.

(Variation Nil in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—San Bernardino and Mindoro straits' No. 2577; San Bernardino strait, No. 3370; plan of Matnog bay on Chart No. 3475; Also Eastern Archipelago, Part I, 1902, page 349.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT—PULO PENANG.

Pulo Rimau light—Character altered.

No. 84 (third publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 112 of 1906) that on 15th January 1906, the character of Pulo Rimau light would be altered from fixed to a red occulting light every twenty seconds, thus:—light, seventeen and a half seconds; eclipse, two and a half seconds; it would be elevated 129 feet above high water, visible in clear weather from a distance of about 13 miles, and shown from an iron tower, 57 feet high, erected on a masonry base, situated on the eastern side of the island at a distance of 1½ cables N. 12° E. from its southern point.

The light is of the 3rd order.

Approximate position, lat. 5° 14' N., long. 100° 16½' E.

(Variation 2° Easterly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Acheh head to Tyingkok bay, No. 2760; Butang group to Pulo Berhala, No. 793; Penang Harbour, No. 1366; Malacca strait, No. 1355; Also, List of Lights, part VI, 1906, No. 408; and China Sea Directory, Vol. I, 1896, page 147.

JAPAN—HONSHU, NORTH-WEST COAST—WAKARA BAY.

Tsunegami saki—Rock awash of Chi shima—Amended height.

No. 85 (third publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 113 of 1906) of the existence of a rock awash, situated at a distance of about 3½ cables S. 55° W. from the extremity of Tsunegami saki.

Approximate position, lat. 35° 38½' N., long. 135° 48½' E.

Also, that the height of Chi shima, situated 2½ miles S. 30° W. from Tsunegami saki, is 103 feet, and not 38 feet above high water as at present shown on the Charts.

(Variation 5° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Aburatani bay to Ando saki, No. 1495; Amarube saki to Ando saki, No. 2174; Also, Sailing Directions for Japan, etc., 1904, page 650.

JAPAN—NAIKAI—BINGO NADA.

Sanagi shima—Wreck to the southward.

No. 86 (*third publication*).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 114 of 1906) that the wreck of a sailing vessel, with a mast showing 6 feet above high water, is reported to be sunk in Bingo nada, in a position from which Sanagi shima summit (812 feet) bears N. 83° E., distant $1\frac{1}{10}$ miles, and Mushima summit S. 83° W.

Approximate position, lat. 34° 19' N., long. 133° 36½' E.

(Variation 4° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Naikai, No. 2875; Bingo nada to Osuchi shima, No. 128; Also, Sailing Directions for Japan, etc., 1904, page 450.

CHINA, EAST COAST—PORT SHELTER.

Rocks.

No. 87 (*third publication*).—The British Admiralty has given notice of the existence of the undermentioned rocks in port Shelter, in the following positions:—

- (a) A rock, with a depth of 3 fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the north-western point of Shelter island bears N. 56° E., distant 4 cables, and the southern extremity of the same island S. 56° E.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 20' N., long. 114° 17½' E.

- (b) A rock, with a depth of 3½ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the north-western point of Shelter island bears N. 20° E., distant 4½ cables, and the southern extremity of the same island S. 68° E.

- (c) A rock, with a depth of 2½ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the eastern summit of Sharp island bears S. 24° W., distant $2\frac{2}{10}$ cables, and Keui island summit (725 feet) S. 31° E.

- (d) A rock, with a depth of 1½ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the northernmost summit of Sharp island bears S. 7° W., distant $3\frac{3}{10}$ cables, and the northern extremity of Nga ju tau N. 82° W.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 23' N., long. 114° 17½' E.

- (e) The channel between Peaked rock and Jin island is foul.

Approximate position, Peaked rock, lat. 22° 19½' N., long. 114° 19½' E.

(Variation Nil in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Approaches to Hongkong, No. 1180; Mira bay, No. 1964; Also, China Sea Directory, Vol. III, 1904, page 128.

CHINA SEA—BANKA STRAIT.

Amelia bank—Light buoy established. Banju Asin river.—Buoy replaced by light buoy.

No. 88 (*third publication*).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 468, dated 30th November 1905, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 117 of 1906) that a light buoy, painted in red and black horizontal bands, and exhibiting a white occulting light every twenty seconds (light, ten seconds; eclipse, ten seconds), has been established near the south-eastern edge of Amelia bank, Banka strait, in approximately lat 2° 13½' S., long. 105° 17' E.

Also, that the black can buoy formerly situated 1½ miles north-eastward from Tanjong Serah, Banju Asin river, has been replaced by a light buoy, painted black, from which a white occulting light every twenty seconds (light, ten seconds; eclipse, ten seconds) is exhibited.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 22' 25" S., long. 104° 45' 10" E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Banka strait to Singapore, No. 2757; Gaspar and Banka straits, No. 2149; Banka strait, Nos. 2597 and 3471; Also, China Sea Directory, vol. I, 1896, pages 413, 400; and Supplement, 1899, page 35.

INDIA, WEST—SIND COAST.

Karachi harbour—Light buoy established.

No. 89 (*third publication*).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 118 of 1906) that a light buoy, painted red, exhibiting a *red fixed* light, has been established to mark the 20-foot patch in Karachi harbour; it is moored in a position from which Manora point light-house bears S. 85° W., distant 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ cables, and the breakwater light S. 8° W.

Approximate position, lat. 24° 47 $\frac{1}{2}$ ' N., long. 66° 59' E.

(*Variation 1° Easterly in 1906.*)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Chart:—Karachi harbour, No. 40: Also, Hindustan Pilot, 1898, page 304; and Supplement, 1903, page 19.

E. J. BEAUMONT, COMDR., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

PART I A.

[Reprinted from the "Gazette of India" of 24th March 1906.]

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 27th March 1906.

No. 1139M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General will leave Calcutta on Thursday, the 29th March 1906, starting by special train from Howrah at 6-54 p.m. (Calcutta time).

His Excellency will visit Lucknow, Agra, Ajmer, Delhi, Mitha Lak, Sargodha, Mona, Nowshera, Malakand and Peshawar and arrive at Simla on Thursday, the 19th April about 4 p.m.

His Excellency's departure from Calcutta will be private and arrival at Simla public.

All covers intended to reach the Viceroy and Governor-General and party during His Excellency's journey should be addressed "Viceroy's Camp" without the addition of any post-town.

The party accompanying His Excellency on tour will be as follows:—

Her Excellency the Countess of Minto..... Will not go to Ajmer, but will proceed from Agra to Delhi.

Lady Eileen Elliot.

Lady Ruby Elliot.

Lady Violet Elliot.

} Will be at Peshawar only.

Sir L. W. Dane, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Foreign Secretary..... Will be at Agra, Ajmer, Malakand and Peshawar.

Lieut.-Colonel J. R. Dunlop Smith, C.I.E., Private Secretary.

Major F. L. Adam, M.V.O., Military Secretary.

Surgeon-Lieut.-Colonel W. R. Crooke-Lawless, Surgeon.

Major G. P. T. Feilding, D.S.O., A.-D.-C.

• Captain T. H. R. Bulkeley, A.-D.-C.

Captain Lord Francis Scott, A.-D.-C.

All communications connected with business of a mere routine nature should be sent, as usual, to the Head-Quarters of the several Departments.

By Command,

G. FEILDING, Major,

Offg. Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

The following order, issued by the Government of India, in the Legislative Department, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Calcutta, the 23rd March 1906.

No. 4.—Mr. R. Sheepshanks, I.C.S., Barrister-at-Law, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-five days under articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 5th April 1906, and in continuation thereof furlough for four months and eighteen days under articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

J. M. MACDONALD,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Calcutta, the 16th March 1906.

No. 624.—The services of Maulvi Syed Feda Ali, Inspector of Registration Offices, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 21st March 1906.

No. 291.—The services of Babu Kali Prosad Chatterji, Sub-Deputy Collector, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

The 23rd March 1906.

No. 298.—The services of Maulvi Mohammed Faizullah Khan, Sub-Deputy Collector, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

No. 304.—The services of Mr. W. Teunou, District and Sessions Judge, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

No. 307.—The services of Babu Mohim Chandra Ghosh, Sub-Deputy Collector, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

SANITARY—PLAGUE.

Calcutta, the 23rd March 1906.

No. 618.—Whereas the Governor-General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of the spread of the outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease, with which the Bellary district of the Madras Presidency is visited, if persons from the Bombay Presidency and the Mysore State are permitted to assemble at Hampi in the Hospet taluq of that district on the occasion of the ensuing Sri Virupakshaswami car festival:

In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Munirabad, Hospet, Papinvakanahalli, Gadiganuru, Toranagallu, Daróji and Kudatini on the Southern Mahratta Railway shall be sold from the 5th to the 20th April 1906 (both days inclusive) within the Bombay Presidency and the Mysore State to any person intending or believed to be intending to proceed to the Sri Virupakshaswami car festival at Hampi.

JUDICIAL.

The 21st March 1906.

No. 428.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Stephen, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted furlough from the 20th March to the 30th August 1906.

No. 429.—Under the provisions of the Indian High Courts Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict. Cap. 104), section 7, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. Holmwood, I.C.S., to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, during the absence, on furlough, of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Stephen, or until further orders.

The 23rd March 1906.

No. 438.—Mr. U. P. Caspers, I.C.S., took his seat as an Officiating Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, on the 16th March 1906.

POLICE.

The 20th March 1906.

No. 351.—The services of Mr. W. T. Moore, Superintendent of Police, Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

ECCLIASTICAL.

The 23rd March 1906.

No. 111.—The services of the Reverend H. T. Otley, a chaplain of the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 13th April 1906, or the subsequent date on which he may relinquish charge of his duties as Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop of Calcutta.

H. H. BISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 23rd March 1906.

No. 639G.B.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognize provisionally the appointment of Mr. W. H. Michael as Consul-General for the United States of America at Calcutta.

L. W. DANE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS.

Calcutta, the 22nd March 1906.

No. 1676Exc.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Stamp Act, 1893 (II of 1893), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Notifications of the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department, Nos. 785 and 786S.R., dated the 17th February 1899, as subsequently amended, namely:—

- (1) From the Notification No. 785S.R., dated the 17th February 1899, entry No. 54 shall be omitted.
- (2) In the Notification No. 786S.R., dated the 17th February 1899, the following amendments shall be made, namely:—
 - (a) In rule 14, as amended by Notification No. 5300Exc., dated the 22nd September 1905, after the words "may be" the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"and the adhesive stamp used to denote the duty of half an anna shall bear the words 'Half Anna'."
 - (b) For clause (e) of rule 15 the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(e) Copies of maps or plans certified to be true copies shall be stamped with adhesive court-fee stamps."

W. S. MEYER,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 24th March 1906.

No. 2400—95.—The following promotions and appointments are made in the Postal Department, with effect from the 4th April 1906, consequent on the retirement from the Government service of Mr. J. Cornwall, Postmaster-General, first grade, in charge of the United Provinces:—

Mr. W. Maxwell, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, second grade, to be Postmaster-General, first grade.

W. L. HARVEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William, the 23rd March 1906.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 16.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Hem Chandra Banerji, Indian Medical Service, Bengal,—1st February 1906.

A. W. L. BAYLY, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1268 L.S.-G.—The 22nd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 19 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Babu Gossain Das Dutt to be a member of the Sadar Local Board, in the district of Midnapore, *vice* Babu Bhuvan Chandra Banerjee, deceased.

No. 1285 M.—The 23rd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor approves the election by the Commissioners of the Azimganj Municipality, in the district of Murshidabad, of Babu Bijoy Singh Dudhuria to be their Chairman.

No. 1287 M.—The 23rd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that the Commissioners of the Monghyr Municipality, in the district of Monghyr, having at a meeting requested the Local Government, under section 23 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, to appoint a Chairman, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. H. P. Duval, i.c.s., to be their Chairman, *vice* Mr. W. S. Adie, i.c.s., resigned.

No. 1290 M.—The 23rd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Dr. H. B. Coltart to be a Commissioner of the Samastipur Municipality, in the district of Darbhanga, *vice* Dr. J. O. Montgomery, resigned.

No. 1298 M.—The 23rd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Roserah Municipality, in the district of Darbhanga:—

Babu Gujanund Roy, *vice* Babu Noonoo Prosad Singh, removed.

„ Ramnath Jha, *vice* Babu Ganeshi Ram Gaen, removed.

No. 1336M.—The 24th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that

Khulna. the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 86 (a) of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Satkhira Municipality, in the district of Khulna, made at a meeting, to sanction the levy by the Commissioners of the said Municipality of a tax, under section 131 of the Act, on carriages and on horses and other animals specified in the fifth schedule of the Act, which are kept or are used in the ordinary course of business within, or which are let for hire within or without, the Municipality and are used in the ordinary course of business within the Municipality, at rates not exceeding those mentioned in the said schedule, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality.

No. 1338L.S.-G.—The 24th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 24 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to re-appoint the District Magistrate of Muzaffarpur to be the Chairman of the District Board of Muzaffarpur.

No. 1348M.—The 24th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to point Mr. J. P. Williams to be a Commissioner of the Halisahar Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. W. F. Harnett, resigned.

No. 1388M.—The 27th March 1906.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 sub-section (2), clause (d) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, the Lieutenant Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners under that Act, namely:—

Rai Koilas Chunder Bose Bahadur, C.I.E.
Mr. W. Banks Gwyther.
" F. G. Dumayne.
Khan Bahadur Serajul Islam.
Mr. A. E. Silk, M.I.C.E.
" W. C. Macpherson, C.S.I.
" W. J. Simmons.

Raja Binaya Krishna Deb.
The Hon'ble Mr. E. W. Collin.
Mr. J. C. E. Branson.
" W. C. Madge.
Rai Chandra Narayan Singh Bahadur.
Babu Reshee (ase Law.
Dr. C. Banks.

Mr. H. M. Rustomjee, C.I.E.

[Fourth publication.]

No. 820M.—The 22nd February 1906.—Under the provisions of section 308 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the following plan, which has been submitted by the Commissioners of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality for lighting with gas the following roads in the said Municipality and 100 feet from their edges, is published for general information—

- (1) the whole of the Cossipore Road, commencing from the Bagbasar Canal Bridge and ending in Baranagar Bazar situate within the Municipality;
- (2) the portion of the Barrackpore Trunk Road from the Talla Canal Bridge to its junction with the Gun Foundry Road,

2. An agreement has been entered into between the Commissioners of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality and the Oriental Gas Company for the supply and lighting of lamps at the rate of Rs. 63-1 per lamp per year. The expenditure for lighting 98 lamps in the above roads is estimated at Rs. 6,180, including charges for repair of lamps according to the existing arrangements with the Oriental Gas Company.

3. The Municipal Commissioners propose to meet the charge to be incurred on account of lighting the aforesaid areas by imposing a lighting rate of 3 per cent. on the annual value of holdings situated in the areas referred to. The income to be realized from the lighting-tax in the aforesaid areas is estimated at Rs. 5,716 a year.

L. P. SHIRRENS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 1355L.S.-G.—The 26th March 1906.—In the notification No. 980L.S.-G., dated the 3rd March 1906, published at page 35 of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 7th March 1906, appointing certain gentlemen to be members of the Local Boards in the district of Nadia, for "Dr Gopal Chandra Das," one of the appointed members of the Kushtia Local Board, read "Dr. Gokul Chandra Mondal."

L. P. SHIRRENS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION.

THE following return of gentlemen appointed by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, the Calcutta Trades Association and the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, respectively, under section 8 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, to be Commissioners under that Act, is hereby published in pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 58 of the Act :—

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Mr. John Ross Bertram | |
| 2. „ Shirley Tremearne | |
| 3. „ William Henry Miles | The Bengal Chamber of Commerce. |
| 4. „ Thomas Robert Pratt | |
| 1. Mr. William Heath Phelps | |
| 2. „ William John Bradshaw | |
| 3. „ James Peter Wyness | The Calcutta Trades Association. |
| 4. „ John Stuart McDonald | |
| 1. Mr. L. F. Morshead | |
| 2. The Hon'ble Mr. Nolin Behari Sircar, C.I.E. | The Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta. |

C. G. H. ALLEN, *Chairman of the Corporation.*

The 27th March 1906.

Election of Ward Commissioners held on 20th March 1906.

THE following list of candidates for election as Ward Commissioners, duly returned for the several Wards of Calcutta, under Schedule V of the Calcutta Municipal Act, III of 1899, is published under section 55 of the said Act :—

- Ward No. I*—Dr. R. G. Kar, 107, Shambazar Street.
Ward No. II—Rai Sita Nath Roy, Bahadur, B.A. B.L., 68, Sovabazar Street.
Ward No. III—Babu Kali Choron Palit, 2, Jagadish Nath Roy's Lane.
Ward No. IV—Babu Judoonauth Sen, 35 & 36, Shibnarain Dass' Lane.
Ward No. V—Kumar Denendro Narain Roy, of Jorasanko Rajbati, 79, Upper Chitpur Road.
Ward No. VI—Babu Radha Churn Pal, 108, Baranasi Ghose's Street.
Ward No. VII—Rai Hariram Goenka Bahadur, 31, Banstola Street.
Ward No. VIII—Moulvie Badruddin Haidar, Khan Bahadur, 1, Kaiser Street.
Ward No. IX—Dr. Haridhan Dutta, L.M.S., 37, Beniatola Lane.
Ward No. X—Babu Bepin Ohandra Mallik, M.A., B.L., 15, Sree Nath Dass' Lane.
Ward No. XI—Dr. Jagendro Nath Ghosh, 46, Nebutolla Lane.
Ward No. XII—E. M. D. Cohen, Esq., 11, Old Post Office Street and 59, Ezra Street.
Ward No. XIII—Immanuel Jacob Cohen, Esq., 36-3, Prinsep Street.
Ward No. XIV—Moulvie Agha Muhammad Musa, 15, Gardner's Lane.
Ward No. XV—David Jacob Cohen, Esq., 36-3, Prinsep Street.
Ward No. XVI—G. Phillips Shelton, Esq., 16-6, Ohowringhee Road.
Ward No. XVII—E. S. Andrews, Esq., 67, Bentinek Street.
Ward No. XVIII—C. F. Deefholts, Esq., 14, Chapel Road, Hastings.
Ward No. XIX—Babu Sagorlal Palit, 71-1, Ananda Gopal Palit's Road.
Ward No. XX—A. O. Benerji, Esq., 44, Baneapukur Road.
Ward No. XXI—J. Ghosal, Esq., 26, Ballygunge Circular Road.
Ward No. XXII—Babu Prya Nath Mallik, 55, Chuckerberia Road, North, Bhowanipur.
Ward No. XXIII—Babu Amulyadhan Addy, 8, Myerpore Road.
Ward No. XXIV—R. Braunfeld, Esq., 30, Diamond Harbour Road.
Ward No. XXV—Babu Nany Lal Banerjee, 20, Circular Garden Reach Road.

C. G. H. ALLEN, *Chairman of the Corporation.*

The 22nd March 1906.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906. . . .

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N. B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Eastern branch, T. S. Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 noon on the 26th day of April 1906, corresponding with the 17th Baisakh 1913 Fasil, at the Collectorate, Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than 3 feet from the same.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 10, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidder.

5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Board confirming the sale.

number.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of nile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN SIKHAR AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. H. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
	Darbhanga	Pargana Nampore, village Joglara.	22	North side	51 15 14	10 2 9	.....	.....	..	North—Gachhi Keah Jha and Jaik Jha, East Jha, Bhag Singh and dhar Singh. South—Railway line. East—Railway brick-shed. West—Kasht Dhor Singh and Kal Singh.

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 27th February 1906.

NITYANANDA GHOSH, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated Eastern Branch, Tirhut State Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock (noon) 26th day of April 1906, corresponding with the 17th Baisakh 1312 Fuli, at the Collectorate of Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the fencing, or plough the lands closer than 3 feet from its foundation.
- 2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited, the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.
- 4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.
- 5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Board of the sale.

Consecutive number.	Name of district.	Pargana and manta.	Number of miles on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary.
					B. K. G.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Darbhanga	Pargana Mokram-pore, villages (1) Kaithania and (2) Behat.	49	South side	20 16 3	6 3 20	.....	.....	...	North—Railway South—Kasht Jha, Lal Jha East—Kasht Jha Thaco West—Village adjoin
2	Ditto	Pargana Alapore, village Chikna.	57	Ditto	31 4 15	10 1 13	.....	.....	...	North—Railway South—Hund Raj East—Tank Raj West—Kasht
	Ditto	Pargana Mokram-pore, villages (1) Pachhi, and (2) Rajh-pore.	51	North side of Mail-way.	36 9 5	13 3 37	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht Kha, Halc Goat Jha, Pam Bari Balu Nah South—Railway East—Tank Tak West—Road Jha Mac
4	Ditto	Pargana Alapore, villages Ramouli and Gungboudal.	54	South side	41 12 7	13 3 1	.....	.....	...	North—Railway South—Kasht Gop Mik Kai Oho East—Kasht Bha West—Kasht Jha dha
5	Ditto	Pargana Alapore, villages (1) Duorli and (2) Ghongerla.	61	Ditto	15 0 11	4 3 15	.....	.....	...	North—Railway South—Vill K East—Goch K West—Vill K
6	Ditto	Pargana Alapore, village Parua.	65	North side	27 15 6	9 0 20	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht M. mt Ro M. Ka De South—Railway East—Bour B. tr West—Kasht B. B. M. M.
7	Ditto	Pargana Jorail, village Kamatal.	15	East side	51 13 5	17 0 13	.....	.....	.....	North—Kasht T. B South—Loc m F East—Tank West—R

Lot	Consecutive No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
						B. K. C.	A. K. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. K. P.		
8		Darbhanga	Wanpara, village Joglara and	31	North side						North—Khat Peary Singh, Khat Chul Singh, and Khat Singh, Bhag Singh. South—Railway line. East—Khat Majrae Khat Maama Phakani Khat Jaitant and Tala Misar. West—Railway line, be field. North—Boundary line Munsharpur district. South—Khat Peary Singh. East—Khat Gopi Be Dataram Mi and Naji Jolaha. West—Railway line.
		Ditto	Pargana Bharwara, village Ghograha.		East side	25 15 8	7 3 18				North—Khat Peary Singh, Khat Chul Singh, and Khat Singh, Bhag Singh. South—Railway line. East—Khat Majrae Khat Maama Phakani Khat Jaitant and Tala Misar. West—Railway line, be field. North—Boundary line Munsharpur district. South—Khat Peary Singh. East—Khat Gopi Be Dataram Mi and Naji Jolaha. West—Railway line.
10		Ditto	Pargana Saraina, village Chak Salem Nisamat.	21	North side	30 14 1	10 0 34				North—Khat Lak Bai and Rakhani Bai. South—Khat Sheor Bai. East—Khat Lak Bai. West—Khat Mohito, Bai, Rakhani Bismar Bai Nathani Bai

W. B. HENCOCK, Collector.

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 17th February 1906.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required, by Government, situated the Eastern Branch, Tirhoot State Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock on 28th day of April 1906, corresponding to the 17th Baisakh 1818 Fusal, at the Collectorate of Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the fencing, or plough the lands closer than three feet from its foundation.
- 2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.
- 4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.
- 5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the District Collector of the orders of the confirming the sale.

Lot	Consecutive No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
						B. K. C.	A. K. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. K. P.		
1											
1		Darbhanga	Pargana Bharwara, village Chak Salem Nisamat.	35	East side	2 4 12	0 3 35	.....	.....	.....	North—Khat Misar. South—Railway line. East—Khat Babu West—Railway line

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 8th March 1906.

W. B. HENCOCK, Collector.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 12, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before next latest date of payment, viz., the 28th March 1906, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 30th March at 12 o'clock for the said arrears. When in columns 6, 7 and 8 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood the rate account is kept for that share.

Name of mahal and pargana.	Badar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the badar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature of amount demand which to be sold.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0 Pargana Jati- boni, mahal Jatiboni.	Rs. A. P. 796 12 7	Entire ...	.....	Kali Prasanno Narain 1960.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 73 0 8	Rs. A. P.	Revenue 73 Dak Oct 0 Penalt; 0 and Road O 136

Midnapore, the 17th February 1906.

D. WATSON, Collector.

District Charitable Society.

Abstract of Cash Accounts of the Central Office for the months of January and February 1906.

Budget for 1906	RECEIPTS.	1906.	From 1st January to 28th February 1906.	Budget for 1906.	PAYMENTS.	1906.	From 1st January to 28th February 1906.
Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
14,400	Subscriptions—			14,998	Grant to District Committee		2,574 0 0
9,839	From Government	...	2,400 0 0		to Commission- (Casual relief		630 4 0
6,067	the public	...	4,068 0 0		er of Police for Establishment		160 0 0
	Donations and new subscriptions	...	3,004 0 0	3,900	Grant to Native Committee		4,112 0 0
	Allowances towards cost of establish- ment—			26,994			
3,000	From Government	...	540 0 0	9,906	Pensions paid through Central Office		1,634 0 0
350	Interest on General Reserve Fund	...	...	624	Schooling fees ditto		93 0 0
40,770	on Trust Funds	...	7,788 11 7	3,550	Special Bellof (on private orders)		811 4 0
682	Bakery proceeds	...	1108 14 6	3,012	Alms House—Establishment		602 0 0
2,627	Workshed proceeds	...	5526 4 0	5,905	Dieting		11,086 8 0
1,104	Refund on Casual Relief Account	...	323 3 3	1,512	Contingencies		370 11 9
2,630	on Special	...	693 12 3	431	Boots and Shoes		
	Legacies	...	...	1,460	Clothing and bedding		
30	Miscellaneous accounts	...	0 5 2	2,092	Repairs		78 13 0
955	Deposits	...	70 1 4	2,350	Bakery		484 6 0
317	X'mas Dinner account	...	317 0 0	7,656	Workshed		1,315 7 3
	G. P. Notes withdrawn from Bank's safe custody.	...	...	574	Central Office—Establishment		1,356 0 0
	G. P. Notes by Corpus of Trust Funds	...	...	800	Commission on col- lections.		70 4 0
	by Security Deposit	...	...	590	Anditing fees		
340	Donation to Native Committee	...	...	580	Ment (nett)		64 0 0
	Govt. grant for Alms House repairs	...	...	750	Contingencies		80 5 3
	Cash towards Corpus of Trust Funds	...	19,249 3 11		Printing and adver- tising.		96 10 6
					Interest on overdraft		
					Bank's commission		19 0 0
					Law charges		
					E. I. Railway Co. for passes		77 12 0
					Deposits		76 1 0
					X'mas Dinner account		379 0 0
					Safe custody deposit of G. P. Note		
					Security refunded		
					Investment		19,264 11 10
33,971	Total	...	33,961 8 1	33,791	Total	...	33,906 12 1

New subscriptions * Rs. ; ** Rs. ; Rs. for casual relief ; Rs. for special relief.

Excluding cost of bread from Bakery for A. H. Dieting, † Rs. ; †† Rs. 138-12, Budget being Rs. 2,970.

Excluding cost of flour from Workshed to Bakery, ‡ Rs. 66 ; §§ Rs. , Budget being Rs. 690.

MEMO.

Receipts as above	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Payments as above	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance at credit in Bank of Bengal on 1st January 1906	6,475 4 11	33,961 8 1	Balance at credit in Bank of Bengal on 28th February 1906	11,428 0 5	33,906 12 1
Opening cash balance on that date	321 5 4	6,497 10 5	Cash balance in hand on that date	340 5 4	11,692 5
Total	6,800 2 6	6,800 2 6	Total	11,768 5 9	45,598 3

CALCUTTA,
The 15th March 1906.K. MALLICK,
Accountant.H. S. CHAKRABARTY,
Secretary.

Corporation of Calcutta.

Result of the Second General Election of the Municipal Ward Commissioners held on Tuesday, the 20th March 1906, published under section 55 of Act III (B.C.) of 1899.

	Objected votes.	Clear votes.	Result.
WARD No. I.			
1. Dr. R. G. Kar, 107, Shambazar Street	Elected.
2. Babu Akshay Kumar Basu, 117, Cornwallis Street	} Withdrew.
3. " Harish Chandra Neogi, 1-2, Kaliprasad Chakraborty's Street.	
WARD No. II.			
1. Rai Sita Nath Roy, Bahadur, B.A., B.L., 68, Sovabazar Street	No poll. Elected.
WARD No. III.			
1. Babu Kali Choron Palit, 2, Jagadish Nath Roy's Lane	Ditto.
WARD No. IV.			
1. Babu Judoonath Sen, 35 & 36, Shibnarain Dass' Lane	Ditto.
WARD No. V.			
1. Kumar Denendro Narain Roy, of Jorasanko Rajbati, 79, Upper Chitpur Road.	Ditto.
WARD No. VI.			
1. Babu Radha Churn Pal, 108, Baranasi Ghose's Street	Ditto.
WARD No. VII.			
1. Rai Hariram Goenka Bahadur, 31, Banstola Street	Ditto.
WARD No. VIII.			
1. Moulvie Badruddin Haider, Khan Bahadur, 1, Kaiser Street	Ditto.
WARD No. IX.			
1. Dr. Haridhan Dutta, L.M.S., 37, Beniatola Lane	Ditto.
WARD No. X.			
1. Babu Bipin Chandra Mallik, M.A., B.L., 15, Sree Nath Dass' Lane.	4	357	Elected.
2. " Nileonto Chatterjee, 13, Mudan Boral's Lane ...	6	44	} Left poll.
3. " Suresh Chandra Dutt, 21-2, Gopee Mohan Bose's Lane	2	14	
WARD No. XI.			
1. Dr. Jagendro Nath Ghosh, 46, Nebutolla Lane	No poll. Elected.
WARD No. XII.			
1. E. M. D. Cohen, Esq., 11, Old Post Office Street and 59, Ezra Street.	...	913	Elected.
2. Geo. M. Falkner, Esq., 3, Esplanade Row, West	152	Withdrew.
WARD No. XIII.			
1. Immanuel Jacob Cohen, Esq., 36-3, Prinsep Street	No poll. Elected.

		Objected votes.	Clear votes.	RESULT.
WARD No. XIV.				
1. Moulvie Agha Muhammad Musa, 18, Gardner's Lane	...	...	232	Elected.
2. Dr. J. R. Menier, 59, Ripon Street	...	...	118	
3. Babu Govinda Chandra Ganguli, 62, Doctor's Lane	...	...	...	Withdrew.
4. Mr. A. C. Roy, 30, Newgeopukur West Lane	...	...	...	Did not appear at the poll.
WARD No. XV.				
1. David Jacob Cohen, Esq., 36-3, Prinsep Street	...	...	74	Elected.
2. C. E. Grey, Esq., 13, Alipur Road	...	...	28	
WARD No. XVI.				
1. G. Phillips Shelton, Esq., 16-6, Obowringhee Road	...	...	116	Elected.
2. Mr. M. L. Shaw, 37, Batu Sircar's Lane	...	...	28	
WARD No. XVII.				
1. E. S. Andrews, Esq., 67, Bentinck Street	...	...	...	No poll. Elected.
WARD No. XVIII.				
1. C. F. Deefholts, Esq., 14, Chapel Road, Hastings	...	...	...	Ditto.
WARD No. XIX.				
1. Babu Sagorlal Palit, 71-1, Ananda Gopal Palit's Road	...	...	203	Elected.
2. E. P. Ghosh, Esq., 18-1, Convent Road	...	...	161	} Withdrew.
3. N. N. Ghose, Esq., 43, Bancharam Unkoor's Lane	...	2	152	
WARD No. XX.				
1. Babu Tarapado Das, 58, Bancapukur Road	...	8	84	Withdrew.
2. A. C. Bannerjee, Esq., 44, Ditto	...	2	145	Elected.
WARD No. XXI.				
1. J. Ghosal, Esq., 26, Ballygunge Circular Road	...	...	...	No poll. Elected.
WARD No. XXII.				
1. Babu Priya Nath Mallik, 55, Chuckerbaria Road, North, Bhowanipur.	...	...	...	Ditto.
WARD No. XXIII.				
1. Babu Amulyadhan Addy, 8, Myerpore Road	...	1	188	Elected.
2. C. O. Remfry, Esq., 31-2, Judge's Court Road (Alipur)	...	11	85	Retired.
WARD No. XXIV.				
1. E. Braunfeld, Esq., 30, Diamond Harbour Road	...	...	...	No poll. Elected.
WARD No. XXV.				
1. Babu Nany Lal Banerjee, 30, Circular Garden Beach Road	...	62	136	Elected.
2. S. Roy, Esq. (Sripati Roy), 36, Wellington Street	...	13	109	
3. Babu Satish Chandra Mukerjee, 18, Shastrestala Road	...	...	...	} Did not appear at the poll.
4. " Satis Chandra Ghosh, 1, Nimuckmehal Road, Garden Beach.	...	...	...

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 20th March 1906.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	Rs.	A. P.			Rs.	A. P.	
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0 0		Government securities	1,45,45,538	0 0	
Reserve Fund	1,40,00,000	0 0		Other authorized investments	55,05,322	8 0	
Public Deposits at Head Office	73,24,626	5 0		Loans on Government and other authorized securities	4,49,34,638	14 5	
Ditto ditto at Branches	80,19,203	7 11		Accounts of credit on ditto ditto	3,33,96,994	13 8	
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	13,53,95,277	11 4		Bills discounted and purchased	2,74,07,759	15 7	
Bank Post Bills, &c.	19,14,354	10 0		Balances with other Banks	16,19,321	2 8	
Sundries	19,85,916	14 8		Bulked	18,82,686	12 8	
				Dead Stock	18,469	3 4	
				Stamps	7,02,031	0 0	
				Sundries			
					13,00,07,752	6 4	
				Cash & Currency Notes at Head Office*	Rs. 2,53,23,605	14 8	
				Cash & Currency Notes at Branches*	1,94,06,020	11 6	
Rupees	17,77,42,379	0 6					
* Includes moneys & ½ Sovereigns, value Rs.	1,09,980	0 0					
† D. do. do. do.	4,00,485	0 0					
	Rs. 5,10,465	0 0					

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta 22nd March 1906.

J. Courts, Chief Accountant.
Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
Percentage 83-20.

By order of the Directors,
W. D. CAUVESHAUX,
Secretary and Treasurer.
(284-1)

INDIAN ELECTRICITY ACT, 1903.
Hooghly River Electric License,
1906.

Licenses to supply electric energy for the purposes herein defined including electric traction proposed to be granted to Killick, Nixon & Co. and John Fleming & Co., of Bombay, in respect of the Hooghly River District of Bengal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. Killik, Nixon & Co., of 72, Apollo Street, Bombay, and John Fleming & Co., of 19, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Merchants, have applied to the Government of Bengal for the grant to them of a License for the right to supply Electric Energy for the purposes defined in paragraph (c) hereof, within the undernoted area.

(b) The area throughout which it is proposed to supply energy is the area of British Territory on the banks of the Hooghly River, bounded as follows :—

North.—By the Railway known as the Hooghly Bridge Line connecting the Eastern Bengal State Railway Main Line with the East Indian Railway Main Line *via* the Hooghly Bridge. *East.*—By the main line of the Eastern Bengal State Railway from its junction with the said Hooghly Bridge Line to the Branch junction at Kankurgachi Cabin Station; thence by the Branch Line of the said Railway known as the Kankurgachi chord to Gobra Cabin Station; thence by the Southern Section of the said Railway to its junction with the Budge-Budge Branch south of Ballygunge Station. *South.*—By the Budge-Budge Branch of the Eastern Bengal State Railway from its junction with the Southern Section to the point where it crosses the Shahpur Road; thence by the said Shahpur Road to its junction with the Budge-Budge Road; thence by the said Budge-Budge Road to Ulubaria Ferry; thence by a line from the said Ferry to the mouth of the Bans Patti Khal; thence by the said Khal to the point where the Bengal-Nagpur Railway crosses it. *West.*—By the Bengal-Nagpur Railway from the point where it crosses the Bans Patti Khal to its junction with the East Indian Railway near the Pilkhana Bazar; thence northward by the main line of the said East Indian Railway to its junction with the Hooghly Bridge Line already referred to.

Excepting only such portion of the said area as may lie within the Municipal area of the Cities of Calcutta and Howrah or within the limits of any Cantonment or of any fortress, arsenal, factory, dockyard or camp, or any building or place in the occupation of Government for Naval or Military purposes.

(c) The purposes for and the conditions under which the supply is to be given are as follows :—

I. Energy shall be supplied under this License only

(a) to authorised distributors in bulk ;
(b) to persons requiring a supply for power ;
and
(c) for Electric Traction.

II. The Licensees shall not supply energy for lighting purposes except to authorized distributors, provided that the energy supplied to any person for power may be used by such person for lighting any premises on any part of which the power is utilized.

(d) It is proposed to supply energy at first from one Generating Station within the area of supply and to lay down underground mains or erect aerial lines on such system or systems as may be approved by the Local Government. The Licensees ask authority to supply both alternating and continuous current, and the supply will be available to users as detailed in paragraph (c) hereof. The scheme provides for the erection of a second Generating Station when required.

The licensees aim at supplying energy for motive power purposes to mills, factories, &c., and in bulk to authorized distributors and, if required, to any tramways, railways, &c., for electric traction all in the same manner as now being done by the electric power companies at home

(e) It is proposed to place electric supply lines on or approximately parallel to the Grand Trunk Road on the Right bank of the River Hooghly and the Barrackpore and Budge-Budge roads on the left Bank and such other routes as may be arranged in consultation with the Local Government.

(f) The applicants seek leave to cross the following Canals and navigable rivers, namely:—

On the Right Bank of the River Hooghly; the Mushdahra Khal, the Sarasati Nadi and the creek opposite the Pujali Ferry; and on the left Bank; the Ichapur Khal and the Cherail Khal

The Hooghly River at the following points:—

(1) at the Hooghly Railway Bridge ;
(2) at or near Barrackpore ;
(3) at or near Budge-Budge Ferry ;
and at any other points which the Local Government
may subsequently authorize.

(g) Copies of the map referred to in Rule 3 (2) under the rules of the Indian Electricity Act, 1908, are deposited for public inspection at the office of Messrs. Killick, Nixon & Co., 155, Canning Street, Calcutta, and

at the offices of the Municipalities of Hooghly and Chinsurah, Bhadreswar, Haidrabad, Serampore, Kotrung, Uttarpara, Bally, Howrah, Ulabar, Naihati, Bhatpara, Garulia, North Barrackpore, South Barrackpore, Titagarh, Panihatti, Kamarhatti, Barnagore, Cossipore, Chitpore, Manicktola, Calcutta, Garden Reach, Budge-Budge, and also at the Offices of the Collector of Howrah, the Collector of Hooghly, the Collector of the 24 Parganas, and the Port Commissioners of Calcutta, at which places copies of the draft License may be obtained at the price of one rupee per copy.

Every Local authority, Company or person desirous of making any representation to the Local Government or bringing before it any objection respecting this application may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Local Government in the Public Works Department, within three months of the date of the newspaper containing the first issue of this advertisement; a copy must at the same time be sent to be undersigned.

Per pro. KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,

W. H. OGDON,

185, Canning Street, Calcutta.

(245—1—22)

Notification.

TO be peremptorily sold by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction in his sale-room in the Court-house on Saturday, the 21st day of April 1906, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, pursuant to a decree and order of the said Court made in suit No. 478 of 1904 (wherein Nabo Kristo Kar is the plaintiff and Bepin Krishna Ghose and another are defendants), and dated, respectively, the 28th day of July 1904 and 5th day of December 1905, the undermentioned properties:—

Lot No. 1.—All that half part or share (the whole into two equal parts or shares being considered as divided) in the upper roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, hereditament and premises, together with the piece or parcel of rent-free land thereunto belonging whereon or on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation 1 cottah 12 chitaks and 21 square feet, lying at and being the southern part of premises No. 141 Gopee Kristo Pal's Lane in Sutanuty, in the town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded in the manner following, that is to say, on the north by the northern half of the said premises, on the south by Gopee Kristo Pal's Lane, on the east by the premises No. 14 Gopee Kristo Pal's Lane, and on the west by premises No. 15 Gopee Kristo Pal's Lane.

Lot No. 2.—All that half part or share (the whole into two equal parts or shares being considered as divided) in the putnee taluq known by the name of lot Garchoombuck, bearing tauzi No. 166 in pargana Arsha, in the registration district Howrah, sub-district, thana Shampur, in the district of Hooghly, and lying within the zamindari of Maharaja of Burdwan, paying an annual rent of Rs. 4,160 to the said Maharaja.

Lot No. 3.—All that half part or share (the whole into two equal parts or shares being considered as divided) in the putnee taluq known by the name of lot Radhanagar, bearing tauzi No. 166 in pargana Arsha, in the registration district Howrah, sub-district thana Shampur, in the district of Hooghly, and lying within the zamindari of the Maharaja of Burdwan, paying an annual rent of Rs. 8,700 to the said Maharaja.

Lot No. 4.—All that half part or share (the whole into two equal parts or shares being considered as divided) in the putnee taluq known by the name of lot Chundun Nawparah, bearing tauzi No. 166 in pargana Mondalghat, in the registration district Howrah, subdivision Uluberia, thana Bagnan, in the district of Hooghly, and lying within the zamindari of the Maharaja of Burdwan, paying an annual rent of Rs. 1,420 to the said Maharaja.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be seen at the Registrar's Office in the High Court, and also at the Office of Messrs. B. N. Basu & Co., Solicitors, at No. 10 Hastings Street, on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

W. R. FINK, Registrar.

B. N. Basu & Co., plaintiff's Attorneys.

Calcutta High Court, Original Side, dated this 1st day of March 1906. (236—1—21)

Notification of Sale.

TO be peremptorily sold by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction in his sale-room in the Court-house on Saturday, the 21st day of April 1906, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, pursuant to a decree and an order of the said Court, made in suit No. 621 of 1903 (wherein Komapatty Chatterjee is a plaintiff and Monahar Mukherjee and another are the defendants) and dated, respectively, 28th April 1901 and 8th August 1905, the following property of the second defendant, Radha Charan Bonnerjee in this suit:—

Premises No. 100 Taltolla Lane, in the town of Calcutta, being a partly one- and partly two-storied brick-built dwelling-house with the piece and parcel of land containing by measurement 7 cottahs 6 chitaks, a little more or less, being Holding No. 59, Survey Block No. VIII, South Division, in the town of Calcutta, and paying rupee one annas two and pies seven only to the Collector of Calcutta as land revenue, and bounded in manner following, that is to say, on the north partly by premises No. 100-1 Taltolla Lane and partly by 100-1-1 Taltolla Lane, belonging to Bepin Madhub Bonnerjee and others and Gosto Lal Bonnerjee, on the south by a private lane and premises No. 91-1 Taltolla Lane belonging to Bepin Behary Tarafdar, on the east by a filled up ditch on the west by Taltolla Lane.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the Registrar, High Court, Original Side, and also at the office of Babu Akshoy Kumar Thakur at No. 7 Old Post Office Street on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

W. R. FINK, Registrar.

A. K. Thakur, Attorney for the first defendant.

High Court, Original Side, Calcutta, the 20th day of February 1906. (254—1—25)

Notification of Sale.

TO be peremptorily sold by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction in his sale-room in the Court-house on the second floor on Saturday, the 7th day of April 1906, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, pursuant to a decree and an order of the said Court made in suit No. 401 of 1900 (wherein Jogendra Nath Ghosh is the plaintiff and Sreemutty Radha Rani Dabee and others are the defendants), and dated, respectively, 18th February 1901 and 26th March 1906:—

All that partly one- and partly two-storied brick-built dwelling-house, together with the piece and parcel of land containing by measurement 5 cottahs 3 chitaks and 28 square feet, a little more or less, situate, lying and being premises No. 45 Madon Boral's Lane, in the town of Calcutta, being Holding No. 582, Survey Block No. XIII, South Division, in the town of Calcutta, and bounded on the north partly by premises No. 14 Doss's Lane, on the east by Doss's Lane, on the south by Madon Boral's Lane, and on the west partly by premises Nos. 46 and 47 Madon Boral's Lane and partly by No. 14, Doss's Lane.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the Registrar, High Court, Original Side, and also at the office of Babu Akshoy Kumar Thakur at No. 7 Old Post Office Street on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

W. R. FINK, Registrar.

A. K. Thakur, plaintiff's Attorney.

High Court, Original Side, the 20th February 1906.

(212—1—17)

The Shampore Coal Company, Ltd.

IN pursuance of section 76 of the Indian Companies Act of 1882, a general meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office, No. 100, Clive Street, Calcutta, on Friday, the 30th March 1906 at 3 p.m. to transact such business as may be brought before the meeting.

For Shampore Coal Co., Ltd.,

GEO. HENDERSON & Co.,

Managing Directors & Secretaries.

Calcutta, the 28th March 1906.

(232—1—24)

NOTICE.

In the Court of Babu Tej Chandra Mukherji, Additional Sub-Judge at Monghyr.

T. M. EXECUTION CASE No. 3 of 1906.

Babu Gobind Sahai, decree-holder, *versus* Gannoo Singh and others, judgment-debtors.

THE undermentioned property of the judgment-debtors will be sold by the Nazir of the Civil Court of Monghyr, on the 23rd day of April 1906, at 7 A.M., for realisation of Rs. 24,308-9-6 (mortgage debt) :—

Eight annas' share out of 16 annas' share of judgment-debtors, together with all the proprietary interest and title in mauzas Budhaura and Burhwan, *asli* and *dakhli*, Motullike taluke, tsppa Par-ri, pargana Farkia in the jurisdiction of thana and Registry Office Gogri, Jamalpur, zilla Monghyr, bearing tauzi No. 633, at a jama sadar of Rs. 1,838-14. Estimated value is Rs. 8,000.

The said property is not subject to any prior incumbrance.

T. C. MUKHERJI, Addl. Sub-Judge.

Monghyr, the 19th March 1906. (282—1)

In the Court of the Munsif of Bihar, district Patna.

PRESENT :

Mr. S. M. Khalilul Rahman, Munsif of Bihar.

EXECUTION No. 44 of 1903 (MORTGAGE).

Babu Shio Nandan Prasad Singh of mauza Nadisona, pargana Pilich, district Patna, decree-holder, *versus* Babu Jagdeo Narain Singh and Bhuneshwar Prasad Singh, minor son and under guardianship of Jagdeo Narain Singh, of mauza Maghra, pargana Pilich, district Patna, judgement-debtors.

THE following properties shall be sold for recovery of Rs. 672-4-3 by the Nazir of Munsif's Court, Bihar, district Patna, in the sale-room of that Court on the 17th day of April 1906 at 8 o'clock morning:—

Ten dunes two cowries ten baoris share in mauza Paparnahusa, pargana Bilich, district Patna, hissa Mao-suma six saham as jamia eleven saham badarobast sixteen annas share in the mauza, proprietary right and title of the judgement-debtors, bearing tauzi No. 205 and jama sadar being Rs. 694-6-6, valued at Rs. 160 Besides this decretal amount Rs. 4,000 on account of Katkanat rent from the year 1913 to 1920 F. S. in respect of mauza Shaikhopore Ajaypore, pargana Bezwak, district Patna, is due to the decree-holder under a security bond, dated the 3rd July 1903, executed by Jagdeo Narain Singh, one of the judgement-debtors.

S. M. KHALILUL RAHMAN,

Munsif of Bihar.

Bihar, the 1st March 1906. (283—1).

The Indigo Manures Supply Co., Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following resolutions were passed at an extraordinary Meeting of Shareholders of the Company held at the Registered Office, No. 12 Mission Row, Calcutta, on Tuesday, the 18th day of March 1906 at 12-30 P.M.:—

1. That it has been proved to the satisfaction of the Shareholders that it is desirable to voluntarily wind up the Company under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1882 to 1895.

2. That Mr. T. D. Wood be appointed Liquidator for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the Company.

Execs, DUNLOP & Co.

The 15th March 1906. (249—1—20)

Notice.

UNDER section 8, Act VIII (B.C.) of 1863, it is hereby notified for general information that a *sumindari* *dakh* cess will be levied at Rs. 1 per cent. in the district of Monghyr for one year, commencing from January 1906.

H. P. DUNLOP, Offg. Collector.

Monghyr Collectorate, the 15th March 1906.

Notification.

It is hereby notified for general information that the Musaffarpur District Board, at their meeting held on the 24th February 1906, have resolved that the maximum rate of one-half anna on each rupee of the annual value of lands be fixed as the rate of road-cess in the district during the ensuing year 1906-07.

MORID. HABIBULLAH, for Chairman.

Musaffarpur District Board's Office, the 2nd March 1906.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. (1) 013383, (2) 013384, (3) 010322 of the 3 per cent. of 1896-97 for Rs. 1,000, Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 300, respectively, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, the first two last endorsed to Balika Sundari Dassi and the third one to Nikunja Bala Dassi, which has been inherited by my minor son, Krishna Chandra Kuar, of whom I have been appointed guardian, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—Balika Sundari Dassi.

Residence—Balindar, Dabipur Post Office, district Burdwan. (238—3—14)

Lost

A Receipt numbered 4207, dated 13th March 1906, and granted by Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, on submission of the undermentioned Government Promissory Note. Notice of loss has been given to the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and the undersigned is about to apply for surrender of the security:—

G. P. Note No.	Loan.	Amount, Rs.	Holder's name.
095219	3½ per cent. of 1842-43	500	Hari Har Mukerjee.

Name of the Proprietor—HARI HAR MUKERJEE.
Residence—10, Puddopoker Lane, Ballygunge. (235—1—23)

A list of Mathematical Instruments for sale in the Partition Department in the Jessore Collectorate.

Serial No.	Name of instrument.	Number in stock.
1.	Plane table	50
2.	Stand for ditto	50
3.	Screw	50
4.	Sight van	50
5.	Rectangular compass	50
6.	Optical square	50
7.	Chains	56
8.	Pins for chains	450
9.	Hundred feet tape	3
10.	Fifty feet tape	1
11.	Drawing pins	20
12.	Divider	25
13.	Brass scale	35
14.	Set square	35
15.	Offset scale (ivory)	2
16.	Flat roller	12
17.	Offset scale (wooden)	10
18.	Cardboard scale	10
19.	Plotting scale	10
20.	Tale square	5
21.	Paper scale	40
22.	Prismatic compass (with stand and screw)	5
23.	T square	4
24.	Board's drawing deal	5
25.	Instrument box	2
26.	Parallel rollers	10

N. BHAR,

Deputy Collector in charge. (251—3)

being indebted to or having claims against the estate should communicate with the above George Dragoon.

HENRY T. HYDE,

Administrator-General of Bengal

No. 3 Council House Street.

Calcutta, the 21st March 1906.

(281-1).

Notice.

A CERTIFICATE under section 86 of Act II of 1874 to the estate of Mrs. Mary Shannahan, late of Chunar, a pensioner widow who died at Chunar on 30th December 1905, has been granted to Right Reverend Dr. Petronius Gramigna, Bishop of Allahabad, as sole executor under the will of the deceased to enable him to administer the estate. All persons being indebted to or having claims against the estate should communicate with the said Right Reverend Dr. Petronius Gramigna, Bishop of Allahabad.

HENRY T. HYDE,

Administrator-General of Bengal.

No. 3 Council House Street, Calcutta, the 22nd March 1906.

(288-1)

Notice.

THE Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's European establishment:—

Mr. O. M. Bastin has been appointed Superintendent of the Public Debt Office, *vice* Mr. J. Graves appointed Assistant Superintendent.

By order of the Directors.

W. D. CRICKSHANK,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, the 27th March 1906.

(297-1)

Wanted

A B COURSE B.A. with Honours in Science for the post of Science Teacher in the B Class in connection with the Bhagalpur Zilla School on a salary of Rs. 50 a month outside the graded service. Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th April 1906

W. W. HORNELL,

Offg. Asst. Director of Public Instruction.

Calcutta, the 27th March 1906.

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the matter of **GOPAL CHUNDER SEN GUPTA**, an insolvent.

On the 9th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

N. N. Mitter, Attorney

(268-2)

In the matter of **ALBERT THOMAS RUTHERFORD**, an insolvent.

On the 19th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

(269-2)

In the matter of **LOUIS HERRERA**, an insolvent.

On the 16th day of December last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. O. Ghose, Attorney.

(270-2)

In the matter of **KAROLA OSMAN DORT**, an insolvent.

On the 8th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

S. C. Mitter, Attorney.

(261-2)

In the matter of **MACHHAJ BORTHAK**, an insolvent.

On the eight day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

O. C. Ganguly, Attorney.

(262-2)

In the matter of **MUNGI LALL**, an insolvent.

On the 3rd day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. M. Bishit, Attorney.

(263-2)

In the matter of **AGA ALI NAKI**, an insolvent.

On the 22nd day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

B. B. Newgie, Attorney.

(264-2)

In the matter of **FRANK DE ROSARIO** and another, insolvents.

On the 1st day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvents in person.

(265-2)

In the matter of **LAKH CHAND**, an insolvent.

On the 31st day of January last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. N. De, Attorney.

(266-2)

In the matter of **MRS. CECILIA SHARCOFF**, an insolvent.

On the 19th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

(267-2)

In the matter of **BRICKUCK NATH GOSSAIN** and **BHARY GOSSAIN**, insolvents.

On the 7th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. N. De, Attorney.

(268-2)

In the matter of **NAARAJ ACHARYA**, an insolvent.

On the 8th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Bonnerjee and Bonnerjee, Attorneys.

(269-2)

In the matter of **JOSEPH LAWRENCE DOMINGO** and **A. A. DOMINGO**, insolvents.

On the 3rd day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvents in person.

(270-2)

In the matter of JADAV CHUNDER SIKDAR, an insolvent.

On the 16th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Wednesday, the 18th day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. K. Guha, Attorney. (271-2)

In the matter of M. C. SINGLAI, an insolvent.

On the 28th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (272-2)

In the matter of E. A. SMITH, an insolvent.

On the 28th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (273-2)

In the matter of A. W. KLEYN, an insolvent.

On the 16th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (274-2)

In the matter of A. MAXWELL, an insolvent.

On the 28th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. C. Ghose, Attorney. (275-2)

In the matter of ALIO ORNIX MARI, an insolvent.

On the 16th February last, it was ordered that this matter be specially fixed for hearing on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, with liberty to the said insolvent at the said hearing to apply that the petition seeking for relief filed in this matter on the 31st March 1906 be withdrawn and the vesting order made thereon be discharged.

Bonnerjee and Haldar, Attorneys. (293-1)

In the matter of JOHN BOISOGOMOFF, an insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order was made by the said insolvent on the 21st instant, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April, at the hour of half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Any creditor of the said insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.

Gregory and Jones, Attorneys. (294-1)

In the matter of KANJEN JESSOR and others, insolvents.

On the 5th day of September last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Fox and Mundle, Attorneys. (295-2)

In the matter of SUBBOROSH BOSE, an insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, at the hour of half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Any creditor of the said insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.

C. C. Mitter, Attorney. (296-1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

In the matter of Kali Das, Mitra, an insolvent.

KALI DAS MITRA, of Serampore, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, was, on the 15th March 1906, declared an insolvent and discharged under section 251, Civil Procedure Code. The 19th April has been fixed for framing a schedule of debts and creditors, when persons having claims against him are to prove them in this Court.

S. B. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Hooghly Judge's Court, Chinsura, the 23rd March 1906. (291-1-23)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

In the matter of Shaikh Abdus Suttar, an insolvent.

SHAIKH ABDUS SUTTAR, of Bandpur, thana Chanditala, district Hooghly, was, on the 16th March 1906, declared an insolvent and discharged under section 251, Civil Procedure Code. The 19th April has been fixed for framing a schedule of debts and creditors when persons having claims against him are to prove them in this Court.

S. B. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Hooghly Judge's Court, Chinsura, the 23rd March 1906. (292-1-27)

Insolvency Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned dividends are lying unclaimed:—

Estate James Murdoch (separate estate), an insolvent.

No.	Names of creditors.	Amount of claim.	2nd dividend at Rs. 2-2-6 per cent.
3	F. G. Davison	Rs. A. P. 15,029 5 8	Rs. A. P. 324 1 1

Estate Taraprosunno Sircar, an insolvent.

No.	Names of creditors.	Amount of claim.	3rd dividend at Rs. 1-2-6 per cent.
220	Bhramuttu Rajabala Damos Sabact of Sri Sri Goneshjee.	Rs. A. P. 15,759 10 9	Rs. A. P. 182 3 6

Estate Hera Lall Addy, an insolvent.

No.	Names of creditors.	Amount of claim.	2nd dividend at Rs. 2-8 per cent.
130	Receiver, High Court, and Receiver of the estate of Mutty Lall Seal.	Rs. A. P. 885 13 6	Rs. A. P. 84 7 3
136	Gopal Chunder Ghose	803 11 6	70 5 8

Estate Shaikh Ellahi Bux and others, insolvents.

No.	Names of creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st dividend at Rs. 16-4 per cent.
9	Kanailal Shewprotap	Rs. A. P. 750 5 8	Rs. A. P. 123 13 11
14	Ashamala	333 4 9	54 13 9
16	Gungaba Balkisen	235 0 0	36 7 9
19	Gopal Chander Coondoo and Son	551 1 0	86 14 0
21	Mahomed Ibrahim Bares and Son	486 2 8	76 9 5
37	Johory Mull Uday Chand	295 12 9	45 12 10
38	Fulay Shahi	319 6 0	52 11 2
41	Ramkisen Dass Kisingopal	351 3 3	57 15 2
<i>Creditors of No. 187-S Dhurram-tallah Shop.</i>			
7	Kanailal Shewprotap	545 6 6	86 15 10
17	Radhakristo Dutta	723 3 0	120 3 7
34	Khoses Chand Chundelall	280 0 0	43 12 10

Estate Balchand Soorana, an insolvent.

No.	Names of creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st dividend at Rs. 10-15 per cent.
9	Labh Chand Wooday Chand	Rs. A. P. 473 20 9	Rs. A. P. 41 15 10
18	Amuluch Chand Doggar	527 2 6	57 10 6
20	Panna Lall Juma Das	500 0 0	54 11 0
34	Motechand Takumall	508 0 8	54 11 0

A. B. MILLER, Official Assignee.

Calcutta, the 26th March 1906. (279-1)

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Mails for—	Date and hour of closing at the General Post Office, Calcutta.	Routes by which despatched.
United Kingdom, Aden, Egypt, Europe, America, West Africa and United Kingdom and East Africa and Aden (and also South Africa, if superscribed on the cover and United Kingdom or Aden).	1906. Mar. 29 At 6-30	Per P. & O. steamer from Bombay.
Parcels and money-orders for the United Kingdom and other Foreign places.	" 28 At 5 P.M.; M.O., 4 P.M.	Parcels, Ditto ditto.
* Australasian Colonies ...	Apl. 2 At 7-30	Via Tuticorin and Colombo.*
† Straits Settlements, China and Japan.	Mar. 30 " 8-30	Per steamer Kutsang.
Burma ...	" 29 " 7-30	Per B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer.
Burma, Penang and Singapore.	" 31 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
Akyab, Kyaukpadaung and Sandoway.	" 30 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
Burma, Tavoy and Mergal ...	Apl. 2 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
South Africa (Letters) Supplemental.	Mar. 28 " 7-30	Per Steamer Umsooto from Colombo.
Ditto (Parcels) Supplemental.	" 28 " 5	
Port Blair ...	" 31 " 7-30	Via Rangoon.

* Although the date entered in column 2 is, as far as can be calculated, the latest safe date of posting for the next Mail steamer, full allowance being made for the steamer being in advance of her published timing, Mails for the places mentioned in column 1 are despatched daily to Tuticorin, so that they may proceed by any steamer from Colombo that has been unusually accelerated or retarded, or by any special opportunity that may be afforded by a steamer not belonging to one of the regular lines.

† On other days correspondence for China and Japan is despatched daily to Tuticorin, so that it may proceed by the first steamer from Colombo.

1. The letter-box for inland articles will be cleared for the forenoon Mails at the following hours:—

For Goalundo, Arakan and Chittagong, at 6-15 A.M.
For Khulna and Jessore districts, at 7-15 A.M.
For the Eastern districts, as far as Dacca and Mymensingh, at 8-15 A.M.

For Midnapore and Orissa districts, at 10 A.M.
For Bombay, Central Provinces and Midnapore via Bengal-Nagpur Railway, at 1-15 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 1-35 P.M.

2. The letter-box will be cleared for the evening Mails at the following hours, viz.—

For the East Indian Railway Loop Mail, at 2-30 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 2-55 P.M.

For the Northern Bengal, Darjeeling and Assam Mails, at 3-55 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 4-15 P.M.

For the Bombay Mail via Jabulpore, at 6 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 6-30 P.M.

For the Punjab Mail, at 7-30 P.M.

For Midnapore, Orissa, Madras Presidency and Ceylon, at 7-30 P.M.

For the Khulna Mail, at 7-30 P.M.

For the Eastern Bengal Mail, Darjeeling, and places on the Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway, at 7-30 P.M.

and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 8 P.M. and with a late fee of 1 anna up to 8-45 P.M.

3. Late registered letters will be received between the following hours:—

For the Bombay Mail via Jabulpore, from 5 P.M. to 6-15 P.M.

For the Punjab Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For the Eastern Bengal Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For the Khulna Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For Midnapore, Orissa, Madras Presidency and Ceylon, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

NOTE.—The late fee on each registered letter will be 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps on the letter.

4. Articles for Burma and for Port Blair by sea are received without late fee up to 7-30 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 8 P.M., and late registered letters on the days on which direct mails are closed will be received from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M. with a late fee of 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps affixed to the letters.

5. On the latest safe day of despatch of Mails for the Australasian Colonies, or any other Foreign Countries, and Madras or Tuticorin, the letter-box for Foreign articles will be cleared for the last time at 7-30 P.M., and late letters and papers fully prepaid will be received up to 8-45 P.M. and late registered letters will be received from 8 P.M. to 7 P.M.

6. On the next day of despatch of the Mail for Europe (Thursday) the letter-box for Foreign articles will be cleared for the last time for articles without the late fee, at 7-15 P.M., and late letters and papers fully prepaid will be received up to 7-30 P.M. Late registered articles will be received from 8 to 6 P.M. On the

for Foreign articles 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps affixed to the articles.

CALCUTTA G. P. O.

JOHN OWENS,

The 24th March 1906.

Presidency Postmaster

Nadia Rivers.

Report showing the least depths of water for the week ending Friday, the 23rd March 1906.

Name of River.	Reach of River.	Least depth of water soundings, Ft. in.	REMARKS.
Entrance from Ganges	Thence to Geriah	0 6	
From Geriah to Jangipur	...	0 2	Monintola.
From Jangipur to Berhampore	...	0 4	Alampur.
From Berhampore to Katwa	...	0 9	Bampur.
From Katwa to Nadia	...	0 7	Bhootghat.
		2 3	Matari.
Entrance from Ganges	Thence to Akrikanj	5 0	
From Akrikanj to junction of the Bhairab and Jalangi	...	4 0	Chakharpara.
From junction of the Bhairab and Jalangi	...	3 6	Purandarpur.
Thence to Patkubari	...	4 0	Lainagar.
From Patkubari to Nadia	...	3 0	Patnavanga.
Entrance from Ganges	Thence to Dewanganj		
From Dewanganj to Shikarpur	...		Dewanganj.
From Shikarpur to Boalia	...		Megna.
From Boalia to Chudanga	...		Boalia.
From Chudanga to Kissen ganj and Hanskhali	...	4 0	Tatola.
			Raypore.

Gauge Readings.

Locality.	Date.	Hour.	Height above zero.	Height above mean sea level.	Remarks.
N. habganj	24-3-1906	A.M. 8	0 20	63 50	Fall.
Bampur Boalia...	24-3-1906	Noon	0 31	63 31	"
Entrance of Bhagirathi Geriah...	23-3-1906	A.M. 7	3 34	63 34	"
Entrance of Bhairab Jalangi, Akrikanj	23-3-1906	A.M. 7	0 38	33 38	Steady.
Entrance of Chudanga	...	A.M. 7	...	...	...
Jangipur	23-3-1906	A.M. 8	19 40	46 40	Fall.
Berhampore	23-3-1906	A.M. 7	1 66	35 41	Steady.
Katwa	24-3-1906	P.M. 5	4 30	19 36	Rise.
Krishnanagar	...	...	...	...	...
Sarupganj	23-3-1906	Noon	4 90	4 90	Rise.
Hanskhali	24-3-1906	P.M. 4	6 70	15 23	"

for A. K. BANERJI, Accountant,
Exec. Engr., Nadia Rivers Division.
Berhampore, the 26th March 1906.

NOTICE.

THE next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April and will last till the 21st April 1906, inclusive. The public are hereby informed that all issues of the said reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during the period.

L. C. ADAMI,

Offg. Secy. to the Bengal Council,
and Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

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Quarterly Civil List of Bengal, corrected up to 1st January 1906. Super-Royal, 8vo. Paper cover Rs. 3 (4s.).

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

	District Gazetteer.	Statistics, 1901-02.	
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Tributary States	ditto.	Ditto.	As. 8 (1s.).
Cross Tributary States	ditto.	Ditto.	As. 8 (1s.).

A Vocabulary of the Termowa Dialect of Tibetan spoken in the Chumbi Valley together with a corresponding vocabulary of Sikkimese and of Central (standard) Tibetan. Compiled by E. H. O. Walsh. Published, 1905. Demy 4to, cloth. Rs. 2.4 (3s.).

Report on Labour in Bengal. By B. Foley. F'cap. Paper cover. As. 12.
 List of Officers in the Subordinate Educational Service, Bengal, corrected up to 1st January 1906. As. 8. (1a.).
 General Report on Public Instruction in Bengal for 1904-05. Rs. 1-5-8. (2a.).

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Index to Bengal Acts for 1905, in English. As. 2. (1a.).
 The Chota Nagpur Tenancy (Amendment) Act (Ben. Act V of 1905) in English and Hindi. 6p. (1a.).
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 The Indian Tariff (Amendment) Act, 1894 (Act I of 1906), in Bengali Hindi or Uriya. 6p. (1a.).

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Resolution reviewing the Reports on the working of District Boards in Bengal during the year 1904-05. F'cap. Paper cover. Rs. 1. (1a.).

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment, of the Public Works Department, Bengal. Corrected up to 31st December 1905. As. 4. (2a.).

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Report of the Land Revenue Administration of the Lower Provinces for the year 1904-05. F'cap. Paper cover. Rs. 3 (3a.).

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Report on the Trade carried by Rail and River in Bengal in the official year 1904-05. F'cap. Boards. Paper cover. Rs. 4. (5a.).

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Quarterly Civil List for Bengal, corrected up to 1st October 1905. Rs. 8 (4a.).

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	District Gazetteer.	Statistics, 1901-02.	As. 8 (1a.).
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List of officers in the Subordinate Educational Service, Bengal, corrected up to 1st October 1905. As. 8 (1a.).
 Report on Inland Emigration during the year ending 30th June 1905. F'cap. Paper cover. As. 8 (1a.).
 Catalogue of the Arabic and Persian Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutt Madrasah, by Kamalu'd-Din Ahmad and Abu'l-Muqtadir. Super. Royal Soc. Boards, paper cover. Rs. 2 (2a.).

Manual of Colloquial Tibetan, by C. A. Bell. Rs. 4 (4s.)

Report on Emigration from the Port of Calcutta to British and Foreign Colonies, 1904. As. 12 (1s.)

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The Criminal Procedure Code (Act V of 1898) as modified up to 1st April 1903. In Bengali. Rs. 4.2. (As. 4.).

The Indian Forest Act, 1878 (Act VII of 1878), as modified up to 1st December 1903. In Hindi As. 6-8 (1s.).

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Report of the Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal, 1904. Rs. 2 (4s.).

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Annual Report on the Chemical Examiner's Department, Bengal, for 1904. As. 8 (1s.).

Triennial Report of Vaccination in Bengal during the years 1902-1903 to 1904-1905. Rs. 1 (2s.).

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Distribution Return of Officers and Subordinates employed on Local Works in Bengal, corrected up to 30th June 1905. As. 2 (1s.).

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Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Serum Therapy of Plague in India; Reports by Mr. W. M. Haffkine, O.I.E., and various officers of the Plague Research Laboratory, Bombay, edited with an introduction by Lieutenant Colonel W. B. Bannerman, M.D., B.Sc., F.R.S.E., I.M.S. New series, No. 24
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Report on the Excise Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11s. or 11d. (1s.)

Report of the Chemical Examiner to Government, North-West Frontier Province, for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 4d. (1s.)

Report on the Administration of Land Revenue Department of Land Records and Agriculture Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation and Settlement of Nations in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1903-04. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1-18 or 2s. 5d. (2s.)

Report on the Income-tax Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for the years 1902-03, 1903-04 and 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 9s. or 9d. (1s.)

Report on the Administration of the Stamp Department of the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 6s. or 6d. (1s.)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province in the Public Works Department for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 12s. or 1s. (1s.)

Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 8d. (1s.)

Report of Archaeological Survey works in the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan, from January 1904 to March 1905. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2.4 or 5s. (4s.)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1.5 or 1s. 7d. (2s.)

Annual Report of Dispensaries in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11s. or 1s. (1s.)

Report on Public Instruction in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 12s. or 1s. 1d. (1s.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

List of officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department. Corrected to May, June and August 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.) each.

History of Services of Officers holding appointments in offices under the control of the Government of India, Finance Department. Corrected to 1st July 1905. Royal 8vo. Board. 12s. or 1s. (2s.)

List of Officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department, corrected to September-October 1905.

Report of the Administration of the Mints at Bombay and Calcutta for the year 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

COMPTROLLER-GENERAL.

Civil Estimates, 1905-06. Vols. I and II. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (12s.) each.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and in six months ending December 1904, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1902 and 1903. No. 8 of 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (3s.)

Sea-Borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of May, June and July 1905. Nos. 2, 3 and 4. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.) each.

Accounts of the External Land Trade of British India for the months of March and April 1905. No. 12 of 1904-05. Nos. 1 and 2 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 1d. (3s.) each.

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in April and May 1905, and in the corresponding month of 1903-04. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.) each.

Review of the Trade of India in 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (3s.)

Area and Yield of certain Crops in India. 7th issue. Foolscap. Paper cover. 5s. or 6d. (1s.)

Prices and Wages in India, 2nd issue. Super-Royal 4to. Board. Rs. 1-8 or 2s. (11s.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and in the twelve months ending March 1905, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1903 and 1904. No. 4 of 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (3s.)

Judicial and Administrative Statistics of British India for 1903-04 and preceding years. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 3s. (10s.)

Sea-Borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the month of August 1905. No. 5 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in June 1905 and in the three months April to June 1905, compared with the corresponding period of 1903 and 1904. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1905. No. 3 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the quarter ending June 1905, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1903 and 1904. No. 1 of 1905-06. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (3s.)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for the months of September and October 1905. Nos. 6 and 7 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of July 1905. No. 4 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1905. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.) each.

Accounts of the Trade of the French Possessions in India in the year ending 31st March 1905 and the four preceding years. 2s. or 3d. (2s.)

Agricultural Statistics of India for the years 1899-1900 to 1903-04 in two Volumes. Rs. 3-8. or 5s. 3d. (12s.)

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1904-05. Foolscap. Limp cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL. ||| PUF

History of Services of Gazetted and other Officers serving under the Government of Bengal, corrected to 1st July 1905, in 2 parts. Royal 8vo. Board. Part I. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (7s.) Part II. Rs. 3 or 2s. (5s.) Complete Rs. 5 or (s.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for 1st July 1905 and October 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-12 or 3s. 3d. (6s.) each.

A Book for the Army—"The Services of the Bengal Native Army," an historical sketch from 1599 to 1885, 586 pages, with two coloured plates, obtainable from all the principal booksellers, and from the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, Calcutta. Demy. 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2-8 or 3s. 9d. (7s.)

Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment of the Military Works Services, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Super-Royal, 4to. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

History of the Hyderabad Contingent by Major R. G. Burton. 1905. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2 or 4s. 6d. (6s.)

Return of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1904. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (3s.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

Administration Report on the Railways in India for the calendar year 1904. Foolcap. Limp. Rs. 2 or 2s. 8d. (7s.)

Classified List of the Subordinate Establishment, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

Railway Board Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways. Corrected up to 30th June 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

Histories of Railway Projects, including Tramways, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Foolcap. Paper cover. Rs. 2 or 2s. 8d. (3s.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Public Works Department Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

Administration Report of the Telegraph Department for 1903-04. Foolcap. Paper cover. 8s. or 6d. (2s.)

Public Works Department Classified List of the Subordinate Establishment, corrected to 30th June 1904. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

List of new books for sale at Thomason College, Roorkee, which were not advertised before.

Roorkee Treatise on "Railways," 4th Edition, Revised by F. Wolly Dod, F.O.E. Price, Rs. 3 per copy.

Roorkee Treatise on "Irrigation Work." By Lieutenant-Colonel J. Clibborn, I.S.O., B.A., L.O.B., C.F.E. Price, Rs. 9 per copy.

Roorkee Treatise on "Sanitary Engineering." Compiled by Lieutenant-Colonel J. Clibborn, I.S.O., B.A., L.O.B., C.F.E. Price, Rs. 4-8 per copy.

Roorkee Manual of "Applied Mechanics," Volume II. The stability of structures mostly by graphic methods. By Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. C. Harrison, B.E. Price, Rs. 8-2 per copy.

Roorkee Manual of Hydraulics. Price per copy, Rs. 4. (No. XIX, Elementary Treatise.) By E. F. Tipples, Esq., B.A.

Designs for Wooden Bridges, together with rules for calculating the area of waterway, etc., and Plates. By late Rai Bahadur Kunhya Lal. Price per set, Rs. 4-2.

Pamphlet on Examination for Acid Radicals: Tables giving Analysis of Acids. Price per copy, 8s.

Pamphlet on Examination for Acid Bases: Tables giving Analysis of Metallic Bases. Price, 6s. per copy.

List of New Books available for sale in the College Book Depot.

Roorkee Treatise on Civil Engineering, Section XIII. Drawing for Engineer students, Part I. By Major E. H. de V. Atkinson, B.K., Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Price per copy, Rs. 3-2, including packing, postage, etc.

Hand-book of the Thomason Engineering College, Roorkee. Illustrated. Price, Rs. 6-12 per copy including packing, postage, etc.

A list of new books and periodicals for sale at the Library of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 57 Park Street, Calcutta.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, new series. Vol. 1, Nos. 2-3, 1905. At Rs. 2.

Memoirs, Nos. 1, 4, 5, 1905. At Rs. 1-8.

" No. 2, 1905 At Rs. 1.

" No. 3, 1905. At Rs. 2.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

A Lower Ladakhi Version of the Kesar Saga. Fasc. 1, at Rs. 1.

Ostasahasrikaprajnaparamita. Fasc. 10 and 11, at 6s.

Catapatha Brahmana. Vol. II, Fasc. 1, 2, 3, Vols. III, VII, at 6s.

Vidhana Parjaya. Vol. I, Fasc. 3, at 6s.

Mahabhasyapradipodyota. Vol. III, Fasc. 3, 4, at 6s.

Kala Viveka. Fasc. 7, at 6s.

Bodhicaryavatara of Candidevi. Fasc. 4, at 6s.

Godadhara Paddhati. Fasc. 1, at 6s.

Saddarsana Samulocaya. Fasc. 1, at 6s.

Tantra Vartika (English). Fasc. 5, at 12s.

Nityacaraprodipah. Fasc. 7, at 6s.

Uchaturvarga Uchintamani. Vol. IV. Fasc. 5 at 6s.

***List of books published by the Meteorological Department
from 1st July to 31st December 1905.***

Monthly Weather Review, January to June 1905. (Illustrated by 8 plates). Quarto. Paper cover.
Rs. 1 per month.

Monthly Weather Review, July 1905. (Illustrated by 8 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs. 1.

***List of new books published by the Geological Survey of
India during the week ending 17th February 1906.***

*Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XXXII, (Part I. By Director, Geological
Survey of India, Rs. 1.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

PART III.

Act of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, received the assent of His Honour on the 7th March, 1906, and, having been assented to by His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General on the 21st idem, is hereby published for general information:—

BENGAL ACT No. I of 1906.

An Act to amend the Court of Wards Act, 1879.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Court of Wards Act, Ben. Act IX of 1879, 1879;

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained, under section 5 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892, to the provisions of this Act which affect Acts passed by the Governor General of India in Council; 55 & 56 Vict., c. 14.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Bengal Court of Wards (Amendment) Act, 1906.

Partial re-
peal of sec-
tion 9 of
Bengal Act IX
of 1879.
2. In section 9 of the Court of Wards Act, 1879 [as amended by the Court of Wards Act (Bengal) Amendment Act, 1892], Ben. Act IX of 1879, IV of 1892. the words, figures and letters from "And in any case in which the Court has taken charge" to the end of the section are hereby repealed.

Insertion of
new sections
10A to 10E.
3. After section 10 of the said Court of Wards Act, Ben. Act IX of 1879, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"10A. (1) Whenever the Court of Wards assumes charge of any person or property under section 7 or section 10, it shall publish in the manner provided in section 64A a notice calling upon all creditors having claims against the ward or his immovable property to submit the same in writing to the Court, at a place to be named in the notice, within six months from the date of the publication of the notice aforesaid.

Notice to creditors.

(2) Every such claim (other than a claim on the part of the Government) not submitted to the Court in compliance with the provisions of sub-section (1), shall, save in the case provided for by section 10E, sub-section (2), clause (c), notwithstanding any law, contract, decree or award to the contrary, cease to carry interest from the date of the expiry of the period aforesaid:

Provided that, if the Court is satisfied that the creditor was prevented by any sufficient cause from complying with the provisions of sub-section (1), it may consider and allow, either wholly or in part, his claim for interest at any time after the date of the expiry of the period aforesaid.

"10B. (1) Every creditor submitting his claim in compliance with the provisions of section 10A, sub-section (1), shall furnish, along with his written statement of claim, full particulars thereof, and shall, within such time as the Court may appoint, produce all documents which are in his possession, power or control (including entries in books of account) on which he relies to support his claim, together with a true copy of every such document.

(2) The Court shall, after marking, for the purpose of identification, every original document so produced and verifying the correctness of the copy, retain the copy and return the original to the creditor.

(3) If any document, which to the knowledge of the creditor is in his possession, power or control, is not produced by him as required by sub-section (1), the document shall not be admissible in evidence against the ward, whether during the continuance of the management or afterwards, in any suit brought by the creditor or by any person claiming under him in respect of such claim.

"10C. If a Civil Court has directed any process of execution to issue against any immovable property of a ward or the rents thereof or any crops standing thereon, the Court of Wards may, at any time within one year after it assumed charge of such property, apply to the Civil Court to stay proceedings in the matter of such process; and the Civil Court may, on such terms regarding interest or compensation for delay as may appear to it to be just and reasonable, stay such proceedings for such period as it may deem fit.

"10D. (1) On receipt of all claims submitted in compliance with the provisions of sections 10A and 10B, the Court shall proceed to investigate such claims and shall decide which of them are to be wholly or partly admitted or wholly or partly rejected, as the case may be, and shall communicate its decision in writing to each claimant concerned.

(2) When the Court has admitted any claim under sub-section (1), it may make to the creditor a proposal in writing for the reduction of the claim, or of the rate of interest to be paid in future, or of both; and, if such proposal, or any modification of it, is accepted by the creditor and his acceptance is finally recorded and attested by the Court, it shall be conclusively binding upon the creditor and upon the ward:

Provided that, if when the superintendence of the property by the Court is relinquished or otherwise terminates, any portion of the claim reduced as aforesaid is still unsatisfied, the creditor shall be entitled to recover a sum bearing the same proportion to the original claim admitted under sub-section (1) as the unsatisfied portion bears to the reduced claim.

(3) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), nothing in this section shall be construed to bar the institution of a suit in a Civil Court for the recovery of a claim against a ward or his property which has been submitted to the Court of Wards:

Provided that no decision of the Court of Wards under this section shall be proved in any such suit as against the defendant.

(4) In calculating the period of limitation applicable to suits for the recovery of a claim which has been submitted to the Court of Wards, the period from the date of submission of the claim up to the date of the communication of the Court's decision thereon to the creditor shall be excluded.

"10H. (1) The Court of Wards may, after making an investigation under section 10D, when it appears to the Court that the estate is involved beyond all hope of extrication, or for any other sufficient reason, by notice published in the manner provided in section 64A, declare that it will, on a date to be fixed by the notice, relinquish charge of the property and person (or of the property as the case may be) of the ward under this section.

Relinquishment of inextricably involved estates.

(2) On the date so fixed—

(a) such charge shall terminate:

(b) the owner of the said property shall be restored to the possession thereof, subject to any contracts entered into by the Court of Wards for the preservation or benefit of such property; and

(c) the claims for interest barred under section 10A, subsection (2), shall revive in case the debt or liability in respect of which the interest is claimed be not then barred by any law of limitation.

(3) In calculating the periods of limitation applicable to suits to recover claims for interest revived under this section, the time during which such charge has continued shall be excluded."

Insertion of new section 13A in Bengal Act IX of 1879.

4. After section 13 of the said Act, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"13A. If, when any disqualified proprietor dies, or ceases to be disqualified within the meaning of this Act, there remain undischarged any debts or liabilities which were incurred by, or are due from, such proprietor, or which are a charge upon his property or any part thereof,

Power of Court to retain charge of property of disqualified proprietor until discharge of debts.

then, notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing sections, the Court may either withdraw from the charge of such property or retain such charge until such debts and liabilities, as the Court considers necessary to be discharged, together with all interest due thereon, have been discharged:

Provided that, after the death of a proprietor, the Court shall not retain charge on account of any debt or liability which has been declared by a competent Civil Court not to be binding on his representative."

New section 31A.

5. After section 34 of the said Act, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"34A. All expenses incurred by a Collector in taking action under section 31, section 32 or section 33 in respect of any person shall, if the property of such person is not taken under the charge of the Court, be recoverable from such person or from the person whom the Collector finds to be in possession of such property, under the procedure provided by the Public Demands Recovery Act, 1895, for the recovery of public demands."

Recovery of expenses incurred by Collector under sections 31 to 33.

Ben. Act I of 1895.

Partial repeal of section 56.

6. The words from "or to a proprietor" to the end of section 56 of the Court of Wards Act, 1879 [as amended by the Court of Wards Act (Bengal) Amendment Act, 1892] are hereby repealed.

Ben. Act IX of 1879.
IV of 1892.

Insertion of new section 59A.

7. After section 59 of the said Act, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

59A. Every person employed by the Court under this Act shall, for the purposes of the Indian Penal Code, be deemed to be a public servant."

XLV of 1860.

Insertion of
new section
60B.

8. After section 60A of the Court of Wards Act, 1879 [as amended by the Court of Wards Act (Bengal) Amendment Act, 1892], the following shall be inserted, namely:—

Ben. Act IX of 1879,
IV of 1892.

“60B. For the purposes of Part VII and sections 60 and 60A, a person whose property is under the charge of the Court of Wards by virtue of the second clause of section 11, or charge of whose property has been retained under section 13A, shall be deemed to be a “ward,” but only so far as regards such property.”

Repeal of
section 62.

9. Section 62 of the Court of Wards Act, 1879, is hereby repealed.

New section
64A.

10. After section 64 of the said Act, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“64A. Any notice required to be published by the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 10A, or of sub-section (1) of section 10E, shall be published—

- (a) in the English and in the vernacular Official Gazettes;
- (b) in at least three issues each of one English and one Vernacular newspaper published in Calcutta;
- (c) in two issues of a newspaper (if any) published in the district or Division in which the ward ordinarily resides, or has last resided; and
- (d) by posting such notice on the notice-boards in the offices of the Collector and of the Judge of the district in which the place named in the notice is situate.”

CALCUTTA;

L. O. ADAMI,

The 27th March, 1906.

Offg. Secretary to the Bengal Council.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

PART IVA.

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal assembled under the provisions of the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 and 1892.

THE Council met in the Council Chamber on Saturday, the 24th March, 1906, at 11 A.M.

Present:

The Hon'ble SIR ANDREW FRASER, K.C.S.I., Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, *presiding*.

The Hon'ble MR. L. HARE, C.S.I., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MR. F. A. SLACKE.

The Hon'ble MR. E. W. COLLIN.

The Hon'ble MR. R. W. CARLYLE, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MR. W. A. INGLIS.

The Hon'ble MR. L. P. SHIRRES.

The Hon'ble MR. T. W. RICHARDSON.

The Hon'ble MR. G. GORDON.

The Hon'ble MR. C. G. H. ALLEN.

The Hon'ble MR. C. F. LARMOUR.

The Hon'ble MR. J. CHAUDHURI, M.A.

The Hon'ble RAJA BAN BEHARI KAPUR, C.S.I.

The Hon'ble BABU JOGENDRA NATH MUKHERJEE, M.A., B.L.

The Hon'ble MR. J. D. NIMMO.

The Hon'ble BABU BHUPENDRA NATH BASU, M.A., B.L.

The Hon'ble MR. SYED SHURFUDDIN.

NEW MEMBER.

The Hon'ble MR. T. W. RICHARDSON took his seat in Council.

The Hon'ble Mr. RICHARDSON replied :—

"The classification of prisoners is laid down in the Jail Code, rules 517 to 529. Prisoners are divided into two classes, namely, (a) Habitual criminals, and (b) Non-habitual criminals.

"It is not clear what is meant by technical offences. The Courts decide whether a prisoner has been guilty of an offence which should be punished by rigorous imprisonment. When the Courts consider the offence to be of such a nature that simple imprisonment is sufficient, the prisoner is kept apart from the ordinary convicts."

WORKING OF SECTIONS 562 AND 563 OF THE CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, 1898.

The Hon'ble Mr. SYED SHURFUDDIN asked :—

Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a statement showing the working in Bengal of sections 562 and 563 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, since their introduction?

The Hon'ble Mr. RICHARDSON replied :—

"The Hon'ble Member was requested to state clearly what information he desired; and a statement prepared in accordance with his wishes is laid on the table."

Statement referred to in the above answer.

YEAR.	TOTAL NUMBER DEALT WITH UNDER SECTIONS 562 AND 563.		TOTAL NUMBER DISPOSED OF.		
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	
				Discharged.	Convicted.
1898	54	63	54	..	63
1899	139	168	139	..	168
1900	137	155	137	..	155
1901	113	136	113	2	134
1902	82	88	82	..	88
1903	66	72	66	..	72
1904	134	182	134	..	182
Total	725	864	725	2	862

THE BENGAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR 1906-07.

The Hon'ble Mr. SHERRES laid on the table the Bengal Financial Statement for 1906-07, with explanatory notes. He said :—

"Sir, I have the honour to lay upon the table the Financial Statement for 1906-07, together with the usual appendices and accounts.

"The past year has been a prosperous one, and the revenue has considerably exceeded the estimates. From the commencement of next year a new and more advantageous Financial Settlement with the Government of India will come into force. The transfer of 15 districts to another Province necessitated a revision of the existing settlement; and in making the revision the Government of India have dealt liberally with us.

"The usual comparison between the budget and the revised estimates for the current year is rendered difficult, owing to the transfer of the districts to the new Province having taken place in the middle of the year. The budget estimates of 1905-06 are for the undivided Province for the whole year, whereas the revised estimates are for the undivided Province for rather more than half of the year, and for the new Province for the remainder of the year.

"The simplest way in which to make a comparison is in the first instance to eliminate altogether the receipts and charges for the transferred districts, and afterwards to make whatever adjustment may be necessary on account of those districts.

"This comparison is made in paragraphs 4 to 8 of the Financial Statement. It will be seen that if we look only to the present Province of Bengal, and omit various assignments and adjustments, there has been a net increase of revenue amounting to Rs. 8,00,000. This is the net result of improvements under certain heads aggregating Rs. 12,04,000 and of decreases under others aggregating Rs. 4,04,000. On the expenditure side there have been very large savings amounting to Rs. 28,34,000 due chiefly to the failure to spend the large special grants for police and education reforms and to lapses in the Public Works Department.

"The reason why it is necessary to make an adjustment on account of the transferred districts is that in them, as in all districts outside Calcutta, the Provincial receipts exceed the Provincial expenditure. The surplus accruing from those districts in fact formed part of the revenues assigned to this Province from which the expenditure outside those districts was to be met. Moreover while the expenditure in the districts in question proceeds more or less uniformly throughout the year, the greater part of the revenue is collected in the last quarter; with the result that there is an actual deficit in the first part of the year and a large surplus in the last half. In the budget we estimated for a surplus for the whole year of Rs. 9,27,000, but after the budget had been passed we transferred an additional sum of Rs. 2,34,000 to the Public Works Department for expenditure in Eastern Bengal, thus reducing the anticipated surplus to Rs. 6,93,000. The adjustment allowed to us is the difference between the actual receipts and the actual expenditure in Eastern Bengal from the 16th October to the close of the year, and this is estimated at Rs. 5,61,000; but as the expenditure up to the date of transfer exceeded the income by Rs. 2,95,000 the adjustment for the whole year comes to only Rs. 2,66,000. In the transferred districts the receipts have exceeded the estimates but so also has the expenditure; and the amount which is being made over to us is the actual surplus.

"When the budget of the current year was prepared the closing balance of 1904-05, and therefore also the opening balance of 1905-06, was underestimated by Rs. 5,14,000. This sum is carried forward and increases the closing balance of 1905-06 and the opening balance of 1906-07. In calculating the closing balance of the current year and the opening balance of next year we must likewise add the amount by which the receipts have exceeded the estimates in Bengal proper and the savings in expenditure; and we must deduct the loss on the adjustment for Eastern Bengal. The net result is to place the opening balance of next year at Rs. 1,17,98,000.

"In preparing our budget estimates for next year, we have at our disposal the opening balance of Rs. 1,17,98,000, the assignment of revenue made to us by the Government of India under the new settlement which comes to Rs. 4,72,73,000, and an additional sum of Rs. 1,69,000 by which that revenue is expected to expand next year. There are also certain special grants, aggregating Rs. 4,30,000, which bring the total up to Rs. 6,10,70,000. Of this however we must carry forward at least Rs. 70,00,000, namely the minimum provincial balance of Rs. 20,00,000 and the grant of Rs. 50,00,000 for the improvement of Calcutta, so that the amount actually available for expenditure is Rs. 5,40,70,000.

"A few words of explanation may be given regarding the new settlement. It would have been easy for the Government of India, to have continued the settlement made in 1904 after modifying it to suit the new Province. They might have said "We take away from you the receipts and expenditure of certain districts: those districts have hitherto yielded you a surplus and their removal means a net loss to you: we shall therefore make you a permanent grant equal to the surplus, but otherwise we shall leave the existing settlement untouched." Fortunately the Government of India elected to make an altogether fresh settlement.

"Now when making a financial settlement the Government of India scrutinise the estimates, decide what total expenditure may fairly be taken as the

necessary expenditure of the Province, and make over receipts sufficient just to meet that expenditure. On previous occasions the revised estimates were made the basis of the scale of expenditure so that all anticipated savings were eliminated before the scale was calculated. The new settlement however has been based on the budget estimates, and is therefore much more favourable to us. Moreover in our budget for the current year we proposed to reduce the opening balance by Rs. 42,37,000. The Government of India before adopting our budget as the new scale of expenditure might have cut out the whole of this amount on the ground that it is non-recurring expenditure met from the opening balance, but the total deduction they made from the budget came to only Rs. 37,86,000. Thus they practically treated about 4½ lakhs of non-recurring expenditure as though it were recurring and made over to us recurring revenue to meet it. They also left our Public Works grant untouched, although the separation of East Bengal relieved us of charges amounting to Rs. 5,22,000.

"We have also been allowed a larger share of the divided heads of revenue. In other words, a larger proportion of the revenue made over to us is expanding revenue, and the non-expanding assignment has been reduced from Rs. 73,70,000 to Rs. 5,72,000. The following are the changes which have been made:—We now receive $\frac{1}{2}$ instead of $\frac{1}{16}$ of Excise, $\frac{1}{2}$ instead of $\frac{1}{4}$ of Forests, $\frac{1}{2}$ instead of $\frac{1}{4}$ of Assessed Taxes, the whole instead of $\frac{1}{4}$ of the receipts from Government estates, and $\frac{1}{2}$ instead of $\frac{1}{4}$ of the remainder of Land Revenue. The effect of these changes has been to add about 1½ lakhs to our net annual increment of revenue.

"I may mention also that subsequent to the settlement of 1904, the Government of India have, owing to the improved state of their finances made large grants to us for Agriculture, Education, Police, etc., and these grants are continued under the new settlement.

"If the new settlement had been in force for the last five years there would have been an average annual increase of revenue over the revenue of the preceding year of Rs. 8,97,000. The whole of this could not however have been available for new expenditure because there must first be deducted the normal increase of necessary expenditure due, *e.g.*, to increase of superannuation charges, increments of salary, expenditure necessary to obtain the increased revenue, &c. This increment of necessary expenditure amounts to about Rs. 5,37,000 a year.

"To return to our budget for next year. As already stated the amount actually available for expenditure is Rs. 5,40,70,000. Of this sum we propose to carry forward Rs. 19,76,000 and to spend Rs. 5,20,94,000. The amount which we budget to spend next year is therefore Rs. 5,20,94,000; and this is made up of Rs. 28,22,000 taken from the opening balance and Rs. 4,92,72,000 the revenue of the year.

"In paragraph 16 there is a list of items of non-recurring expenditure amounting to Rs. 47,28,000. As the reduction in the opening balance is only Rs. 28,22,000 the remainder of this non-recurring expenditure amounting to Rs. 19,06,000 is met from the revenue of the year. In other words there is a margin between recurring income and recurring expenditure of Rs. 19,06,000. This it may be noted is altogether apart from the special grants made by the Government of India.

"The reforms and improvements which it is proposed to carry out will be apparent from the lists in paragraphs 16 and 17. I need not comment on them in detail, but shall be glad to furnish any further information regarding them which Hon'ble Members may desire. I need only explain that the reforms and improvements indicated in those lists are in addition to those under Agriculture, Education and Police, which are to be met from the special grants from the Government of India. Those are referred to under the appropriate heads in the Financial statement.

"The budget will not come up for discussion until the 7th April so as to allow Hon'ble Members ample time to examine it, and I shall be greatly obliged if notice can be given to me a week before the debate of any points which it is proposed to raise or any information which is required in order that the matter may receive sufficient attention."

THE BENGAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR 1906-07.

PART I.—General Review.

(1) ACCOUNTS FOR 1904-1905.

When the revised estimate for 1904-1905 was laid before the Council on the 25th March 1905, the closing balance for that year, which was also the opening balance for the current year was estimated at Rs. 1,24,86,000. The accounts of last year are now finally closed and show that the actual closing balance came to Rs. 1,30,00,101, or in round numbers to Rs. 1,30,00,000, which is Rs. 5,14,000 more than the revised estimate. The receipts were better by Rs. 1,90,000 chiefly under Marine on account of larger pilotage receipts; while the charges were also less by Rs. 3,24,000 partly under Jails and partly under the heads of "Minor Works and Navigation." and "Civil Works" in charge of the Public Works Department.

(2) REVISED ESTIMATE, 1905-1906.

2. The budget estimate for 1905-1906 as passed by the Government of India provided for receipts aggregating Rs. 5,64,33,000 and an expenditure of Rs. 6,06,70,000, thus reducing the accumulated balance at the commencement of the year by Rs. 42,37,000. In consequence of the transfer, from the 16th October 1905, of fifteen districts to the new province of Eastern Bengal and Assam, and the addition of the Sambalpur district to this province by transfer from the administration of the Central Provinces, the receipts and charges for the last five months and a half in the districts transferred to the new province have been incorporated in the revised estimate of that province, while those in the added area have been included in the revised estimate of this province. The revised estimate for 1905-1906 as now presented therefore includes the actuals of the transferred districts for the first six months and a half and that of the added area for the last five months and a half.

3. In order, however, that the finance of this province might not be materially affected by these readjustments of accounts in the middle of the year it has been decided that any loss to this province arising therefrom should be made good through the adjusting head of Land Revenue. Thus the surplus of revenue over expenditure in the districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam, which but for the separation would have been available to meet in part the cost of the central administration at the Presidency, and which is now estimated at Rs. 5,61,000, as well as the estimated deficit in the added area amounting to Rs. 91,000, have been credited in favour of Bengal.

4. To make a proper comparison of the revised estimates of new Bengal with that of the sanctioned budget estimates for the current year it is necessary in the first instance to eliminate the receipts and charges for the transferred districts, as included in the original consolidated estimates for undivided Bengal, and add to the net results the revenue and expenditure for the added area in Sambalpur as estimated for the last five months and a half of the year. The following table which is an abstract of Appendix C shows the result of this comparison:—

	Original estimate for undivided Bengal.	Sanctioned estimate for the districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Difference between columns (2) and (3).	Estimate for the added area in Sambalpur for the last 5½ months.	Total of columns (4) and (5).	Revised estimate for new Bengal.	Actuals of the first 6½ months of transferred districts.	Total of columns (7) and (8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Total Receipts	Rs. 5,64,33,000	Rs. 1,16,30,000	Rs. 4,48,03,000	Rs. 88,000	Rs. 4,48,91,000	Rs. 4,54,53,000	Rs. 54,58,000	Rs. 5,09,03,000
Adjustments for transfer of districts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,53,000	.....	6,53,000
Total	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,61,06,000	54,58,000	5,15,64,000
Expenditure	6,06,70,000	1,16,08,000	4,90,62,000	1,71,000	4,92,33,000	4,79,12,000	57,58,000	5,37,03,000
Surplus (+) or Deficit (—)	—42,37,000	+5,37,000	—41,04,000	—81,000	—43,43,000	—9,07,000	—3,06,000	—12,02,000

5. Columns (6) and (7) of the preceding table show that the receipts in Bengal (proper) are expected to be better by Rs. 8,62,000, while the expenditure is likely to be less by Rs. 28,34,000.

6. The increase in receipts is accounted for partly by increase in revenue, and partly by the following assignment and adjustments under Land Revenue:—

	Rs.
(a) Assignment for grants to University and private Colleges	1,10,000
(b) Special grant from Imperial revenues for the improvement of Dalhousie Square in Calcutta	1,38,000
(c) Ditto for Cantonment Police taken over from the Cantonment Funds	10,000
(d) Ditto for the development of Agricultural and Veterinary Department	3,50,000
	<u>6,08,000</u>
<i>Deduct—</i>	
Contribution to Imperial for redistribution of charges under "2—Assignments and Compensations"	1,15,000
Special grant for the improvement of the Port of Chittagong transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam	4,31,000
	<u>5,46,000</u>
Net increase under Adjustments	<u>62,000</u>

7. The increase in revenue is the net result of improvements under some heads and of decreases under others. The improvements aggregate Rs. 12,04,000, which are expected chiefly under the following heads:—Stamps (Rs. 1,41,000), chiefly from Court-fee stamps, Excise (Rs. 2,97,000), mainly for better settlements, Assessed Taxes (Rs. 38,000), Registration (Rs. 41,000), Marine (Rs. 3,45,000) under Pilotage receipts, Medical (Rs. 1,14,000), chiefly for the allotment of Rs. 90,000 to the Medical College Hospital made by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales out of the donation of one lakh made by the Maharaja of Darbhanga on the occasion of the Royal visit; Irrigation Works (Rs. 1,80,000), chiefly for water-rates in the Sone Canals. On the other hand the decreases aggregate Rs. 4,04,000, and are principally under Interest (Rs. 30,000) owing to smaller loans having been taken by the local bodies than were provided for in the budget, Courts of Law (Rs. 38,000), Police (Rs. 54,000), Miscellaneous (1,54,000) and Civil Works in charge of the Public Works Department (Rs. 78,000).

8. On the expenditure side the revised estimate shows a net decrease of Rs. 28,34,000. The decrease is partly due to the failure to obtain the sanction before the close of the year to the scheme for an increase in the number of Deputy Collectors, partly to the non-utilization in full of the grants for the increase of salaries of Ministerial officers and the development of the Veterinary and Agricultural Department, partly to savings in the special and other grants for the Police and Education Departments amounting to about 7 and 9½ lakhs respectively, and partly to lapses in the grants for Civil Works (7½ lakhs) which have been regranted next year for the completion of the works in question. On the other hand there have been increases under General Administration, Jails, Medical, Miscellaneous and Irrigation Minor Works. The increase under Medical is for larger grants to Hospitals and Dispensaries, grants to the Jheriah Plague Committee and Purulia Leper Asylum, and for the payment of fees and allowances of Dr. Gilbert Fowler, deputed to report on septic tanks in Bengal. The increase under Miscellaneous is especially due to the special grants of Rs. 45,000 to the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital, Calcutta, and of Rs. 12,500 to the Calcutta Female Nurses' Institution. The increase under Irrigation Minor Works and Navigation is for the payment of Rs. 3,90,000 for a portion of the cost of the Suction Dredger indented for from England.

9. The closing balance of the current year was estimated in March last at Rs. 82,49,000. To this must now be added Rs. 5,14,000, the excess of the opening balance over the estimate, Rs. 8,62,000, by which the receipts of

the current year have improved, and Rs. 28,34,000 the net decrease of expenditure. But from the total of these should be deducted Rs. 2,95,000 the excess of expenditure over receipts in the Eastern districts during the first six months and-a-half of the year and the loss in the estimated surplus in the Eastern districts amounting to Rs. 9,27,000—Rs. 5,61,000=Rs. 3,66,000. The net result of these additions and deductions will bring the balance to Rs. 1,17,98,000. In the revised estimate, therefore, the closing balance of the current year is placed at Rs. 1,17,98,000.

NEW FINANCIAL SETTLEMENT.

10. In consequence of the transfer of fifteen districts of Bengal to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, a new Provincial settlement has been made which will come into force from the 1st April 1906, and will be of a quasi-permanent nature. In framing the terms of the revised settlement it has been necessary (1) to determine the standard of revenue and expenditure in Bengal as previously constituted; (2) to deduct the revenue and expenditure incurred in the districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam; (3) to make similar changes in connection with the transfer of Sambalpur from, and of certain Native States to, the Central Provinces; (4) to distribute the special grants given to Bengal as previously constituted for Police reorganization, Primary education and District Boards; and (5) to make an addition on account of a special grant-in-aid of agricultural improvements.

11. For the standards of revenue and expenditure the Government of India have adopted the budget figures for 1905-06, except under the head of "45—Civil Works" for which the standard of 45 lakhs has been taken as suitable to the requirements of the reduced province. In revising the terms the receipts under the heads of Land Revenue, Excise, Assessed Taxes and Forests have been divided equally between Provincial and Imperial, while the collections from Government estates have been made wholly Provincial. The Bengal Government will now get one-half of the increased receipts under the divided heads mentioned above, including Stamps, while those under Registration will continue to be wholly Provincial as settled in 1904.

BUDGET ESTIMATE, 1906-07.

12. The opening balance for 1906-07 corresponds with the closing balance of the current year, and is therefore taken at Rs. 1,17,98,000.

13. The estimate shows receipts aggregating Rs. 4,92,72,000, an expenditure of Rs. 5,20,94,000, and a closing balance of Rs. 82,76,000.

14. The ordinary Provincial minimum closing balance is Rs. 20,00,000, but in addition to that amount the Government of Bengal must keep the special grant for improvements of Calcutta untouched, so that under the present conditions the minimum closing balance is $20+50=70$ lakhs. The estimated closing balance is therefore Rs. 19,76,000 in excess of the present minimum.

15. The budget estimate for next year as passed provides for receipts aggregating Rs. 4,92,72,000. The amount assigned to the Local Government in the new Financial settlement is Rs. 4,72,73,000, and owing to ordinary expansion it is estimated that the revenue made over will yield next year Rs. 4,88,42,000. To this must be added the special assignments of Rs. 4,30,000 for the following:—

	Rs.
For charges on amount of Cantonment Magistrates which have been re-provincialized	29,000
For grants to University and private Colleges	1,60,000
For Technical education	35,000
For additional reforms in Police	4,00,000
For abolition of Patwari cess in Sambalpur	26,000
	6,50,000
<i>Deduct</i> —Balance of the Zamindari Dak Fund transferred to Imperial on the abolition of the Fund, a corresponding credit having been afforded to Provincial under "Contribution from Local"	2,20,000
Net assignment	4,30,000

These will bring up the total receipts to Rs. 4,92,72,000.

16. The expenditure of the year is estimated at Rs. 5,90,94,000 and exceeds the income by Rs. 23,22,000 and the settlement assignment, by Rs. 48,21,000. The estimate includes provision for non-recurring charges aggregating Rs. 47,28,000 as shown below:—

	Rs.
Sundarbans reclamation	1,00,000
Initial outlay in bringing up records-of-rights in Orissa ...	1,81,000
Grant for improvements in record-rooms	50,000
Grain Compensation Allowance	2,00,000
Survey of Sundarbans Forest (Provincial share)	45,000
Collection of Sanitary Statistics proposed by the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India ...	7,000
Expert Sanitary Engineer for Septic Tank installation ...	16,000
Acquisition of land for the extension of Buxar Central Jail ...	20,000
Purchase of furniture and apparatus and models for the Mining Department, Civil Engineering College ...	10,000
Initial outlay on the establishment of Central Weaving School at Serampore	1,00,000
Purchase of works of Art for Government Art Gallery ...	29,000
Laboratories, fittings and other charges for Patna College	1,00,000
Steam Launch for the Commissioner of the Presidency Division	20,000
Civil Works in charge of the Public Works Department—	
Extension of High Court	1,00,000
Presidency Jail and Surgical Ward, Medical College ...	2,00,000
Lunatic Asylum, Ranchi	4,50,000
District Judge's Residence, Darbhanga	33,000
Judge's House, Gaya	50,000
Purchase of Bungalows in Cuttack	81,000
Improvements in Darbhanga	24,000
Cholera Ward in Medical College, Calcutta	53,000
Paying-patients' block for Indians in Medical College, Calcutta	1,00,000
Construction of Cadet School, Ranchi	1,75,000
Land and buildings at Kharagpur and Jhargram for the division of the Midnapore District into two	4,00,000
Acquisition of Haritola bustee, near Campbell Hospital ...	1,00,000
Land and buildings for Ranchi Model College and School and Civil Engineering College	6,00,000
Land and buildings for officers' quarters, etc., in Howrah ...	3,90,000
Double-storied block in Campbell Hospital	60,000
Civil Works in charge of Civil officers—	
Calcutta Municipality for Incinerator	35,000
Bhagalpur Municipality for Water-works	25,000
Nadia Municipality for repairs to Embankments	6,000
Monghyr Municipality for Water-supply	75,000
Berhampore Municipality for Drainage	20,000
Titaghur Municipality for Drainage	10,000
Puri Municipality for drainage	25,000
Ditto for Sanitary Improvements	50,000
Acquisition of Post Office Bustee in Patna	24,000
Police Buildings in the Mufassal	85,000
Water-works and sanitary improvements in Darjeeling ...	1,00,000
Initial outlay for the division of Patna into two	64,000
Suction Dredger	4,50,000
Bhairsab Valley Drainage	75,000
Sugarcane irrigation in Otter	40,000
Total	47,28,000

17. The estimate also provides, besides the normal growth in administration such as increase in salaries, supernumeration charges, etc., for the following recurring outlay in addition to the scale of expenditure allowed for in the settlement:—

	Rs.
(1) For increase of pay of ministerial officers in addition to the special grant made by the Government of India	1,50,000
(2) „ reorganization of the Registration Department ...	90,000
(3) „ Additional District and Sessions Judges and their establishments ...	40,000
(4) „ additional establishment for the separation of the Patna Division into two ...	10,000
(5) „ an Additional Secretary, Legislative Council ...	5,000
(6) „ an Additional Professor of Sanskrit in the Presidency College ...	6,000
(7) „ an Additional Professor of Physiology in the Medical College ...	14,000
Total ...	3,15,000 •

PART II.—Detailed remarks on the Budget for 1906-07.

[THE remarks in the following paragraphs refer to Bengal as it now stands after the transfer of East Bengal to the new Province.]

RECEIPTS.

18. *Land Revenue.*—The total collections under this head in 1904-05 amounted to Rs. 2,87,82,526, and the estimate for 1906-07, as passed by the Government of India, is Rs. 2,93,61,000. The estimate includes Rs. 5,00,000 for recoveries of the survey and settlement charges in Purnea (Rs. 4,00,000) and Ranchi (Rs. 1,00,000). About Rs. 50,000 will be recovered in the Sonthal Parganas, but they are to be adjusted under “Advances Recoverable” and not credited in the general account.

The estimated Provincial share of land revenue is arrived at as follows:—

	Estimate, 1906-07. Rs.
Gross Land Revenue ...	2,93,61,000
Deduct estimated collections from Government estates (now wholly Provincial) ...	32,38,000
Deduct recoveries of Survey and Settlement charges (Imperial) ...	5,00,000
Total deduction ...	37,38,000
Net amount divisible between Imperial and Provincial Funds ...	2,56,23,000
Provincial share of above (one-half) ...	1,28,11,000
Add collections from Government estates ...	32,38,000
Total Provincial ...	1,60,49,000
Add Adjustments as in Appendix A ...	10,02,000
Total Provincial share ...	1,70,51,000

19. *Stamps.*—The actual receipts in 1904-05 were Rs. 1,85,03,882. The actuals in the first eleven months of the current year, exclusive of those from one anna Receipt Stamps, show an increase of Rs. 7,28,000 over those in the corresponding period of last year. In view of these figures the revised estimate for the current year has been passed for Rs. 1,42,00,000 and the estimate for

1906-07 placed at Rs. 1,45,00,000. The Local Government gets one-half of these amounts.

20. *Excise*.—The actuals for the first eleven months of 1905-06 show an increase of Rs. 11,15,000 over those in the corresponding period of the preceding year, and as Rs. 1,40,69,166 were realized in 1904-05, the revised estimate for the current year has been passed for Rs. 1,52,50,000. The estimate for next year allows for an increase of 4½ lakhs, and has been placed at Rs. 1,57,00,000. The Provincial share (one-half) amounts to Rs. 78,50,000.

21. *Provincial Rates*.—The actual collections of Public Works cess in 1904-05 amounted to Rs. 35,20,337; and the estimate for next year has been taken at Rs. 35,90,000. An increase is anticipated on the completion of the work of revaluation in certain districts. Under General Rates for the management of private estates the estimate of receipts is Rs. 1,30,000, and this added to the estimate of receipts from Public Works Cess makes up the sum of Rs. 37,20,000, which is the total estimate for the year.

22. *Assessed Taxes*.—The budget estimate of receipts from Income-tax for 1905-06 was Rs. 43,97,000. The actual collections in the first eleven months of the year amounted to Rs. 42,15,000. For the remaining month of the year the receipts have been put at Rs. 3,35,000, and the revised estimate has been placed at Rs. 45,50,000. The estimate for next year allows for an increase of Rs. 1,00,000 and stands at Rs. 46,50,000. The Provincial share (one-half) amounts to Rs. 23,25,000.

23. *Forests*.—The total receipts under this head for 1906-07 are estimated at Rs. 10,00,000 against Rs. 8,98,000, the budget estimate for 1905-06, and Rs. 8,80,905, the actuals of 1904-05. The Provincial share under the new settlement is one-half.

24. *Registration*.—The budget estimate under this head for 1905-1906 was Rs. 10,22,000. The collections of the first eleven months of the current year show an increase of Rs. 46,000 over those of the corresponding period of the preceding year; and as the actuals of 1904-05 were Rs. 10,18,261, the revised estimate has been placed at Rs. 10,64,000, while the estimate for 1906-07 has been passed for Rs. 10,50,000. The receipts under this head are not expected to be as high as in the current year because a considerable decrease is expected in the Chota Nagpur Division owing to the operation of the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Amendment Act V of 1903. The receipts of this Department are wholly Provincial.

25. *Law and Justice—Courts of Law*.—The actuals of last year amounted to Rs. 5,61,378, and the revised estimate for the current year has been taken at Rs. 5,40,000 with reference to the actuals of the first ten months of the year. During the current year there has been a falling off under general fees, fines and forfeitures, but this is not expected to continue, and the receipts for next year have been estimated at Rs. 5,60,000.

26. *Jails*.—The actuals of the twelve months ending 31st January 1906 show an increase of Rs. 31,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year; and as the actuals of 1904-1905 were Rs. 12,31,117, the revised estimate has been placed at Rs. 12,60,000. The budget estimate for the current year, Rs. 12,50,000, has been repeated as the estimate for next year.

27. *Police*.—The estimate under this head amounts to Rs. 1,67,000 against Rs. 1,30,000, the revised estimate for 1905-1906, and Rs. 1,68,016, the actuals of 1904-1905. No recoveries are to be made for Cantonment Police from 1st April 1905, while the fines for the prevention of cruelty to animals now appear under Law and Justice instead of under this head, as in 1904-1905. The budget includes Rs. 22,000 for fines imposed on the Calcutta and Suburban Police Force which were formerly credited to the Police Superannuation Fund which has now been abolished.

28. *Marine*.—The budget estimate for the current year was Rs. 13,05,300. This has been raised to Rs. 16,50,000 in the revised estimate with reference to the actuals of the first eleven months of the current year. The estimate for next year has also been passed for a like amount.

29. *Education*.—The estimate under this head is Rs. 6,40,000 against Rs. 6,10,900, the revised estimate for 1905-1906, and Rs. 5,72,626, the actuals of 1904-1905. The increase is expected mainly from rent of boarding houses

30. *Medical*.—The estimate under this head is Rs. 2,60,000 against Rs. 2,46,387, the actuals of 1904-1905, and Rs. 5,46,000, the revised estimate for the current year. The revised estimate includes a contribution of two lakhs from the Calcutta Hospital Port Dues Fund towards the maintenance of the Presidency General Hospital and an allotment of Rs. 90,000 made by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to the Medical College Hospital out of the donation of one lakh made by the Maharaja of Durbhanga on the occasion of the Royal visit.

31. *Scientific and other Minor Departments*.—The total receipts for 1906-07 are estimated at Rs. 2,94,000 against Rs. 2,74,454, the actuals of 1904-05. The revised estimate for 1905-06 based on the actuals of the nine months of the year has been placed at Rs. 2,78,000. The budget includes larger provision for the sale of sulphate of quinine.

32. *Receipts in aid of superannuation*.—The budget estimate for 1906-07 has been passed for Rs. 57,000 against Rs. 60,000, the revised estimate for 1905-06, and Rs. 59,730, the actuals of 1904-05.

33. *Miscellaneous*.—The receipts under this head are of a fluctuating character. The estimate for next year has been placed at Rs. 5,76,000 against Rs. 6,80,000 and Rs. 5,26,000, the budget and revised estimates, respectively, for the current year, and Rs. 5,95,684, the actuals of last year.

34. *Irrigation, Major Works (Direct Receipts)*.—The estimate under this head amounts to Rs. 20,72,000 against Rs. 20,00,000, the budget estimate for the current year. The actuals of last year were Rs. 20,46,167. During the current year there have been larger receipts under Water-rates from the Orissa and Sone Canals and under Navigation from all the canals and the revised estimate has been placed at Rs. 21,50,000.

35. *Irrigation, Minor Works and Navigation in charge of the Public Works Department*.—The estimate for the current year is Rs. 6,50,000 which has been raised to Rs. 6,80,000 in the revised estimate owing to larger navigation receipts in the Calcutta and Eastern Canals. It is doubtful if the increase will continue in next year, and a lower figure has been adopted for the budget. The budget includes Rs. 5,000 which is anticipated from sugarcane irrigation in Bihar.

36. *Civil Works*.—The details of the receipts under this head are given in Appendix A.

EXPENDITURE.

37. *Refunds and Drawbacks*.—The estimate for 1906-1907 is Rs. 1,15,000 against Rs. 1,09,000 and Rs. 99,093, the revised estimate for the current year and the actuals of 1904-1905, respectively. The increase is due to the increase in the Provincial share in some of the principal heads of revenue.

38. *Assignments and Compensations*.—The Government of India have decided that the charges under Land Revenue compensations should be divided in the same proportion as the receipts under that head with effect from 1st April 1905. The charges under the head Pensions in lieu of resumed lands, which were wholly Imperial before 1905-1906, and Malikana, which were wholly Provincial, are the only two heads which have been affected by this decision. The details are shown in Appendix B.

39. *Land Revenue*.—The total Provincial expenditure for next year is estimated at Rs. 38,01,000 against Rs. 34,61,696, the budget estimate for the current year, as shown below :—

	1904-1905.		1905-1906.
	Budget. Rs.	Revised. Rs.	Budget. Rs.
(1) Charges of District Administration ...	26,23,195	28,57,000	29,20,000
(2) Charges on account of Land Revenue collections ...	1,401	1,000	1,400
(3) Management of Government estates ...	5,09,918	4,82,000	4,17,000
(4) Survey and Settlement ...	2,52,500	3,00,000	2,00,000
(5) Land Records and Agriculture For rounding ...	74,688	92,000	2,22,000
	...	...	100
Total ...	34,61,696	32,32,000	38,01,000

The increase under (1) is due to provision having been made for (a) the full sanctioned strength of officers and establishment, (b) for increase in the number of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, (c) for the pay of mubarrirs and peons of Additional Deputy Magistrates, (d) for grain compensation allowance to menial officers during dearness of food-grains, (e) for increase of salaries of Ministerial officers, and (f) for increased grant for improving the record-rooms of Collectorates. Under (3) a provision of one lakh has been made for the Sunderbans reclamation work, while the increase under (5) is for the provision of Rs. 1,31,000 for initial expenditure for bringing up the records of rights in Orissa and Rs. 36,000 for the maintenance of Record of Rights in Sambalpur.

40. *Stamps*.—The estimate for 1906-1907 is Rs. 3,70,000 against Rs. 4,27,000, the budget grant for 1905-1906. The decrease is chiefly under "Stamp paper supplied from Central Stores," the estimate under this head being Rs. 1,90,000 against Rs. 2,28,000, the budget estimate for 1905-1906. The provisional share (one-half) is Rs. 1,85,000.

41. *Excise*.—The total expenditure for next year is estimated at Rs. 7,32,000 against Rs. 7,23,000, the budget grant for 1905-1906. The increase is due to a provision of Rs. 15,000 for establishment in Sambalpur. Under the new settlement the Provincial share is one-half and amounts to Rs. 3,66,000.

42. *Assessed Taxes*.—The expenditure for next year is estimated at Rs. 1,45,000 against Rs. 1,30,000, the sanctioned estimate for the current year. The increase is due to an increase in horse allowance of assessors and to an increase of establishment sanctioned for the Office of the Collector of Income-tax, Calcutta. The estimate for next year includes provision for two additional temporary assessors.

43. *Forests*.—The total budget grant for next year is Rs. 6,50,000 against Rs. 5,65,000, the estimate for 1905-1906. The increase is chiefly due to a provision for the detailed survey of the reserved forests in the Sunderbans, and for the payment of the profits in the working of the Porahat reserves in the Singhbhum Division for the five years ending 1905-1906. The budget also includes a larger provision for the construction of roads required for the opening out of Singhbhum, Angul and other divisions. The Provincial share (one-half) is Rs. 3,25,000.

44. *Registration*.—The estimate for next year is Rs. 6,92,000 against Rs. 6,01,000, the grant for the current year. The increase is due to a provision having been made to give full effect to the scheme of the reorganisation of the Department sanctioned by the Secretary of State.

45. *General Administration*.—The estimate for 1906-1907 is Rs. 17,32,000 against Rs. 17,27,196 the actuals of 1904-05. The budget includes Rs. 20,000 for increase of pay of Ministerial establishment, Rs. 20,000 for the balance of the cost of the steam-launch for the Commissioner of the Presidency Division which will have to be paid to the Dockyard authorities, and Rs. 10,000 for additional establishment that may be required, when the Patna Division is divided into two Commissionerships. Provision has also been made for the appointment of an additional Secretary to the Legislative Council and for additional temporary establishment in that Department.

46. *Law and Justice—Courts of Law*.—The budget estimate under this head for 1905-1906 was Rs. 73,13,295, but in the revised estimate this has been reduced to Rs. 70,54,000 with reference to the known actuals of the year. The estimate for 1906-1907 has been passed for Rs. 74,00,000, which includes provision for a District and Sessions Judge for Darbhanga, an Additional Judge for the 24-Parganas for five months, and an Additional Sub-Judge for that district. Larger provision has also been made for increase of salaries of ministerial officers, remuneration to copyists, diet and travelling allowances to witnesses, and allowances to Jurors and Assessors, and Additional Deputy Magistrates and their establishment.

47. *Jails*.—The estimate for the current year was Rs. 22,17,147 against Rs. 19,02,245 the actuals of last year. The actuals of the first nine months of the year, however, show an increase of three lakhs as compared with the figures of last year, and the revised estimate for the year has accordingly been raised to Rs. 23,33,000. The increase is chiefly under Jail Manufactures and is due to larger expenditure on the purchase of raw materials. The estimate for

48. *Police.*—The following table compares the estimates under this head:—

	1904-1905. Actuals.	1905-1906.		1906-1907. estimate.
		Budget.	Revised.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(1) Presidency Police ...	8,62,316	8,70,000	9,08,000	10,06,600
(2) Municipal " ...	42,700	52,000	61,000	54,000
(3) Superintendence ...	1,85,253	1,63,000	1,94,000	2,01,000
(4) District Executive Force ...	37,47,168	48,78,600	42,30,000	47,10,700
(5) Village Police ...	52,883	51,800	47,000	51,000
(6) Special " ...	94,861	1,13,600	85,000	63,000
(7) Railway " ...	1,53,428	2,01,000	1,66,000	2,17,500
(8) Cattle-pounds ...	1,767	1,000	1,000	1,000
(9) Refunds ...	16,786	30,000	11,000	12,200
(10) Grain compensation allowance ...	.. ..	.....	.....	50,000
Total ...	51,57,102	63,61,000	57,03,000	63,67,000

The budget for the current year included a lump provision of Rs. 12,60,000 for reforms recommended by the Police Commission. A portion of this (3 lakhs) will go from next year to the New Province. The estimate for next year includes the distribution of the remainder of the grant in full between different heads as well as a special lump grant of four lakhs under District Executive Force for additional expenditure on reforms.

49. *Marine.*—The budget provides for a total expenditure of Rs. 10,97,600, against Rs. 11,07,604, the sanctioned estimate for 1905-1906. The estimate for the current year included the delivery charges of steam cruiser *Fraser* which will not recur next year.

50. *Education.*—In order to have a correct idea of the growth of expenditure under Education, it is necessary to show the disbursements both in the Provincial and District Fund accounts, since most of the expenditure under the latter is met from grants from the Provincial Revenues. The following table shows the charges from 1903-1904:—

	ACCOUNT.		Revised estimate, 1905-1906.	Budget estimate, 1906-1907.
	1903-1904.	1904-1905.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
<i>Provincial.</i>				
Direction ...	90,000	90,000	82,000	91,300
University ...	.....	2,00,000	80,000	80,000
Inspection ...	2,57,000	2,49,600	2,70,000	4,35,500
Government Colleges, General ...	4,75,000	5,32,000	5,57,000	5,69,000
Ditto do., Professional ...	2,67,000	2,02,000	2,10,000	2,81,000
Ditto Schools, General ...	5,32,000	4,86,000	5,09,000	5,50,000
Ditto do., Special ...	2,72,000	3,11,000	3,35,000	5,75,000
Technical education ...	.....	...	...	1,35,000
Grants-in-aid ...	7,16,000	7,62,000	8,30,000	7,80,000
Scholarships ...	1,65,000	1,59,000	1,51,000	1,65,000
Miscellaneous ...	1,09,000	75,000	90,000	1,23,000
Refunds ...	7,000	2,600	3,000	3,000
Lump provision for primary education and other Educational schemes ...	.....	.....	...	2,97,200
Grain compensation allowance ...	.....	.....	...	5,000
Total Provincial ...	28,90,000	30,65,000	31,17,000	41,00,000
<i>Local.</i>				
Inspection ...	2,31,000	2,40,000	2,29,000	1,00,000
Schools ...	73,000	76,000	88,000	88,000
Grants-in-aid ...	7,70,000	8,09,000	8,47,000	9,56,000
Scholarships ...	21,000	26,000	35,000	35,000
Miscellaneous ...	42,000	39,000	21,000	21,000
Refunds ...	.....	2,000	.....	.....
Total Local ...	11,37,000	11,82,000	12,20,000	12,00,000
GRAND TOTAL ...	40,27,000	42,50,000	43,37,000	53,00,000

The above table shows that the expenditure under this head is increasing year after year. The Provincial budget for 1906-1907 includes the following provisions:—

	Rs.
Grant to Calcutta University for administration, inspection and travelling charges	30,000
Grant to Calcutta University for building purposes	50,000
Grant to private colleges for hostels, etc.	80,000
Pay and allowances of Sub-Inspectors of Schools transferred from District Boards to Education Department	1,67,000
An Additional Professor of Sanskrit in the Presidency College	6,000
Electric lights and fans and the maintenance of hydraulic lift in the Presidency College	3,000
Salary of Professors and Instructors for the Mining Class at the Civil Engineering College	10,360
Travelling allowance and house allowance of ditto	6,700
Mining Models	5,000
Furniture and apparatus for Mining class	5,000
High School at Sambalpur	12,000
Purchase of works of Art for Government Art Gallery	28,764
Starting Training Colleges at Hooghly and Bhagalpur	75,000
Establishment and maintenance of a Central Weaving School at Serampur	1,35,000
For laboratories fittings and other charges for Patna College	1,00,000

51. *Medical*.—The budget grant for next year is Rs. 21,89,000 against Rs. 20,45,000, the revised estimate for the current year, and Rs. 19,91,050 the actuals of last year. The estimate provides Rs. 90,000 for preventive measures against plague, Rs. 20,000 for anti-malarial measures, Rs. 16,100 for fees and allowances of Mr. Gilbert Fowler on deputation to report on septic tanks in Bengal, Rs. 7,000 for collection of sanitary statistics proposed by the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, and a reserve provision of Rs. 9,000 for grants to Leper Asylums.

52. *Scientific and other Minor Departments*.—The expenditure under this head is estimated at Rs. 10,76,000 against Rs. 7,50,000, the revised estimate for the current year. Provision has been made for the development of the Veterinary and Agricultural Departments.

53. *Superannuation*.—The charges under this head show a progressive increase year after year owing to the increase in the claims to pension. The estimate for 1906-1907 is Rs. 25,37,000 against Rs. 23,94,000, the revised estimate for 1905-1906 and Rs. 22,93,065 the actuals of 1904-1905.

54. *Stationery and Printing*.—The estimate for 1906-1907 is Rs. 10,29,000 against Rs. 10,34,000 and Rs. 10,71,500, the revised and budget estimates for 1905-1906. The decrease is under stationery supplied from Central Stores.

55. *Miscellaneous*.—The revised estimate for the current year is Rs. 8,60,000 against Rs. 2,79,000, the original budget estimate for the year. The increase is due to the special payment of Rs. 45,000 to the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital in Calcutta, and of Rs. 12,500 to the Calcutta Female Nurses' Institution. The estimate for next year is Rs. 2,71,000, and pretty closely follows the budget estimate for 1905-1906. The variations in the estimates are shown in Appendix B.

56. *Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation in charge of the Public Work Department*.—The actual charges in 1904-1905 were Rs. 16,86,998. The budget estimate for 1905-1906, inclusive of Rs. 3,75,000 on account of Government contribution for the Magra Hat drainage scheme, was Rs. 20,04,000. The revised estimate for the year is Rs. 22,30,000 and includes Rs. 3,90,000 for payment required in the current year on account of a suction dredger indented for from England, but excludes Rs. 1,40,000 surrendered from the grant for the Magra Hat drainage scheme which, however, has been re-granted for expenditure in 1906-1907. The budget estimate of expenditure for 1906-1907 is Rs. 21,85,000 and includes Rs. 4,50,000, the balance to be paid for the suction dredger, Rs. 1,40,000 for Magra Hat drainage, as stated above, Rs. 75,000 for the Bhairab Valley drainage in the District of Jessore, Rs. 40,000 for a pump installation in Bihar required for sugarcane irrigation, and Rs. 49,500 for

57. *Civil Works.*—The estimate of expenditure in charge of the Public Works Department for next year has been placed at Rs. 73,25,000, which is distributed thus :—

	Rs.
Original Works	48,69,000
Repairs	15,00,000
Establishment	9,23,825
Tools and Plant	32,175
Total	73,25,000

The allotment for original works includes the following items :—

	Rs.
Land and buildings in Kharagpur and Jhargram for the division of Midnapore into two districts	4,00,000
Construction of Munsifs' Court	75,000
Ditto of Residences	40,000
Removing the Plassey Monuments to the site of the battlefield, &c.	15,000
Extension of High Court	1,00,000
New Presidency Jail	1,00,000
Construction of a Police-station at Taltollah	49,000
Ditto of a Cadet School, Ranchi	1,75,000
Construction of a Hostel for Hindu students, Ravenshaw College	19,000
Removal of the Lunatic Asylum to Ranchi	4,63,800
Construction of a Model and Engineering College at Ranchi	6,35,000
Barracks for Students, Pathological Museum in Temple Medical School	27,000
Construction of Surgical ward, Medical College	1,00,000
Ditto of Cholera ward, ditto	53,500
Ditto of Nurses' quarters, ditto	49,000
Ditto of Paying Patients' block for Indians in ditto	1,00,000
Remodelling the central portion of the Campbell Hospital	20,000
Construction of a double-storied ward in the Campbell Hospital	60,000
Acquisition of Haritollah Bustee adjoining ditto	1,00,000
Construction of Residence for the District Judge, Darbhanga	33,300
Ditto ditto, Gaya	50,000
Purchase of bungalows in Cuttack	81,000
Land and buildings for Subjail, offices, and housing of officials, at Howrah	3,89,800
Residences of Government officials in mufassal	88,000
Extension of the Veterinary Institution, Belgachia	1,20,000
High-Level Tista Valley Road	93,800
Improving the drainage of the south-east corner of Calcutta Maidan	15,000
Improvement of Civil Station, Darbhanga	24,000
Total	34,74,200

58. *Civil Works in charge of the Civil Department.*—The estimate for next year is Rs. 11,30,000 and includes provision for grants to Municipalities and Excluded Local Funds which are adjusted under this head, Rs. 85,000 for Police buildings in addition to the provision in the Public Works Department budget; one lakh for Water-works and Sanitary improvements in the town of Darjeeling, and Rs. 64,000 for initial expenditure for the division of Patna into two Commissionerships.

59. *Contributions from Provincial to Local.*—The original estimate for the current year amounting to Rs. 25,12,000 has been reduced to Rs. 23,66,000 in the revised estimate as the special reserve kept under this head has been transferred to Public works and other Departments to meet pressing demands in those departments, while Rs. 4,80,000 has been added for grants to District Board for Primary School buildings. The estimate for next year is Rs. 19,10,000 and Rs. 10 lakhs for grants to District Boards being equivalent

BENGAL PROVINCIAL REVENUE.

(The figures are in thousands of rupees, except for Actuals.)

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.
	Actuals for undivided Bengal.	Sanctioned estimate for undivided Bengal.	Revised estimate for new Bengal after readjustment of territorial jurisdictions, and includes actuals for the first 6 months of Eastern districts and estimates for the last 6 months of Sambalpur.	Budget estimate. (For new Bengal.)
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Opening balance ...	1,42,52,919	1,24,86	1,30,00	1,17,98
Principal Heads of Revenue—				
I.—Land Revenue { Proper ...	1,06,95,908	1,07,76	85,07	1,00,49
Adjustments ...	+ 49,48,794	+ 86,35	+ 93,49	+ 10,02
IV.—Stamps ...	1,04,30,354	1,07,00	91,26	72,50
V.—Excise ...	73,45,749	75,91	73,67	78,50
VI.—Provincial Rates ...	52,03,964	53,34	44,80	37,20
VIII.—Assessed Taxes ...	12,58,314	12,75	12,38	23,25
IX.—Forests ...	2,91,868	3,00	2,72	5,00
X.—Registration ...	16,59,610	17,00	14,32	10,50
Total ...	4,18,64,561	4,63,11	4,17,66	3,97,46
XII.—Interest ...	2,85,701	3,35	2,91	3,67
Receipts by Civil Department—				
XVI.—Law and Justice { Courts of Law ...	7,98,064	8,14	6,77	5,60
Jails ...	13,86,712	14,00	13,28	12,50
XVII.—Police ...	1,86,205	2,00	1,36	1,67
XVIII.—Marine ...	15,20,363	13,25	16,64	16,00
XIX.—Education ...	7,27,668	7,70	6,87	6,40
XX.—Medical ...	2,52,876	4,37	5,49	2,60
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	2,74,891	2,57	2,78	2,94
Total ...	51,46,779	52,03	53,19	48,21
Miscellaneous—				
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation ...	67,053	78	65	57
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing ...	1,45,866	1,40	1,35	1,29
XXV.—Miscellaneous ...	7,91,020	10,09	5,62	5,76
Total ...	10,03,939	12,22	7,62	7,62
Irrigation—				
XXIX.—Major Works (direct receipts) ...	20,46,167	20,00	21,50	20,72
XXX.—Minor Works and Navigation—				
By Public Works Department...	7,01,154	6,50	6,80	6,55
By Civil Department ...	1,42,838	1,28	1,28	1,26
Total ...	28,90,154	27,78	29,58	28,53
Buildings and Roads—				
XXXII.—Civil Works—				
By Public Works Department..	3,89,898	2,80	2,02	2,64
By Civil Department ...	2,48,948	2,41	2,05	1,89
Total ...	6,38,830	5,21	4,07	4,53
Contributions ...	69,478	63	57	2,70
Total Revenue ...	5,18,98,948	5,64,33	5,15,00	4,92,72
GRAND TOTAL	6,01,51,867	6,69,19	6,45,60	6,10,70

BENGAL PROVINCIAL EXPENDITURE.

(The figures are in thousands of rupees, except for Actuals.)

Kmda.	1904-1905.		1905-1906.		1906-1907.
	Actuals for undivided Bengal.	Sanctioned estimate for undivided Bengal.	Revised estimate for new Bengal after readjustment of territorial jurisdictions, and includes actuals for the first 6 months of Eastern districts and estimates of the last 6 months of Sambalpur.	Budget estimate (For new Bengal.)	
1	2	3	4	5	
Direct demand on the revenues—	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	
1. Refunds and Drawbacks ...	1,23,273	1,35	1,22	1,15	
2. Assignments and Compensations ...	1,50,697	1,62	43	83	
3. Land Revenue ...	42,93,323	47,22	40,60	38,01	
6. Stamps ...	3,46,028	3,50	2,23	1,85	
7. Excise ...	3,58,167	3,78	3,37	3,66	
8. Provincial Rates ...	83,814	92	79	61	
10. Assessed Taxes ...	88,937	39	38	72	
11. Forests ...	1,72,147	1,91	1,57	3,25	
12. Registration ...	9,70,708	9,96	8,17	6,02	
Total ...	65,87,094	70,65	58,76	57,00	
13. Interest on ordinary debt ...	1,96,186	2,22	2,05	2,22	
Post Office, Telegraph and Mint—					
15. Post Office ...	.....	.....	1	.....
Salaries and expenses of the Civil Department—					
18. General Administration ...	19,27,272	19,02	19,07	17,32	
19. Law and Justice { Courts of Law ...	98,52,504	1,02,00	86,79	74,00	
{ Jails ...	25,75,164	28,20	26,30	22,71	
20. Police ...	67,45,832	79,90	66,24	63,67	
21. Marine ...	18,46,508	11,23	11,91	10,97	
22. Education ...	86,32,002	47,52	34,30	41,00	
24. Medical ...	23,07,843	22,75	22,12	21,89	
25. Political ...	20,850	22	16	10	
26. Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	7,00,388	9,40	7,85	10,76	
Total ...	2,96,18,363	3,19,24	2,75,04	2,62,42	
Miscellaneous—					
29. Superannuation, &c. ...	27,07,289	28,15	26,23	25,37	
30. Stationery and Printing ...	11,03,863	12,22	10,43	10,29	
32. Miscellaneous ...	3,42,812	8,14	3,75	2,77	
Total ...	41,53,964	43,51	40,41	38,43	
Railway Revenue Account—					
40. Subsidised Company's land, &c. ...	3,965	...	.....	.....
Irrigation—					
42. Major Works—					
Working Expenses ...	9,88,005	11,04	10,50	10,75	
Interest on Debt ...	24,51,988	24,52	24,52	24,52	
43. Minor Works and Navigation—					
By Public Works Department ...	16,86,998	20,04	22,30	21,85	
By Civil Department ...	5,569	5	9	10	
Total ...	51,32,560	55,65	57,41	57,22	
Buildings and Roads—					
46. Civil Works—					
By Public Works Department ...	58,37,918	56,48	61,88	73,25	
By Civil Department ...	2,18,645	25,82	2,75	11,30	
Total ...	60,56,563	82,30	64,63	84,55	
Contributions ...	14,52,771	33,13	29,31	19,10	
Total Expenditure ...	5,31,51,766	6,06,70	5,27,62	5,20,94	
Closing balance ...	1,80,00,101	82,49	1,17,98	89,76	
GRAND TOTAL ...	6,61,51,867	6,89,19	6,45,60	6,10,70	
Provincial surplus (+) or deficit(—) ...	—12,52,818	—42,37	—12,02	—28,22	

APPENDIX A.

Bengal Provincial Receipts, in detail, of minor heads.

[The figures in columns 4 and 5 are those accepted by the Government of India.]

THE remarks in column 6, except when otherwise specially explained, refer to difference between columns 3 and 5. The figures in column 4 against Eastern Bengal represent the actuals of the first six months-and-a-half in the districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam.

I.—Land Revenue—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
(1) Gross Land Revenue	2,87,81,525	2,92,33,000	2,93,00,000	2,93,61,000	Larger collections are anticipated from Government estates. Budget includes receipts from Sambalpur.
(2) Deduct 12 per cent. on collections from Government estates in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and 100 per cent. in 1906-07, which is wholly Provincial ...	3,51,039	3,37,000	3,58,000	32,78,000	The collections from Government estates have been made wholly Provincial in the new settlement.
(3) Deduct recoveries of Survey and Settlement charges which are Imperial	3,87,825	3,55,000	5,85,000	5,00,000	Purnea 4,00,000 Ranchi 1,00,000 Tot. 1 5,00,000
Total deduction	7,34,914	9,42,000	9,10,000	37,38,000	
(4) Net amount divisible between Imperial and Provincial	2,80,43,611	2,82,94,000	2,83,90,000	2,56,23,000	
(5) Provincial share of above (one-fourth in 1904-05 and 1905-06, and (one-half in 1906-07)	70,10,403	70,73,000	70,97,000	1,28,11,000	The Provincial share is one-half under the new settlement.
(6) Add percentage on collections from Government estates as in (2) above	3,51,039	3,87,000	3,55,000	31,38,000	
Net	73,61,922	74,60,000	74,52,000	1,60,49,000	
Add on account of adjustments as shown below	49,48,704	86,35,000	93,47,000	10,02,000	
Total Bengal	1,23,10,186	1,60,95,000	1,68,01,000	1,70,51,000	
Eastern Bengal	34,33,910	33,16,000	10,55,000	.....	The revised estimate represents the figures from 1st April to 15th October 1905.
Grand Total (Provincial share)	1,56,44,702	1,94,11,000	1,78,56,000	1,70,51,000	

Adjustments—

Contribution from Imperial to Provincial—				
Fixed adjusting entry under the new Provincial Settlement	40,03,000	40,03,000	40,03,000	5,78,000
Contribution on account of the Cantonment Magistrate's salaries, establishment, &c. ...	.....	.....	.....	93,000
Contribution for alkali Police	5,000	.....	.....	.....
Ditto for the preservation of ancient manuscripts	6,000	6,000	6,000	.....
Contribution for Monuments and Antiquities ...	18,000	15,000	15,000	.....
Ditto on account of improvement of the Grant for the improvement of the Port of Chittagong ... ..	.....	4,31,000	.....	.....
Assessment for Police reorganization ... ..	.....	12,00,000	12,00,000	.....
Ditto for Primary Education ... ..	.....	10,00,000	10,00,000	4,90,000
Ditto for Technical do. ... ..	.....	.....	.....	35,000
Ditto for grants-in-aid to District Boards ... ..	.....	12,50,000	12,50,000	.....
Ditto for the development Agricultural and Veterinary Departments ... ..	.....	.....	3,50,000	.....
Contribution for grants to the University and private Colleges	2,00,000	.....	1,10,000	1,60,000
For surplus of the 15 districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam from 16th October 1905 to 31st March 1906 ... ..	.....	.....	5,61,000	.....
Contribution for excess of expenditure over receipts in the transferred area—in Sambalpur from 16th October 1905 to 31st March 1906 ...	.....	.....	91,000	.....
Contribution for improvements of Dalhousie Square ... ..	.....	.....	1,38,000	.....
Contribution for Cantonment Police ... ..	.....	.....	10,000	.....
Contribution equivalent to Patwari Gans in Sambalpur. ... ..	.....	.....	.....	20,000
Total	51,29,060	84,05,000	96,34,000	13,22,000
Contribution from Provincial to Imperial—				
Adjustment of the cost of Mr. N. G. Mukerji's deputation to the Central Provinces to enquire into the tussersilk industry	2,380	.....	.....	.....
Contribution towards Raj Kumar College ...	2,000	2,000	2,000	.....
Contribution from Provincial in connection with the transfer of the maintenance of the Bilguri-Teesta Bridge Road to the Military Department	50,000	.....	.....	.....
Contribution for the transfer of the Stamp and Stationery Office	1,20,000	1,68,000	1,09,000	.....
Contribution for redistribution of charges under Assignments and Compensations ... ..	.....	.....	1,15,000	.....
Balance of the zamindari dak Fund transferred to Imperial on the abolition of the Fund, a corresponding credit having been afforded to Provincial under contribution from Local ...	.....	.....	.....	2,20,000
Total	1,80,380	1,70,000	2,85,000	3,20,000
Net sum to be transferred from Imperial ...	49,48,704	86,35,000	93,47,000	10,02,000

IV.—Stamps—

HEADS.	1904-05.	1905-06.		1906-07.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned Estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	
Sale of general stamps	Rs. 36,97,582	Rs. 37,00,000	Rs. 37,66,000	Rs. 38,50,000	The revised and budget include Rs. 1,78,000 and Rs. 4,70,000 for share of the sale-proceeds of the unified stamp.
Do. of court-fee stamps	35,00,000	38,46,000	1,00,22,900	1,02,50,000	The budget allows for normal increase of receipts.
Do. of plain paper to be used with court-fee stamps	1,78,000	1,77,000	1,80,000	1,80,000	The increase in the revised is due to special receipts in Calcutta on account of duty on embossing one-anna receipt and cheque stamps, and larger receipts under duty on unstamped or insufficiently stamped documents.
Duty on impressing documents	1,80,000	25,000	1,50,000	1,51,000	
Fines and penalties	18,000	17,000	18,000	18,000	The decrease in the revised is for smaller receipts on account of composition duty.
Miscellaneous	30,000	70,900	42,900	51,000	
Total ...	1,35,03,882	1,39,95,000	1,42,60,600	1,45,00,000	The revised estimate is based on 11 months' actuals.
Eastern Bengal	78,56,826	75,05,000	40,52,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,08,60,708	2,14,00,000	1,82,72,000	1,45,00,000	
Provincial share (one-half) ...	1,04,30,354	1,07,00,000	91,26,000	72,50,000	

V.—Excise—

License and distillery fees and duties for the sale of liquors and drugs—					
Foreign liquors	2,52,632	3,68,000	8,20,000	8,50,000	Decrease in revised is especially in Midnapur owing to the introduction of contract distillery system.
Indian-made liquors excised at tariff rates ...	8,12,222	8,71,000	8,50,000	8,70,000	
Country spirits—					
License fees—					
Distillery	12,50,058	73,08,000	80,70,000	82,80,000	
Outstills	36,01,750				
Still-head duty	23,12,810				
Miscellaneous	1,03,507				
Toddy revenue	10,04,494	11,72,000	11,80,000	12,00,000	
Opium and its preparation	5,55,472	5,93,000	5,90,000	6,00,000	
Other drugs, ganja, bhang, &c.	12,08,243	12,19,000	12,70,000	12,80,000	
Total ...	1,12,32,658	1,15,11,000	1,32,50,000	1,25,80,000	Budget framed with reference to progressive increase of revenue.
Gain on sale-proceeds of Excise opium	15,28,741	16,56,000	15,75,000	16,35,000	
Duty on ganja	12,90,005	13,18,000	13,75,000	14,65,000	
Fines, confiscations and miscellaneous	17,632	14,000	20,000	20,000	
Total	1,40,80,104	1,44,09,000	1,52,50,000	1,57,00,000	
Eastern Bengal	27,21,118	28,61,000	15,48,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	1,67,90,284	1,73,30,000	1,68,38,000	1,57,00,000	
Provincial share (seven-sixteenths in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and one-half in 1906-07.)	73,45,740	75,91,000	78,67,000	78,50,000	

VI.—Provincial Rates

Public Works cess	35,20,337	35,02,000	35,68,000	36,90,000	Budget provides for normal growth of revenue.
General rates for the management of private estates	1,23,065	1,28,400	1,25,000	1,30,000	
Total ...	36,43,402	36,30,400	36,93,000	37,20,000	
Eastern Bengal ...	15,59,072	16,43,000	7,87,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL ...	52,02,474	53,53,000	44,80,000	37,20,000	

VIII.—Assessed Taxes—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Deductions by Government from salaries and pensions, &c.	3,95,363	4,27,400	4,10,000	4,10,000	
Deductions by Government from interest on Government securities	10,892	15,000	14,000	14,000	
Deductions from salaries, &c., paid by local authorities or companies	54,087	55,400	54,000	54,000	
Deductions from profits of Railway Companies	3,452	4,000	5,000	4,000	
Income-tax on securities of local authorities or companies	92,719	92,000	92,000	94,000	
Ordinary collections	37,79,035	37,40,000	39,59,000	40,58,000	
Fines	9,451	14,400	11,600	11,000	
Miscellaneous	7,495	10,300	7,000	8,000	
Total ...	43,53,990	45,97,000	45,80,000	46,50,000	The budget provides for an increase of one lakh over revised in view of progressive growth.
Eastern Bengal ...	6,79,375	7,02,000	5,82,000		
GRAND TOTAL ...	50,33,265	51,00,000	49,82,000	46,50,000	
Provincial share (one-fourth in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and one-half in 1906-07) ...	12,58,314	12,75,000	12,33,000	12,25,000	

IX.—Forests—

Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government agency ...	1,25,438	1,50,700	97,200	98,000	The decrease in the revised is due to smaller receipts from the sale of timber. The increase in the revised is partly 1. the Darjeeling Division from sale of firewood and charcoal and partly in the Kurseong, Birghum, and Angul Divisions from sale of timber and also from the inclusion of receipts from "Mambapur" (Rs. 2,500).
Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers ...	7,17,616	7,14,800	8,25,500	8,64,000	
Confiscated drift and wail-wood	1,728	3,300	3,500	3,200	
Miscellaneous ...	36,523	30,000	34,000	31,800	
Total ...	8,80,305	8,98,000	9,60,000	10,00,000	
Eastern Bengal ...	2,86,567	3,02,000	1,36,000		
GRAND TOTAL ...	11,67,473	12,00,000	10,86,000	10,00,000	
Provincial share (one-fourth in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and one-half in 1906-07) ...	2,91,868	3,00,000	2,72,000	2,00,000	

X.—Registration—

Fees for registering documents	9,43,940	9,65,000	9,85,000	9,70,000	The receipts are not expected to be as high as in 1905-06.
Fees for copies of registered documents	26,510	19,000	23,000	23,000	
Miscellaneous ...	48,011	33,000	50,000	52,000	
Total	10,18,461	10,22,000	10,68,000	10,50,000	Revised based on the actuals of the first seven months of the current year.
Eastern Bengal ...	6,71,340	6,73,000	3,68,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	14,89,810	17,00,000	14,32,000	10,80,000	

XII.—Interest—

Class I.—Interest on advances to cultivators—					
On advances to cultivators under Land Improvement Loans Act ...	16,814	55,000	42,000	73,000	
On advances to cultivators under Agriculturists' Loans Act, XXII of 1891 ...	19,510				
Class II.—Interest on advances under Special Loans—					Revised based on the outstanding mean balances. The estimate is based on the amount of interest due next year on the existing loans and on the probable amount of advances estimated to be made in that year.
On drainage and embankment advances ...	56,732	55,000	40,000	55,000	
Class III.—Interest on loans to landholders, &c. ...	1,699	1,000	8,000	14,000	
Class IV.—Interest on loans to Municipal and other public Corporations (excluding Presidency Corporations) ...	1,39,128	1,48,000	1,41,000	1,48,000	
Interest on Government securities ...	6,421	6,000	7,000	7,000	
Miscellaneous—					
Interest on arrears of public works loans on the capital cost of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor's house, &c. ...	27,566	27,000	27,000	28,000	
Other loans ...	143	1,200	.....	.....
Interest on zamindari embankment recoveries, &c. ...	3,657	3,500	4,000	30,000	Budget includes receipts from interest on debentures of Police Superannuation Fund.
Total Miscellaneous ...	41,426	45,000	44,000	61,000	
Total ...	2,02,720	2,11,000	2,32,000	2,67,000	
Eastern Bengal ...	22,941	23,000	9,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	2,25,701	2,34,000	2,91,000	2,67,000	

XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.	1906-1907.		REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Sale-proceeds of unclaimed and escheated property	22,283	20,600	20,000	23,000	The decrease in revised is for smaller receipts from amin's fees.
Court-fees realised in cash	24,228	25,000	21,000	25,000	
General fees, fines and forfeitures	4,75,552	4,75,100	4,51,000	4,75,000	Revised and budget include fines for prevention of cruelty to animals formerly credited under Police, but the increase on this account is more than counterbalanced by smaller receipts from other magisterial fines.
Pleaders' examination fees	23,255	22,600	26,000	25,000	
Miscellaneous fees and fines	1,008	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Miscellaneous	15,082	17,700	18,000	11,000	
Total	5,61,378	5,75,000	5,40,000	5,60,000	Budget follows the revised and the actuals of 1904-1905.
Eastern Bengal	2,36,686	2,39,000	1,37,000		
GRAND TOTAL	7,98,064	8,14,000	6,77,000	6,60,000	

XVIB.—Jails—

Jails	19,680	19,000	20,000	20,000	
Jail manufactures	13,11,437	12,31,000	12,40,000	12,30,000	
Total	12,31,117	12,50,000	12,60,000	12,50,000	The budget is based on the normal receipts of the preceding four years. The revised is based on the actuals of 12 months ending January 1906.
Eastern Bengal	1,55,806	1,50,000	68,000		
GRAND TOTAL	13,86,712	14,00,000	13,28,000	12,50,000	

XVII.—Police—

Police supplied to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds	19,258	10,000	2,000	.....	No recoveries are made for Cantonment Police from 1st April 1905. The revised includes arrears.
Police supplied to Public Departments, private companies and persons	25,946	39,000	32,000	26,000	
Presidency Police	1,00,780	1,06,000	60,000	1,10,000	The decrease in the revised and budget is due to credit having appeared on account of fines for prevention of cruelty to animals. Smaller realizations of fees, fines and forfeitures are anticipated in 1906-1907 while the budget provides for normal receipts on these accounts. It includes Rs. 22,000 for fines imposed on police force which were hitherto credited to the Police Superannuation Fund.
Recoveries on account of village police	442	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	25,060	20,000	27,000	26,000	
Cash receipts under the Arms Act	34	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	4,000	6,000	8,000	8,000	
Total	1,68,016	1,84,000	1,30,000	1,67,000	
Eastern Bengal	15,159	16,000	6,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	1,86,205	2,00,000	1,36,000	1,67,000	

XVIII.—Marine—

Sale-proceeds of vessels and stores ... ..	.....	15,000	.....	3,000	The budget for 1906-07 included provision for the sale-proceeds of the Pilot Vessel <i>Sarvagati</i> which is now being converted into a lightship before being made over to the Port of Chittagong.
Registration and other fees	76,171	75,000	76,000	80,000	
Pilotage receipts { Calcutta	13,38,900	11,30,000	14,81,000	14,80,000	Increased provision made in view of the progressive increase.
Lead-money for Volunteers (Calcutta) "	58	14,000	18,000	10,000	
Total Pilotage Receipts	13,54,215	11,44,000	14,99,000	14,90,100	
Miscellaneous—					
Deductions for mess-money	12,265	12,300	14,000	14,000	
Contribution to Life-boat establishment, Goalundo	150	.....	.....	.....
Marine Survey	24,119	28,000	26,000	30,000	
Overtime fees	6,800	.....	7,000	7,000	
Miscellaneous receipts of the Shipping office	5,668	.....	6,000	8,000	
Other items	5,520	17,600	6,000	8,900	
Fees for certificates of inland vessels under Act VI of 1904	10,770	.....	6,000	.....
Total Miscellaneous	66,267	63,900	75,000	70,900	
Total	14,90,883	18,05,900	16,50,000	16,50,000	
Eastern Bengal	23,710	19,700	14,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	15,10,363	18,25,000	16,64,000	16,50,000	

XIX.—Education—

HEADS.	1	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
		Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
		2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Fees, Government Colleges ...	General ...	1,51,945	1,50,000	1,50,000	1,55,000	
	Professional ...	46,823	44,700	45,000	46,000	
Fees, Government Schools ...	General ...	2,81,594	2,54,530	2,51,000	2,54,500	
	Special ...	8,815	8,500	11,000	9,500	
Contributions from Native States, private persons and Municipalities ...		14,985	9,500	5,000	5,000	
Income from endowments ...		1,015	2,500	1,000	2,000	
Miscellaneous ...		63,715	93,150	99,000	1,27,000	The increase is for larger receipts from rent of boarding-houses.
	Total ...	5,78,545	6,12,410	6,10,000	6,40,000	Budget based on actuals including receipts from Sambalpur.
Eastern Bengal ...		1,49,023	1,57,590	77,000	.....
	GRAND TOTAL ...	7,27,568	7,70,000	6,87,000	6,40,000	

XX.—Medical—

Medical School and College fees	53,657	54,000	51,000	54,000	The revised includes contribution of two lakhs from the Hospital Port Dues Fund towards the Presidency General Hospital and Rs. 50,000 allotted by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales for the Medical College Hospital out of the donation of one lakh made by the Maharaja of Darbhanga on the occasion of the Royal visit to Calcutta.
Hospital receipts (receipts from paying patients) ...	1,10,020	1,05,000	1,30,000	1,30,000	
Lunatic Asylum receipts	20,715	17,000	20,000	20,000	
Contributions (from Municipalities and private persons)	48,584	2,46,000	2,50,000	48,000	
Miscellaneous	13,390	6,000	10,000	8,000	
Total	2,44,387	4,31,000	5,46,000	2,60,000	
Eastern Bengal	6,480	0,000	3,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	2,51,876	4,37,000	5,49,000	2,60,000	

XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments—

Botanical and other public garden receipts	2,723	2,800	3,000	3,000	Estimate based on actuals.
Veterinary and stallion receipts	24,143	10,000	24,000	25,000	
Cinchona plantation... ..	2,24,206	2,02,000	2,22,000	2,35,000	The increase in the revised is due to larger sale of sulphate of quinine. Larger receipts are also anticipated in next year.
Receipts on account of experimental cultivation ...	737	200	1,000	2,000	Estimate includes Rs. 1,500 for Outlaek and Rs. 500 for Sambalpur.
Emigration fees	21,616	31,000	27,000	27,000	
Examination fees	923	3,540	1,000	1,000	
Miscellaneous	2	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,74,454	2,63,540	2,78,000	2,94,000	
Eastern Bengal	437	1,100	.....	.....
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,74,891	2,67,000	2,78,000	2,94,000	

XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation—

Family subscriptions of Native members of the Covenanted Civil Service	1,513	1,400	2,000	1,000	Estimate based on the actual demands according to the Register in the Accountant-General's office.
Contributions for pensions and gratuities—					
Contributions of officers lent to foreign service of the first and second kind	25,516	46,000	40,000	25,500	
Contributions of persons employed in the establishment for the management of private estates under Act X of 1893	10,988	10,000				8,400
Refund of Gratuities	323				
Deductions for Marine Pension Fund	11,575	10,000	12,000	12,000	
Total	49,780	67,400	60,000	57,000	Revised based on the actuals of first nine months of 1906-1906.
Eastern Bengal	7,223	5,600	5,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	67,003	73,000	65,000	57,000	

XXIII.—Stationery and Printing—

Stationery receipts	807	1,000	1,000	Budget follows the revised which is based on the actuals of first nine months of cur- rent year.
Sales of Gazette and other publications	24,422	20,470	24,500	20,500	
Other Press receipts	28,089	28,300	28,500	20,500	
Total ...	1,31,534	1,37,400	1,37,000	1,29,000	
Eastern Bengal ...	14,022	12,600	5,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,45,556	1,40,000	1,35,000	1,29,000	

XXV.—Miscellaneous—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Unclaimed deposits	Rs. 3,95,045	Rs. 4,72,000	Rs. 3,50,000	Rs. 3,71,000	Estimate based on the amount likely to lapse next year.
Treasure-trove	118	.....	.....	.....
Sale-proceeds of Durbar presents	2,598	2,700	2,000	3,000	Estimate based on actuals.
Sale of old stores and materials	6,188	13,500	0,000	6,000	
Sale of lands and houses, etc.	—2,583	.....	.....	.....	Estimate includes the estimated loss for local audit of Cantonment Funds.
Contribution for Government audits of Municipal and Excluded Local Funds accounts	64,607	51,000	37,000	51,000	
Rents	19,465	22,000	18,000	20,000	
Miscellaneous fees, fines, and forfeitures	4,892	10,000	7,000	5,000	
Contributions	23,952	22,800	26,000	26,000	
Miscellaneous—					
Fees and fines of Revenue Courts	56,500	52,000	40,000	50,000	
Recoveries of Law charges other than those in pauper suits	25,875	8,000	19,000	20,000	
Value of mathematical stores returned	243	500	1,000	500	
Sundry receipts—Circuit-house	518	500	.....	500	
Miscellaneous receipts on account of Public Work—Cross under Act IX of 1893 (B.C.)	33	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous receipts on account of Government Management of Wards' estates	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sale-proceeds of trees on tea-lands ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sale of elephants ... ..	.....	4,000	.....	2,000	
Other items	19,161	20,400	20,000	21,000	
Total Miscellaneous	1,02,429	85,300	60,000	94,000	
Total	5,93,684	6,40,000	5,20,000	5,70,000	
Eastern Bengal	1,95,336	3,20,000	30,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	7,91,020	10,00,000	5,62,000	5,70,000	

XXIX.—Major Works—(Direct Receipts)—

Orissa Canals ...	3,88,000	4,15,000	4,69,000	4,46,000	The increase in the revised is due to larger receipts under water-rates from the Orissa and Some Canals and also under navigation from all the canals. Such large increase is not expected in next year.
Midnapore Canal	2,06,215	1,73,000	2,00,000	1,74,000	
Hijili Tidal Canal	45,242	42,000	55,000	55,000	
Some Canals ...	14,06,510	13,80,000	14,24,000	13,80,000	
Total	20,46,167	20,00,000	21,50,000	20,72,000	

XXX.—Minor Works and Navigation—

IN CHARGE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
(Irrigation and Navigation Works.)

Works for which Capital and Revenue accounts are kept—

Orissa Coast Canal ...	32,230	32,000	32,000	32,000	The increase in the revised is chiefly under navigation receipts. It is doubtful whether these receipts during 1906-1907 will keep up to the level of the current year, and hence a lower figure has been taken.
Baran Canals ...	585	500	1,000	1,000	
Cakotta and Eastern Canals	5,38,136	4,91,000	5,11,000	4,93,000	

Total	5,61,060	5,33,500	5,44,000	5,16,000	
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Works for which only Revenue accounts are kept—

Nadia Rivers ...	88,412	80,000	89,500	89,500	
Gaighatta and Buzi Khal ...	6,700	4,500	4,500	4,500	
Total	95,112	84,500	94,000	94,000	

Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue accounts are kept—

Eden Canal ...	24,638	20,800	23,700	23,000	
Tour ...	276	200	300	1,000	
Sugarcane irrigation in Behar	5,000	

Total	24,914	20,000	24,000	29,000	
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Total Irrigation and Navigation Works

(Agricultural Works.)

Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue accounts are kept—

Government embankments ...	15,610	9,000	12,000	10,000	Estimate based on actuals.
Takavi embankments under contract ...	4,440	3,000	6,000	6,000	
Total Agricultural Works	20,050	12,000	18,000	16,000	

Total in charge of the Public Works Department

IN CHARGE OF THE CIVIL DEPARTMENT.

Recoveries on account of lands benefited by embankments ...	1,38,316	1,06,000	1,14,900	1,12,000	Estimate based on actuals.
Recoveries on account of capitalised maintenance charges of the Rajapur drainage system ...	14,517	23,000	14,000	14,000	
Total in charge of the Civil Department	1,42,833	1,29,000	1,28,900	1,26,000	

GRAND TOTAL

8,43,927

7,78,000

8,08,000

7,81,000

XXXII.—Civil Works—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budg t.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
IN CHARGE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.					
Total gross receipts	Rs. 3,89,393	Rs. 3,80,000	Rs. 3,02,000	Rs. 2,64,000	The decrease in the revised is due to profits on stock erroneously credited to Revenue in 1904-1905 having been written back to works in progress in 1905-1906.
IN CHARGE OF THE CIVIL DEPARTMENT.					
Tolls on ferries	1,75,312	1,74,300	1,69,000	1,60,000	
Cemetery receipts	1,350	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Receipts from staging bungalows and encamping grounds	7,118	6,400	9,000	8,000	
Total	1,83,777	1,81,700	1,79,000	1,69,000	
Eastern Bengal	68,106	59,300	56,000	.....
Total in charge of the Civil Department	2,48,943	2,41,000	2,05,000	1,89,000	
GRAND TOTAL	6,38,336	5,31,000	4,07,000	4,53,000	

APPENDIX B.

Bengal Provincial Expenditure, in detail, of minor heads.

[The figures in columns 4 and 5 are those accepted by the Government of India.]

The remarks in column 6, except when otherwise specially explained, refer to difference between columns 3 and 5. The figures in column 4 against Eastern Bengal represent the actuals of the first six months-and-a-half in the districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam.

1.—Refunds and Drawbacks—

HEADS.	1904-1905. Actuals	1905-1906.		1906-1907. Budget.	REMARKS
		Sanctioned Estimate.	Revised.		
1	2	3	4	5	6
Land Revenue	Rs. 8,747	Rs. 12,500	Rs. 8,000	Rs. 20,000	Provincial share raised from one-fourth to one-half under the new settlement with effect from 1905-1907. Ditto ditto.
Stamps	65,168	77,000	74,000	82,000	
Excise	7,680	4,300	10,000	12,000	
Assessed Taxes	6,024	6,000	4,000	12,000	
Forest	357	000	1,000	1,000	
Provincial Rates	8,187	9,500	8,000	8,000	
Registration	2,166	3,400	4,000	2,500	
For rounding		—200			
Total	99,093	1,14,000	1,09,000	1,18,000	Based on actuals.
Eastern Bengal	24,100	21,000	13,000		
GRAND TOTAL	1,23,273	1,35,000	1,22,000	1,17,000	

2.—Assignments and Compensations—

Pension in lieu of resumed lands			7,000	8,000	The estimate includes provision for pension to the Moulana family as the result of compromise in a settlement made in the Damin-i-Koh.
Drawbacks	1,14,854	1,23,000	1,41,000	1,50,000	
Total	1,14,854	1,23,000	1,48,000	1,58,000	The Land Revenue compensations have been divided in the same proportion as the receipts under that head with effect from 1st April 1905, i.e., the Provincial share has been one-fourth in 1903-04 and will be one-half in 1906-07.
Eastern Bengal	35,843	30,000	25,000		
GRAND TOTAL	1,50,697	1,53,000	1,73,000	1,58,000	
Provincial share			43,000	63,000	

3.—Land Revenue—

Charges of District Administration— (General Establishment)	20,43,740	22,81,500	21,03,000	23,70,000	The decrease in the revised is due to non-utilization of the grant for additional Deputy Magistrates and their establishment. The budget includes a moiety of Rs. 1,60,000 for additional Deputy Magistrates and a moiety of Rs. 25,000 for pay of Muharrirs and peons of Additional Deputy Magistrates and Rs. 50,000 for grain compensation allowance.
Subdivisions Establishment	98,000	94,414	90,000	98,000	
Partition Establishment	—24,444	—2,000	—2,000	—2,000	
Process-serving Establishment	1,20,313	1,51,500	1,24,000	1,32,000	
Record-room (or copy-making) Establishment	11,614	14,200	12,000	14,000	Budget includes Rs. 70,000 for non-recurring improvements.
Survey of Waste Lands (Establishment)	—35,900				
Management of Private Estates under Act X of 1894	23,664	21,000	24,000	28,000	
Lump provision for increase of pay of Ministerial Establishment		70,000		2,30,000	
Total	22,39,367	26,33,114	23,57,000	27,20,000	
Charges on account of Land Revenue Collections	1,107	1,500	1,000	1,400	
Management of Government Estates— Collection of Revenue	3,41,870	3,15,314	2,45,000	4,17,000	
Outlay on improvements	1,04,500	3,23,600	2,37,000		
Deduct probable savings		20,000			
Total	4,06,466	5,09,914	4,82,000	4,17,000	
Survey and Settlement— Controlling office (survey)	11,118				
Other survey operations— Bengal Drawing Office	78,240	51,240		10,660	
Other operations	1,02,810	18,000		36,507	
Minor settlement operations	78,595	24,000		48,000	
Other ditto	70,643	1,32,807		1,00,000	
Refund to Imperial on account of Survey and Settlement of Government temporarily-settled Estates		25,000			
For rounding		9,52,552		2,01,143	
Total Provincial	3,42,406	2,02,601	3,00,000	2,00,000	
Land Records and Agriculture— Superintendence	24,506	24,500		2,52,000	Budget includes Rs. 1,31,000 for initial outlay in bringing up the records in Orissa and Rs. 30,000 for the maintenance of such record in Sambalpur.
District charges					
Total	24,506	24,500		2,52,000	
Add for rounding				800	
GRAND TOTAL	30,70,836	34,61,606	32,32,000	38,01,000	
Eastern Bengal	12,52,487	12,60,304	8,28,000		
Total	48,53,323	47,21,900	40,60,000	38,01,000	

6.—Stamps—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Superintendence—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Presidency Executive Establishment	19,393	.....	.....	.....	Made Imperial from the 1st July 1904.
District Establishment	8,489	8,000	7,000	7,000	
Total	25,882	8,000	7,000	7,000	
Charges for the sale of general stamps—					As the sale of one-anna stamps has been stopped, no provision has been made.
Discount on sale of one-anna stamps	24,380	24,000	10,000	.....
Ditto bills-of-exchange or bundles	5,433	3,800	5,000	4,000	
Ditto other general stamps	81,278	80,200	88,000	80,000	
Total	1,11,791	1,08,000	1,03,000	90,000	
Charges on sale of court-fee stamps—					Budget includes provision for two stamp vendors on Rs. 70 and Rs. 30 each per month in the office of the Collector or Calcutta, whose pay was formerly adjusted under "7.—Excise."
Discount on sale of adhesive stamps	62,341	65,400	64,000	65,000	
Ditto stamps for copies	5,424	5,600	5,000	5,500	
Establishment for sale of stamps	1,428	48	1,000	1,244	
Total ... ..	.....	71,048	.....	71,744	
For rounding ... ..	.....	—48	.....	—744	
Total	268,991	71,000	70,000	71,000	
Discount on plain paper	11,063	12,000	1,000	12,000	Estimate of the Controller of Stamps.
Stamp-paper supplied from Central Stores	2,05,797	2,29,000	1,80,000	1,90,000	
Total	4,39,844	4,27,000	3,70,000	3,70,000	
Eastern Bengal	2,71,513	2,78,000	77,000	.....
Grand Total	6,92,027	7,00,000	4,67,000	3,70,000	
Provincial share—(one-half)	3,46,028	3,50,000	2,33,000	1,85,000	

7.—Excise—

Superintendence	83,197	87,600	84,000	87,000	
Presidency Establishment— Calcutta Collectorate (office)	61,685	64,762	65,000	61,608	Decrease due to the transfer of the provision for the pay of two stamp vendors on Rs. 70 and Rs. 30 each per month to "6.—Stamps."
Inspection and Prevention	16,802	17,302	20,000	17,382	Larger provision made for rewards in view of the actuals of 1904-05.
Allowances and Contingencies of ditto	24,103	19,380	22,000	27,010	
District Executive Establishment— Sadar Establishment	1,04,669	1,24,724	1,08,000	1,33,644	The decrease in revised is due to non-utilisation of the grant of Rs. 20,000 for strengthening the establishment in the districts of the Orissa Division. The budget repeats the provision.
Inspection and Prevention	1,77,450	1,76,880	1,75,000	1,75,548	Budget includes Rs. 5,000 for substitution of Deputy Inspectors of Excise for Sub-Deputy Collectors reverted to the general line.
Allowances	1,00,479	1,04,910	1,04,000	1,06,486	
Presidency Establishment	8,023	10,000	0,000	10,000	
District Establishment	1,00,843	1,17,000	1,08,000	1,18,000	
Sambalpur establishment ... ..	.....	.....	.....	15,000	
Probable savings ... ..	.....	.....	.....	—5,673	
For rounding ... ..	.....	—1,314	.....	.....
Eastern Bengal	1,86,787	1,46,000	74,000	.....
Grand Total	8,18,988	8,63,000	7,70,000	7,83,000	
Provincial share seven sixteenths in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and one half in 1906-07	3,66,167	3,78,000	3,87,000	3,60,000	

8.—Provincial Rates—

HEADS.	1904-05.	1905-06.		1906-07.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned Estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Collection of Rates and Cesses	Rs. 2,38,287	Rs. 2,44,800	Rs.	Rs. 2,62,000	Budget includes larger grant for process serving charges. Estimate based on actual requirements.
Valuation and Revaluation	67,744	83,700		72,000	
Total	3,05,971	3,28,500	2,82,000	3,34,000	The decrease in the revised is due to smaller process-serving and contingent charges and savings in the grant for establishment
Deduct—Proportion debitable to Local for cost of road-cess collection				1,08,000	
.. —Proportion debitable to Local for revaluation	2,05,514	2,19,000	1,80,000	45,000	
.. —One-third share of recoveries on account of collection of arrears cesses	40,830	41,900	31,000	40,000	
.. —Contribution for pension of the cess-collecting establishment	6,397	6,500	6,000	6,500	
Total	58,330	60,800	57,000	61,000	
Eastern Bengal	30,484	31,200	22,000	...	
Grand Total	83,814	92,000	79,000	61,000	

10.—Assessed Taxes—

Calcutta Establishment	63,432	68,000	51,000	85,000	The revised includes increase in horse allowance of Assessors and increased establishment in the Calcutta Income Tax Collector's Office. The budget includes provision for two additional temporary assessors.
District	59,246	62,000	60,000	60,000	
Total	1,22,678	1,30,000	1,11,000	1,45,000	
Eastern Bengal	27,065	25,000	11,000	...	
GRAND TOTAL	1,50,743	1,55,000	1,22,000	1,45,000	
Provincial share (one-fourth in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and one-half in 1906-07)	37,686	39,000	30,500	72,000	

11.—Forests—

A.—Conservancy and Works.					
I.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government agency	47,856	84,000	6,500	54,000	
II.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers and purchasers	79,771	70,100	70,400	84,900	The increase is for additional temporary establishment in the several divisions and for the supply of additional coal for steamers in the Sunderbans.
III.—Drift, waif-wood and confiscated forest produce	316	1,150	1,500	1,305	
V.—Rent of leased forests and payment to share holders in forests managed by Government ... ..	...	...	...	10,000	This represents the estimated amount of profit in the working of the Forest reserves in the Singhbhum Division for the five years ending 1905-06 which will have to be paid to the estate.
VI.—Live-stock, stores, tools and plant	9,108	14,650	15,300	27,700	
VII.—Communications and buildings	69,807	67,600	80,800	78,600	Budget includes provision for the construction of roads required for the opening out of Singhbhum, Angul and other divisions.
VIII.—Organisation, improvement and extension of forests	60,143	51,200	48,700	1,33,900	
IX.—Miscellaneous	4,042	5,800	6,200	45,400	The decrease in the revised is for the postponement of the survey of the reserved forests in the Sunderbans. Budget includes Rs. 90,000 for a part of the cost of a detailed survey of the same.
Deduct—Probable saving ... ..	...	...	2,01,400	4,00,000	
Total A.—Conservancy and Works	2,50,043	2,07,500	2,86,400	3,70,000	
B.—Establishments.					
I.—Salaries	2,07,708	2,10,180	2,10,650	2,28,000	The decrease in the revised is due to the absence on leave or deputation of a large number officers. The budget provides for the full scale.
II.—Travelling Allowances	34,892	36,780	37,750	46,800	
III.—Contingencies	8,364	11,500	12,000	12,600	
Total B.—Establishments	2,51,964	2,58,460	2,60,400	2,87,400	
Total A and B	5,02,007	4,65,960	5,46,800	6,57,400	
Eastern Bengal	1,80,244	1,90,000	77,200	...	
GRAND TOTAL	6,82,251	6,55,960	6,24,000	6,50,000	
Provincial share (one-fourth in 1904-06 and 1905-06 and one-half in 1906-07)	1,70,563	1,64,000	1,56,000	1,62,500	

12.—Registration—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Superintendence	Rs. 55,528	Rs. 56,000	Rs. 58,000	Rs. 60,000	
District Charges—					
Calcutta	23,228	23,000	24,000	23,500	
Special Sub-Registrars	1,40,643	1,52,700	5,17,000	1,44,000	
Rural Sub-Registrars	3,57,088	3,67,500		3,75,000	
Ex-officio Sub-Registrars	1,910	1,750	2,000	1,500	
For rounding ... ..	.....	50	.....	.....
Total	5,51,983	5,45,000	5,48,000	5,43,000	
Total	5,47,181	5,41,000	5,55,000	5,58,000	
Eastern Bengal	3,53,547	3,45,000	3,33,000	.....	The increase is for the reorgan- isation of the Department.
GRAND TOTAL	8,70,708	8,68,000	8,17,000	8,23,000	

13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt—

Interest on Provincial Advance and Loan Account	1,82,758	1,92,000	2,05,000	2,22,000	Based on the estimated mean outstanding balance of loans carrying interest at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Eastern Bengal	12,736	30,000	.....	.....
Total	1,95,494	2,22,000	2,05,000	2,22,000	

15.—Post office—

District Post Charges	1,000	This is for the district of Nambalpur. The charge will be Imperial in 1906-07.
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18.—General Administration—

Salary of Lieutenant-Governor	96,000	96,000	96,000	95,000	
Salary of Chief Commissioner and Exchange Com- pensation Allowance	13,075	.....	.....	.....
Salary of other officers paid in Bengal ... ..	.....	.....	8,500	.....
Staff and household of Lieutenant-Governor	87,535	89,000	1,23,000	81,600	Budget includes Rs. 4,000 for the maintenance of Motor Car, Rs. 900 for a driver for the same, and Rs. 600 for charges for saloon carriages. The revised estimate includes larger saloon carriage charges, larger expenditure on furniture and purchase of Motor Car.
Expenditure from contract allowance	38,176	40,000	40,000	40,000	
Tour Expenses	2,981	6,000	0,000	4,000	
Legislative Department	80,970	68,000	80,000	78,500	Revised includes Rs. 15,000 paid to the Maharaja of Gidhaur on account of travel- ling allowance for attending Council Meetings. The budget includes pay of Addi- tional Assistant Secretary and his establishment.
Civil Secretaries	6,40,150	5,91,000	6,79,000	6,17,000	The increase is partly under temporary establishment for sending papers to the new Province and partly under allowances and contingencies.
Board of Revenue	3,09,406	3,12,000	3,10,000	3,01,900	Reduction in budget is due to transfer of establishment to the new Province.
Commissioners	4,37,700	4,08,000	4,94,000	4,61,200	The increase in the revised is due to charges in connection with the Chaudhary pun- chayat and the cost of a Motor Car for the Commis- sioner of the Oota Nagpur Division. Budget includes Rs. 20,000 for increase of pay of ministerial establishment, Rs. 50,000 for a part of the cost of the steamer for the Commissioner of the Presi- dency Division, and Rs. 10,000 for additional establishment for the Division of Patna into two Commissionerships.
Civil Officers of Account and Audit	48,755	46,000	41,000	50,000	
Deduct—For rounding ... ..	.....	.....	.....	(—) 2500	
Total	17,37,116	18,52,000	18,87,000	17,33,000	
Eastern Bengal	1,93,078	2,45,000	80,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	19,30,194	20,97,000	19,67,000	17,33,000	

1)A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned Estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
High Court—					
Judges	Rs. 7,48,461	Rs. 7,64,000	Rs. 7,64,000	Rs. 7,54,000	Provision has been made for 14 Person Judges and the Chief Justice. No provision has been made for the Additional Judge for inspection work, as was done in 1905-06.
Original Side	2,68,732	2,64,000	2,68,000	2,68,000	
Appellate Side	1,46,349	2,81,000	2,81,000	2,81,000	
Copyists' Establishment	68,717	65,000	44,000	61,000	Provision has been made for 3 shorthand writers. The provision made in the budget for 1905-06 for the purpose has not been utilized.
Reporters	24,634	25,000	25,000	25,000	
Total	13,49,733	13,35,000	12,78,000	13,89,000	
Law Officers—					
Madrasah Law Officers	58,873	58,700	1,11,000	59,000	The decrease is due to provision for the minimum pay of the Deputy Magistrates. The increase in the revised is under charges for conducting law suits.
Legal Remuneration and High Court Pleaders	50,117	25,300	1,11,000	59,400	
Madrasah Establishment	1,32,012	1,27,200	1,42,000	1,44,000	The increase is under Supplies and Services for fees to pleaders and counsels.
Total	3,37,602	3,14,200	3,10,000	3,29,400	
Coroner's Court	8,423	5,000	7,000	5,000	
Presidency Magistrates—					
Calcutta Police Court	81,011	80,000	58,000	96,000	The increase is under Contingencies and Supplies and Services.
Civil and Sessions Courts—					
District and Sessions Judges	8,56,167	8,42,224	8,42,224	8,77,843	Budget includes provision for one Judge for Darbhanga and an Additional Judge for 24 Parganas for 6 months and similar work in both.
Subordinate Judge	4,01,773	4,59,576	4,19,000	4,40,193	Budget includes provision for an Additional Subordinate Judge, 24 Parganas, and his establishment.
Madrasah Small Cause Court	10,819	13,104	17,000	13,440	
Munims	9,04,125	10,07,450	1,74,000	9,92,520	
Allowance	2042	1,100	2,000	22,000	
Supplies and Services	2,41,363	2,38,000	2,03,000	2,03,510	Budget includes large provision for remuneration to magistrates, diet and travelling allowances of witnesses and allowances to juries and assessors.
Contingencies	51,419	63,719	80,000	67,535	Budget includes grant for the new Judge of Darbhanga and for Samaspur.
Process-serving Establishment	4,24,731	4,28,750	4,22,000	4,27,217	
Deduct—Probable savings ... ..	.....	—12,735	.....	9,748	
Total	31,42,239	30,61,000	30,62,000	31,22,500	
Presidency Courts of Small Cause	1,63,791	1,69,000	1,61,000	1,71,000	The saving in revised is under salaries.
Criminal Courts—					
General Establishment	17,39,523	18,49,370	17,59,000	18,54,000	Budget includes provision for Additional Deputy Magistrates and their establishment, Rs. 10,000 for establishment of Honorary Magistrates for larger grant for travelling allowance of officers and establishment and larger grant for diet money to witnesses.
Sub-divisional Establishment	85,068	94,419	94,000	98,000	
Process-serving Establishment	84,461	87,500	85,000	85,000	
Tributary Mahals, Oases	1,340	.....	2,090	.....
Total	19,17,339	20,31,389	19,40,000	20,70,000	
Pleadership Examinations charges	19,015	12,000	12,000	12,000	
Refunds	63,517	61,000	60,000	61,000	
Lump provision for increase of pay of miscellaneous establishment ... ..	.....	1,64,000	.....	2,17,000	
Grain Compensation Allowance ... ..	.....	.....	.....	70,000	
Deduct—Probable savings ... ..	.....	.....	.....	(—)1,45,000	
Total	69,78,006	73,13,295	70,54,000	74,00,000	
Eastern Bengal	29,53,808	28,84,705	16,55,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	99,62,506	1,02,00,000	86,79,000	74,00,000	

19B.—Jails—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Superintendence	Rs. 84,742	Rs. 84,000	Rs. 85,000	Rs. 85,000	
Establishments—					
Superintendents and Jailors	1,82,797	1,60,004	1,65,000	2,00,000	
Medical Establishment	28,570	30,788	2,000	20,000	
Civil, Educational and Mechanical Establishments	700	400	.....	400	
Warder Establishment	1,50,829	1,50,100	1,50,000	1,50,000	
Mental and other Establishments	8,100	8,323	8,000	8,000	
Dietary Charges	4,10,010	4,80,000	4,80,000	4,80,000	
Hospital Charges	65,015	65,000	70,000	70,000	Increase is due to prophylactic measures taken for prisoners and warders.
Clothing and Bedding of Prisoners	62,136	62,000	62,000	70,000	Based on local requirements.
Sanitary Charges	28,034	31,047	35,000	28,000	
Charges for moving prisoners	42,280	39,742	40,000	40,000	
Miscellaneous Services and Supplies	50,528	1,02,328	70,000	1,17,000	Includes a provision of Rs. 20,000 for acquisition of land for Bazar Central Jail.
Allowances	7,831	7,000	8,000	8,000	
Contingent Charges	51,078	51,000	52,000	51,000	
Extraordinary Charges for Live-stock and Tools and Plant	25,841	19,447	20,000	24,000	
Charges for Police Custody	11,204	11,571	11,000	12,000	
Total Jails	12,23,708	13,15,210	12,91,000	13,20,000	
Jail Manufactures	6,78,305	9,00,924	10,52,000	9,21,000	
Refunds	172	1,000	.....	1,000	
Total	19,02,246	22,17,134	23,43,000	22,41,000	
Eastern Bengal	6,72,109	6,62,853	2,07,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	25,74,355	28,80,000	25,50,000	22,71,000	

20.—Police—

Presidency Police— Police Commissioner (Superintendence)	72,081	68,000	69,000	67,000	The saving in the revised is under B.L. 100.
Calcutta Police	7,75,800	7,57,300	8,35,000	9,35,000	Budget includes provision for sick pay, which was previously given effect to in 1905-06.
River Police	9,777	9,700	10,500	8,000	
Salt Police	7,510	4,000	3,000	4,000	
Police 1 and 2nd	645	1,000	1,000	800	
Refunds ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	8,61,813	8,70,000	10,08,500	10,76,800	
Municipal Police	42,700	52,000	61,000	54,000	
Superintendence	1,85,253	1,63,000	1,91,000	2,01,000	Increase due to increase of pay and allowances and an additional Deputy Inspector General.
District Police Force— Salaries	3,00,500	3,72,200	3,80,000	3,90,000	Increase due to increase in the number of Assistant District Superintendents.
Police Force Training School for Sub-Inspectors	23,74,561	21,21,400	26,91,000	27,30,000	Increase for reorganization. Provision has been made for larger number of instructors and establishment with larger grant for contingencies and allowances.
Establishment	1,02,754	97,700	1,04,000	1,50,000	Increase provision made for reorganization of establishment.
Hospital charges	28,976	20,400	28,000	32,700	Provision made for allowances of Assistant Surgeons and Civil Hospital Assistants.
Allowances	2,00,950	2,83,000	3,10,000	3,03,000	Budget includes special allowance in August Division and daily allowances of inspectors and travelling allowances of constables.
Supplies and Services	4,49,597	4,37,000	4,48,000	3,91,000	The estimate for 1905-06 includes a special provision of Rs. 48,000 for the purchase of a steam launch.
Lump provision for Police Reforms ... ..	.....	.....	.....	4,00,000	
Contingencies	1,43,422	1,82,000	1,54,000	2,00,000	Increased grant for contingencies and salaries and taxes in account of raising of establishment.
Other Police	28,181	20,500	31,000	25,000	
Total	27,41,000	28,78,500	32,34,500	32,71,000	
Village Police	85,583	51,800	47,000	64,000	

20.—Police—continued.

HEADS.	1914-1915.	1915-1916.		1916-1917.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Special Police—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Nikkim State Police	8,091	.....	.....	.....
Bengal Military Police	51,774	70,000	44,000	58,000	
Frontier Police, Chittagong	237	.....	.....	.....
Ditto Argaol	39,834	38,000	38,000	.....	No provision made here as Argaol Police has been amalgamated with the District Executive Force.
Upper Burma Police Depot	4,823	5,000	3,000	5,000	
Total	94,801	1,13,000	85,000	63,000	
Railway Police—					
East Indian Railway Police	55,582	55,000	53,000	68,900	Increase due to reorganization.
Eastern System Railway Police	70,337	1,01,000	80,000	1,15,000	Increase due to reorganization and for amalgamation of the Bengal Central Railway Police.
Assam-Bengal Railway Police	253	.....	.....	.....
Bengal and North-Western and Tirhut State Railway Police	10,823	14,000	12,000	16,000	Increase due to reorganization.
Bengal-Nagpur Railway Police	12,028	16,000	13,000	13,000	Increase due to reorganization and amalgamation of Sambalpur Force.
Cooch Behar Police ... ..	.....	5,000	3,000	500	
Bengal Central Railway Police	4,406	.....	.....	.....	Included under Eastern System Railway Police.
Total	1,53,428	2,01,000	1,60,000	2,17,500	
Cattle-pounds	1,767	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Remunds	16,786	30,000	11,000	12,000	
Grain compensation allowance ... ..	.....	.....	.....	10,000	
Total	51,57,102	53,61,000	57,03,000	63,07,000	
Eastern Bengal	15,58,730	15,00,000	15,21,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	67,43,833	78,90,000	64,24,000	63,07,000	

21.—Marine—

Salaries and allowances of officers and men afloat ...	61,483	70,000	65,000	70,000	The increase in the revised is for larger payments to officers and men attached to pilot vessel <i>Alice</i> and steam cruiser <i>Fraser</i> .
Victualling of officers and men afloat	33,710	25,000	24,000	24,900	
Purchase of marine stores and coal for the building, repairs and outfit of ships and vessels	75,610	1,08,700	97,000	1,23,000		Budget includes larger provision for purchase of marine stores for pilot vessels and steam cruiser Fraser.
Purchase and hire of ships and vessels	7,45,050	65,000	58,000	50,000	
Pilotage and pilot establishments	7,22,863	6,74,800	7,61,000	6,61,500	Larger payments of allowances to pilots caused the increase in the revised. The allowances are not expected to be as heavy in 1916-17 as in the current year.
Marine establishments	93,023	1,01,000	96,000	1,03,000	
Subsidies to steam-tug companies	20,400	23,000	18,000	20,000	
Miscellaneous	23,000	27,000	26,000	28,000	
State yacht establishment	9,967	6,500	5,000	6,100	
Kutums	16,214	1,000	8,000	5,000	Based on actuals.
Total ..	18,20,672	11,07,604	11,79,000	10,87,000	
Eastern Bengal	3,836	16,288	12,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL ..	18,46,608	11,23,892	11,91,000	10,97,000	

22.—Education—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Director	Rs. 89,677	Rs. 89,000	Rs. 82,000	Rs. 81,800	Budget includes local allowance of the non-departmental Director.
University	2,80,000	.....	87,000	87,000	
Inspection—					The increase in the revised is due to the transfer of Sub-Inspectors of Schools from the District Boards to Education Department with effect from the 1st January 1906. Budget includes Rs. 1,67,000 on this account and also for increase under salaries and allowances.
Inspector of European Schools	13,401	14,400	14,000	13,000	
Inspectors of other schools	8,35,828	2,24,517	2,51,000	4,12,000	
Inspector of Hostels and students' messes .....	.....	.....	2,000	2,500	
Total	2,94,887	2,39,917	2,76,000	4,35,300	
Government Colleges, General—					
English Colleges—					
Arta College	8,93,451	8,71,225	5,71,000	5,71,000	
Kden Hindu Hostel	33,432	31,000	30,000	33,000	
Bethune College	30,910	33,000	33,000	40,300	
Oriental College—					
Banskrit College	37,791	40,000	31,000	41,000	
Calcutta Madrasah	55,132	54,000	5,000	55,000	
Millott Madrasah Hostel	8,551	4,674	2,000	4,674	
Grants towards the Hostel attached to the Midnapur College .....	.....	14,000	.....	.....
Expenditure on petty construction and repairs	300	.....	.....	.....
Expenditure on furniture and apparatus	40,093	12,700	18,000	21,300	
For rounding .....	.....	5,74,508	.....	5,09,474	
Total	5,31,530	5,74,508	5,57,000	5,69,000	
Government Colleges, Professional—					
Law Colleges	8,217	4,800	4,000	4,000	The decrease in the revised is for savings in the grants for training of teachers for B and C classes, for mining courses and some other petty grants. The increase in the budget is for increase in the number of professors and additional instructors for Mining Engineering with their travelling and house allowances, and for the purchase of mining models and other requirements of the Mining Class.
Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, Howrah	1,98,163	2,23,000	2,00,000	2,74,000	
Expenditure on furniture and apparatus .....	.....	6,000	.....	13,000	Budget includes provision for the introduction of practical science and mining course in the Civil Engineering College.
For rounding .....	.....	2,31,400	.....	2,91,000	
Total	2,07,400	2,32,000	2,10,000	2,91,000	
Government Schools, General	4,85,828	5,30,306	5,09,000	5,53,800	The decrease in the revised is for savings in the provisions for Agricultural Classes, Agricultural Gardens, and for opening H and V classes in certain high schools. The increase in the budget is due to inclusion of schools in Sambalpur.
Government Schools, Special	2,10,572	2,63,147	2,33,000	2,75,000	The decrease in the revised is for savings in the grants for training institutions for girls, for women education by central authorities, for female teachers, house-to-house visitation, and for training institutions for primary school teachers. Budget includes one lakh for laboratories, fitting and other charges for Patna College and Rs. 75,000 for starting training colleges.

22.—Education—conold.

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Grants-in-aid	Rs. 7,53,997	Rs. 7,37,548	Rs. 8,30,000	Rs. 7,80,000	Budget provides Rs. 7,00,000 for normal grants and Rs. 80,000 for grants to private colleges. Revised includes Rs. 30,000 for grants to private colleges and larger payments to primary schools and to schools for European boys and girls.
Technical Education .....	.....	.....	.....	1,35,000	
Scholarships	1,59,037	1,62,900	1,51,000	1,65,000	One lakh for initial expenditure and Rs. 55,000 for recurring charges. The decrease in the revised is for nonutilization of provisions for Apprentice Scholarships in Civil Engineering College, for the Bihar School of Engineering and for Industrial Scholarships for students studying in Europe.
Miscellaneous	75,050	1,34,060	80,000	1,33,000	
Refunds	1,923	4,000	5,000	3,000	
Lump provision for Primary Education and provision for new Educational schemes .....	.....	10,00,000	.....	2,97,200	
Brain compensation allowances .....	.....	.....	.....	5,000	
Total	30,67,891	40,63,548	31,17,000	41,00,000	
Eastern Bengal	5,64,111	6,88,100	5,13,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	36,32,002	47,52,000	34,30,000	41,00,000	

24.—Medical—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Medical Establishment—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Superintendence	77,930	87,800	83,000	80,400	The decrease is due to the separation of the offices of the Sanitary Commissioner from the Inspector-General's Office. Budget based on the actual number of officers and the pay drawn by them.
District Medical Establishment	4,73,976	4,94,279	4,97,000	4,76,000	
Reserve Medical Officers and Subordinates	10,287	20,000	21,000	20,000	
Total	5,67,193	6,03,779	6,01,000	5,76,400	
Hospitals and Dispensaries—					
Providence Hospitals and Dispensaries—					The increase in the Budget is partly under salaries for increase of pay of officers, partly under establishment for increase of pay of servants, &c., for larger grants, for diet of patients and rates and taxes owing to revision of assessment.
Medical College Hospital	1,00,232	1,51,000	1,61,000	1,35,000	
General Hospital	2,19,012	2,15,800	2,30,000	2,19,000	
Campbell Hospital	82,324	88,000	82,000	1,00,000	
Albert Victor Asylum for Lepers	18,236	21,100	19,000	19,200	The increase is due to the increase in the number of Assistant Surgeons and Civil Hospital Assistants in charge of dispensaries. Budget includes Rs. 8,100 for capitation grant for Leper Asylum at Furulla and grants to Moulhant, Arish and other dispensaries. A reserve has also been provided for grants to other Leper Asylums.
Mutassal Hospitals and Dispensaries	20,714	27,100	27,100	28,900	
Grants to Mutassal Hospitals and Dispensaries	2,16,700	85,050	1,71,000	1,19,400	
Probable savings ... ..	.....	6,18,193 —8,900	.....	.....
Total	7,15,309	6,10,183	6,63,000	7,21,500	
Sanitation and Vaccination	1,67,600	1,66,177	1,79,000	2,66,000	Budget includes Rs. 20,000 for anti-malarial measures, Rs. 10,150 on account of fees and allowance of Dr. Gilbert Fowler on deputation to report on septic tanks in Bengal and Rs. 7,000 for collection of sanitary statistics proposed by Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, and also for increase in the number of vaccinators for Sambalpur. Budget based on actuals. Revised includes grants to the Jherik Plague Committee.
Grants for Medical purposes—					
Expenses during the prevalence of plague	81,064	70,000	98,000	90,000	
Expenses during the prevalence for Sambalpur	.....	.....	.....	.....
Expenses during the prevalence of epidemics	1,476	5,000	6,000	2,000	The increase in the budget is for increase in the number of Professors and Demonstrators and for the revision of the pay of Professors, for cost of supply of electric current, for increased grant under scholarships, cost of medical stores, models and diagrams, and rates and taxes on account of increased assessment.
Expenses in connection with cholera inoculation	8,168	8,000	8,000	.....
Value of medical stores	20,519	9,000	9,000	9,000	
Exchange compensation allowances	187	.....	.....	.....
Total Grants for medical purposes	93,916	84,000	1,10,000	1,01,000	
Medical Schools and Colleges—					
Medical College	1,74,537	1,91,000	2,12,000	2,66,400	The increase in the budget is for increase in the number of Professors and Demonstrators and for the revision of the pay of Professors, for cost of supply of electric current, for increased grant under scholarships, cost of medical stores, models and diagrams, and rates and taxes on account of increased assessment.
Medical Schools	1,14,000	1,17,000	1,14,000	1,17,400	
Total	2,88,537	3,08,000	3,26,000	3,83,800	
Leprosy Asylum—					The decrease is under Salaries.
Regional Hospital	1,09,000	1,18,576	1,13,000	1,08,700	
Chemical Examiner	19,873	15,500	10,000	12,900	
Referrals	65,081	80,000	26,000	22,000	
Grain compensation allowance	2,311	1,000	2,000	1,900	The saving in the revised is under salaries.
Deduct—For rounding	.....	.....	.....	21,00,000 —200
Total	19,91,050	19,98,516	20,48,000	21,39,000	
Eastern Bengal	2,16,753	2,16,000	2,67,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	22,07,803	22,78,000	22,15,000	21,80,000	

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Entertainment of Envoys and Chiefs ...	Rs. 1,979	Rs. 15	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 200	Estimate based on actuals.
Barbar presents and allowances to Vakils, etc. ...	8,641	10,700	10,000	5,800	
Miscellaneous	2,075	6,284	5,000	4,000	
		16,979			
For rounding		81			
Total	12,695	17,000	16,000	10,000	
Eastern Bengal	8,155	5,000			
GRAND TOTAL	20,800	22,000	16,000	10,000	

26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments—

Preservation and translation of ancient manuscripts	6,200	6,000	6,000	8,000	The decrease in the revised is due to the non-utilization of the lump provision of Rs. 80,000 for the extension of the institution at Belgachia and of Rs. 17,000 for the introduction of Glanders and Parcy Acts. Budget includes provision for an additional lecturer, for increase in the number for servants for hostel, and for increase in dieting charges. Budget includes increase of pay and allowance of the Registrar.
Veterinary and Stallion Charges	79,706	1,83,637	89,000	1,30,000	
Registrar of Co-operative Credit Societies	5,000	25,000	15,000	25,000	
Imperial Institute Donations to Scientific Societies	8,000	800	8,000	800	
Experimental Cultivation	1,04,808	1,79,450	1,77,000	4,00,000	The revised includes expenditure form the special part made by the Government of India, since the passing of the budget but on the other hand there has been decrease for the non-utilization of the grant of Rs. 24,000 for a farm to demonstrate the value of irrigation, Rs. 50,000 for the cattle-breeding farm at Pusa and Rs. 8,000 for two bull rearing farms. Provision has been made in the budget for the development of the Agricultural Department.
Cinchona Plantation	1,97,000	2,36,000	1,87,000	2,25,000	
Public Exhibitions and Fairs	3,407	3,000	3,000	3,500	
Botanical and other Public Gardens	1,71,453	1,32,000	1,40,000	1,41,000	
Emigration	23,955	35,000	22,000	24,000	Budget includes pay for the appointment of an additional inspector.
Inspector of Factories	24,337	35,000	20,000	33,000	
Census Gazetteer and Statistical Memoirs	1,120	1,500	1,000	1,700	The increase is for the increased number of clerks employed in the Registrars for the registration of internal road-borne traffic.
Registration of Railway Traffic	21,595	47,000	17,000	22,000	
Registration of River-borne Traffic	8,872	8,700	9,000	9,000	
Provincial Statistics	4,731	5,400	4,000	3,100	
Examinations	18,887	17,500	19,000	24,000	
Factories	3,913	6,500	5,000	4,500	
Inspector of Mines	8,808	10,000	9,000	10,000	
Miscellaneous	2,300		2,000		
Refunds	31	500		100	
Total	6,94,614	9,27,185	7,50,000	10,76,000	
Eastern Bengal	5,884	12,500	8,000		
GRAND TOTAL	7,00,398	9,40,000	7,58,000	10,76,000	

27.—Superannuation—

Superannuation and retired allowances	22,36,128	23,52,000	23,61,000	24,51,000	Increased provision made to meet the annual growth of expenditure as well as to meet the change of Police force, hitherto paid from the Police Superannuation Fund. Estimate based on the average actuals of last three years.
Compassionate allowances	15,886	16,000	11,000	15,000	
Gratuities	9,819	8,000	8,000	8,000	
Marine Department pensions	26,191	30,000	30,000	32,000	
Refunds	71				
Total	22,93,095	24,07,000	23,04,000	25,57,000	
Eastern Bengal	4,14,824	4,08,000	3,29,000		
GRAND TOTAL	27,07,919	28,15,000	26,33,000	25,57,000	

30.—Stationery and Printing—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Stationery Office at the Presidency	Rs. 66,166	Rs. 65,000	Rs. 54,000	Rs. 71,000	Budget includes increased grant for contingencies and rates and taxes on account of the removal of the office to Dullanda.
Ditto purchased in the country	37,867	44,000	41,000	48,000	The decrease in the revised is for smaller expenditure under place-hand establishment and contingencies.
Government Presses	3,68,069	4,15,000	2,57,000	4,15,000	
Printing at Private Presses	933	700	1,000	1,000	
Stationery supplied from Central Stores	4,83,480	5,48,000	5,80,000	5,00,000	
Refunds	865	1,800	1,000	1,000	
Total	9,71,483	10,71,500	10,84,000	10,89,000	
Eastern Bengal	1,82,440	1,50,500	9,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	11,53,863	12,23,000	10,43,000	10,20,000	

32.—Miscellaneous—

Travelling allowances to officers attending examinations	4,678	4,400	7,000	5,000	Based on actuals. Nominal provision to meet unadjusted deficits.
Subscription to periodicals ... ..	.....	5,000	.....	5,000	
Reward for proficiency in Oriental languages, and allowance to Language Examination Committee... ..	14,739	11,000	12,000	12,000	Increase with reference to actuals.
Cost of books and publications	8,740	1,000	1,000	1,000	Budget includes provision for expenses for sending indigent persons bitten by rabid dogs to Pasteur Institute. The revised includes special grants of Rs. 45,000 to the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital and Rs. 12,500 to the Calcutta Female Nurses Institution.
Donations for charitable purposes	1,40,317	1,20,500	1,82,000	1,30,000	
Charges on account of European vagrants	5,298	7,000	11,000	7,000	Budget includes provision for Ministerial Officers Committee. The charges on account of Mr. Savage's deputation to Chaudhary Panchayat for which provision was made in the budget for 1905-1906 is being recorded under General Administration.
Rewards for destruction of wild animals	4,581	5,200	6,000	6,000	
City establishments	25,097	27,000	14,000	17,000	Budget includes provision for Ministerial Officers Committee. The charges on account of Mr. Savage's deputation to Chaudhary Panchayat for which provision was made in the budget for 1905-1906 is being recorded under General Administration.
Special Commissions of Enquiry	3,097	44,000	23,000	20,000	
Khedda charges ... ..	.....	.....	9,000	9,000	Included under petty establishments in 1904-05 and in the estimate for 1905-06.
Irrecoverable temporary loans written off	5,100	14,000	8,000	8,000	Estimate based on normal expenditure exclusive of special payments.
Charges for search of hidden Treasure	10	.....	.....	.....	Based on actuals. Increase in the Revised is due to the payment of compensation to the Purna Municipality for loss of ferry income caused by the establishment of ferry service by Bengal North-Western Railway between Balua and Marufganj Ghats.
Rents, Rates, and Taxes	25,719	25,000	30,000	30,000	
Contributions	4,321	4,000	23,000	6,000	The actuals for 1904-05 represent special payments for compensation to the proprietor of Lochnagar Estate in Darjeeling and fees to Government Pleader for conducting the suit in connection thereto. The revised includes special charges of Rs. 19,000 on account of pay and allowance of Mr. Holt, late Manager, Khagra Estate in Purnea.
Miscellaneous and unforeseen charges	41,820	6,000	23,000	7,000	
Miscellaneous refunds	9,025	4,500	8,000	9,000	
Extraordinary item ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
For rounding ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,05,897	2,79,000	3,30,000	2,77,000	
Eastern Bengal	36,915	55,000	15,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	2,42,812	3,34,000	3,75,000	2,77,000	

40.—Railway Revenue Account—Subsidised Company's land.

Land charges of the Bengal Provincial Railway	2,005
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42.—Irrigation—Major Works—(Working Expenses)—

Orissa Canals	2,14,500	2,44,000	2,33,175	2,33,000
Midnapore Canal	1,51,542	1,50,000	1,51,150	1,44,000
Hijili Tidal Canals	47,052	29,000	22,185	20,000
Bose Canal	4,99,095	5,61,000	5,22,500	5,52,000
Total	9,12,189	11,04,000	10,50,000	10,49,000

42.—Irrigation—Major Works—(Interest on Debt)—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Interest	24,51,998	24,52,900	24,52,000	24,52,000	

43.—Minor Works and Navigation—

IN CHARGE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION WORKS.

Works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept.

CAPITAL.

Works in Progress.

Midnapore Canal	4,028	12,000	7,470	26,000	Budget provision is for constructing permanent outlets, additions to weirs and other improvements for the control of irrigation from the canal. Budget provision is for Dudha canal.
Orissa Canals	28,232	41,000	23,000	40,500	
Bone Canals	3,385	10,000	1,769	4,500	
Damodar Canal	—1,204	.....	.....	.....
Saran Canals	1,775	.....	939	.....
Calcutta and Eastern Canals	2,81,074	2,74,000	3,70,608	4,60,000	The revised estimate includes Rs. 8,50,000 for a suction dredger while the budget is wholly for the same purpose.
Orissa Coast Canal	—302	.....	.....	.....
Total Capital	3,10,972	3,67,000	5,03,752	5,30,000	

REVENUE.

Orissa Coast Canal	48,480	58,000	65,306	91,000
Saran Canals	1,822	3,600	4,071	5,100
Calcutta and Eastern Canals	3,16,614	2,97,500	3,28,542	3,04,000
Total Revenue	3,66,916	3,59,000	3,97,919	4,00,100

Total Works for which Capital and Revenue accounts are kept

6,85,896	6,46,000	10,01,671	9,30,100
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Works for which only Revenue Accounts are kept.

WORKS IN PROGRESS.

Nadia Rivers	1,24,338	1,16,000	1,15,062	1,18,700
Gangabata and Buxi Khals	10,174	1,000	976	2,000
Total Works for which only Revenue accounts are kept	1,34,512	1,16,000	1,16,037	1,20,700

Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue Accounts are kept.

WORKS IN PROGRESS.

Eden Canal	24,780	30,000	30,462	37,300
Tenri Canal	11,054	4,000	2,940	4,000
Improvement of Navigable channels—Ganges river	65,132	46,000	48,520	.....
Sugarcane irrigation by pumping at Otter	10,308	.....	13,968	40,000
Total Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue accounts are kept	1,21,264	80,000	1,01,882	81,300
Total Irrigation and Navigation Works	9,42,374	8,61,000	12,20,493	11,32,000

AGRICULTURAL AND DRAINAGE WORKS.

Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue Accounts are kept.

WORKS IN PROGRESS.

Government embankments and works for the improvement of Government and escheated estates	4,67,048	11,14,000	10,09,694	10,20,330	The budget includes Rs. 1,40,000 for the Mogra Hat drainage scheme and Rs. 75,000 for the drainage of the Bhairab Valley in the district of Jessore.
Midnapore takavi embankments under contract	84,358				
Gandak takavi embankments under contract	84,103				
Rajpur and Howrah Drainage	14,668				
Works in charge of Civil Officers	1,14,803				
Mogra Hat Drainage Project				

Total Agricultural

7,44,734	11,14,000	10,09,694	10,20,330
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Reserve

30,000	(—) 187	25,670
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Total in charge of the Public Works Department

16,96,998	20,04,000	22,30,000	21,86,000
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IN CHARGE OF CIVIL DEPARTMENT.

Embankments under the contract system—

Establishments	1,474	1,462	5,000	5,702	Provision has been made for charges on account of the embankment cess establishments in Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur and Darbhanga.
Contingencies	67	48		819	
Maintenance charges of the Howrah and Rajpur drainages	4,039	3,276		3,276	
Refunds	9	224	.....	113	
Add—For rounding .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total in charge of the Civil Department	5,569	5,000	9,000	10,000	
GRAND TOTAL	16,92,567	20,00,000	22,39,000	21,96,000	

4.—Civil Works—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned Estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
IN CHARGE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.					
<i>Original Works.</i>					
Civil Buildings { In progress	22,05,172	14,55,000	35,22,000	18,67,200	
... .. { Not commenced		15,45,700		27,59,800	
Communications { In progress	5,10,225	2,54,800	2,41,000	1,31,300	
... .. { Not commenced		20,000		20,000	
Miscellaneous Public Im- { In progress	1,15,384	50,000	1,44,000	1,700	
provements. { Not commenced		25,000		40,000	
Total	33,20,511	31,60,200	39,07,000	49,63,000	
<i>Repairs.</i>					
Civil Buildings	5,87,361	5,70,000	4,47,000	4,70,000	
Communications	8,07,747	8,13,700	5,15,000	9,15,000	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements	69,700	1,07,000	1,07,000	1,15,000	
Total	14,74,798	14,90,700	10,69,000	15,00,000	
Establishment	9,31,378	9,59,800	9,91,000	9,33,536	
Tools and Plant	61,028	37,110	42,000	32,175	
Stock and Suspense	36,909	.....	—15,000	.....
Total in charge of Public Works Department	38,37,015	(a) 56,48,000	(b) 61,89,000	73,29,000	(a) Includes Rs. 7,62,000 for Eastern Bengal. (b) Includes Rs. 3,25,000 for Eastern Bengal for six months and a-half.
IN CHARGE OF THE CIVIL DEPARTMENT.					
Ferry charges	7	4,312	.....	9,122	
.. refunds	10,546	27,150	39,000	30,000	
Staging bungalows	8,904	9,713	.....	8,448	
Encamping grounds	133	787	.....	55	
Contributions in aid of Excluded Local Funds and Municipalities	1,46,000	5,71,500	2,14,000	8,00,000	Budget includes Rs. 24,802 for an incinerator in Calcutta for grants for water-works, in Bhagalpur and Monghyr Municipalities and for sanitary improvements to the Puri Municipality.
Reserve for Police, Jails and other buildings ... ..	.....	14,51,000	.....	2,81,852	This is chiefly for Police buildings, water-works and sanitary improvements in the town of Darjeeling, and for the initial expenditure for separation of Patna division into two Commissionerships.
.....	1,82,547	20,68,442	2,72,000	11,20,000	
Eastern Bengal	36,306	8,15,558	2,000	.....
Total in charge of the Civil Department	2,18,645	23,82,000	2,75,000	11,20,000	
GRAND TOTAL	40,55,663	82,30,000	64,63,000	84,49,000	

Contributions from Provincial to Local.

HEADS.	Actuals, 1904-1905.	Sanctioned Estimate, 1905-1906.	Revised, 1905-1906.	Budget, 1906-1907.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Land Revenue	52,000	20,000	24,000	14,000	
Provincial Rates ... ..	.....	1,000	1,000	11,000	
Post Office ... ..	.....	1,000	.....	.....
Education ... ..	.....	4,20,000	6,25,000	2,000	The decrease is chiefly due to the transfer of Sub-Inspectors of Schools from the service of District Boards to that of Government from 1st January 1906. The increase is the revised is for the special grant of Rs. 4,39,000 made through the Divisional Commissioners to District Boards for primary school buildings out of the special assignment of 10 lakhs under 22—Education.
Medical	5,000	3,000	5,000	3,000	
Scientific and other Minor Depart- ment	4,000	7,000	5,000	7,000	
Civil Works	2,35,000	2,15,000	2,25,000	4,30,000	
Miscellaneous	20,000	.....	3,000	.....
Grant to establish equilibrium	7,70,000	17,00,000	12,11,000	14,43,000	Includes the additional assignment equivalent to one-fourth of road cess receipts.
Total	10,62,000	25,15,000	25,64,000	19,10,000	
Eastern Bengal	3,50,000	8,01,000	8,05,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	14,12,000	33,16,000	33,69,000	19,10,000	

APPENDIX C.

Estimates and Revised Estimates of Receipts, 1905-06.

[The figures are in thousands of rupees.]

HEADS.	Sanctioned Estimate for undivided Bengal.	Estimate of Eastern districts included in column 2.	Difference between columns 2 and 3.	Estimate of Sambalpur for last 6 months.	Total of columns 4 and 5, i.e., estimate of New Bengal.	Revised estimate for New Bengal.	Actuals of first 6 months of Eastern Districts.	Total of columns 7 and 8.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Heads of Revenue—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Land Revenue { Proper ...	1,07,76	33,16	74,60	22	74,82	74,52	10,55	85,07
{ Adjustments ...	+ 86,35	...	86,35	...	+ 86,35	+ 93,49	...	+ 93,49
I.—Stamps ...	1,07,00	37,52	69,48	11	69,59	71,00	20,26	91,26
I.—Excise ...	75,91	12,47	63,44	31	63,75	66,72	6,95	73,67
I.—Provincial Rates ...	53,34	16,43	36,91	6	36,97	36,93	7,87	44,80
I.—Assessed Taxes ...	12,75	1,76	10,99	...	10,99	11,37	96	12,33
I.—Forests ...	3,00	75	2,25	4	2,29	2,40	82	2,72
X—Registration ...	17,00	6,78	10,22	1	10,23	10,64	3,68	14,32
Total ...	4,63,11	1,08,87	3,54,24	75	3,54,99	3,67,07	50,59	4,17,66
II.—Interest ...	3,35	24	3,11	1	3,12	2,82	9	2,91
Receipts by Civil Department—								
I.—Law and Justice—								
Courts of Law ...	8,14	2,39	5,75	3	5,78	5,40	1,37	6,77
Jails ...	11,00	1,50	12,50	4	12,54	12,60	68	13,28
II.—Police ...	2,00	16	1,84	...	1,84	1,30	6	1,36
II.—Marine ...	13,25	20	13,05	...	13,05	16,50	14	16,64
IX.—Education ...	7,70	1,58	6,12	1	6,13	6,10	77	6,87
IX.—Medical ...	4,37	6	4,31	1	4,32	5,46	3	5,49
XI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	2,57	1	2,56	...	2,56	2,78	...	2,78
Total ...	52,03	5,90	46,13	9	46,22	50,14	3,05	53,19
Other Receipts—								
III.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation ...	73	6	67	3	70	60	5	65
III.—Stationery and Printing ...	1,40	13	1,27	...	1,27	1,27	8	1,35
XV.—Miscellaneous ...	10,09	3,29	6,80	...	6,80	5,26	36	5,62
Total ...	12,22	3,48	8,74	3	8,77	7,13	49	7,62
Receipts from—								
IX.—Major works (direct receipts)...	20,00	...	20,00	...	20,00	21,50	...	21,50
XX.—Minor works and navigation—								
By Public Works Department	6,50	...	6,50	...	6,50	6,80	...	6,80
„ Civil Department	1,28	...	1,28	...	1,28	1,28	...	1,28
Total ...	27,78	...	27,78	...	27,78	29,58	...	29,58
Receipts from—								
XXII.—Civil Works—								
By Public Works Department	2,80	...	2,80	...	2,80	2,02	...	2,02
„ Civil Department	2,41	59	1,82	...	1,82	1,79	28	2,06
Total ...	5,21	59	4,62	...	4,62	3,81	26	4,07
Contributions ...	63	22	41	...	41	50	7	57
GRAND TOTAL ...	5,64,33	1,19,30	4,45,03	88	4,45,91	4,61,05	54,55	5,15,60

APPENDIX C.

Estimates and Revised Estimates of Expenditure, 1905-06.

[The figures are in thousands of rupees.]

HEADS.	Sanctioned Estimate for undivided Bengal.	Estimate of Eastern districts, included in column 2.	Difference between columns 2 and 3.	Estimate of Eastern districts for last 4 months.	Total of columns 4 and 5, i.e., estimate of New Bengal.	Revised estimate for New Bengal.	Actuals of first 6 months of Eastern districts.	Total of columns 7 and 8.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Direct demand on the revenues—								
1. Refunds and drawbacks ...	1,35	21	1,14	..	1,14	1,09	18	1,2
2. Assignments and Compensations ...	1,62	39	1,23	...	1,23	86	7	4
3. Land Revenue ...	47,22	12,60	34,62	51	35,13	32,32	2,28	40,6
6. Stamps ...	3,50	1,36	2,14	1	2,15	1,85	38	2,2
7. Excise ...	3,78	61	3,17	1	3,18	3,04	33	3,8
8. Provincial Rates ...	92	31	61	1	62	57	22	7
10. Assessed Taxes ...	39	7	32	...	32	35	3	3
11. Forests ...	1,91	50	1,41	5	1,46	1,38	19	1,5
12. Registration ...	9,96	3,95	6,01	...	6,01	5,95	2,22	8,1
Total ...	70,65	20,00	50,65	59	51,24	46,91	11,85	58,7
13. Interest on ordinary debt ...	2,22	30	1,92	...	1,92	2,05	...	2,0
Post office ...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...
Salaries and Expenses of Civil Department—								
18. General Administration ...	19,02	2,43	16,59	...	16,59	18,87	80	19,6
19. Law and Justice { Court of Law ...	1,02,00	28,87	73,13	19	73,32	70,54	10,25	86,7
{ Jails ...	28,20	6,02	22,18	8	22,26	23,33	2,97	26,3
20. Police ...	78,90	15,29	63,61	33	63,94	57,03	9,21	63,2
21. Marine ...	11,23	15	11,08	...	11,08	11,79	12	11,9
22. Education ...	47,52	6,88	40,64	9	40,73	31,17	3,13	34,3
24. Medical ...	22,75	3,19	19,56	6	19,62	20,45	1,67	22,1
25. Political ...	22	5	17	...	17	16	...	17
26. Scientific and other Minor Department.	9,40	13	9,27	...	9,27	7,50	5	7,5
Total ...	3,19,24	63,01	2,56,23	75	2,56,98	2,40,84	84,20	2,75,0
Miscellaneous—								
29. Superannuation, &c. ...	28,15	4,08	24,07	6	24,13	23,94	2,29	26,2
30. Stationery and Printing ...	12,22	1,50	10,72	...	10,72	10,34	9	10,4
32. Miscellaneous ...	3,14	35	2,79	1	2,80	3,60	15	3,7
Total ...	43,51	5,93	37,58	7	37,65	37,88	2,53	40,1
Navigation—								
32. Major Works—								
Working expenses ...	11,04	...	11,04	...	11,04	10,50	...	10,50
Interest on debt ...	24,52	...	24,52	...	24,52	24,52	...	24,52
33. Minor Works and Navigation—								
By Public Works Department ...	20,04	...	20,04	...	20,04	22,30	...	22,30
„ Civil Department ...	5	...	5	...	5	9	...	9
Total ...	55,65	...	55,65	...	55,65	57,41	...	57,41
Buildings and Roads ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35. Civil Works—								
By Public Works Department ...	56,48	7,62	48,86	35	49,21	58,63	3,25	61,86
„ Civil Department ...	25,82	5,16	20,66	...	20,66	2,73	2	2,70
Total ...	82,30	12,78	69,52	35	69,87	61,36	3,27	64,6
Contributions ...	38,13	8,01	25,12	2	25,14	23,60	5,65	29,3
GRAND TOTAL ...	6,06,70	1,10,08	4,96,62	1,79	4,98,43	4,70,12	57,50	5,27,6
Provincial surplus (+) or deficit(—) ...	—42,37	+9,27	—51,64	—61	—52,55	—9,07	—2,95	—12,0

The Council was then adjourned to Saturday, the 7th April, 1906.

CALCUTTA;

The 27th March, 1906.

J. L. C. AADMI,

Off. Secretary to the Bengal Council.

The Calcutta Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART V.

Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 21st March 1906, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. IV OF 1906.

An Act further to amend the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882.

382. WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1906.
Short title.

382a. 2. In section 28 of the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882, after the words "such decree" the words "and for the purpose of deciding all questions arising in the execution of such decree" shall be inserted.
Amendment of section 28, Act XV, 1882.

3. In section 30 of the said Act, for sub-section (2) the following shall be substituted, namely:—
Amendment of section 30 of same Act.

"(2) Unless the Judge is of opinion that the application has been made solely for the purpose of delay, the applicant shall be entitled to such order as of right:

— Provided that the removal directed by such order shall, unless the Judge otherwise directs, be conditional upon the applicant giving security, to the approval of the Judge, within a reasonable time to be prescribed in the order, for the payment of the amount claimed and of the costs which may become payable by him to the plaintiff in respect of the said suit."

4. For section 69 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—
Substitution of new section for section 69 of same Act.

"69. (1) If two or more Judges of the Small Cause Court sit together in any suit, or in any proceeding under Chapter VII of this Act, and differ in their opinion as to any question of law or usage having the force of law or the construction of a document, which construction may affect the merits, or

if in any suit or any such proceeding, in which the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds five hundred rupees, any such question arises upon which the Court entertains reasonable doubt, and either party so requires,

the Small Cause Court shall draw up a statement of the facts of the case and the point on which there is a difference of opinion or on which doubt is entertained, and refer such statement with its own opinion on the point for the opinion of the High Court; and the provisions of sections 519 to 621 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall, so far as they are applicable, be deemed to apply as if such XIV of

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reference had been made under section 617 of the said Code.

(2) When the Small Cause Court refers any question for the opinion of the High Court as provided in sub-section (1), it shall either reserve judgment or give judgment contingent upon such opinion."

5. In No. 11 of the second schedule to the Indian Limitation Act, 1877, after the words "the XV of Code of Civil Procedure," the following shall be inserted, namely:—"or section 28 of the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882."

J. M. MACPHERSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 21st March 1906, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT NO. V OF 1906.

An Act further to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1899.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1899; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called the Indian Stamp (Amendment) Act, 1906.
Short title.

2. In section 2, clause (19), of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (hereinafter referred to as "the said Act"), sub-clause (c), and the word "and" prefixed thereto, are hereby repealed.

3. In section 11, clause (a), section 32, proviso, clause (c), section 35, proviso, clause (a), section 69 and 74, Act II, 1899. 40, section 41, section 69 and section 74, of the said Act, after the words "one anna," wherever they occur, the words "or half an anna" shall be inserted.

4. For section 29, clause (b), of the said Act, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(b) in the case of a policy of insurance other than fire-insurance—by the person effecting the insurance ;

• (bb) in the case of a policy of fire-insurance—by the person issuing the policy ;".

5. To section 30 of the said Act the following paragraph shall be added, namely :—

Addition to section 30, Act II, 1899.

"Any person receiving or taking credit for any premium or consideration for any renewal of

any contract of fire-insurance, shall, within one month after receiving or taking credit for such premium or consideration, give a duly stamped receipt for the same."

6. In section 51 of the said Act, after the word "instruments" the words "by any banker or," and after the word "said" the word "banker," shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 51, Act II, 1899.

7. In Schedule I of the said Act, the following amendments shall be made, namely :—

Amendments of Schedule I, Act II, 1899.

(1) For clauses (b) and (c) of the exemptions from Article No. 24 the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(b) Copy of, or extract from, any register relating to births, baptisms, namings, dedications, marriages, deaths or burials."

(2) In clause (b) of Article No. 41, for the words "one year" the words "eighteen months" shall be substituted.

(3) For divisions A and B of Article No. 47 the following shall be substituted, namely :—

	If drawn singly.	If drawn in duplicate, for each part.
"A.—SEA-INSURANCE (see section 7)—		
(1) for or upon any voyage—		
(i) where the premium or consideration does not exceed the rate of two annas or one-eighth per centum of the amount insured by the policy ;	One anna.	Half an anna
(ii) in any other case, in respect of every full sum of one thousand rupees and also any fractional part of one thousand rupees insured by the policy ;	Two annas.	One anna

	If drawn singly.	If drawn in duplicate, for each part.	
(2) for time—			"B.—FIRE INSURANCE—
(iii) in respect of every full sum of one thousand rupees and also any fractional part of one thousand rupees insured by the policy—			(1) in respect of an original policy—
where the insurance shall be made for any time not exceeding six months;	Two annas.	One anna.	(i) when the sum insured does not exceed Rs. 5,000; Eight annas.
where the insurance shall be made for any time exceeding six months and not exceeding twelve months.	Four annas.	Two annas.	(ii) in any other case; One rupee.
			and (2) in respect of each receipt for any payment of a premium on any renewal of an original policy. One-half of the duty payable in respect of the original policy in addition to the amount, if any, chargeable under No. 53."
			(4) To Article No. 53 the following note shall be added, namely:—
			"See also POLICY OF INSURANCE [No. 47-B (2)]."

J. M. MACPHERSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 21st March 1906, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. VI OF 1906.

An Act further to amend the law relating to merchant seamen.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the law relating to merchant seamen; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Indian Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Act, 1906.
Short title.

2. To section 23 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1859, the following shall be added, namely:—
Amendment of section 23, Act I, 1859.

"Notwithstanding anything in this section, in the case of any such foreign-going ship as aforesaid, being a ship—

3 Vict, (a) registered in British India under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, or

(b) registered in the United Kingdom under the said Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, but not employed in trading with any port in the United Kingdom, a running agreement with the crew may be made to extend over two or more voyages so that it shall terminate either within six

months from the date on which it was executed or on the first arrival of the ship at her port of destination in British India after the expiration of that period, or on the discharge of cargo consequent upon such arrival, whichever of these dates shall be the latest:

"Provided that no such agreement shall continue in force, if, after the expiration of such period of six months as aforesaid, the ship proceeds on a voyage from a port out of British India to any other such port which is not on the direct road or a customary route to her port of destination in British India:

"Provided also that every such agreement shall, in addition to any other particulars required by law, contain such stipulations for the discharge of the crew and payment of their wages, for securing their return to the port at which they were shipped or to some other port in British India, and for other purposes on the termination of the agreement at a port out of British India under the foregoing proviso, as the Governor General in Council may direct."

3. In section 24A of the said Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1859, as amended by section 2 of Act I of 1894, the Indian Merchant Shipping Law Amendment Act, 1891, after the word "December" the words "or, as the case may be, after the expiration of a period of six months from the date on which it was executed," shall be inserted.
Amendment of section 24A, Act I, 1859.

J. M. MACPHERSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1906.

CONTENTS.

	Page		Page
PART I.—Orders and Notifications by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.	37-205	PART V.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council assented to by the Governor-General:—	
PART IA.—Orders and Notifications by the Government of India	37-38	The Indian Coinage Act, 1906	3-4
PART IB.—Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal	38-39	<i>(Not issued with this copy of the Gazette.)</i>	
PART II.—Advertisements	39-205	PART VI.—Bills introduced into the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations or published under Rule 23	20
PART III.—Acts of the Bengal Council	20	APPENDIX.—Marine Notifications	27-28
PART IV.—Bills of the Bengal Council	20	APPENDIX.—Revised List of Special and Common Jurors for the year 1906	1-25
PART IVA.—Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council	20	SUPPLEMENT No 10:—	
		Circular and Eastern Canals, Traffic by Land and Sea,	
		Results of Meteorological Observations, Railway	
		Traffic Receipts, &c., &c.	405-416

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

No. 1400A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

- GENERAL.**—No. 970A.—*The 17th February 1906.*—Mr. H. Wheeler, Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, now on special duty, is appointed to act temporarily as Deputy Commissioner of the Darjeeling district.
- No. 1847A.—*The 1st March 1906.*—The services of Mr. G. Rainy, Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Financial and Municipal Departments, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, with effect from the 12th March 1906.
- No. 1891A.—*The 3rd March 1906.*—Mr. F. W. Ward, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Samastipur, Darbhanga, is appointed to act temporarily as District and Sessions Judge, Gaya, *vice* Mr. C. W. E. Pittar, on leave.
- No. 1898A.—*The 2nd March 1906.*—The services of the officers named below are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department:—
- Mr. H. Holmwood, District and Sessions Judge, on special duty.
 " C. P. Caspers, District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas.
- No. 1897A.—*The 2nd March 1906.*—Mr. R. R. Pope, Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly, is appointed to be District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. C. P. Caspers.
- No. 1899A.—*The 2nd March 1906.*—Mr. G. P. Beecheroff, Officiating Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is appointed to be Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly, *vice* Mr. R. R. Pope.

Belasore. *No. 1560 A.—The 3rd March 1906.*—Mr. W. Egerton, Magistrate and Collector, Belasore, is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector, Darbhanga.

No. 1562 A.—The 3rd March 1906.—Mr. Satyendra Chandra Mallik, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector, Belasore.

No. 1387 A.—The 5th March 1906.—Mr. D. Swinhoe, Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, and Judge of the Court for the trial of Pilots, *vice*

Mr. D. H. Kingsford.

No. 1393 A.—The 5th March 1906.—Maulvi Syed Mahomed Khan Bahadur, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta.

No. 1398 A.—The 5th March 1906.—Mr. W. C. Macpherson, C.S.I., I.C.S., on furlough, is appointed to be a Commissioner of a Division, with effect from the 17th February 1905.

VOLUNTEERS.—*No. 1532 A.—The 2nd March 1906.*—Captain O. C. R. Murphy, Adjutant, 1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, is appointed to act, in addition to his own duties, as Adjutant of the 2nd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, during the absence, on leave, of Major D. B. Thomas.

POLICE.—*No. 1384 A.—The 3rd March 1906.*—The services of Mr. H. A. Reilly, Superintendent of Police, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*No. 1289 A.—The 2nd March 1906.*—The Revd. G. J. Chree, B.D., is appointed to act as Senior Chaplain of St. Andrews' Church, Calcutta, during the absence, on tour, of the Revd. T. Scott, or until further orders.

ZOOLOGICAL.—*No. 1364 A.—The 3rd March 1906.*—Colonel G. M. Porter, R.E., is appointed to be a member of the Committee of management of the Zoological Garden, Calcutta.

PROMOTIONS AND CONFIRMATION.

EDUCATION.—*No. 1234 A.—The 28th February 1906.*—The following promotions and confirmation are sanctioned in the Provincial Educational Service, with effect from the 30th August 1904, instead of from the 29th idem, as previously sanctioned under the order of the 24th January 1905:—

Promoted to class VI.

Babu Sasi Sekhar Banerjee, but to continue to be seconded.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to class VI.

Babu Braja Lal Mukerji.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to class VII.

Babu Krishna Chandra Bhattacharjee.

Confirmed in class VII.

Babu Baldev Misra.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—*No. 491 A.—The 27th January 1906.*—Mr. P. H. O'Brien, Magistrate and Collector, Burdwan, is allowed combined leave for eighteen months, viz., privilege leave for one month and nineteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 10th April 1906, and furlough for the remaining period, under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 968 A.—The 17th February 1906.—Mr. J. H. E. Garrett, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling, is allowed combined leave for one year and four months, viz., privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 9th April 1906, and furlough for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 1237 A.—The 1st March 1906.—Mr. E. E. Forrester, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Ranchi, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for one day.

No. 1358 A.—The 3rd March 1906.—Mr. W. B. Heycock, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Darbhanga, is allowed combined leave for twelve months, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved, viz., privilege leave for three months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and furlough for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 1375 A.—The 3rd March 1906.—In modification of the order of the 25th January 1906, Babu Mohendra Chunder Sirkar, Special Excise Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is allowed combined leave for six months, viz., privilege leave for six days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 15th January 1906, and leave on medical certificate for five months and 24 days under article 336 of the Regulations.

VOLUNTEERS.—*No. 1582 A.—The 5th March 1906.*—Captain J. A. M. Wilson, Bihar Light Horse, has been granted, by the General Officer Commanding Allahabad Brigade, leave of absence from the 1st March 1906 to the 31st October 1906.

ADDENDA

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 1411A.—*The 6th March 1906.*—Mr. F. F. Lyall, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Palamau, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector, Bhagalpur.

No. 1413A.—*The 6th March 1906.*—Mr. S. R. Hignell, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Singhbhum, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Deputy Commissioner, Palamau.

POLICE.—No. 1415A.—*The 6th March 1906.*—Mr. J. V. Ryan, Superintendent of Police, Burdwan, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Assistant Inspector-General of Government Railway Police, Howrah, *vice* Mr. C. W. C. Plowden, on deputation.

This cancels the order of the 6th February 1906, appointing Mr. Ryan to be Assistant Inspector-General of Government Railway Police, Sealdah.

No. 1419A.—*The 6th March 1906.*—Mr. H. A. S. Burt, Assistant Superintendent of Police, on furlough, is posted to Hooghly and is appointed to hold charge of the District Police of that district, *vice* Mr. A. R. G. Hampton, on leave.

No. 1421A.—*The 6th March 1906.*—Mr. F. P. Walker, Probationary Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bhagalpur, is appointed to hold charge of the Patna City Police, *vice* Mr. R. J. Hirst.

No. 1423A.—*The 6th March 1906.*—Mr. R. B. Hyde, Superintendent of Police, Darbhanga, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Assistant Inspector-General of Government Railway Police, Sealdah, *vice* Mr. R. F. G. Godfrey-Faussett, on leave.

No. 1425A.—*The 6th March 1906.*—Mr. T. J. A. Craig, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, is transferred to Darbhanga, and is appointed to hold charge of the District Police of that district, *vice* Mr. R. B. Hyde.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 1409A.—*The 6th March 1906.*—Mr. H. Coupland, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Bhagalpur, is allowed combined leave for seven months, *vis*, privilege leave for one month and five days, under article 260 of the Civil Services Regulations, with effect from the 9th April 1906, or any earlier date on which he may avail himself of it, and furlough for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 1383A.—*The 5th March 1906.*—Honorary Lieutenant and Quartermaster W. H. Williams, Bihar Light Horse, has been granted, by the General Officer Commanding, Allahabad Brigade, leave of absence from the 15th March 1906 to the 14th December 1906.

RESIGNATION.

ZOOLOGICAL.—No. 1240A.—*The 1st March 1906.*—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Mr. J. C. R. Johnston of his appointment as a member of the Committee of management of the Zoological Garden, Calcutta.

POWERS.

GENERAL.—No. 1297A.—*The 2nd March 1906.*—Mr. R. R. Pope, who has, under the order of this date, been appointed to be District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is empowered to perform the functions of a Principal Civil Court of Original Jurisdiction, under section 3, clause (d), of Act I of 1894, within the limits of Calcutta.

No. 1299A.—*The 2nd March 1906.*—Mr. C. P. Beachcroft, who has, under the order of this date, been appointed to be Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly, is empowered to perform the functions of a Principal Civil Court of Original Jurisdiction, under section 3, clause (d), of Act I of 1894, within the limits of Calcutta.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1396A.—*The 5th March 1906.*—The Hon'ble Mr. R. W. Carlyle, C.I.E., Officiating Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 17th February 1905, *vice* Mr. W. C. Macpherson, C.S.I., I.C.S.

M. C. McALPIN,

Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1200L.R.—*The 2nd March 1906.*—In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 101 (2) (a) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885, as amended by Act III (B.C.) of 1898, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands comprised in estate Nayabasan and Rohini Manbhandar, tauzi No. 1981, lying in parganas Nayabasan and Rohini Manbhandar, thana Gopiballabpore, district Midnapore.

The particulars to be recorded in the survey and record-of-rights shall be the following:—

- (a) the name of each tenant or occupant;
- (b) the class to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, occupancy raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat, or under-raiyat; and, if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;
- (c) the situation and quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier;
- (d) the name of each tenant's landlord;
- (e) the money-rent payable at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, or if a produce rent, the fact that produce rent is paid and the customary terms according to which it is paid;
- (f) the mode in which that rent has been fixed—whether by contract, by order of a Court or otherwise;
- (g) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases.
- (h) the special conditions and incidents, if any, of the tenancy;
- (i) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and, if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority;
- (j) the name of each proprietor, with the character and extent of his interest, and the situation, quantity, and one or more of the boundaries of each proprietor's private lands, as defined in Chapter XI of the Act;
- (k) the customs of the villages regulating the methods of irrigation, and the duties and rights of both landlords and tenants with respect to the use and maintenance of the means of irrigation.

No. 1213L.R.—*The 28th February 1906.*—Mr. J. A. Hubback, Officiating Joint-Magistrate, now employed as an Assistant Settlement Officer, Bihar, is allowed combined leave, under article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, for six months, *viz.*, privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service

Regulations, for three months, with effect from the 8th May 1906 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave, and special leave under article 316 of the Civil Service Regulations for the remaining period.

No. 1814 L.R.—The 3rd March 1906.—In continuation of Government Notification

No. 322 T.R., dated the 21st April 1904, published at page 605, Southal Parganas. Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th idem, and in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 9 of the Southal Parganas Settlement Regulation, III of 1872, as amended by section 4 of the Southal Parganas Rent Regulation, II of 1886, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare that a revision of settlement shall be made of the areas specified below, situated within the undermentioned estates in the Southal Parganas:—

NAME OF ESTATE.	Nature of estate.	Tauzi No. or No. in Register B, Part I, or Register C.	No. of vil-lages.	Area in square miles.
SUBDIVISION RAJMAHAL.				
Pargana Jamni, taraf Mushaha, villages Nurpur and Ghat Silampur.	Zamindari, ..	426	2	·78
Ditto Jamni Ghat and Narainpur ...	Ditto ...	436	2	·71
Ditto Sekha Chak ...	Ditto ...	434	1	·76
Ditto Gopulpur, Samdaj, Rampur ...	Ditto ...	427	3	1·5
Ditto Chitolia, taraf Jamni, village Manikpur.	Ditto ...	433	1	·39
Ditto Kankjole, taraf Mahasingpur, village Mundamala.	Ditto ...	159	1	·06
Ditto Kankjole, mauza Rajabazar ...	Ditto ...	2721	1	·28
Ditto Chitolia, village Darlaghat ...	Ditto ...	437	1	·24
Ditto Kankjole, taraf Sobhapur, village Sobhapur.	Ditto ...	552	1	·45
Ditto Kankjole, taraf Kasba, village Syedpur English.	Ditto ...	319	1	·02
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	317	1	·01
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	173	1	·02
Pargana Jamni, taraf Mushaha, village Panchkatia.	Ditto ...	426	1	·05
Ditto Kankjole, village Kharidighi ...	Ditto ...	144	1	·06
Taraf Syedpur, village Sangrampur English ...	Ditto ...	34	1	·04
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	317	1	·008
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	323	1	·02
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	324	1	·04
Taraf Nurai, villages Mustafapur, Nurai and Chak Shubpur.	Ditto ...	92	3	·82
Pargana Kankjole, village Alampur ...	Ditto ...	161	1	·06
Taraf Hariampur, villages Hariampur and Bissenpur.	Ditto ...	525	2	·77
Taraf Pathra, village Palasgachi Pathra Ramjani, Subedar Jaigir.	Ditto ...	653	1	·03
Ditto Hulus Rai Haldar Jaigir ...	Ditto ...	665	1	·03
Ditto Dhanu Shiekh Haldar Jaigir ...	Ditto ...	675	1	·01
Ditto Narasingh Bhan Subedar English Jaigir.	Ditto ...	212	1	·02
Taraf Asila Mahabatpur, village Ghat Mahabatpur.	Ditto ...	129	1	·82
Taraf Pathra, village Udhua Palasgachi, Jaigir Saff Laskar.	Ditto ...	680	1	·02
Taraf Pathra, Udhua Palasgachi, Jaigir Dost Mahammad Laskar.	Ditto ...	671	1	·01
Taraf Pathra, Udhua Palasgachi, Jaigir Mahammad Saff Laskar.	Ditto ...	683	1	·02
Pargana Bahadurpur, village Chota Bindin ...	Ditto ...	334	1	·09
Ditto Aneshvar Khan Subedar	Ditto ...	314	1	·02
Ditto villages Modia Amanat Sarker English Khairullah Subadar.	Ditto ...	291	1	·12
Village Sarfarazgunge—				
Alabax Havildar English Jaigir ...	Ditto ...	195	1	·05
Bahadur Khan Havildar English Jaigir ...	Ditto ...	38	1	·04
Laskari Laskar English Jaigir ...	Ditto ...	2414	1	·01
Mahal Fudkipur Kabil Laskar ...	Ditto ...	1730	1	·02

NAME OF ESTATE.	Nature of estate.	Tauzi No. or No. in Register B, Part I, or Register C.	No. of villages.	Area in square miles.
SUBDIVISION RAJMAHAL— <i>concl'd.</i>				
Taraf Sirsi Govindapur, villages—				
Shamapur	} Zamindari	$\frac{120}{1}$	4	3
Fateh Jungpur				
Mal Kasba				
Brahma Jamalpur				
English in village Sarfarazgunge—				
Amsid Singh Laskar	Ditto ...	48	1	·005
Nayazi Laskar	Ditto ...	289	1	·03
Sipul Laskar Jaigir	Ditto ...	238	1	·03
Nishir Laskar	Ditto ...	457	1	·03
Nasir Tandal Jaigir	Ditto ...	166	1	·009
Mandhrup Singh Laskar Jaigir	Ditto ...	242	1	·02
Jitu Laskar Jaigir	Ditto ...	247	1	·02
Titu Ram Havildar Jaigir	Ditto ...	244	1	·04
Gadai Rasul Jaigir	Ditto ...	253	1	·02
Laskari Laskar Jaigir	Ditto ...	190	1	·008
Askur Laskar Jaigir	Ditto ...	$\frac{1758}{259}$	1	·01
		C Register.		
Lakhraj in village Sarfarazgunge	Ditto ...	$\frac{1758}{154}$	1	·03
		B Register.		
Basu Kusal	Ditto ...	$\frac{2616}{}$	1	·03
		B Register.		
English Jaigir in village Sarfarazgunge—				
Karim Naik Jaigir	Ditto ...	295	1	·008
Hidan Khan <i>or</i> Bikram Khan Jaigir	Ditto ...	225	1	·02
Atma Ram Naik Jaigir	Ditto ...	193	1	·02
Dalil Subedar Jaigir	Ditto ...	215	1	·12
Salabat Subedar Jaigir	Ditto ...	207	1	·06
Jaigir Amanat Sarkar	Ditto ...	220 & 110	1	·005
Hari Singh Subedar Jaigir	Ditto ...	308	1	·09
SUBDIVISION PAKOUR.				
<i>Pargana Sultanabad.</i>				
English in village Protappur—				
Baidya Nath Subedar	Ditto ...	52	1	·12
Darajpur Debattar	Ditto ...	36	1	·32
English Jaigir in Ban Nabagram and other villages—				
Lalu Singh Sepahi	Ditto ...	84	1	·4
Ohetu Singh "	Ditto ...	60	1	·5
Ram Singh "	Ditto ...	75	1	·2
Manullah "	Ditto ...	62	1	·2
Kusal Khan "	Ditto ...	68	1	·3
Gobinda Ram Naik	Ditto ...	89	1	·1
Malik Bahauddin	Ditto ...	77	1	·3
Harkrista Havildar	Ditto ...	69	1	·2
Moday Khan Subedar	Ditto ...	55	1	·5
Saifulla Sepahi	Ditto ...	70	1	·1
Lalu "	Ditto ...	74	1	·2
Uzir Khan "	Ditto ...	59	1	·3
Meghu Rai Sepahi and Kudratulla Khan Bahadur.	Ditto ...	83	1	·5

NAME OF ESTATE.	Nature of estate.	Tauzi No. or No. in Register B, Part I, or Register C.	No. of vil-lages.	Area in square miles.
SUBDIVISION PAKOUR—conold.				
<i>Pargana Sultanabad—contd.</i>				
English Jaigir in Ban Nabagram and other villages—				
Rahaman Khan Subedar	Zamindari...	72	1	·1
Bhowani Singh	Ditto ...	67	1	·2
Amanat English	Ditto ...	37	1	·6
Gokul Naik	Ditto ...	87	1	·3
Sibu Singh	Ditto ...	66	1	·1
Rahwan Khan Subedar	Ditto ...	53	1	·4
<i>English Jaigirs.</i>				
In village Kusalpur Gopal Kumedan and Jafir Nisa Bibi.	Ditto ...	51	1	·6
Arazi Birkheti Rajballavpur	Ditto ...	43	1	·5
Manikpur Tepo Rai Havildar	Ditto ...	56	1	·2
Jam Khan and Ratan Khan	Ditto ...	88	1	·2
Dil Mahammad Sepahi	Ditto ...	63	1	·1
Kutab Khan Turukswar	Ditto ...	81	1	·4
Paresh Ram Naik	Ditto ...	73	1	·2
Village Jai Nagar Harkesh Malik and others	Ditto ...	61	1	·7
Village Kusalpur Khudratullah Khan and Ghasi Naik.	Ditto ...	82	1	·2
<i>Pargana Ambar.</i>				
Village Pitambara	Ditto ...	112	1	·85
Bahirgram and Malpahari	Ditto ...	1152	2	2·2
Village Jamserpur Panchgachi and Chatrapara	Ditto ...	369	3	·75
Village Kolharpara, including Bahirgram ...	Government Khas Mahal.	1472	1	·4
Village Gopalpur Ram Singh Sepahi	Zamindari...	50	1	·31
The following villages of pargana Ambar—				
Amdabad	Ditto ...	2726	16	3·85
Manik Pur				
Kitta Jore				
Bara Dhan Saraya				
Chota Dhan Dhan Saraya				
Chirudih				
Bara Kanupur				
Bhora Pakpur with Sialjore				
Ram Nagartola				
Nabi Nagar				
Chandpur				
Jote Gobind				
Mathurkali				
Marna Pahari khas				
Do. Sonthali				
Shahapur				

NAME OF ESTATE.	Nature of estate.	Tauzi No. or No. in Register B, Part I, or Register C.	No. of vil-lages.	Area in square miles.
SUBDIVISION DUMKA.				
Taluk Matihani	Zamindari ..	445 } Bhagalpur.	10	2·16
Do. Dhaoni	Ditto ...	32, 33 and 34.	3	1·49
Do. Hirapur Chtrakuri	Ditto ...	30	2	2·3
Hudda Behuda, mauza Mahdipur	Ditto ...	226	1	·29
Pargana Dauri Maureshwar, taluk Nankar, mauza Sialpahari.	Ditto ..	449	1	·20
		Birbhum Col-lectorate.		
The following villages in taluk Beldaha—				
Kusumdi	Ditto ...	445 } Bhagalpur.	10	1·62
Bagicha				
Satiari				
Nawadi				
Sarkunda				
Bandhiadih				
Beldiha				
Dhandiha				
Bhagidih				
Gazipur				
SUBDIVISION JAMTARA.				
Taluk Mandhara, mauza Kakrasole	Ditto ...	551	1	·50
Do. Amba, mauza Jagannathpur	Ditto ...	551	1	·22
Do. Simla, mauza Simla	Ditto ...	551	1	·18
SUBDIVISION GODDA.				
Patsanda.				
Akasin and Dharampur Ghat	Ditto ...	477	2	·31
Deori Ghat, Khaira Ghat and Dwarka Chak	Ditto ...	455	3	·22
Mahara Ghat, Kita Chamgora and other 14 villages.	Ditto ...	473	16	1·1
Gosain Chak	Ditto ...	2888	1	·9
Bhandaridih Ghat and Simra Ghat	Ditto ...	472	2	·30
Bansipur	Ditto ...	475	1	·48
Garahia Ghat	Ditto ...	469	1	·17
Kadahara Ghat and Manikpur Ghat	Ditto ...	474	2	·29
Barkope.				
Ghat Simra	Ditto ...	498	2	·33
Mirza Chak	Ditto ...	501	1	·2
Mahadeokita	Ditto ...	421	1	·15
Lakarjuri urf Babupur kita	Ditto ...	491	1	·85
Nayadesh.				
Pararia	Ditto ...	100	1	·25
Dhobia Chak	Ditto ...	2792	1	·10
Narainpur Doempati	Ditto ...	3514	1	·22
Madhura.				
Farakia	Ditto ...	534	1	·25

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1225.—The 5th March 1906.—It having been decided to withdraw from the acquisition of 1·06 acres of the land which was required to be taken up under the Railway Department Declaration No. 62R; dated the 23rd April 1901, published at pages 531 and 532, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 24th April 1901, in connection with the new Loco motive Yard of the East Indian Railway at Howrah, the declaration under notice is modified as follows:—

- (i) Read the area to be taken up as 89 bighas 15 cottahs (corresponding to 29 acres 2 roods 27·1 poles) in the place of 92 bighas 19 cottahs and 2 chitaks (corresponding to 30 acres 2 roods and 36·8 poles).
- (ii) Also omit the last line in the details respecting plot No. 3 in sheet No. 3 showing 3 bighas 4 cottahs 2 chitaks in mauza Bamongachi, and also read the grand total as 89 bighas 15 cottahs in the place of 92 bighas 19 cottahs 2 chitaks.
- (iii) Omit the detailed boundaries of plot No. 3.

No. 1212 Agri.—The 2nd March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the following revised rules for the admission of students to the Bengal Veterinary College and of animals into the Veterinary Hospital attached to it, in supersession of those published under Notifications Nos. 1471T.—R. and 2960 Agri., dated the 7th July 1902 and 3rd November 1903 respectively:—

Revised Rules.

THE BENGAL VETERINARY COLLEGE.

THE Bengal Veterinary Institution, consisting of a Veterinary School and Hospital, which was established on the Belgachia-Dum-Dum Road (about five miles from Government House) in 1893, has now been raised to the status of a College. The College is under the management of a Committee appointed by Government, consisting of Government officers and native gentlemen.

2. The College at Belgachia consists of a large building, in which are three lecture-rooms, a museum, library, and reading-room, pharmacy, lecturers' room, and a photographic room. A Veterinary Hospital is attached to the College, consisting of four horse and three cattle wards, Bacteriological Laboratory, *post-mortem* and dissecting-room, shoeing forge, two operation sheds, and storerooms. Special isolation wards for the contagious and infectious cases are provided in the College Annexé, so as to prevent any chance of communication between the infectious and non-infectious cases. There is also a hostel attached to the College, which has been expressly provided for the benefit of the students of this College. It consists of eight large and three small rooms, with quarters for the Manager, and has sufficient accommodation for 50 boarders.

3. Full clinical and other facilities will be afforded to meet the educational requirements of veterinary students in the Bengal Presidency. Students may also be admitted from any other part of India. The special objects of the College are to train thoroughly practical and competent men for veterinary service under Government, Native States, Municipalities, District Boards, and private employers.

4. Government has undertaken to bear the cost of the establishment, which consists of a Principal, an Assistant Principal, five Lecturers, a Hospital Surgeon, 1 Hospital Overseer, and a considerable working staff.

5. The rules for the admission of students to, and regulation of their studies in, the Bengal Veterinary College, and for the admission of animals into the hospital of the Bengal Veterinary College, contained in the following notification, are issued provisionally, and are liable to be modified hereafter, if found necessary.

*Rules for admission of students to, and regulation of their studies
in, the Bengal Veterinary College.*

1. The course of study for the diploma of qualification will extend over at least three years. Each year will comprise nine teaching months, and will be divided in accordance with the terms of the Calcutta Medical College.

2. New students are required to join on the 15th April, in order to give them time to settle down and acquire some practical knowledge of the work before the lectures commence on the 1st July.

3. Each candidate for admission as a student is required to produce a certificate—

(a) Of age.

(b) Of good morals.

(c) Within three months of his admission to the College, showing that he has passed either—

(i) the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, or

(ii) that he has completed the High School Course, or,

(iii) an equivalent examination to either (i) or (ii).

3 (a). A special examination will be held by the College staff for youths desiring admission who are not in possession of the above certificates but whom the Principal may consider likely to turn out useful Veterinary Assistants.

The examination will consist of the following subjects—

(a) Reading aloud.

(b) Dictation.

(c) Geography—Europe and Asia.

(d) Arithmetic—Simple and Compound Proportion with Vulgar and Decimal Fractions.

(e) A common sense paper.

4. He will also have to produce a certificate from a Civil Surgeon as to his constitutional fitness, or undergo an examination by the College Medical Officer for the same.

5. The Principal of the Bengal Veterinary College will decide as to whether the candidate is physically fit.

6. There will be no restrictions as to caste or nationality of candidates.

7. Candidates shall be between 18 and 26 years of age. They must be not less than 5 feet 4 inches in height and 30 inches round the chest. Exceptions will be considered by the Principal in the cases of candidates who are under 20 years whom he considers likely to develop to the above standard.

8. All applications for admission as a student are to be made in writing to the Principal of the Bengal Veterinary College, who will decide on the advisability of admission in all doubtful cases.

9. Government will allot annually not less than 30 stipends each of the monthly value of five rupees:—

There will be three classes of stipends—

(a) For first-year students, or Class "A," tenable for eleven and-a-half months, from 15th April to 31st March following.

(b) For second-year students, or Class "B," tenable for twelve months, from 1st April to 31st March following.

(c) For third-year students, or Class "C," tenable for twelve months, from 1st April to 31st March following.

10. The stipends will be held conditionally on the good behaviour and satisfactory progress of the holders.

11. The stipends will be awarded by the Principal after such examination or other test of the fitness of the candidates as he may think right to prescribe.

12. The Principal may stop the whole or part of the stipend of any District Board or other student for indifferent progress or misbehaviour, and shall make a note of such occurrences in the student's monthly progress report.

13. Annual examinations will be held in March for the first and second-year students, in order to determine their qualification for promotion to Classes "B and "C." The stipends mentioned in rule 5 (b) and (c) will be allotted in accordance with the results of the annual examinations.

14. It shall be within the discretion of the Committee of Management to decide how many stipends are to be awarded to each class in any year.

15. A student already in the enjoyment of a stipend or scholarship shall not be eligible to compete for a Government scholarship.

16. The stipend of a student who fails at a yearly examination shall be stopped altogether, or for such period as the Principal deems desirable.

17. The Principal will report to the Committee as to the desirability of retaining any student who has failed at the annual examination.

18. All students shall be bound to conform to the rules of the College and to attend during the hours of instruction, unless specially granted leave of absence.

19. A student absenting himself without leave from the riding class or from a lecture will be liable to fine, or such other punishment as the Principal may desire to inflict.

20. The students may be divided into batches for attendance during the vacations in order that the work of nursing and dressing the sick may not suffer. The stipend of any student who fails to attend in his turn will be paid to his *locum tenens*.

21. In addition to the Government stipends, the Sheo Baksh Bogla Veterinary Scholarship of Rs. 9-8 per mensem will be available. It was founded by Dr. Kenneth McLeod, late Professor of Surgery at the Calcutta Medical College, in 1892, in recognition of Raja Sheo Baksh Bogla's liberality in connection with the establishment of the first Veterinary School and Hospital in Bengal, and is subject to the following conditions:—

- (1) that the candidate must possess the necessary educational qualifications required under paragraph (c) of rule 3 for admission of students;
- (2) that in awarding the scholarship, preference be given to an inhabitant of the district of Jessore;
- (3) that in the event of more than one candidate possessing the necessary qualification coming forward, preference be given to the candidate who has attained the largest number of marks in the examination;
- (4) that the scholarship be tenable for a period of three years in connection with the Bengal Veterinary College.

22. The Principal will select such candidates as he may consider fit to fill the vacancies in the list of Government stipends and to obtain the Sheo Baksh Bogla Scholarship according to the prescribed conditions. He will report his nominations to the Committee.

23. *Studies.*—The following will be the curriculum of studies:—

FIRST YEAR.

- (1) *Anatomy (up to Arthrology)*—

Text-Books.—Lectures on Anatomy sanctioned by the Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
Strangeway's Veterinary Anatomy.

- (2) *Elementary Chemistry*—

Text-Books.—Lectures on Chemistry sanctioned by the Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
Roscoe's Chemistry (Primer Series).

(3) *Elementary Botany (including Poisonous Plants)*—

Text-Books.—Lectures on Botany sanctioned by the Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
Bentley's Botany (Primer Series).

(4) *Materia Medica*.—

Text-Books.—Lectures on Materia Medica sanctioned by the Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
Tuson's Veterinary Pharmacopœia.

(5) *Handling of Animals*—

Text-Books.—Dhakmarvala's Handling of Domestic Animals.

(6) *Pharmacy (Theoretical and Practical)*—

Text-Books.—Tuson's Veterinary Pharmacopœia.

During this year students shall be practically instructed in nursing and dressing, the handling, casting, and securing of animals, and the names of the various instruments and appliances used in ordinary practice.

SECOND YEAR.

(1) *Anatomy, the whole, including Comparative Anatomy*—

Text-Books.—Lectures on Anatomy sanctioned by the Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
Strangeway's Veterinary Anatomy.

(2) *Physiology*—

Text-Books.—Lectures on Physiology sanctioned by the Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
Ahby's Physiology.

(3) *Hygiene (including Breeding and Rearing)*—

Text-Books.—Lectures on Hygiene sanctioned by the Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
Meyrick's Stable Management.

(4) *Principles of Horse-shoeing*—

Text-Books.—Hunting's Horse-shoeing.

(5) *Theoretical Veterinary Medicine and Surgery*.—

Text-Books.—Lectures on Veterinary Medicine and Surgery sanctioned by the Principal Bengal Veterinary College.
Adam's Diseases of the Horse.
Steel's Diseases of the Ox, amplified by all information brought up to date in the Agricultural Ledgers, Veterinary Series.

(6) *General Nursing and Instructions in the use of Instruments and Appliances*.—[Subjects (5) and (6) will be taught during the year, but no examinations will take place.]

During this year students shall also attend hospital practice and receive clinical instructions. They should also attend at the Forge and Pharmacy, carry out dissections and perform operations on the dead subject.

THIRD YEAR.

(1) *Equine Medicine and Surgery*—

Text-Books.—Lectures on Equine Medicine and Surgery sanctioned by the Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
Adam's Diseases of the Horse.

(2) *Bovine Medicine and Surgery including Obstetrics—*

Text-Books.—Lectures on Bovine Medicine and Surgery sanctioned by the Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.

Steel's Diseases of the Ox, amplified by all information brought up to date in the Agricultural Ledgers, Veterinary Series, and Journals.

(3) *Operative Surgery—*

Text-Books.—Cadiot's Exercises in Surgery

(4) *Therapeutics (including Toxicology)—*

Text-Book.—Lectures on Therapeutics sanctioned by the Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.
Wallis Hoare's Veterinary Therapeutics.

(5) *Soundness of Horses and Aging of Domesticated Animals—*

Text-Books.—Moore's Guide to Examination of Horses for Soundness and Brown's Primer on Dentition.

During this year the students will be required to perform the duties of clinical clerks and dressers, to perform operations on dead subjects and afterwards on living animals, and to conduct *Post-mortem* examinations. They will carry out practically all the duties appertaining to their profession.

24. The examinations to be passed for diplomas are three in number, corresponding to the years of professional study and to the subjects taught during these years. These examinations, which shall be entirely *sine voce*, will be conducted under special regulations by a Board appointed for the purpose.

25. The following are the subjects for the examinations with the maximum number of marks that will be awarded for each of them:—

Examination at the end of the first year's study—

	Marks.
(1) Anatomy up to Arthrology...	100
(2) Elementary Chemistry ...	100
(3) Elementary Botany, including Poisonous Plants ...	100
(4) Materia Medica ...	100
(5) Handling of Animals ...	100
(6) Pharmacy (Theoretical and Practical) ...	100
Total ...	600

Examination for those students who have passed the first examination and have gone through the second-year course of study:—

	Marks.
(1) Anatomy, whole, including Comparative Anatomy ...	100
(2) Physiology ...	100
(3) Hygiene, including Breeding and Rearing	100
(4) Principles of Horse-shoeing ...	100
Total ...	400

Final or Diploma Examination for those students who have passed the second examination and have gone through the third-year course of study:—

	Marks.
(1) Equine Medicine and Surgery ...	200
(2) Bovine Medicine and Surgery ...	200
(3) Operative Surgery ...	200
(4) Therapeutics, including Toxicology ...	100
(5) Soundness of Horses and Aging of Domesticated Animals ...	200
Total ...	900

This examination will be of a general nature, calculated to test the knowledge acquired by the students during the whole of their three years' course.

26. In the first and second-year class examination 33 per cent. in each subject will be required to ensure a "Pass," except Botany in the first-year class, in which 20 per cent. will be required, with an aggregate of 50 per cent.

27. In the Final or Diploma Examination 50 per cent. in Equine and Bovine Medicine and Surgery and Operative Surgery and 33 per cent. in "Therapeutics" and "Soundness of Horse and Aging of Domesticated Animals" will be required for a "Pass," the aggregate of all subjects being 50 per cent.

28. For admission to any examination by the Board, a candidate must have studied at the College for such time as may be prescribed, and have attended at least three-fourths of the year's lectures and have done practical work in each of the various classes. He must also have obtained from the Principal permission to appear for examination. Lists of the students who have passed the examination successfully will be published as soon as possible after completion of the examination.

29. A diploma as Graduate of the Bengal Veterinary College will be awarded to students who have gone through a full course of study at the College, and have passed the final examination. Special certificates of proficiency will be awarded to students who have passed the final examination, and who have, during their period of study, been elected clinical clerks, prosecutors, and monitors, and have performed their duties satisfactorily.

30. Strict discipline will be maintained within the College. Infringement of rules and regulations by students will be punished by fines, rustication, expulsion, or such other punishment as may be considered advisable by the Principal after due enquiry. Each student, when his name is enrolled on the College books, will receive a copy of the rules and regulations, and on entering the College he will be required to acknowledge by signature his acceptance of such rules and regulations as are in force when he enters, and also such as may be authoritatively introduced from time to time.

31. All officials and servants of the College will be under the control of the Principal for discipline and the due performance of their duties.

32. The officers of the College, in accepting their appointments, will be considered to accept the rules and regulations then in force and such modifications as may be made from time to time under due authority. Each officer will be held responsible for the exact performance of the duties in his branch of the College work, and for the results of his teaching.

33. The Principal and Assistant Principal will exercise general supervision over all departments and be in immediate charge of the hospital wards, pharmacy, library, and other parts of the College. The officers engaged in instruction will every month make a report to the Principal of the attendance of the students at their classes, and of the individual progress as shown at monthly oral examinations.

34. The Hospital Surgeon will be in immediate charge of the forge building, and will be held responsible for the condition of the feet of all animals in hospital.

35. Clinical clerks will be selected from the senior and more experienced students, and each in turn placed in charge of one of the wards of the hospital to superintend the medical treatment, nursing of the patients, and proper record of cases. Satisfactory performance of the duties of clinical clerk will be recognized by the award of a certificate on graduation.

36. Every student who is not a clinical clerk will perform the duties of dresser. He will be responsible that all instructions as to the nursing and medical treatment of the animals under his charge are carried out by himself.

37. Two students to act as prosecutors may be appointed by the Lecturer on Anatomy every session. To them will be entrusted the preparation of all "subjects" required to illustrate his lectures, the hanging of diagrams, placing of specimens on the

lecture table, etc. Satisfactory performance of these duties will also be recognized by the award of a special certificate.

38. The Principal will furnish a monthly report during the terms to each person or body of persons by whom the students are supported at the College as to their regularity of attendance, progress, and conduct while on the College premises. The progress of each student will be judged from the monthly examinations.

39. Damage to property in the College (as writing on or defacing the doors or walls) is strictly prohibited. The Principal will periodically inspect all the buildings of the College, and enquire into any damage that may have been done.

40. Tables of the times and subjects of the lectures will be posted on the Notice Board at the commencement of each term, to which both teachers and students will adhere.

41. A library and reading-room will be established in the College to assist the students, and for professional reference. It will be conducted under special rules, which will be posted up in the room, and which will be strictly observed.

42. Models, mounted specimens, diagrams, and expensive instruments, not frequently required, will be kept in the museum. They will there be on view for purposes of study, but in no case be removed, except by the teachers when required for use in the lecture-room or hospital.

43. The museum will be under the charge of a Curator, who will be responsible for order and discipline in the museum.

44. The records of the College will be kept by the clerk, under the immediate supervision of the Principal or Assistant Principal.

45. The records of the hospital will be kept by the Hospital Surgeon under the immediate supervision of the Assistant Principal.

46. The class-rooms and library of the College will be available for students' meetings at the discretion of the Principal. No students' society, bearing the name of the College, may be formed without his consent.

47. The dissecting-room will be open during daylight to all students, but advanced students only will be allowed to dissect there under the supervision of the Instructor on Anatomy whose duty it will be to distribute "parts" and subjects and record attendance and work.

48. Dissections will be carried on throughout the cold weather session between 1st November and 28th February, and no student shall, on any pretext whatsoever, be exempt from this most important part of his duties. The strictest discipline, cleanliness, and order are at all times to be preserved in the dissecting-room.

49. A small plot of ground will be arranged on the premises as a botanical garden in such a way as to render it of value to the students in obtaining practical acquaintance with medicinal, dietetic, and poisonous plants. It will at all times be open to the students, and the gardener will so far as possible supply them with plants for the practical study of botany.

50. *Post-mortem* examinations are to be made in the case of all animals dying in the hospital, except when the owner has expressed a wish to the contrary. The result will be recorded in a book kept specially for the purpose.

51. The isolation wards will, when occupied, be placed in charge of a special clinical clerk, fully instructed as to the measures necessary for the protection of the attendants and the prevention of contagion.

52. The pharmacy and drug-store will be in the immediate charge of the Assistant Principal. No student or attendant will be allowed to enter into this part of the hospital without special permission. The Hospital Surgeon will be responsible for the proper preparation of medicines, and that neither waste nor mistakes in dispensing be made.

53. Menial servants of the College, as sanctioned by Government, are to be mustered monthly in the presence of the Principal and then receive their pay. They will hold their posts during good behaviour and satisfactory performance of their duties. Their work will be explained thoroughly to them before they join, and they will be constantly in attendance daily for such hours as may be determined from time to time.

Rules for the admission of animals into the Hospital of the Bengal Veterinary College.

1. Accommodation is available for 250 head of cattle and 50 horses as patients in the hospital.

2. Animals manifestly suffering from any incurable disease will not be admitted into the hospital without the special sanction of the Assistant Principal or Principal in each case.

3. For the purposes of convenience and accounts, the animals admissible as patients will be dealt with in five classes, as follows:—

Class I.—Horses and ponies belonging to well-to-do owners.

	Rs.	A.	P.	
(a) In-patients ...	1	0	0	per diem.
with a minimum charge of ...	12	0	0	
(b) Out-patients, ...	5	0	0	each case.
(c) Charge for examination and written opinion as to soundness ...	16	0	0	

Class II.—Horses and ponies belonging to persons of small means and to hackney-carriage drivers.

	Rs.	A.	P.	
(a) In-patients, horses ...	0	8	0	per diem.
with a minimum charge of ...	5	0	0	
In-patients, ponies ...	0	4	0	per diem.
with a minimum charge of ...	3	0	0	
(b) Out-patients, horses and ponies ...	1	0	0	each case.
(c) Examination for soundness and verbal opinion—				
Horses ...	5	0	0	
Ponies ...	5	0	0	

Class III.—Cattle.

	Rs.	A.	P.	
(a) In-patients, if fed by owners				Free
(b) In-patients, if fed by hospital—				
Well-to-do owners ...	0	6	0	per diem.
with a minimum charge of ...	1	8	0	
Cartmen, gwalas, and pack-bullock drivers ...	0	1	0	per diem.
with a minimum charge of ...	0	6	0	
People who are in the opinion of the Superintendent unable to pay ...				Free
(c) Out-patients—				
Well-to-do-owners ...	0	8	0	each case.
Others ...				Free

Class IV.—Dogs.

	Rs.	A.	P.	
(a) In-patients ...	0	4	0	per diem.
with a minimum charge of ...	3	0	0	
(b) Out-patients, for a course of treatment ...	1	0	0	
(c) Charge for examination ...	5	0	0	
(d) The property of poor people ...				Free.

Class V.—Sheep and Goats.

	Rs.	A.	P.	
(a) In-patients ...	0	2	0	per diem.
with a minimum charge of ...	0	8	0	
(b) Out-patients for a course of treatment ...	0	4	0	
(c) The property of poor people ...				Free.

4. The fees mentioned in rule 3 include feeding, nursing, operations, and general treatment.

5. Animals, if not taken away after a week's notice has been given to the owner to the effect that the patient may be removed, will, if able to travel, be sent to the Pinjrapole at Sodepur, by permission of the Committee of the Pinjrapole Society.

6. Out-patients (i.e., animals brought to the hospital and taken away after inspection and advice) in Classes II and III will receive advice and medicine *gratis* between the hours of 7 and 11 A.M. Urgent cases will be admitted at any hour.

7. Patients in Class I must in each case be accompanied by a syce, who must remain with the animal. Animals in the other classes must be similarly attended to if the Principal or Assistant Principal considers it necessary.

8. With regard to feeding, nursing, and treatment, all patients will be looked after with equal care, irrespective of their classification.

9. All accounts must be settled and charges paid before any animal is removed.

10. Owners of animals may visit the College to see their animals at any time in the day, but will not be allowed to interfere in any way with the treatment of patients.

11. All important operations will be conducted on patients with the aid of chloroform or other anæsthetic.

12. A few horses may be shod in the forge attached to the College. The uniform rate will be Re. 1-8 for shoeing and 12 annas for removals.

13. All animals sent to the College for treatment, etc., receive every care and attention, but the College does not hold itself responsible for any unavoidable accidents or deaths.

14. Advance of money must be made by the owners for treatment when necessary.

Rules for the Management of the Bengal Veterinary College Hostel.

1. The Hostel has been expressly provided for the benefit of the students of the Bengal Veterinary College, who must live in it after being admitted as students, and abide by the rules in force.

2. *Fees.*—Each student on joining the Hostel will be required to deposit "caution money" to the amount of Rs. 5, which will be ultimately returned to the student if he has not rendered himself liable to forfeiture of the whole, or any part of it.

The charge for board and light shall be at the rate of Rs. 8 per month. In addition to this, each student shall be charged Re. 1 for the ground floor and Rs. 2 for the second floor per month. A student occupying one of the single rooms on the ground floor shall be charged Rs. 2 per month.

3. *All payments must be made into the Manager's office before the 15th of the month for which the money is due: a fine of Re. 1 for every three days' delay will be imposed. If the payment be not made, the defaulter's name will be removed from the books.*

4. Students taking admission after the 15th of the month shall get full deduction of the monthly charge for board and light only for the period prior to their admission, and when withdrawing from the Hostel on or before the 15th of the month, shall get a similar deduction for the period subsequent to their withdrawal. Every withdrawal requires the previous sanction of the Principal.

5. A student absenting himself from the Hostel for more than 15 consecutive days with the written permission of the Principal shall be entitled to remission of the monthly fee at the rate of 3 annas per day.

6. *Accommodation and furniture.*—Each of the large rooms is furnished with six beds, one table, six chairs, eight wall cupboards with padlocks and a hanging lamp, and will accommodate six students. Every student must bring his own clothing and bedding, but no extra furniture can be admitted without the permission of the Principal.

7. The unauthorized removal of an article of furniture from its proper place shall be punished with fine, and a student wilfully damaging any article will have to replace it or pay for its repair.

8. *Meals.*—There shall be a uniform course of dietary, consisting of rice and such other articles as are used in ordinary native families. There shall be a fixed scale, which will not be exceeded, except with the sanction of the Principal. Arrangements for the daily meals shall be made by a Mess Committee composed of two students, in consultation with the Manager and in accordance with the sanctioned scale. Two of the boarders will be taken *weekly* in rotation to assist in making the bazar purchases and in using the required quantity of each article.

9. Students must go to the dining-rooms for their meals *between 10 and 11 in the morning and 8 and 9 in the evening.* Those failing to do so will be treated as absent.

10. *Conduct.*—A certain number of students will be appointed monitors monthly in rotation. Students will have to pay strict obedience to the rules and to behave well in matters not provided for by the rules. All breaches of discipline or cases of misconduct will be reported by the monitor to the Manager, and, in serious cases, by the latter to the Principal.

Students may be removed from the Hostel for laziness or misconduct.

11. A conduct register of each student will be kept by the Manager, who will have no power to cancel or alter any entry once made and signed.

The students will have their names placed in the conduct register, and be fined or otherwise punished for—

- (a) disobedience of orders or infringement of rules ;
- (b) absence without leave ;
- (c) neglect of study ;
- (d) insubordination or disrespect to the authorities ;
- (e) assaulting or abusing a servant of the Hostel ;
- (f) want of cleanliness or tidiness in their rooms ;
- (g) misconduct not provided for by the rules ;

12. Students shall not crowd round or follow a visitor or inspecting officer while in premises. They should remain in their places, unless called out, and should pay the customary marks of respect to official visitors.

13. *Sickness.*—Students falling *seriously* sick may be removed to the *North Suburban Hospital at Chitpur*, where they will receive gratuitous medical treatment, and if attacked with small-pox, cholera or other infectious diseases, they will be promptly removed from the Hospital to the *Campbell Hospital at Sealdah*.

14. *Attendance.*—The roll shall be called by the monitors twice a day, viz. (1) at 6 A.M. from March to October, and 6-30 A.M. from November to February, and (2) at 8-30 P.M., and also by the Manager once a day. Any one found absent will be called upon for an explanation. Any student staying away from the Hostel premises after nightfall shall be reported to the Principal, and must give a *satisfactory explanation*.

15. The gate will be closed at 8-30 P.M., *when* visitors shall leave the premises. The roll shall be called immediately afterwards. Every entry and departure after that hour shall be recorded in a book by the Durwan, who will immediately report it to the Manager. The gate will be locked for the night at 11-30 P.M., and will not be unlocked until the next morning after roll-call.

16. *Outsiders.*—The Hostel is intended solely for the students of the Bengal Veterinary College ; no outsiders shall, therefore, be allowed to live in it, *except those connected with the College*. Relatives and friends of the students only will be allowed to visit the Hostel from 5 to 8 P.M. No visitor shall be allowed to have a meal in the Hostel.

17. *Hours for reading.*—There shall be stated hours for reading, during which no student shall go to another's room, or in any way interrupt others in their studies.

18. *Exercise.*—Football and other games may be played on the recreation ground, and students taking part in these shall pay a monthly subscription of one anna to the Secretary of the Hostel

Football Club. The arrangements for all games shall be regulated by the Club.

19. There will be riding school held every day throughout the year, Sundays excepted, and all students must attend them regularly. The students in Classes "B" and "C" will form one division, and those in Class "A" will form another, and each division shall attend on alternate days. *All students will be obliged to attend their classes.*

20. *Menial servants.*—All the servants shall have their duties specified. Any complaints of neglect of duty, or of insubordination or misconduct, shall, in the first instance, be made to the Manager. The Principal shall be the final authority in punishing a servant. Under no circumstances shall a servant be assaulted or abused by a student.

These rules are subject to modification hereafter, if found necessary.

No. 1199 L.R.—The 2nd March 1906.—Under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, V

Midnapore. (B.C.) of 1875, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order that a survey shall be made of all lands comprised within the external boundaries of Estate Nayabasan and Rohini Manbhandar, bearing tauzi No. 1981, and lying in parganas Nayabasan and Rohini Manbhandar, thana Gopiballabpore, district Midnapore, and that the boundaries of estates, tenures, mauzas and fields be demarcated on the lands so to be surveyed.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 892 L.A.—The 16th February 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

Champaran. of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a road for carting materials to the site of Masan Syphon on the Tribeni Canal in the village of Kandilla, pargana Majhowa, zilla Champaran, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, one bigha of standard measurement, bounded on the north by parti land already acquired and Lal Babu of Bela's field, west by land acquired by Government for approach canal of Masan Syphon and Lal Babu's field, south by land already acquired for approach channel of Masan Syphon and Lal Babu's field, east by site for stacking materials already acquired by Government and Lal Babu's field, is required within the aforesaid village of Kandilla.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Champaran Division, at Motihari.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1224 L.A.—The 5th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

Nadia. of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Ranaghat Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for site of a public latrine at Ranaghat, in the town of Ranaghat, pargana Mamjoan, zilla Nadia, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 cottah 5 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north, south and west by the waste (*patir*) land of Babu Gopeswar Pal Chowdhury and others, and east by the said waste (*patir*) land of Babu Gopeswar Pal Chowdhury and others and Narikel Bagan Public Lane, is required within the aforesaid town of Ranaghat.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Nadia.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1231 L.A.—The 5th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

Bhagalpur. of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a Provincial Agricultural College in the district of Bhagalpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, 342 acres, equivalent to 1,034 b. 11k. of standard measurement, viz., 547 b. 4 k. of local measurement, one piece bounded on the north by the land of village Sabour up to the abandoned old railway embankment, on the south by the railway land near Sabour station, on the east by the land of Sabour, Alinagar and Khankita, and on the west by the land of Sabour; and the other piece bounded on the north by the railway land near Sabour Station on the south by the land of villages Sultanpur and Mirzapur, on the east by the land of villages Mirzapur and Chandheri.

and on the west by the land of villages Sultanpur and Sabour, are required within the villages of Sabour, Alinagar, Khankita, Chandheri, Mirzapur and Sultanpur, pargana Bhagalpur, in the district of Bhagalpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bhagalpur.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1401A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1053A.—The 20th February 1906.—Babu Gyanendra Chandra Banerji, Munsif, is appointed to be a Munsif in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at Serampore.

Hooghly.

No. 1369A.—The 3rd March 1906.—Babu Sripati Chatterjee, Munsif of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is appointed to act as Small Cause Court Judge of Howrah, Hooghly and Serampore, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Bhuban Mohau Ghose, or until further orders, and is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Judge.

Hooghly.
Howrah.

No. 1371A.—The 3rd March 1906.—Babu Amar Nath Chatterjee, B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at Howrah, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Sripati Chatterjee, or until further orders.

Hooghly.

No. 1251A.—The 1st March 1906.—The services of Mr. E. W. Ormond, Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India, Home Department.

Calcutta.

No. 1254A.—The 1st March 1906.—Mr. H. L. Bell, Second Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Chief Judge of that Court, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. E. W. Ormond, or until further orders.

Calcutta.

No. 1256A.—The 1st March 1906.—Mr. Abul Hassan, Third Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Second Judge of that Court, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. H. L. Bell, or until further orders.

Calcutta.

No. 1258A.—The 1st March 1906.—Mr. A. F. M. Abdur Rahman, Khan Bahadur, Fourth Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is appointed to act as third Judge of that Court, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. Abul Hassan, or until further orders.

Calcutta.

No. 1260A.—The 1st March 1906.—Mr. C. D. Panioty, Fifth Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Fourth Judge of that Court, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. A. F. M. Abdur Rahman, Khan Bahadur, or until further orders.

Calcutta.

No. 1262A.—The 1st March 1906.—Babu Bipin Behari Mukorji, Subordinate Judge, 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Fifth Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. C. D. Panioty, or until further orders.

24-Parganas.
Calcutta.

No. 1379A.—The 3rd March 1906.—Babu Ramdulal Deb, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Bankura, to be ordinarily stationed at Kotalpur, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Syed Mohamed Yusoo Ali, or until further orders.

Bankura.

POWERS.

No. 1285A.—The 2nd March 1906.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to empower Babu Harbans

Darbhanga.

Sahay, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Darbhanga, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 1328A.—The 2nd March 1906.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to empower Mr. F. B. Bradley-Birt,

24-Parganas.

a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

Mr. Bradley-Birt is also vested, under section 407 (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with power to hear appeals from convictions by Magistrates of the second and third classes. He is also vested with powers under sections 110, 133, 144, 190 (1) (c), and 524 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1510J.—The 2nd March 1906.—Under section 4 (1), clause (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act V of 1883, the Lieutenant-Governor declares the under-mentioned police outposts in the district of Jessore to be police-stations for the local areas specified:—

Names of outposts.	Boundaries.	Villages included in the jurisdiction.
Chaugachha outpost within Kotwali police-station.	<p>This outpost is bounded on the—</p> <p><i>North</i>, Jhanjhana, Kastabhangra, Arpara, Dakhirmagar, Madua, Puttighata, Jagadisapur, Dhopadi, Jatrapur, Nyamatpur, in Kali-ganja police-station.</p> <p><i>South</i>, Madhukhali, Moberaikpur in Gadkhali police-station Kristaganja, and Sankarpur in Kotwali police-station.</p> <p><i>West</i>, Tengarpur, Vellyabatia, Tarinibash, Kadamtala, Mashini in Mahespur police-station, Baira Kanandapur in Bongaon police-station Bangdaha, Gunabakpur, Atini, Goolhati, Satipur, Ganganandapur, Doshatina in Gadkhali police-station.</p> <p><i>East</i>, Komlapur, Gohila, Jaghati, Dogai, Arizpur, Chandutia, Kaemkhola, Halsia, Santoshnagar, Srerampur, in Kotwali police-station.</p>	<p>Aurakandi, Arardah, Afra, Azmatpur, Amirabag, Angarpara, Arsingri, Kayarpara, Kotailpur, Kaliakur, Kasimpur, Kimatpur, Kushe, Kushe Chhota and Bara, Khalsi, Gadardanga, Gadadharpur, Gobindapur, Garibpur, Gopinathpur, Gope Kabilpur, Chanda, Chandrapur, Charabasi, Chaugachha, Chandpur, Chaupnagar, Char Kabilpur, Jamira, Jagannathpur, Jamalata, Jahangirpur, Jhenakundu, Dahar-Magura, Dhenkipota, Teghari, Dugabarkathi, Durali, Dighalsinga Daspahe, Dhuluaia, Dhankipara, Patibil, Pachnowna, Porahuda, Pasapur, Porasaidpur, Pitambarpur, Palna, Phulsara, Fatelipur, Berbari, Brahmankaudi, Baldepara, Baruihati, Banerhuda, Bergobindapur, Bariali, Bairampur, Bhadra Burindi, Bhabanipur, Majali, Muktadaha, Matignati, Mamudpur, Manmathapur, Massinnagar, Mukundapur, Muktarpur, Machranga, Magura Monoharpur, Misrideara, Kostumpur, Kaniali, Raynagar, Rambhadrapur, Kanhanpur, Sadipur, Sulua Sursakathi, Singjoli, Hajatpur, Hudapara, Huda-Fatelipur, Iohhapur, Uzirpur, Hariadeara, Shingra.</p>
Arpara outpost attached to Manirampur police-station.	<p>This outpost is bounded on the—</p> <p><i>North</i>, by villages Jagannathpur, Gaidgachi, Sinhia, Narendrapur, Uttamnagar of the Kotwali police-station.</p> <p><i>East</i>, by Abhayannagar, Maddipur, Sankarpasha, Daspara and Deapara of the Abhayannagar outpost, police-station Narail.</p> <p><i>South</i>, by Katenga, Jamira and Chanchuri of the Phultala outpost, district Khulna.</p> <p><i>West</i>, by Gabukhali, Atteropakia, Kuchlia, Poradanga, Kultia, Hatgacha, Sujatpur, Nehalpur and Manoharpur of the Manirampur police-station.</p>	<p>Anantanagar, Amdanga, Arpara, Abad Bhat Bila, Ali-nagar, Anda, Uratala, Ultadanga, Ekterpur, Kapashati, Kadirpara, Kota, Gazipur, Gobindapur, Guakhola, Gram-tala, Ghoerghat, Goradai, Chalisa, Chanpatala, Chumar-danga, Chengutia, Jafarpur, Jiyadanga, Dumurtala, Nawpara, Nuripara, Taltala, Bhattaganti, Damukhali, Dighalia, Durgapur, Dholiranti, Dhopadi, Dhopapara, Payra, Palpara, Pakirganti, Pombhag, Puratal, Fulerganti, Bahirghat, Barabaria, Banagram, Baliadanga, Beharkul, Beredaha, Bagdoha, Bedvita, Baikora, Barandi, Balarabad, Bhatbila, Bhatadanga, Bhulopota, Magura, Mosehati, Masahati, Mahakul, Molamtala, Rajapur, Ramsara, Rajghat, Lakhipur, Laskardanga, Saradanga, Sundali, Surkhola, Serajkati, Somaspur, Savarpara, Harispur.</p>
Chandpur Independent outpost belongs to Jhenidah police-station.	<p>This outpost is bounded on the—</p> <p><i>North</i>, by Mohmudpur, Gabindapur, Bonkira, Hazra, Duria, Chore Kola, Gopalpur, Durgapur, Sooti, Hazidanga, Kamalnagar, Dobi-juri, Chanderpole, Ganna, of Jhenidah police-station and by the villages Gorooispe, Khardaha, of Chuadanga police-station (Nadia).</p> <p><i>East</i>, by the villages Kadkole, Madhupur, Gaighata, Ishpatia, of Kaliganj police-station.</p> <p><i>South</i>, by the villages Madandihi, Dhola, Saruppur, of Kaliganj police-station.</p> <p><i>West</i>, by Morookdhoha, Durbakundu, of Mahespur police-station (Jessore) and by the villages Raipur, Ghoogragachi, Sahupur, of Chuadanga</p>	<p>On the—</p> <p><i>North</i>, Tegharia, Kalagaohi, Dhopabila, Lakhmipur, Mullickpur, Rudrapur, Surutia, Telarghuga, Monokhali Jagannathpur.</p> <p><i>East</i>, Fazilpur, Kathalia, Chandpur, Elangi.</p> <p><i>West</i>, Khorda Balaboria, Mongalpur Bag, Jagannathpur, Chaturpur, Balarampur, Dotterkatti, Maniokdihi, Manderbaria and Bhomradanga.</p>

Names of outposts.	Boundaries.	Villages included in the jurisdiction.
arinakundu independent outpost belongs to Sailkupa police-station.	<p>This outpost is bounded on the—</p> <p><i>North</i>, by the Kumar river, Balarampur, Kalagaobhi, Radhanagar, Manohardia, Shownagar, Kandi, Kandarpadia, Hatibhanga, Jhowdia, Kashinathpur, Baidyanathpur, Abdalpur, Bistudia, Rajapur, Gayalpara, Peyarpur of police-station Kushtia, district Nadia, and Telev Ramehandrapur, Mahishgari, Jadabpur of police-station Sailkupa.</p> <p><i>East</i>, Patimari, Gojaroypara, Chandpur, Durlavpur, Kulohara, Bhatai, Khazura, Mahisha, of police-station Sailkupa.</p> <p><i>South</i>, Mahishakundu, Gilaybari, Par-Mathurapur, Nawtali, Jorhgram, Nagarbathan, Nebutala, Nataberay, Kashipur, Katlamari, Rajnagar, Bakshipur, Chandpur, Baidanga, Naranpur, Magura, Sodahatti, Enatpur of police-station Jhenidah, and Sinduri, Monjapur of police-station Chuadanga in Nadia.</p> <p><i>West</i>, Kutubpur of police-station Chuadanga (Nadia) and Tribilu, Kabilnagar, Baisha, Kaidpara, Ramdia, Srinagar, Naranpur, Madhupur, Ghoshibilla of police-station Alamdanga in Nadia district.</p>	<p>On the—</p> <p><i>North</i>, Dhulia, Sripur, Khalishakhali, Bhabanipur, Verapkhali, Kamarkhali, Jorapda, Bagohua, Lakshipur, Horerghat, Dobila, Malipara, Rachempur, Kalisankarpur, Bhabitpur, Padmanagar, Baghunathpur, Mandia, Porahati, Charpara.</p> <p><i>East</i>, Nityanandapur, Lakshmipur Vandrati, Kirerchar, Mathurapur.</p> <p><i>South</i>, Hakimpur, Ohandpur, Hamirhatti, Dariapur, Benodepur, Ghoragachha, Kishmatpur, Bhaturia, Sonatanpur, Bhuiapara, Gobrapara, Rishkhali, Hingerpara.</p> <p><i>West</i>, Pesbinagar, Srirampur, Fataypur, Narankundu.</p>
apur independent outpost attached to the Magura police-station.	<p>This outpost is bounded on the—</p> <p><i>East</i>, by the villages of Surinda, Maldaha, Kachua, Sachilpur, Dariapur, Kuparia, Baruchara, Mangaldanga, Kistopur, Radhanagar, Char Kadirpur, Ghasiar, Kamlapur, Matikata, Pousamala, Dovannagar, Gang-Vawkhali, Malialnagar, Goidaha, Ghosial, and beyond these villages lie the contiguous villages of Kajali, Amtail-Nohata, Taranjal, Sonatondi, Nahata, Badanpur, Boraldoha, Nakail, of Magura police-station, and the villages Dumail, Jannagar, Par-Pousamla, Talaria, Mahespur, Gatora, Sonakandor, Kolagram, of Baliakandi police-station (Faridpur).</p> <p>These villages of Faridpur are situated on the other side of the river Garai, which separate the elauqa of Sripur from that of Faridpur.</p> <p><i>West</i>, by the villages of Mosolia, Ohatura, Tantulbaria, Goalbari, Battala, Mandertala, and beyond these villages are the contiguous villages of Thakurpara, Maltia, Nandipara Maltia, Jolapara, Maltia, Kamalnagar, Alfapur, Mingram of Sailkupa police-station.</p> <p><i>North</i>, by the villages of Tikerbil, Kodla, Angerkota, Daripara, Kachubaria, Charpara, Ambapur, Beel Sanai, Baksakandi, Indur Maltia, Badanpur, Bhatibaria, Langalband, Malatia; through these villages flows the Garai river and on the other side of this river are the villages of Kolagram, Ma-</p>	<p><i>Circle No. 1—</i></p> <p>Sripur, Chalitatala, Harindi, Goalpara, Achaypur, Kachua, Hossainpur, Kalyanpur, Gopalpur, Malda, Kachachipara, Moojdia, Madanpur, Kharibaria, Char-harindi, Char-Sripur, Garaidhibi, Sachilapur, Chandrapara, Hogladanga, Tilgati, Char-Goalpara, Taranpur, Sakindia, Sahebpura.</p> <p><i>Circle No. 2—</i></p> <p>Iohapur, Nabagram, Baranda, Chandipur, Ohhermalia, Arijjoka, Joka, Natramnagar, Nagarjoka, Gaspur, Kalianagar, Battala, Goalbari, Ohhabinagar, Chaturia, Tentulbaria, Chandikhal, Sobha, Satadanga, Bhagheria, Char-jora, Nalmalal, Ohakdaha, Bhatbaria, Oharmalia, Nangalband, Nutan Baliadanga, Par Kalinagar, Baranda, Masulia.</p> <p><i>Circle No. 3—</i></p> <p>Ambalsar, Charpara, Anderkota, Daripara, Kachubaria, Sunderpur, Badanpur, Karumdi, Kodla, Ramehandrapur, Beel Salai, Baksakandi, Ohhotaudas, Marighata-Beel Mathoor, Mohishkhola.</p> <p><i>Circle No. 4—</i></p> <p>Ghasiara, Kadirpara, Kamlapur, Pitamnagar, Goalbari, Pousamla, Kapuria, Jiotinagar, Mangaldanga, Kristopur, Radhanagar, Ghasial, Goidaha, Chougachi, Nal, khola, Dariapur, Jalsuka, Rajapur, Durgapur, Tikervila, Malainagar, Ramkristopur, Baraichar, Dobalnagar-Gangakhali.</p> <p><i>Circle No. 5—</i></p> <p>Bariat, Kharichial, Khalia, Radhakristopur, Khamarpara, Purva Srikole, Supipara, Khamarbari, Nadikul, Baraipara, Kordaroi, Sarainagar, Changacha, Barabila, Dairpole, Daribila, Nij Srikole, Dabila, Ramnagar.</p>

Names of outposts.	Boundaries.	Villages included in the jurisdiction.
Sripur independent outpost attached to the Magura police-station— <i>concluded</i> .	<p>Marijhata, Samrail Patharbaria of Baliadanga police-station in Faridpur district and Thakur Malia, of Sailkpa police-station.</p> <p><i>South</i>, by the villages of Khalia, Khariol, Bosatura, Barisat. The contiguous villages are Srerampur, Baraipara, and Langlia of Magura police-station.</p>	
Salikha Independent outpost attached to the Magura police-station.	<p>This outpost is bounded on the—</p> <p><i>North-east</i>, by the villages of Monokhali and Gangarampur; through the east of these villages flows the river Nabaganga and on the other side of this river are the villages of Parameshwarpur, and Nalia, in the jurisdiction of Lohagara police-station and village Pani ghata, in Mahammadpur police-station.</p> <p><i>North and north-east</i> by Nalia, Baraichar, Alokdia, Darisalai, Arpara, Chukinagar, Tikerkhali, Bhatwal, Digalgram, Lakhipur, Gajdurba, Khilghati, Dhameshwargati, and beyond these villages lie the adjoining villages of Gangnia, Potokhali, Simulia, Kullya, Knochemora, Asppa, Barasalai, Chapra, Kechhodubi, Tila, Bhabahati, Songda, Berol, of Magura police-station. Between these villages flows the river Fatki and separates the elauqa of Salikha from that of Magura.</p> <p><i>South-east</i> by villages of Gajnagar, Bamankhali, Ramanandakhali, and beyond these villages lie the villages of Singia, Baikhali, Arangachhi, Magura, Tarashi, of Narail police-station.</p> <p><i>South and south-west</i> by the villages of Salikha, Baira, Gobra, Kadirpara, Harishpur, Kholabari, Simakhali, Pearpur, Chaturabaria, Peprul, Bagura, and beyond these lie the villages of Hagra, Pachim-Narikelbaria, Khetrpara, Pathanpaikpara, Khudra, Halatchandpur.</p> <p><i>West</i>, by the villages of Sarabaria and Masakhali. Beyond these villages lie the village of Talyan in Kaliganj police-station.</p>	<p>Aropulem, Ketigram, Gangarampur, Gajnagar, Ghesbgati, Jaharpur, Darikhetor, Baghari, Bamankhali, Baikhali, Bhadaildanga, Mandkhali, Ramanandakati, Sonapuri, Subekheter, Suitala, Hasadkhola, Kantabaria, Kotepur, Kulyatala, Gajirgati, Sabri, Deshmukhpura, Narapati, Par-Sarsuna, Bosalia, Bakulbari, Bunagati, Bil-Bita, Bronmottordanga, Bharatpara, Rampur, Radhadanga, Sarsuna, Suratpur, Hatbaria, Adadanga, Arpara, Alokedia, Ailpara, Kristopur, Kamarkota, Gopalgram, Guragram, Chukinagar, Junari, Darisalai, Dighi, Dhamasinha, Poragachhi, Pukharia, Baikhola, Balodanga, Baraichar, Raijadabpur, Sotapara, Salikha, Syampur, Srihata, Hazrahati, Arkandi, Kadirpara, Katali, Khalubari, Gobra, Ohhagharia, Deadanga, Boira Bagdanga, Mokamtala, Simakhali, Singheswar, Sotukhali, Harishpur, Hogladanga, Archatia, Uzgram, Kuehakhali, Galkhali, Govindapur, Goramara, Chaturabaria, Chatia Chinedanga, Chandra, Tikarkhali, Talkhari, Darilakhipur, Denbari, Nowani, Nityanandi, Pyarpur, Patharghata, Berbari, Bakri, Baranaghosa, Bahir Mallicka, Bharatpur, Bhatial, Bhamadnha, Bhalbaria, Mathurapur, Madhaipur, Sablat, Sadarampur, Soladanga, Satnahar, Hasimpur, Kotebhang, Khilgati, Gajdurba, Chotkabaria, Chhoto Amian, Chhotodadpara, Sani Arpara, Tilkhari, Teutulbaria, Khanpara, Debila, Digaigram, Dhobabayasa, Dhameshwargati, Dhooperpara, Narabayasa, Piprul, Masakhali, Bagura, Bara Amian, Raipur, Srisaltala, Sarbasondoha, Singra, Sarabaria, Hudadaipara, Huda Noorpur, Manicknagar.</p>
Abhaynagar outpost under Narail police-station, Jessore district.	<p>This outpost is bounded on the <i>west</i> and the <i>south</i> by the river Bhairab, <i>east</i> by the Majilkhali khal, the river Chitra, Pateshwari Beel, Sailpur Beel, Baikul Beel, and Khalisakhali Beel, and on the <i>north</i> by Akdia and Akdia Char. From the most north-western point of the jurisdiction villages Jagannathpur in Kotwali police-station, Ghoperghat, Mahakali, Noakhali, Nawpara, Alinagar, Taltala, Rajghat, and Malomtala, in Nawpara outpost, Kanjipur, Uttardihi, Dekhindihi, Shikharikhola, Golabari, Damodar, Giltala in Phulata outpost in</p>	<p>Adilpur, Ulubaria, Kamkool, Kodla, Chokadanga, Deapara, Dighirpar, Dashpara, Penakhali, Pathalia, Paohuria, Bongram, Bichali, Bornee, Abhaynagar, Arpara, Akabpur, Char-Khalie, Khali, Suchopara, Jakhali, Nebugati, Paikpara, Padpara, Baguratala, Banipur, Ban-Khalipur, Bashuri, Baral, Buna-Ramnagar, Baghutia, Bevagdi, Mathurapur, Maladhora, Madhyapur, Ramjibanpur, Ramdea, Shankarpasha, Haripur, Bhatpara, Bhugilhat, Bhawanipur, Mrijapur, Madhurgati, Moumaochhi, Meriocha, Ranagati, Rukhali, Subharara, Shihnagar, Shyamnagar, Hogladanga, Hida, Arpara (No. II), Amtala, Amirabad, Ichhamati, Kadamtala, Kharevia, Gopinathpur, Chandraipur, Chandangati, Jadabpur, Jamriadanga, Nauli, Dhuigram, Pateswari, Mohinkhola, Ramnagar, Amtala, Shitalbari, Sonatala, Shidhipasha, Nagar, Chakai, Bornee Atghora, Saradanga.</p>

Names of outposts.	Boundaries.	Villages included in the jurisdiction.
Abhaynagar outpost, under Narail police-station, Jessore district—concluded.	district Khulna, border in a line along the river Bhairab. On the other side up the most southern point of this outpost and the villages Boalia Char, Kadamtala Habalhati, Dumra, and Sonakard in the jurisdiction of Khulna police-station ranges together in a line outside this jurisdiction along the south-eastern boundaries villages, Burikhali, Bisnupur, Nawgram, in Kalia police-station, and Dhariaghata, Purulia in Narail police-station, border outside along the western boundary of the Oloka and villages Tarapur, Chandrapur, Singa-Sailpur, Barakul, Gobra and Akdia in Narail police-station. Outskirts the north-eastern line of demarcation of the jurisdiction in a continuous range and Devog, Kanohidali, Shekhathi, being along the northern boundaries beyond the jurisdiction complete the whole range of villages encircling this outpost.	
Alfadanga outpost within Lohagara police-station.	<i>North</i> , Marakhali river; <i>south</i> , Barashiya river and Madhumati river; <i>east</i> Barashiya river; <i>west</i> Madhumati river. <i>North</i> lies the jurisdiction of Bhushna police-station in Faridpur district, <i>west</i> by Mohammadpur police-station, <i>south</i> by Lohagara police-station, and <i>east</i> by Kashiani outpost in Faridpur.	Alfadanga, Ekraib, Ichhapasha, Kasandi, Kuchiagram, Kathurakandi, Katlasur, Kumertia, Krishnapur, Kamargram, Kaldher, Kholabaria, Gopalpur, Gazipur, Ghidaha, Chakshochar, Chandra, Chhatiargati, Chhagalchhara, Jagannathpur, Joydabpur, Jangalia, Jatigram, Tikerpara, Tagarbandha, Khasila, Tagarbanda Khas Tila, Nagarkanda, Nogapara, Kaora, Kandigram, Tegharia, Titurkandi, Dignagar, Daruna, Dhaterohar, Panipara, Pabanbeg, Panigati, Pakuria, Paragram, Panail, Phaliya, Phendaha, Phulbari, Phulbari (choti), Barankula, Brankaib, Beniyagati, Bilmandala Buraich, Bagjuri, Bankarohar, Barabhadg, Baraipara, Bayasa, Bajura, Barokhadiya, Bahmanjargram, Bedyadhar, Bejidanga, Mirganj, Mamdanga, Mahisharghop, Mirkhai-Mithapur, Malla, Raibur, Raghobpur, Langaliya, Srirampur, Sialdi, Sailmari, Sailbariya, Sitarpur, Sukarhatta, Senerdanga, Hidadanga, Helenchahatti, Hebuoha, Hatipara.

No. 1431J.—*The 1st March 1906.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 34 of Act V of 1861 (The Police Act, 1861), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend that section to the place known as Jessidih adjoining Baidyanath Junction, in the district of the Sonthal Parganas, within the boundaries specified below:—

North—Mauzas Gangoti and Simaria,

South—Mauzas Khawasdih and Amarpur,

East—Boundary line of mauza Ramchandrapur, and

West—Mauzas Badladih and Choto Manikpur.

G. GORDON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL-JAILS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1409J.—The 1st March 1906.—The gentlemen named below are re-appointed to be non-official visitors of the Jails mentioned against their names:—

Mr. E. Mylne	...	} Arrah Jail.
Babu Chaturbhuj Sahai	...	
Maulvi Chaudhri Badruddin	...	
Babu Harihar Prosad Singh	...	
„ Siva Saran Lal	...	} Buxar Central Jail.
„ Hardhyan Singh	...	
Markandey Prokash Singh alias Lal Saheb...	...	
„ Prabhu Nath Chowbey	...	

No. 1410J.—The 1st March 1906.—The gentlemen named below are appointed to be non-official visitors of the Jails mentioned against their names:—

Babu Harsu Parsad Singh	...	Arrah Jail.
„ Kalika Prosad Singh	...	Buxar Central Jail.

G. GORDON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 2nd March 1906.

No. 38.—With reference to Bengal Government Notification No. 288, dated the 20th December 1905, Mr. H. A. Gubbay, Assistant Engineer, is posted to the Brahmini-Byturni Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 17th February 1906.

The 3rd March 1906.

No. 39.—Mr. W. G. Melvin, Temporary Engineer under covenant, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Champaran to the Nadia Rivers Division.

No. 40.—The following extract from a notification issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

No. 31, dated the 26th February 1906.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions and reversions to and in the classes of Chief and Superintending Engineers of the Public Works Department with effect from the date specified:—

NAMES.	From	To	With effect from
Lees, O. C.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, temporary rank.	9th December 1905.
Lees, O. C.	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class.	30th January 1906.
Thomson, A. S.	Officiating Chief Engineer	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary rank.	23rd February 1906.
Maconchy, G. C.	Officiating Superintending Engineer.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, temporary rank.	23rd „ „

No. 41.—The following promotions are made in the Upper Subordinate Establishment with effect from the 1st March 1906:—

Name.	From—	To—	Nature of promotion.	Division in which employed.
Ali, Kudrat	Overseer, 2nd grade	Overseer, 1st grade	Permanent	Champaran.
Banerjee, Ohinta	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Arrah.
Haran.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Cossye.
Chuckerbarti, Mon-motho Nath.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Gandak.
Das, Bhuban Mohan	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Darjeeling.
Ghosh, Sreeputty	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Akhoyapada-Jajpur.
Sen, Jogesh Chandra	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	

W. A. INGLE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 2nd March 1906.

No. 36.—Mr. R. Roy, Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade, Brahmini-Byturni Division, is temporarily transferred, in the interests of the public service, to the Central Circle.

A. S. THOMSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 2nd March 1906.

No. 37.—Babu Kali Dhone Bhattacharjee, Supervisor, Akhoypada-Jajpur Division, is granted privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined with furlough for six months under article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 10th April 1906, or such subsequent date as he may be allowed to avail himself of it.

W. A. INGLIS

Chief Engineer, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 1402A.

No. 1225A.—*The 28th February 1906.*—Maulvi Syed Ezhar Hassan, substantive *pro tempore* Sub-Deputy Collector, Contai, Midnapore, is allowed extraordinary leave without allowance for one month under rule 2 of article 339 of the Civil Service regulations.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

No. 1951, dated Calcutta, the 28th February 1906.—Senior Assistant Surgeon Probodhe Chandra Bose did supernumerary duty at the Midnapore Dispensary on the 16th February 1906.

No. 1994, dated Calcutta, the 2nd March 1906.—Senior Assistant Surgeon Khirode Chandra Chaudhuri is appointed, with effect from the forenoon of the 21st February 1906, to act at the Dinapore subdivision and Dispensary in the district of Patna during the absence, on leave, of first-grade Assistant Surgeon Hari Mohun Sen or until further orders.

R. MACRAE, M.B., COL., I.M.S.,

Offg. Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Examination of Compounders at the Campbell Medical School.

In accordance with the Government of Bengal Notifications Nos. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, and 337T.—M., dated 9th June 1897, notice is hereby given that the next half-yearly examination of Compounders will begin at 11 A. M. on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 24th and 25th April 1906, at the Campbell Medical School.

2. Every candidate must produce a certificate of training and a certificate of age and previous education, as required by Rule 9—*vide* Government of Bengal Notification No. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th

November 1896, and circulated by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, to all Civil Surgeons, Superintendents of Medical Schools, Lunatic Asylums and Calcutta Hospitals with his Circular No. 60, dated 5th December 1896.

3. Male candidates must forward to the Superintendent of the Campbell Medical School, at least one week before the 24th April 1906, an examination fee of Rs. 5. Female candidates will be examined free of charge. No certificate or fee will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

4. Should any candidate fail to pass the examination, he will forfeit his fee.

NOTE.—The attention of candidates is drawn Rules 9, 10 and 12 (a) and (b), and of the persons granting the certificates to Rules 11 and 14 (3) and (4) and to the Certificate Forms C and D, in the Schedule of the Government of Bengal's aforesaid Notification N. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896.

J. C. S. VAUGHAN, M.B. (EDIN.), Major, I.M.S.,
Supdt., Campbell Medical School.

CAMPBELL MEDICAL SCHOOL, CALCUTTA, the 19th February 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

Examination of Compounders at the Temple Medical School, Patna.

In accordance with the Government of Bengal Notifications Nos. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, 337T.—M., dated 9th June 1897, and 288Medl., dated 17th January 1902, notice is hereby given that the next half-yearly examination of Compounders will be held at 10 A.M. on Monday, the 2nd April 1906, at the Temple Medical School, Bankipore.

2. Every candidate must produce certificates of training, age, and previous education, as required by Rule 9 of Bengal Notification No. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th November 1896, except in those cases provided for in Rule 10.

These certificates must comply with the conditions laid down in Rule 12 of the above resolution.

3. Male candidates must register their names and submit their certificates, together with a fee of Rs. 5, at least one week before the 2nd April 1906 at the office of the undersigned.

Female candidates will be examined free of charge.

[Exception.—The students belonging to the Compounder class of a Vernacular Medical School will be exempted from paying this fee on producing a certificate from the Superintendent that they have already paid the school entrance fee.]

4. Should any candidate fail to pass the required examination, he will forfeit his fee.

5. Candidates will have to pass a test in English before being allowed to appear for the rest of the examination.

This test consists of reading and writing from dictation, the reading of prescriptions and labels.

They will, if successful, be then examined in Materia Medica, Pharmacy, the compounding and mixing of drugs, etc.

6. No candidate for the Compounders' examination shall be permitted to appear for examination more than three times.

B. C. OLDHAM, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Superintendent, Temple Medical School, Patna.

The 12th February 1906.

HIGH COURT NOTICE.

NOTIFICATION.

THE following Rule amending the Rules as to the functions, etc., of Mukhtars practising in Courts subordinate to the High Court having been framed by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in the exercise of the powers vested in it by section 11 of the Legal Practitioners' Act, XVIII of 1879, is published for general information.

By order of the High Court,

HIGH COURT,
The 28th February 1906. }

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Registrar.

(CIVIL.)

Rule No. of 1906.

Insert the following in the list of functions, powers and duties of Mukhtars practising in the Subordinate Courts given in Rule 34, Chapter XI, of the High Court's General Rules and Circular Orders, Civil, as (34 A) at page 287, viz.—

34 A) To file applications by judgment-debtors to set aside sale on deposit of decretal amount and penalty. 310 A and section 174 of the Bengal Tenancy Act.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Subordinate Educational Service.

The 2nd March 1906.—Babu Radhika Prasad Lahiri, Clerk of the Calcutta Training School (class IV), is allowed leave of absence for six months, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 6th February 1906.

Babu Surendra Nath Banerji, Clerk and Deputy Keeper, Government Art Gallery (class IV), on privilege leave, is appointed to act as Clerk of the Calcutta Training School, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Radhika Prasad Lahiri, or until further orders.

Babu Mohadev Prasad, a Clerk in the office of the Inspector of Schools, Bhagalpur Division, is appointed temporarily to be Head Clerk in that office and substantively *pro tempore* to class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, in the resulting vacancy arising from the retirement of Babu Nilmadhab Chakravarti.

Maulvi Mohsin Ali, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Midnapore (class VI), was granted by the District Board of Midnapore leave of absence for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 26th July 1905.

This cancels the notification, dated the 5th September 1905, granting one week's leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, to Maulvi Mohsin Ali, with effect from 25th July 1905.

In supersession of the orders of the 21st December 1905, Babu Surendra Nath Banerji, Clerk and Deputy Keeper, Government Art Gallery, and Officiating Head Clerk, Sanskrit College, is allowed privilege leave for two months and fifteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 12th February 1906.

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

THE Final Commercial Class examination will be held in the Presidency College, Calcutta, on the 5th April 1906 and subsequent dates.

There shall be separate papers in (1) (a) English, including Grammar and Composition; (b) English Correspondence, including Commercial Correspondence, and (c) Letter-drafting and Précis-writing; (2) Bengali; (3) (a) Arithmetic, including Commercial Arithmetic and (b) Mental Arithmetic; (4) (a) Commercial History, (b) Commercial Geography.

Candidates are required to pass in all the above papers.

Candidates shall also be examined, and shall be required to pass, in either Shorthand-writing, or Type-writing, or Book-keeping. A candidate may offer two of these subjects, and failure to pass in one of them will not disqualify him.

Candidates are warned that if the answer-papers are not legibly and neatly written or prepared, they will not be examined, and examiners are requested to reject papers which show carelessness, or slovenliness, or really bad work.

The examination will be held on the dates and hours and in the order noted below :—

5th April	...	{	11—1-30	...	...	Shorthand or Book-keeping.
			2—4-30	...	...	Type-writing.
6th April	...	{	11—1-30	...	...	English.
			2—4-30	...	...	Commercial Correspondence.
9th April	...	{	11—1-30	...	...	Précis-writing.
			2—4-30	...	...	Bengali.
10th April	..	{	11—1-30	...	...	Arithmetic.
			2—4-30	...	...	Mental Arithmetic.
11th April	...	{	11—1-30	...	...	Commercial History.
			2—4-30	...	...	Commercial Geography.

A. PEDLER,

The 7th March 1906.

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

RULES FOR GRANTS-IN-AID TO SCHOOLS IN BENGAL FOR INDIAN PUPILS (SANCTIONED IN BENGAL GOVERNMENT ORDER No. 1413 T.—G., DATED THE ^{30TH JULY}_{AND AUGUST} 1905).

1. An allotment from Provincial revenues is assigned annually by Government to be expended in grants-in-aid to schools not under Government management, provided they fulfil the conditions prescribed in the following rules and are conducted in accordance with the general rules laid down by the Department.

2. The allotment is distributed by the Director of Public Instruction, on the recommendation of the Divisional Inspectors, to schools which are certified to be eligible under these rules, reference being had to the requirements of each locality, as compared with others, and to the funds available. In determining the amount of the grants, special consideration shall be shown to schools which have a highly-qualified and well-paid staff and which levy fees at comparatively high rates.

Ordinary grants are given in aid of ordinary recurring expenditure.

Special grants are given in aid of non-recurring expenditure of a special character.

Temporary grants are given in certain cases in aid of boarding-houses and hostels in accordance with the principle that such establishments should generally be made self-supporting in so far as recurring expenditure is concerned.

3. Any school to which a grant-in-aid is given, together with all its accounts, books and other records, shall at all times be open to inspection and examination by any officer appointed by the Government for the purpose, and to this end the records and accounts shall be placed in such custody that they shall be always accessible on the visit of any inspecting officer. Such inspection and examination shall have no reference to religious instruction, but only to secular education.

NOTE.—The following books shall be kept by all aided schools:—

- (a) An admission register.
- (b) Attendance registers for teachers and scholars, together with a summary of such attendance, and a book for keeping copies of "D" forms for preserving the monthly abstract of attendance.
- (c) A register showing whether boys attending the school live with parents or recognised guardians or in hostels or messes, and, if in the last, whether such institutions are under proper supervision.
- (d) A cash-book and a book containing copies of "C" forms for preserving the monthly abstract account and also acquittance-rolls showing the payment of all teachers and all scholarship-holders.
- (e) A visitors' book.
- (f) A diary, stoutly bound and containing not less than 200 pages.
- (g) A book in which all transfer certificates received, and all declarations of guardians on scholars first entering school are duly kept, and a guard-book in which details of all transfer certificates issued from the school and signed by the head-master are kept under the care of the head-master.
- (h) A book containing the proceedings of the Managing Committee of the school, if any such Committee exists.
- (i) Service-books of teachers, which shall be kept up to date.
- (j) A catalogue of library books, and also a book in which the dates of issue and return of such books shall be entered.
- (k) A correspondence book or file.
- (l) A conduct register, in which all corporal punishment inflicted upon students shall be recorded.
- (m) A book showing the results of class examinations and at departmental examinations, as also at the University Entrance or other similar examinations.

The head-master shall, from time to time, make entries in the diary, showing the visits of the Managers and Inspectors, the curricula and progress of the various classes, and other important facts concerning the school or its teachers and students, such as appointments, dates of joining, dismissal or resignation, or absences due to illness of teachers, instructions to staff, serious infringement of discipline, use of school buildings for purposes other than school, etc., which are likely to be required for future reference. Such communications from the Inspector of Schools as he may direct to be inserted in the diary must be copied *verbatim* therein. An entry shall be made at least once a month by the head-master showing the progress of the various classes in their different subjects of study, but no reflections or opinions of a general character are to be entered.

The only persons authorised to make entries in the diary are the head-master, the Inspector, and the Assistant Inspector of Schools in the case of high schools, while in the case of middle schools the Deputy Inspector may also make entries. The diary shall be kept in the custody of the head-master, but shall be open at all times to the inspection of the Managers as well as of inspecting officers. No entry once made may be erased or removed, nor may it be altered otherwise than by a subsequent entry.

At the commencement of each school session, the names of all teachers who are to form part of the school staff for the year, and the distribution of the work among them, shall be entered in the diary and signed by the head-master. Any subsequent change in the staff, or in the distribution of the work, should similarly be recorded.

4. Inspecting officers will interfere as little as possible with the local management of the school, but shall satisfy themselves that the instruction is efficient, and that the conditions on which the grants were made are fulfilled; and aid will be withdrawn from any school in which such conditions are not fulfilled.

5. Grants are given on the principle of strict religious neutrality, and no preference will be shown to any school on the ground that any particular religious doctrines are taught or not taught therein.

6. Grants will be made to such schools only (with the exception of training schools, girls' schools, night schools for adults, and schools for aborigines and low castes) as realize some fee, however small, from all their scholars. Exemption from this rule may be allowed in exceptional cases by the Director of Public Instruction.

7. No grant shall be made to a high school unless provision is made for (a) instruction in drawing, drill, gymnastics, and, if required, in manual training also; (b) employment of graduates and trained teachers; (c) employment of teachers who have passed the oral examination in English for teaching all the subjects taught through the medium of English; (d) instruction in any subjects which may be required by the local conditions of the place in which the school is situated; and (e) spending a portion of the grant on purchase of educational and other appliances for practical teaching of various subjects; nor shall a grant be admissible unless the medium of instruction in classes below the fourth be in accordance with the requirements of the scheme for vernacular education sanctioned in Government Resolution No. 1, dated the 1st January 1901.

8. The managers of any school applying for a grant must appoint a Secretary to conduct their correspondence with the Department, and all their names must be stated.

9. The managers shall be responsible for the due expenditure of the school funds in accordance with the conditions of the grant.

10. In respect of any school for which application is made, full information must be supplied on the following points, on which the grant will depend, and must be given in the shape required in Form A appended to these rules:—

- (a) The pecuniary resources, permanent and temporary, on which the school depends for support.
- (b) The proposed monthly expenditure in detail.
- (c) The average number of pupils under instruction.
- (d) Class of children attending the school, together with their races and creeds.
- (e) A rough statement of social position or calling of parents of the pupils.
- (f) The names and social standing of the persons who will form the Committee of Management, and the classes they represent.
- (g) The class of school and course of instruction.
- (h) The number, qualifications, and salaries of the teachers.
- (i) The fees to be charged in each class.
- (j) The amount of aid sought.
- (k) The treasury at which the grant, if sanctioned, is to be payable.
- (l) The existence of other schools of whatever class within a distance of four miles of the school applying for a grant. In the case of towns like Calcutta, the four-mile limit will not be observed, but in such cases information as to neighbouring schools must be fully given.
- (m) The nature and size of the school-house and of the rooms contained in it, and also a description of the surroundings of the school. If possible, a rough map of the school and its immediate surroundings should be sent in, showing whether the school has a garden or play-ground and whether there are any arrangements for the residential accommodation of either masters or pupils.
- (n) The nature of the provision which has been made for the sanitary arrangements of the pupils and teachers, and the sanitation of the school buildings and its compound.

11. An application for a grant shall be made either directly to the Divisional Inspector or to the District Deputy Inspector, who shall forward it, with his remarks, to the Inspector. The Inspector shall consult the District Magistrate, and, if they agree as to the rejection of the application, shall reject it; otherwise it shall be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction for sanction or orders as the case may be with the opinion of the District Magistrate and his recommendation.

12. Grants shall not exceed in amount the sums to be expended from private sources except in special cases, under special orders of Government. Municipal contributions will be reckoned for this purpose as receipts from public sources.

13. Aided schools are divided into the following classes:—

High Schools—In which the pupils are educated up to the standard of the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University or up to the standard of the "B" and "O" classes, or to similar standards.

Middle Schools—In which the pupils are educated up to the Middle Scholarship standard.

Primary Schools—In which the pupils are educated up to the Upper or Lower Primary Scholarship standard.

Girls' Schools—Including agencies for *sanzam* instructions.

Training Schools—For the training of masters and mistresses.

Special Schools—For instruction in special subjects or for special classes of pupils, such as music schools, schools for the deaf and dumb and for the blind.

14. Grants are of two kinds—Annual grants and special grants.

Annual Grants.

15. For high schools the grants shall not exceed one-half of the income guaranteed from private sources, except in the districts of—

Birbhum,

Dinajpur,

Rangpur,

Bogra,

Darjeeling,

Jalpaiguri,

Mymensingh,

The island of Dakhin Shahbazzpur

in Backergunge,

Chittagong,

Tippera,

Noakhali,

The Patna Division,

The Bhagalpur Division,

The Orissa Division,

The Chota Nagpur Division, and the

thanas of Khatra, Raipur and Simlatal

in Bankura,

in which the grants may equal two-thirds of the income so guaranteed.

16. For middle schools, in which the expenditure is more than Rs. 40 a month, the grants shall not exceed two-thirds of the income guaranteed from private sources, except in the places mentioned above, in which the grants may equal the income so guaranteed.

17. For primary schools, and for middle schools in which the expenditure does not exceed Rs. 40 a month, as well as for girls' schools, training schools and special schools, the grant shall not exceed a sum equal to the full amount of the income guaranteed.

18. The amounts laid down are maximum grants, but it must be understood that the maximum grant will not in all cases, and as a matter of course, be sanctioned.

19. No grant shall be made, or, if made, shall be continued, unless the buildings are well constructed and contain sufficient accommodation for the scholars in attendance. The rooms also must be properly furnished, lighted and ventilated, and the surrounding premises properly drained. (General directions on these points have been issued by the Department.)

20. Grants will be sanctioned ordinarily for a term of three years; but the Inspector may, at any time during its currency, recommend the revision of any grant. Notice of a proposed reduction, or suspension, if considerable, shall be given to the managers, who may, if considered necessary by the Inspector or Director, be allowed an opportunity of stating any objection that they may have.

21. When a grant is sanctioned the managers shall sign an agreement, on stamped paper, to the effect that they will conduct the school in accordance with the conditions of the grant.

22. The sanction of a grant shall be conveyed in the following form:—

Office Memorandum of the Director of Public Instruction.

(1) A grant of Rs. _____ a month is sanctioned from the _____ 190 ., for the school at _____, in the district of _____, on the following conditions:—

(a) That Rs. _____ a month at least be regularly contributed from private sources.

(b) That the following scale of expenditure be maintained, subject to any alteration that may be sanctioned by the Inspector:—

	Rs.
Head-master	...
Second master	...
Third master	...
Servants	...
Contingencies	...
} In case of girls' schools only	
Total	...

(2) The grant shall be payable every month.

(3) The monthly bill (in Form B annexed) must be sent to the Inspector for countersignature, and must be accompanied by an account (in Form C) for the month preceding that for which the bill is drawn and by a certificate that all salaries for the previous month have been paid in full.

After countersignature the bill will be paid at the _____ treasury.

[NOTE.—Where the sanctioned scale contains an item for prize or library, separate accounts should be kept and vouchers should be filed of the prize or library fund expenses.]

(4) The monthly bill and the certificate must be signed by the Secretary of the school.

(5) The bill shall be countersigned on the distinct understanding that the salaries and other charges, certified by the Secretary to have been paid, have actually been paid.

(6) Salaries for service in any month shall become due on the first day of the following month.

(7) The appointment and dismissal of every teacher shall be notified to the Department. No appointment shall be confirmed until it has received the sanction of the Department; and the Department shall have the power to enquire into any case of dismissal of a teacher.

(8) The grant shall be liable to be reduced or withdrawn if the payment of any teacher's salary is delayed for more than two months after it has become due.

(9) The grant shall be liable to be reduced or withdrawn if the school is unfavourably

reported on as regards the attendance or proficiency or discipline of the scholars. With the monthly bills for grant-in-aid a statement of the attendance of pupils in all the classes for the previous month shall be submitted in Form D.

(10) The grant shall be liable to be reduced or withdrawn if the managers keep their accounts in a negligent or untrustworthy manner, or if they send up incorrect accounts, or if they fail to transmit punctually the periodical returns required by the Department, or if the Department is otherwise dissatisfied with the management.

(11) The grant shall be liable to be reduced or withdrawn, if the teachers are inefficient or if they are absent from duty otherwise than in accordance with the rules of the Department, or if they keep the school registers in a negligent or untrustworthy manner.

(12) Holidays shall not exceed 65 days in the year, exclusive of Sundays, except under peculiar circumstances and with the sanction of the Inspector.

(13) Free studentships shall not ordinarily exceed 5 per cent. of the total number of pupils on the rolls, exclusive of scholarship-holders. Managers of high schools may, with the sanction of the Inspector, admit an additional number (not exceeding 12) of Muhammadans as free students up to the limit of 8 per cent. of the total number of pupils on the rolls.

(14) The Department shall have power to define the subjects of instruction to be given, and to have a voice in settling the fee-rates, in controlling expenditure, in enforcing discipline, and in regulating attendance.

(15) The Department shall have power to direct the Managers to purchase such articles as furniture, teaching appliances, black-boards, maps, library books, etc.

(16) Every new election to the Committee of Management shall be notified to the Inspector under the signatures of the Secretary and of the member or members elected.

(17) Every change of Secretary shall be notified to the Inspector under the signatures of the new Secretary and the members of the Committee of Management.

(18) All receipts, from whatever sources or for whatever purposes collected, shall be entered in the account book of the school, which shall be open to inspection and examination by any officer appointed by Government for the purpose. All receipts collected by the headmaster should be remitted on the same date, as far as possible, to the Secretary with a challan to be signed by the Secretary after the receipt of the money.

(19) No part of the previous balance of the school shall be spent without the sanction of the Inspector, except for payment of the sanctioned establishment, in order to make up any deficit in the private contributions in any particular month.

(20) The surplus funds of the school shall be placed in the Postal Savings Bank at the end of each quarter, and the savings bank account should be made out in the joint names of the Secretary and one of the members of the Managing Committee, who will be selected for the purpose by the Committee.

(21) No new building shall be constructed for the school until the plan and estimates have been approved by the Inspector.

22. Government may claim a fair share of any balance at the credit of a school at the time of its abolition, as well as of the sale-proceeds of any school-house or furniture towards the erection, enlargement, repairs or purchase of which a grant may have been given by Government.

Special Grants.

23. Grants may be given to managers of schools in aid—

- (a) of erecting, enlarging or furnishing school buildings;
- (b) of attaching boarding establishments to high schools;
- (c) of executing extensive repairs; and
- (d) in special cases, of paying off debts incurred in erecting or enlarging school buildings.

NOTE.—(1) Expenditure in the purchase of buildings may be treated as expenditure in the erection of buildings.

(2) The sum to be allotted annually for building grants to schools shall be fixed provisionally for a term of years. It shall not, in ordinary circumstances, be reduced, though it may be increased for any year during that term.

(3) Every application for a grant shall be submitted to the Department not later than on the 31st December, if the grant is to be admissible for sanction during the following financial year. If found to be in accordance with the rules, and in other respects deserving of support, it will be included in the list of "approved applications." If not so included, the reasons shall be notified to the managers.

(4) The total sum allotted for the year will be divided between schools for different sections of the community (Europeans, Hindus, Muhammadans, Native Christians, etc.), in some proportion to the requirements of each community, as indicated by the amount of the "approved applications" received from each, regard being also paid to preferential claims as explained in note (5).

Grants not required by one section of the community may, towards the close of the year, be reappropriated to meet the wants of another section.

(5) In selecting "approved applications" for sanction, those projects that involve the education or boarding of an increased number of pupils shall ordinarily be preferred to those that merely seek to improve the accommodation of existing pupils.

(6) In the case of an application for a repair grant under rule (c), the managers will be required to show that the necessity for such a grant has not arisen from the neglect of current repairs in previous years.

24. Except in the case provided in the foregoing rule, no grant shall be made in consideration of previous expenditure on school buildings.

25. In general, the proportion of the Government contribution made under rule 23 shall not exceed the proportion laid down in rules 15 to 18 for a school of the same class.

NOTE.—The sum of Rs. 10,000 is fixed as ordinarily the maximum grant for any undertaking or project.

26. Before a building grant is sanctioned, the site, plans, estimates, specifications, title and draft trust-deeds must be approved by the Director of Public Instruction. If the school receives no monthly grant, the managers must also satisfy the Department that it is likely to be maintained in efficiency and that it will be open to inspection.

27. The trust-deed must declare the building to be granted in trust for school purposes only. It must also provide for the legal ownership of the premises, for the proper maintenance of the building, and for the inspection and management of the school.

NOTE.—(1) This rule does not preclude the managers from using the building for other purposes, subject, if necessary, to the sanction of the Department, when not required for the purposes of the school.

(2) When the grant does not exceed Rs. 1,000, the manager may execute a deed of acceptance in place of a trust-deed (*vide* Government order No. 584, dated the 13th November 1890).

28. No grant will be finally sanctioned until a certificate is received from the managers, setting forth that the funds in their hands will, when added to the grant, be sufficient to meet all claims and to close the account.

29. Advances may be made from time to time out of the sanctioned grant on receipt of a report from the Public Works Department that the work is proceeding satisfactorily.

30. No grant will be paid in full until—

(1) a report is received from the Public Works Department or other competent authority that the building is satisfactorily completed, and

(2) the trust-deed is duly registered and lodged with the Department.

NOTE.—"Title-deeds of property mortgaged to Government on account of building grants may, as hitherto, remain with the mortgagor" (*vide* Government order No. 44T.—G., dated the 16th June 1890).

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CLASS.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF PUPILS.		Fees.		FEE INCOME.		CHARGE OR RATE OF		
	During the last six months.	Expected.*	Charged in each class.	To be charged in future.	Average during the last six months.	Anticipated in future.	Present.		Pr
							Establishment.	Qualification.	
			Rs. A. P.	R. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
1st Class ...							1st Teacher ...		
2nd do. ...							2nd do. ...		
3rd do. ...							3rd do. ...		
4th do. ...							4th do. ...		
VI Standard ...							5th do. ...		
" do. ...							6th do. ...		
V do. ...							7th do. ...		
IV do. ...							8th do. ...		
III do. ...							9th do. ...		
II do. ...							Head Pandit ...		
I do. ...							2nd do. ...		
Infant Class ...							Head Maulvi ...		
1st year ...							Servants † ...		
2nd year ...							Prizes ...		
3rd year ...							Library ...		
							Contingencies. ‡		

MONTHLY.

MONTHLY RECEIPTS.

No. in- ring ix hs.	Proposed charges.	Average for last six months.	Estimated in future.	REMARKS.
	Rs.	FROM PRIVATE SOURCES.		
		Fees		
	¢	Subscriptions and dona- tions		
		Endowments ...		
		Total ...		
		FROM PUBLIC SOURCES.		
		Government grant-in-aid		
		Municipal grant (if any)		
		Grand Total ...		

Name of treasury at which the grant is to be payable—

Number and date of order sanctioning the existing grant (if any)—

Surplus balance at credit of the school—Rs.

Existence of other schools within a distance of four miles—

Information required under rule 10₁(e) of the grant-in-aid rules—

Information required under rule 10 (m) of the grant-in-aid rules—

Information required under rule 10 (n) of the grant-in-aid rule

No.

SUBMITTED to the Inspector of Schools,

Division, for orders.

FORM B.

School at _____ in District _____

Month ending _____ 19 ____

BILL FOR GRANT-IN-AID.

The Secretary of State in Council for India Dr.

	Rs.	A.	P.	
To the grant-in-aid for the month ending ...				See order of Director of Public Instruction, No. _____, dated the _____ 190 ____

Payable at the _____ Treasury.

The _____

Secretary of the School.

Passed for Rs. _____

Inspector of Schools,

The _____ 19 ____

_____ Secy.

NOTIFICATION.

Junior Scholarship for 1906.

It is hereby notified for general information that, in accordance with the Resolution of Government, dated the 30th October 1889, as modified by Government Notification No. 2916, dated the 9th September 1902, five junior Scholarships of the second grade and 11 of the third grade have been allotted to the Presidency Division to be awarded in the University Entrance Examination in 1906.

2. The second grade scholarships will be awarded to those candidates who take the highest places in the Divisional list, irrespective of districts.

3. The third grade scholarships will be distributed among the different districts of the Presidency Division as follows:—

24-Parganas	...	...	...	3
Nadia	...	...	...	2
Murshidabad	...	...	...	2
Jessore	...	...	...	2
Khulna	...	...	...	2
			—	
		Total	...	11
			—	

E. W. COLLIN, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 28th February 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

THE ELLIOTT PRIZE FOR SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH FOR 1906.

WITH reference to Notification No. 5058-F., in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th December 1892, Part I, page 1172, the Elliott Prize for Scientific Research will be given this year to the author of the best original essay composed during the year 1906, giving the results of original research or investigation by the essayist in Natural Science.

2. Any native of Bengal, including any Eurasian or domiciled European residing in Bengal, may compete for the prize.

3. The essays of competitors *must be sent* to the President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 57, Park Street, Calcutta, by the end of December 1906. The prize will be adjudged to the best competitor, and awarded publicly at the Annual General Meeting of the Asiatic Society in February 1907.

4. Preference will be given to researches leading to discoveries likely to develop the industrial resources of Bengal. In the case of no essay being deemed by the Trustees to be of sufficient merit, no prize is to be awarded, but the amount is to be retained, so that in any future year two or more prizes may be given, or the prize may be enhanced in the case of an exceptionally good essay.

A. H. L. FRASER,

President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.

ALEX. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal,

and

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1297B.

Notice is hereby given that the Fourth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1908-1904, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2 Bankshall Street, on Tuesday, the 3rd April 1906, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,400 chests, viz.—

	Chests.
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory, consisting of	... 2,200
Ditto at the Ghazipur Factory, consisting of	... 2,200
Total	... 4,400

2nd.—The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the notification issued on the 28th November 1905, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3rd.—The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 16th April 1906, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room will be received after 3-30 P.M. of Monday, the 9th April 1906, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 P.M. of Wednesday, the 18th April 1906.

4th.—In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of the opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazipur Factories will be brought to sale between the sale now advertised and December next on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

DATES.	Manufactured at the Patna Fac- tory about chests	Manufactured at the Ghazipur Factory, about chests	Total; about chests.
On or about Tuesday, 1st May 1906	... 2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 5th June "	... 2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 3rd July "	... 2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 7th August "	... 2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 4th September "	... 2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Monday, 8th October "	... 2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 6th November "	... 2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 4th December "	... 2,200	2,200	4,400
Total	... 17,600	17,600	35,200

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., CALCUTTA, the 26th February 1906.

ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that at a bye-election held on Saturday the 10th February 1906, in Ward No. III of the Panihati Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, Babu Horry Nath Chatterjee was duly elected to be a Commissioner for the Ward in the place of Babu Mohendra Nath Mukherjee, resigned.

E. W. COLLIN, *Commissioner.*

COMM.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 27th February 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER rule 15 of the revised rules for the conduct of elections of Municipal Commissioners under Act III (B.O.) of 1884, as amended by Bengal Acts IV of 1894 and II of 1896, it is hereby notified for general information that the next general election of the Commissioners of the Ranchi Municipality, in the district of Ranchi, will be held on Tuesday, the 17th April 1906.

RAKHAL MOHAN BANERJI, *Perol. Asstt., for Commissioner.*

RANCHI, the 27th February 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that Babu Jankiparshad has been appointed a member of the Managing Committee of the Sherghati Dispensary, in the district of Gaya, *vice* Maulvi Zulfakar Khan, deceased.

E. V. LEVINGE, *Addl. Commissioner.*

PATNA COMMR.'S OFFICE, BANKIPORE, the 28th February 1906.

ERRATUM.

IN the notification, dated the 27th January 1906, appointing certain gentlemen as members of the Committees for the management of the Dispensaries in the district of Patna, published at page 169, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 31st January 1906—

In the Ohandi Dispensary—for "Maulvi Mohammad Saeeduddin" read "Maulvi Mohammad Sadiduddin."

In the Islampur Dispensary—for "Maulvi Syed Moinuddin Ahmad" read "Maulvi Syed Moniruddin Ahmad."

E. V. LEVINGE, *Addl. Commissioner.*

PATNA COMMR.'S OFFICE, BANKIPORE, the 28th February 1906.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1906.

PART I A.

[Reprinted from the "Gazette of India."]

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Calcutta, the 2nd March 1906.

No. 195.—The services of Maulvi Saiyid Faizuddin Hosain, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

No. 198.—The services of Mr. Mian Bhai Abdul Hussein, Extra Assistant Commissioner, are replaced at the disposal of the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

MEDICAL.

The 27th February 1906.

No. 178.—Colonel R. Macrae, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal), is confirmed in the appointment of Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, with effect from the 29th April 1906.

JUDICIAL.

The 27th February 1906.

No. 271.—The Governor-General in Council has accepted the resignation tendered by the Honourable Mr. Justice Pargiter of his office of Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, with effect from the 14th March 1906, or the subsequent date on which he may sail from India or relinquish charge of office in the event of his not taking subsidiary leave.

No. 272.—The Honourable Mr. Justice Pargiter is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 14th March 1906, or the subsequent date on which he may sail from India or relinquish charge of office in the event of his not taking subsidiary leave.

No. 273.—The Honourable Mr. Justice Geidt, I.O.S., a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted furlough from the 22nd March 1906 to the 30th August 1906.

No. 279.—Under the provisions of the Indian High Courts Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 104), section 7, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. Holmwood, i.c.s., to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, with effect from the date on which the Honourable Mr. Justice Pargiter, i.c.s., relinquishes charge of his office and until further orders.

No. 280.—Under the provisions of the Indian High Courts Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 104), section 7, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. O. P. Caspersz, i.c.s., to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, during the absence, on furlough, of the Honourable Mr. Justice Geidt, or until further orders.

No. 284.—Under the provisions of the Indian High Courts Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 104), section 7, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. E. W. Ormond, Barrister-at-Law, Chief Judge of the Presidency Small Cause Court, Calcutta, to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, during the absence, on furlough, of the Honourable Mr. Justice Henderson, or until further orders.

The 28th February 1906.

No. 296.—In the Home Department Notifications noted on the margin, announcing appointments and promotions in the Cantonment Magistrates' Department, for the words "substantive *pro tem.*" and "sub. *pro tem.*" where they occur, read "provisional."

No. 340, dated the 26th February 1904.
No. 341, dated the 26th February 1904.
No. 1522, dated the 4th October 1905.
No. 1530, dated the 4th October 1905.
No. 1626, dated the 26th October 1905.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1906.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 978M.—The 2nd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. R. M. Gibb to be the Chairman of the Bhatpara Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. A. Small, resigned.

No. 980L.S.-G.—The 3rd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 11 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the several Local Boards in the district of Nadia:—

Local Boards.

Names of members.

Sadar	...	{ Babu Arabinda Chatterjee. „ Nanda Gopal Bhaduri. „ Banwari Lal Ganguli. „ Murali Mohan Ghosh.
Kushtia	...	{ Babu Satyendra Nath Das. Dr. Gopal Chandra Das. Babu Rai Charan Das.
Ranaghat	...	{ Maulvi Subhan Ali Khan. „ Mahomed Kayam. Babu Kedar Nath Rai.
Meherpur	...	{ Mr. B. R. Mehta. Babu Bhupati Chandra Biswas. Mr. K. M. Hamilton.
Ohuadanga	...	{ Babu Jatindra Mohan Sinha. „ Kali Pado Bagchi. „ Atindra Nath Chowdhuri.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased to appoint the following gentlemen, under section 10 of the Act, to be members of the Local Boards mentioned against their names in the above district:—

Local Boards.

Names of members.

Sadar	...	{ Mr. F. J. Smith. Rev. E. T. Butler. Babu Hemadri Nath Mukherjee. „ Bejoy Gopal Mukherjee. „ Baidya Nath Dutta. „ Ram Renu Banerjee.
Kushtia		{ Munshi Mahomed Basiruddin Pramanik. Babu Bireshwar Chatterjee.

No. 990L.S.-G.—The 3rd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the following gentlemen have been elected to be members of the District Board of Murshidabad :—

Local Boards by which elected.

Names of members.

Sadar	...	Mr. P. E. Gourju.
		Babu Charu Krishna Masumdar.
		" Pareesh Nath Banerjee.
		Bai Moni Lal Nahar Bahadur.
Jangipur	...	Maulvi Abdul Alim.
		" Mahamad Maniruddin.
		Babu Mukunda Sunder Sarkar.
		" Nilkanta Sen.
Kandi	...	Babu Durga Das Tribedi.
		Kumar Saradindu Narain Roy Choudhury.

The following gentlemen are appointed under section 7 of the Act to be members of the Board :—

The Subdivisional Officer of Jangipur	...	} <i>Ex-officio.</i>
Ditto ditto of Kandi	...	
Ditto ditto of Lalbagh	...	
The District Superintendent of Police, Murshidabad	...	
The Deputy Inspector of Schools, Murshidabad	...	}
Mr. E. B. Hills.		
" A. Keogh.		
Maulvi Mohinuddin Hossain.		
Raja Ranjit Sinha Bahadur.		}
Khondkar Fazole Rubbi, Khan Bahadur.		

No. 998L.S.-G.—The 3rd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to approve the election by the members of the Kushtia Local Board, in the district of Nadia, under section 29 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, of Babu Satyendra Nath Das to be their Chairman, *vice* Babu Jagadis Chandra Sen, resigned.

L. P. SHIRRES,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1906.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N. B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Musaffarpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2290	Sitalpur, pargana Hajeeপুর.	Rs. A. P. 593 0 0	Whole estate.	.....	Buldeo Sing and others.	.....	Rs. A. P. 6 2 1	.....
<i>Temporarily settled estates.</i>								
11929	Singer Chak, pargana Hajeeপুর.	1,650 0 0	Whole estate.	.....	Rabu Gur Prosad Sing and others.	.....	163 2 0	.....
11930	Sukwarpur, pargana Hajeeপুর.	2,753 0 0	.....	Residuary share 14a, 19dam 1c. 5b, 13½owri. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Ditto	2,572 15 7	.....	.....

Musaffarpur, Collectorate, the 10th February 1906.

D. N. D., for Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of 24-Parganas will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 21st March 1906 at 12 o'clock noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for the share and that the share or shares are excluded from sale.

Consecutive No.	Tausi No.	Name of pargana and mahal.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the specification of such share.	Names of proprietors of the properties to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	643	Pargana Amirabad, Kt. Palken.	Rs. A. P. 508 9 6	Whole estate.	.....	Jogendra Nath Mukerjee.	.....	Rs. A. P. 14 10 7½	.....

Alipore, the 6th February 1906.

GANGA GOVINDO GUPTA, for Collector.

Revised Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Hajipur Branch Railway, in the district of Muzaffarpur, will be put up to sale at 1 o'clock on Monday, the 29th March 1906, corresponding with the 2nd Chait 1313 Fual, at Muzaffarpur.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than 3 feet from the same.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Board confirming the sale.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of malle on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. E. C.	A. E. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. E. P.		
1	2	3	4	5	6		7		8	9
1	Muzaffarpur...	Chapra Lodi alias Maripur and Bhagwanpur, pargana Bisora.	Mile 1 of Hajipur line.	West of the railway.	0 12 5	0 0 32	.....	.....	.....	North—Orchard of Taborak Husain. South—Public road. East—Railway fencing. West—Orchard of Kunja Sabu.
2	Ditto ...	Chapra Lodi alias Maripur.	Ditto ...	East of the railway.	0 4 4	0 0 11½	.....	.....	.....	North—Garden of Mr. Framly. South—Public road. East—Garden of Mr. Framly.
3	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1 and 2 of Hajipur line.	Ditto ...	0 4 0	0 0 11	.....	.....	.....	West—Railway fencing. North—Public road. South—Orchard of Saider Husain. East—Orchard of Abdul Jabbar.
4	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	On both sides of the railway.	2 18 3	0 3 20	This being a part of the District Board road.	0 3 20	.....	West—Railway fencing.

Muzaffarpur, the 6th February 1906.

R. G. KILBY, Offg. Collector,

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Khulna will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March 1906 at 11-30 A.M. for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share:—

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
170-3	Shelemabad, pargana Shelemabad.	5,784 6 0	No	*Sa. 2g.	Veni Bhuvan Roy ...	885 11 94	.....	310 15 8
881	Guachoba, pargana Sundarbans.	702 0 0	Whole	.....	Nilmadhub Ghose on behalf of minor Repta Behari Ghose and others.	.....	176 0 0	.....
933	Shetarbati, pargana Sundarbans.	804 0 0	Do.	.....	Bhola Nath Ghose and others.	.....	126 0 0	.....

* All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.

Khulna, the 16th February 1906.

A. AHMAD, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned shares of estates in the district of Jessore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 21st March 1906, at 1 P.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
225	Pratappur, pargana Falaya.	.....	No	Share No. I, 12 annas. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Gopal Chandra Bose and others.	584 15 6	.....	17 5 0

Jessore Collectorate, the 14th February 1906.

N. BHAR, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Monghyr will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1360	Agar, teppa Saronja, pargana Pharkia.	2,452 10 0	Whole	.....	Babu Ram Bahadur Singh and others.	.....	467 4 0	
1433	Akbarpur Barari, pargana Maiki.	2,300 14 0	Whole	.....	Nilkant Singh and others ...	.....	46 1 10	
3277	Tetri Gundak Barar, pargana Ballia.	637 10 0	Do.	.....	Chandhry Shamshul Haq and others.	.....	463 4 0	Temporary-settled estates.

Monghyr Collectorate, the 17th February 1906.

S. C. MITRA, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Saran will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906, corresponding to 16th Chait 1313 Fasli, on Monday at 12 o'clock noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 6, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Serial No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
281	Arwa, pargana Bai ...	Rs. A. P. 4,125 15 2	Entire ...	.....	Mussamat Bhagwat Kuer and others.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 3 8 7	.....
282	Sondhani, pargana Goa.	8,865 1 11	.....	Separate account No. 9— Shikarpur, Sa. 4p. 8k. 10m. Sondhani, Tp. 10k. All other shares besides those specified will be excluded from the sale.	Lalita Prasad Singh and others, sale purchasers.	871 11 11	.....	871 11 11
2902	Birala, pargana Dangul.	1,035 3 8	Entire under section 14.	.....	Hardarahan, Ram Tewary and others.	.....	6 10 2	.....
2906	Mampur, pargana Kasmer.	689 1 6	Ditto	.....	Harihar Pershad and others.	.....	34 0 8	.....

Saran Collectorate, the 27th February 1906.

HASHMAT HOSSAIN, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Nadia, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 27th March 1906, at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 6, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Serial No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
336	Mahal Munshibpur, pargana Munshibpur.	Rs. A. P. 6,123 9 11	No ...	336 Sa. 4g.	Gopewar Pal Choudhuri.	Rs. A. P. 1,323 11 7	.....	Rs. A. P. 6 13 0
34	Ditto ...	6,123 9 11	No ..	336 Sa. 4g. All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Tarini Prasad Pal Choudhuri and others.	1,323 11 7	.....	6 13 5

Nadia Collectorate, the 2nd March 1906.

K. S. GREENSHIELDS, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Darbhanga will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906, corresponding with the 16th Chait of 1313 Fasli, at 11 A.M. for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

Serial No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole district.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share or shares.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
567	Bompore Ganesh Banoul, (Aghorayan Jha), pargana Baril.	Rs. A. P. 618 4 9	Entire	.....	Babu Bahmadro Prasad self and guardian of Babu Bansenman Prasad, minor brother, and Babu Gobind Dass and others.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 10 4 9	.....

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 25th February 1906.

BYAMA KUMAR MOOKERJEE, for Collector.

Notice of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13 of Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of 24 Parganas will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March 1906 at 12 o'clock noon for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share and that the share or shares are excluded from sale.

Consecutive No.	Tanai No.	Name of Pargana and mahal.	Saler jama of the whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the specification of such share.	Names of proprietors of properties to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the saler jama of such share.	If the whole is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
			Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	1	Pargana Magura, kismat Chetia and others.	5,432 9 8	.....	The entire estate minus 2a. 4g. 2k. 18a. share of the whole estate and 8 annas share in each of the mauzas Sreepur, Bagerhole and Raju Mollar Chak.	Kali Chandra Ray Chowdhury and others.	3,924 5 3	.....	654 3 8½
2	3-2	Pargana Magura, mauza Laksharpar and others.	8,280 13 6½	.....	Excluding 12 annas share, the remaining 4 annas share.	Tara Kumar Ray Chowdhury and others.	2,072 7 8½	.....	514 12 5
3	4	Pargana Magura, mauza Kadomtala and others.	3,276 11 7	Whole ..	.....	Hari Mohan Mukerjee and others.	.....	1,342 9 7	.....
4	8-1	Pargana Magura, mauza Julpia.	3,482 1 3	.....	Excluding 10 annas, remaining 6 annas share.	Chandanbala Dehi, mother and guardian of Hari Dhon Roy Chowdhury.	1,307 7 9½	.....	493 1 11
5	10	Pargana Magura, kismat Chetia and others.	809 10 1½	Whole ..	.....	Tara Kumar Ray Chowdhury and others.	.....	92 1 0½	.....
6	13-1	Pargana Magura, kismat Kharrberia and others.	4,078 14 11½	.....	Excluding 13 annas share, remaining 3 annas share.	Kali Pado Roy Chowdhury.	766 1 3	.....	204 15 3
7	36	Pargana Magura, mauza Dhapanapore.	742 10 7	Whole ..	.....	Tara Kumar Ray Chowdhury and others.	.....	105 14 10	.....
8	85 R. S.	Pargana Magura, kismat Abgachhila and others.	934 14 7	.....	The entire estate minus 7 annas share in mauza Chak Kantalia and 2a. 1k. 2k. share in each of the kismats Bahonpore and Nona.	Triloki Nath Barua	361 11 10	.....	364 0 0
9	107	Pargana Magura, kismat Akulaya and others.	786 11 5	Whole ..	.....	Susila Sundari Chowdhurani, wife of Gobinda Narayan Singha Chowdhuri.	.....	240 0 0	.....
10	131-6	Pargana Muragachha, kismat Chak Haturia and others.	39,870 6 4	.....	Excluding the shares in the mauzas Jadahpore, Musur Arakpore, Sibpore, Mirzapore, Nonakolapore and 3 others. 4g. 11k. share in each of the other 163 mauzas in the estate.	Apurba Kumar Dasi	555 3 3	.....	101 4 0
11	310	Pargana Muragachha, mauza Lohipore and others.	1,190 5 0	Whole ..	.....	Kali Kumar Mondle and others.	.....	127 11 7½	.....
12	315-11	Pargana Muragachha, mauza B.ghumathpore and others.	10,280 15 6	.....	Excluding 14a. 17k. 2k., remaining 1a. 2g. 2k. share.	Apurba Kumari Dasi	719 4 9	.....	135 9 6
13	318 R. S.	Pargana Muragachha, mauza Uttarkuson and others.	1,074 6 2½	.....	Excluding 6a. 8g. 3k., remaining 9a. 11g. 1k. share.	Nistarni Chowdhurani and others.	1,170 11 9½	.....	5 0 9½
14	363	Pargana Balia, mauza Nandouppore and others.	3,470 15 8	Whole ..	.....	Krishna Prasanna Mondle and others.	.....	717 6 4	.....
15	365-6	Pargana Azimbud, Huda Kaskhali and others.	10,424 8 1½	.....	Excluding 15a. 4k. 2k. 2kt., remaining 15g. 1k. 1kt. share in all the mauzas, except mauza Khakramuri.	Ditto ..	928 8 7½	.....	240 6 4½
16	368-12	Pargana Balia, mauza Molofapore and others.	8,326 9 0	.....	Excluding 19a. 17g. 2k., remaining 1a. 2g. 2k. share.	Apurba Kumari Dasi.	685 8 2½	.....	135 15
17	369-2	Pargana Balia, mauza Banouppur and others.	0,401 5 10	.....	Excluding 14a. 19g. 2k. 1d., remaining 1a. 1k. 3kt. 2d. share.	Gopi Khasore Mandal and others.	605 0 10½	.....	2 4 4
	392-3	Pargana Azimbud, Huda Joy Chandipore.	6,313 7 8	.....	Excluding 13a. 6g. 2k. 2kt., remaining 2a. 13g. 1k. 1kt. share.	Chandi Charan Maude and others.	1,385 9 4	.....	474 1 0
19	300 R. S.	Pargana Balia, mauza Joy Chandipore and others.	1,071 1 0	.....	Excluding 3 annas, remaining 13 annas share.	Durgamoni Dasi and others.	1,357 13 5	.....	236 1 10
20	431 R. S.	Pargana Hatia-gar, Lakshipasa and others.	1,967 12 3	.....	Excluding 5a. 13g. 1k. 3kt. 9d. 10k., remaining 10a. 6g. 2k. 6kg.	Anis Molla and others.	1,260 14 2	.....	41 11 2
21	643	Pargana Amikhabad, mauza Falkan.	562 0 6	Whole estate	.....	Jayendra Mukerjee.	.....	13 13 10½	.....

Alipore, the 17th February 1906.

GANGA GOVINDA GUPTA, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates, situate in the district of Burdwan, will be put up to sale at the Burdwan Collectorate on the 7th March 1906, corresponding to 18th Chaitra 1913 (B.S.).

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estates to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchasers of these estates will be considered as the proprietors of the estates, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estates will be transferred to them with effect from 1st April 1906 as revenue free or subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale will be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate will be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Number in the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
3610	Mandra, pargana Jahingirabad	0 2 11	0 10 11	} Will be sold revenue-free.
4984	Mertala, ditto	0 0 35	0 9 0	
5539	Dhoba Goalpara, pargana Ranihat	4 2 1	34 0 0	
6550	Nigon, pargana Dhenia	6 0 28	48 1 6	
6551	Srikhanda, ditto	7 1 11½	50 6 0	
6501	Karui, ditto	2 1 29	16 3 0	
6508	Jagesvardi, ditto	6 0 26	47 13 0	
5361	Hiatpur, pargana Nalohi	0 3 9	3 10 6	
6510	Batagram, pargana Muzafersahi	3 1 7	24 0 0	
6528	Gopalpur, pargana Khandaghoah	6 0 25½	38 8 6	
6530	Babrapur, ditto	5 1 3	32 0 0	
6531	Bajitpur, ditto	5 2 11	34 1 0	
6542	Manasadanga, ditto	5 0 14	27 13 8	
6540	Dirghanagore, pargana Burdwan	3 2 15	13 9 6	
6541	Majdhuari, pargana Samarsahi	5 3 6	40 12 0	
6538	Chak Latib, ditto	4 0 28½	22 12 9	
6549	Painta, ditto	2 2 0	11 6 9	
6543	Karjana, pargana Burdwan	6 0 34	19 6 0	
6494	Govindapur, pargana Sahabad	5 1 6	32 10 0	
6490	Satgechia, pargana Ranihat	2 2 28½	19 4 0	
6512	Baikanthapur, pargana Sahabad	5 1 33	33 0 0	
6548	Magolmari, pargana Samarsahi	13 3 11	62 3 6	
6554	Palla, pargana Burdwan	2 1 20	14 4 0	
6555	Chandpur and others, pargana Samarsahi	4 0 30½	22 4 6	

ERRATUM.

In the first publication of this Advertisement, read 'Rs. 16-3' for 'Rs. 76-3' as Government revenue assessed in respect of estate No. 6501, Karui, pargana Denia, and read 'Rs. 13-9-6' for Rs. '19-9-6' as Government revenue assessed in respect of estate No. 6540, Dirghanagar, pargana Burdwan.

Burdwan Collectorate, the 19th February 1906.

P. H. O'BRYEN, Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned plots of land formerly occupied by the old outpost building at Barjora, thana Gangajalghati in the district of Bankura, will be put up to sale by the Collector of the district at Sadar office, Bankura, on the 28th March 1906, corresponding to 14th Chaitra 1913 (B.S.).

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The four plots of land to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the plots, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force; and the purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by the noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and these plots to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Name of estate and pargana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.
Old outpost building at Barjora	3 roods 5½p. or 2b. 7½k.	Rs. A. 3 9

Bankura Collectorate, the 19th February 1906.

BYED M. RAHAMAN, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 12, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906 at 1 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Sl. No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Badar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the badar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
751	Pargana Kasitora, mahal Chakdaha alias Madhabalove chak.	Rs. A. P. 9,185 8 0, including police.	.....	Residuary share, excluding separate accounts Nos. 1 to 6— 4as. 10g. share of the mahal. All other shares than that specified above will be excluded from sale.	Rajaram Kundoo ...	Rs. A. P. 2,565 7 0, including police.	.....	1,068 14 6, including police.	Revenue— 1,072 14 9 Police— 15 15 0 Dak Case— 8 14 1 Penalty— 8 14 1 Road Case— 23 3 6 Embankment— 20 13 0 Int. 0 8 0
476	Pargana Khander, mahal Belki.	734 3 11	.....	Residuary share, excluding separate accounts Nos. 1, 2 and 3— As. G. Mausa Bonhola ... 12 5 " Matuageria ... 12 5 " Bakichak ... 12 5 " Gopinath ... 12 5 " Khunkania ... 12 5 " Nandapura ... 6 10 " Rajibchak ... 12 5 All other shares than that specified above will be excluded from sale.	Godadhar Maikap and others.	528 8 7	.....	13 0 7	Revenue— 13 0 7 Road Case— 7 3 0
567	Pargana Shipore, mahal Bolkuada.	834 7 1	.....	Residuary share, excluding separate accounts Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7— As. G. Mausa Bohalla ... 6 10 " Chiralia ... 16 0 " Gopinathchak ... 16 0 " Khurulia ... 1 16 " Radakantapore ... 15 5 " Beharipore ... 16 0 " Chaulia ... 16 0 " Godsilchak ... 6 0 " Kaimalee ... 16 0 " Rajhunath-pore ... 14 10 " Asti ... 16 0 " Bolkuada ... 16 0 " Dubda ... 13 0 " Hasimpore ... 11 8 " Murarichak ... 16 0 All other shares than that specified above will be excluded from sale.	Sailoja Kanta Das and Mohapatra others.	586 10 9	.....	45 10 4	Revenue— 45 10 4 Road Case— 24 9 0
5904	Pargana Tarai Bisuan, mahal Garahar, &c., Bajepti No. 147.	614 0 0	Entire ...	Part III.—Estate under direct management.	Panchanon Mirdhya and others, settlement-holders.	.....	185 5 3	.....	Revenue— 185 5 3 Road Case— 24 13 0 Embankment— 107 0 0 Int. 1 0 0

Midnapore, the 17th February 1906.

D. WATSON, Collector.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 28th March 1906, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 30th March at 12 o'clock for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
680	Pargana Jati-boni, Jati-boni.	Rs. A. P. 785 12 7	Entire ...	.....	Kali Prasanno Narain 1 co.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 78 6 3	.....	Rs. A. P. Revenue— 78 6 3 Dak Cess— 0 10 7 Penalty— 0 10 7 and Road Cess— 220 1 6

Midnapore, the 17th February 1906.

D. WESTON, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Murshidabad will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March 1906, at noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
479	Sara, pargana Burbak-sing.	Rs. A. P. 845 9 6	.....	Sa. 11g. 2k., separate account No. 1.	Reza Hosen, proprietor and guardian of Golumper, minor, of Salar, of p. v. Bharatpur, and others.	Rs. A. P. 505 12 10	.....	Rs. A. P. Revenue— 202 10 4 Cesses— 13 10 11 Dak cess— 1 8 2 Penalty— 1 8 2 219 5 7

Berhampur, the 17th February 1906.

(ILLEGIBLE), for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Bardwan will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 27th March 1906 at 12 o'clock noon for arrears of revenue, for January 1906 kist and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
17	Chak Bhurga, pargana Raulhati.	Rs. A. P. 8,830 2 11	Whole estate.	.....	Seyadani Aymona Bibi.	.....	Rs. A. P. 3,708 12 10	.....

Burdwan Collectorate, the 20th February 1906.

P. H. O'BRIEN, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Gaya will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
506	Ismailpore Kott, pargana Arwal.	Rs. A. P. 604 12 0	Whole ...	.....	Bamlagan Ojha ...	.....	Rs. A. P. 73 4 3	.....
967	Shahbuzpore Jan Sarwarpore Kalayan, pargana Arwal.	1,401 12 0	Do. ...	.....	Musammatt Ramesher Koer alias Dulhin Sahiba and others.	.....	236 13 0	.....
1369	Shahbuzpur Telwar, pargana Bhilwar.	508 13 0	Do. ...	.....	Musammatt Hani Sunder Koer.	.....	127 3 0	.....
3574	Nadawnt, pargana Narhat ...	2,800 0 0	Do. ...	.....	Datto ...	.....	635 0 0	.....
4753	Terwan taluqa, pargana Shergail.	2,303 5 0	Do. ...	.....	Musammatt Bhawani Koer.	.....	19 15 3	.....

Gaya Collectorate, the 23rd February 1906.

H. W. SCROOP, Offg. Collector.

Sale Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on Wednesday, the 21st day of March 1906, at 12 o'clock noon, corresponding to 11th of Chait 1313 F.s., for arrears of land revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1211 Jt. & A.	Suhra, pargana Behou.	Rs. A. P. 4,233 13 10	.....	The small share to be sold is in the following villages:— 1. Suhra 2 8 2. Jharwar 2 8 3. Makandpore 2 8 4. Bhakoleo 5 4 5. Nishpoh 2 8 6. Dewaj Kund 2 8 The other shares are excluded from the sale.	Fattu Ram Narayain Singh and others.	Rs. A. P. 773 13 0	.....	Rs. A. P. 453 7 10
1376	Raghelwa, pargana Chousa.	511 0 0	Whole ...	.....	Lachhmi Prasad and others.	.....	443 3 2	.....
5103	Toufir Makhdumpur Semra, pargana Bainsghawan.	5,673 5 3	Do. ...	.....	Babu Ram Rajendra Doo Parain.	.....	14,110 15 1	.....

Arrah, the 22nd February 1906.

U. SEN GUPTA, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates situate in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding with 12th Chait 1312 (B.S.).

The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price, which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force; and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by the noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district Roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. B. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4588	Panchla, thana Jagatbulluypur	10 1 27	63 3 0	
4609	Khantora, ditto	0 1 8	4 8 0	
4752	Kullya and others, ditto	0 2 22	9 12 3	
4795	Bamunpara, ditto	2 3 12	28 6 3	
4796	Jagunnathpur, ditto	1 0 13	10 9 6	

Chinsura, the 23rd February 1906.

B. DE, Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates situate in the district of Hooghly will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding with 12th Chait 1312 (B.S.).

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount of bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th day after sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a closed holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. B. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4777	Nohsgram, pargana Mandalghat	2 0 25	20 14 0	
4729	Ichapur, ditto	0 3 33	8 11 3	
1894	Chingrijole, ditto	0 2 25	1 13 6	
4778	Bahuguran, ditto	8 3 31	82 14 0	
4798	Ditto, ditto	2 3 20 1/4	24 10 9	
4812	Rospur Kalikata, ditto	4-16 acres	30 7 0	
4811	Khalna, pargana Byra	3 2 16	7 18 0	

Chinsura, the 23rd February 1906.

B. DE, Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Eastern Branch, Tirhut State Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock (noon) on the 26th day of April 1906, corresponding with the 17th Baisakh 1913 Fushl, at the Collectorate of Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway fencing, or plough the lands closer than 3 feet from its foundation.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Board confirming the sale.

Consecutive number.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of miles on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN HIGHS AND IN ACRS.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Darbhanga	Pargana Mokrapore, villages (1) Kaithola and (2) Behat.	49	South side	20 15 3	6 3 20	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Kasht Tafa Lal Jha, and Saroo Lal Jha. East—Kasht Saroo Lal Jha and Chitan Thacor. West—Village path road adjoining a tank.
2	Ditto	Pargana Alapore, village Chikna.	57	Ditto	31 4 15	10 1 13	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Kund belonging to Raj Darbhanga. East—Tank belonging to Raj Darbhanga. West—Kasht Surai Jha.
3	Ditto	Pargana Mokrapore, villages (1) Deep and (2) Hajipore.	51	North side of Railway.	56 9 8	13 2 27	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht Meghan Khawas, Jiram Halwai, Muni Gaur, Balmukund Jha, Nakched Pamarra and Barhmoter of Balmakund and Nakched Jha. South—Railway line. East—Tank belonging to Talapat Buba. West—Road from Jhanjhapore to Madhepore.
4	Ditto	Pargana Alapore, villages Ramouti and Gungboodai.	54	South side	41 12 7	13 3 1	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Kasht Berhaspat Gope, Ar. opnath Missar, Partl Komal Nath Chowdhuri. East—Kasht Muni L. Hendar. West—Kasht Jasodhar Jha and Chakra-dhar Jha.
5	Ditto	Pargana Alapore, villages (1) Duorli and (2) Ghongerli.	61	Ditto	15 0 11	4 3 15	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Village road to Kishunpatti. East—Gachi Bajdhar Jha. West—Village road to Kishunpatti.
6	Ditto	Pargana Alapore, village Parra.	65	North side	27 13 6	9 0 29	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht Santokhi Marar, Madhomukhia, Bachan Ront, Phirangi Marar, Nathuni Zahoo, and Dudha Marar. South—Railway line. East—Boundary line of Bhawalpur district. West—Kasht Jitan Marar, Budhan Dhunia, Byboo Nath Marar and Nirmal Marar.
7	Ditto	Pargana Jarail, village Kamtaul.	15	East side	51 13 2	17 0 13	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht Phataari Thacor and Badri Thacor. South—Local Houd road and Kasht Monrakhan Thacor. East—Tank and Kasht Sundar Lal Thacor, Batha Bawal, and Jung Bahadur Thacor. West—Railway line.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of distict.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. CH.	A. R. F.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. F.		
8	Darbhanga	Pargana Nanpara, villages Joglara and J.	21	North side	20 9 9	6 3 3	...	.....	.....	North—Khet Peary Singh, Patti, Kadi, Khet Chulhal Singh, and Lalgi Singh, Bhagwat Singh. South—Railway line. East—Gair Majra, Khet Majra, Phekani Kert Jaitant Jha, and Tala Lal Misar. West—Railway line, brick-field.
9	Ditto	Pargana Bherwar, village Ghograha.	23	East side	23 15 8	7 3 18	.....	.....	.....	North—Boundary line of Munshipur district. South—Khet Peary Jha. East—Khet Gopi Sonar, Dataram Misar, and Najaban Jolaha. West—Railway line.
10	Ditto	Pargana Saraina, Village Chak Salou, Nizamut.	21	North side	30 14 1	10 0 24	.....	.....	.....	North—Kasht Laldhari Rai and Ram-rakhan Rai. South—Kasht Sheorajain Rai. East—Kasht Laldhari Rai. West—Kasht Thagan Mohito, Khul Rai, Ram Kakhan Rai, Bisewar Rai, and Nathuni Rai.

W. B. HRYCOCK, Collector.

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 17th February 1906.

Notice under Rule 9 of Chapter III of the Land Acquisition Manual.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Kurhurbaree Branch of the East Indian Railway, in the district of Sonthal Parganas, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock noon on the 19th of April 1906, corresponding to the 6th of Baisakh 1313 B.S., at the subdivisional cutchery, Deoghur. The purchasers of the said plot of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on and nearer than 15 feet from the railway boundary or to plough the land nearer than 3 feet from the same.
- 2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.
- 4th.—The plot of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.
- 5th.—The purchaser shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Board confirming the sale.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND ACRES.	
					B. K. C.	Acres.
1	Sonthal Parganas.	Taluk Burhai, mauza Dulampur.	19½ miles from Howrah.	Northern side	8 17 15	2 94

Boundary of lot—

North—Madhupur Road.

East—Land in possession of Thomas Miller Louthier and Ebenzer Lawrence Barnett.

South—Railway B class land in mauza Sak'ipar.

West—Railway A class land and waste land of mauza Dulampur.

BRAJA DURLAV HAZRA, for Subdivisional Officer and Collector under Act I of 1894.

Deoghur, the 24th February 1906.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates, situated in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding to 13th Chait 1312 (B.S.).

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price, which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or, if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of the advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Number in the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4353	Bangalpur, thana Goghat ...	7 2 23	53 15 0	
4534	Nowapara, thana Arambagh ...	2 3 39	11 5 0	
4537	Surjapur, thana Goghat ...	3 2 7	27 13 0	
4539	Gouranga alias Mandoron, thana Khanakul ...	3 3 3	28 5 0	
4592	Arjoongoria, thana Goghat ...	4 0 11	7 13 0	
4598	Kamecha, ditto ...	5 2 36	25 12 0	
4618	Dabi Kundu, ditto ...	4 3 35	32 4 0	
4622	Bhatsala, thana Arambagh ...	3 1 0	17 3 0	
4633	Halbosantapur, ditto ...	4 1 27	43 0 0	
4634	Damuderpur, ditto ...	0 3 29	7 1 0	
4650	Kamecha and Kurmana, thana Goghat ...	4 0 36	25 5 0	
4656	Digra and others, ditto ...	2 2 6	23 3 0	
4657	Kurmana, ditto ...	6 0 24	43 9 0	
4662	Dwaripora, ditto ...	4 3 23	48 10 0	
4676	Beurgram, thana Arambagh ...	4 1 5	22 10 0	
4691	Seora and Gopalpara, thana Goghat ...	5 2 6	50 11 0	
4700	Amarpur, ditto ...	2 1 5	12 6 0	
4725	Dwaripora, ditto ...	5 1 33	37 2 0	
4726	Chakghola, thana Arambagh ...	1 3 21	17 1 0	
4728	Kurmana alias Sailapur, thana Goghat ...	3 2 27	19 12 0	
4732	Pantabari, thana Khanakul ...	0 2 3	5 0 0	
4737	Arjungori, thana Goghat ...	4 1 31	20 3 0	
4739	Chaudur, thana Arambagh ...	7 2 15	68 15 0	
4742	Barsole, thana Goghat ...	4 0 33	28 10 0	
4743	Damuderpur, ditto ...	1 1 7	4 14 0	
4744	Kurmana alias Solepur, ditto ...	1 3 20	9 13 0	
4745	Kamecha, ditto ...	4 3 15	29 5 0	
4747	Kurmana alias Solepur, ditto ...	2 2 24	12 9 0	
4748	Kamecha, ditto ...	2 3 31	17 13 0	
4754	Mirjapur, ditto ...	2 0 8	9 0 0	
4756	Bhatsala, thana Arambagh ...	3 3 38	30 3 0	
4762	Ditto, ditto ...	1 0 28	8 14 0	
4773	Kota, thana Goghat ...	2 2 27	23 3 6	
4693	Sailapur, ditto ...	4 1 15	19 11 6	
4697	Betra, ditto ...	5 2 0	38 6 0	
4702	Bengai and Pain, thana Arambagh ...	9 2 14	50 13 0	
4703	Shukpur, ditto ...	2 2 2	19 0 0	
4709	Kumershya, thana Goghat ...	5 0 22	15 9 0	
4738	Bhatsala, thana Arambagh ...	3 0 10	30 13 0	
4804	Mominpur, ditto ...	8 0 38	51 15 0	
4807	Merjapur, thana Goghat ...	3 1 13	15 12 0	
4814	Dwaripora, ditto ...	5 0 12	30 11 0	
4817	Seora Gholapara, ditto ...	25 1 10	64 12 0	
4818	Mominpur, thana Arambagh ...	4 0 25	13 12 0	
4490	Rajhati, thana Khanakul ...	0 2 21	3 14 0	
4614	Ramnagar, ditto ...	2 2 14	10 12 0	
4616	Damuderpur, thana Goghat ...	0 2 38	4 3 0	
4623	Dwaripora, ditto ...	5 0 34	40 0 0	
4630	Bistoopur, ditto ...	3 2 39	30 4 0	
4831	Mominpur, thana Arambagh ...	4 2 28	7 8 0	
4823	Ajungori and Damarpara, thana Goghat ...	9 0 8	30 14 0	
4815	Mayapur, thana Arambagh ...	4 2 28	21 3 0	
4835	Ditto, ditto ...	3 2 16	22 0 0	
4590	Bout Khana, thana Khanakul ...	3 3 16	21 14 0	
4606	Syambullupur alias Chhotodongal, thana Goghat ...	3 0 33	9 5 0	
4613	Bolorampur, ditto ...	3 3 37	27 9 0	
4636	Niranjanbati and Basantabati, thana Khanakul ...	2 3 24	17 0 0	

Number in the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	Remarks.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4706	Bolorampore, thana Goghat	5 3 0	36 18 0	
4746	Penchra, ditto	1 0 1	3 18 0	
4751	Niranjonbati, thana Khanakul	3 1 14	23 14 0	
4785	Gosainpukhar Syambazar, thana Goghat	2 0 0	9 0 0	
4837	Chhotodongal and Penchra, ditto	2 3 38	18 1 0	
4841	Ghosepur, thana Khanakul	5 0 32	47 6 0	
4807	Gobindapur, thana Goghat	4 1 18	24 2 0	
4811	Penchra, ditto	2 0 5	13 14 0	
4819	Gobindapur, ditto	5 0 6	23 9 0	
		B. K. CH.		
4067	Kumarhat, Nirbhoypur, thana Khanakul	1 6 10	2 5 0	
4232	Satberia, thana Goghat	0 12 3	1 8 0	

Chinsura, the 1st March 1906.

M. A. KADIR, Deputy Collector, for Collector of Hooghly.

Notification B

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 28th March 1906, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Muzaffarpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district, together with the estates and shares of estates to be in arrears for list March 1906.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2707 1	Makundpur Singhara Raj Naram, chakia Garjaul, pargana Bisara.	Rs. A. P. 1,974 0 9	Separate account.	As Makundpur Singhara including Bengra and Singrahi Tal .. 12 Rampur Raja .. shares Bairia .. 12 Baji Hat .. 12 Bhora Chapra .. 12 Moraul .. 12 Rhit Bhindi Budh Sen .. 12 Dumri Zamin .. 12 Majhauia .. 12 Mankaul .. 12 Jalalpur Birhan .. 12 Aktiarpur Chauama .. 12 Singhara khas .. 12 Bharatpur .. 12 Permanandpur Buerook .. 12 Takharpur Tal .. 12 Rhit Bhindi .. 12 Machhokhat alias Chak .. 12 Abdul Gani .. 12 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Sabu Lalit Narain Singh and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,006 13 6		Rs. A. P. 61 3 5	Land Revenue due up to list January 1906— 61 3 5

Muzaffarpur Collector's Office, the 27th February 1906.

R. G. KILBY, Offg. Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Bariera branch, T. S. Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 noon on the 26th day of April 1906, corresponding with the 17th Baisakh 1313 Fauti, at the Collectorate, Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than 8 feet from the same.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidder.

5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Board confirming the sale.

Consecutive number.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of malle on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Darbhanga	Pargana Nanpore, village Joglara.	22	North side	31 18 14	10 2 9	.....	.....	...	North—Gachhi Keshwar Jha and Jalant Jha, East Lal Jha, Bhagwat Singh and Sirdhar Singh. South—Railway line. East—Railway brick-field. West—Kasht Dhondha Singh and Mongal Pershad Singh.

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 27th February 1906.

NITYANANDA GHOSH, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estate situate in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding with 12th Chait 1312 B.S.

The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

Conditions of Sale.

1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price, which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary rights of Government in such estate will be transferred to him subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to the existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the law in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number in the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Total area of the village.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
Government share in mauza Kharsarai as contained in tauzi No. 2028.	Government share 4 annas 8 gandas 2 karnas and 2 kranties of village Kharsarai, thana Chanditola.	B. K. CR. 807 18 12	Rs. A. P. 791 4 4	

Chinsura, the 1st March 1906.

B. DE, for Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned mahals of which Government is the proprietor will be leased by public auction at noon of 12th March 1906 at the subdivisional, sutchery in Serampore. Successful bidders will be required to deposit the full amount of their bids when the amounts do not exceed Rs. 100; in other cases at least one-fourth of the bid:—

No.	Name and description of mahal.	Area.	Last year's rental.	Period for which present settlement will be made from 1st April 1906.
			Rs. A. P.	
1	Dankuny Fishery, i.e., fishery in the Dankuny Channel from Jhankary to Baidyabaty.	4 miles ...	1,005 0 0	1 year.
2	Ditto ditto ditto from Jhankary to Bally.	2 " ...	750 0 0	1 "
3	At the prescribed rates right to levy tolls on boats plying between (from Pakhirbagan to Bonderbill).	1 mile ...	2,725 0 0	1 "
4	Ditto ditto Jhankari to Bonderbill.	1 " ...	62 0 0	1 "
5	Pearapur Fishery, old Danish khal (Agarkhal) ...	1 " ...	165 0 0	1 "
6	Ditto ditto (Gororkhal) ...	1 " ...	6 0 0	1 "
7	Government share of the right to levy market tolls in Khorsorai Hat (share 4a. 8g. 3k. 3kt.)	3 bighas ...	2 0 0	1 "
8	Government share of the right to levy rent from the fisherman in Khorsorai Nadi.	1 mile ...	1 0 0	1 "
9	Kutrong Char, i.e., right to take sand from River Hooghly...	Not known ...	10 0 0	1 "
10	Belkully Boropookoor (tank) ...	B. K. CH. 1 9 0	60 0 0	3 years.
11	Relinquished B class land on the Tarakeshwar-Railway line	207 4 9	328 9 0	3 "
12	Belkully Nadi (fishery) ...	1 mile ...	3 0 0	1 year.

Serampore, the 27th February 1906.

(ILLEGIBLE), Subdivisional Officer, Serampore.

Notice.

N accordance with the rules framed under section 12 (b) of Act XVII of 1878 (The Northern India Ferry Act) (vide Central Provinces Secretariat letter No. 1804, dated the 21st February 1902), the annual auction of the ferry tolls of the following ferries in the Sambalpur district will be held on the dates mentioned against each at the Victoria District Hall, Sambalpur:—

NAME OF FERRY.	Period for which the right to collect tolls is to be auctioned.	Date of auction.
Turum (Brahmia) ...	From 1st June 1906 to 31st December 1906 ...	21st March 1906.
Mahulpaly ...	Whole year ...	21st " "
Bhutbed ...	From 1st June 1906 to 30th November 1906 ...	21st " "
Turum (Gond) ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	21st " "
Haldi ...	" 1st " " to 31st March 1907 ...	21st " "
Chakli ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Resam ...	" 1st " " to 15th January " " ...	21st " "
Khurgaon ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Moora ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Seraipaly ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Dhama ...	Whole year ...	22nd " "
Deogaon ...	From 1st June 1906 to 31st December 1906 ...	22nd " "
Baghra ...	" 1st " " to 30th November " " ...	22nd " "
Saplahra ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	22nd " "
Taldibi ...	" 1st " " to 15th December " " ...	22nd " "
Amdi ...	" 1st " " to 30th November " " ...	22nd " "
Tihura ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	22nd " "
Tahud ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	22nd " "
Rampella ...	" 1st " " to 31st December " " ...	22nd " "
Gondghora ...	" 1st " " to 15th October " " ...	22nd " "
Hansamara ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	22nd " "
Talpatia ...	" 1st " " to 30th November " " ...	23rd " "
Dantamura ...	" 1st " " to 15th October " " ...	23rd " "
Panchpara ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "
Tangarpaly ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "
Dbudalsingha ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "
Kherwal ...	" 1st " " to 31st December " " ...	23rd " "
Sudhamal ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Chantitakra ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Thelapaly ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Katikola ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Gandarpore ...	" 1st " " to 15th October " " ...	23rd " "
Kudopaly ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "

Sambalpur, the 26th February 1906.

J. N. SEN, Chairman, District Board, Sambalpur.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Patna will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 28th March 1906 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue. When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tazzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
160	Lakhanpur Vogaira, pargana Asimabad.	Rs. A. P. 1,350 13 1	.....	As. Daulatpur 2 Lakhanpur 2 Kutubpur 2 Kutubpur alias Hare-ohak 2 Raipur Haran 4 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mossamat Paremani Dasl Vogaira, Jada Nath Ghosh, Anubesh Kumar. Ditto. Mossamat Paremani Dasl and after her Lait Mohun Ghosh, the auction-purchaser.	Rs. A. P. 612 5 1	.....	Rs. A. P. 32 0 10
283	Deera Danapur Shah-sadpur, pargana Phulwari.	3,363 0 0	.....	14a. 14d. 6k. 8b. and 15 ph. 1jma1. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mir Kalim Vogaira ...	3,327 13 3	.....	540 10 10
302	Deera Marachi, par-gana Ghyaspur.	1,428 0 0	Entire ...	.....	Bahadur Lal Mokhtear, the auction-purchaser.	.....	237 0 0	.....

Patna Collectorate, the 3rd March 1906.

R. C. HAMILTON, for Collector.

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Tirhut, Muzaffarpur.

PRESENT :

E. P. Chapman, Esq.

EXECUTION CASE No. 39 of 1905.

Daneswar Misar and others, decree-holders, *versus* Syed Mohamad Ali, judgment-debtor.

THE following properties will be put up for sale by the Nazir of the District Judge's Court on the 15th March 1906, at 12 noon, for the realization of Rs. 1,38,685-9-3 and subsequent costs :—

Serial No.	Tazzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Extent of share.	Annual jama of the whole estate.	Annual jama of the judgment-debtor's share.	Thana and division.	District.	Extent of the whole area.	Extent of the area of the judgment-debtor's share.	Approximate value.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.					Rs.
1	950	Mahal Babhan Gawan, salli with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	0 8 0	308 1 1	104 8 6½	Sheohar, Sita-marhi.	Muzaffarpur...	689 acres 8 poles ...	358 acres ..	14,000
2	1087	Mahal Gopinathpur, salli with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	65 1 1	32 8 6½	"	"	594 acres 93 dec. according to survey.	363 acres ...	10,620
3	1214	Madhu Chapra, salli with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	88 6 5	43 3 2½	"	"	541 acres 40 dec. according to survey.	171 acres ...	6,446
4	1048	Basulpur Doyal, salli with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	33 0 0	16 0 0	"	"	351 acres 24 poles	176 acres approximately.	7,640
5	1086	Gambharis, salli with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	101 5 4	50 10 8	"	"	233 acres 2 roods 16 poles.	117 acres approximately.	4,686
6	940	Basant Khurd, salli with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	133 4 4	66 2 2	"	"	180 acres 25 poles	81 acres ...	3,640
7	951	Boktha, salli with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	66 10 5	30 5 2½	"	"	367 acres 1 rood 21 poles 40 dec.	144 acres ...	5,760
8	1078	Kasapur, salli with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	134 6 5	67 3 2½	"	"	444 acres 13 poles	223 acres ...	8,920

Tirhut Judge's Office, the 1st March 1906.

(223—2)

E. P. CHAPMAN, District Judge.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned mahals of which Government is the proprietor will be leased by public auction at noon of 12th March 1906 at the subdivisional, cutchery in Serampore. Successful bidders will be required to deposit the full amount of their bids when the amounts do not exceed Rs. 100; in other cases at least one-fourth of the bid:—

No.	Name and description of mahal.	Area.	Last year's rental.	Period for which present settlement will be made from 1st April 1906.
			Rs. A. P.	
1	Dankuny Fishery, i.e., fishery in the Dankuny Channel from Jhankary to Baidyabaty.	4 miles ...	1,005 0 0	1 year.
2	Ditto ditto ditto from Jhankary to Bally.	2 „ ...	750 0 0	1 „
3	At the prescribed rates right to levy tolls on boats plying between (from Pakhirbagan to Bonderbill).	1 mile ...	2,725 0 0	1 „
4	Ditto ditto Jhankery to Bonderbill.	1 „ ...	62 0 0	1 „
5	Pearapur Fishery, old Danish khal (Agarkhal) ...	1 „ ...	185 0 0	1 „
6	Ditto ditto (Gororkhal) ...	1 „ ...	6 0 0	1 „
7	Government share of the right to levy market tolls in Khorsorai Hat (share 4a. 8g. 8k. 8kt.)	3 bighas ...	2 0 0	1 „
8	Government share of the right to levy rent from the fisherman in Khorsorai Nadi.	1 mile ...	1 0 0	1 „
9	Kutrong Char, i.e., right to take sand from River Hooghly...	Not known ...	10 0 0	1 „
10	Belkully Boropookoor (tank) ...	B. K. CH. 1 9 0	60 0 0	3 years.
11	Relinquished B class land on the Tarakesshur-Railway line	207 4 9	828 9 0	3 „
12	Belkully Nadi (fishery) ...	1 mile ...	8 0 0	1 year.

Serampore, the 27th February 1906.

(ILLEGIBLE), Subdivisional Officer, Serampore.

Notice.

IN accordance with the rules framed under section 12 (b) of Act XVII of 1878 (The Northern India Ferry Act) (vide Central Provinces Secretariat letter No. 1804, dated the 21st February 1902), the annual auction of the ferry tolls of the following ferries in the Sambalpur district will be held on the dates mentioned against each at the Victoria District Hall, Sambalpur:—

NAME OF FERRY.	Period for which the right to collect tolls is to be auctioned.	Date of auction.
Turum (Brahmin) ...	From 1st June 1906 to 31st December 1906 ...	21st March 1906.
Mahulpaly ...	Whole year ...	21st „ „
Bhutbed ...	From 1st June 1906 to 30th November 1906 ...	21st „ „
Turum (Gond) ...	„ 1st „ „ to 30th „ „ ...	21st „ „
Haldi ...	„ 1st „ „ to 31st March 1907 ...	21st „ „
Chakli ...	„ 1st „ „ to 31st „ „ ...	21st „ „
Besam ...	„ 1st „ „ to 15th January „ „ ...	21st „ „
Khurgaon ...	„ 1st „ „ to 31st „ „ ...	21st „ „
Moora ...	„ 1st „ „ to 31st „ „ ...	21st „ „
Seraipaly ...	„ 1st „ „ to 31st „ „ ...	21st „ „
Dhama ...	Whole year ...	22nd „ „
Deogaon ...	From 1st June 1906 to 31st December 1906 ...	22nd „ „
Baghra ...	„ 1st „ „ to 30th November „ „ ...	22nd „ „
Saplahra ...	„ 1st „ „ to 30th „ „ ...	22nd „ „
Taldihi ...	„ 1st „ „ to 15th December „ „ ...	22nd „ „
Amdi ...	„ 1st „ „ to 30th November „ „ ...	22nd „ „
Tihura ...	„ 1st „ „ to 30th „ „ ...	22nd „ „
Tahud ...	„ 1st „ „ to 30th „ „ ...	22nd „ „
Rampella ...	„ 1st „ „ to 31st December „ „ ...	22nd „ „
Gondghora ...	„ 1st „ „ to 15th October „ „ ...	22nd „ „
Hansamura ...	„ 1st „ „ to 15th „ „ ...	22nd „ „
Talpatia ...	„ 1st „ „ to 30th November „ „ ...	23rd „ „
Dantamura ...	„ 1st „ „ to 15th October „ „ ...	23rd „ „
Panchpara ...	„ 1st „ „ to 15th „ „ ...	23rd „ „
Tangarpaly ...	„ 1st „ „ to 15th „ „ ...	23rd „ „
Dhudalasingha ...	„ 1st „ „ to 15th „ „ ...	23rd „ „
Kherwal ...	„ 1st „ „ to 31st December „ „ ...	23rd „ „
Sudhamal ...	„ 1st „ „ to 31st „ „ ...	23rd „ „
Chantidkra ...	„ 1st „ „ to 31st „ „ ...	23rd „ „
Thelapaly ...	„ 1st „ „ to 31st „ „ ...	23rd „ „
Katikola ...	„ 1st „ „ to 31st „ „ ...	23rd „ „
Gandarpore ...	„ 1st „ „ to 15th October „ „ ...	23rd „ „
Kudopaly ...	„ 1st „ „ to 15th „ „ ...	23rd „ „

Sambalpur, the 26th February 1906.

J. N. SEN, Chairman, District Board, Sambalpur.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1862, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Patna will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 28th March 1906 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue. When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
180	Lakhanpur Vogaira, pargana Asimabad.	Rs. A. P. 1,380 13 1	.....	As. Daulatpur 2 Lakhanpur 2 Kutubpur 2 Kutubpur <i>alias</i> Hare-chak 2 Raipur Hassan 4 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Musamat Paremani Dasi Vogaira. Jadu Nath Ghosh. Audhoab Kumar. Ditto, Musamat Paremani Dasi and after her Lalit Mohun Ghosh, the auction-purchaser.	Rs. A. P. 612 5 1	.....	Rs. A. P. 22 0 10
282	Deera Danapur Shahzadpur, pargana Phulwari.	3,593 0 0	.....	14a. 14d. 6k. 8b. and 18 ph., ijmal. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mir Kalim Vogaira ...	3,297 13 3	.....	549 10 10
392	Deera Marachi, pargana Ghyaspur.	1,423 0 0	Entire ...	.....	Bahadur Lal Mokhtaar, the auction-purchaser.	.....	287 0 0	.....

Patna Collectorate, the 3rd March 1906.

R. C. HAMILTON, for Collector.

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Tirhut, Muzaffarpur.

PRESENT:

E. P. Chapman, Esq.

EXECUTION CASE No. 39 of 1905.

Baneswar Misar and others, decree-holders, *versus* Syed Mohamad Ali, judgment-debtor.

The following properties will be put up for sale by the Nazir of the District Judge's Court on the 15th March 1906, at 12 noon, for the realization of Rs. 1,38,686-9-3 and subsequent costs:—

Serial No.	Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Extent of share.	Annual jama of the whole estate.	Annual jama of the judgment-debtor's share.	Thana and division.	District.	Extent of the whole area.	Extent of the area of the judgment-debtor's share.	Approximate value.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.					Rs.
1	950	Mahal Babhan Gawan, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	0 8 0	209 1 1	104 8 6½	Sheohar, Sita-marhi.	Muzaffarpur...	699 acres 8 poles ...	359 acres ..	14,000
2	1087	Mahal Gopinathpur, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	65 1 1	32 8 6½	"	"	524 acres 63 dec. according survey.	263 acres ...	10,520
3	1114	Madhu Chapra, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	88 6 5	43 3 2½	"	"	341 acres 40 dec. according survey.	171 acres ...	6,540
4	1048	Basulpur Doyal, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	32 0 0	16 0 0	"	"	351 acres 24 poles	176 acres approximately.	7,040
5	1086	Gambharis, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	101 5 4	50 10 8	"	"	238 acres 2 roods 16 poles.	117 acres approximately.	4,680
6	940	Basant Khurd, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	182 4 4	66 2 2	"	"	180 acres 25 poles	91 acres ...	3,640
7	951	Boktha, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	66 10 5	30 5 2½	"	"	287 acres 1 rood 21 poles 40 dec.	144 acres ...	5,780
8	1078	Kasapur, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	134 8 5	67 3 2½	"	"	444 acres 13 poles	222 acres ...	8,920

Tirhut Judge's Office, the 1st March 1906.

(223-2)

E. P. CHAPMAN, District Judge.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned mahals of which Government is the proprietor will be leased by public auction at noon of 12th March 1906 at the subdivisional entohery in Serampore. Successful bidders will be required to deposit the full amount of their bids when the amounts do not exceed Rs. 100; in other cases at least one-fourth of the bid:—

No.	Name and description of mahal.	Area.	Last year's rental.	Period for which present settlement will be made from 1st April 1906.
			Rs. A. P.	
1	Dankuny Fishery, i.e., fishery in the Dankuny Channel from Jhankary to Baldyabaty.	4 miles ...	1,005 0 0	1 year.
2	Ditto ditto ditto from Jhankary to Bally.	2 " ...	750 0 0	1 "
3	At the prescribed rates right to levy tolls on boats plying between (from Pakhirbagan to Bonderbill).	1 mile ...	2,725 0 0	1 "
4	Ditto ditto Jhankari to Bonderbill.	1 " ...	62 0 0	1 "
5	Pearapur Fishery, old Danish khal (Agarkhal) ...	1 " ...	165 0 0	1 "
6	Ditto ditto (Gororkhal) ...	1 " ...	6 0 0	1 "
7	Government share of the right to levy market tolls in Khorsorai Hat (share 4a. 8q. 8k. 8kt.)	3 bighas ...	2 0 0	1 "
8	Government share of the right to levy rent from the fisherman in Khorsorai Nadi.	1 mile ...	1 0 0	1 "
9	Kntrong Char, i.e., right to take sand from River Hooghly...	Not known ...	10 0 0	1 "
10	Belkully Boropookoor (tank) ...	B. K. CH. 1 9 0	60 0 0	3 years.
11	Relinquished B class land on the Tarakesshur-Railway line	207 4 9	325 9 0	3 "
12	Belkully Nadi (fishery) ...	1 mile ...	3 0 0	1 year.

Serampore, the 27th February 1906.

(ILLEGIBLE), Subdivisional Officer, Serampore.

Notice.

IN accordance with the rules framed under section 12 (b) of Act XVII of 1878 (The Northern India Ferry Act) (vide Central Provinces Secretariat letter No. 1804, dated the 21st February 1902), the annual auction of the ferry tolls of the following ferries in the Sambalpur district will be held on the dates mentioned against each at the Victoria District Hall, Sambalpur:—

NAME OF FERRY.	Period for which the right to collect tolls is to be auctioned.	Date of auction.
Turam (Brahmin) ...	From 1st June 1906 to 31st December 1906 ...	21st March 1906.
Mahulpaly ...	Whole year ...	21st " "
Bhutbed ...	From 1st June 1906 to 30th November 1906 ...	21st " "
Turam (Gond) ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	21st " "
Baldi ...	" 1st " " to 31st March 1907 ...	21st " "
Chakli ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Resam ...	" 1st " " to 15th January " ...	21st " "
Khurgaon ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Moora ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Seraipaly ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Dhama ...	Whole year ...	22nd " "
Deogaon ...	From 1st June 1906 to 31st December 1906 ...	22nd " "
Baghra ...	" 1st " " to 30th November " ...	22nd " "
Saplahra ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	22nd " "
Talidibi ...	" 1st " " to 15th December " ...	22nd " "
Amidi ...	" 1st " " to 30th November " ...	22nd " "
Tihura ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	22nd " "
Tahud ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	22nd " "
Rampella ...	" 1st " " to 31st December " ...	22nd " "
Gondghora ...	" 1st " " to 15th October " ...	22nd " "
Hansamura ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	22nd " "
Talpatia ...	" 1st " " to 30th November " ...	23rd " "
Dantamura ...	" 1st " " to 15th October " ...	23rd " "
Panchpara ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "
Tangarpaly ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "
Dhudalaingha ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "
Kharwal ...	" 1st " " to 31st December " ...	23rd " "
Sudhamal ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Chantitihra ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Thakpaly ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Katikela ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Gandarpore ...	" 1st " " to 15th October " ...	23rd " "
Kudopaly ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "

Sambalpur, the 26th February 1906.

J. N. San, Chairman, District Board, Sambalpur.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Patna will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 28th March 1906 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue. When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tansi No.	Names of mahal and pargana.	Bedar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the bedar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
160	Lakhanpur Vogaira, pargana Asimabad.	Rs. A. P. 1,380 13 1	.....	Danlatpur 2 Lakhanpur 2 Kutubpur 2 Kutubpur <i>alias</i> Har-ohak 3 Raipur Haeran 4 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Musamat Parmani Dasi Vogaira, Jadu Nath Ghosh, Audhesh Kumar. Ditto, Musamat Parmani Dasi and after her Lalit Mohan Ghosh, the auction-purchaser.	Rs. A. P. 612 8 1	.....	Rs. A. P. 22 6 10
282	Deera Danapur Shah-sadpur, pargana Phulwari.	8,393 0 0	.....	14a. 74d. 6k. 8h. and 15 ph., 1/2mal. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mir Kalim Vogaira ...	3,297 12 3	.....	549 10 10
392	Deera Marachi, pargana Ghyaspur.	1,428 0 0	Entire ...	.....	Bahadur Lal Mokhtear, the auction-purchaser.	.....	287 0 0	.....

Patna Collectorate, the 3rd March 1906.

R. C. HAMILTON, for Collector.

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Tirhut, Muzaffarpur.

PRESENT :

E. P. Chapman, Esq.

EXECUTION CASE No. 39 of 1905.

Baneswar Misar and others, decree-holders, *versus* Syed Mohamad Ali, judgment-debtor.

THE following properties will be put up for sale by the Nazir of the District Judge's Court on the 15th March 1906, at 12 noon, for the realization of Rs. 1,38,685-9-3 and subsequent costs :—

Serial No.	Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Extent of share.	Annual jama of the whole estate.	Annual jama of the judgment-debtor's share.	Thana and division.	District.	Extent of the whole area.	Extent of the area of the judgment-debtor's share.	Approximate value.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.					Rs.
1	980	Mahal Bahhen Gawan, sari with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	0 8 0	308 1 1	104 8 6 1/2	Sheohar, Sita-marhi.	Muzaffarpur...	609 acres 8 poles ...	336 acres ..	14,000
2	1087	Mahal Gopinathpur, sari with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	65 1 1	32 8 6 1/2	"	"	594 acres 83 dec. according to survey.	283 acres ...	10,820
3	1114	Madhu Chapra, sari with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	68 6 5	43 3 2 1/2	"	"	341 acres 40 dec. according to survey.	171 acres ...	6,546
4	1046	Basailpur Doyal, sari with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	58 0 0	18 0 0	"	"	351 acres 24 poles	176 acres ap. proximately.	7,046
5	1086	Gambharis, sari with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	101 6 4	50 10 8	"	"	238 acres 2 roods 16 poles.	117 acres ap. proximately.	4,680
6	949	Basant Khurd, sari with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	132 4 4	68 8 2	"	"	180 acres 25 poles	81 acres ...	3,640
7	951	Boktha, sari with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	60 10 5	30 5 2 1/2	"	"	287 acres 1 rood 21 poles 40 dec.	144 acres ...	5,760
8	1078	Kacopur, sari with dakhil with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	134 6 5	67 3 2 1/2	"	"	444 acres 13 poles	222 acres ..	8,920

Tirhut Judge's Office, the 1st March 1906.

(223—2)

E. P. CHAPMAN, District Judge.

In the 1st Court of the Subordinate Judge at Chapra, Saran.

EXECUTION CASE No. 283 of 1906.

Syed Mahomed Mehdi Hassan Khan, decree-holder, *versus* Babu Gangadhar Prasad Narain Singh, judgment-debtor.

THE right, title and interest of the judgment-debtor will be sold on the 12th March 1906 by this Court, and the description of the properties to be sold is as follows:—

Tauzi No.	Name of mauza, mahal and pargana.	Khasra.	Jama sadar.	Thana.	Registry office.	Estimated value.
		A. F. K. M. D.	Rs. A. P.			Rs.
113	Mauza Bawandih, mahal Harnathpur, pargana Ander.	2 9 0 0 0	849 4 7	Darawli	Darawli	50
113	Mauza Karnawal, mahal Harnathpur, pargana Ander.	2 0 0 0 0	849 4 7	Do.	Do.	50
113	Mauza Harnathpur, mahal Harnathpur, pargana Ander.	2 0 0 0 0	849 4 7	Do.	Do.	50
113	Mauza Argan, mahal Harnathpur, pargana Ander.	4 0 0 0 0	849 4 7	Do.	Do.	50
113	Mauza Muhammadpur, mahal Harnathpur, pargana Ander.	1 9 0 0 0	849 4 7	Do.	Do.	50
113	Mauza Tiary, mahal Harnathpur, pargana Ander.	0 7 10 0 0	849 4 7	Do.	Do.	50
3483	Mauza Kasith Turehi, mahal Harpur, pargana Madhal.	2 1 13 5 0	1,343 15 64	Do.	Do.	50
3483	Mauza Harpur Dyal Kurmi, mahal Harpur, pargana Madhal.	0 4 4 9 9	1,343 15 64	Do.	Do.	50
...	Mauza Dipaco, mahal Harpur, pargana Madhal	2 0 0 0 0	1,343 15 64	Do.	Do.	50

Chapra, the 20th February 1906.

(209—1)

SARODA PRASAD BASU, Subordinate Judge.

In the 1st Court of the Subordinate Judge at Chapra, Saran.

EXECUTION CASE No. 9 of 1906.

Syed Mahomed Mehdi Hassan Khan and others, decree-holders, *versus* Mahomed Makki and others, judgment-debtors.

THE right, title and interest of the judgment-debtors will be sold on the 12th March 1906 by this Court, and the description of the properties to be sold is as follows:—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal.	Khasra.	Jama sadar.	Thana.	Registry office.	Estimated value.
		A. F. K.	Rs.			Rs.
1816	Mauza Sigahi, appertaining to mahal Chirand, pargana Chirand, aali with dakhli with tola.	2 0 0	685	Chapra	Chapra	100
1816	Mauza Mudanpatti, appertaining to mahal Chirand, pargana Chirand, aali with dakhli with tola concerned.	2 0 0	685	Do.	Do.	50
1816	Mauza Mohrowli, appertaining to mahal Chirand, pargana Chirand, aali with dakhli with tola concerned.	4 0 0	685	Do.	Do.	50
1816	Mauza Rasulpur, appertaining to mahal Chirand, pargana Chirand, aali with dakhli with tola concerned.	2 9 10	685	Do.	Do.	100
1816	Mauza Chirka-abad, appertaining to mahal Chirand, pargana Chirand, aali with dakhli with tola concerned.	2 9 10	685	Do.	Do.	200
1816	Mauza Jasoteea-Baridpur, appertaining to mahal Chirand, pargana Chirand, aali with dakhli with tola concerned.	2 0 0	685	Do.	Do.	100

Chapra, the 20th February 1906.

(210—1)

SARODA PRASAD BASU, Subordinate Judge.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 27th February 1906.

LIABILITIES				ASSETS.			
		Rs.	A. P.			Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up	—	2,90,00,000	0 0	Government securities	...	1,23,45,504	0 0
Reserve Fund	—	1,40,00,000	0 0	Other authorised investments	...	55,41,825	8 0
Public Deposits at Head Office	...	81,06,163	11 10	Loans on Government and other authorised securities	...	4,67,15,182	11 6
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	90,96,805	7 0	Accounts of credit on ditto ditto	...	8,52,84,671	5 1
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	90,78,06,808	0 2	Bills discounted and purchased	...	2,50,99,567	14 0
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	8,12,338	9 6	Balances with other Banks	...	15,26,911	7 1
Sundries	...	15,15,813	10 0	Bullion	...	18,75,491	11 8
				Dead Stock	...	14,805	18 2
				Stamps	...	7,00,855	1 2
				Sundries	...		
						12,98,53,755	7 8
				Cash & Currency Notes at Head Office	...	9 3	
				Cash & Currency Notes at Branches	...	1,75,26,807	5 7
						4,14,83,678	14 10
Rupees	...	17,08,37,429	6 6	Rupees	...	17,08,37,429	6 6

* Includes Sova. & ½ Sova., value Rs. 53,840 0 0
 + Do. do. do. " 2,74,485 0 0
 Rs. 3,27,825 0 0

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 1st March 1906.

C. M. BASTIN, Offg. Chief Accountant.
Rate for Demand Loans, 9 per cent.
Presenting* 80-31.

By order of the Directors,
W. D. CRUICKSHANK,
Secretary and Treasurer.
(213-1)

In the 1st Court of the Subordinate Judge at Alipore.

PRESENT:

Babu Bipinbihari Mukerjee, M.A. B.L., Bai Bahadoor.

EXECUTION CASE No. 237 of 1905.

A. B. Miller, Official Trustee of Bengal, decree-holder, *versus* Kunjubihari Sen, Administrator *ad litem* to the estate of late William Forbes Mitchell and others judgment-debtors.

THE following property will be put up to sale by the Nazir of the District Judge's Court on 12th March 1906 at 12 noon for the realization of Rs. 93,943-12-6 and subsequent costs:—

Schedule of Mortgage properties.

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Garden Reach, in the Suburbs of Calcutta, in the registration district and sub-district of Alipore and thana Sonai Bazar, being a portion of the premises known as the Asai Munsil, holding No. 19, Shahabun Bagicha, and which contains an area of thirty-three bighas fourteen cottas and four chittaks by admeasurement, and is bounded on the north by the River Hooghly, on the east by the Aripnagar Lane, on the south by the Garden Reach Road, and on the west by a straight line drawn from the drain on the Garden Reach Road at a point thirteen feet from the culvert on the west side of the gate, giving access to the said premises and to the River Hooghly, together with all buildings and erections thereon.

BIPINBIHARI MUKERJEE, Sub-Judge.
Alipore, the 17th February 1906. (162-3)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Rajmahal.

EXECUTION CASE No. 3 of 1904.

Ramani Mohan Sinha and Saurindra Mohan Sinha of Khanjarpur, in the town of Bhagalpur, decree-holders, *versus* Rani Radha Pearl Debt, Kumar Jogendra Narayan Singha and Kumar Debendra Narayan Singha, of Mohespur, subdivision Pakur, district Sonthal Parganas, judgment-debtors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the property mentioned below will be sold in an auction sale held by this

Court at Rajmahal at noon on the 15th March 1906 for realization of the decretal amount, Rs. 84,804-18. The property is approximately valued at Rs. 7,000 and is not liable to any incumbrance. The patni right in 6 annas 8 gundas share in Kankjole, taraf Ashila Mahabatpur, including all the mauzas and all the right, title and interest therein of the judgment-debtors, bearing tauzi No. 110 in the Collectorate of Dumka in pargana Kankjole, subdivision and sub-registry office Rajmahal, district Sonthal Parganas, the Government revenue payable annually for the 16 annas share being Rs. 2,663-11. The patni rent for the said 6 annas 8 gundas share being Rs. 4,800 a year is payable to the zamindar, Babu Nak Cheddi Lal, of Kashba Purnes in the district of Purnea.

D. C. PATTERSON, Sub-Judge.
Rajmahal, the 20th February 1906. (177-3)

Notification of Sale.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to a decree and order of the Calcutta High Court, made in suit No. 868 of 1904 (Beuode Lal Roy and others *versus* Sheikh Abdul Rouff), and dated, respectively, the 16th day of January 1906 and 18th day of November 1906, by the Registrar of the said Court, Original Jurisdiction, in his sale-room in the Court-house on Saturday, the 31st day of March 1906, at 12 o'clock noon, the following property of the defendant:—

Lot I.—All that tenanted lakhraj land, containing by estimation 3 bighas 9 cottaks and 8 chittaks, more or less, in taluk Sutanuty in Calcutta, being No. 22 (formerly 17) Musjeed Barea Street, and bounded on the north partly by Musjeed Barea Street and partly by premises Nos. 21 and 20 Musjeed Barea Street, on the south partly by a Municipal sewer ditch and partly by the tenanted land of Alloo Talub and partly by the tenanted land of Haree Khan, on the east partly by Musjeed Barea Street and partly by a Municipal sewer ditch, on the west partly by Musjeed Barea Street and partly by the premises Nos. 21 and 20 Musjeed Barea Street and partly by the tenanted land of Haree Khan.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be seen at the Office of the said Registrar and at No. 8 Old Post Office Street, the Office of Mr. S. C. Ghose, Attorney for the plaintiffs, on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

W. R. FINX, Registrar.
S. C. Ghose, plaintiff's Attorney.
The 13th day of February 1906. (174-1-3)

In the Court of the Certificate Officer of Bankura.

CERTIFICATE CASE No. 587 of 1905-06.

Secretary of State for India in Council, decree-holder, *versus* Srimatya Rani Ananda Kumari Debye, judgment-debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned property of the judgment-debtor will be sold at a public sale in the Court premises by the Certificate Officer of Bankura, on the 28th March 1906 at 12 noon for the realisation of Rs. 1,827-4-3 in execution of the above decree.

Thana Bankura, Estate Ohhatna, bearing tansi No. 988 of the Bankura Collectorate. Revenue payable for the mahal Rs. 2,287-1.

SYED M. RAHAMAN, for Collector.

Bankura Collectorate, the 14th February 1906.

(167-8)

In the 1st Court of the Subordinate Judge at Chapra, Saran.

EXECUTION CASE No. 53 of 1906.

Hiralal Sahu and others, decree-holders, *versus* Musamat Bhagwati Kuor, judgment-debtor.

THE right, title and interest of the judgment-debtor will be sold on the 13th March 1906 by this Court, and the description of the properties to be sold is as follows:—

(a) Sixteen annas share in mauza Siraha, tappa Hawalee, pagana Mehri, asli with dakhli, Registry Office Motihari, tansi No. (old) 571 and (new) 855, jama sadar Rs. 1,028-7-3, estimated value Rs. 40,000, without encumbrance.

(b) Sixteen annas share in mauza Parewa, tappa Sirowna-pargana Mehri, asli with dakhli, Registry Office Motihari, tansi No. (old) 876, (new) 391, jama sadar Rs. 295-3-3, estimated value Rs. 10,000 without encumbrance.

SARODA PRASAD BASU,
Subordinate Judge.

Chapra, the 20th February 1906.

(211-1)

Notification.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to a decree and an order of the Calcutta High Court, Original Side, made in suit No. 199 of 1900 (wherein Sreemntty Sorojini Daboe and another are plaintiffs and Jadunath Mukherjee and others are defendants), and dated, respectively, the 13th day of April 1901 and the 26th day of January 1904, by the Registrar of the said Court in his sale-room in the Court house on Saturday, the 31st day of March 1906, at the hour of 12 o'clock in the forenoon, the undermentioned property belonging to the defendants:—

Nos. 2 and 2-1 Kali Das Singhee's Lane, with a lower-roomed brick-built house standing thereon with land containing by estimation about 16 cottsha 15 chitaks and 36 square feet, more or less, situate, lying at and being in Block No. XIII, Holding No. 178 of the town of Calcutta, and bounded on the north by the house of Jadunath Dass, on the east by the tenanted land of Hurriah Chunder Ghose, deceased, on the south partly by the dwelling-house of Shib Nath Roy, partly by the dwelling-house of Sreeram Bandopadhyay, partly by the dwelling-house of Gobindo Chunder Ghose and partly by the tenanted house of Raj Narain Chuckerbutty, and on the west by Kali Das Singhee's Lane aforesaid.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the undersigned or at the office of Babu Amarnath Ghose, Attorney for the plaintiffs, at No. 10 Hastings Street on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

W. R. FINN, Registrar.

Amarnath Ghose, plaintiff's Attorney.

High Court, Original Side, dated this 15th day of February 1906.

(172-1-6)

Estate Anatole William Thomas des Alliaux de Crettes, I.C.S., deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims against the estate of the deceased above named are hereby required to send in writing the particulars thereof to Messrs. King, Hamilton & Co., 4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street, Calcutta, on or before the 10th day of April 1906, after which date the undersigned will distribute the assets of the estate of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which he has then had notice.

And notice is hereby further given that the undersigned will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim he shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.

A. J. KEE,

Administrator with Will annexed of the Property and Credits of the deceased,
4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street, Calcutta.

Dated this 20th day of February 1906. (171-3-2)

Lost Receipt

A RECEIPT numbered 3396, dated 21st February 1906, and granted by Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, on submission of the undermentioned Government Promissory Note. Notice of loss has been given to the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and the undersigned is about to apply for surrender of the security:—

G. P. Note No.	Loan.	Amount.	Holder's name.
		Rs.	
(87058 of } 1854-55. }	3½ per cent.	1,000	Mohinee Debye.

Name of Proprietor—Mohinee Debys.
Residence—5 Protap Chatterjee's Lane.

(214-1-5)

Excise Notification.

HOLDERS of licenses for—

- (1) the wholesale vend of imported spirituous and fermented liquors,
- (2) the retail vend of imported spirituous and fermented liquors by bottle only and not to be drunk on the premises,
- (3) both wholesale and retail vend of the above liquors combined in a single license,
- (4) the retail vend of imported spirituous and fermented liquors on board the steamers and dining cars,
- (5) hotels, restaurants and their subsidiary Bar and late closing licenses,
- (6) the sale of imported medicated wines by druggists and chemists (to be sold by bottle only and not to be drunk on the premises),
- (7) the sale or use of methylated spirits,
- (8) the sale of cocaine and poppy-heads and siddhi and its preparation by druggists and chemists,
- (9) the sale of opium and its preparation under "Druggists' permit" by chemists and druggists,
- (10) pachawai for home consumption,

are hereby requested to apply, by the second week of March 1906, for the renewal of their licenses for the next official year 1906-07.

The application for renewal in each case should bear a court-fee stamp of one anna.

All current licenses must be returned on the 31st March 1906. New licenses of the descriptions mentioned under heads (2), (3) and (5) can be issued only on production of the usual certificate from the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, to the effect that the renewal is free from objection.

NIKHIL NATH RAY,

for Superintendent of Excise Revenue,
Calcutta, the Suburbs, Howrah and Bali.

Calcutta Collectorate, the 27th February 1906.

Calcutta Collectorate.

NOTICE

IT is hereby given that from the next financial year the number of Distillers at the Bansa Distillery in the district of 24-Parganas will be reduced to not more than 10 from the existing number 22, and that preference will be given to men of capital who are prepared to adopt new methods of distillation and introduce improvements in fermentation and storage for both of which introduction of large vats will be insisted upon. Persons willing to apply for licenses may consult the Superintendent of the said distillery about the improvements proposed to be introduced in distillation, fermentation and storage.

Applications for such licenses should be made to the undersigned within the first 15 days of January 1906.

M. GUPTA,

Superintendent of Excise Revenue.

Calcutta, the 28th August 1905.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the District Board of Darbhanga have, at their special meeting held on 24th January 1906, resolved that half an anna per rupee on the annual value of lands be fixed as the rate of road cess in the district during the ensuing year 1906-07.

W. B. HAYCOCK, Chairman, District Board.

Darbhanga District Board's Office, the 13th February 1906. (154-3)

IT is hereby notified for general information that under section 48 of Act III (B.O.) of 1885 the District Board of Murshidabad have, at a special meeting held on 24th February 1906, determined that the Road Cess for the next year 1906-07 shall be levied at the maximum rate, i.e., six paise in the rupee on the annual value lands and net profits on mines.

C. K. MAJUMDAR, Vice-Chairman.

Murshidabad District Board Office, dated Berhampore, the 26th February 1906.

NOTICE.

Zamindari Dak Cess, Howrah District.

UNDER orders of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, the demand of Zamindari DAK Cess for the list ending the 28th June 1906 for the estates situated in this district has been remitted.

A. K. CHAUDHURI, for Collector.

Howrah, the 27th February 1906.

Treasure Trove.

IT is hereby notified, under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that on the 21st of October, treasure consisting of the undermentioned articles and valued at Rs. 136-14-11 was found by (1) Akkuru Asirigadu, (2) Akkuru Panigadu, (3) Akkuru Chinna Asirigadu, (4) Pandhi Bothedu; (5) Akkuru Kantadu, (6) Pandhi Gudedu, (7) Bariki Yerrigadu of Kavita Kampa (Parlakemedi) in the Parlakemedi taluq, Ganjam district, Madras Presidency, while digging in the field of Chendrasekhara Jema of Parlakemedi.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Ganjam at his office at Chatrapore on the 4th July 1906, in order that the matter may be enquired into or determined according to law—

Description of Treasure.

Value.

Rs. A. P.

- | | | | |
|--|-----|----|---|
| (1) 5 gold coins and a piece of gold, all weighing 5 tolas nearly. | 120 | 0 | 0 |
| (2) 17 silver coins, weighing 16½ tolas | 11 | 2 | 9 |
| (3) 2 silver bangles, weighing 8½ tolas | 5 | 12 | 2 |

Total ... 136 14 11

(ILLUSTRATE),

for Ag. Collector & Dt. Magis.

Chatrapore, the 17th February 1906.

Notice

IT is hereby given that the system under which salt cannot be transported beyond certain limits in Bengal except under a special *rawana* will be abolished with effect from the 1st April 1906. All duty on salt reduced from saltpetre in Calcutta and its environs should, on and after the 1st April 1906, be paid by the licensee on behalf of the purchaser of the salt into the Calcutta Collectorate Treasury by chalan in duplicate. One copy of the chalan will remain with the Treasury Officer of the Calcutta Collectorate, and the other will be handed over to the person remitting the duty. On receipt of the chalan the Sub-Inspector in charge of the refineries will issue the salt. The advice list showing the receipt of the duty which has hitherto been forwarded to the Board of Revenue by the Treasury Officer will no longer be necessary.

C. O. MITTAL, Pers. Asst., for Commissioner.

Calcutta, the 21st February 1906.

Irrigation Department.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the Main Western Canal from the 12th mile to end and the distributaries therefrom of the Sone Canals will be closed to irrigation and navigation from the 28th March to 24th June 1906 or such earlier date as the Sone floods may set in.

H. H. STEVENS, Under-Secretary.

Calcutta, the 3rd March 1906.

Wanted

A TRANSLATOR for the Court of the District Judge of the 24-Parganas on a salary of Rs. 80 rising to Rs. 100. High qualifications and a thorough knowledge of the routine business of the Civil Courts are indispensable. Applications from other persons will not be entertained.

Applications with copies of certificates will be received by the undersigned up to 9th March 1906.

C. P. CASPERSE, District Judge, 24-Parganas.

Alipore, the 20th February 1906.

Wanted.

TO fill a vacancy in the permanent establishment of Store-keeper in the Patna Opium Factory, a young European or Eurasian of good education and physique. Pay rising from Rs. 80 to Rs. 260 a month by a system of time-scale promotion. Age not to exceed 25 years. The person appointed will be called upon to give security for Rs. 500. Apply with testimonials to the Opium Agent, Bihar, Bankipore, on or before the 15th March 1906.

JOHN CHRISTIAN,

Factory Superintendent.

Patna Opium Factory, the 1st March 1906.

Wanted.

A B COURSE Graduate as Science Teacher of the Pakur Raj Aided H. E. School on a monthly salary of Rs. 60 (fifty). Five years' experience in the art of teaching is indispensable. Preference will be given to a candidate with honours in Mathematics. Apply with testimonials to the undersigned on or before 15th March 1906.

MUHAMMAD SHANABUDDIN KHAN,

Honorary Secretary, Pakur Raj H. E. School, Sonthal Parganas.

Pakur, the 27th February 1906.

(207--1)

WANTED a Clerk on Rs. 20 a month. None need apply who has not passed the Entrance Examination and cannot write a good and fast hand in English. Apply personally with testimonials to the undersigned up to 14th March 1906.

BENARI LAL MUKHARJI,

Land Acquisition Deputy Collector.

301 Grand Trunk Road, Sibpur.

WANTED for the Executive Engineer's Office,
Chittagong Division—

A Computer on a salary of Rs. 70 rising to Rs. 90,
and
A Draftsman on a salary of Rs. 40 rising to Rs. 60,
per mensem.

Applications to reach the Executive Engineer, Chittagong, before the 1st April.

Notice.

WANTED by the District Board of Burdwan a
passed Overseer on a salary of Rs. 60 per mensem
with double intermediate fare when travelling by rail.
Applicants must be qualified under the rules. He
must have some experience of building works. Appli-
cations with copies of testimonials will be received by
the undersigned up to 15th March 1906.

HARIDAS PAL, B.C.E.,

District Engineer, Burdwan.

Burdwan, the 27th February 1906. (206—2)

Notice.

WANTED a Muhammadan graduate temporarily
for the post of a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the
district of Jessore on a salary of Rs. 50 a month.
Preference will be given to those who have passed the
English Teachership Certificate Examination. Appli-
cations with copies of testimonials should be sent to the
undersigned on or before the 30th instant.

P. MUKERJEE,

Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division.

12, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, the 1st March 1906.

TABAKESWAR PAL CHOWDHURY, B.L.,
intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court
(166—4—1390)

SATYENDRA NATH MOOKERJEE, B.L., intends
to be enrolled as a Vakil of the Calcutta High
Court.
(165—4—1386)

Commercial Intelligence Department.

APPPLICATIONS are invited for the following
appointments in the clerical staff of this Depart-
ment:—

	Rs.
One on	135 per mensem.
Two on	100
One on	75
Two on	45
Three on	40
One on	35

Applications should be made by letter; the age of the
applicant, his qualifications and previous experience
should be stated, and copies of certificates enclosed.
Each applicant must state which of the appointments
mentioned above he is willing to accept.

For the appointments on Rs 75 and over candidates
must be qualified under the Secretariat Clerkship Rules.
Those Rules, however, do not apply to officers already
holding clerical appointments in any Government
Account Office. Applications will be received up to the
10th March addressed to the Director-General of
Commercial Intelligence.

Notice.

A CERTIFICATE under section 36 of Act II of
1874 to the estate of Edward Philip Eohlin, late
of Shewbo, who died intestate at Kanbalu station in the
district of Shewbo, in the province of Burma, on 18th
August 1905, has been granted to George Antoine
Marshall, an assistant of the firm of Bengal Coal Com-
pany, Limited, Calcutta, as the constituted attorney of
the deceased's father, Mr. John Eohlin, to enable him
to administer the estate. All persons being indebted
to or having claims against the estate should communi-
cate with the said George Antoine Marshall.

HENRY T. HYDE,

Administrator-General of Bengal.

3 Council House Street, Calcutta, the 27th February
1906. (208—1)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the matter of **SUGAN CHAND**, an insolvent.

On Friday, the 26th day of January last, it was
ordered that the matters of the petition of the said
insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March
next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be
examined before the said Court.

K. N. De, Attorney.

(184—2)

In the matter of **MONOR MOHAN BOSE**, an insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 24th day of January last, it was
ordered that the matters of the petition of the said
insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March
next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be
examined before the said Court.

P. N. Bannerjee, Attorney.

(185—2)

In the matter of **NOLIN KRISTO SIRCAR**, an insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 31st day of January last, it was
ordered that the matters of the petition of the said
insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March
next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be
examined before the said Court.

Ghose and Bose, Attorneys.

(186—2)

In the matter of **ALFRED THOMAS**, an insolvent.

On Saturday, the 13th day of January last, it was
ordered that the matters of the petition of the said
insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March
next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be
examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

(187—2)

In the matter of **BRANDOO MULL**, an insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 16th day of January last, it was
ordered that the matters of the petition of the said
insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March
next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be
examined before the said Court.

K. M. Rakshit, Attorney.

(188—2)

In the matter of **DEBENDRA NATH HALDAR**, an
insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 7th day of February instant, it
was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said
insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March
next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be
examined before the said Court.

N. G. Roy, Attorney.

(189—2)

In the matter of **NAGARMULL BHAGARIA**, an insolvent.

On Saturday, the 13th day of January last, it was
ordered that the matters of the petition of the said
insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March
next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be
examined before the said Court.

S. C. Basak, Attorney.

(190—2)

In the matter of **E. M. YOUNG**, an insolvent.

On Friday, the 12th day of January last, it was
ordered that the matters of the petition of the said
insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March
next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be
examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

(191—2)

In the matter of **RAMJIBAN TAPRIA**, an insolvent.

On Saturday, the 20th day of January last, it was
ordered that the matters of the petition of the said
insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March
next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be
examined before the said Court.

Bonnerjee and Bonnerjee, Attorneys.

(192—2)

In the matter of **P. M. DAMZEN**, an insolvent.

On Friday, the 12th day of January last, it was
ordered that the matters of the petition of the said
insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March
next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be
examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

(193—2)

In the matter of **MONORUN DASS** and others, insolvents.
On the 31st day of January last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

S. D. Dutt & Gupta, Attorneys. (194-2)

In the matter of **HARI CHARAN SEN**, an insolvent.
On the 6th day of January last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

B. K. Sarkar, Attorney. (195-2)

In the matter of **BAIKANTHA NATH BOSE**, an insolvent.
On the 12th day of January last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

G. N. Dutt & Co., Attorneys. (196-2)

In the matter of **JOGENDEA CHUNDER MUKHERJEE**, an insolvent.

On the 5th day of December last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

A. K. Mitra, Attorney. (197-2)

In the matter of **KEDAR NATH TIBREWALLA**, an insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 13th day of February last, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 6th day of January 1906 to the 31st day of January last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. (215-1)

In the matter of **GEORGE ARGYRIOS GEORGIADI** (second insolvency).

On Tuesday, the 13th day of February last, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 6th day of June 1903 to the 31st day of January last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. (216-1)

In the matter of **JUGGERNATH** and others, insolvents (**JUGGERNATH CHOTA LAL**).

On Tuesday, the 13th day of February last, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 14th day of January 1904 to the 31st day of January last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said insolvents may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. (217-1)

In the matter of **RAMLAZ** and others, insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 13th day of February last, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of February 1905 to the 31st day of January last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said insolvents may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. (218-1)

In the matter of **RAMJIDAS KHETTRY** and another, insolvents (**RAMJIDAS GOPALDAS**).

On Tuesday, the 13th day of February last, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 10th day of March 1905 to the 31st day of January last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said insolvents may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. (219-1)

In the matter of **BRIS MOHUN DOBAY**, an insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 13th day of February last, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 6th day of September 1897 to the 31st day of March last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. (220-1)

In the matter of **GOPAL DAS MUKHERJEE**, an insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 13th day of February last, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 16th day of January 1900 to the 31st day of January last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. (221-1)

In the matter of **KALI PRISONNO BHATTACHARJEE** and others, insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 13th day of February last, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 14th day of December 1886 to the 31st day of January last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 13th day of March next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said insolvents may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. (222-1)

Notice.

SASHI BHUSAN JANA, son of late Ajodhyaram Jans, of Bagra, pargana Midnapore, has been declared an insolvent under section 351 of the Code of Civil Procedure. The Nazir of this Court has been appointed Receiver.

E. G. DRAKE BROCKMAN, District Judge.

Midnapore Judge's Office, the 27th February 1906.
(206-1-7)

CALCUTTA POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Mails for—	Date and hour of closing at the General Post Office, Calcutta.	Route by which despatched.
United Kingdom, Aden, Egypt, Europe, America, West Africa <i>via</i> United Kingdom and East Africa <i>via</i> Aden (and also South Africa, if superscribed on the cover <i>via</i> United Kingdom or Aden).	1906. Mar. 8 At 6-30 P.M.	Per P. & O. steamer from Bombay.
Parcels and money-orders for the United Kingdom and other Foreign places.	" 7 5 P.M.; M.O., 4 P.M.	Ditto ditto.
* Australasian Colonies ...	" 12 At 7-30	
† Straits Settlements, China and Japan. ...	" 10 " 8-30	<i>Via</i> Tuticorin and Colombo.* Per steamer C. Apoor.
Burma ...	" 8 " 7-30	Per B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer.
Burma, Penang and Singapore.	" 10 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
Akyah, Kyaukpyn and Sandoway.	" 9 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
Burma, Tavoy and Mergul ...	" 12 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
South Africa (Letters) ...	" 11 " 7-30	Per Steamer Umkoti from Colombo.
Ditto (Parcels) ...	" 10 " 5	
South Africa (Letters) Supplemental.	" 12 " 7-30	Per Steamer Umjari from Colombo.
Ditto (Parcels) Supplemental.	" 12 " 5	
South Africa (Letters) Supplemental.	" 11 " 7-30	Per Steamer Umjari from Colombo.
Ditto (Parcels) Supplemental.	" 10 " 5	
South Africa (Letters) Supplemental.	" 12 " 7-30	Per Steamer Umjari from Colombo.
Ditto (Parcels) Supplemental.	" 12 " 5	
Mauritius, Réunion, Mayotte and Nossi-Bé	" 10 " 7-30	Per steamer Umta from Colombo.
Mauritius, Réunion, Mayotte and Nossi-Bé (Supplemental).	" 11 " 7-30	
Port Blair ...	" 10 " 7-30	<i>Via</i> Madras.

* Although the date entered in column 2 is, as far as can be ascertained, the latest safe date of posting for the next Mail steamer, full allowance being made for the steamer being in advance of her published timing, Mails for the places mentioned in column 1 are despatched daily to Tuticorin, so that they may proceed by any steamer from Colombo that has been unusually accelerated or retarded, or by any special opportunity that may be afforded by a steamer not belonging to one of the regular lines.

† On other days correspondence for China and Japan is despatched daily to Tuticorin, so that it may proceed by the first steamer from Colombo.

1. The letter-box for inland articles will be cleared for the forenoon Mails at the following hours:—

For Goalundo, Arakan and Chittagong, at 6-15 A.M.
For Khulna and Jessore districts, at 7-15 A.M.
For the Eastern districts, as far as Dacca and Mymensingh, at 8-15 A.M.

For Midnapore and Orissa districts, at 10 A.M.

For Bombay, Central Provinces and Midnapore *via* Bengal-Nagpur Railway, at 1-15 P.M., and with a late fee of $\frac{1}{2}$ anna up to 1-35 P.M.

2. The letter-box will be cleared for the evening Mails at the following hours, viz.—

For the East Indian Railway Loop Mail, at 2-30 P.M., and with a late fee of $\frac{1}{2}$ anna up to 2-55 P.M.

For the Northern Bengal, Darjeeling and Assam Mails, at 3-55 P.M., and with a late fee of $\frac{1}{2}$ anna up to 4-15 P.M.

For the Bombay Mail *via* Jubbulpore, at 6 P.M., and with a late fee of $\frac{1}{2}$ anna up to 6-30 P.M.

For the Punjab Mail, at 7-30 P.M.
For Midnapore, Orissa, Madras Presidency and Ceylon, at 7-30 P.M.
For the Khulna Mail, at 7-30 P.M.
For the Eastern Bengal Mail, Darjeeling, and places on the Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway, at 7-30 P.M.

and with a late fee of $\frac{1}{2}$ anna up to 8 P.M. and with a late fee of 1 anna up to 8-45 P.M.

3. Late registered letters will be received between the following hours:—

For the Bombay Mail *via* Jubbulpore, from 5 P.M. to 6-15 P.M.
For the Punjab Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.
For the Eastern Bengal Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.
For the Khulna Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.
For Midnapore, Orissa, Madras Presidency and Ceylon, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

NOTE.—The late fee on each registered letter will be 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps on the letter.

4. Articles for Burma and for Port Blair by sea are received without late fee up to 7-30 P.M., and with a late fee of $\frac{1}{2}$ anna up to 8 P.M., and late registered letters on the days on which direct mails are closed will be received from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M. with a late fee of 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps affixed to the letters.

5. On the latest safe day of despatch of Mails for the Australasian Colonies, or any other Foreign Countries, *via* Madras or Tuticorin, the letter-box for Foreign articles will be cleared for the last time at 7-30 P.M., and late letters and papers fully prepaid will be received up to 8-45 P.M. and late registered letters will be received from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

6. On the day of despatch of the Mail for Europe (Thursday) the letter-box for Foreign articles will be cleared for the last time for articles, without the late fee, at 6-30 P.M., and late letters and papers fully prepaid will be received up to 6-45 P.M. Late registered articles will be received from 5 to 6 P.M. On the day of despatch of any Foreign Mail by sea, the letter-box will be cleared for the last time, without the late fee, up to 8-30 P.M., and late letters and papers up to 9 P.M. and late registered letters will be received from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M. The late fee for Foreign articles is 4 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps affixed to the articles.

CALCUTTA G. P. O.

The 5th March 1906.

JOHN OWENS,

Presidency Postmaster.

NOTICE.

THE next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April and will last till the 21st April 1906, inclusive. The public are hereby informed that all issues of the said Reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during the period.

L. C. ADAMI,

Offg. Secy. to the Bengal Council,
and Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

LEGISLATIVE DEPT.,
BOOK DEPÔT BRANCH,
The 9th January 1906.

THE INDIAN LAW REPORTS.

Published in FOUR SERIES, viz.

CALCUTTA, MADRAS, BOMBAY AND ALLAHABAD.

THE Indian Law Reports, published under the authority of the Governor General in Council, are printed in monthly Parts, which are issued, as soon as possible after the first of each month, at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay and Allahabad, respectively.

The Reports comprise four Series—one for the Calcutta High Court, a second for the Madras High Court, a third for the Bombay High Court, and a fourth for the Allahabad High Court. The cases heard by the Privy Council on appeal from each High Court are reported in the Series for that High Court. Cases heard by the Privy Council on appeal from Provinces in India not subject to any High Court are reported in the Calcutta Series.

The Calcutta Series is distributed by the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot; and the Madras, Bombay and Allahabad Series are distributed direct from Madras, Bombay and Allahabad, respectively.

Persons desiring to subscribe for or purchase the Reports should apply to—

the Officer in charge, Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, Calcutta, or
the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras, or
the Superintendent, Government Central Press, Bombay, or
the Curator of Government Books, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, Allahabad.

PRICES.

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THE BENGAL LAW REPORTS.

SEVERAL volumes of the Bengal Law Reports, from August 1868 to December 1875, and Full Bench Rulings, Parts I and II, are available at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, Calcutta, at the following rates:—

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FROM 1st April 1905 the price of these articles will be as follows:—

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1 Pound tin, Rs. 16, or, post free, Rs. 16-8.
½ " " " 8 " " " 8-6.
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1 Pound tin, Rs. 16, or, post free, Rs. 16-8.
½ " " " 8 " " " 8-6.
¼ " " " 4 " " " 4-4.

Cinchona Febrifuge.

Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased by all Government officers and by any one taking *five pounds* and upwards at a time from the Superintendent, Botanic Garden, Calcutta, at the following rates—per four-ounce tin, Rs. 1 ans. 14; per eight-ounce tin, Rs. 3 ans. 12; per pound tin, Rs. 7 ans. 8; the general public can be supplied by the Superintendent, Botanic Garden, for cash only, at the undernoted rates—per four-ounce tin, Rs. 3 ans. 4; per eight-ounce tin, Rs. 4 ans. 8; per pound tin, Rs. 9. This medicine is also sold by the principal European and Native druggists in Calcutta. Postage, four annas per four-ounce tin; six annas per eight-ounce tin; and eight annas per pound tin, in addition to the foregoing rates.

THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE.

The 1st March 1901.—From this date the subscription to, and postage for, the Calcutta Gazette will be at the following rates, payable in advance:—

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N.B.—Separate Parts of each issue of the Gazette, and occasionally important Rules and Extracts, can be obtained from the Officer in charge, Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, at the rate of one anna for every sixteen pages or a fraction thereof. Postage according to weight.

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Full page, per issue	Rs. 20
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Parts I, II, and III of a Descriptive Catalogue of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, prepared by Pandit Hrishikesh Basu and Babu Siva Chandra Gul, M.A., B.L., of that College, are offered to the public for sale. The Catalogue being to be completed in 28 parts, the price of each part is 12 annas a copy, exclusive of postage. Copies can be obtained from the Principal of the Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

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All remittances on account of subscriptions to, or prices of, Gazettes, Indian Law Reports or other Government publications available for sale at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depôt, or for cost of advertisements published in the Gazettes should, in future, be made payable to the "Treasurer, Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta." Advances of such remittances, if separately sent, should be addressed to the "Accountant, Bengal Secretariat." All advertisements intended for publication in the *Calcutta* or *Bengali Gazette* should be sent direct to the Superintendent, Government Printing, Bengal.

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Quarterly Civil List of Bengal, corrected up to 1st January 1906. Super-Royal, 8vo. Paper cover, Rs. 3 (4s.).

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Darjeeling	District Gazetteer.	Statistics, 1901-02.	As. 8 (1s.).
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Balasore	ditto.	Ditto.	As. 8 (1s.).
Singhbhum	ditto.	Ditto.	As. 8 (1s.).
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Tributary States			

A Vocabulary of the Tromowa Dialect of Tibetan spoken in the Chumbi Valley together with a corresponding vocabulary of Sikhimese and of Central (standard) Tibetan. Compiled by E. H. C. Walsh. Published, 1905. Demy 4 to, Cloth. Rs. 2-4. (2s.)

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- Resolution reviewing the Reports on the working of District Boards in Bengal during the year 1904-05. F'cap. Paper cover. Rs. 1. (1s.)

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- Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment of the Public Works Department, Bengal. Corrected up to 31st December 1905. As. 4. (2s.)

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- Report of the Land Revenue Administration of the Lower Provinces for the year 1904-05. F'cap. Paper cover. Rs. 3 (3s.)

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT.

- Report on the Trade carried by Rail and River in Bengal in the official year 1904-05. F'cap. Boards. Paper cover. Rs. 4. (5s.)

NEW PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BETWEEN 1ST JULY 1905 AND THE 31ST DECEMBER 1905.

APPOINTMENT DEPARTMENT.

- Quarterly Civil List for Bengal, corrected up to 1st October 1905. Rs. 3 (4s.).

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

- Report on the Financial Results of the Income-tax Administration in the Lower Provinces during the triennium ending on the 31st March 1905. F'cap. Paper cover. Rs. 1 (1s.).
 Report on the Administration of the Stamp Department during the three years ending the 31st March 1905. F'cap. Paper cover. As. 8 (1s.).
 Report on the Road and Public Works Cess operations of the Lower Provinces for the official year 1904-05. F'cap. Paper cover. Rs. 2 (2s.).
 Annual Report on the consumption of Stationery in Bengal during 1904-05. F'cap. Paper cover. Rs. 1 (1s.).
 Report on the Administration of the Excise Department in the Lower Provinces of Bengal during the year 1904-05. F'cap. Paper cover. Rs. 2 (3s.).
 Report on the Administration of the Opium Department from 1st November 1903 to 31st October 1904. Rs. 3. (2s.).
 Report on the Administration of the Salt Department in Bengal during the year 1904-05. As. 12 (1s.).

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- List of officers in the Subordinate Educational Service, Bengal, corrected up to 1st October 1905. As. 8 (1s.).

- Report on Inland Emigration during the year ending 30th June 1905. F'cap. Paper cover. As. 8 (1s.).

- Catalogue of the Arabic and Persian Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Madrasah, by Kamalu'D-Din Ahmad and Abu'L-Muqtadir. Super Royal 8vo. Boards, paper cover. Rs. 2 (2s.).

- Manual of Colloquial Tibetan, by C. A. Bell. Rs. 4 (4s.).

- Report on Emigration from the Port of Calcutta to British and Foreign Colonies, 1904. As. 12 (1s.).

- Annual Report on the Reformatory Schools at Alipore and Hazaribagh for 1904. As. 4 (1s.).

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

- Report on the Administration of the Police of the Lower Provinces, Bengal Presidency, for the year 1904. F'cap. Boards, paper cover. Rs. 1 (3s.).

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- The Calcutta Port (Amendment) Act (Ben. Act IV of 1905). In English or Bengali. 6p. (1s.).
 The Court Fees (Amendment) Act (Act VI of 1905). In Bengali or Uriya. 6p. (1s.).
 Ditto ditto ditto. In Hindi. A. 1 (1s.).
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- Annual Report of the Civil Veterinary Department, Bengal, and of the Bengal Veterinary College for the year 1904-05. Fcap. Paper cover. As. 8 (1s.).
 Annual Return of the Lunatic Asylums in Bengal with Brief Notes for the year 1904. Rs. 1. (2s.).
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 Triennial Report on the working of the Charitable Dispensaries and the Calcutta Medical Institutions for the years 1902, 1903 and 1904. Rs. 2 (2s.).
 Annual Report on the Chemical Examiner's Department, Bengal, for 1904. As. 8 (1s.).
 Triennial Report of Vaccination in Bengal during the years 1902-1903 to 1904-1905. Rs. 1 (2s.).

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- Distribution Return of Officers and Subordinates employed on Local Works in Bengal, corrected up to 30th June 1905. As. 2 (1s.).
 A Book of Rules for the Sone Canals. Fourth edition, 1905. Rs. 2 (4s.).
 Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment of the Public Works Department, Bengal, corrected up to 30th September 1905. As. 4 (2s.).
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 Report on the working of the Shipping Offices in Bengal for the year 1904-1905. Fcap. Paper cover. As. 6 (1s.).
 Hand-book for the Orissa Circle of the Public Works Department in Bengal, comprising Irrigation, Navigation, Embankments, Roads and Buildings, &c. Royal 8vo, Board, Paper cover. Rs. 2 (5s.).

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

- Triennial Report on the Administration of the Registration Department in Bengal for the three years ending 1904. Rs. 1-8. (1s.).

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- Agricultural Statistics of the Lower Provinces of Bengal for 1904-05. Fcap. paper cover. As. 8. (1s.).
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 The Opium Manual, Volume I. Rs. 1-8. (2s.).
 Season and Crop Report of Bengal for 1904-1905. As. 8 (2s.).

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- The Trade of Bengal with Nepal, Tibet, Sikkim and Bhutan for the year ending 31st March 1905. Rs. 1-2. (2s.).

OLDER PUBLICATIONS.

A General Catalogue of all Government Publications (corrected up to 30th June 1905) may be obtained gratis on application to the Officer in charge, Bengal Secretariat Book Depot.

Publications for sale at the office of the Chief Inspector of Explosives with the Government of India.

- Rules for the manufacture, possession and sale of explosives issued by each of the Local Governments and Administrations. Price 12s.
 Rules for the transport and importation of explosives issued by the Government of India. Price 12s.
 Rules for the transport and importation of explosives at the Port of Calcutta. Price 4s.

Publications for sale at the Custom House, Calcutta.

- Review of the Maritime Trade of Bengal and its Chief Port (Calcutta) for the year 1904-05. Price Rs. 1.
 Annual Statement of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of Bengal, Foreign and Coast-
 ing combined in one volume, for the year 1904-05. Price Rs. 6.
 Ditto for 1904-05 will be ready early in September. Price Rs. 6.
 Previous years' volumes can be obtained at the same price.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA,
8 HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

A General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained gratis from the Government Central Press, Calcutta.

All books published by the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, can be purchased either directly or through the following or any other booksellers:—

AGENTS IN EUROPE.

Mr. E. A. Arnold, 41 and 43 Maddox Street, Bond Street, W. London.

Messrs. Constable & Co., 16 James Street, Haymarket, W. London.

Messrs. Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co., 43, Gerrard Street, Soho, London, W.

Mr. Bernard Quaritch, 15 Piccadilly, London.

Messrs. P. B. King and Son, 2 & 4 Great Smith Street, Westminster.

Messrs. H. S. King & Co., 65 Cornhill, and 9 Pall Mall, London.

Messrs. Grindlay & Co., 54 Parliament Street, London, S. W.

Mr. Otto Harrassowitz } Leipzig.

Mr. Karl Hiersemann }
Messrs. R. Friedlander & Sohn, Berlin, W. N. Carlstrasse, 11.

Mr. Ernest Leroux, 28 Rue Bonaparte, Paris.

Mr. Martinus Nijhoff, Hague, Holland.

Mr. B. H. Blackwell, 50 & 51 Broad Street, Oxford.

Messrs. Deighton, Bell & Co., Cambridge.

Mr. Rudolf Haupt, Halle-A.-S. Germany.

AGENTS IN INDIA.

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Messrs. Newman & Co., Calcutta.

Messrs. R. Cambay & Co., Calcutta.

Messrs. S. K. Lahiri & Co., Calcutta.

Evelyn, Hubert & Co., 149 Dhurrumtollah Street, Calcutta.*

Messrs. Higginbotham & Co., Madras.

Messrs. V. Kalyanarama Iyer & Co., Madras.

Messrs. G. A. Natesan & Co., Madras.

Messrs. S. Murthy & Co., Madras.

Messrs. Thompson & Co., Madras.

Messrs. Thacker & Co., Ltd., Bombay.

Messrs. A. J. Combridge & Co., Bombay.

Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala, Sons & Co., Bombay.

Mrs. Radhabai Atmaram Sagoon, Bombay.

Mr. Sunder Pandurang, Bombay.

Superintendent, American Baptist Mission Press, Rangoon.

Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons, Mufid-i-Am Press, Lahore.

Mr. N. B. Mathur, Superintendent, Nazair Kanun Hind Press, Allahabad.

Messrs. A. M. & J. Ferguson, Ceylon.

Manager, Educational Book Depôts, Nagpur and Jubbulpore.*

Manager of the Imperial Book Depot, 63 Chandney Chawk Street, Delhi.*

Manager, "East Coast News," Vizagapatam.*

Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-operative Association, Limited" (Successors to A. John & Co., Agra).*

Mr. T. K. Seetharama Aiyar, Kumbakonam.*

Lala Debi Prasad, Vakil and Manager of Law Press, Cawnpore.*

Superintendent, Basel Mission Book and Tract Depository, Mangalore.*

Messrs. P. Varadachary & Co., Madras.*

The Mercantile Mission Branch, Calcutta.*

Mr. H. Dowman (late Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India), Allahabad.*

Mr. H. Liddell, Printer, etc., 7 South Road, Allahabad.*

* Agents for sale of the Legislative Department publications.

NOTICE.—Books and Acts required for private use only can be purchased. Applications should be accompanied by a remittance, unless it is wished that the books should be sent by value-payable post, in which case, besides the ordinary postage, an additional charge is made for registration and commission.

Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through Local Governments, to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agents of the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

(The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.)

List of New Books published during the Current Quarter.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor-General's Council during 1905.
2p. (1s.)

List of General rules and orders under Statutes and General Acts in force in British India, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Rs. 1.8 or 2s. 3d. (2s. 6p.)

The Transfer of Property Act, 1882 (IV of 1882), as modified up to the 1st December 1905. As. 15 (2s.)

*List No 1 of 1905, dated 31st December 1905, of Addenda et Corrigenda under Statutes and General Acts in force in British India, edition 1905.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Serum-Therapy of Plague in India: Reports by Mr. W. M. Hafeekine, O.I.E., and various officers of the Plague Research Laboratory, Bombay, edited with an introduction by Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Bannerman, M.D., B.Sc., F.R.S.E., I.M.S. New series, No. 20. Super-Royal 4to. Board. 14s. or 1s. 4d. (3s.)

List of the more important Libraries in India. Foolscap. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (1s.)

Memorandum on the Age Tables and Rates of Mortality of the Indian Census, 1901. By G. F. Hardy, Esq. Foolscap. Board. 12s. or 1s. 2d. (8s.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, January to March 1906. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India on the standardisation of Anti-Typhoid Vaccine. By Captain G. Lamb, M.D., I.M.S., and Captain W. O. B. Forster, M.B., D. P. H., I.M.S. New series, No. 21. Super-Royal 4to. Board. 6s. or 7d. (3s.)

*Report on Epidemic Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis in India. By Captain O. J. Robertson-Milne, M.B., I.M.S. Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (3s. 6p.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Report of the Indian Survey Committee, 1904.—Part I—The Report. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 3s. (5s.). Part II—Appendices. Rs. 4-8 or 6s. 9d. (6s.) Complete Rs. 6-8 or 9s. 9d. (11s.)

Progress Report of the Imperial Forest School, Dehra Dun, for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 10 or 1s. 2d. (1s. 6p.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Report on the Administration of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore for the year 1904-05. Foolscap. Limp cover. As. 8 or 9d. (2s.)

Administration Report of the Baluchistan Agency for 1904-05. Selection No. CCCCXXI. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 4 or 6s. (5s.)

Summary of remarks on the Kharif crops of the North-West Frontier Province for 1905. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 4 or 4d. (1s.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India. Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1896 to 31st March 1904. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 3s. (10s.)

List of Officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department, corrected to January 1906. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Variations in India Price Levels since 1861 expressed in Index numbers. Foolscap. Board. As. 12 or 1s. (3s.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts of the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the official year 1904-05 and the four preceding years, 17th issue. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 4d. (6s.)

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in October-November 1905. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s. each.)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for November-December 1905. No. 8 and No. 9 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s. each.)

Accounts of the Trade of the Portuguese Possessions in India in the year 1903-04 and the four preceding years. Foolscap. Paper cover. 2s. or 3d. (1s.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of August-September 1905. No. 5 and No. 6 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s. each.)

Tariff Schedules, 1906. Royal 8vo. Stitched. As. 6 or 7d. (1s.)

Report of the Committee on Indian Trade Statistics, 1905. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (3s.)

Annual statement of the Coasting Trade and Navigation of British India in the year ending 31st March 1905. Super-Royal. Board. 39th issue. Rs. 2 or 3s. (8s.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for January 1906. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-12 or 3s. 3d. (6s.)

List of Light-houses and Light-vessels in British India, including those in the Gulf of Aden as existing on the 30th June 1905. Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

Hand-books for the Indian Army—"Gurkhas." Super-Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 1-8. or 2s. 3d. (5s.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment. Corrected up to 31st December 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

List of Books published from September to December 1905.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

- The Indian Railways Act, 1890 (Act IX of 1890), as modified up to 1st June 1905. Rs. 1.2. (2s.)
- The Central Provinces Land Revenue Act, 1881 (XVIII of 1881), as modified up to the 1st March 1905. Rs. 1.2. (2s.)
- Act No. XIII of 1859 (an Act to provide for the punishment of breaches of contract by Artificers, Workmen and Labourers in certain cases), as affected by Act No. XVI of 1874. Anna 1.9. (1s.)
- The Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896), as modified up to 1st August 1905. 6s. (1s.)
- The Whipping Act, 1864 (Act No. VI of 1864), as modified up to the 1st August 1905. 3s. 6p. (1s.)
- The Indian Registration Act, 1877 (Act III of 1877), as modified up to the 1st August 1905. 11s. or 1s. (2s.)
- The Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (Act No. I of 1872), as modified up to the 1st September 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)
- The Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), as modified up to 31st August 1905. As. 15 or 1s. 4d. (2s.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

- Imperial Library List of Additions. Third Series, with Subject Index. Nos. 10, 11, 12 and 13. Super-Royal 4to. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.) each.
- Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Snake Venoms in Relation to Hæmolysis, by Captain George Lamb, M.D., I.M.S. New series, No. 17. Super-Royal 4to. Limp cover. 6s. or 7d. (2s.)
- Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Hæmoglobærina Gerbilli, by Lieutenant S. R. Christophers, M.B., I.M.S., New Series, No. 13. Super-Royal 4to. Limp cover. 10s. or 1s. (2s.)
- Report on the Administration of Civil Justice in Assam during the year 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of Criminal Justice in Assam during the year 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (1s.)
- Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, July to September 1905. Foolscap, paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)
- The Languages of India, being a reprint of the Chapter on Languages, by Dr. G. A. Grierson, C.I.E., Ph.D., D. Litt., O.S., to the Report on the Census of India, 1901, together with the Census Statistics of Language. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 3 or 3s. (3s.)
- Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India on Kala Azar, Malaria and Malarial Cachexia, by Captain S. P. James, M.B., I.M.S. New series, No. 19. Super-Royal 4to. Limp cover. Rs. 1.4 or 1s. 11d. (3s.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

- Records of the Botanical Survey of India, Vol. IV, No. 2. An Epitome of the British Indian Species of Impatiens, by Sir J. D. Hooker, G.C.S.I., C.B., F.R.S. Part II. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 5s. or 4d. (1s.)

Report of the Chief Inspector of Mines in India for the year ending 31st December 1904. Foolscap. Limp. As. 13 or 1s. 2d. (2s.)

Flora of the Upper Gangetic Plain and of the adjacent Siwalik and Sub-Himalayan Tracts, by J. F. Duthie, Esq., B.A., F.L.S. (Caprifoliaceæ to Campanulaceæ). Vol. I, Part II. Royal 16mo. Paper cover. Rs. 1.8. or 2s. 3d. (1s.)

A Note upon the "Bee-hole Borer of Teak in Burma," by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.S. Super-Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

- Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Board. As. 13 or 1s. 1d. (3s.)
- Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 9s. or 9d. (1s.)
- Report of the Civil Veterinary Department, North-West Frontier Province, for the year 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 7s. 6p. or 7½d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of the Registration Department of the North-West Frontier Province for the years 1902, 1903, 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 6s. or 6d. (1s.)
- Report on the Police Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1.13 or 2s. 5d. (2s.)
- Report on the Vaccination in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 7s. or 7d. (1s.)
- Report on the External Land Trade of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 14s. or 1s. 2d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of Civil Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. 6p. or 8½d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of Criminal Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11s. 6p. or 1½d. (1s.)
- Report on the Excise Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11s. or 11d. (1s.)
- Report of the Chemical Examiner to Government, North-West Frontier Province, for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 4d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of Land Revenue Department of Land Records and Agriculture Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation and Settlement of Nations in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1903-04. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1.13 or 2s. 5d. (3s.)
- Report on the Income-tax Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for the years 1902-03, 1903-04 and 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 9s. or 9d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of the Stamp Department of the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 6s. or 6d. (1s.)
- Annual Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province in the Public Works Department for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 12s. or 1s. (1s.)
- Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 8d. (1s.)

Report of Archaeological Survey works in the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan, from January 1904 to March 1905. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2-4 or 3s. (4s.)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1-3 or 1s. 7d. (2s.)

Annual Report of Dispensaries in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 12s. or 1s. (1s.)

Report on Public Instruction in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 18s. or 1s. 1d. (1s.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

List of officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department. Corrected to May, June and August 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.) each.

History of Services of Officers holding appointments in offices under the control of the Government of India, Finance Department. Corrected to 1st July 1905. Royal 8vo. Board. 12s. or 1s. (2s.)

List of Officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department, corrected to September-October 1905.

Report of the Administration of the Mints at Bombay and Calcutta for the year 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

COMPTROLLER-GENERAL.

Civil Estimates, 1905-06. Vols. I and II. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (18s.) each.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India, in the quarter and in six months ending December 1904, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1902 and 1903. No. 3 of 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (3s.)

Sea-Borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of May, June and July 1905. Nos. 2, 3 and 4. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.) each.

Accounts of the External Land Trade of British India for the months of March and April 1905. No. 12 of 1904-05. Nos. 1 and 2 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.) each.

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in April and May 1905, and in the corresponding month of 1903-04. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.) each.

Review of the Trade of India in 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Area and Yield of certain Crops in India. 7th issue. Foolscap. Paper cover. 5s. or 6d. (2s.)

Prices and Wages in India, 22nd issue. Super-Royal 4to. Board. Rs. 1-8 or 2s. (9s.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and in the twelve months ending March 1905, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1903 and 1904. No. 4 of 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (8s.)

Judicial and Administrative Statistics of British India for 1903-04 and preceding years. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 3s. (10s.)

Sea-Borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the month of August 1905. No. 5 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in June 1905 and in the three months April to June 1905, compared with the corresponding period of 1903 and 1904. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1905. No. 3 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the quarter ending June 1905, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1903 and 1904. No. 1 of 1905-06. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (3s.)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for the months of September and October 1905. Nos. 6 and 7 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of July 1905. No. 4 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1905. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.) each.

Accounts of the Trade of the French Possessions in India in the year ending 31st March 1905 and the four preceding years. 2s. or 3d. (2s.)

Agricultural Statistics of India for the years 1899-1900 to 1903-04 in two Volumes. Rs. 3-8. or 5s. 8d. (12s.)

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1904-05. Foolscap. Lump cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL.

History of Services of Gazetted and other Officers serving under the Government of Bengal, corrected to 1st July 1905, in 2 parts. Royal 8vo. Board. Part I, Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (7s.) Part II, Rs. 2 or 3s. (5s.) Complete, Rs. 5 or (s.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for 1st July 1905 and October 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-12 or 3s. 8d. (8s.) each.

A Book for the Army—"The Services of the Bengal Native Army," an historical sketch from 1599 to 1895, 586 pages, with two coloured plates, obtainable from all the principal booksellers, and from the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, Calcutta. Demy. 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2-8 or 3s. 9d. (7s.)

Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment of the Military Works Services, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Super-Royal, 4to. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

History of the Hyderabad Contingent by Major R. G. Burton, 1905. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (6s.)

Return of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1904. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (8s.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

- Administration Report on the Railways in India for the calendar year 1904. Foolscap. Limp. Rs. 2 or 2s. 8d. (7a.)
- Classified List of the Subordinate Establishment, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1a.)
- Railway Board Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways. Corrected up to 30th June 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)
- Histories of Railway Projects, including Tramways, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 2 or 2s. 8d. (3a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

- Public Works Department Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)
- Administration Report of the Telegraph Department for 1903-04. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 6d. (2a.)
- Public Works Department Classified List of the Subordinate Establishment, corrected to 30th June 1904. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1a.)

List of new books for sale at Thomason College, Roorkee, which were not advertised before.

- Roorkee Treatise on "Railways," 4th Edition, revised by F. Wolly Dod, F.C.N. Price, Rs. 8 per copy.
- Roorkee Treatise on "Irrigation Work." By Lieutenant-Colonel J. Clibborn, I.S.O., B.A., L.O.E., C.T.E. Price, Rs. 9 per copy.
- Roorkee Treatise on "Sanitary Engineering." Compiled by Lieutenant-Colonel J. Clibborn, I.S.O., B.A., L.O.E., C.T.E. Price, Rs. 4-8 per copy.
- Roorkee Manual of "Applied Mechanics," Volume II. The stability of structures mostly by graphic methods. By Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. C. Harrison, R.E. Price, Rs. 8-2 per copy.
- Roorkee Manual of Hydraulics. Price per copy, Rs. 4. (No. XIX, Elementary Treatise.) By E. F. Tipple, Esq., B.A.
- Designs for Wooden Bridges, together with rules for calculating the area of waterway, etc., and Plates. By late Rai Bahadur Kunhya Lal. Price per set, Rs. 4-2.
- Pamphlet on Examination for Acid Radicals: Tables giving Analysis of Acids. Price per copy, 8s.
- Pamphlet on Examination for Acid Bases: Tables giving Analysis of Metallic Bases. Price, 8s. per copy.

*List of New Books available for sale in the College
Book Depot.*

- Roorkee Treatise on Civil Engineering, Section XIII. Drawing for Engineer students, Part I. By Major E. H. deV. Atkinson, R.E., Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Price per copy, Rs. 3-2, including packing, postage, etc.
- Hand-book of the Thomason Engineering College, Roorkee. Illustrated. Price, Rs. 6-12 per copy, including packing, postage, etc.

*A list of new books and periodicals for sale at the Library of
the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 57 Park Street, Calcutta.*

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

- Journal and Proceedings, new series. Vol. I, Nos. 2-8, 1905. At Rs. 2.
- Memoirs, Nos. 1, 4, 5, 1905. At Rs. 1-8.
- " No. 2, 1905. At Rs. 1.
- " No. 3, 1905. At Rs. 2.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

- A Lower Ladakhi Version of the Kesar Saga. Fasc. 1, at Rs. 1.
- Catasahasrikaprajnaparamita. Fasc. 10 and 11, at 6s.
- Catapatha Brahmana. Vol. II. Fasc. 1, 2, 3, Vol. III, VII, at 6s.
- Vidhana Parijata. Vol. I, Fasc. 8, at 6s.
- Mahabhasyapradipodyota. Vol. III, Fasc. 3, 4, at 6s.
- Kala Viveka. Fasc. 7, at 6s.
- Bodhicaryavatara of Candidevi. Fasc. 4, at 6s.
- Godadhara Paddhati. Fasc. 1, at 6s.
- Saddarsana Samuccaya. Fasc. 1, at 6s.
- Tantra Vartika (English). Fasc. 5, at 12s.
- Nityacaraprodipah. Fasc. 7, at 6s.
- Chaturvarga Chintamani. Vol. IV. Fasc. 5, at 6s.

***List of books published by the Meteorological Department
from 1st July to 31st December 1905.***

Monthly Weather Review, January to June 1905. (Illustrated by 8 plates). Quarto. Paper cover.
Re. 1 per month.

Monthly Weather Review, July 1905. (Illustrated by 8 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1.

***List of new books published by the Geological Survey of
India during the week ending 17th February 1906.***

Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XXXIII, Part I. By Director, Geological
Survey of India, Re. 1.

The Calcutta Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1906.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART V.

Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 2nd March, 1906, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT NO. III OF 1906.

THE INDIAN COINAGE ACT, 1906.

CONTENTS.

Preliminary.

SECTIONS.

1. Short title and extent.
2. Definitions.
3. Power to establish and abolish Mints.

Silver Coinage.

4. Silver coins.
5. Standard weight and fineness.

Nickel Coinage.

6. Nickel coins.
7. Standard weight.

Bronze Coinage.

8. Bronze coins.
9. Standard weight and composition.

Dimension and Designs of Coins.

SECTIONS.

10. Power to direct coining, and to prescribe dimensions and designs.

Legal Tender.

11. Gold coin a legal tender.
12. Silver coin when a legal tender.
13. Nickel coin when a legal tender.
14. Bronze coin when a legal tender.
15. Coin made under former Acts.

Diminished, Defaced and Counterfeit Silver Coin.

16. Power to certain persons to cut diminished or defaced silver coins.
17. Procedure in regard to coin cut under section 16 (a).
18. Procedure in regard to coin cut under section 16 (b).
19. Procedure in regard to coin which is liable to be cut under both clause (a) and clause (b) of section 16.
20. Power to certain persons to cut counterfeit silver coin and procedure in regard to coin so cut.

Supplemental Provisions.

21. Power to make rules.
22. Bar of suits.
23. Saving of making of other coins at Mints.
24. Repeals.

THE SCHEDULE—ACTS REPEALED.

IV A

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Coinage and the Mint.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Coinage and the Mint; It is hereby enacted as follows :

Preliminary.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Coinage Act, 1906; and
Short title and extent.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, inclusive of British Baluchistan, the Sonthal Parganas and the Pargana of Spiti.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—
Definitions.

(a) "deface", with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, includes clipping, filing, stamping, or such other alteration of the surface or shape of a coin as is readily distinguishable from the effects of reasonable wear ;

(b) "the Mint" includes the Mints now existing and any which may hereafter be established ;

(c) "prescribed" includes prescribed by a rule made under this Act ;

(d) "remedy" means variation from the standard weight and fineness ; and

(e) "standard weight" means the weight prescribed for any coin.

3. The Governor General in Council may, by Power to establish and abolish Mints. notification in the Gazette of India,—

(a) establish a Mint at any place at which a Mint does not for the time being exist ; and

(b) abolish any Mint, whether now existing or hereafter established.

Silver Coinage.

4. The following silver coins only shall be coined at the Mint for issue under the authority of the Governor General in Council, namely :—
Silver coins.

(a) a rupee to be called the Government rupee ;

(b) a half rupee, or eight-anna piece ;

(c) a quarter-rupee, or four-anna piece ; and

(d) an eighth of a rupee, or two-anna piece.

5. (1) The standard weight of the Government rupee shall be one hundred and eighty grains Troy, and its standard fineness shall be as follows, namely, eleven-twelfths, or one hundred and sixty-five grains of fine silver, and one-twelfth, or fifteen grains of alloy.

(2) The other silver coins shall be of proportionate weight and of the same fineness :

Provided that, in the making of silver coins, a remedy shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, namely :—

	Remedy in weight.	Remedy in fineness.
Rupee . . . }	Five-thousandths.	Two-thousandths.
Half-rupee . . }		
Quarter-rupee . . }	Seven-thousandths.	Three-thousandths.
Eighth of a rupee . . }	Ten-thousandths.	

Nickel Coinage.

6. The following nickel coin only shall be coined at the Mint for issue under the authority of the Governor General in Council, namely : a one-anna piece.
Nickel coin.

7. The standard weight of the one-anna piece shall be sixty grains Troy :
Standard weight.

Provided that, in the making of nickel coin, a remedy shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding one-fortieth in weight.

Bronze Coinage.

8. The following bronze coins only shall be coined at the Mint for issue under the authority of the Governor General in Council, namely :—
Bronze coins.

(a) a pice, or quarter-anna ;

(b) a half-pice, or one-eighth of an anna ; and

(c) a pie, being one-third of a pice, or one-twelfth of an anna.

9. (1) The standard weight of the pice shall be seventy-five grains Troy, and the other bronze coins shall be of proportionate weight.
Standard weight and composition.

(2) Bronze coins shall be coined from a mixed metal consisting of copper, tin and zinc :

Provided that, in the making of bronze coins, a remedy shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding one-fortieth in weight.

Dimensions and Designs of Coins.

10. (1) The Governor General in Council may, Power to direct coin- by notification in the ing, and to prescribe dimensions and designs. Gazette of India,—

(a) direct the coining and issuing of all coins referred to in sections 4, 6 and 8, and

(b) determine the dimensions of, and designs for, such coins.

(2) Until the Governor General in Council otherwise determines by notification under subsection (1), the dimensions and designs of the silver coins coined under this Act shall be

those prescribed for the like silver coins under the Indian Coinage Act, 1870, at the time of the commencement of this Act.

Legal Tender.

11. Gold coins, whether coined at His Majesty's Gold coins a legal Royal Mint in England or tender. at any Mint established in

pursuance of a Proclamation of His Majesty as a branch of His Majesty's Royal Mint, shall be a legal tender in payment or on account at the rate of fifteen rupees for one sovereign :

Provided that such coins have not been called in by any Proclamation made in pursuance of the Coinage Act, 1870, or have not lost weight so as to be of less weight than that for the time being prescribed for like coins by or under the said Statute as the least current weight.

12. (1) The rupee and half-rupee shall be a Silver coin when a legal tender in payment legal tender. or on account :

Provided that the coin—

(a) has not lost in weight so as to be more than two per cent. below standard weight, and

(b) has not been defaced.

(2) The quarter-rupee and eighth of a rupee shall be a legal tender in payment or on account for any sum not exceeding one rupee :

Provided that the coin—

(a) has not lost in weight so as to be more than such percentage below standard weight as may be prescribed as the limit of reasonable wear, and

(b) has not been defaced.

13. The nickel coin specified in section 6 shall be a legal tender in payment or on account for any sum not exceeding one rupee at the rate of sixteen for a rupee.

14. The bronze coins specified in section 8 shall be a legal tender in payment or on account for any sum not exceeding one rupee at the following rates, respectively, namely :—

(a) the pice at the rate of sixty-four for a rupee, or four for an anna ;

(b) the half-pice at the rate of one hundred and twenty-eight for a rupee, or eight for an anna ; and

(c) the pie at the rate of one hundred and ninety-two for a rupee, or twelve for an anna.

15. (1) (a) All silver coin of the weight and standard specified in Acts No. XVII of 1835, No. XXI of 1838, No. XIII of 1862 and the Indian Coinage Act, 1870, and

(b) all copper coin of the weight specified in Acts No. XXI of 1835, No. XXII of 1844, No. XIII of 1862 and the Indian Coinage Act, 1870,

which may have been issued since the passing of those Acts respectively, and declared by those Acts respectively to be a legal tender, shall, notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in any Act hereby repealed, but subject in the case of silver coin to the provisos contained in section 12 of this Act in so far as such provisos apply to like coins under this Act, continue to be a legal tender for the amounts for which the like silver and bronze coins are a legal tender under this Act respectively.

(2) All double pice copper coins which may have been issued under the Acts specified in sub-section (1), clause (b), shall continue to be a legal tender in payment or on account for any sum not exceeding one rupee at the rate of thirty-two for a rupee or two for an anna.

Diminished, Defaced and Counterfeit Silver Coin.

16. Where any silver coin which has been Power to certain persons to cut diminished or defaced silver coins. coined and issued under the authority of the Governor General in Council is tendered to any person authorised by the Governor General in Council or by the Local Government to act under this section, and such person has reason to believe that the coin—

(a) has been diminished in weight so as to be more than such percentage below standard weight as may be prescribed as the limit of reasonable wear, or

(b) has been defaced,

he shall, by himself or another, cut or break the coin.

17. A person cutting or breaking coin under Procedure in regard the provisions of clause (a) to coin cut under section 16 (a). of section 16 shall observe the following procedure, namely :—

(a) if the coin has been diminished in weight so as to be more than such percentage below standard weight as may be prescribed as the limit of reasonable wear, but not more than such further percentage as may be prescribed in this behalf, he shall either return the pieces to the person tendering the coin, or, if such person so requests, shall receive and pay for the coin at such rates as may be prescribed in this behalf ; and

(b) if the coin has been diminished in weight so as to be more than such further percentage below standard weight so prescribed as aforesaid, he shall return the pieces to the person tendering the coin, who shall bear the loss caused by such cutting or breaking.

18. A person cutting or breaking coin under Procedure in regard the provisions of clause (b) of section 16 shall observe the following procedure, namely :—

(a) if such person has reason to believe that the coin has been fraudulently defaced, he shall return the pieces to the person tendering the coin, who shall bear the loss caused by such cutting or breaking;

(b) if such person has not reason to believe that the coin has been fraudulently defaced, he shall receive and pay for the coin at its nominal value.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section a coin which there is reason to believe has been defaced by sweating shall be deemed to have been fraudulently defaced.

19. If a coin is liable to be cut or broken under the provisions of both clause (a) and clause (b) of section 16, the person cutting or breaking the coin shall deal with it,—

(a) if he has reason to believe that the coin has been fraudulently defaced, under clause (a) of section 18, and

(b) in other cases, under section 17.

20. Where any silver coin purporting to be coined or issued under the authority of the Governor General in Council is tendered to any person authorised by the Governor General in Council or by

Procedure in regard to coin which is liable to be cut under both clause (a) and clause (b) of section 16.

the Local Government to act under this section, and such person has reason to believe that the coin is counterfeit, he shall by himself or another cut or break the coin, and may at his discretion either return the pieces to the tenderer, who shall bear the loss caused by such cutting or breaking, or receive and pay for the coin according to the value of the silver bullion contained in it.

Supplemental Provisions.

21. (1) The Governor General in Council may make rules to carry out the purposes and objects of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may—

(a) reduce the amount of remedy allowed by sections 5, 7 and 9 in the case of any coin;

(b) provide for the guidance of persons authorised to cut or break coin under sections 16 and 20;

(c) determine the percentage of diminution in weight below standard weight not being less in any case than two per cent. which shall be the limit of reasonable wear;

(d) prescribe the further percentage referred to in clause (a) of section 17, and the

rates at which payments shall be made in the case of coins falling under the same clause; and

(e) provide for the acceptance at prescribed rates by officers authorised in this behalf of the gold coins described in section 11 where such coins have lost weight so as to be of less weight than that for the time being prescribed for like coins by or under the Coinage Act, 1870, as the least current weight.

(3) Every such rule shall be published in the 33 & 34 Gazette of India, and on such publication shall have effect as if enacted in this Act. Vict., c. 10.

22. No suit or other proceeding shall lie against any person in respect of anything in good faith done, or intended to be done, under or in pursuance of the provisions of this Act.

23. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to prohibit or restrict the making at the Mint of coins intended for issue as money by the Government of any territories beyond the limits of British India.

24. The Acts mentioned in the Schedule are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the last column thereof:

Provided that copper coins of such descriptions as at the time of the commencement of this Act may be coined at the Mint for issue under the authority of the Governor General in Council may, notwithstanding the repeal of the said Acts, continue to be so coined until such time as the Governor General in Council may by notification in the Gazette of India otherwise direct, and all copper coins so coined shall be a legal tender in payment or on account for the amounts for which bronze coins of corresponding nominal value are a legal tender under this Act.

THE SCHEDULE.

(See section 24.)

ACTS REPEALED.

Year	No.	Short title.	Extent of repeal.
1870	XXIII	The Indian Coinage Act, 1870.	So much as is unrepealed.
1893	VIII	The Indian Coinage and Paper Currency Act, 1893.	So much as relates to the Indian Coinage Act, 1870.
1899	XX I	The Indian Coinage and Paper Currency Act, 1899.	So much as relates to the Indian Coinage Act, 1870.

J. M. MACPHERSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1906.

CONTENTS.

	Page		Page
PART I.—Orders and Notifications by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.	225-254	PART V.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council enacted to be by the Governor-General	255
PART II.—Orders and Notifications by the Government of India	25-41	PART VI.—Bills introduced into the Council of the Governor-General for making laws and Regulations or published under Rule 23	256
PART III.—Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal	27-33	APPENDIX.—Marine Notifications	98-101
PART IV.—Advertisements	237-243	APPENDIX.—Revised List of Special and Common Juries for the year 1906	1-25
PART V.—Acts of the Bengal Council	25	SUPPLEMENT: No. 11.—	
PART VI.—Bills of the Bengal Council	25	Statistical Return of crops, Circular and Eastern Canals, Area leased, Abstract of Major and Minor Works, Prices-current, Meteorology, Rainfall, Supplementary Table of Rainfall in 1905, Results of Meteorological Observations, Railway Traffic Receipts, &c., &c.	417-467
PART VII.—Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council:—			
Proceedings of the Meetings dated the 3rd and 10th March 1906	5-21		

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

TOUR PROGRAMME OF HIS HONOUR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

Month and date.	Day of the week.	Station.	Time.	REMARKS.
1906. 16th March ...	Friday ...	Leave Calcutta ...	2 P.M.	By <i>Rhotas</i> from Princep's Ghat.
		Arrive Diamond Harbour.	6 P.M.	Halt for the night.
17th „ ...	Saturday ...	Leave Diamond Harbour.	5 A.M.	
		Arrive Fraserganj ...	10 A.M.	Halt in <i>Rhotas</i> .

Month and date.	Day of the week.	Station.	Time.	Remarks.
1906.				
18th March ...	Sunday ...	Leave Fraserganj ...	4 P.M.	
		Arrive Diamond Harbour.	8-30 P.M.	Halt for the night.
19th ,, ...	Monday ..	Leave Diamond Harbour.	6-30 A.M.	
		Arrive Calcutta ...	10 A.M.	

The party accompanying His Honour will be—

Lady Fraser.

Mrs. Maidlow.

Miss Buckland.

The Hon'ble Sir Denzil Ibbetson, K.C.S.I.

The Hon'ble Mr. L. Hare, C.S.I., C.I.E.

Mr. J. Wilson, C.S.I., Secretary, Government of India, Revenue Department.

The Hon'ble Mr. E. W. Collin, Commissioner, Presidency Division.

The Hon'ble Mr. R. W. Carlyle, C.I.E., Chief Secretary.

Mr. H. C. Woodman, I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Captain J. S. Maidlow, Aide-de-Camp.

Captain W. H. V. Cameron, Aide-de-Camp.

His Honour's arrival at and departure from Calcutta will be private, but the usual salutes will be fired.

All letters intended for His Honour and party should be addressed "Lieutenant-Governor's Camp, Bengal," without the addition of the name of any post-town.

By order,

H. C. WOODMAN, I.C.S.,

*Private Secretary to His Honour the
Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.*

BELVEDERE,

The 12th March 1906.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

No. 1659A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 1491A.—The 8th March 1906.—Mr. J. A. L. Swan, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on special duty, is appointed to be Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Judicial and General Departments, *vice* Mr. R. L. Ross.

No. 1497A.—The 9th March 1906.—Babu Doorga Das Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Burdwan, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Katwa subdivision of that district.

No. 1505A.—The 9th March 1906.—Mr. J. H. Price, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Darjeeling district.

No. 1581A.—The 13th March 1906.—Mr. E. E. Forrester, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Ranchi, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Judicial Commissioner of Chota Nagpur, *vice* Mr. W. H. H. Vincent, on leave.

No. 1587 A.—The 13th March 1906.—The Hon'ble Mr. G. Gordon, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Judicial and General Departments, is appointed to act as Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, during the absence, on leave, of the Hon'ble Mr. Behari Lal Gupta, or until further orders.

No. 1589 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Mr. T. W. Richardson, District and Sessions Judge, Patna, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Judicial and General Departments, *vice* Mr. A. Earle, on deputation.

No. 1591 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Mr. Jogendra Nath Ghosh, Additional District and Sessions Judge, Jessore-Khulna and Backergunge, is appointed to act temporarily as District and Sessions Judge, Patna, *vice* Mr. T. W. Richardson, on deputation.

No. 1593 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Mr. E. A. Guest, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sambalpur, is placed in charge of the Bargarh subdivision of that district.

No. 1595 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Babu Mon Mohan Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the head-quarters station of the Ranchi district.

No. 1604 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Babu Narendra Nath Datta, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Ranchi, is transferred temporarily to the head-quarters station of the Singhbhum district.

No. 1628 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Maulvi Abdus Salam, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Balasore, is appointed to act temporarily as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

No. 1630 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Babu Hira Lal Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Singhbhum, is appointed to act temporarily as Deputy Commissioner of that district.

No. 1632 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Mr. A. W. Barnicott, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Darjeeling, is transferred to the head-quarters station of the Gaya district.

No. 1634 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Mr. Satyendra Chandra Mallik, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to act temporarily as Additional Sessions Judge, Hooghly.

VOLUNTEERS.—No. 1440 A.—The 7th March 1906.—Second Lieutenant Joseph Coates, Unattached List, North-Western Railway Volunteer Rifles, is transferred, in the same rank, to the Active List of the Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifles, with effect from the 3rd January 1906, *vice* Second Lieutenant F. A. Hadow, promoted.

POLICE.—No. 1541 A.—The 12th March 1906.—The services of Mr. W. T. Moore, Superintendent of Police, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

JAILS.—No. 1599 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Mr. E. W. Payne, Superintendent, Central Jail, Midnapore, is appointed to act as Superintendent of the Central Jail, Alipore, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. M. S. Emerson, or until further orders.

REGISTRATION.—No. 1522 A.—The 12th March 1906.—Babu Satrohan Prosad Singh, Rural Sub-Registrar, Buxar, Shahabad, is appointed to act as Special Sub-Registrar of Arrah in that district, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Nisar Ali, or until further orders.

EDUCATION.—No. 1444 A.—The 8th March 1906.—Babu Kali Kamal Sanyal, Assistant Head Master of the Patna Collegiate School (class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Head Master of that institution, during the absence of Babu Bisweswar Sen.

No. 1644 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Mr. Devendra Nath Mallik, Professor, Patna College, is appointed to act as Principal of the Hooghly College, during the absence of Mr. R. W. F. Shaw, or until further orders.

No. 1646 A.—The 13th March 1906.—Babu Purna Chandra Bhattacharjya, Professor, Hooghly College, is appointed to act as a Professor in the Patna College, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. Devendra Nath Mallik, or until further orders.

No. 1648A.—*The 13th March 1906.*—Babu Surendra Nath Maitra, M.A., is appointed to act as a Professor in the Hooghly College, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Purna Chandra Bhattacharjya, or until further orders.

PROMOTION.

GENERAL.—*No. 1545A.*—*The 12th March 1906.*—Mr. T. W. Richardson, Officiating District and Sessions Judge of the second grade, is confirmed in that grade, with effect from the 21st December 1905, *vice* Kumar Gopendra Krishna Deb, retired.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—*No. 1430A.*—*The 7th March 1906.*—Mr. R. S. Greenshields, Magistrate and Collector, Nadia, is allowed combined leave for six months, with effect from the 11th April 1906, or from the date on which he may be relieved, viz., privilege leave for twenty-five days under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and furlough for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

Nadia.
Bihar.—*No. 1433A.*—*The 8th March 1906.*—Mr. J. G. Cumming, Settlement Officer, Bihar, is allowed combined leave for ten months, viz., privilege leave for three months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 8th April 1906, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, and furlough for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 1551A.—*The 12th March 1906.*—In modification of the order of the 3rd March 1906, Mr. W. B. Heycock, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Darbhanga, is allowed combined leave for eleven months, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved, viz., privilege leave for three months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and furlough for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 1585A.—*The 15th March 1906.*—The Hon'ble Mr. Behari Lal Gupta, Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, is allowed leave for two months and sixteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 15th March 1906, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

VOLUNTEERS.—*No. 1540A.*—*The 12th March 1906.*—Major Victor North Hickley (Honorary Aide-de-Camp to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal), Behar Light Horse, has been granted, by the General Officer Commanding Allahabad Brigade, leave of absence from the 15th March to the 15th November 1906.

REGISTRATION.—*No. 1520A.*—*The 12th March 1906.*—Maulvi Nisar Ali, Special Sub-Registrar, Arrah, Shahabad, is allowed leave for one month and three weeks, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 13th March 1906.

EDUCATION.—*No. 1641A.*—*The 13th March 1906.*—Mr. R. W. F. Shaw, Principal, Hooghly College, is allowed furlough for one year, under articles 277 and 338 of the Civil Service Regulations, in combination with the summer vacation of 1906.

RESIGNATION.

ZOOLOGICAL.—*No. 1622A.*—*The 13th March 1906.*—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Sir Patrick Playfair, Kt., C.I.E., of his appointment as a member of the Committee of management of the Zoological Garden, Calcutta.

POWERS.

GENERAL.—*No. 1614A.*—*The 13th March 1906.*—Babu Hari Das Chatterjee, Deputy Collector, Darbhanga, is vested with the powers of a Collector, under Act I of 1894, in that district.

No. 1617A.—*The 13th March 1906.*—Babu Aukshoy Kumar Sur, Deputy Collector, Purnea, is vested with the powers of a Collector, under Act I of 1894, in that district.

No. 1638A.—*The 13th March 1906.*—Mr. F. M. Luce, Covenanted Deputy Collector, Dinapur, Patna, is vested with the powers of a Collector, under Act I of 1894, in that subdivision.

The following orders are republished from the *Eastern Bengal and Assam Gazette* :—

No. 1605C.—The 27th February 1906.—Babu Khetter Nath Banerji, Munsif of Netrokona, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave for two months, viz., two days under Article 274 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the remaining period under Article 271 of the Regulations, with effect from the 8th March 1906.

No. 1606C.—The 27th February 1906.—Babu Asvini Kumar Das Gupta, Munsif of Satkania, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave for five days under Article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of that granted to him in Notification No. 740C., dated the 1st February 1906.

No. 1635C.—The 1st March 1906.—The services of Mr. C. E. Ezechiel, District Superintendent of Police, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

No. 1673C.—The 2nd March 1906.—The services of Babu Surjo Narain Das, Officiating Additional Subordinate Judge, Mymensingh, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 1761C.—The 8th March 1906.—Mr. R. R. Garlick, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is allowed combined leave for six months, viz., privilege leave for three months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 22nd April 1906, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, and special leave for the remaining period under article 316 of the Regulations.

No. 1762C.—The 8th March 1906.—Mr. J. Donald, i.c.s., Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Faridpur is allowed combined leave for ten months, viz., privilege leave for three months under article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved, and furlough for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 1787C.—The 9th March 1906.—Mr. T. Inglis, Commissioner of the Dacca Division, is allowed combined leave for six months, with effect from the 15th March 1906, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, viz., privilege leave for two months and fourteen days under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and special leave for the remaining period, under article 316 of the Regulations.

No. 1804C.—The 9th March 1906.—The services of Maulvi Syed Feda Ali, Inspector of Registration Offices, Eastern Bengal and Assam, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1548A.—The 12th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that the first Half-yearly Departmental Examination in 1906 of the Bankipore Assistants of the Opium Department will be held at Bankipore on Monday, the 4th June 1906, and the following day.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1359For.—The 12th March 1906.—The services of Mr. F. Trafford, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department, for employment in the Andamans.

No. 1380For.—The 15th March 1906.—Mr. E. E. Slane, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, is, on return from the furlough granted to him in the Gazette Notification No. 1277For., dated the 29th February 1904, posted to the Singhbhum Division as an Attached Officer.

No. 1232L.R.—The 5th March 1906.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that so much of declaration No. 4133L.R., dated the 17th November 1904, published at pages 1726-27, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd idem, as relates to the working of the minerals underlying the Kustore or Aikusa siding, be cancelled.

No. 1281L.A.—The 3rd March 1906.—The declaration No. 2358L.R., dated the 17th August 1905, published at page 1378 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th idem, in respect of the land required for the police-station at Barua, district Murshidabad, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1204 L.R.—The 8th March 1906.—In supersession of Notification No. 3667 L.R., Singhbhum and Midnapore, dated the 21st December 1905, published at page 2069, Part I of the Calcutta Gazette of the 27th idem, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, in exercise of the power conferred on him by section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, V (B.C.) of 1875, to direct that a survey shall be made of all lands situated within the external boundaries of the estate of Dhalbhum, bearing tauzi No. 1 on the revenue-roll of the Singhbhum district, situated in the districts of Singhbhum and Midnapore, and that the boundaries of estates, tenures, mauzas and fields shall be demarcated on the lands so to be surveyed.

No. 1322 L.R.—The 9th March 1906.—Under section 11 of the Central Provinces Land Revenue Act, 1881 (XVIII of 1881), section 2, clause 9, of the Central Provinces Tenancy Act, 1898 (XI of 1898), section 4 of the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883 (XIX of 1883), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to confer the following powers on Mr. E. A. Guest, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sambalpur:—

- (1) Power to effect imperfect partitions under section 136 of the Central Provinces Land Revenue Act, 1881 (XVIII of 1881) [as amended by Act XII of 1898].
- (2) Powers of a Deputy Commissioner under the Central Provinces Land Revenue Act, 1881 (XVIII of 1881) [as amended by Act XII of 1898].
- (3) Power to deal with cases under sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 50, 58 and 78 of the Central Provinces Tenancy Act, 1898 (XI of 1898).
- (4) Power to grant loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883 (XIX of 1883).

No. 1352 L.R.—The 12th March 1906.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101 (2) (c) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885, as amended by Act III (B.C.) of 1898, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to direct that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands included in the Trust Estate Raj Narain Das (Borboria), tauzi No. 3005, in the district of Midnapore.

The particulars to be recorded in the survey and record-of-rights shall be the following:—

- (a) the name of each tenant or occupant;
- (b) the class to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, occupancy raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat, or under-raiyat; and, if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;
- (c) the situation and quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier;
- (d) the name of each tenant's landlord;
- (e) the money-rent payable at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, or if a produce rent, the fact that a produce rent is paid;
- (f) the mode in which that rent has been fixed—whether by contract, by order of a Court or otherwise;
- (g) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases;
- (h) the special conditions and incidents, if any, of the tenancy;
- (i) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and, if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority;
- (j) the name of each proprietor, with the character and extent of his interest, and the situation, quantity, and one or more of the boundaries of each proprietor's private lands, as defined in Chapter XI of the Act;
- (k) the custom of the village regulating the methods of irrigation, and the duties and rights of both landlords and tenants with respect to the use and maintenance of the means of irrigation.

No. 1353 L.R.—The 12th March 1906.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101 (2) (a) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885, as amended by Act III (B.C.) of 1898, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to direct that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands included in estate Raja Baikanto Nath Dey (Borboria), tauzi No. 906, in the district of Midnapore.

The particulars to be recorded in the survey and record-of-rights shall be the following:—

- (a) the name of each tenant or occupant;
- (b) the class to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, occupancy raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat or under-raiyat, and, if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;

- (c) the situation and quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier ;
- (d) the name of each tenant's landlord ;
- (e) the money-rent payable at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, or if a produce-rent, the fact that a produce-rent is paid ;
- (f) the mode in which that rent has been fixed—whether by contract, by order of a Court or otherwise ;
- (g) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases ;
- (h) the special conditions and incidents, if any, of the tenancy ;
- (i) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and, if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and if so entitled, under what authority ;
- (j) the name of each proprietor, with the character and extent of his interest, and the situation, quantity and one or more of the boundaries of each proprietor's private lands as defined in Chapter XI of the Act ;
- (k) the custom of the village regarding the methods of irrigation and the duties and rights of both landlords and tenants with respect to the use and maintenance of the means of irrigation.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1278L.A.—The 3rd March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at

Cuttack.

the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a Minor Distributary at 4,540 feet of No. 10 F. A. Distributary, Machgang Canal, length 3,000 feet and breadth 18 feet, in the villages of Taradapara and Basuntpur, pargana Hariherpur, zilla Cuttack, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 acre 37·8 poles bounded on the north by the cultivated land belonging to Chandramoni Deyee and others, on the south by No. 10 F. A. Branch Distributary, Machgang Canal, and on the east and west by the cultivated land belonging to Bhagaban Tihari and Netranundaharichandan and others, is required within the aforesaid villages of Taradapara and Basuntpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Officer, Irrigation Branch, Cuttack.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1279L.A.—The 3rd March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at

Cuttack.

the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a retired line of embankment at Arjoonpur in Embankment No. 551 from its 3,351 feet, length 402 feet and breadth 50 feet, in the village of Arjoonpur, pargana Suknai, zilla Cuttack, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 rood 33·3 poles bounded on the north by the cultivated land belonging to Kristo Acharjee, Bhagaban Acharjee, Hari Rout and Kelai Tehardi and others, on the south by the waste land, cultivated land belonging to Hari Rout and Kelai Tehardi and others, on the east by the homestead land of Bhagaban Acharjee, and on the west by No. 551 old embankment, is required within the aforesaid village of Arjoonpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Officer, Irrigation Branch, Cuttack.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1280L.A.—The 5th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

Puri.

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Puri Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a latrine to be attached to the new Municipal market in the village of Balavadraballav in Daitapara Sahi, Puri, pargana Rahang, zilla Puri, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a

piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.021 acre or 875 square feet of standard measurement, bounded on the north by homestead land of Hari Charan Das and Pranaswar Das, on the south & east by homestead land of Barga Charan Rai, and on the west by Municipal market, is required within the aforesaid village of Balavadraballav Lane in Daitapara Sahi, Puri.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Puri.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1298 L.A.—The 8th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for road diversion at Ranaghat, Railway station in the village of Nasrapara, pargana Mamjoiin, zilla Nadia, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 bigha 11 cottahs 4 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by Municipal road, on the east by land belonging to Eastern Bengal State Railway, on the south by the land belonging to Bama Charan Sarma, and on the west by land belonging to Bama Charan Sarma, Sarat Chandra Pramanik and Radha Nath Dey, is required within the aforesaid village of Nasrapara.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Calcutta District, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1299 L.A.—The 8th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for construction of staff quarters at Kanchrapara, in the village of Nandanbati (Bijpur), pargana Habilishahar, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 118 bighas 1 cottah 12½ chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north and west by the land belonging to Eastern Bengal State Railway, on the east by the land belonging to Nundo Lal Goswami, and on the south by public road, is required within the aforesaid village of Nandanbati (Bijpur).

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Calcutta District.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1325 L.A.—The 9th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway for a public purpose, viz., for the Deolti Railway station in the village of Deolti, pargana Mundalghat, district Hooghly, subdistrict Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 acre 1 rood and 29.56 polos, being equivalent to 4 bighas 6 cottahs and 13 chitaks of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid village of Deolti.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

The plan of the land may be seen in the office of the District Engineer, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Calcutta, at 18 Garden Reach, Kiddorpore.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1324 L.A.—The 9th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Bankura, for a public purpose, viz., for construction of a feeder road in the villages of Kethiardang, Gopinathpur and Patpur, pargana Ghhatna, zilla Bankura, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of

measuring, more or less, 24 bighas 17 cottahs and 7 chitaks of standard bounded on the east by Taldangra road and Patpur mal land, on the north and south by lands of manuas Kethiardang and Gopinathpur, and on the west by mal land of Patpur village, is required within the aforesaid villages of Kethiardang, Gopinathpur and Patpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bankura.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1351L.A.—The 9th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

24-Parganas. of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Compound of the Civil Court at Alipore, in the village of Alipore, pargana Magura, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 bigha 3 cottahs and 8 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the District Judge's Court, on the east by a road leading to the Judge's Court, on the south by Tollygunge Circular Road, and on the west by premises No. 32 Judge's Court Road, is required within the aforesaid village of Alipore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, 2nd Calcutta Division, at No. 4 Russel Street, Calcutta.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1362L.A.—The 9th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

Burdwan. of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for quarters for the Sergeant-Instructor of "B" Troop of Chota Nagpur Mounted Rifles at Asansol, in the village of Santha, pargana Shergurh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 bighas 10 cottahs of standard measurement (corresponding to 3 roods 12·23 poles of land), bounded on the north and west by the *danga* lands of Messrs. Apoor & Co., south by a road to Chota Nagpur Mounted Rifles Club House, and east by the land acquired for circuit-house and a tank, is required within the aforesaid village of Santha.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig or carry away, or use in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Burdwan.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1373L.A.—The 15th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

Patna. of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the Training School in the town of Patna, in the village of Muradpore Muharrampur, pargana Azimabad, zilla Patna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 7 bighas 5 cottahs 18·02 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the diara land, on the south by a public road and house of Babu Jadu Nath Banerji, on the east by the lane leading to the Ganges and house of Babu Jadu Nath Banerji, and on the west by the compound of the Opium Agent's Office, is required within the aforesaid village of Muradpore Muharrampur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Patna.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1574 L.A.—The 13th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-

Puri.

Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for police outpost at Bhubaneshwar, in the village of Bhubaneshwar, subdivision Khurda, zilla Puri, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 600 acres of standard measurement, bounded on the north by Saradaipur Road, on the east by land belonging to Bamdeb Baru Mahapatra, on the south by land belonging to Lingraj Deb and Rama Sahu, and on the west by police outpost, is required within the aforesaid village of Bhubaneshwar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Puri.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1575 L.A.—The 13th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

Manbhum.

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for assisted siding, Kendwadeeh, off Khaira siding, for the East Indian Railway Coal Company, in the village of Kendwadeeh, pargana Jheria, zilla Manbhum, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5 cottahs 8.88 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north, east and west by the danga lands of the Jheria Raj Estate, and on the south by the East Indian Railway Company's land, is required within the aforesaid village of Kendwadeeh.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig or carry away, or use in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1576 L.A.—The 13th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-

Patna.

Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for accommodation for the Deputy Inspector-General of Police's office and staff, in the village of Muharrampur, pargana Azimabad, zilla Patna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3 bighas 4 cottahs 12.62 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the land acquired for Deputy Inspector-General's residence; on the south by a drain; on the east by the land of Shah Mazhar Hussain; and on the west by the road from the maidan to the Railway Station, is required within the aforesaid village of Muharrampur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Patna.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1577 L.A.—The 13th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

Murshidabad.

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Murshidabad Branch of the Eastern Bengal State Railway at Kati-Ganga Bhil, in the villages of Kalikapur and Sannasidanga, pargana Ohunakhali, zilla Murshidabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 17 bighas

7 cottahs 5·71 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 5 acres 2 roods 38·629 poles, bounded as follows, is required within the aforesaid villages of Kalikapur and Sannasidanga :—

BOUNDARIES.

Extra lands in village Kalikapur.

Plot No. 1.—Bounded on the north by the land of Fakir Chandal, on the east by the railway boundary, on the south by the land of Ram Kar, and on the west by the land of Ram Lal Mali.

Plot No. 2.—Bounded on the north by the Kati-Ganga Bhil, on the east by the land of Chatto Sheik, on the south by the lands of Kalu Sheik, Fakir Mandal, and Ram Jay Mandal, and on the west by the railway boundary.

Extra lands in village Sannasidanga.

Plot No. 3.—Bounded on the north by the land of Ram Jay Mandal, on the east by the lands of Fakir Sheik and Ram Jay Mandal, on the south and west by the railway boundary.

Plot No. 4.—Bounded on the north by the lands of Raghunath Mandal and Ashoo Mandal, on the east and south by the railway boundary, and on the west by the land of Ram Jay Mandal.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Eastern Bengal State Railway, Division II, Berhampore.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1378 L.A.—The 13th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government

at the expense of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for assisted siding No. 5A., Bhowra Branch, Jheria coal-lines, for Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., in the village of Bhowra, pargana Jheria, zilla Manbhum, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 19 bighas 14 cottahs and 8 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the paddy land of Sibū Mahto, Riskha Majhi and colliery land of Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., on the south by the paddy land of Durga Majhi, coal-pit and colliery land of Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., on the east by the railway land, and on the west by the waste land of Jheria Raj, is required within the aforesaid village of Bhowra.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig or carry away, or use in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (i), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer Bengal-Nagpur Railway, at Mohuda.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1379 L.A.—The 13th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the

public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Kasimbazar Station yard (west side) on the Murshidabad Branch of the Eastern Bengal State Railway, in the village of Jhowkhola, pargana Chunakhali, zilla Murshidabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 cottah 11·022 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 4·466 poles, bounded on the north by the land of Niloo Ray, on the east by the Railway boundary, on the south by the land of Kali Nath Bose, and on the west by the Municipal road, is required within the aforesaid village of Jhowkhola.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Eastern Bengal State Railway, Division II, Berhampore.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER the provisions of section 2 of Act VI of 1876, as amended by Act V of 1884, Babu Surja Kumar Som, 1st Manager, Encumbered Estates in the district of Palamau, is appointed to be the Manager and the management is vested in him, of the undermentioned immoveable property of Thakur Khit Narayan Sahi and others of Chakla, and of any other immoveable property to which the said holders are entitled in their own right or which they are entitled to redeem, or which may be acquired by or devolve on them or their heirs during the continuance of such management.

Name of estate.	Name of holder.
Chakla having interests in 18 entire villages :—	
1. Chakla, 16 annas with tolas.	1. Thakur Khit Narayan Sahi (<i>alias</i> Situ Sahi).
2. Nagar, ditto.	2. Thakur Gobardhan Nath Sahi.
3. Dhadhu, ditto.	3. Thakur Kashi Nath Sahi.
4. Sikid, Mokurri.	4. Thakur Triloke Nath Sahi.
5. Santi, ditto.	5. Prayag Nath Sahi (<i>alias</i> Man- der Sahi.)
6. Erood, ditto.	
7. Jilanga, ditto.	
8. Masiatu, ditto.	
9. Murgaon, ditto.	
10. Mahuatnur, ditto.	
11. Bhainsadon, ditto.	
12. Genenja, ditto.	
13. Semarsote, ditto.	

E. A. GAIT, Commissioner.

COMMR.'s OFFICE, RANCHI, the 28th February 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER the provisions of section 2 of Act VI of 1876, as amended by Act V of 1884, Babu Hemanta Kumar Maitra, General Manager of the Wards and Encumbered Estates, in the district of Ranchi, is appointed to be the Manager, and the management is vested in him of the undermentioned immoveable property of Shuk Bhanjan Singh Munda of Hazam in the district of Ranchi and of any other immoveable property to which the said holder is entitled in his own rights or which he is entitled to redeem or which may be acquired by or devolve on him or his heirs during the continuance of such management.

Name of estates.—Hazam and its four tolas Jainagar Basudih, Khatanga and Boridih.
Name of holder.—Shukh Bhanjan Singh Munda.

E. A. GAIT, Commissioner.

COMMR.'s OFFICE, RANCHI, the 1st March 1906.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1058.—The 13th March 1906.—The following graduates have been granted Research Scholarships of Rs. 100 for one year. The scholarships will take effect from the 1st February 1906, in the case of the first two graduates and from the 1st March 1906, in the case of the last named graduate :—

NAME.	Subject in which research will be carried on.	Place of work.
1. Babu Dharmadas Banerjee, M.A.	Indian History, with special reference to the subject of Muhammadan rule in India.	Imperial Library.
2. Kamada Charan Chakravarti, M.A.	Physical Science (optics) with special reference to the subjects of— (i) optical proportion of three metals films ; (ii) dispersion produced by metallic films ; (iii) reflection from the surface of opaque metallic sulphides and oxides ; and (iv) analysis of luminous radiation by Michelson's Echelon grating and Lummer and Gehrke's plane parallel plate.	Civil Engineering College.
3. Babu Panchanan Neogi.	Chemistry with special reference to the subject of organic chemistry on the relative stability of the alkyl haloids Normal, Iso and Tertiary.	Presidency College.

No. 1057.—*The 13th March 1906.*—The Research Scholars named in the following list have been re-elected to hold their scholarships of Rs. 100 a month for another year, with effect from the date noted against each:—

NAME.	Subject.	Place of work.	When first elected.	Date from which re-elected.
1. Babu Bhabesh Chandra Banerjea, M.A.	Hindu Philosophy with special reference to <i>Mimansa</i> Philosophy.	Sanskrit College.	1st February 1904.	1st February 1906.
2. Babu Hem Chandra Sen Gupta, M.A.	Mathematics, with special reference to Practical Astronomy.	Presidency College.	Ditto	Ditto.
3. Babu Satis Chandra Upadhyaya, M.A.	Physical Science, with special reference to the effect of the transmission of electric waves or X rays in electrolytic solutions, or the connection between plant and human life.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
4. Babu Bipin Bihari Das, M.A.	Physical Chemistry with special reference to (1) the molecular conductivity of very dilute solutions of acids, bases and neutral salts, (2) dissociation of substances in mixtures of water with various alcohols, etc.	Civil Engineering College.	1st February 1905.	Ditto.
5. Babu Satis Chandra Mukerjee, M.A.	Chemical affinity with special reference to the electrical state of nascent gases.	Presidency College.	Ditto	Ditto.

No. 1059, dated the 13th March 1906.—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the grant to Babu Nilmani Chakravarti, M.A., for a further period of one year, with effect from 1st March 1906, of the Research Scholarship of Rs. 100 per mensem which was previously granted to him.

No. 1154.—*The 13th March 1906.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Board of Visitors of the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur:—

- (1) The Chief Inspector of Mines in India.
- (2) Mr. James Grundy, Inspector of Mines in India.
- (3) Mr. E. O. Agabeg, General Manager, Burrakar Coal Company, Limited.

G. GORDON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 370S.R.—*The 10th March 1906.*—Babu Bhabadev Sirkar, Deputy Collector, is appointed Deputy Collector of Income-tax in the district of Jessore, *vice* Babu Ajoy Chandra Das, and under section 40 of Act II of 1886 is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Act.

No. 372S.R.—*The 10th March 1906.*—Babu Harbans Sahay, Deputy Collector, is appointed Deputy Collector of Income-tax in the district of Darbhanga, *vice* Babu Krishna Lal Dey, and under section 40 of Act II of 1886 is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Act.

No. 379S.R.—The 10th March 1906.—Mr. L. F. Morshead, I.C.S., is appointed to be Collector of Customs, Calcutta, with effect from the 10th March 1906.

No. 353-O.—The 8th March 1906.—Mr. W. J. F. Currie, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Bettiah, is granted privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 8th April 1906, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

L. P. SHIRRES,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1038 Medl.—The 6th March 1906.—Senior Assistant Surgeon Bepin Vihari Gupta is appointed temporarily to act as a Civil Surgeon, and is posted to Birbhum, with effect from the forenoon of the 13th February 1906.

L. P. SHIRRES,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1660A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 5195A.—The 29th December 1905.—Babu Surjo Narain Dass, Subordinate Judge, Bankura, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge, Bankura.

No. 1465A.—The 8th March 1906.—Babu Durga Das Bose, Munsif of Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge, Patna, but for the present to be on deputation as Additional Subordinate Judge, Bhagalpur, *vice* Babu Aswini Kumar Guha, about to retire.

No. 1495A.—The 9th March 1906.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Basu, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Jessore, to be ordinarily stationed at Bangaon, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Amulya Chandra Ghose, or until further orders.

No. 1515A.—The 12th March 1906.—Babu Itajeswar Prasad, B.A., LL.B., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Patna, to be ordinarily stationed at Bihar, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. S. M. Khalilur Rahman, or until further orders.

No. 1624A.—The 15th March 1906.—Babu Dinesh Chandra Chatterjee, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Midnapore, to be ordinarily stationed at Contai, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Sasi Kumar Ghose, or until further orders.

No. 1636A.—The 13th March 1906.—Babu Nalini Nath Mitra, Subordinate Judge, Tirhut, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge, Darbhanga, and is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500 within the local limits of the Darbhanga Munsifi.

No. 1641A.—The 13th March 1906.—Babu Surendra Nath Mukhopadhyay, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Tirhut, to be ordinarily stationed at Sitamarhi, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Abdur Rahim, or until further orders.

LEAVE.

No. 1513A.—The 26th February 1906.—Babu Romesh Chandra Bose, Munsif of Chôta Nagpur, in Chota Nagpur, is allowed leave for two weeks, under article 274 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the order of the 19th February 1906.

No. 1514A.—The 28th February 1906.—Babu Amulya Chandra Ghose, Munsif of Bangaon, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave for four months, under article 237 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 8th March 1906.

No. 1621A.—The 9th March 1906.—Babu Satish Chandra Banerjee, late Munsif of Motihari, in the district of Saran, is allowed leave for two days under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the order of the 12th September 1905.

POWERS.

No. 1517A.—The 12th March 1906.—Babu Hemendra Lal Singh, Munsif of Bangson, in the district of Jessore, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, and with the functions of a District Court, under section 26, sub-section (1), of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Bangson Munsifi.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 1433J.—The 2nd March 1906.—Mr. William Bruce and Babu Abinash Chandra Sarkar are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Independent Bench at Bhatpara, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

No. 1484J.—The 3rd March 1906.—Mr. Kenelm William Digby is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Bench at Kharagpur, in the district of Midnapore.

No. 1699J.—The 12th March 1906.—Babu Satyendra Nath Roy is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Alipore Independent Bench in the district of the 24-Parganas.

No. 1711J.—The 12th March 1906.—Babu Nand Kishore and Babu Barhamdeo Prasad are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Independent Bench at Begusarai, in the district of Monghyr.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1432J.—The 2nd March 1906.—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Messrs. Alfred David Kidd and Andrew Small of their appointments as Honorary Magistrates of the Bhatpara Independent Bench, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

No. 1436J.—The 2nd March 1906.—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Babu Radhikananda Thakur of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Kutwa Independent Bench, in the district of Burdwan.

POWERS

No. 1434J.—The 2nd March 1906.—Mr. William Bruce and Babu Abinash Chandra Sarkar, who have been appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Independent Bench at Bhatpara, in the district of the 24-Parganas, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 1485J.—The 3rd March 1906.—Mr. Kenelm William Digby, who has been appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Bench at Kharagpur, in the district of Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 1554J.—The 13th March 1906.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 185A, sub-section (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that evidence in cases in which an appeal lies shall be taken down by Babu Gopal Chandra Bose, Subordinate Judge, Gaya, with his own hand in the English language.

No. 1714J.—The 12th March 1906.—Babu Deoki Nandan, an Honorary Magistrate of the Independent Bench at Begusarai, in the district of Monghyr, is authorised to sit singly for the trial of such cases as may be made over to him by the Subdivisional Officer of Begusarai.

No. 1700J.—The 12th March 1906.—Babu Satyendra Nath Roy, who has been appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Alipore Independent Bench, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class and is empowered, under section 357, sub-section 2 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), to take down evidence in criminal cases in the English language.

No. 1712J.—The 12th March 1906.—Babu Nand Kishore and Babu Barhamdeo Prasad, who have been appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Independent Bench at Begusarai, in the district of Monghyr, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

G. GORDON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1555J.—The 13th March 1906.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Motor-Car and Cycle Act, 1903 (Ben. Act III of 1903), and in continuation of Notification No. 194J., dated the 11th January 1906, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the following clause be added to Rule 1 of the Rules for regulating the use of motor-cars and motor-cycles, published under Notification No. 1126J., dated the 8th February 1904, at pages 261-62 of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 10th February 1904, namely:—

“The expression ‘motor-cycle’ includes motor-cars designed to travel on not more than three wheels and weighing, unladen, not more than 3 cwt.”

No. 1631J.—The 8th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Second Additional Munsif of Tirhut is henceforth to be designated as the Additional Munsif of Darbhanga.

No. 1679J.—The 9th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the amalgamation of the Murshidabad.

the Gorabazar thana with the Sujagunge thana, in the district of Murshidabad, and the conversion of the Gorabazar thana into a town beat outpost.

2. In consequence of the above alterations, the following are declared to be the revised boundaries of the Sujagunge police-station:—

North—By Shanagar police-station jurisdiction.

West—By the Bhagirathi river.

South—By Burwa police-station jurisdiction.

East—By Hariharpara and Doulatabad police-station jurisdiction.

No. 1680J.—The 9th March 1906.—In modification of Notification No. 2145J.D., dated the 17th June 1905, published in page 1126, Part I of the

Calcutta Gazette, dated the 21st idem, it is hereby notified for general information that the police station at Dewansera, in the district of Murshidabad, has been permanently removed from its present site at Dewansera to Lalgola, with effect from the 21st May 1905, and that the thana will henceforth be known as the “Lalgola police-station.”

No. 1740J.—The 13th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Panchogram outpost, subordinate to the Kalianganj police-station, in the district of Murshidabad, has been abolished with effect from the 1st March 1906.

No. 1741J.—The 13th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Kalianganj police-station, in the district of Murshidabad, has been moved from Kalianganj to Nobogram, and that the thana will henceforth be known as “Nobogram” thana.

No. 1744J.—The 13th March 1906.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 14, sub-section (1), of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to fix Dhanbad, in the district of Manbhum, as the place at which the Munsif of Gobindpur, in that district, shall temporarily hold his Court.

No. 1504J.—The 3rd March 1906.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 14, sub-section (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to confer upon Babu Bhagwan Chandra Mohapatra, who has been appointed to be President of the panchayat of Union No. V (Ertal) of thana Basudebpur, in the district of Balasore, *viz* Babu Anadi Charan Mohapatra, the powers of a Magistrate under sections 64, 127 and 128 of the same Code, and to declare that the said powers may be exercised by him within the limits of that Union.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor is further pleased to declare, in pursuance of sub-section (2) of the said section 14, that the said powers are conferred and may be exercised by Babu Bhagwan Chandra Mohapatra for a period of three years only, from the date of this notification.

No. 1650J.—The 10th March 1906.—In columns I and II of the Government Notification No. 1567J.D., dated the 27th May 1905, published in Part I, page 971 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 31st idem, for entry (1) the following shall be substituted:—

COLUMN I.

COLUMN II.

(1) Mahnar Road and Bachwara Railway Stations, and places lying between them.

(1)A. Pasraha Railway Station and places lying between Bachwara and Pasraha Railway Stations.

(1) All Courts having jurisdiction within the Hajipur subdivision of the Muzaffarpur district, except Courts of Magistrates of the third class.

(1)A. All Courts having jurisdiction within the Beguserai subdivision of the Monghyr district, except Courts of Magistrates of the third class.

G. GORDON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL-JAILS.

No. 1631J.—The 8th March 1906.—The gentlemen named below are re-appointed to be non-official visitors of the Hooghly Jail:—

Rai Lalit Mohan Sinha Bahadur. | Babu Mohendra Chandra Mitra.
Maulvi Saiyid Ashrufudin Ahmed, Khan Bahadur.

G. GORDON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 9th March 1906.

No. 42.—Babu Saroda Sunder Pal, Executive Engineer, third grade, temporary rank was, on return from leave, attached to the office of the Chief Engineer, Bengal, from the 28th February to the 2nd March 1906, both days inclusive.

No. 44.—Rai Sahib Beni Madhub Mitter, Executive Engineer, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of that previously sanctioned in Bengal Government Notification No. 16, dated 22nd January 1906.

The 13th March 1906.

No. 47.—Babu Tarini Churn Sirkar, Honorary Assistant Engineer, Eastern Sone Division, is permitted to retire from the service of Government from the 1st May 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 9th March 1906.

No. 43.—Babu Saroda Sunder Pal, Executive Engineer, third grade, temporary rank, is attached to the Chota Nagpur Division until further orders.

The 10th March 1906.

No. 45.—Mr. B. K. Finnimore, Superintending Engineer, Northern Circle, is granted privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, combined with special leave on urgent private affairs for three months, under article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 26th March 1906, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

A. S. THOMSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

Calcutta, the 13th March 1906.

No 12R.—Notification—The following notification issued by the Railway Board is republished for general information.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Notification No. 60, dated the 5th March 1906, by the Railway Board.

"It is hereby notified for general information that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the construction, on the 5' 6" gauge, of an extension of the Hooghly-Katwa Branch of the East Indian Railway from Katwa to Barharwa, with two short ghat lines, a total length of 102.7 miles.

2. "The extension will form an integral part of the East Indian Railway."

No. 11R.—Notification.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a railway line from Kishenganj, a station on the Barsoe-Kishenganj Branch of the Eastern Bengal State Railway, *via* Titalia to Jalpaiguri, a station on the main line of the Eastern Bengal State Railway, passing through the following villages in the district of Purnea:

Notice is hereby given, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, that a Survey Party is to take the field for the purpose of making a survey of the proposed line, and that, in exercise of the powers conferred by the above-mentioned section, the Lieutenant-Governor has authorised the Engineers for the time being engaged in the undertaking to enter upon

and survey and do all other acts required for the proper execution of their works as provided or specified in the said section:—

PURNEA DISTRICT.

Villages.

pur.	Juhangeerpur.	Mirzadpur.
Soondurnurainpur.	Suradighee.	Saikhjee-guch.
Phoolwaree.	Adhkaree.	Bhotamaree.
Ghoramara.	Paharkutta.	Bhagulpoor.
Pachimbulohooka.	Rutooa.	Mukrundpoorguch.
Dhegsura.	Seetajhare.	Bhataguch.
Ghordhupa.	Koltha Arazee.	Bhagalpoorkhas.
Byrgachee.	Boodhowra.	Mukrmedpoor.
Suthkhumar.	Chilhamunan.	Bhata.
Peeakoondree.	Powakhalee.	Dangaparaguch.
Taleepokhur.	Puteelabhansa.	Ouchar.
Deeonan.	Nowkutta.	Dangapara.
Singhea.	Sarogora.	Dengra.
Chuguleea.	Koseearee.	Sanee.
Rooknudra.	Pakureea.	Jorapanee.
Damurbaree.	Koemanee.	

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The 6th March 1906.

No. 21 Marine.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 7 of the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. A. E. Ryles, Loco. Superintendent, and Mr. W. Longmuir, Deputy Loco. Superintendent of the Bengal and North-Western Railway Company, Limited, to be Surveyors of Inland Steam-vessels at Bhagalpur, Mokameh and Digha Ghat.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 6th March 1906.

No. 22 Marine.—Mr. H. E. Mackenzie, Senior Master Pilot, is granted privilege leave for two months and nine days, under article 676 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th February 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 12th March 1906.

No. 23 Marine.—Mr. H. G. H. Bartlett, Junior Master Pilot, is appointed to act as Senior Master Pilot, with effect from 3rd March 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 12th March 1906.

No. 24 Marine.—Mr. C. G. Stock, Branch Pilot, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-six days, under article 676 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, combined with special leave for four months and four days, under article 673 (a) of the Regulations, with effect from the 15th March 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 13th March 1906.

No. 46.—Babu Krishnadhane Banerjee, Supervisor, 1st grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Buxar Division to the South-Western Circle.

W. A. INGLIS,
Chief Engineer, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 1661A.

No. 1469A.—*The 8th March 1906.*—Maulvi Mohamad Sahabuddin Khan, substantive Sonthal Parganas. *pro tempore* Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Pakaur, Sonthal Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 1471A.—*The 8th March 1906.*—Maulvi Syed Reza Karim Ahmed, substantive *pro tempore* Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Rajmahal, Sonthal Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 1531A.—*The 12th March 1906.*—Maulvi Abdul Ghaffar, substantive *pro tempore* Sub-Deputy Collector, Jhenida, Jessore, is allowed leave on medical certificate for three months under rule 1, article 336, of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 7th October 1905, and extraordinary leave up to the 5th April 1906, under articles 232 and 339, rule 1, of the Regulations, in continuation.

No. 1536A.—*The 12th March 1906.*—Babu Nagendra Lal Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector. Rampur Hât, Birbhum, is transferred to the Arambagh subdivision of the Hooghly district.

No. 1538A.—*The 12th March 1906.*—Babu Bejoy Bihari Mukerji, substantive *pro tempore* Sub-Deputy Collector, Arambagh, Hooghly, is transferred to the Rampur Hât subdivision of the Birbhum district.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

No. 1524A.—*The 12th March 1906.*—Maulvi Syad Abul Kasim, Rural Sub-Registrar, Bankipore, is appointed to act as Rural Sub-Registrar of Buxar, in the district of Shahabad, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Satroham Prosad Singh, or until further orders.

Patna.
Shahabad.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2202, dated Calcutta, the 12th March 1906.—Major E. A. R. Newman, I.M.S., made over charge of the Bhagalpur Central Jail to Captain J. M. Woolley, I.M.S., on the afternoon of the 24th December 1905.

W. J. BUCHANAN,

Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

No. 2050, dated Calcutta, the 5th March 1906.—This Department Notification No. 1518 dated the 16th February 1906, appointing first grade Assistant Surgeon Ganes Chandra Mitra, to the new Central Hospital at Balasore, is cancelled.

No. 2093, dated Calcutta, the 8th March 1906.—Second grade Assistant Surgeon Baroda Kanta Roy, of the Muzaffarpur Charitable Dispensary, is appointed to the new Central Hospital at Balasore

This cancels Notification No. 1511, dated the 16th February 1906.

No. 2213 dated Calcutta, the 12th March 1906.—This Department Notification No. 1786, dated the 23rd February 1906, appointing third-grade Assistant Surgeon Bepin Chandra Das Gupta to act at the Monghyr Charitable Dispensary, is cancelled.

R. MACRAE, M.B., COL., I.M.S.,

Offg. Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Examination of Compounders at the Orissa Medical School, Cuttack.

In accordance with the Government of Bengal Notifications Nos. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, and 337T.—M., dated 9th June 1897, notice is hereby given that the next half-yearly examination of compounders will begin at 10 A.M., on Wednesday, the 25th April 1906, at the Medical School, Cuttack.

2. Every candidate must produce a certificate of training and a certificate of age and previous education, as required by Rule 9 (*vide* Government of Bengal Notification No. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th November 1896, and circulated by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, to all Civil Surgeons, Superintendents of Medical Schools, Lunatic Asylums and Calcutta Hospitals with his Circular No. 60, dated 5th December 1896).

3. Male candidates must forward to the Superintendent of the Medical School, Cuttack, an examination fee of Rs. 5 at least one week before the 25th April 1906. Female candidates will be examined free of charge. No certificate or fee will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

4. Should any candidate fail to pass the examination, he will forfeit his fee.

NOTE.—The attention of candidates is drawn to Rules 9, 10 and 12 (a) and (b), and of persons granting the certificates to Rules 11 and 14 (3) and (4) and to the certificate, Forms C and D, in the schedule of the Government of Bengal's aforesaid Notification No. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896.

CUTTACK,

The 7th March 1906.

C. R. STEVENS, M.D., F.R.C.S., MAJOR, I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Medical School, Cuttack.

NOTIFICATION.

Examination of Compounders at the Campbell Medical School.

In accordance with the Government of Bengal Notifications Nos. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, and 337T.—M., dated 9th June 1897, notice is hereby given that the next half-yearly examination of Compounders will begin at 11 A.M. on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 24th and 25th April 1906, at the Campbell Medical School.

2. Every candidate must produce a certificate of training and a certificate of age and previous education, as required by Rule 9—*vide* Government of Bengal Notification No. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th November 1896, and circulated by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, to all Civil Surgeons, Superintendents of Medical Schools, Lunatic Asylums and Calcutta Hospitals with his Circular No. 60, dated 5th December 1896.

3. Male candidates must forward to the Superintendent of the Campbell Medical School, at least one week before the 24th April 1906, an examination fee of Rs. 5. Female candidates will be examined free of charge. No certificate or fee will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

4. Should any candidate fail to pass the examination, he will forfeit his fee.

NOTE.—The attention of candidates is drawn to Rules 9, 10 and 12 (a) and (b), and of the persons granting the certificates to Rules 11 and 14 (3) and (4) and to the Certificate Forms C and D, in the Schedule of the Government of Bengal's aforesaid Notification N. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896.

J. C. S. VAUGHAN, M.B. (EDIN.), Major, I.M.S.,

Supdt., Campbell Medical School.

CAMPBELL MEDICAL SCHOOL, CALCUTTA, the 19th February 1906.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Subordinate Educational Service.

The 24th February 1906.—The orders of the 15th January 1906 sanctioning an exchange of appointments between Babu Adhar Chandra Banerji, B.A., Head Master, Gaya Zilla School (class II), and Babu Amrita Lal Chatterjee, B.A., Head Master, Purnea Zilla School, on probation (class IV), are cancelled.

The 2nd March 1906.—Babu Rama Nath Das, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Cuttack (class III), is allowed furlough for six months, under article 338 of the Civil Service Regulations, in continuation of the furlough granted to him under the orders of the 5th September 1905.

The 7th March 1906.—Babu Sasi Bhusan Chakravarti, B.A., Sub-Inspector of Schools, Hazaribagh (class VI), is appointed to act as Deputy Inspector of Schools in that district during the absence, on leave, of Babu Trisuldhari Sinha, or until further orders.

An exchange of appointments is sanctioned between the following officers:—

- (1) Babu Rajendra Nath Sinha, B.A., Assistant Head Master, Barrackpore Government School (class VII), and
- (2) Babu Pramatha Nath Bhattacharjya, B.A., Assistant Head Master, Hazaribagh Zilla School (class VII).

The 8th March 1906.—Babu Tarakeswar Bhattacharji, Officiating Assistant Master, Behar School of Engineering (officiating in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service), was absent on leave for six days, under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, in continuation of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 4th December 1905.

Maulvi Lutful Haq, an Assistant Master in the Murshidabad Nawab's Madrasah (class VIII), is allowed leave of absence for fifteen days, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of that granted to him under the orders of the 23rd February 1906.

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

List of successful candidates of the B Class Final Examination, 1906.

No.	NAME.	Age.		School.
		Y.	M.	
1.	Suresh Chandra Roy ...	18	11	Pabna Zilla.
2.	Satish Chandra Mazumdar ...	21	10	
3.	Sirish Chandra Ghosh ...	20	6	
4.	Jotindra Nath Kar ...	16	9	
5.	Abinash Chandra Das ...	17	9	Mymensingh Zilla.
6.	Narendra Chandra Bhattacharjee ...	17	1	
7.	Dinesh Chandra Acharya ...	17	2	
8.	Chandra Bhusan Putatundu ...	17	8	
9.	Bidhu Bhusan Bhattacharya ...	21	6	Dacca Collegiate.
10.	Surendra Chandra Nag ...	18	11	
11.	Promode Chandra Banerjee ...	19	8	
12.	Mozaffar Ali ...	17	10	
13.	Jotindra Nath Sen Gupta ...	13	10	Barisal Zilla.
14.	Akshoy Kumar Roy ...	16	9	
15.	Girindra Nath Rai Choudhury ...	15	11	
16.	Manmotha Nath Guha ...	16	11	
17.	Nareesh Chandra Pal ...	19	6	Midnapore Collegiate.
18.	Mono Mohan Roy ...	19	11	
19.	Surendra Nath Gui ...	20	0	
20.	Sharan Dadel ...	22	1	
21.	Jotindra Lal Maitra ...	15	11	Rajshahi Collegiate.
22.	Nalini Charan Khan ...	16	8	
23.	Satish Chandra Chakravarti ...	14	9	
24.	Romesh Chandra Roy ...	16	2	

CALCUTTA,

The 12th March 1906.

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

List of successful candidates of the C Class Final Examination, 1906.

No.	NAME.	Age.		School.
		Y.	M.	
1.	Narendra Krishna Chakravarti	16	4	South Suburban H. E.
2.	Dasarathi Mukhopadhyay ...	15	1	
3.	Sushil Kumar Mukerjee ...	14	9	
4.	Phanindra Bhusan Basu ...	22	0	
5.	Sib Nath Mukerjee ...	18	9	Hare.
6.	Romesh Chandra Mukhopadhyay	19	4	
7.	Hari Mohan Das ...	18	0	
8.	Sudhir Mohan Chatteropadhyay	14	10	
9.	Panna Lal Banerjee ...	21	8	Uttarpara Government.

CALCUTTA,

The 13th March 1906.

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

RULES FOR GRANTS-IN-AID TO SCHOOLS IN BENGAL FOR INDIAN PUPILS (SANCTIONED IN BENGAL GOVERNMENT ORDER No. 1413 T.—G., DATED THE ^{20TH JULY}_{2ND AUGUST} 1905).

1. An allotment from Provincial revenues is assigned annually by Government to be expended in grants-in-aid to schools not under Government management, provided they fulfil the conditions prescribed in the following rules and are conducted in accordance with the general rules laid down by the Department.

2. The allotment is distributed by the Director of Public Instruction, on the recommendation of the Divisional Inspectors, to schools which are certified to be eligible under these rules, reference being had to the requirements of each locality, as compared with others, and to the funds available. In determining the amount of the grants, special consideration shall be shown to schools which have a highly-qualified and well-paid staff and which levy fees at comparatively high rates.

Ordinary grants are given in aid of ordinary recurring expenditure.

Special grants are given in aid of non-recurring expenditure of a special character.

Temporary grants are given in certain cases in aid of boarding-houses and hostels in accordance with the principle that such establishments should generally be made self-supporting in so far as recurring expenditure is concerned.

3. Any school to which a grant-in-aid is given, together with all its accounts, books and other records, shall at all times be open to inspection and examination by any officer appointed by the Government for the purpose, and to this end the records and accounts shall be placed in such custody that they shall be always accessible on the visit of any inspecting officer. Such inspection and examination shall have no reference to religious instruction, but only to secular education.

NOTE.—The following books shall be kept by all aided schools :—

- (a) An admission register.
- (b) Attendance registers for teachers and scholars, together with a summary of such attendance, and a book for keeping copies of "D" forms for preserving the monthly abstract of attendance.
- (c) A register showing whether boys attending the school live with parents or recognised guardians or in hostels or messes, and, if in the last, whether such institutions are under proper supervision.
- (d) A cash-book and a book containing copies of "C" forms for preserving the monthly abstract account and also acquittance-rolls showing the payment of all teachers and all scholarship-holders.
- (e) A visitors' book.
- (f) A diary, stoutly bound and containing not less than 200 pages.
- (g) A book in which all transfer certificates received, and all declarations of guardians on scholars first entering school are duly kept, and a guard-book in which details of all transfer certificates issued from the school and signed by the head-master are kept under the care of the head-master.
- (h) A book containing the proceedings of the Managing Committee of the school, if any such Committee exists.
- (i) Service-books of teachers, which shall be kept up to date.
- (j) A catalogue of library books, and also a book in which the dates of issue and return of such books shall be entered.
- (k) A correspondence book or file.
- (l) A conduct register, in which all corporal punishment inflicted upon students shall be recorded.
- (m) A book showing the results of class examinations and at departmental examinations, as also at the University Entrance or other similar examinations.

The head-master shall, from time to time, make entries in the diary, showing the visits of the Managers and Inspectors, the curricula and progress of the various classes, and other important facts concerning the school or its teachers and students, such as appointments, dates of joining, dismissal or resignation, or absences due to illness of teachers, instructions to staff, serious infringement of discipline, use of school buildings for purposes other than school, etc., which are likely to be required for future reference. Such communications from the Inspector of Schools as he may direct to be inserted in the diary must be copied *verbatim* therein. An entry shall be made at least once a month by the head-master showing the progress of the various classes in their different subjects of study, but no reflections or opinions of a general character are to be entered.

The only persons authorised to make entries in the diary are the head-master, the Inspector, and the Assistant Inspector of Schools in the case of high schools, while in the case of middle schools the Deputy Inspector may also make entries. The diary shall be kept in the custody of the head-master, but shall be open at all times to the inspection of the Managers as well as of inspecting officers. No entry once made may be erased or removed, nor may it be altered otherwise than by a subsequent entry.

At the commencement of each school session, the names of all teachers who are to form part of the school staff for the year, and the distribution of the work among them, shall be entered in the diary and signed by the head-master. Any subsequent change in the staff, or in the distribution of the work, should similarly be recorded.

4. Inspecting officers will interfere as little as possible with the local management of the school, but shall satisfy themselves that the instruction is efficient, and that the conditions on which the grants were made are fulfilled; and aid will be withdrawn from any school in which such conditions are not fulfilled.

5. Grants are given on the principle of strict religious neutrality, and no preference will be shown to any school on the ground that any particular religious doctrines are taught or not taught therein.

6. Grants will be made to such schools only (with the exception of training schools, girls' schools, night schools for adults, and schools for aborigines and low castes) as realize some fee, however small, from all their scholars. Exemption from this rule may be allowed in exceptional cases by the Director of Public Instruction.

7. No grant shall be made to a high school unless provision is made for (a) instruction in drawing, drill, gymnastics, and, if required, in manual training also; (b) employment of graduates and trained teachers; (c) employment of teachers who have passed the oral examination in English for teaching all the subjects taught through the medium of English; (d) instruction in any subjects which may be required by the local conditions of the place in which the school is situated; and (e) spending a portion of the grant on purchase of educational and other appliances for practical teaching of various subjects; nor shall a grant be admissible unless the medium of instruction in classes below the fourth be in accordance with the requirements of the scheme for vernacular education sanctioned in Government Resolution No. 1, dated the 1st January 1901.

8. The managers of any school applying for a grant must appoint a Secretary to conduct their correspondence with the Department, and all their names must be stated.

9. The managers shall be responsible for the due expenditure of the school funds in accordance with the conditions of the grant.

10. In respect of any school for which application is made, full information must be supplied on the following points, on which the grant will depend, and must be given in the shape required in Form A appended to these rules:—

- (a) The pecuniary resources, permanent and temporary, on which the school depends for support.
- (b) The proposed monthly expenditure in detail.
- (c) The average number of pupils under instruction.
- (d) Class of children attending the school, together with their races and creeds.
- (e) A rough statement of social position or calling of parents of the pupils.
- (f) The names and social standing of the persons who will form the Committee of Management, and the classes they represent.
- (g) The class of school and course of instruction.
- (h) The number, qualifications, and salaries of the teachers.
- (i) The fees to be charged in each class.
- (j) The amount of aid sought.
- (k) The treasury at which the grant, if sanctioned, is to be payable.
- (l) The existence of other schools of whatever class within a distance of four miles of the school applying for a grant. In the case of towns like Calcutta, the four-mile limit will not be observed, but in such cases information as to neighbouring schools must be fully given.
- (m) The nature and size of the school-house and of the rooms contained in it, and also a description of the surroundings of the school. If possible, a rough map of the school and its immediate surroundings should be sent in, showing whether the school has a garden or play-ground and whether there are any arrangements for the residential accommodation of either masters or pupils.
- (n) The nature of the provision which has been made for the sanitary arrangements of the pupils and teachers, and the sanitation of the school buildings and its compound.

11. An application for a grant shall be made either directly to the Divisional Inspector or to the District Deputy Inspector, who shall forward it, with his remarks, to the Inspector. The Inspector shall consult the District Magistrate, and, if they agree as to the rejection of the application, shall reject it; otherwise it shall be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction for sanction or orders as the case may be with the opinion of the District Magistrate and his recommendation.

12. Grants shall not exceed in amount the sums to be expended from private sources except in special cases, under special orders of Government. Municipal contributions will be reckoned for this purpose as receipts from public sources.

13. Aided schools are divided into the following classes:—

High Schools—In which the pupils are educated up to the standard of the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University or up to the standard of the "B" and "O" classes, or to similar standards.

Middle Schools—In which the pupils are educated up to the Middle Scholarship standard.

Primary Schools—In which the pupils are educated up to the Upper or Lower Primary Scholarship standard.

Girls' Schools—Including agencies for *sanana* instructions.

Training Schools—For the training of masters and mistresses.

Special Schools—For instruction in special subjects or for special classes of pupils, such as music schools, schools for the deaf and dumb and for the blind.

14. Grants are of two kinds—Annual grants and special grants.

Annual Grants.

15. For high schools the grants shall not exceed one-half of the income guaranteed from private sources, except in the districts of—

Birbhum,
Dinajpur,
Rangpur,
Bogra,
Darjeeling,
Jalpaiguri,
Mymensingh,
The island of Dakhin Shahbazzpur
in Backergunge,

Chittagong,
Tippera,
Noakhali,
The Patna Division,
The Bhagalpur Division,
The Orissa Division,
The Chota Nagpur Division, and the
thanas of Khatra, Raipur and Simlapal
in Bankura,

in which the grants may equal two-thirds of the income so guaranteed.

16. For middle schools, in which the expenditure is more than Rs. 40 a month, the grants shall not exceed two-thirds of the income guaranteed from private sources, except in the places mentioned above, in which the grants may equal the income so guaranteed.

17. For primary schools, and for middle schools in which the expenditure does not exceed Rs. 40 a month, as well as for girls' schools, training schools and special schools, the grant shall not exceed a sum equal to the full amount of the income guaranteed.

18. The amounts laid down are maximum grants, but it must be understood that the maximum grant will not in all cases, and as a matter of course, be sanctioned.

19. No grant shall be made, or, if made, shall be continued, unless the buildings are well constructed and contain sufficient accommodation for the scholars in attendance. The rooms also must be properly furnished, lighted and ventilated, and the surrounding premises properly drained. (General directions on these points have been issued by the Department.)

20. Grants will be sanctioned ordinarily for a term of three years; but the Inspector may, at any time during its currency, recommend the revision of any grant. Notice of a proposed reduction, or suspension, if considerable, shall be given to the managers, who may, if considered necessary by the Inspector or Director, be allowed an opportunity of stating any objection that they may have.

21. When a grant is sanctioned the managers shall sign an agreement, on stamped paper, to the effect that they will conduct the school in accordance with the conditions of the grant.

22. The sanction of a grant shall be conveyed in the following form:—

Office Memorandum of the Director of Public Instruction.

(1) A grant of Rs. _____ a month is sanctioned from the _____ 190 _____, for the school at _____, in the district of _____, on the following conditions:—

(a) That Rs. _____ a month at least be regularly contributed from private sources.

(b) That the following scale of expenditure be maintained, subject to any alteration that may be sanctioned by the Inspector:—

	Rs.			
Head-master
Second master
Third master
Servants	} In case of girls' schools only			
Contingencies				
Total

(2) The grant shall be payable every month.

(3) The monthly bill (in Form B annexed) must be sent to the Inspector for countersignature, and must be accompanied by an account (in Form C) for the month preceding that for which the bill is drawn and by a certificate that all salaries for the previous month have been paid in full.

After countersignature the bill will be paid at the _____ treasury.

[NOTE.—Where the sanctioned scale contains an item for prize or library, separate accounts should be kept and vouchers should be filed of the prize or library fund expenses.]

(4) The monthly bill and the certificate must be signed by the Secretary of the school.

(5) The bill shall be countersigned on the distinct understanding that the salaries and other charges, certified by the Secretary to have been paid, have actually been paid.

(6) Salaries for service in any month shall become due on the first day of the following month.

(7) The appointment and dismissal of every teacher shall be notified to the Department. No appointment shall be confirmed until it has received the sanction of the Department; and the Department shall have the power to enquire into any case of dismissal of a teacher.

(8) The grant shall be liable to be reduced or withdrawn if the payment of any teacher's salary is delayed for more than two months after it has become due.

(9) The grant shall be liable to be reduced or withdrawn if the school is unfavourably

reported on as regards the attendance or proficiency or discipline of the scholars. With the monthly bills for grant-in-aid a statement of the attendance of pupils in all the classes for the previous month shall be submitted in Form D.

(10) The grant shall be liable to be reduced or withdrawn if the managers keep their accounts in a negligent or untrustworthy manner, or if they send up incorrect accounts, or if they fail to transmit punctually the periodical returns required by the Department, or if the Department is otherwise dissatisfied with the management.

(11) The grant shall be liable to be reduced or withdrawn, if the teachers are inefficient or if they are absent from duty otherwise than in accordance with the rules of the Department, or if they keep the school registers in a negligent or untrustworthy manner.

(12) Holidays shall not exceed 65 days in the year, exclusive of Sundays, except under peculiar circumstances and with the sanction of the Inspector.

(13) Free studentships shall not ordinarily exceed 5 per cent. of the total number of pupils on the rolls, exclusive of scholarship-holders. Managers of high schools may, with the sanction of the Inspector, admit an additional number (not exceeding 12) of Muhammadans as free students up to the limit of 8 per cent. of the total number of pupils on the rolls.

(14) The Department shall have power to define the subjects of instruction to be given, and to have a voice in settling the fee-rates, in controlling expenditure, in enforcing discipline, and in regulating attendance.

(15) The Department shall have power to direct the Managers to purchase such articles as furniture, teaching appliances, black-boards, maps, library books, etc.

(16) Every new election to the Committee of Management shall be notified to the Inspector under the signatures of the Secretary and of the member or members elected.

(17) Every change of Secretary shall be notified to the Inspector under the signatures of the new Secretary and the members of the Committee of Management.

(18) All receipts, from whatever sources or for whatever purposes collected, shall be entered in the account book of the school, which shall be open to inspection and examination by any officer appointed by Government for the purpose. All receipts collected by the head-master should be remitted on the same date, as far as possible, to the Secretary with a challan to be signed by the Secretary after the receipt of the money.

(19) No part of the previous balance of the school shall be spent without the sanction of the Inspector, except for payment of the sanctioned establishment, in order to make up any deficit in the private contributions in any particular month.

(20) The surplus funds of the school shall be placed in the Postal Savings Bank at the end of each quarter, and the savings bank account should be made out in the joint names of the Secretary and one of the members of the Managing Committee, who will be selected for the purpose by the Committee.

(21) No new building shall be constructed for the school until the plan and estimates have been approved by the Inspector.

22. Government may claim a fair share of any balance at the credit of a school at the time of its abolition, as well as of the sale-proceeds of any school-house or furniture towards the erection, enlargement, repairs or purchase of which a grant may have been given by Government.

Special Grants.

23. Grants may be given to managers of schools in aid—

- (a) of erecting, enlarging or furnishing school buildings;
- (b) of attaching boarding establishments to high schools;
- (c) of executing extensive repairs; and
- (d) in special cases, of paying off debts incurred in erecting or enlarging school buildings.

NOTE.—(1) Expenditure in the purchase of buildings may be treated as expenditure in the erection of buildings.

(2) The sum to be allotted annually for building grants to schools shall be fixed provisionally for a term of years. It shall not, in ordinary circumstances, be reduced, though it may be increased for any year during that term.

(3) Every application for a grant shall be submitted to the Department not later than on the 31st December, if the grant is to be admissible for sanction during the following financial year. If found to be in accordance with the rules, and in other respects deserving of support, it will be included in the list of "approved applications." If not so included, the reasons shall be notified to the managers.

(4) The total sum allotted for the year will be divided between schools for different sections of the community (Europeans, Hindus, Muhammadans, Native Christians, etc.), in some proportion to the requirements of each community, as indicated by the amount of the "approved applications" received from each, regard being also paid to preferential claims as explained in note (5).

Grants not required by one section of the community may, towards the close of the year, be reappropriated to meet the wants of another section.

(5) In selecting "approved applications" for sanction, those projects that involve the education or boarding of an increased number of pupils shall ordinarily be preferred to those that merely seek to improve the accommodation of existing pupils.

(6) In the case of an application for a repair grant under rule (c), the managers will be required to show that the necessity for such a grant has not arisen from the neglect of current repairs in previous years.

24. Except in the case provided in the foregoing rule, no grant shall be made in consideration of previous expenditure on school buildings.

25. In general, the proportion of the Government contribution made under rule 23 shall not exceed the proportion laid down in rules 15 to 18 for a school of the same class.

NOTE.—The sum of Rs. 10,000 is fixed as ordinarily the maximum grant for any undertaking or project.

26. Before a building grant is sanctioned, the site, plans, estimates, specifications, title and draft trust-deeds must be approved by the Director of Public Instruction. If the school receives no monthly grant, the managers must also satisfy the Department that it is likely to be maintained in efficiency and that it will be open to inspection.

27. The trust-deed must declare the building to be granted in trust for school purposes only. It must also provide for the legal ownership of the premises, for the proper maintenance of the building, and for the inspection and management of the school.

NOTE.—(1) This rule does not preclude the managers from using the building for other purposes, subject, if necessary, to the sanction of the Department, when not required for the purposes of the school.

(2) When the grant does not exceed Rs. 1,000, the manager may execute a deed of acceptance in place of a trust-deed (*vide* Government order No. 584, dated the 13th November 1890).

28. No grant will be finally sanctioned until a certificate is received from the managers, setting forth that the funds in their hands will, when added to the grant, be sufficient to meet all claims and to close the account.

29. Advances may be made from time to time out of the sanctioned grant on receipt of a report from the Public Works Department that the work is proceeding satisfactorily.

30. No grant will be paid in full until—

(1) a report is received from the Public Works Department or other competent authority that the building is satisfactorily completed, and

(2) the trust-deed is duly registered and lodged with the Department.

NOTE.—"Title-deeds of property mortgaged to Government on account of building grants may, as hitherto, remain with the mortgagor" (*vide* Government order No. 44T.—G., dated the 16th June 1890).

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

FORM A.

Public Instruction Form No. 10 (New).

APPLICATION FOR GRANT-IN-AID.

FOR

the _____ *Class* _____ *School at* _____ *in* _____ *Thana* _____ *District* _____

Names of members constituting the Committee of Management.	Residence.	Occupation and Social standing.

Recommendation of the Inspector of Schools—

Recommendation of the Inspectress of Schools (in the case of girls' schools only)—

Opinion of the Magistrate (in the case of new application)—

Final remarks of the Inspector—

PRESENT AND PROPOSED

CLASS.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF PUPILS.		FEES.		FEE INCOME.		CHARGE OR RATE OF		
	During the last six months.	Expected.*	Charged in each class.	To be charged in future.	Average during the last six months.	Anticipated in future.	Present.		Prop
							Establishment.	Qualification.	Qualification.
			Rs. A. P.	R. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
1st Class A.							1st Teacher ...		
2nd do. ...							2nd do. ...		
3rd do. ...							3rd do. ...		
4th do. ...							4th do. ...		
VI Standard ...							5th do. ...		
V do. ...							6th do. ...		
IV do. ...							7th do. ...		
III do. ...							8th do. ...		
II do. ...							9th do. ...		
I do. ...							Head Pandit ...		
Infant Class ...							2nd do. ...		
1st year ...							Head Maulvi ...		
2nd year ...							Servants ...		
							Prizes ...		
							Librarian ...		

SECTION OF THE SCHOOL.

MONTHLY.		MONTHLY RECEIPTS.										REMARKS.
Age in- ring x 16.	Proposed charges.	Average for last six months.					Estimated in future.					
	Rs.											
		FROM PRIVATE SOURCES.										
		Fees	...	...						
		Subscriptions and dona- tions	...	...						
		Endowments	...									
		Total	...									
		FROM PUBLIC SOURCES.										
		Government grant-in-aid	...	...						
		Municipal grant (if any)	...	...						
		Grand Total	...									

Name of treasury at which the grant is to be payable—

Number and date of order sanctioning the existing grant (if any)—

Surplus balance at credit of the school —Rs.

Information required under rule 10 (d) of the grant-in-aid rules—

Information required under rule 10 (e) of the grant-in-aid rules—

Information required under rule 10 (m) of the grant-in-aid rules—

Information required under rule 10 (n) of the grant-in-aid rules

No.

SUBMITTED to the Inspector of Schools,

Division, for orders.

FORM B.

__School at _____ in District __

Month ending _____ 19__

BILL FOR GRANT-IN-AID.

The Secretary of State in Council for India

... *By*

Rs.

To the grant-in-aid for the month ending

No order of Director of Public Instru-
tion, No. _____, dated the
19__

Payable at the _____

The _____

Secretary of the School.

Assessed for Rs. _____

By _____

The _____

_____ 19__

— *Opp. 10.*

FORM C.
MONTHLY ABSTRACT ACCOUNT.

SCHOOL AT _____, DISTRICT—
For the month of _____ 19—

RECEIPTS.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Balance of previous account						
Fees and fines received during the month						
Subscriptions and donations received during the month						
Received from other local sources during the month						
Government grant received during the month (for _____) ...						
Municipal ditto ditto (for _____) ...						
Special ditto ditto (on account of _____) ...						
Advance from Secretary during the month						
Total of actual receipts during the month						

DISBURSEMENTS.

			I.—Monthly charges specified in the grant.			II.—Charges falling due in the month.			III.—Amounts actually paid during the month.			Explanation of difference between columns I and II.
			Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
Head Master ...												
2nd ditto ...												
3rd ditto ...												
4th ditto ...												
5th ditto ...												
6th ditto ...												
7th ditto ...												
8th ditto ...												
9th ditto ...												
10th ditto ...												
Head Pundit ..												
2nd ditto ...												
3rd ditto ...												
4th ditto ...												
5th ditto ...												
Servants—number ...												
Contingencies ...												
Total ...												
Add outstanding dues (if any) from last account ...												
Total ...						A*			B*			
Expenditure from special grants												
Refund of Secretary's advance (see account for _____) ...												
Total of actual payments during the month ...												
Balance in hand on the last day of the month ...												
Total ...												
* Outstanding dues (if any) from present account, namely, the difference between A and B:—												
Rs.												
Paid on												
Secretary.												

* Outstanding dues (if any) from present account, namely, the difference between A and B:—

Rs.
Paid on

Secretary.

I declare that all the amounts mentioned in this account as received and paid during the month have actually been so received and paid.

Examined.

DATED—

The—

19—

Head Master.

Secretary.

TABLE II.
ABSTRACT REGISTER OF ATTENDANCE.

SCHOOL AT _____, DISTRICT _____											
For the month of _____ 19____											
CLASS.	Number on the roll.	Average number present daily during the month.	Rate of schooling-fee.	Amount of schooling-fee due for the month.	Admission-fee since due.	Outstanding for previous month.	Total.	Amount collected during the month.	Amount outstanding.	REMARKS.	
				Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.		
1st Class...	...										
2nd "										
3rd "										
4th "										
5th "										
6th "										
7th "										
8th "										
9th "										
10th "										
Total ...											

Hindus _____	Number of pupils learning	English _____
Mahomedans _____		Bengali _____
Others _____		Persian, etc. _____

Percentage of attendance during the month _____

Number of working days in the month _____

Secretary.

NOTIFICATION.

THE ELLIOTT PRIZE FOR SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH FOR 1906.

WITH reference to Notification No. 5058-F., in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th December 1892, Part I, page 1172, the Elliott Prize for Scientific Research will be given this year to the author of the best original essay composed during the year 1906, giving the results of original research or investigation by the essayist in Natural Science.

2. Any native of Bengal, including any Eurasian or domiciled European residing in Bengal, may compete for the prize.

3. The essays of competitors *must be* sent to the President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 57, Park Street, Calcutta, by the end of December 1906. The prize will be adjudged to the best competitor, and awarded publicly at the Annual General Meeting of the Asiatic Society in February 1907.

4. Preference will be given to researches leading to discoveries likely to develop the industrial resources of Bengal. In the case of no essay being deemed by the Trustees to be of sufficient merit, no prize is to be awarded, but the amount is to be retained, so that in any future year two or more prizes may be given, or the prize may be enhanced in the case of an exceptionally good essay.

A. H. L. FRASER,

President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.

ALEX. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal,

and

CALCUTTA,

The 23rd February 1906.

Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University.

NOTIFICATION.

THE Final Commercial Class examination will be held in the Presidency College, Calcutta, on the 5th April 1906 and subsequent dates.

There shall be separate papers in (1) (a) English, including Grammar and Composition; (b) English Correspondence, including Commercial Correspondence, and (c) Letter-drafting and Précis-writing; (2) Bengali; (3) (a) Arithmetic, including Commercial Arithmetic and (b) Mental Arithmetic; (4) (a) Commercial History, (b) Commercial Geography.

Candidates are required to pass in all the above papers.

Candidates shall also be examined, and shall be required to pass, in either Shorthand-writing, or Type-writing, or Book-keeping. A candidate may offer two of these subjects, and failure to pass in one of them will not disqualify him.

Candidates are warned that if the answer-papers are not legibly and neatly written or prepared, they will not be examined, and examiners are requested to reject papers which show carelessness, or slovenliness, or really bad work.

The examination will be held on the dates and hours and in the order noted below :—

5th April	..	11—1-30 2—4-30	Shorthand or Book-keeping. Type-writing.
6th April	..	11—1-30 2—4-30	English. Commercial Correspondence.
9th April	..	11—1-30 2—4-30	Précis-writing. Bengali.
10th April	..	11—1-30 2—4-30	Arithmetic. Mental Arithmetic.
11th April	..	{ 11—1-30 2—4-30	Commercial History. Commercial Geography.

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

The 7th March 1906.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1297B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1903-1904, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2 Bankshall Street, on Tuesday, the 3rd April 1906, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,400 chests, viz.—

	Chests.
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory, consisting of	2,200
Ditto at the Ghazipur Factory, consisting of	2,200
Total	4,400

2nd.—The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the notification issued on the 28th November 1906, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3rd.—The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 18th April 1906, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room will be received after 3-30 P.M. of Monday, the 9th April 1906, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 P.M. of Wednesday, the 18th April 1906.

4th.—In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of the opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazipur Factories will be brought to sale between the sale now advertised and December next on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

DATE.		Manufactured at the Patna Factory; about chests.	Manufactured at the Ghazipur Factory; about chests.	Total; about chests.
On or about Tuesday, 1st May	1906 ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 5th June	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 3rd July	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 7th August	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 4th September	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Monday, 8th October	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 6th November	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 4th December	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
Total	...	17,600	17,600	35,200

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., CALCUTTA, the 26th February 1906.

ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that under Rule 21 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of Charitable Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, Babu Nand Keshore Das is appointed to be a member of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Beguserai, in the district of Monghyr, in place of Babu Kissen Ballabh Das, deceased.

D. J. MACPHERSON, *Commissioner.*

COMMRS.'S OFFICE, BHAGALPUR, the 23rd February 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers delegated to me by Bengal Government Notification No. 3403L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, I declare the Bengadhar ferry, in the district of Bhagalpur, maintained by the District Board of Bhagalpur as a non-toll-paying ferry, to be a public ferry.

I also direct, under section 35 of the Bengal Ferries Act, 1885, that the said ferry shall be managed by the District Board of Bhagalpur, and that all the proceeds of the ferry, and all the fines levied and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof, shall be paid into the District Fund.

This notification will take effect from the 1st April 1906.

D. J. MACPHERSON, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'s OFFICE, BHAGALPUR, the 7th March 1906.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1906.

PART I A.

[*Reprinted from the "Gazette of India."*]

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 8th March 1906.

No. 225.—The services of Babu Chandra Kumar Sen Gupta, substantive *pro tempore* Sub-Deputy Collector, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

EXAMINATIONS.

The 9th March 1906.

No. 86.—The following list shows the names of the selected candidates and the marks obtained by them in each subject in the recent examination for clerkships in the lower division of the Secretariat offices of the Government of India and the departments directly attached thereto and in the offices subordinate to the Government of Bengal:—

No.	Names of candidates in order of merit.	Date of birth.	Date on which the candidate will attain the age of 25 years.	English composition (essay writing and drafting).	Précis-writing.	History (English and Indian).	Geography.	Elementary mathematics.	Short-hand writing (optional).	Total.	Government under which the candidate is eligible for appointment.	Office in which the candidate elects to serve.
				100	100	50	50	50	75			
1	Harbans Lall . .	25th Octr. 1887.	25th Octr. 1912.	53	35	37	26	27	45	223	Government of India.	Any Secretariat office.
2	Jawahir Kishen . .	1st Jan. 1886.	1st Jan. 1911.	37	38	31	19	21	55	201	"	...
3	Bal Kishen . .	14th Mar. 1888.	14th Mar. 1908.	57	40	39	35	19	...	190	"	Home, Revenue or Finance Department.

No.	Names of candidates in order of merit.	Date of birth.	Date on which the candidate will attain the age of 25 years.	English composition (essay-writing and drafting).	Precis. writing.	History (English and Indian).	Geography.	Elementary mathematics.	Shorthand-writing (optional).	Total.	Government under which the candidate is eligible for appointment.	Office in which the candidate elects to serve.
				100	100	50	50	50	75	425		
4	Bhutanath Mitra .	16th Feb. 1882.	16th Feb. 1907.	46	25	27	26	21	41	189	Government of India.	Home Department or any Secretariat office of the Bengal Government.
5	Amiya Nihar Bose .	1st July 1887.	1st July 1912.	37	56	38	17	17	20	185	"	Any Secretariat office.
7	Hector K. Ayo .	18th May 1884.	18th May 1909.	52	25	31	32	24	18	182	"	Home Department.
	Nandigrana Basavarajee.	1st April 1882.	1st April 1907.	48	30	40	22	42	...	182	"	Accountant-General, Public Works Department, or Finance Department.
8	Byomkesh Chatterjee	16th April 1884.	16th April 1909.	28	45	39	27	17	17	178	"	Any Secretariat office.
9	Anant Prasad Dube .	24th Mar. 1884.	24th Mar. 1909.	38	30	32	...	10	62	172	"	Home Department or any Secretariat office.
10	Syama Charan Sen .	6th Jan. 1883.	6th Jan. 1908.	45	26	40	23	30	...	164	Government of Bengal.	.....
11	Jatindra Nath Dutta	27th June 1884.	27th June 1909.	35	25	41	25	36	...	162	Government of India.	Any Secretariat office.
12	Binda Charan .	1st Sept. 1882.	1st Sept. 1907.	37	40	37	22	11	...	147	Government of Bengal.	Do.
13	Jogindra Nath Mukherjee.	5th Sept. 1883.	5th Sept. 1908.	30	30	38	22	25	...	145	"	Public Works Department.
14	Panchanan Mukherjee.	11th Jan. 1883.	11th Jan. 1908.	29	25	30	27	33	...	144	"	Any Secretariat office.
15	F. Grant .	21st Mar. 1884.	21st Mar. 1909.	53	25	36	27	...	...	141	"	Board of Revenue.
16	Surendra Nath Goswami.	27th Feb. 1883.	27th Feb. 1908.	30	35	27	21	24	...	137	"	Any Secretariat office.
17	Debendra Nath Guin	7th Jan. 1885.	7th Jan. 1910.	29	33	26	23	20	...	131	"	Do.
18	A. Angustin .	18th Sept. 1882.	18th Sept. 1907.	52	30	18	14	17	...	131	"	.....
19	Jagannath Chackerbatty.	1st Feb. 1882.	1st Feb. 1907.	35	25	30	25	15	...	130	"	Any Secretariat office.
20	Surendra Nath Das .	9th Feb. 1882.	9th Feb. 1907.	25	25	34	22	17	...	123	"	.....
21	Binode Prasanna Lahiri.	1st Decr. 1881.	1st Decr. 1906.	33	25	32	32	...	...	122	"	.....
22	Sahod Chander Mitter	1st Feb. 1882.	1st Feb. 1907.	32	28	29	13	14	...	116	"	Office of the Chief Secretary to Government, Bengal.

MEDICAL.

The 9th March 1906.

No. 229.—The services of Major C. R. M. Green, F.R.C.S., L.M.S. (Bengal), are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the afternoon of the 9th February 1906.

JUDICIAL.

The 6th March 1906.

No. 324.—The Hon'ble the Chief Justice has granted Mr. A. P. Muddiman, of the Indian Civil Service, Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, privilege leave for three months with special leave for three months in continuation, with effect from the 15th March 1906.

The 9th March 1906.

No. 342.—In supersession of the Home Department Notification No. 198, dated the 13th February 1906, it is hereby notified that the Hon'ble Mr. Justice G. S. Henderson, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted furlough from the 30th January 1906 to the 30th August 1906.

POLICE.

The 9th March 1906.

No. 298.—The services of Mr. C. E. Ezechiel, District Superintendent of Police, Eastern Bengal and Assam, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 9th March 1906.

No. 518-G.B.—The following extract from a notification, which appeared in the *London Gazette*, dated the 30th January 1906, is republished for general information:—

Whitehall, January 29th, 1906.

The King has been pleased, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date the 26th instant, to confer the dignity of a Knight of the said United Kingdom upon each of the undermentioned gentlemen:—

Alexander Pedler, Esq., C.I.E., Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, and Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta; and

William Dickson Cruickshank, Esq., C.I.E., Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal.

L. W. DANE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, are republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Calcutta, the 6th March 1906.

No. 1839.—Mr. G. Rainy, of the Indian Civil Service, is placed on special duty in this Department, with effect from the 12th March 1906.

CUSTOMS.

The 7th March 1906.

No. 1866—26.—Mr. L. F. Morahead, I.C.S., is appointed a Collector, Class I, in the Imperial Customs Service, with effect from the 10th of March 1906, and is posted to Bengal.

W. L. HARVEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1906.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1055 L.S.-G.—The 9th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that the members of the **Shahabad.** Sassaram Local Board, in the district of Shahabad, having at a meeting, under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, requested the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint a Chairman, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, under the said section, to appoint the Subdivisional Officer of Sassaram to be the Chairman of that Local Board.

No. 1057 M.—The 9th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of the **Singhbhum.** Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. G. W. S. Cox to be a Commissioner of the Chaibassa Municipality, in the district of Singhbhum, *vice* Revd. K. E. Wneste, resigned.

No. 1080 M.—The 10th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that the Commissioners of the **Muzaffarpur.** Muzaffarpur Municipality, in the district of Muzaffarpur, having at a meeting requested the Local Government, under section 28 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, to appoint a Chairman, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. R. G. Kilby, *i.c.s.*, to be their Chairman, *vice* Mr. E. V. Levinge, *i.c.s.*

No. 1088 L.S.-G.—The 12th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that the members of **Shahabad:** the Buxar Local Board, in the district of Shahabad, having at a meeting, under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, requested the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint a Chairman, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased under the said section to appoint Mr. F. M. Luce to be the Chairman of that Local Board.

No. 1090 L.S.-G.—The 12th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that the members of the **Shahabad.** Arrah Local Board, in the district of Shahabad, having at a meeting, under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, requested the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint a Chairman, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased under the said section to appoint the Excise Deputy Collector of Arrah to be the Chairman of that Local Board.

No. 1099 L.S.-G.—The 19th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 19 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Babu Nagendra Nath Mukerjee to be a member of the Serampore Local Board, in the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Narendra Nath Mukerjee, deceased.

Hooghly.

[Second publication.]

No. 820 M.—The 22nd February 1906.—Under the provisions of section 308 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the following plan, which has been submitted by the Commissioners of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality for lighting with gas the following roads in the said Municipality and 100 feet from their edges, is published for general information—

- (1) The whole of the Cossipore Road, commencing from the Bagbazar Canal Bridge and ending in Baranagar Bazar situate within the Municipality.
- (2) The portion of the Barrackpore Trunk Road from the Talla Canal Bridge to its junction with the Gun Foundry Road.

2. An agreement has been entered into between the Commissioners of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality and the Oriental Gas Company for the supply and lighting of lamps at the rate of Rs. 63-1 per lamp per year. The expenditure for lighting 98 lamps in the above roads is estimated at Rs. 6,180, including charges for repair of lamps according to the existing arrangements with the Oriental Gas Company.

3. The Municipal Commissioners propose to meet the charge to be incurred on account of lighting the aforesaid areas by imposing a lighting rate of 3 per cent. on the annual value of holdings situated in the areas referred to. The income to be realized from the lighting-tax in the aforesaid areas is estimated at Rs. 5,716 a year.

L. P. SHIRRES,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 966 L.S.-G.—The 28th February 1906.—In Government Notification No. 221 L.S.-G., dated the 16th January 1906, published in Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 24th idem, approving the election of Munshi Mahammad Abdullah as Chairman of the Bagerhat Local Board, in the district of Khulna, *vice* Babu Sashi Bhushan Mukerjee, resigned, for "Munshi Mahammad Abdullah" read "Maulvi Mahamad Abdulla."

L. P. SHIRRES,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1906.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N. B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Muzaffarpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
3599	Sitalpur, pargana Hajeeপুর.	Rs. A. P. 363 0 0	Whole estate.	.....	Buldeo Sing and others.	.....	6 2 1	.....
<i>Temporarily-settled estates.</i>								
11919	Singar Chak, pargana Hajeeপুর.	1,650 0 0	Whole estate.	.....	Babu Gur Prosad Sing and others.	.....	163 2 0	.....
11920 Residuary share.	Sukwarpur, pargana Hajeeপুর.	2,753 0 0	.....	Residuary share 14a. 19dam 1c. 5b. 13flowri. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Ditto ...	2,572 15 7	.....	.....

Muzaffarpur Collectorate, the 10th February 1906.

D. N. D., for Offg. Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates, situated in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding to 13th Chait 1313 (B.S.).

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price, which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or, if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of the advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Number in the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4556	Bangalpur, thana Goghat ...	7 2 23	56 15 0	
4554	Nowapara, thana Arambagh ...	2 3 39	11 5 0	
4557	Surjapur, thana Goghat ...	3 2 7	27 13 0	
4599	Gouranga alias Mandoron, thana Khanakul ...	3 3 3	28 5 0	
4593	Arjoongoria, thana Goghat ...	4 0 11	7 12 0	
4598	Kamcha, ditto ...	5 2 36	25 12 0	
4618	Dabi Kundu, ditto ...	4 3 35	32 4 0	
4622	Bhatsala, thana Arambagh ...	3 1 0	17 3 0	
4633	Halbosantapur, ditto ...	4 1 27	43 0 0	
4634	Damuderpur, ditto ...	0 3 29	7 1 0	
4650	Kamcha and Kurmana, thana Goghat ...	4 0 36	25 5 0	
4656	Digra and others, ditto ...	2 2 6	23 3 0	
4657	Kurmana, ditto ...	6 0 24	43 9 0	
4663	Dwaripora, ditto ...	4 3 23	48 10 0	
4675	Benigram, thana Arambagh ...	4 1 5	22 10 0	
4691	Seora and Gopalpara, thana Goghat ...	5 2 6	50 11 0	
4700	Amarpur, ditto ...	3 1 5	12 6 0	
4725	Dwaripora, ditto ...	5 1 33	37 2 0	
4726	Chakghola, thana Arambagh ...	1 3 21	17 1 0	
4728	Kurmana alias Sailapur, thana Goghat ...	3 2 27	19 12 0	
4733	Pantabari, thana Khanakul ...	0 2 3	5 0 0	
4737	Arjungori, thana Goghat ...	4 1 31	20 3 0	
4739	Chaudur, thana Arambagh ...	7 2 15	68 15 0	
4742	Barsole, thana Goghat ...	4 0 33	28 10 0	
4743	Damuderpur, ditto ...	1 1 7	4 14 0	
4744	Kurmana alias Solepur, ditto ...	1 3 20	9 12 0	
4745	Kamcha, ditto ...	4 3 15	29 5 0	
4747	Kurmana alias Solepur, ditto ...	2 2 24	12 9 0	
4748	Kamcha, ditto ...	3 3 31	17 13 0	
4754	Mirjapur, ditto ...	2 0 8	9 0 0	
4756	Bhatsala, thana Arambagh ...	3 3 38	30 3 0	
4762	Ditto, ditto ...	1 0 23	8 14 0	
4773	Kota, thana Goghat ...	2 2 27	23 3 6	
4692	Sailapur, ditto ...	4 1 15	19 11 6	
4697	Betra, ditto ...	5 2 0	35 6 0	
4702	Bengai and Pain, thana Arambagh ...	9 2 14	50 13 0	
4703	Shukpur, ditto ...	2 2 2	19 0 0	
4709	Kumerahya, thana Goghat ...	5 0 22	15 9 0	
4738	Bhatsala, thana Arambagh ...	3 0 10	20 12 0	
4804	Mominpur, ditto ...	8 0 33	51 15 0	
4807	Merjapur, thana Goghat ...	3 1 12	15 12 0	
4814	Dwaripora, ditto ...	5 0 12	30 11 0	
4817	Seora Gholapara, ditto ...	25 1 10	64 12 0	
4818	Mominpur, thana Arambagh ...	4 0 25	12 12 0	
4430	Rajhati, thana Khanakul ...	0 2 21	3 14 0	
4614	Ramnagar, ditto ...	2 2 14	10 12 0	
4615	Damudarpur, thana Goghat ...	0 3 38	4 3 0	
4623	Dwaripora, ditto ...	5 0 34	40 0 0	
4630	Bistoopur, ditto ...	3 2 33	30 4 0	
4821	Mominpur, thana Arambagh ...	4 2 23	7 8 0	
4823	Arjungori and Damarpara, thana Goghat ...	9 0 8	30 14 0	
4815	Mayapur, thana Arambagh ...	4 2 28	21 8 0	
4835	Ditto, ditto ...	3 2 16	22 0 0	
4590	Rout Khana, thana Khanakul ...	3 2 16	21 14 0	
4606	Syambulluvpur alias Ohhotodongal, thana Goghat ...	3 0 23	9 5 0	
4612	Bolarampur, ditto ...	3 2 37	27 9 0	
4636	Nirranjanbati and Basantabati, thana Khanakul ...	2 3 24	17 0 0	

Number in the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4708	Bolorampore, thana Goghat ...	5 3 0	38 15 6	
4746	Penchra, ditto ...	1 0 1	3 18 0	
4761	Niranjonbati, thana Khanakul ...	3 1 14	23 14 0	
4765	Gosainpukhur Syambazar, thana Goghat	2 0 0	9 0 0	
4637	Chhotodongal and Penchra, ditto	2 3 38	18 1 0	
4641	Ghosepur, thana Khanakul ...	5 0 32	47 6 0	
4607	Gobindapur, thana Goghat ...	4 1 13	24 2 0	
4611	Penchra, ditto ...	2 0 6	18 14 0	
4619	Gobindapur, ditto ...	5 0 6	23 9 0	
		B. K. CH.		
4087	Kumarhat, Nirbhoypur, thana Khanakul	1 6 10	2 5 0	
4293	Satberia, thana Goghat ...	0 12 3	1 8 0	

Uninsura, the 1st March 1906.

M. A. KADIE, Deputy Collector, for Collector of Hooghly.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 23rd March 1906, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Musaffarpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district, together with the estates and shares of estates to be in arrears for list March 1906.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2707 1	Makundpur Singharaj Raj Narain, chakla Garjani, pargana Bisara.	Rs. A. P. 1,974 0 9	Separate account.	As. Makundpur Singharaj including Rangra and Singharaj Tal ... 13 Rampur Raja ... 13 Bairia ... 13 Baji Hat ... 13 Bhora Chapra ... 13 Morani ... 13 Bhit Bhindi Budh Sen ... 13 Dumri Zamin ... 13 Majhaila ... 13 Mankauli ... 13 Jalalpur Birbhan ... 13 Aktiarpur Chaukima ... 13 Singharaj khas ... 13 Bharathpur ... 13 Permanandpur Buarog ... 13 Lakhanpur Tal ... 13 Bhit Bhindi ... 13 Machibak alias Chak ... 13 Abdul Gani ... 13 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Babu Lalit Narain Singh and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,066 18 6	.....	Rs. A. P. 61 3 6	Land Revenue due up to list January 1906— 61 3 6

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Saran will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 28th March 1906, corresponding to 16th Chait 1313 Fasli, on Monday at 12 o'clock noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 6, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
281	Arwa, pargana Bal ...	Rs. A. P. 4,125 15 2	Entire ...	.....	Musamat Bhagwat Kuer and others.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 3 8 7	.....
2873 5	Sondhani, pargana Gou.	6,866 1 11	.....	Separate account No. 9— Shikarpur, Sa. 4p. 5k. 10m. Sondhani, 7p. 10k. All other shares besides those specified will be excluded from the sale.	Lalita Prasad Singh and others, sale purchasers.	571 11 11	.....	571 11 11
2893	Biraicha, pargana Bangal.	1,035 3 6	Entire under section 14. Ditto	.....	Hardarshan, Ram Tewary and others.	.....	6 10 1	.....
2896	Manpur, pargana Kasser.	689 1 6	Ditto	.....	Harthar Perahad and others.	.....	34 0 8	.....

Saran Collectorate, the 27th February 1906.

HASHMAT HOSSAIN, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Nadia, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 27th March 1906, at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 6, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
286	Mahal Munshibpur, pargana Munshibpur.	Rs. A. P. 6,163 9 11	No	336 Sa. 4g.	Gopewar Pal Choudhuri.	Rs. A. P. 1,322 11 7	.....	Rs. A. P. 6 13 0
28	Ditto	6,163 9 11	No	336 Sa. 4g. All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Tarini Prasad Pal Choudhuri and others.	1,322 11 7	.....	6 13 5

Nadia Collectorate, the 2nd March 1906.

R. S. GREENSHIELDS, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Darbhanga will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 28th March 1906, corresponding with the 16th Chait of 1313 Fasli, at 11 A.M. for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole district.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share or shares.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2897	Besinore Ganesh Bencul, (Abhenarayan Jha), pargana Havi.	Rs. A. P. 618 4 9	Entire	.....	Babu Barhmadeo Prasad self and guardian of Babu Bamsuman Prasad, minor brother, and Babu Gobind Dase and others.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 10 4 9	.....

Lahetia Sarai, the 28th February 1906.

STAMA KUMUD MOOKERJEE for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1869, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood a separate account is kept for that share.

Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
10								
Pargana Kasitora, mahal Obakdaha alias Radha-balleve chak.	9,185 8 0, including police.		Residuary share, excluding separate accounts Nos. 1 to 6— i.e., 10g. share of the mahal. All other shares than that specified above will be excluded from sale.	Rajaram Kundoo	2,583 7 0, including police.		1,088 14 6, including police.	Revenue— 1,073 14 9 Police— 15 15 9 Dak Cess— 8 14 1 Penalty— 8 14 1 Road Cess— 62 3 6 Embankment— 29 12 9 Int. 0 8 9
5 Pargana Khander, mahal Belki.	734 3 11		Residuary share, excluding separate accounts Nos. 1, 3 and 5— Mausa Bonhole 18 6 " Matmagaria 19 6 " Bakichak 12 6 " Gopinath 12 6 " Khunkania 12 6 " Nandapura 8 10 " Bajibchak 13 6 All other shares than that specified above will be excluded from sale.	Godadhar Maikap and others.	523 8 7		13 0 7	Revenue— 13 0 7 Road Cess— 7 3 0
7 Pargana Shipore, mahal Bolkuada.	884 7 1		Residuary share, excluding separate accounts Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7— Mausa Behalia ... 8 10 " Ohirulia ... 16 0 " Gopinathchak 16 0 " Khurulia ... 1 16 " Radakantapore 15 6 " Beharipore ... 14 0 " Ohaulda ... 14 0 " Godaichak ... 8 0 " Kailmalce ... 16 0 " Raghunath-pore ... 14 10 " Asti ... 16 0 " Bolkuada ... 18 0 " Dubda ... 13 0 " Hasimpore ... 11 0 " Murarichak ... 16 0 All other shares than that specified above will be excluded from sale.	Salleja Kanta Das and others.	586 10 9		45 10 4	Revenue— 45 10 4 Road Cess— 26 9 0
14 Pargana Tara Bisuan, mahal Garahar, &c., Bajepti No. 147.	814 0 0	Entire ...	Part III.—Estate under direct management.				185 8 3	Revenue— 185 8 3 Road Cess— 24 13 0 Embankment— 107 0 0 Int. 1 5 6
				Panchanon Mirdhya and others, settlment-holders.				

Midnapore, the 17th February 1906.

D. WARRON, Collector.

Notice of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13 of Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of 24-Parganas will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March 1906 at 12 o'clock noon for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 6, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share and that the share or shares are excluded from sale.

Consecutive No.	Tansi No.	Name of pargana and mahal.	Sadar jama of the whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the specification of such share.	Names of proprietors of properties to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	1	Pargana Magura, kismat Obetia and others.	Rs. A. P. 5,482 9 8	.....	The entire estate minus 3a. 4g. 3k. 18t. share of the whole estate and 8 annas share in each of the manzars Broompur, Bagerhole and Raju Mollar Chak.	Kali Chandra Ray Chowdhury and others.	Rs. A. P. 5,928 5 8	.....	Rs. A. P. 664 2 24
2	3-2	Pargana Magura, mauza Laekarpur and others.	5,289 19 04	.....	Excluding 12 annas share, the remaining 4 annas share.	Tara Kumar Ray Chowdhury and others.	2,078 7 34	.....	514 12 6
3	4	Pargana Magura, mauza Kadomtala and others.	3,270 11 7	Whole	.....	Hari Mohan Mukerjee and others.	.....	1,248 9 7	.....
4	8-1	Pargana Magura, mauza Julpia.	2,468 1 8	.....	Excluding 16 annas, remaining 6 annas share.	Chandanbala Debi, mother and guardian of Hari Dhon Roy Chowdhury.	1,807 7 04	.....	468 1 11
5	10	Pargana Magura, kismat Obetia and others.	809 10 18	Whole	.....	Tara Kumar Roy Chowdhury and others.	.....	92 1 04	.....
	15-1	Pargana Magura, kismat Kharibaria and others.	4,076 14 124	.....	Excluding 12 annas share, remaining 3 annas share.	Kali Pado Roy Chowdhury.	786 1 8	.....	264 12 8
7	36	Pargana Magura, mauza Dhapanpore.	748 10 7	Whole	.....	Tara Kumar Roy Chowdhury and others.	.....	108 14 10	.....
8	65 R. B.	Pargana Magura, kismat Abgachhia and others.	984 14 7	.....	The entire estate minus 7 annas share in manzar Chak Kantalia and 2a. 1s. 3k. share in each of the kismats Babonpore and Nona.	Triloki Nath Barna	961 11 10	.....	368 0 9
9	107	Pargana Magura, kismat Aknaya and others.	786 11 5	Whole	.....	Susila Sundari Chowdhurani, wife of Gobinda Narayan Singha Chowdhury.	.....	240 0 0	.....
10	151-4	Pargana Bari-dhati, kismat Haturia and others.	60,879 5 4	.....	Excluding the shares in the manzars Jadabpore, Minar-Arakpore, Sibpore, Mirapore, Nonaolapore and 5 others, 4g. 11k. share in each of the other 103 manzars in the estate.	Apurba Kumar Das	348 8 3	.....	191 4 0
11	210	Pargana Mura-sachha, mauza Dabipore and others.	1,100 2 0	Whole	.....	Kali Kumar Mondal and others.	.....	127 11 7	.....
12	216-11	Pargana Mura-sachha, mauza Baghunathpore and others.	10,280 15 2	.....	Excluding 14a. 17g. 3k. remaining 1a. 2g. 2k. share.	Apurba Kumar Das	719 4 0	.....	186 9 6
13	216 R. B.	Pargana Mura-sachha, mauza Utkusum and others.	1,974 5 34	.....	Excluding 6a. 8g. 3k., remaining 9a. 11g. 1k. share.	Nistari Choudhuran and others.	1,179 11 04	.....	0 9 00
14	233	Pargana Balia, mauza Nandonpore and others.	2,470 12 8	Whole	.....	Krishna Prasanna Mondal and others.	.....	717 6 4	.....
15	245-6	Pargana Asima-bad, Huda Baskheli and others.	10,424 8 14	.....	Excluding 14a. 4g. 3k. 3kt., remaining 12g. 1k. 1kt. share in all the manzars, except mauza Khakramuri.	Ditto	928 8 74	.....	308 6 44
16	260-18	Pargana Balia, mauza Moloyapore and others.	6,226 2 0	.....	Excluding 14a. 17g. 3k., remaining 1a. 2g. 2k. share.	Apurba Kumar Das	686 8 24	.....	128 12 04
17	260-3	Pargana Balia, mauza Santoshpur and others.	9,401 8 10	.....	Excluding 14a. 12g. 2k. 1d., remaining 1a. 1k. 3kt. 2d. share.	Gopi Kishore Mandal and others.	608 0 104	.....	2 4 4
18	262-3	Pargana Asima-bad, Huda Joy Chandipore.	8,818 7 2	.....	Excluding 12a. 6g. 3k. 3kt., remaining 2a. 14g. 1k. 1kt. share.	Chandl Charan Mandal and others.	1,526 2 4	.....	476 1 0
19	264 R. B.	Pargana Balia, mauza Joy Chandipore and others.	1,671 1 0	.....	Excluding 3 annas, remaining 15 annas share.	Durgamoni Das and others.	1,267 12 2	.....	268 1 28
20	264 R. B.	Pargana Hatighar, mauza Lakshimpur and others.	1,967 10 8	.....	Excluding 2a. 13g. 1k. 3kt. 2d. 10k., remaining 10a. 6g. 2k. 6k.	Anis Molla and others.	1,260 14 2	.....	41 11 2
21	265	Pargana Asima-bad, Palkan.	308 9 7	Whole estate	.....	Jogendra Mukerjee.	.....	18 12 104	.....

Alipore, the 17th February 1906.

GANGA GOVINDA GUPTA, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates, situate in the district of Burdwan, will be put up to sale at the Burdwan Collectorate on the March 19th, corresponding to 18th Chaitra 1812 (B.S.).

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estates to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchasers of these estates will be considered as the proprietors of the estates, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estates will be transferred to them with effect from 1st April 19th as revenue free or subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale will be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate will be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Number in the strict roll.	Name of estate and pargana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
3610	Mandra, pargana Jahingirabad	0 2 11	0 10 11	} Will be sold revenue-free.
4984	Mertala, ditto	0 0 25	0 9 0	
6539	Dhoba Goalpara, pargana Ranihati	4 2 1	84 0 0	
6550	Nigon, pargana Dhenia	6 0 28	48 1 6	
6551	Srikhanda, ditto	7 1 11½	60 6 0	
6501	Karui, ditto	2 1 29	16 3 0	
6508	Jagesvardihi, ditto	6 0 26	47 13 0	
5381	Hiatpur, pargana Nalohi	0 8 9	3 10 6	
6510	Batagram, pargana Manzarsahi	3 1 7	24 0 0	
6528	Gopalpur, pargana Khandaghosh	6 0 25½	39 8 6	
6530	Babrapur, ditto	5 1 3	32 0 0	
6531	Bajitpur, ditto	5 2 11	34 1 0	
6542	Manasadanga, ditto	5 0 14	27 13 3	
6540	Dirghanagore, pargana Burdwan	3 2 15	13 9 6	
6541	Majdhuari, pargana Samarsahi	5 3 6	40 13 0	
6538	Chak Latib, ditto	4 0 26½	22 12 9	
6549	Painta, ditto	2 2 0	11 6 9	
6543	Karjana, pargana Burdwan	6 0 34	19 6 0	
6494	Govindapur, pargana Sahabad	5 1 6	32 10 0	
6490	Satgechia, pargana Ranihati	2 2 28½	19 6 0	
6518	Baikanthapur, pargana Sahabad	5 1 38	33 0 0	
6553	Magolmari, pargana Samarsahi	13 3 11	62 3 6	
6554	Palla, pargana Burdwan	2 1 20	14 4 0	
6555	Chandpur and others, pargana Samarsahi	4 0 30½	22 4 6	

ERRATUM.

In the first publication of this Advertisement, read "Rs. 16-3" for "Rs. 76-3" as Government revenue assessed in respect of estate No. 6501, Karui, pargana Dhenia, and read "Rs. 13-9-6" for Rs. "19-9-6" as Government revenue assessed in respect of estate No. 6540, Dirghanagar, pargana Burdwan.

Burdwan Collectorate, the 19th February 1906.

P. H. O'BRIEN, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 12, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Monghyr will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 06 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
20	Agar, tappa Barounja, pargana Pharkia.	2,402 10 0	Whole	...	Babu Ram Bahadur Singh and others.	...	497 6 3	Temporary settled estate.
21	Alkharpur, Barari, pargana Pharkia.	2,306 14 0	Whole	...	Nilkant Singh and others ...	...	68 1 10	
27	Tota, Gaudia Barar, pargana Ballia.	897 19 9	Do.	...	Chandhry Shamshul Haq and others.	...	403 4 0	

Monghyr Collectorate, the 17th February 1906.

S. C. MITRA, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Gaya will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
506	Ismailpore Koil, pargana Arwal.	Rs. A. P. 094 12 0	Whole ...	.....	Ramlagan Ojha ...	.....	Rs. A. P. 73 4 3	.....
957	Shahbaspore Jan Sarwarpore Kalayan, pargana Arwal.	1,401 21 0	Do. ...	.....	Mussammat Ramesher Koer alias Dulhin Sahiba and others.	.....	298 12 0	.....
1889	Shahbaspur Teswar, pargana Bhelsawar.	808 13 0	Do. ...	.....	Mussammat Kani Sunder Koer.	.....	127 3 0	.....
3374	Nadawat, pargana Narhat ...	2,500 0 0	Do. ...	.....	Ditto	.....	625 0 0	.....
4758	Tarwan taluqa, pargana Sherghatti.	2,303 5 0	Do. ...	.....	Mussammat Bhawani Koer.	.....	10 15 3	.....

Gaya Collectorate, the 23rd February 1906.

H. W. SCHOOPS, Offg. Collector.

Sale Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on Wednesday, the 21st day of March 1906, at 12 o'clock noon, corresponding to 11th of Chait 1313 Fs., for arrears of land revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1211 Jt. & A.	Suhes, pargana Behes.	Rs. A. P. 4,223 13 10	.....	The ijmal share to be sold is in the following villages :- 1. Suhes A. P. 2. Baharwar 2 8 3. Makrandpore 2 8 4. Bharolee 5 4 5. Nuthpah 2 8 6. Dewaj Kund 2 8 The other shares are excluded from the sale.	Babu Ram Narayain Singh and others.	Rs. A. P. 774 12 0	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 428 7 10
1276	Baghelwa, pargana Chousa.	811 0 0	Whole ...	.....	Lachhmi Prasad and others.	.....	444 2 2	.....
5196	Toufir Mahdum-pore Somra, pargana Barabganwan.	5,072 6 3	Do. ...	.....	Babu Ram Rajendra Deo Narain.	.....	14,116 15 1	.....

Arrah, the 22nd February 1906.

U. SEN GUPTA, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates situate in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding with 12th Chait 1912 (B.S.).

The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price, which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force; and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by the noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district Roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4588	Panchla, thana Jagatbullupur ...	10 1 27	63 3 0	
4649	Khantors, ditto ...	0 1 8	4 8 0	
4762	Kulya and others, ditto ...	0 2 22	9 12 3	
4796	Bamunpara, ditto ...	2 3 12	28 6 3	
4796	Jagunnathpur, ditto ...	1 0 13	10 9 6	

Chinsura, the 23rd February 1906.

B. DE, Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates situate in the district of Hooghly will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding with 12th Chait 1912 (B.S.).

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount of bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th day after sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a closed holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4777	Nobagram, pargana Mandalghat ...	2 0 25	20 14 0	
4799	Inhapur, ditto ...	0 3 33	8 11 3	
1894	Chingrijole, ditto ...	0 2 25	1 13 6	
4778	Bahugurau, ditto ...	8 3 34	82 14 0	
4793	Ditto, ditto ...	2 3 20-1/4	24 10 9	
4812	Rospur Kalikata, ditto ...	4-16 acres	30 7 0	
4811	Khalna, pargana Byra ...	3 2 16	7 13 0	

Chinsura, the 23rd February 1906.

B. DE, Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Eastern Branch, Tirhut State Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock (noon) on the 26th day of April 1906, corresponding with the 17th Baisakh 1313 Fuali, at the Collectorate of Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway fencing, or plough the lands closer than 8 feet from its foundation.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Board confirming the sale.

Consecutive number.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Darbhanga	Pargana Mokaram-pore, villages (1) Kalthinia and (2) Behat.	49	South side	20 16 3	6 3 20	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Kasht Tala Lal Jha, and Saroo. Lal Jha. East—Kasht Saroo Lal Jha and Chitan Thacur. West—Village path road adjoining a tank.
2	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, village Chikna.	57	Ditto ...	31 4 15	10 1 13	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Kund belonging to Raj Darbhanga. East—Tank belonging to Raj Darbhanga. West—Kasht Sarat Jha.
3	Ditto ...	Pargana Mokram-pore, villages (1) Deep and (2) Bajh-pore.	51	North side of Rail-way.	56 9 8	15 2 27	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht Meghan Khaswas, Jaim Halwai, Muni Gaur, Balmakund Jha, Nakched Pargana and Barmoter of Balmakund and Nakched Jha. South—Railway line. East—Tank belonging to Talapat Beba. West—Road from Janshapore to Madhepore.
4	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, villages Ramouli and Gungboodai.	54	South side	41 12 7	13 3 1	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Kasht Baryaspet Gope, Arncopnash Minsar, Parti Kamal Nat Chowdhuri. East—Kasht Muni Lal Bhandari. West—Kasht Jasolhar Jha and Chakra-dhar Jha.
5	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, villages (1) Duorli and (2) Ghongerla.	61	Ditto ...	15 0 11	4 3 15	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Village road to Kishanpatti. East—Gachi Rajdhar Jha. West—Village road to Kishanpatti.
6	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, village Parsa.	65	North side	27 15 6	9 0 29	...	.....	...	North—Kasht Santokhi Marar, Madhomukhia, Bachan Rout, Phirangi Marar, Nathuni Zahoo, and Dudha Marar. South—Railway line. East—Boundary line of Bhawalpur district. West—Kasht Jitan Marar, Budhan Dhunia, Baboo Nath Marar and Nirmal Marar.
7	Ditto ...	Pargana Jarail, village Kantaul.	15	East side	51 18 5	17 0 13	.....	.....	.....	North—Kasht Phatsari Thacur and Badri Thacur. South—Local Board road and Kasht Mon-rakhan Thacur. East—Tank and Kasht Sunder Lal Thacur, Baha Resain, and June Bahadur Thacur. West—Railway line.

Consecutive lot number.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. CH.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
8	Darbhanga	Pargana Nanpara, villages Jogtara and J	21	North side	20 9 9	6 3 3	.....	.....	.....	North—Khet Peary Singh, Parti, Kedim, Khet Ohnibai Singh, and Lalit Singh, Bhagwat Singh. South—Railway line. East—Gair Majraam, Khet Massama Phokani, Kuert Jalkant Jha, and Tata Lal Misser. West—Railway line, brick-field.
9	Ditto	Pargana Bharwara, village Ghograha.	23	East side	23 15 8	7 3 18	.....	.....	.....	North—Boundary line of Munshipur district. South—Kasht Peary Jha. East—Khet Gopi Sonar, Dataram Misser, and Najaban Jolaha. West—Railway line.
10	Ditto	Pargana Sarsina, Village Ohak Saleu Nizamut.	21	North side	30 14 1	10 0 24	.....	.....	.....	North—Kasht Laldhari Rai and Ram-rakhan Rai. South—Kasht Sheorajain Rai. East—Kasht Laldhari Rai. West—Kasht Thagan Mohito, Khusi Rai, Ram Kukhan Rai, Biswasar Rai, and Nathuni Rai.

W. B. HIXCOCK, Collector.

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 17th February 1906.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Patna will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 28th March 1906 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausil No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
160	Lakhanpur Vogaira, pargana Aximabad.	Rs. A. P. 1,350 13 1	.....	Danlatpur 2 Lakhanpur 2 Kutubpur 2 Kutubpur alias Hare-ohak 2 Raipur Hassan 4 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mussamat Paremani Dasl Vogaira. Jadu Nath Ghosh. Anudheer Kumar. Ditto. Mussamat Paremani Dasl and after her Lalit Mohun Ghosh, the auction-purchaser.	Rs. A. P. 612 5 1	.....	Rs. A. P. 92 0 10
222	Deera Danapur Shah-zadpur, Phulwari.	3,393 0 0	.....	16a. 14d. 6k. 8b. and 15 ph. ijmal. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mir Kalim Vogaira ...	3,297 12 3	.....	549 10 10
223	Deera Marachi, pargana Ghyaspur.	1,423 0 0	Entire ...	.....	Behadur Lal Mokhtaar, the auction-purchaser.	.....	257 0 0	.....

Patna Collectorate, the 3rd March 1906.

B. C. HAMILTON, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Eastern branch, T. S. Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 noon on the 26th day of April 1906, corresponding with the 17th Baisakh 1313 Fashi, at the Collectorate, Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than 8 feet from the same.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidder.

5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Board confirming the

Consecutive number.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. E. C.	A. E. F.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. E. F.		
1	Darbhanga	Pargana Nanpore, village Joginara.	23	North side	31 18 14	10 2 8	.....	.....	...	North—Gachhi Keshwar Jha and Jaikent Jha, Kust Lal Jha, Bhagwat Singh and Sirdhar Singh. South—Railway line. East—Railway brick-field. West—Kasht Dhondha Singh and Mongol Pershad Singh.

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 27th February 1906.

NITYANANDA GHOSH, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estate situate in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding with 12th Chait 1312 B.S.

The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

Conditions of Sale.

1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price, which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary rights of Government in such estate will be transferred to him subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to the existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the law in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number in the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Total area of the village.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
Government share in mauza Kharsarai as contained in tauzi No. 2028.	Government share 4 annas 8 gandas 2 karas and 2 kranties of village Kharsarai, thana Chauditoia.	B. E. CH. 807 18 12	Rs. A. P. 791 4 4	

Chinsura, the 1st March 1906.

B. DE, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Eastern Branch, Tirkoot State Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock noon, on 26th day of April 1906, corresponding to the 17th Baisakh 1313 Fusti, at the Collectorate of Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway fencing, or plough the lands closer than three feet from its foundation.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the District Collector of the orders of the Board confirming the sale.

Serial No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commence- ment and termina- tion of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. C.	A. K. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. K. P.		
1	9	3	6	5	6	7	8	9		
1	Darbhanga	Pargana Bhar- war, village Chandana.	25	East side	3 4 13	0 2 38	.....	.....	.....	North—Kachhi Miser. South—Railway B class land. East—Kast Babo Chandhu. West—Railway line.

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 5th March 1906.

W. B. HAYDOCK, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of 24 Parganas will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 31st March 1906 at 12 o'clock noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for the share and that the share or shares are excluded from sale.

Serial No.	Taluk No.	Name of pargana and mahal.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the specification of such share.	Names of proprie- tors of the properties to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	9	3	6	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	65	Pargana Amirabad, Kt. Palka.	Rs. A. P. 288 9 8	Whole es- tate.	.....	Jogendra Nath Mukerjee.	.....	Rs. A. P. 14 10 7½	.....

Alipore, the 6th February 1906.

GANGA GOVINDO GUPTA, for Collector.

Notice.

IN accordance with the rules framed under section 12 (b) of Act XVII of 1878 (The Northern India Ferry Act) (vide Central Provinces Secretariat letter No. 1804, dated the 21st February 1902), the annual auction of the ferry tolls of the following ferries in the Sambalpur district will be held on the dates mentioned against each at the Victoria District Hall, Sambalpur :—

NAME OF FERRY.	Period for which the right to collect tolls is to be auctioned.	Date of auction.
Turum (Brahmin) ...	From 1st June 1906 to 31st December 1906 ...	21st March 1906.
Mahulpaly ...	Whole year ...	21st " "
Shutbed ...	From 1st June 1906 to 30th November 1906 ...	21st " "
Turum (Gond) ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	21st " "
Haldi ...	" 1st " " to 31st March 1907 ...	21st " "
Chakli ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Kasam ...	" 1st " " to 15th January " ...	21st " "
Khurgaon ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Mora ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Soraipaly ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	21st " "
Dhama ...	Whole year ...	22nd " "
Deogaon ...	From 1st June 1906 to 31st December 1906 ...	22nd " "
Baghra ...	" 1st " " to 30th November " ...	22nd " "
Saplahra ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	22nd " "
Teldihi ...	" 1st " " to 15th December " ...	22nd " "
Amda ...	" 1st " " to 30th November " ...	22nd " "
Tihura ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	22nd " "
Tahud ...	" 1st " " to 30th " " ...	22nd " "
Rampella ...	" 1st " " to 31st December " ...	22nd " "
Gondghora ...	" 1st " " to 15th October " ...	22nd " "
Hansamura ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	22nd " "
Talpatia ...	" 1st " " to 30th November " ...	23rd " "
Dantamura ...	" 1st " " to 15th October " ...	23rd " "
Panchpara ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "
Tangarpaly ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "
Dhudal-jugha ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "
Kherwal ...	" 1st " " to 31st December " ...	23rd " "
Sudhamal ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Chantitkura ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Thalapaly ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Katikola ...	" 1st " " to 31st " " ...	23rd " "
Gundarpore ...	" 1st " " to 15th October " ...	23rd " "
Kudopaly ...	" 1st " " to 15th " " ...	23rd " "

Sambalpur, the 26th February 1906.

J. N. Sax, Chairman, District Board, Sambalpur.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 6th March 1906.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	Ra.	A.	P.		Ra.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government securities	1,34,97,818	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,40,00,000	0	0	Other authorised investments	55,13,264	8	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	97,25,910	15	3	Loans on Government and other authorised securities	4,77,68,588	10	8
Ditto ditto at Branches	95,00,172	4	10	Accounts of credit on ditto ditto	3,48,18,962	14	5
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	11,46,70	502		Bills discounted and purchased	2,56,12,060	10	8
Bank Post Bills, &c.	7,99,090			Balances with other Banks	14,04,321	13	5
Sundries	16,78,125	14		Bullion	18,52,1	8	12 11
				Dead Stock	14,020	7	7
				Stamps	7,09,258	9	7
				Sundries	13,12,38,089	7	1
				Cash & Currency Notes at Head Office	2,03,54,330	7	2
				Cash & Currency Notes at Branches	1,81,62,381	12	8
Rupees	17,32,84,801	10	11	Rupees	17,12,84,801	10	11

* Includes Govt. & $\frac{1}{2}$ Govt., value Rs. 55,170 0 0
 † Do. do. do. " 3,69,082 8 0
 Ra. 4,21,252 8 0

BANK OF BENGAL,
 Calcutta, 8th March 1906.

C. M. BASTIN, Off. Chief Accountant,
 Rate for Demand Loans, 3 per cent.
 Percentage 28-55.

By order of the Directors,
 W. D. CHUDOKRANK,
 Secretary and Treasurer.
 (28-1)

INSOLVENT ESTATES.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT MADE UP TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1905.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Probable outturn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.				
... 							

Bader & Co.

Messrs. Scott & Co.

Messrs. & Co., William

Messrs. Deffell & Co.

Messrs. Marine Insurance Office

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. J. G.

Messrs. Wallace & Co.

Messrs. George

Messrs. W. L. & Co.

Messrs. Chunder Shaw

Messrs. J.

Messrs. G. (2nd)

Messrs. Cesar (F. Acorboni & Co.)

Messrs. Hadjee Abdool Kholomon

Messrs. Mohun Dutt and another

Messrs. Ahmed

Messrs. Mookerjee

Messrs. Gunny

Messrs. Kumar Chuckerbutty

Messrs. Mookerjee

Messrs. Ewing & Co.)

Messrs. Chitty

Messrs. Bazar

Messrs. (P. account)

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Messrs. & Co.

Pagot, W. N.	4,149	4	9	49	3	7	3,498	4	2	601	13	0	392	4	5	209	8	7	Ditto	ditto.
Bhoobun Mohan Mitter	4,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	2,163	7	9	1,536	8	3	1,794	12	6	41	11	9	Ditto	ditto.
Biso Nath Mondol and others	2,200	4	7	.....	.....	.....	2,200	4	7	2,200	4	7	.....	.....	.....	2,200	4	7	Ditto	ditto.
Bodry, John (3rd)	4,425	4	6	1,112	3	5	2,384	6	10	928	10	8	642	13	0	285	13	3	Ditto	ditto.
Baboo Lal Shaw and another	1,85,530	2	7	59,288	14	9	30,736	10	9	15,504	0	1	15,257	1	1	247	8	0	Ditto	ditto.
Buldeo Das (Buldeo Das Chatterjee)	3,802	3	1	1,661	0	3	991	0	10	1,150	2	0	1,150	2	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	ditto.
Bhoremlal Gandaka	16,319	3	6	11,202	10	2	3,226	1	6	1,890	7	10	1,760	10	11	129	12	11	Ditto	ditto.
Bengalhee, Dhur Khetry and others	1,04,279	10	2	79,244	7	1	16,555	1	2	3,450	1	11	7,993	10	3	481	7	8	Ditto	ditto.
(Nannomull Khetry).																				
Belletty, M.	6,180	0	0	1,024	13	10	116	13	10	538	4	4	370	9	10	167	10	6	Ditto	ditto.
Bhoobun Mohan Banerjee and another	1,58,927	12	8	36,824	1	11	1,16,279	15	3	5,823	11	6	5,823	11	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	ditto.
Bhola Nath Das	3,100	0	0	29	11	2	2,449	11	7	620	9	3	524	5	11	96	3	4	Ditto	ditto.
Brewster, C. C., and William Nicoll	794	0	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	794	0	10	.....	.....	.....	794	0	10	Ditto	ditto.
(Wilson, Mackenzie & Co.).																				
Baker, F. W. (separate account)	2,337	15	3	1,010	14	10	123	9	0	1,203	7	5	1,157	14	6	45	8	11	Ditto	ditto.
Bleekun Chand Ratty	1,452	6	4	857	10	8	74	6	5	520	5	3	286	10	5	238	10	10	Ditto	ditto.
Bangabedhur Singhania (Kriparam Sockdolal).	2,849	2	6	406	11	11	1,661	8	10	780	13	9	687	11	11	93	1	10	Ditto	ditto.
Benedo Kanto Nathtuck and another	562	13	6	.....	.....	.....	30	15	2	531	14	4	.....	.....	.....	531	14	4	Ditto	ditto.
Bhujendra Bhusan Chatterjee	3,580	10	3	393	4	8	629	15	10	2,057	5	9	725	5	5	1,332	0	4	Ditto	ditto.
Beer Nursing Dutt.	92,826	10	5	8,384	5	9	79,427	13	6	5,014	7	2	2,124	1	6	2,890	5	8	Ditto	ditto.
Bhubun Mohan Dass	1,698	0	0	465	4	1	71	2	9	1,161	9	2	695	11	7	465	13	7	Ditto	ditto.
Buckwar Chand and Balkissen (Johur Mull Buckwar Chand).	43,979	12	3	29,669	12	1	11,441	4	0	5,863	12	2	5,807	5	8	61	6	6	Ditto	ditto.
Brij Mohan Dobay	24,852	13	0	.....	.....	.....	23,979	10	11	873	2	1	.....	.....	.....	873	2	1	Ditto	ditto.
Briggs, W. M.	1,360	13	0	312	7	2	37	1	11	1,011	3	11	167	7	10	843	12	1	Ditto	ditto.
Bowen, S. W.	1,581	7	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,581	7	0	.....	.....	.....	1,581	7	0	Ditto	ditto.
Bal Chand Soorana	1,575	0	0	176	5	10	174	4	1	1,224	6	1	1,221	4	0	3	2	1	Ditto	ditto.
Barrow, C. F.	6,794	3	8	3,307	7	0	293	10	0	3,193	2	8	2,040	2	2	1,153	0	6	Ditto	ditto.
Beer Chand Coondoo and another	2,201	8	8	642	5	2	988	9	6	590	9	7	590	9	7	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	ditto.
Bal Chand Neem Chand	3,894	9	0	.....	.....	.....	1,303	1	6	2,591	7	6	.....	.....	.....	2,591	7	6	Ditto	ditto.
Boroda Kanto Pramanick	8,699	10	0	5,493	1	2	2,020	0	3	1,186	8	7	276	10	11	909	13	8	Ditto	ditto.
Bisessur Lal Gowen Lall (Radha Kissen Kotary).	6,474	4	9	.....	.....	.....	877	12	3	5,596	8	6	.....	.....	.....	5,596	8	6	Outstanding: in course of recovery.	
Blake, T. A.	600	0	0	.....	.....	.....	40	13	3	559	2	9	554	1	6	5	1	3	Nothing further recoverable.	
Bal Chand Khosel Chand and others	5,304	1	0	.....	.....	.....	40	5	6	5,263	11	6	.....	.....	.....	5,263	11	6	Outstanding: in course of recovery.	
Colvin & Co.	1,34,427	8	8	1,36,470	10	10	31,296	10	8	16,660	3	2	6,586	15	0	10,073	4	2	Ditto	ditto.
Cruttenden, Mackillop & Co.	99,959	11	1	72,895	6	5	20,263	11	4	6,800	9	4	5,743	13	4	1,056	12	0	Ditto	ditto.
Cockerell & Co.	17,19,783	5	0	3,86,102	12	10	13,26,584	4	11	7,046	3	3	6,701	5	10	344	13	5	Ditto	ditto.
Cannaram Phoonsee Lall	9,623	9	3	5,676	2	8	2,212	5	4	1,735	1	3	1,523	9	7	211	7	8	Ditto	ditto.
Canny Lall Burral and another	21,208	5	11	17,472	10	1	2,990	11	5	745	0	5	632	14	3	112	2	2	Ditto	ditto.
Crompton, G. F.	5,413	5	4	2,747	14	3	2,124	12	6	540	10	7	487	13	3	52	13	4	Ditto	ditto.
Charles Nephew & Co.	5,15,390	11	10	3,99,340	6	4	98,146	13	8	17,903	8	10	15,958	7	10	1,945	1	0	Ditto	ditto.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.		WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.		Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.		Net balance.		Probable extent of the dependencies.
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
Gabbay, A. J.	9,055	7 0	6,088	9 2	2,075	4 0	565	5 11	326	3 11	Nothing further recoverable.
Georol Dass Sooderjee	18,266	14 1	11,879	7 1	5,760	12 11	584	4 8	42	5 5	Ditto.
Golab Chand Hem Chand	1,586	2 0	.....	.....	200	9 0	.....	.....	1,885	9 0	Ditto.
Golan Hossain Virjee	1,26,756	14 4	40,928	6 8	85,314	2 4	514	5 4	196	4 4	Ditto.
Ghosearam	38,350	5 10	10,535	5 6	25,967	15 3	318	1 0	615	5 11	Ditto.
Ghose, R. G. & Co.	29,911	1 2	21,218	2 4	7,954	3 8	1,231	11 2	202	9 2	Ditto.
Gregory, M.	17,186	2 5	12,174	13 6	4,154	14 4	536	2 0	139	1 2	Ditto.
Gasper, N. M.	7,010	0 9	4,872	0 8	607	12 0	717	5 5	291	11 0	Ditto.
Gabbay, E. S.	53,783	3 0	17,176	15 8	36,070	3 1	1,188	9 1	103	1 6	Ditto.
Gilmore, J. A. G.	512	8 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	432	14 9	512	8 0	Ditto.
Greedyard Lall Kanoy Lall	26,621	12 4	15,961	3 1	3,418	3 4	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Gopal Chunder Bose	3,891	0 0	2,267	1 4	876	10 0	7242	5 11	211	12 2	Ditto.
Gopin Chand Doogur and others	1,07,816	2 7	59,601	10 5	41,217	9 11	535	8 6	..	..	Ditto.
(Naseer Inder Chand).							6,996	14 3			
Gray, Walter, and another (Robert and Charriol).	3,14,768	4 0	2,09,594	14 1	45,148	3 10	54,570	0 10	8,455	1 3	Ditto.
Greesh Chander Marrick and others	13,956	0 5	5,818	11 2	5,481	2 2	1,776	13 7	879	5 6	Ditto.
Gopal Chunder Rago	2,334	15 3	1,516	0 3	813	12 3	505	2 9	.....	.....	Ditto.
Girdhari Lall Sedkhan and Kally Churn Sedkhan.	6,246	6 0	400	9 6	4,991	13 2	374	1 3	479	14 1	Ditto.
Grote Bahary Seal	34,539	14 3	13,975	8 11	19,941	2 7	623	2 9	114	7 11	Ditto.
Gopce Kanto Sen	986	14 1	.....	.....	358	6 0	628	8 1	628	8 1	Ditto.
Gobin Dass and another	2,152	8 8	85	4 5	1,270	14 1	796	6 2	246	4 10	Ditto.
Golab Roy & another (Kally Shai Golab Roy)	13,975	10 11	8,774	4 9	3,102	8 0	2,098	14 2	196	8 6	Ditto.
Gouri Dutt and Moorsly Dhur	3,601	13 6	.....	.....	1,993	0 6	1,603	13 0	1,608	13 0	Ditto.
Gobindram and another	7,414	13 3	4,695	8 4	1,957	10 11	761	15 0	...	...	Ditto.
Ghunnam Das Chandgotia and others (Juggernath Sirdar Mull).	24,883	9 1	9,248	7 5	3,994	15 0	11,640	2 8	5,035	11 9	Ditto.
Gungarum Domany	2,183	2 9	269	6 4	1,253	13 8	659	14 9	420	8 10	Ditto.
Gobindas Domany	14,410	1 2	1,415	1 8	12,388	12 4	611	3 2	476	3 10	Ditto.
Griffiths, O. B. (W. Moran & Co.)	7,40,947	9 2	3,57,924	8 9	3,55,379	10 4	27,643	6 1	17,238	5 2	Outstanding - in course of recovery.
Girindro Nath Dass	17,085	2 9	3,358	2 10	12,500	1 8	1,176	14 3	708	4 5	Nothing further recoverable.
Gopal Dass Mookerjee	648	4 6	.....	.....	104	2 8	544	1 10	544	1 10	Ditto.
Gasper, E. C.	1,665	6 1	136	6 4	249	12 1	825	10 8	453	9 0	Ditto.

Geordial (Hardeedas Geordial)	87,288	15	11	6,472	6	1	7,650	9	10	23,166	0	0	9,062	3	10	14,113	12	2	Ditto	ditto.
Georgiad (2nd) G. A.	3,880	9	7	.....	.....	.....	1,937	14	8	3,880	9	7	.....	.....	.....	3,880	9	7	Ditto	ditto.
Hurry, W. C.	2,768	9	2	.....	.....	.....	1,937	14	8	3,880	9	7	.....	.....	.....	3,880	9	7	Ditto	ditto.
Hoffman & Co.	25,170	12	5	6,983	13	3	17,650	8	0	586	7	2	856	8	4	280	8	10	Ditto	ditto.
Heera Lal Munna Lal	19,704	0	3	8,619	10	5	7,122	11	3	4,061	10	7	4,061	10	7	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	ditto.
Hugheson Brothers	2,44,226	5	7	39,290	4	8	2,04,288	13	9	687	3	2	542	5	9	144	13	5	Ditto	ditto.
Hoppe, William	1,346	8	6	2	0	0	672	1	1	672	7	5	613	3	1	59	4	4	Ditto	ditto.
Hudson, Nathaniel	2,225	11	3	655	5	6	461	2	6	1,109	3	8	836	15	2	172	4	6	Ditto	ditto.
Huffnagle & Co., Charles	1,320	4	7	74	9	3	342	4	1	1,903	7	3	821	11	2	81	12	1	Ditto	ditto.
Heera Lal Humontharam	752	14	3	.....	.....	.....	61	0	0	691	14	3	.....	.....	.....	691	14	3	Ditto	ditto.
Holloway, William	1,056	11	11	76	8	8	324	8	7	654	10	6	614	10	6	40	0	2	Ditto	ditto.
Horrigberger, William	1,001	5	6	.....	.....	.....	344	0	0	657	5	6	.....	.....	.....	657	5	6	Schedule not filed as yet.	
Honlon, E.	2,069	9	0	152	2	2	1,191	9	4	725	13	6	725	13	6	.....	.....	.....	Nothing further recoverable.	
Howard Brothers	10,421	9	10	6,168	12	7	3,394	13	6	857	15	9	630	5	0	227	10	9	Ditto	ditto.
Hill, James (Herham, Hill & Co.)	32,114	9	9	17,374	4	0	10,861	5	8	3,879	0	1	3,489	8	4	389	7	9	Ditto	ditto.
Hurry Narain Khattri	10,178	5	9	4,209	9	3	3,808	13	1	2,159	15	5	2,095	4	6	64	10	11	Ditto	ditto.
Huckling & Co., B. H.	4,872	5	3	2,018	15	3	1,846	12	9	1,006	9	3	938	13	7	68	11	8	Ditto	ditto.
Hutchinson & Co., J. H. (L. W. Toulmin & Co.)	4,326	0	3	2,036	15	8	507	9	0	1,781	7	7	1,442	7	11	338	15	8	Ditto	ditto.
Heera Lal Dhoochooria	2,965	14	3	1,498	4	4	357	4	10	1,110	5	1	395	1	10	715	3	3	Ditto	ditto.
Heeraund (Budder Mull Heeraund)	1,212	15	3	607	15	1	88	2	1	616	14	1	442	3	11	74	10	2	Ditto	ditto.
Hubbard, C. E.	4,154	2	8	2,265	9	3	698	0	2	1,180	9	3	1,180	9	3	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	ditto.
Hay, William (Stewart & Co.)	1,999	10	3	.....	.....	.....	1,002	3	9	987	6	6	.....	.....	.....	987	6	6	Ditto	ditto.
Hurro Nath Mozomdar and others	7,700	0	0	3,516	2	0	2,306	7	5	1,877	6	7	1,877	6	7	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	ditto.
Huruck Chand Johurry Mull (Kanoy Lal Kurruck Chand).	12,671	6	0	11,277	7	0	753	15	4	689	15	0	162	4	4	477	11	4	Ditto	ditto.
Hadjee Noor Mahomed Jackeria	1,70,006	13	10	1,09,054	9	0	51,196	8	8	9,755	12	2	4,433	14	7	5,321	13	7	Ditto	ditto.
Heins, G. W. (C. Gould & Co.)	12,502	2	11	8,061	15	0	3,726	2	0	714	1	11	579	14	4	134	3	7	Ditto	ditto.
Heera Lal Addy	6,132	1	10	2,982	10	2	843	6	0	2,306	1	6	2,295	13	8	10	4	0	Ditto	ditto.
Hurro Nath Shaw	20,937	1	7	13,494	4	9	5,812	15	6	1,629	13	4	1,623	7	3	6	6	1	Ditto	ditto.
Hogg, Thomas (Beak & Co.)	1,282	8	6	.....	.....	.....	6	12	0	1,275	12	6	.....	.....	.....	1,275	12	6	Ditto	ditto.
Hadjee Sallay Mahomed Elias	2,341	4	1	1,534	10	11	128	12	3	677	12	11	515	12	4	162	0	7	Ditto	ditto.
Hadjee Hidatoolah and others	1,25,335	9	8	1,02,114	5	8	17,909	4	8	5,911	15	4	5,869	11	1	42	4	3	Ditto	ditto.
Hazaremall	1,811	1	6	243	2	3	187	9	0	1,425	6	3	1,402	8	9	22	13	6	Ditto	ditto.
Heera Lal and another	12,369	11	0	.....	.....	.....	296	8	0	12,093	3	0	.....	.....	.....	12,093	3	0	Outstanding: in course of recovery.	
Horruck Chand and another	5,269	10	0	.....	.....	.....	345	8	5	4,924	1	7	.....	.....	.....	4,924	1	7	Ditto	ditto.
Hurdas Acharaj	749	12	0	.....	.....	.....	229	2	0	520	10	0	.....	.....	.....	520	10	0	Ditto	ditto.
Iasur Chunder Mill	8,546	1	6	506	12	3	6,175	1	7	1,864	3	8	1,864	3	8	.....	.....	.....	Nothing further recoverable.	
Iasur Chunder Sen and another	681	14	9	23	7	1	101	0	2	507	7	6	507	7	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	ditto.
Iasur Dass Juggernath	75,984	14	11	68,224	2	1	11,224	7	3	1,546	5	7	1,522	11	10	23	9	9	Ditto	ditto.
Iasury Prasad and others	664	7	0	.....	.....	.....	7	10	6	656	12	6	.....	.....	.....	656	12	6	Ditto	ditto.
Jansen & Co., J.	20,002	10	9	139	11	5	15,872	5	0	3,990	10	4	3,766	5	1	324	5	3	Ditto	ditto.
Jeeban Coomari Bibee (Jesroop Meher Chand).	1,46,826	1	5	1,03,838	11	3	29,485	12	11	13,551	9	8	4,014	9	11	9,506	15	4	Ditto	ditto.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.			Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Probable outturn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
Jaggessar Laha	Rs. 34,888 4 1	P. 16,701 4 2	Rs. 15,519 2 4	P. 2,157 13 7	Rs. 1,851 6 1	P. 316 7 6	Nothing further recoverable.	
Jadub Chunder Seal	2,094 6 7	374 1 10	907 2 9	813 2 0	580 12 8	232 5 4	Ditto	
Jordon, J. S.	5,376 8 0	3,582 9 6	984 15 5	808 15 1	545 0 7	263 14 6	Ditto	
Juggun Prosad	960 8 9	.....	223 9 0	736 15 9	.....	736 15 9	Ditto
Jacob, Charles	933 8 0	.....	415 13 4	517 10 8	454 6 7	63 4 1	Ditto
Jedab, S. E.	2,186 15 0	.....	1,459 4 7	736 10 5	643 2 11	93 7 6	Ditto
Johur Lall Mookim	1,656 0 0	648 15 0	262 4 7	744 12 5	373 13 9	370 14 8	Ditto	
Joakim, M. C.	7,754 15 3	4,223 8 11	2,422 12 5	1,108 9 11	838 9 7	270 0 4	Ditto	
Jegendra Nath Cowar	5,958 0 0	1,391 15 8	3,577 14 3	988 2 6	806 0 9	182 1 9	Ditto	
Jegad Kisoro Sew Lall Futteh Chand	9,544 8 6	5,950 3 1	2,262 11 9	1,331 9 8	1,031 7 2	280 2 6	Ditto	
Jarawas Mall Begamy and another	918 15 6	.....	71 8 0	847 7 6	.....	847 7 6	Ditto
Johury Lall Pal and another	88,006 15 8	47,294 10 2	33,572 5 7	7,199 15 11	6,510 2 7	689 13 4	Ditto	
Junna Dass	3,315 4 6	1,270 3 4	1,516 5 1	528 12 1	493 15 7	34 12 6	Ditto	
Jaitroop Chooney Lall	8,292 7 2	5,458 4 10	2,081 8 11	752 9 5	752 9 5	.....	Ditto
Jaggarnath and others (Juggarnath Chota Lall).	15,073 12 6	.....	385 14 10	14,687 13 8	.....	14,687 13 8	Outstanding : in course of recovery.
Johurnull Mohun Lall	2,385 10 6	.....	555 1 5	1,830 9 1	.....	1,830 9 1	Ditto
Jegendro Chandra Bose	598 14 9	.....	9 0 6	589 14 3	.....	589 14 3	Ditto
Kemp, H. C. (T. Hyde, Gardiner & Co.)	33,765 12 9	27,374 0 2	5,317 5 1	574 7 6	135 0 4	439 7 2	Nothing further recoverable.	
Kemp, H. C.	2,469 15 10	168 12 6	436 2 5	1,865 0 11	1,600 0 0	265 0 11	Ditto	
Khan Mahomed Dhurumsee	55,247 9 1	33,008 1 8	11,149 7 7	11,089 15 10	1,312 7 6	9,777 8 4	Ditto	
Kally Dass Dass and others	73,719 13 5	22,069 12 6	46,591 2 0	5,058 14 11	2,359 4 2	2,699 10 9	Ditto	
Kullianjee Soonderjee (Soonderjee, Walljee & Co.).	12,444 6 0	2,351 3 3	6,936 8 0	3,156 10 9	3,093 13 10	62 12 11	Ditto	
Khetter Nath Chatterjee	2,371 8 9	98 10 4	1,268 9 11	1,004 4 6	990 11 9	13 8 9	Ditto	
Kelly, H.	6,800 9 3	4,090 4 11	2,136 11 5	573 8 11	495 2 4	78 6 7	Ditto	
Kyser Mahomed Sahebzadah	5,925 0 0	4,687 12 10	574 14 2	662 5 0	662 5 0	.....	Ditto
Kisoor Mohun Chunder	3,300 0 0	2,025 2 4	269 4 2	1,005 9 6	590 11 9	414 13 9	Ditto	
Kally Churn Roy	510 0 0	.....	4 0 0	506 0 0	.....	506 0 0	Ditto
Kissen Chand Galecha (Okhoyram Kissen Chand).	2,43,271 1 11	1,38,446 8 4	96,486 11 0	8,337 14 7	5,641 11 10	2,696 2 9	Ditto	
Khetter Mohun Dass	1,133 8 5	.....	456 2 0	677 6 5	.....	677 6 5	Ditto
Kally Prosonno Bhattacharjee	2,327 11 0	.....	796 7 10	1,531 3 2	.....	1,531 3 2	Ditto
Kasim Arif Bham	796 9 3	.....	257 8 0	539 1 3	.....	539 1 3	Ditto

Kirybas Paul and another (Annoda Prasad Banerjee and others).	3,976	9	3	.....	2,640	7	7	1,336	1	8	.....	Ditto	ditto.
Prasad Banerjee and others.	43,215	8	5	12,468	6	4	29,651	8	7	1,095	9	6	ditto.
Koylas Chunder Sreemany	660	12	3	.....	.....	.....	139	9	0	521	3	3	ditto.
Kalypado Nundy	9,432	9	3	5,118	10	4	3,120	12	9	1,193	2	2	ditto.
Kally Churn Ghose	8,268	1	11	6,728	6	3	777	3	6	762	8	2	ditto.
King, Loraine	4,858	9	2	2,190	2	9	1,186	9	8	1,481	12	9	ditto.
Krieg & Co.	5,756	10	5	2,105	2	8	2,180	1	7	1,471	6	2	ditto.
Kisrooy Chand Sheremull	942	13	10	.....	.....	.....	428	14	0	513	15	10	ditto.
Kapp, F.	2,647	11	9	.....	.....	.....	452	0	0	2,195	11	9	ditto.
Kuladaprosnono Ghose	12,521	0	0	7,051	5	6	2,623	14	4	2,845	8	2	ditto.
Kashi Prosad Luchmenarain	2,353	14	0	1,954	64	7	25,639	7	8	11,639	14	6	ditto.
Kaloram Heerawat and others (Heera Lal Sohoni Lal).	1,740	7	3	206	9	0	860	9	11	673	4	4	ditto.
Kaloram Behaniwallah	3,677	2	0	1,984	11	6	1,066	10	10	625	11	8	ditto.
Kristo Kisore Dutt	22,190	11	7	.....	.....	.....	12,008	12	9	10,181	14	10	Outstanding: in course of recovery.
Kalla Chand Coondoo and others (Shoshee Bhassan Coondoo).	3,401	9	6	.....	.....	.....	1,808	6	0	1,593	3	6	Nothing further recoverable.
Kalagurula Surjanarain	27,906	5	1	.....	.....	.....	1,777	10	0	20,128	11	1	Outstanding: in course of recovery.
Kanjee Jeeha and others	3,684,485	13	8	2,81,882	10	8	84,883	12	0	1,719	7	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Lyall, Mathewson & Co.	80,893	0	4	42,900	8	0	22,836	4	7	15,156	3	9	Nothing further recoverable.
Larpernt, Saunders & Co.	83,718	2	8	1,020	6	4	28,592	8	7	8,505	3	9	Nothing further recoverable.
Langlois & Co.	7,483	10	3	1,098	13	8	5,463	14	7	820	14	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Letourneaux, Labadie & Co.	3,982	6	2	12	0	2	3,079	2	10	891	3	2	Nothing further recoverable.
Latapie (2nd), E. D.	6,527	12	4	595	0	8	2,343	0	4	3,589	11	4	Nothing further recoverable.
Luke, Hamill & Co.	1,008	10	5	231	3	6	243	15	10	530	7	1	Nothing further recoverable.
Landeman, J. V.	1,430	3	0	.....	.....	.....	557	4	0	872	15	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Lindsey, D. B.	1,654	8	7	180	6	6	658	12	11	815	5	2	Nothing further recoverable.
Ledlie, A. H. (2nd)	1,726	9	9	429	2	0	617	3	6	680	4	3	Nothing further recoverable.
Latchmenarain Khetry	1,448	12	0	.....	.....	.....	532	0	0	916	12	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Langlois, J. P.	2,444	10	6	286	6	6	487	6	0	1,670	14	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Latapie & Co., E. D.	885	8	11	143	0	0	69	0	4	673	8	7	Nothing further recoverable.
Leak, A. H. S. (2nd)	8,323	8	6	5,175	6	2	2,494	13	6	653	4	10	Nothing further recoverable.
Loke Nath Shaw	3,60,219	2	3	3,06,074	15	5	50,755	7	1	3,388	11	9	Nothing further recoverable.
Lyall, R. A., and another (Lyall, Rennie & Co.).	1,853	3	0	588	2	9	520	14	6	744	1	9	Nothing further recoverable.
Leitch, J. K. (Kerr, Leitch & Co.)	1,170	8	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,170	8	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Larnour, F. D. A. (separate account)	1,910	1	6	.....	.....	.....	171	8	0	838	9	6	Nothing further recoverable.
Leckie, Thomas	17,282	10	0	12,483	10	6	3,869	13	3	1,429	2	4	Nothing further recoverable.
Lehen, E. F. W. (Marquardt, Lehen & Co.).	37,331	4	11	30,200	7	9	5,639	10	3	1,481	2	11	Nothing further recoverable.
Leo Zander & Co.	6,750	8	5	.....	.....	.....	5,735	4	3	1,015	4	2	Nothing further recoverable.
Larnour, C. F., and another (C. Lazarus & Co.).	2,822	12	2	.....	.....	.....	25	6	6	2,797	5	8	Nothing further recoverable.
Larnour, C. F. (separate account)	14,468	5	3	10,112	9	6	3,767	9	3	588	2	6	Nothing further recoverable.
Lehram Buldeo Dass	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nothing further recoverable.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.				Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.		Net balance.	Probable outturn of the dependencies.
	Ra.	A.	P.	Ra.	A.	P.	Ra.	A.	P.	
... ..	4,781	8	5	2,836	15	7	992	9	8	Nothing further recoverable.
... ..	960	0	0	264	14	6	69	11	0	Ditto.
... ..	20,954	14	9	...	...	...	3,504	15	1	Outstanding: in course of recovery.
... ..	1,139	14	6	...	...	...	152	4	1	Ditto.
... ..	829	10	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ditto.
... ..	3,28,494	11	9	1,24,788	3	2	77,432	6	5	Nothing further recoverable.
... ..	17,681	7	7	6,841	8	1	10,248	13	1	Ditto.
... ..	10,719	11	10	...	...	...	9,875	11	3	Ditto.
... ..	1,17,362	7	8	58,372	14	3	41,916	2	8	Ditto.
... ..	96,154	8	7	19,128	12	4	71,924	2	4	Ditto.
... ..	9,560	5	4	3,938	0	5	2,759	2	7	Ditto.
... ..	885	4	9	18	8	8	842	2	8	Ditto.
... ..	1,868	8	8	...	...	...	359	4	6	Ditto.
... ..	662	6	9	...	...	...	146	0	0	Ditto.
... ..	821	0	8	20	12	0	189	4	0	Ditto.
... ..	5,598	2	8	17	10	1	5,037	6	4	Ditto.
... ..	1,263	13	6	...	...	...	139	0	0	Ditto.
... ..	1,691	14	2	247	8	0	589	18	2	Ditto.
... ..	2,106	11	8	75	0	0	552	6	2	Ditto.
... ..	7,760	12	8	5,358	3	5	1,869	3	4	Ditto.
... ..	1,011	14	6	111	7	11	98	14	5	Ditto.
... ..	8,876	3	6	4,248	9	10	2,804	7	10	Ditto.
... ..	3,044	0	2	1,459	3	0	229	14	5	Ditto.
... ..	1,410	4	10	...	...	...	647	10	7	Ditto.
... ..	860	0	2	...	...	...	68	9	6	Ditto.
... ..	1,978	6	3	685	1	2	200	1	11	Ditto.
... ..	10,310	13	11	7,089	4	9	1,573	8	10	Ditto.
... ..	4,227	6	6	1,405	6	1	2,040	11	0	Ditto.
... ..	14,162	15	2	9,637	3	3	2,539	12	3	Ditto.
... ..	16,074	5	7	10,017	10	7	1,496	13	0	Ditto.
... ..	2,327	4	4	840	6	5	169	13	4	Ditto.
... ..	8,150	7	5	6,026	15	11	1,226	14	3	Ditto.
... ..	40,990	4	2	34,781	7	11	5,687	12	8	Ditto.
... ..	1,762	10	1	...	...	...	208	11	0	Ditto.
... ..	13,637	12	10	4,643	6	11	8,055	1	1	Ditto.

Name	2,098	2	9	1,032	11	8	432	2	10	638	4	8	534	8	1	98	12	7	Ditto	ditto.
Mahomed Baker Aga	...	...	...	1,032	11	8	432	2	10	638	4	8	534	8	1	98	12	7	Ditto	ditto.
Marshall, F. H. (Marshall Brothers)	12,811	4	11	6,749	8	9	4,050	2	0	1,411	10	2	1,294	8	4	117	1	10	Ditto	ditto.
Megraj Borah and Chogemull Kotary	11,487	2	8	7,885	9	6	2,852	5	0	1,249	4	2	1,183	4	11	115	15	3	Ditto	ditto.
McKay, W. E.	864	6	6	122	7	4	23	14	6	718	0	8	146	1	6	571	15	2	Ditto	ditto.
McArthur, James	1,119	15	6	.....	.....	.....	62	14	8	1,057	0	10	965	14	8	91	2	7	Ditto	ditto.
Mohabharat Roy	10,914	8	0	.....	.....	.....	4,082	1	0	6,852	7	0	.....	.....	.....	6,852	7	0	Ditto	ditto.
Meorallydhar Bansee Lall	10,977	9	11	5,406	6	1	4,453	11	6	1,117	8	4	1,007	13	5	109	10	11	Ditto	ditto.
Meohendro Nath Bose	3,094	8	9	.....	.....	.....	2,421	8	5	672	11	4	.....	.....	.....	672	11	4	Ditto	ditto.
Mahum Lall Sait	3,120	11	5	.....	.....	.....	1,691	10	7	1,439	0	10	.....	.....	.....	1,439	0	10	Ditto	ditto.
Minsmull	7,814	8	10	4,760	1	11	2,312	14	1	741	3	10	741	8	10	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	ditto.
Misart, W. M.	694	8	6	.....	.....	.....	0	9	0	593	15	6	.....	.....	.....	593	15	6	Ditto	ditto.
Mot endro Nath Mullick	9,662	3	0	4,937	3	6	4,084	5	7	640	10	2	852	13	1	287	13	1	Ditto	ditto.
Mahomed Bhow	3,774	9	10	1,522	12	9	1,533	8	1	718	5	0	567	1	8	151	3	4	Ditto	ditto.
Mool Chand Jerraj	7,691	13	11	4,514	9	7	2,290	12	5	888	7	11	892	10	1	433	13	10	Ditto	ditto.
Mahamed Moosajee Atee	3,432	14	7	189	13	11	2,638	9	4	604	7	4	873	12	9	230	10	7	Ditto	ditto.
Mudden Mohun Khettry	1,740	0	8	.....	.....	.....	294	15	0	1,445	1	3	.....	.....	.....	1,445	1	3	Ditto	ditto.
Mallyram Mudden Gopal	7,868	3	10	2,085	5	7	4,001	15	5	1,780	14	10	1,384	15	2	895	15	8	Ditto	ditto.
Mritonjoy Mullick	772	12	0	.....	.....	.....	82	7	0	740	5	0	.....	.....	.....	740	5	0	Ditto	ditto.
Musmatha Nath Banerjee	1,884	4	2	.....	.....	.....	424	6	0	1,459	14	2	.....	.....	.....	1,459	14	2	Outstanding : in course of recovery.	
Musick Chunder Pyne	2,999	4	9	.....	.....	.....	29	2	0	2,970	2	9	.....	.....	.....	2,970	2	9	Ditto	ditto.
MaJohn, J.	505	12	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	505	12	10	.....	.....	.....	505	12	10	Ditto	ditto.
Nyas, John	750	2	11	.....	.....	.....	171	4	0	573	14	11	.....	.....	.....	573	14	11	Nothing further recoverable.	
Nemai Churn Bysack	1,210	13	0	.....	.....	.....	428	5	4	732	7	8	696	8	1	85	15	7	Ditto	ditto.
Norman Brothers	19,569	14	7	9,267	15	3	5,908	1	4	4,395	14	0	4,395	14	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	ditto.
Nobin Kristo Ghose	2,450	0	0	617	3	1	536	10	3	1,296	2	8	1,063	3	1	232	15	7	Ditto	ditto.
Nursing Chunder Bose	1,030	0	0	.....	.....	.....	202	11	0	827	5	0	.....	.....	.....	827	5	0	Ditto	ditto.
Nundo Lall Shaw and Anundo Lall Shaw	1,950	0	0	.....	.....	.....	249	6	6	1,700	9	6	.....	.....	.....	1,700	9	6	Ditto	ditto.
Narain Sing & Co.	82,007	6	11	18,805	8	7	9,718	1	2	3,483	13	2	8,424	11	7	59	1	7	Ditto	ditto.
Nicol, J. Dyce	23,409	1	11	9,527	9	10	5,556	0	4	8,325	7	9	1,549	5	8	6,776	2	1	Ditto	ditto.
Nilecmole Mitter	500	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	500	0	0	.....	.....	.....	500	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Nobin Chunder Dey	1,375	1	7	542	8	0	247	1	10	585	7	9	585	7	9	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	ditto.
Nicholls, W., and others (Nicholls & Co.)	18,841	1	4	13,206	2	7	4,261	1	2	1,233	13	7	947	14	10	835	14	9	Ditto	ditto.
Nilmadhub Shaw and Brothers	639	13	7	.....	.....	.....	127	12	9	512	0	10	.....	.....	.....	512	0	10	Ditto	ditto.
Nicholas, J. D., and another (Kelly & Co.)	12,300	9	3	5,636	8	5	2,418	1	10	4,246	15	0	4,090	9	0	155	6	0	Ditto	ditto.
Noonkurn Mulla and others (Noonkurn Mulla Suratram)	11,789	8	7	8,791	6	11	2,351	7	6	646	10	2	552	10	1	94	0	1	Ditto	ditto.
Nobin Chunder Dutt and another	1,407	7	0	.....	.....	.....	800	0	0	607	7	0	.....	.....	.....	607	7	0	Ditto	ditto.
Owen, Ailhusen & Co.	29,891	0	9	794	12	2	25,809	15	4	3,295	4	8	3,163	15	10	131	4	10	Ditto	ditto.
Mizer, L. B.	23,729	2	7	17,569	15	0	5,445	11	5	713	8	2	.....	.....	.....	713	8	2	Ditto	ditto.
Ogle, John & Co.	3,08,140	10	8	1,56,004	1	7	31,309	4	11	15,827	4	2	15,462	10	5	864	9	9	Ditto	ditto.
Obhoyram Buddard Chand	1,910	9	0	.....	.....	.....	372	14	6	1,637	10	6	.....	.....	.....	1,637	10	6	Ditto	ditto.
Ord, William (Marjosh & Co.)	3,515	2	3	.....	.....	.....	2,944	14	7	570	3	8	511	1	0	59	2	8	Ditto	ditto.
Ord, W. K.	679	8	4	57	7	10	53	4	9	568	11	9	508	11	10	64	15	11	Ditto	ditto.
O'Siel, Thomas	1,510	13	8	.....	.....	.....	671	3	1	839	10	7	465	9	6	374	1	1	Ditto	ditto.

Errata.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Probable outturn of the dependences.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.				
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Omara Sing	2,747 15 11	1,845 11 8	391 9 2	510 11 1	352 14 1	157 18 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Obhay Chura Datt	1,127 0 6	487 9 9	137 0 0	502 6 9	.....	502 6 9	Ditto
Palmer & Co.	5,69,984 6 1	4,01,108 3 11	1,67,389 8 10	1,491 9 4	542 6 10	949 2 6	Ditto
Palmer, Thomas	1,473 0 0	.....	887 4 9	585 11 3	.....	585 11 3	Ditto
Palmer, John	7,707 7 11	6,152 6 4	1,018 0 10	542 0 9	542 0 9	.....	Ditto
Paw, P. L.	52,965 18 1	34,068 0 5	12,876 1 11	6,022 10 9	5,947 11 2	174 15 9	Ditto
Parry, John	4,996 8 11	1,744 7 6	1,616 0 2	1,636 1 3	1,549 15 9	86 1 6	Ditto
Price, Henry	15,390 1 3	.....	14,642 1 8	787 15 7	660 5 9	77 9 10	Ditto
Pooner, J.	7,075 8 6	2,972 1 0	3,003 4 3	1,100 3 8	806 10 9	293 8 6	Ditto
Payne & Co. (Walter, Newton & Co.) (Bombay firm).	8,025 0 0	6,125 3 10	1,867 15 6	531 12 8	531 12 8	.....	Ditto
Phillips, John	4,156 0 0	10 11 8	248 10 5	3,396 9 11	1,501 10 4	2,394 15 7	Ditto
Phillips, S. W. DeRhee	1,260 0 0	538 14 4	98 9 5	622 8 3	562 4 3	60 4 0	Ditto
Poonam Uoomar Bannerjee	1,341 0 0	.....	825 2 0	915 14 0	.....	915 14 0	Ditto
Poonam Chand Galeecha (Dhurrum Chand Poonam Chand).	96,847 4 1	42,486 15 0	38,592 7 0	20,767 14 1	19,827 8 11	940 5 2	Ditto
Poonam Chand (Hatee Sing, Sooraj Mull, Mungie Chand).	6,183 14 0	.....	2,744 3 0	3,439 11 3	.. ..	3,439 11 3	Ditto
Poonam Chand Chatterjee	748 11 7	.....	7 1 0	741 10 7	.....	741 10 7	Ditto
Poonam Khan and another (Poonam Khan, Debendro Nath Khan, Poonam Khan & Co.).	3,129 9 9	1,109 0 8	1,364 2 4	656 6 9	656 6 9	.....	Ditto
Poonam Chander Mitter	637 11 1	.....	.....	637 11 1	.....	637 11 1	Ditto
Poonam, R. G. & Co.	35,446 18 0	15,097 10 1	11,148 4 1	9,200 14 10	268 14 7	8,932 0 3	Ditto
Poonam Lal Addy	1,515 2 7	.....	167 0 11	1,348 1 8	.....	1,348 1 8	Ditto
Poonam Nath Pal	3,228 10 11	1,409 7 8	1,269 3 10	544 15 10	515 2 2	29 18 8	Ditto
Poonamarti Jagappa	9,184 7 10	4,128 0 1	8,727 18 7	1,333 10 2	177 18 1	1,155 13 1	Ditto
Poonam Lal	3,529 1 11	.....	1,747 5 6	1,778 4 5	.....	1,778 4 5	Ditto
Poonam Kristo Nandy	19,282 0 7	4,980 12 5	12,683 8 6	1,617 11 8	491 12 2	1,125 15 6	Ditto
Poonam, C., Mrs.	2,052 2 6	1,131 7 10	96 2 6	324 8 2	529 3 5	295 4 9	Ditto
Quillet, DeGaye	6,539 10 4	3,148 1 11	2,380 4 6	1,011 3 11	1,011 3 11	.....	Ditto
Richter, Rice & Co	19,490 13 2	3,907 1 1	10,031 14 3	5,551 12 5	5,551 12 5	.....	Ditto

Russel, C. D.	8,785	14	2	7,162	15	2	1,059	0	9	563	14	8	20	15	2	543	15	1	Ditto
Boghu Nath Bose	1,778	18	4	702	18	10	444	4	0	631	12	6	591	11	0	40	1	6	Ditto
Bogers, Alexander	10,892	18	6	5,968	0	4	4,136	10	9	798	2	5	.....	.....	.....	798	2	5	Ditto
Rejessore Dutt	4,888	12	2	.....	.....	.....	665	13	8	4,017	14	7	.....	.....	.....	4,017	14	8	Ditto
Boussas, A. G.	12,304	10	9	8,940	2	5	1,063	11	8	2,300	12	7	2,300	12	7	.....	.....	.....	Ditto
Ramdhore Mitter	898	5	4	52	4	5	217	8	2	568	8	9	453	1	6	115	7	3	Ditto
Rustomjee, Cowasjee & Co.	11,032	15	0	3,373	5	8	6,015	1	6	1,644	7	10	1,285	10	3	358	13	7	Ditto
Ramsabuck Misser and others (2nd)	1,23,206	9	4	76,538	6	6	29,912	4	9	16,755	14	1	16,382	14	4	372	15	9	Ditto
Robinson, S. H.	1,129	10	9	.....	.....	.....	132	0	0	997	10	9	.....	.....	.....	997	10	9	Ditto
Ravvarain Seemany	9,319	8	0	4,158	0	11	2,041	7	1	3,120	0	0	3,066	10	8	53	5	4	Ditto
Robinson, J. J. (Wallace & Co.)	3,052	8	8	282	0	0	2,027	4	6	743	4	2	309	14	9	493	5	5	Ditto
Ram Nath Janakey Prosad	5,296	4	9	.....	.....	.....	2,792	3	0	2,504	1	9	.....	.....	.....	2,504	1	9	Schedule not filed as yet.
Ritz, Alfred	1,139	0	0	.....	.....	.....	208	7	6	930	8	6	.....	.....	.....	239	11	1	Nothing further recoverable.
Rusnick Lal Pal	702	5	3	.....	.....	.....	23	11	6	678	9	9	.....	.....	.....	678	9	9	Ditto
Rakhal Chunder Banerjee (junior)	5,334	7	3	138	2	6	2,866	9	9	2,529	11	0	62	13	6	2,466	13	6	Ditto
Ram Gopal Pal	8,141	12	6	4,891	8	3	2,408	6	8	1,341	13	7	1,143	9	1	198	4	6	Ditto
Rampton, H. F. (Ramton Brothers)	88,759	12	6	50,542	15	7	26,996	12	2	6,220	0	9	6,086	1	0	133	15	9	Ditto
Rustonjee Cowasjee	3,796	13	7	1,637	9	1	425	11	10	1,733	8	8	1,537	12	2	195	12	6	Ditto
Ramnarain Lal	57,230	1	1	81,932	11	9	21,011	11	2	4,285	10	2	4,128	9	5	157	0	9	Ditto
Ram Kisen Kotary	7,527	14	3	4,686	9	5	1,842	6	5	998	14	5	998	14	5	.....	.....	.....	Ditto
Rajendro Coondoo and another	860	0	0	.....	.....	.....	262	7	0	597	9	0	.....	.....	.....	597	9	0	Ditto
Rashdon, Edward	2,784	3	9	1,418	6	4	708	1	11	657	11	6	657	11	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto
Ramswami and Panna Lal	1,933	2	9	698	12	9	720	0	5	544	5	7	834	9	2	209	12	5	Ditto
Robertson, C. A. (let)	1,500	0	0	477	2	10	81	12	9	941	0	5	726	4	9	214	11	8	Ditto
Ramdhore Mullick	46,978	0	3	455	4	3	45,512	6	2	1,010	5	10	.....	.....	.....	1,010	5	10	Ditto
Reinhold, Henry (Reinhold & Co.)	13,795	10	0	10,443	11	5	2,668	9	1	688	5	6	505	15	5	182	6	1	Ditto
Reinhold, H. C., and another (Reinhold Brothers).	5,998	10	10	135	7	9	1,717	6	5	4,145	12	8	233	14	0	3,911	14	8	Ditto
Rash Behary Roy and Jullodhur Roy	33,065	14	4	5,034	2	6	23,266	11	6	4,715	0	4	1,013	14	5	8,701	1	11	Ditto
Ritz, Reinhold and Feilman	13,333	5	0	10,502	0	10	1,073	8	9	1,758	0	5	216	13	6	1,541	2	11	Ditto
Ramkisen	10,33,581	9	6	2,73,173	9	8	7,53,954	2	10	6,453	13	0	4,278	15	7	2,174	13	5	Ditto
Ram Chunder Tarafdar	633	14	9	.....	.....	.....	60	4	0	573	10	9	.....	.....	.....	573	10	9	Ditto
Raghu Nath Das Muddun Gopal	73,480	11	8	36,169	8	5	28,753	6	0	8,557	13	3	8,206	12	4	351	0	11	Ditto
Raj Chander Pakira	1,363	0	6	392	10	2	233	9	4	730	13	0	476	9	8	260	3	4	Ditto
Ram Das Pal	1,545	8	3	506	2	6	475	10	9	563	11	0	421	3	0	142	8	0	Ditto
Ram Doyal Ghose	753	0	0	.....	.....	.....	45	8	3	707	7	9	647	14	2	59	9	7	Ditto
Ramchore Dass Dhonjee	26,104	7	8	10,485	2	11	10,386	0	9	5,233	3	7	5,210	14	2	22	5	5	Ditto
Ramrick Dass Mundram (Sirdarmull Harriet).	11,086	10	6	3,697	8	0	1,696	13	8	5,942	5	3	2,902	8	0	8,039	13	3	Ditto
Rethab Dass Bagree and others	7,553	7	9	.....	.....	.....	5,022	0	3	2,531	7	6	.....	.....	.....	2,531	7	6	Ditto
Ramprasad Sureka and others (Bissendoyal Hurdoyal).	4,353	15	6	1,603	9	7	1,900	7	1	854	14	10	839	12	2	15	2	8	Ditto
Raurick Karwar and another (Kisen Lal Jainarain).	1,871	5	3	421	11	0	118	0	11	831	9	4	807	0	0	24	9	4	Ditto
Ram Lal Bhutler	5,064	0	4	.....	.....	.....	4,364	9	6	699	6	10	.....	.....	.....	699	6	10	Ditto

Name.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Probable outturn of the dependences.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.				
Ram Lal and others (Bhugwan Das Bansa Chand).	5,711 15 9	.....	65 18 6	5,646 2 3	.....	5,646 2 3	Outstanding : in course of recovery
Ramjee Das Khettry and another (Ramjee Das Gopal Das).	1,680 12 0	.....	318 2 0	1,317 10 0	.....	1,317 10 0	ditto.
Randhose Das Bayti	1,688 2 6	.....	.. ..	1,688 2 6	.....	1,688 2 6	ditto.
Saunders, May, Fordyce & Co.	4,08,262 11 3	8,31,718 7 1	68,904 4 4	12,642 15 10	11,992 9 4	650 6 6	Nothing further recoverable.
Stewart, W. C. & Co.	8,040 4 10	2,515 5 5	1,414 11 0	4,110 4 5	3,953 12 5	156 8 0	ditto.
Sensia, W. DeMonti	2,514 11 7	.....	912 2 6	1,502 9 1	1,583 5 10	69 3 3	ditto.
Smith, W. S.	3,620 13 5	2,635 15 6	471 0 8	513 13 8	471 11 1	42 2 2	ditto.
Stoekeler, J. H.	7,138 0 5	210 6 5	5,537 0 7	1,390 9 0	1,122 12 7	267 12 5	ditto.
Schleuter, Michael	20,291 14 10	16,357 13 1	2,433 0 9	1,504 1 0	1,008 8 1	497 8 11	ditto.
Seneut, W. H.	1,976 10 3	248 4 11	328 9 3	1,399 12 1	1,040 0 0	859 12 1	ditto.
Sheppard, G. A.	5,598 2 10	4,179 1 11	662 0 7	757 0 4	652 6 0	104 10 4	ditto.
Starkie & Co., F. J.	52,610 10 9	6,478 9 2	45,380 2 2	756 15 5	802 12 10	154 2 7	ditto.
Scott, C. O. J.	7,728 13 9	4,659 10 11	2,002 0 10	1,062 2 0	631 9 11	430 8 1	ditto.
Starkie, P. J.	10,227 7 7	6,170 7 7	3,097 5 4	959 10 8	787 6 8	172 4 5	ditto.
Smith, Hufnagle & Co.	26,632 14 5	18,828 7 4	10,798 4 10	2,006 2 3	.....	2,006 2 3	ditto.
Stable, W. V. G.	3,491 6 5	81 3 10	1,649 12 7	1,760 6 0	262 2 3	1,498 8 9	ditto.
Steele, J. V.	775 10 0	.....	158 0 0	617 10 0	.....	617 10 0	ditto.
Steeple, W. M.	1,951 0 0	55 14 4	678 6 8	1,216 11 0	1,093 0 11	128 10 1	ditto.
Solomon, Moladina	61,041 6 10	48,579 4 11	17,498 10 0	2,968 7 11	2,682 12 0	280 11 11	ditto.
Stewart, W. M.	24,989 4 9	12,513 15 1	6,325 15 7	6,149 6 1	5,610 9 8	538 12 5	ditto.
Stich Chander Seal	13,555 3 9	3,289 6 10	9,479 3 3	836 9 8	836 9 8	.....	ditto.
Sewanandan Pandey	32,283 9 9	18,850 1 5	7,473 4 4	5,960 4 0	5,229 5 1	730 14 11	ditto.
Sreenath Mallik	17,782 7 7	13,851 5 6	3,389 12 10	541 5 3	431 12 6	109 8 9	ditto.
Smith, A. M.	2,800 10 7	244 1 6	801 15 7	1,754 9 6	1,371 10 8	382 14 10	ditto.
Solomon & Co., D. H.	16,063 12 9	9,548 4 5	4,711 4 9	1,794 8 7	1,603 0 1	188 3 6	ditto.
Schiller, F., and others (Borradaile, Schiller & Co.).	1,52,678 15 7	84,526 0 6	31,168 12 4	36,684 2 9	29,445 3 6	7,238 15 8	ditto.
Straw, F. T.	1,22,111 4 8	60,033 2 9	61,488 11 0	594 6 11	564 4 7	30 2 4	ditto.
Smith, Thomas & Co.	66,941 4 8	8,918 11 0	56,288 9 2	1,784 0 1	1,078 12 0	655 4 1	ditto.
Sham Lal Khettry (Dowky Nundun Laljessull)	16,952 12 6	12,588 1 6	3,302 15 10	1,036 11 2	1,063 11 2	.....	ditto.
Mistram Bhatjee	945 8 3	.....	158 6 6	787 1 9	.....	787 1	ditto.

DEBITORS.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.				Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Probable outturn of the dependancies.	
		Dividends paid.		Other payments.						
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.					Rs.	A. P.
Vanderberg, J. B. (2nd)	5,740	4	3	4,036	0	7	1,264	1	3	Nothing further recoverable.
Vaughan, E. E. & Co.	1,680	0	4	199	0	0	1,467	7	8	Ditto
Wills, Joseph	1,30,846	2	7	88,227	7	6	2,165	14	5	Ditto
Wills, F. F.	7,103	7	11	2,906	1	7	3,308	9	0	Ditto
Wool, Office & Co.	3,276	6	10	1,427	4	6	1,849	2	4	Ditto
Wool, M. B. S.	3,066	8	8	1,784	1	7	753	1	11	Ditto
Woolman, Stephen	20,504	1	5	17,463	13	10	842	5	0	Ditto
Woolman & Co. (Gibbons & Co.)	1,08,519	3	0	87,390	15	9	3,186	3	0	Ditto
Wood, H. W. J.	2,638	13	0	712	3	7	842	4	2	Ditto
Wood, David	1,414	3	0	66	7	3	548	11	6	Ditto
Woolham, William	969	3	6	.....	0	8	935	3	6	Schedule not filed as yet.
Webb, John	4,457	8	3	2,391	0	8	890	14	9	Nothing further recoverable.
Wallin, O. B.	8,520	11	5	6,592	2	1	1,403	4	3	Ditto
Woodin, W. (G. F. Hodgkinson & Co.)	25,418	4	5	1,023	8	2	1,946	8	6	Ditto
Woomesh Chunder Banerjee	23,991	14	1	19,723	8	11	1,183	12	3	Ditto
Wyld, J. J.	1,200	0	0	126	6	4	1,052	2	7	Ditto
Winterscale, James	1,254	12	10	175	0	0	701	5	10	Ditto
Woopendra Nath Day and another	6,164	5	9	2,905	15	10	1,955	6	2	Ditto
Woopendra Chunder Singhee and another	9,243	6	3	1,816	5	4	4,791	14	10	Ditto
Woopendra Nath Dutt	2,148	11	8	.....	.....	.....	3,890	6	11	Ditto
Exmini, A.	4,860	2	9	1,002	1	8	.....	.....	.....	Ditto
Zamin, J. J. (2nd)	600	0	0	.....	.....	.....	557	3	8	Ditto

In addition to the above, there are 2,544 estates with balances under Rs. 500 each, aggregating Rs. 2,45,321-4-6, the particulars of which may be learnt at this office. The Official Assignee has received for remuneration for the quarter ending 30th September 1905 Rs. 16,018-11-8.

CALCUTTA,

The 5th March 1906.

(226-1)

A. B. MILLER,

Official Assignee.

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Tirhut, Muzaffarpur.

PRESENT:

E. P. Chapman, Esq.

EXECUTION CASE No. 39 of 1905.

Baneswar Misar and others, decree-holders, *versus* Syed Mohamad Ali, judgment-debtor.

THE following properties will be put up for sale by the Nazir of the District Judge's Court on the 16th March 1906, at 12 noon for the realization of Rs. 1,85,685-9-3 and subsequent costs:—

Serial No.	Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Extent of share.	Annual jama of the whole estate.	Annual jama of the judgment-debtor's share.	Thana and division.	District.	Extent of the whole area.	Extent of the area of the judgment-debtor's share.	Approximate value.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.					Rs.
1	980	Mahal Babhan Gawan, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	0 8 0	309 1 1	104 8 6½	Sheohar, Sitamarhi.	Muzaffarpur...	809 acres 8 poles ...	380 acres ..	14,800
2	1087	Mahal Gopinathpur, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	65 1 1	33 8 6½	"	"	534 acres 98 dec. according to survey.	263 acres ...	14,800
3	1114	Madhu Chapra, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	68 6 5	43 3 2½	"	"	341 acres 40 dec. according to survey.	171 acres ...	6,840
4	1048	Rasulpur Doyal, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	32 0 0	18 0 0	"	"	351 acres 34 poles	176 acres approximately.	7,040
5	1086	Gambaria, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	101 5 4	50 10 8	"	"	228 acres 3 roods 19 poles.	117 acres approximately.	4,800
-	949	Rasanti Khurd, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	132 4 6	66 2 2	"	"	180 acres 25 poles	91 acres ...	3,600
	951	Boktha, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	60 10 5	30 5 2½	"	"	267 acres 1 rood 21 poles 40 dec.	144 acres ...	5,760
	1078	Kasipur, salli with dakhli with tolas appertaining thereto, pargana Babra.	"	124 6 5	67 3 2½	"	"	444 acres 13 poles	222 acres ..	8,880

Tirhut Judge's Office, the 1st March 1906.

(323—2)

E. P. CHAPMAN, District Judge.

NOTICE.

In the Court of the Subordinate Judge
of Rajmahal.

EXECUTION CASE No. 8 of 1904.

Ramani Mohan Sinha and Surindra Mohan Sinha of
Khanjarpur, in the town of Bhagalpur, decree-holders,
versus Rani Radha Peari Devi, Kumar Jogendra
Narayan Singha and Kumar Debendra Narayan
Singha, of Mohepur, subdivision Pakur, district
Southal Parganas, judgment-debtors.

NOTICE : a decree given that the property mentioned
below will be sold in an auction sale held by this
Court at Rajmahal at noon on the 15th March 1906
for realization of the decretal amount, Rs. 84,804-13.
The property is approximately valued at Rs. 7,000
and is not liable to any incumbrance. The patni
right in 6 annas 8 gundas share in Kankjole, taraf
Aahla Mahabaspur, including all the mauzas and all
the right, title and interest therein of the judgment-
debtors, bearing tausi No 110 in the Collectorate of
Dumka in pargana Kankjole, subdivision and sub-
registry office Rajmahal, district Southal Parganas,
the Government revenue payable annually for the 16
annas share being Rs. 2,863-11. The patni rent for
the said 6 annas 8 gundas share being Rs. 4,800 a year
is payable to the zamindar, Babu Nak Cheddi Lal, of
Kashba Purnee in the district of Purnea.

D. C. PATTERSON, Sub-Judge.

Rajmahal, the 20th February 1906.

(177-3)

Notice under Section 30, Civil Procedure
Code.

REGULAR SUIT No. 541 of 1905.

IN THE 3RD COURT OF THE MUNSHIF OF HOWRAH.

Shaik Mojahar Ali, of village Gouripur, thana Jagat-
bulloypur, versus Kritibash Bhakta and others, of
village Gouripur, thana Jagatbulloypur.

WHEREAS the above-named plaintiff has instituted
this suit for obtaining a declaration that none of
the abovenamed defendants and no people, whether
Sanayasis or not, of mauza Gouripur in thana Jagat-
bulloypur of this district, have any right to fish in the
tank described below on the Amispanna day of the
Sanayasis of the idol Siva of Gouripur and also for
declaration of the plaintiff's title to the said tank as
lease-holder of the same under Nanda Lal Mukherjee
and others of Janai, the zamindars of Gouripur, under a
registered kabuliat, dated 8th Assin 1811, and also for
recovery of possession of the said tank and other reliefs,
praying that the abovenamed defendants may be
allowed to defend the suit on behalf of all the people of
Gouripur, notice is hereby given, under section 30, Civil
Procedure Code, to all the inhabitants of Gouripur of
the institution of the above suit under section 30 of
the Civil Procedure Code.

The tank in dispute is known as "Chota Chakra" and
is situate in the said mauza Gouripur, and is bounded
on the east by the jamai lands of Sariatulla and others,
which are in occupation of Purna Samanta and Chinta-
moni Pachal and the jamai lands of Jaggeewar Samanta
and danga of Manik Das, on the north by the jamai
lands of Sariatulla and others which are in the occupa-
tion of Nobin Kaurar and jamai lands of Bal Chand
Bairagi and others, on the west by the jamai lands of
Sariatulla and others, Khirde Pramanik and Shaik
Samiruddin and others, and on the south by the jamai
danga of Tarak Palleh and others and the jamai lands of
Tarini Pachhal.

Howrah, the 1st March 1906.

NOTICE.

In the Court of the Subordinate Judge
of Manbhum.

EXECUTION CASE No. 220 of 1906.

The Bank of Bengal, decree-holder, versus Mr. Charles
Joseph Smith, judgment-debtor.

THE following property of the judgment-debtor will
be sold by public auction by the Nasir of this
Court at 10 o'clock on the 17th April 1906:—

Property.

The right, title and interest of the judgment-debtor
in the surface and subsoil rights of the whole mauza
Begdigi, excepting 53 bighas, the said mauza being situate
in pargana and police-station Jharra, district Manbhum.
The property is mortgaged to Messrs. Turner, Morrison
& Co. for Rs. 8,000. The annual income is Rs. 10,500;
annual rent Rs. 6,040, the net profit being Rs. 4,100.
Approximate value Rs. 41,000.

MOHIM CHANDRA SARCAR,

Subordinate Judge.

Purulia, the 8th March 1906.

(231-1)

MORTGAGE SUIT UNDER Rs. 1,000.

Notification.

TO be peremptorily sold by the Registrar of Calcutta
High Court in its Ordinary Original Civil Juris-
diction in his sale-room in the Court-house on Saturday,
the 17th day of March 1906, at the hour of 12 o'clock
noon, pursuant to a decree and an order of the said
Court made in suit No. 662 of 1892 (Srematty Sooshee
Mookhee Dasee versus Sarat Chunder Dutt and
another), and dated, respectively, the 9th January 1893
and the 27th February 1903, the following property,
viz. :—

Lot No. 1.—All that undivided one equal half part or
share of and in all that partly one- and partly two-storied
brick-built house, together with the land belonging
thereto and on part whereof the same is erected and
built, the said property containing, according to the
instrument of mortgage, about 3 cottahs, more or less,
but by recent measurement found to be 2 cottahs 11
chitaks, situate, lying and being premises formerly
Nos. 12 and 13 and now No. 12 Ram Paul's Lane, at
Beniatollah, in Calcutta, and bounded on the north
partly by No. 52 Beniatollah Street, the house of Punna
Lal Nag, and partly by No. 53 Beniatollah Street, the
house of Ashutosh Sinha, on the south by premises
Nos. 11 and 11-1 Ram Paul's Lane, on the east partly by
the said house No. 53 and partly by No. 54 Beniatollah
Street belonging to Behary Lal Bysak, and on the west
by Ram Paul's Lane.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be
seen at the office of the said Registrar or at the office
of Messrs. Bonnerjee and Bonnerjee at No. 6 Old Post
Office Street, Calcutta, on any day before the sale and
will be produced at the time of sale.

W. R. FINK, Registrar.

Bonnerjee and Bonnerjee, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

High Court, Original Side, the 26th day of January
1906. (203-1-8)

Lost Receipt

A RECEIPT numbered 3625, dated 22nd February
1906, and granted by Public Debt Office, Bank of
Bengal, on submission of the undermentioned Govern-
ment Promissory Note. Notice of loss has been given to
the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and the
undersigned is about to apply for surrender of the
security.

Loan.	Amount.	Holder's Name.
3½ per cent of 1900-1901.	Rs. 200	Khirde Mohini Debya.

Signature of Proprietor—Khirde Mohini Debya.

Residence—50-1, Ram Kant Bose's Street, Calcutta.
(234-1-9)

Estate Anatole William Thomas des Alliaux de Crettes, I.O.S., deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims against the estate of the deceased above named are hereby required to send in writing the particulars thereof to Messrs. King, Hamilton & Co., 4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street, Calcutta, on or before the 10th day of April 1906, after which date the undersigned will distribute the assets of the estate of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which he has then had notice.

And notice is hereby further given that the undersigned will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim he shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.

A. J. KEE,

Administrator with Will annexed of the
Property and Credits of the deceased,
4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street, Calcutta.

Dated this 28th day of February 1906. (171—3—2)

Excise Notification.

HOLDERS of licenses for—

- (1) the wholesale vend of imported spirituous and fermented liquors,
- (2) the retail vend of imported spirituous and fermented liquors by bottle only and not to be drunk on the premises,
- (3) both wholesale and retail vend of the above liquors combined in a single license,
- (4) the retail vend of imported spirituous and fermented liquors on board the steamers and dining cars,
- (5) hotels, restaurants and their subsidiary Bar and late closing licenses,
- (6) the sale of imported medicated wines by druggists and chemists (to be sold by bottle only and not to be drunk on the premises),
- (7) the sale or use of methylated spirits,
- (8) the sale of cocaine and poppy heads and siddhi and its preparation by druggists and chemists,
- (9) the sale of opium and its preparation under "Druggists' permit" by chemists and druggists,
- (10) pachawai for home consumption,

are hereby requested to apply, by the second week of March 1906, for the renewal of their licenses for the next official year 1906-07.

The application for renewal in each case should bear a court fee stamp of one anna.

All current licenses must be returned on the 31st March 1906. New licenses of the descriptions mentioned under heads (2), (3) and (6) can be issued only on production of the usual certificate from the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, to the effect that the renewal is free from objection.

NIKHIL NATH RAY,

for Superintendent of Excise Revenue,
Calcutta, the Suburbs, Howrah and Bali.

Calcutta Collectorate, the 27th February 1906.

Notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the **Musaffarpur District Board**, at their meeting held on the 24th February 1906, have resolved that the maximum rate of one-half anna on each rupee of the annual value of lands be fixed as the rate of road-cess in the district during the ensuing year 1906-07.

MOHD. HABIBULLAH, for Chairman.

Musaffarpur District Board's Office, the 2nd March 1906.

Notice.

UNDER section 5, Act VIII (B.O.) of 1862, it is hereby notified for general information that **samindari dak cess** will be levied at **Rs. 1 per cent.** in the district of **Monghyr** for one year, commencing from **January 1906.**

H. P. DUVAL, Offg. Collector.

Monghyr Collectorate, the 7th March 1906.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given for general information that the sale of the sand jama of River Damoodar, bearing **tauzi No. 4740**, will be held by public auction at the Court of the Subdivisional Officer of **Uluberia** on the **29th March 1906.** Candidates willing to bid at the auction should appear before him on the fixed date.

B. DE, Collector of Hooghly.

Hooghly Collectorate, the 7th March 1906.

**Reference on Petition Register
No. 3500 Ver. of 1905.**

NOTIFICATION.

IT is hereby notified, under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that on the 20th and 21st November 1905, treasure consisting of the undermentioned articles and valued at **Rs. 1,407** was found out by **Muttusami Padayachi, Malaya Padayachi**, and by **Rama Chandra Aiyar, Deputy Tahsildar of Ulundurpettai, Tirukkoyilur taluk, South Arcot district, Madras Presidency**, in a house site in **B. No. 107** belonging to **Arunachalam, of U. Kirenur village, Tirukkoyilur taluk, South Arcot district, in the Madras Presidency.**

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of South Arcot at his office at **Cuddalore** at **11 A.M.** on **12th day of July 1906** in view to the matter being enquired into or determined according to law.

Description.	No. of coins.	Amount.	Year in which the coins were issued.	
			Rs.	A.
Silver full rupees	267	267 0	1835	
Do. ditto	1,083	1,083 0	1840	
Do. half rupees	18	6 8	1835	
Do. ditto	25	12 8	1840	
Do. quarter rupees	36	7 8	1835	
Do. ditto	58	14 8	1840	
1/4th in a rupee	120	15 0	1841	
Half rupees bearing marks of Baziudin Badshaw, Arcot ...		1 0	1182 (Hijira).	
		1,407 0		

S. BURN, for Acting Collector.

South Arcot Collector's Office, the 14th February 1906.

NOTICE.

Bank of Bengal.

THE Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's European Establishment:—

Mr. J. Coutts to be Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary, *vice* Mr. C. M. Bastin, temporarily acting.

W. A. Gibbs to officiate as Cashier, *vice* Mr. O. S. Connell; going on furlough.

By order of the Directors,

W. D. CAUTIONSHANK,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Calcutta, the 12th March 1906.

(235—1)

Calcutta Collectorate.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that from the next financial year the number of Distillers at the Russa Distillery in the district of 24 Parganas will be reduced to not more than 10 from the existing number 22, and that preference will be given to men of capital who are prepared to adopt new methods of distillation and introduce improvements in fermentation and storage for both of which introduction of large vats will be insisted upon. Persons willing to apply for licenses may consult the Superintendent of the said distillery about the improvements proposed to be introduced in distillation, fermentation and storage.

Applications for such licenses should be made to the undersigned within the first 15 days of January 1906.

M. GUPTA,

Superintendent of Excise Revenue.

Calcutta, the 28th August 1905.

NOTICE

Bank of Bengal.

THE Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's European Establishment:—

Mr. J. M. Atkinson to be Agent of Lucknow Branch, *vice* Mr. C. A. Croft, transferred to Head Office.

" P. B. Warburton to act as Agent of Serajganj Branch, *vice* Mr. C. W. Carbery, proceeding on leave.

" C. H. D. Moberly to take charge of the Bombay Agency, *vice* Mr. W. D. McKewan, who retire from the Bank's service.

" N. H. Matheson to be Agent of Moulsmein Branch, *vice* Mr. J. Coutts, transferred to Head Office.

By order of the Directors,

W. D. CRUICKSHANK,

Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal.

Calcutta, the 6th March 1906.

(328—1)

Notice

IS hereby given that the system under which salt cannot be transported beyond certain limits in Bengal except under a special *rawana* will be abolished with effect from the 1st April 1906. All duty on salt educed from saltpetre in Calcutta and its environs should, on and after the 1st April 1906, be paid by the licensee on behalf of the purchaser of the salt into the Calcutta Collectorate Treasury by chalan in duplicate. One copy of the chalan will remain with the Treasury Officer of the Calcutta Collectorate, and the other will be handed over to the person remitting the duty. On receipt of the chalan the Sub-Inspector in charge of the refineries will issue the salt. The advice list showing the receipt of the duty which has hitherto been forwarded to the Board of Revenue by the Treasury Officer will no longer be necessary.

C. C. MITTAL, Persl. Asst., for Commissioner.

Calcutta, the 21st February 1906.

Copy of the Resolution No. 7 adopted by the Subscribers to the Hindu Family Annuity Fund at their Annual General meeting held on the 27th January 1906.

"THAT the Directors be authorised to draw in the manner laid down in Rule 66 Rs. 42,919 (rupees forty-two thousand nine hundred and nineteen only) from the Deposit Account with the Government of India to meet the expenditures provided in the Budget estimate for the year 1906-07."

RAJ CHARAN GHOSH, Chairman.

PRAN KISHEN BOSE, Secretary.

Calcutta, the 12th March 1906

(284—1—12)

TARAKESWAR PAL CHOWDERY, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court.

(160—4—1906)

SATYENDRA NATH MOUKERJEE, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(163—4—1906)

The Bengal Stone Company, Limited.

IN pursuance of section 75 of the Indian Companies Act of 1882 a general meeting of the Share-holders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office, No 10, Clive Street, Calcutta, on Friday, the 16th March 1906, at 3 P.M., to transact such business as may be brought before the meeting.

For Bengal Stone Co., Ltd.,

GEO. HENDERSON & CO.,

Managing Directors and Secretaries,

Calcutta, the 9th March 1906.

(233—1—13)

WANTED for the Executive Engineer's Office, Chittagong Division —

A Computer on a salary of Rs 70 rising to Rs 90, and

A Draftsman on a salary of Rs 40 rising to Rs 60, per mensem.

Applications to reach the Executive Engineer, Chittagong, before the 1st April.

Notice.

WANTED by the District Board of Burdwan a passed Overseer on a salary of Rs. 60 per mensem with double intermediate fare when travelling by rail. Applicants must be qualified under the rules. He must have some experience of building works. Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to 15th March 1906.

HARIDAS PAI, B.C.E.,

District Engineer, Burdwan.

Burdwan, the 27th February 1906.

(206—2)

Notice.

WANTED a Muhammadan graduate temporarily for the post of a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Jessore on a salary of Rs. 60 a month. Preference will be given to those who have passed the English Teachership Certificate Examination. Applications with copies of testimonials should be sent to the undersigned on or before the 30th instant.

P. MUKERJEE,

Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division.

12, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, the 1st March 1906.

Notice.

WANTED a District Engineer for the District Board of Monghyr for six months on a salary of Rs. 600 per mensem *plus* travelling allowance under the Civil Service Regulations. He must be a European and qualified under the rules published under Government Notification No 3324 L. S. G., dated 20th December 1901. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 24th March 1906.

H. P. DUVALL, Chairman.

District Board's Office, Monghyr, the 9th March 1906.

Wanted.

A SECOND Clerk on a salary of Rs. 60 rising to Rs. 114 per mensem by annual increments. Previous experience in Government office work, noting and drafting essential. One having knowledge of P. W. D. Budget branch work will be preferable.

Those already in Government service must apply through the head of their offices with service-books and character rolls.

Apply to

The Superintending Engineer,

Assam Circle, Tezpur (Assam).

Wanted

A GRADUATE ASSISTANT MASTER for the Palaman Zilla School on a salary of Rs 35 a month. Preference will be given to a Behari. Apply before the 28th March 1906.

BINDU LAL BANERJI, Head Master
Daltonganj, the 8th March 1906. (241—1)

WANTED two good Surveyors on a monthly pay of Rs. 75 each for six months and more as may be necessary to effect a partition of 35 villages in a suit in Hazaribagh. Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 26th March

RAM LAL DUTT,
Offg Subordinate Judge, Ranchi,
Hazaribagh and Palamau.

Ranchi, the 8th March 1906. (237—2)

Notice.

WANTED two paid Apprentices for the Bengal Forms Department on a subsistence allowance of Rs. 10 (rupees ten only) per mensem. None need apply who has not passed the F.A. Examination and bears a good moral character

The candidates must be below 23 years of age.

SRINATH CHAKRAVARTI,

Officer in charge of the Forms Dept., Bengal.

Bengal Forms Department, Dallanda Buildings, 247,
Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, the 12th March 1906.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos (1) 013883, (2) 013884, (3) 010322 of the 8 per cent. of 1896-97 for Rs. 1,000, Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 300, respectively, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, the first two last endorsed to Balika Sundari Dassi and the third one to Nikunja Bala Dassi, which has been inherited by my minor son, Krishna Chandra Kuar, of whom I have been appointed guardian, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—Balika Sundari Dassi.

Residence—Balindar, Dabipur Post Office, district Burdwan. (238—3—14)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the matter of **ELIAS ABRAHAM CORN**, an insolvent. On Wednesday, the 28th day of February last, it was ordered that Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after-acquired property from all liabilities for debts, claims and demands of and against the said insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Suttyendra Ch. Mitter, Attorney. (239—2)

In the matter of **JOSEPH DAVID JOHN HORRELL**, an insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order was made by the said insolvent on the 9th instant, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Monday, the 19th day of March instant, at the hour of half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Any creditor of the said insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.

Fox and Mandal, Attorneys. (240—1)

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Mails for—	Date and hour of closing at the General Post Office, Calcutta.	Route by which despatched.
United Kingdom, Aden, Egypt, Europe, America, West Africa via United Kingdom and East Africa via Aden and also South Africa, if superscribed on the cover via United Kingdom or Aden).	1906. Mar. 15 P.M. At 6-30	Per P. & O. steamer from Bombay.
Parcels and money-orders for the United Kingdom and other Foreign places.	" 14 P.M. At 5 P.M.	Ditto ditto.
* Australasian Colonies	" 19 At 7-30	Via Tuticorin and Colombo.*
† Straits Settlements, China and Japan.	" 17 " 8-30	Per steamer Namsang.
Burma	" 15 " 7-30	Per M. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer.
Burma, Penang and Singapore.	" 17 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
Akyab, Kyaukpadaung and Sangoon.	" 16 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
Burma, Tavoy and Mergui	" 19 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
South Africa (Letters) Supplemental.	" 12 " 7-30	Per Steamer Umkloti from Colombo.
Ditto (Parcels) Supplemental.	" 12 " 5	
South Africa (Letters) Supplemental.	" 12 " 7-30	Per Steamer Umkloti from Colombo.
Ditto (Parcels) Supplemental.	" 12 " 5	
Port Blair	" 17 " 7-30	Via Rangoon.

* Although the date entered in column 2 is, as far as can be calculated, the latest safe date of posting for the next Mail steamer, full allowance being made for the steamer being in advance of her published timing, Mails for the places mentioned in column 1 are despatched daily to Tuticorin, so that they may proceed by any steamer from Colombo that has been unusually accelerated or retarded, or by any special opportunity that may be afforded by a steamer not belonging to one of the regular lines.

† On other days correspondence for China and Japan is despatched daily to Tuticorin, so that it may proceed by the first steamer from Colombo.

1. The letter-box for inland articles will be cleared for the forenoon Mails at the following hours:—

For Goalundo, Arakan and Chittagong, at 6-15 A.M.

For Khulna and Jessore districts, at 7-15 A.M.

For the Eastern districts, as far as Dacca and Mymensingh, at 8-15 A.M.

For Midnapore and Orissa districts, at 10 A.M.

For Bombay, Central Provinces and Midnapore via Bengal-Nagpur Railway, at 1-15 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 1-30 P.M.

2. The letter-box will be cleared for the evening Mails at the following hours, viz.—

For the East Indian Railway Loop Mail, at 2-30 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 2-55 P.M.

For the Northern Bengal, Darjeeling and Assam Mails, at 3-55 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 4-15 P.M.

For the Bombay Mail via Jubbulpore, at 6 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 6-30 P.M.

For the Punjab Mail, at 7-30 P.M.

For Midnapore, Orissa, Madras

Presidency and Ceylon, at

7-30 P.M.

For the Khulna Mail, at 7-30 P.M.

For the Eastern Bengal Mail,

Darjeeling, and places on the

Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway,

at 7-30 P.M.

and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 8 P.M. and with a late fee of 1 anna up to 8-45 P.M.

3. Late registered letters will be received between the following hours:—

For the Bombay Mail via Jubbulpore, from 5 P.M. to 6-15 P.M.

For the Punjab Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For the Eastern Bengal Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For the Khulna Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For Midnapore, Orissa, Madras Presidency and Ceylon, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

NOTE.—The late fee on each registered letter will be 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps on the letter.

4. Articles for Burma and for Port Blair by sea are received without late fee up to 7-30 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 8 P.M., and late registered letters on the days on which direct mails are closed will be received from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M. with a late fee of 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps affixed to the letters.

5. On the latest safe day of despatch of Mails for the Australasian Colonies, or any other Foreign Countries, via Madras or Tuticorin, the letter-box for Foreign articles will be cleared for

the last time at 7-30 P.M., and late letters and papers fully prepaid will be received up to 8-45 P.M. and late registered letters will be received from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

6. On the day of despatch of the Mail for Europe (Thursday) the letter-box for Foreign articles will be cleared for the last time for articles, without the late fee, at 6-30 P.M., and late letters and papers fully prepaid will be received up to 8-45 P.M. Late registered articles will be received from 6 to 6 P.M. On the day of despatch of any Foreign Mail by sea, the letter-box will be cleared for the last time, without the late fee, up to 8-30 P.M., and late letters and papers up to 9 P.M. and late registered letters will be received from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M. The late fee for Foreign articles is 4 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps affixed to the articles.

CALCUTTA G. P. O.,

JOHN OWENS,

The 19th March 1906.

Presidency Postmaster.

Nadia Rivers.

Report showing the least depths of water for the week ending Friday, the 3rd March 1906.

Name of River.	Reach of River.	Least depth of water soundings.	REMARKS.
		Ft. in.	
Shagathi.	Entrance from Ganges	3	
	Thence to Geriah	0	Momintola.
	From Geriah to Jangipur	3	Amanpur.
	" Jangipur to Berhampore	0	Amaniganj.
	" Berhampore to Katwa	9	Zakipur.
Shairab-Jalangi.	" Katwa to Nadia	0	Dewanganj.
	Entrance from Ganges	0	
	Thence to Akrikanj	0	Khamardiar.
	Akrikanj to junction of the	0	
	Shairab and Jalangi	0	Shibnagar.
Matha-bhanga.	Thence to Patkhabari	0	Lalnagar.
	Patkhabari to Nadia	9	Gokharpota.
	Entrance from Ganges	0	
	Thence to Dewanganj	0	Dewanganj.
	From Dewanganj to Shikarpur	0	Megna.
Metha-bhanga.	" Shikarpur to Boalia	9	Boalia.
	" Boalia to Chuadanga	6	Taltola.
	" Chuadanga to Kamen-		
	ganj and Hanskhali		Raypore.

Ganga Readings.

Locality.	Date.	Hour.	Height above zero	Height above mean sea-level.	REMARKS.
Ganges	Bahibganj	2-3-1906	A.M. 5	1'94	63 64 Fall.
	Rampur Boalia	2-3-1906	Noon	1'30	48 30 Do.
	Entrance of Bhagirathi Geriah	4-3-1906	A.M. 7	4'10	49 10 Do.
	Entrance of Shairab-Jalangi Akrikanj	4-3-1906	7	1'35	39 35 Do.
	Entrance of Matha-bhanga	...	...	...	...
Shagathi.	Jangipur	4-3-1906	A.M. 5	20 20	47 10 Fall.
	Berhampore	5-3-1906	A.M. 7	2'20	35 20 Do.
	Katwa	2-3-1906	P.M. 5	5'75	80 01 Do.
Jalangi	Krishnagar	...	...	...	...
	Barupganj	4-3-1906	Noon 12	5'30	5 30 Fall.
Matha-bhanga.	Hanskhali	2-3-1906	P.M. 6	4'00	15 45 Steady.

R. C. EDGE,

Recd. Engr., Nadia Rivers Division.

Berhampore, the 5th March 1906.

Nadia Rivers.

Report showing the least depths of water for the week ending Friday, the 9th March 1906.

Name of River.	Reach of River.	Least depth of water soundings.	REMARKS.
		Ft. in.	
Shagathi.	Entrance from Ganges	1	
	Thence to Geriah	0	Momintola.
	From Geriah to Jangipur	1	Amanpur.
	" Jangipur to Berhampore	0	Amaniganj.
	" Berhampore to Katwa	0	Zakipur.
Shairab-Jalangi.	" Katwa to Nadia	2	Dewanganj.
	Entrance from Ganges	2	
	Thence to Akrikanj	4	Khamardiar.
	Akrikanj to junction of the	4	
	Shairab and Jalangi	4	Shibnagar.
Matha-bhanga.	Thence to Patkhabari	4	Lalnagar.
	Patkhabari to Nadia	3	Gokharpota.
	Entrance from Ganges	1	
	Thence to Dewanganj	1	Dewanganj.
	From Dewanganj to Shikarpur	1	Megna.
Metha-bhanga.	" Shikarpur to Boalia	4	Boalia.
	" Boalia to Chuadanga	4	Taltola.
	" Chuadanga to Kamen-		
	ganj and Hanskhali	4	Raypore.

Ganga Readings.

Locality.	Date.	Hour.	Height above zero	Height above mean sea-level.	REMARKS.
Ganges	Bahibganj	2-3-1906	Noon	1'42	63 42 Fall.
	Rampur Boalia	10-3-1906	Noon	1'30	48 30 Do.
	Entrance of Bhagirathi Geriah	11-3-1906	A.M. 7	3'70	49 70 Do.
	Entrance of Shairab-Jalangi Akrikanj	11-3-1906	A.M. 7	1'04	39 04 Do.
	Entrance of Matha-bhanga	...	...	...	...
Shagathi.	Jangipur	11-3-1906	A	20 10	46 10 Rise.
	Berhampore	12-3-1906	A.M. 7	1'35	35 35 Do.
	Katwa	10-3-1906	P.M. 5	5'00	80 10 Fall.
Jalangi	Krishnagar	...	...	...	...
	Barupganj	11-3-1906	Noon 12	4'50	4 50 Rise.
Matha-bhanga.	Hanskhali	10-3-1906	P.M. 4	4'00	15 45 Steady.

R. C. EDGE,

Recd. Engr., N & A Rivers Division.

Berhampore, the 13th March 1906

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L. C. ADAMI,

Offg. Secy. to the Bengal Council,
and Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

LEGISLATIVE DEPT.,
BOOK DEPOT BRANCH,
The 9th January 1906.

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Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through Local Governments, to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agents of the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

(The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.)

List of New Books published during the Current Quarter.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor-General's Council during 1905.
8p. (1s.)

List of General rules and orders under Statutes and General Acts in force in British India, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Rs. 1.8 or 2s. 6d. (2s. 6p.)

The Transfer of Property Act, 1882 (IV of 1882), as modified up to the 1st December 1905. As. 15 (2s.)

List No. 1 of 1905, dated 31st December 1905, of Addenda et Corrigena under Statutes and General Acts in force in British India, edition 1905.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Serum-Therapy of Plague in India; Reports by Mr. W. M. Hakeine, O.I.E., and various officers of the Plague Research Laboratory, Bombay, edited with an introduction by Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Bannerman, M.D., B.Sc., F.R.S.E., I.M.S. New series. No. 20. Super-Royal 4to. Board, 14s. or 1s. 4d. (3s.)

List of the more important Libraries in India. Foolscap. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (1s.)

Memorandum on the Age Tables and Rates of Mortality of the Indian Census, 1901. By G. F. Hardy, Esq. Foolscap. Board. 12s. or 1s. 2d. (3s.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, January to March 1906. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India on the standardisation of Anti-Typhoid Vaccine. By Captain G. Lamb, M.D., I.M.S., and Captain W. C. B. Forster, M.B., D. P. H., I.M.S. New series. No. 21. Super-Royal 4to. Board. 6s. or 7d. (3s.)

*Report on Epidemic Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis in India. By Captain C. J. Robertson-Milne, M.B., I.M.S. Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s. 6p.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE

Report of the Indian Survey Committee, 1904.—Part I—The Report. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 3s. (5s.). Part II—Appendices. Rs. 4-8 or 6s. 9d. (6s.) Complete Rs. 8-8 or 9s. 9d. (11s.)

Progress Report of the Imperial Forest School, Dehra Dun, for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 10 or 1s. 2d. (1s. 6p.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Report on the Administration of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore for the year 1904-05. Foolscap. Limp cover. As. 8 or 9d. (2s.)

Administration Report of the Baluchistan Agency for 1904-05. Selection No. CCCCXXI. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 4 or 6s. (5s.)

Summary of remarks on the Kharif crops of the North-West Frontier Province for 1905. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 4 or 4d. (1s.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India. Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1896 to 31st March 1904. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 3s. (10s.)

List of Officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department, corrected to January 1906. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Variations in India Price Levels since 1861 expressed in Index numbers. Foolscap. Board. As. 12 or 1s. (3s.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts of the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the official year 1904-05 and the four preceding years, 17th issue. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 4d. (6s.)

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in October-November 1905. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s. each.)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for November-December 1905. No. 8 and No. 9 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s. each.)

Accounts of the Trade of the Portuguese Possessions in India in the year 1903-04 and the four preceding years. Foolscap. Paper cover. 2s. or 3d. (1s.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of August-September 1905. No. 5 and No. 6 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s. each.)

Tariff Schedules, 1906. Royal 8vo. Stitched. As. 6 or 7d. (1s.)

Report of the Committee on Indian Trade Statistics, 1905. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (3s.)

Annual statement of the Coasting Trade and Navigation of British India in the year ending 31st March 1905. Super-Royal. Board. 89th issue. Rs. 2 or 3s. (8s.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for January 1906. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-12 or 2s. 3d. (6s.)

List of Light-houses and Light-vessels in British India, including those in the Gulf of Aden as existing on the 30th June 1905. Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

Hand-books for the Indian Army—"Gurkhas." Super-Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 1-8 or 2s. 3d. (5s.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment. Corrected up to 31st December 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

List of Books published from September to December 1905.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

- The Indian Railways Act, 1890 (Act IX of 1890), as modified up to 1st June 1905. Rs. 1.2. (2s.)
- The Central Provinces Land Revenue Act, 1881 (XVIII of 1881), as modified up to the 1st March 1905. Rs. 1.2. (2s.)
- Act No. XIII of 1859 (an Act to provide for the punishment of breaches of contract by Artificers, Workmen and Labourers in certain cases, as affected by Act No. XVI of 1874. Anna 1.9. (1s.)
- The Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896), as modified up to 1st August 1905. 8s. (1s.)
- The Whipping Act, 1864 (Act No. VI of 1864), as modified up to the 1st August 1905. 8s. 6p. (1s.)
- The Indian Registration Act, 1877 (Act III of 1877), as modified up to the 1st August 1905. 11s. or 1s. (2s.)
- The Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (Act No. I of 1872), as modified up to the 1st September 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)
- The Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), as modified up to 31st August 1905. As. 15 or 1s. 4d. (2s.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

- Imperial Library List of Additions. Third Series, with Subject Index. Nos. 10, 11, 12 and 13. Super-Royal 4to. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.) each.
- Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Snake Venoms in Relation to Hæmolysis, by Captain George Lamb, M.D., I.M.S. New series, No. 17. Super-Royal 4to. Limp cover. 6s. or 7d. (2s.)
- Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Hæmoglobæria Gerbilli, by Lieutenant S. K. Christophers, M.B., I.M.S. New Series, No. 13. Super-Royal 4to. Limp cover. 10s. or 1s. (2s.)
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- Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, July to September 1905. Foolscap, paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)
- The Languages of India, being a reprint of the Chapter on Languages, by Dr. G. A. Grierson, O.I.E., Ph.D., D. Litt., C.S. to the Report on the Census of India, 1901, together with the Census Statistics of Language. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 2 or 3s. (8s.)
- Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India on Kala Azar, Malaria and Malarial Cachexia, by Captain S. P. James, M.B., I.M.S. New series, No. 19. Super-Royal 4to. Limp cover. Rs. 1-4 or 1s. 11d. (8s.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

- Records of the Botanical Survey of India, Vol. IV, No. 2. An Epitome of the British Indian Species of Impatiens, by Sir J. D. Hooker, G.C.S.I., C.B., F.R.S. Part II. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2s. or 4d. (1s.)

- Report of the Chief Inspector of Mines in India for the year ending 31st December 1904. Foolscap. Limp. As. 12 or 1s. 2d. (2s.)
- Flora of the Upper Gangetic Plain and of the adjacent Siwalik and Sub-Himalayan Tracts, by J. F. Duthie, Esq., B.A., F.L.S. (Caprifoliaceæ to Campanulaceæ). Vol. I, Part II. Royal 16mo. Paper cover. Rs. 1.8. or 2s. 3d. (1s.)
- A Note upon the "Bee-hole Borer of Teak in Burma," by P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S.; F.R.S. Super-Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

- Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Board. As. 18 or 1s. 1d. (3s.)
- Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 9s. or 9d. (1s.)
- Report of the Civil Veterinary Department, North-West Frontier Province, for the year 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 7s. 6p. or 7½d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of the Registration Department of the North-West Frontier Province for the years 1902, 1903, 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 6s. or 6d. (1s.)
- Report on the Police Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1-18 or 2s. 5d. (2s.)
- Report on the Vaccination in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 7s. or 7d. (1s.)
- Report on the External Land Trade of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 14s. or 1s. 2d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of Civil Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. 6p. or 8½d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of Criminal Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11s. 6p. or 11½d. (1s.)
- Report on the Excise Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11s. or 11d. (1s.)
- Report of the Chemical Examiner to Government, North-West Frontier Province, for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 4d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of Land Revenue Department of Land Records and Agriculture Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation and Settlement of Nations in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1903-04. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1-18 or 2s. 5d. (2s.)
- Report on the Income-tax Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for the years 1902-03, 1903-04 and 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 9s. or 9d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of the Stamp Department of the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 6s. or 6d. (1s.)
- Annual Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province in the Public Works Department for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 12s. or 1s. (1s.)
- Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 2s. or 2d. (1s.)

Report of Archaeological Survey works in the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan, from January 1904 to March 1905. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2-4 or 8s. (4s.)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1-3 or 1s. 7d. (3s.)

Annual Report of Dispensaries in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 12s. or 1s. (1s.)

Report on Public Instruction in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 12s. or 1s. 1d. (1s.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

List of officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department. Corrected to May, June and August 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5s. (1s.) each.

History of Services of Officers holding appointments in offices under the control of the Government of India, Finance Department. Corrected to 1st July 1905. Royal 8vo. Board. 12s. or 1s. (2s.)

List of Officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department, corrected to September-October 1905.

Report of the Administration of the Mints at Bombay and Calcutta for the year 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

COMPTROLLER-GENERAL.

Civil Estimates, 1905-06. Vols. I and II. Foolscap. Board. Ps. 5 or 4s. 6d. (12s.) each.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and in six months ending December 1904, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1902 and 1903, No. 3 of 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (3s.)

Sea-Borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of May, June and July 1905. Nos. 2, 3 and 4. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.) each.

Accounts of the External Land Trade of British India for the months of March and April 1905. No. 12 of 1904-05. Nos. 1 and 2 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.) each.

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in April and May 1905, and in the corresponding month of 1903-04. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.) each.

Review of the Trade of India in 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Area and Yield of certain Crops in India. 7th issue. Foolscap. Paper cover. 5s. or 6d. (2s.)

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Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in June 1905 and in the three months April to June 1905, compared with the corresponding period of 1903 and 1904. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1905. No. 3 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the quarter ending June 1905, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1903 and 1904. No. 1 of 1905-06. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (3s.)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for the months of September and October 1905. Nos. 6 and 7 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (1s.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of July 1905. No. 4 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1905. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.) each.

Accounts of the Trade of the French Possessions in India in the year ending 31st March 1905 and the four preceding years. 2s. or 3d. (2s.)

Agricultural Statistics of India for the years 1899-1900 to 1903-04 in two Volumes. Rs. 3-8. or 6s. 3d. (12s.)

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1904-05. Foolscap. Lump cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL.

History of Services of Gazetted and other Officers serving under the Government of Bengal, corrected to 1st July 1905, in 2 parts. Royal 8vo. Board. Part I. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (7s.) Part II. Rs. 2 or 3s. (5s.) Complete. Rs. 5 or (s.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for 1st July 1905 and October 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-12 or 3s. 3d. (6s.) each.

A Book for the Army—"The Services of the Bengal Native Army," an historical sketch from 1599 to 1895, 586 pages, with two coloured plates, obtainable from all the principal booksellers, and from the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, Calcutta. Demy. 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2-5 or 3s. 9d. (7s.)

Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment of the Military Works Services, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Super-Royal, 4to. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

History of the Hyderabad Contingent by Major R. G. Burton, 1905. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (6s.)

Return of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1904. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

Administration Report on the Railways in India for the calendar year 1904. Foolscap. Limp. Rs. 3 or 2s. 8d. (7s.)

Classified List of the Subordinate Establishment, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

Railway Board Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways. Corrected up to 30th June 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

Histories of Railway Projects, including Tramways, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 3 or 2s. 8d. (2s.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Public Works Department Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

Administration Report of the Telegraph Department for 1903-04. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 6d. (2s.)

Public Works Department Classified List of the Subordinate Establishment, corrected to 30th June 1904. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

List of new books for sale at Thomason College, Roorkee, which were not advertised before.

Roorkee Treatise on "Railways," 4th Edition, revised by F. Wolly Dod, F.C.E. Price, Rs. 3 per copy.

Roorkee Treatise on "Irrigation Work." By Lieutenant-Colonel J. Clibborn, I.S.O., B.A., L.C.E., C.I.E. Price, Rs. 9 per copy.

Roorkee Treatise on "Sanitary Engineering." Compiled by Lieutenant-Colonel J. Clibborn, I.S.O., B.A., L.C.E., C.I.E. Price, Rs. 4-8 per copy.

Roorkee Manual of "Applied Mechanics," Volume II. The stability of structures mostly by graphic methods. By Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. C. Harrison, R.E. Price, Rs. 8-2 per copy.

Roorkee Manual of Hydraulics. Price per copy, Rs. 4. (No. XIX, Elementary Treatise.) By E. F. Tipple, Esq., B.A.

Designs for Wooden Bridges, together with rules for calculating the area of waterway, etc., and Plates. By late Rai Bahadur Kunhya Lal. Price per set, Rs. 4-2.

Pamphlet on Examination for Acid Radicals: Tables giving Analysis of Acids. Price per copy, 8s. Pamphlet on Examination for Acid Bases: Tables giving Analysis of Metallic Bases. Price, 8s. per copy.

List of New Books available for sale in the College Book Depot.

Roorkee Treatise on Civil Engineering, Section XIII. Drawing for Engineer students, Part I. By Major E. H. de V. Atkinson, B.E., Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Price per copy, Rs. 3-2, including packing, postage, etc.

Hand-book of the Thomason Engineering College, Roorkee. Illustrated. Price, Rs. 6-12 per copy, including packing, postage, etc.

A list of new books and periodicals for sale at the Library of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 57 Park Street, Calcutta.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, new series. Vol. I, Nos. 2-8, 1905. At Rs. 2.

Memoirs, Nos. 1, 4, 5, 1905. At Rs. 1-8.

" No. 2, 1905. At Rs. 1.

" No. 3, 1905. At Rs. 2.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

A Lower Ladakhi Version of the Kesar Saga. Fasc. 1, at Rs. 1.

Catasahasrikaprajnaparamita. Fasc. 10 and 11, at 6s.

Catapatha Brahmana. Vol. II, Fasc. 1, 2, 3, Vol. III, VII, at 6s.

Vidhana Parijata. Vol. I, Fasc. 8, at 6s.

Mahabhasyapradipodyota. Vol. III, Fasc. 3, 4, at 6s.

Kala Viveka. Fasc. 7, at 6s.

Bodhicaryavatara of Candidevi. Fasc. 4, at 6s.

Godadhara Paddhati. Fasc. 1, at 6s.

Saddarsana Samuccaya. Fasc. 1, at 6s.

Tantra Vartika (English). Fasc. 5, at 12s.

Nityacaraprodipah. Fasc. 7, at 6s.

Chaturvarga Chintamani. Vol. IV, Fasc. 5, at 6s.

***List of books published by the Meteorological Department
from 1st July to 31st December 1905.***

Monthly Weather Review, January to June 1905. (Illustrated by 8 plates). Quarto. Paper cover.
Re. 1 per month.

Monthly Weather Review, July 1905. (Illustrated by 8 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1.

***List of new books published by the Geological Survey of
India during the week ending 17th February 1906.***

Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XXXIII, Part I. By Director, Geological
Survey of India, Re. 1.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1906.

PART IVA.

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

*Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal
assembled under the provisions of the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 and 1892.*

THE Council met in the Council Chamber on Saturday, the 3rd March,
1906, at 11 A.M.

Present:

The Hon'ble SIR ANDREW FRASER, K.C.S.I., Lieutenant-Governor of
Bengal, *presiding*.

The Hon'ble MR. L. HARE, C.S.I., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MR. F. A. SLACKE.

The Hon'ble MR. B. L. GUPTA.

The Hon'ble MR. P. O'KINEALY, Advocate-General of Bengal.

The Hon'ble MR. E. W. COLLIN.

The Hon'ble MR. R. W. CARLYLE, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MR. W. A. INGLIS.

The Hon'ble MR. L. P. SHIRRES.

The Hon'ble MR. G. GORDON.

The Hon'ble MR. C. G. H. ALLEN.

The Hon'ble MR. C. F. LARMOUR.

The Hon'ble BABU AMBIKA CHARAN MAZUMDAR.

The Hon'ble RAJA BAN BEHARI KAPUR, C.S.I.

The Hon'ble BABU JOGENDRA NATH MUKHERJEE, M.A., B.L.

The Hon'ble MR. J. D. NIMMO.

The Hon'ble MR. SYED SHURFUDDIN.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN CALCUTTA AND IN THE PRESIDENCY AND BURDWAN DIVISIONS.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar, in the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. Chaudhuri, asked :—

Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a tabular statement giving for the year 1905-06, the births and deaths (and in the case of the latter, showing in separate columns those due to fever and cholera and the total number of deaths and the rate per *mille*) in the town of Calcutta, and the different districts comprised in the Presidency and Burdwan Divisions of Bengal.

The Hon'ble Mr. Shirres replied :—

“A statement giving the information desired by the Hon'ble Member for the year 1905 has been laid upon the table.”

Statement referred to in the above answer.

NAMES OF PLACES.	BIRTHS.		DEATHS.				Total number.	Rate per mille.	REMARKS.
			FROM FEVER.		FROM CHOLERA.				
	Total number.	Rate per mille.	Total number.	Rate per mille.	Total number.	Rate per mille.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Calcutta 	15,637	18'44	4,851	5'13	2,323	2'74	32,181	37'05	
<i>Burdwan Division.</i>									
Burdwan 	50,332	32'04	38,847	25'34	4,301	2'80	54,520	35'58	
Birbhum 	50,018	34'26	22,878	25'35	2,192	2'42	29,876	33'11	
Bankura 	40,468	30'26	24,032	21'52	1,737	1'55	34,304	30'78	
Midnapore 	33,056	33'36	65,874	22'00	10,037	3'53	63,830	33'64	
Horigly 	33,796	32'20	25,306	24'11	2,324	2'21	37,621	35'05	
Howrah 	26,084	34'19	11,663	13'08	4,068	4'76	23,266	33'25	
<i>Presidency Division.</i>									
24 Parganas 	63,647	33'02	40,129	19'30	6,091	3'50	60,477	29'09	
Nadia 	62,102	37'24	62,198	37'30	5,511	3'43	77,818	40'64	
Murshidabad 	63,440	40'08	44,083	32'24	5,233	3'02	66,162	42'11	
Jessore 	55,287	30'49	50,871	33'02	4,080	2'23	71,328	39'33	
Khulna 	52,013	41'50	27,055	22'07	2,481	1'07	43,096	34'39	

SCARCITY IN BENGAL AND BIHAR.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar, in the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. Chaudhuri, asked :—

Does the Government apprehend a scarcity in Bengal and Bihar, owing to the partial failure of the winter crop and the gloomy prospects of the *rabi* crop? If so, which are the districts where the prospects are particularly bad? Does the Government propose to adopt any precautionary measures to cope with the scarcity and to avert distress amongst the cultivating classes.

The Hon'ble MR. CARLYLE replied :—

“Government does not apprehend any scarcity in Bengal and Bihar. The winter rice crop is estimated at 88 *per cent.* of a normal crop and the prospects of the *rabi* crop are still on the whole fair. The situation will be carefully watched, but no special precautionary measures seem to be necessary at present to avert distress among the cultivating classes.”

THE BENGAL COURT OF WARDS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1905.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare moved that the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Court of Wards Act, 1879, be taken into consideration.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare also moved that the clauses of the Bill be considered in the form recommended by the Select Committee.

He said:—"It is not necessary for me to say more than a very few words in moving that the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Court of Wards Act, 1879, be taken into consideration.

"The criticisms on the Bill as it was originally presented which it is necessary to notice are confined principally to two points. The first is in regard to the penalty which will be incurred by creditors who withhold presentation of their claims. The Committee recommend that the penalty shall be forfeiture of interest. This is the least that can reasonably be inflicted. I may point out that a creditor, even when he does not expect immediate payment of his principal, is usually on the look-out for and continually demanding his interest, and it is very unlikely that he will fail to present his claim for interest repeatedly, and so will easily come to know that the Court has taken charge of the estate which owes him his debt. If no penalty for delay in submitting a claim is inflicted, it will clearly be advantageous for creditors who have claims carrying heavy interest to conceal their claims in order that the interest may mount up, as it is unlikely that they could easily obtain other equally profitable investments.

"The main argument, however, is that which has already been put forward and is referred to in paragraph 4 of the Report of the Select Committee, *viz.*, that unless the Court knows all the liabilities which an estate has to meet, the Court cannot safely ask any one to lend money to that estate.

"The other criticism which I notice is that which is referred to in paragraph 8 of the Report of the Select Committee; *viz.*, against the provision in the Bill for giving the Court of Wards power to retain an estate until its debts are cleared even in cases where the proprietor is not disqualified under section 6 (e) of the Court of Wards Act, *i.e.*, on his own application. In addition to the arguments which have been given in paragraph 8 of the Report of the Select Committee, I may mention that I have frequently had experience of the great difficulty of reclaiming estates which were heavily indebted whose proprietors were disqualified under the provisions of sections 6 (a) to 6 (b) of the Court of Wards Act. Such a case happens where a proprietor dies leaving his estate heavily encumbered. In the absence of any certainty that owing to death or other reasons the estate will not be removed from the Court's jurisdiction before a loan is repaid, people are very unwilling to lend money and onerous terms are demanded. When this is the case it becomes impossible to save the estate, and the Court cannot extend any protection to the disqualified proprietors. But those are just the cases where the Court's action is most needed and where an impartial on-looker would specially urge the Court to interfere and save the minor or widow from utter ruin. Where the proprietor has himself been improvident there is much to be said for letting him suffer the natural consequences of his improvidence, and such an one can expect much less sympathy than will be freely extended to his helpless dependants. It is surely unsound to give the Court larger powers of saving an estate for the benefit of an improvident proprietor than for the protection of helpless dependants of an improvident proprietor, such as a child or widow.

"There are some people, however, who while they will want such estates to be reclaimed and would wish the minors and widows to be saved from ruin, would not give the Court of Wards the necessary powers for fear these powers should be abused. This is irrational and there is no danger at all of any abuse. Proprietors cannot have their cake and eat it too, and this is so even if it is their predecessors in interest who have eaten the cake. Extravagance must be followed by restriction, whether it is the Court of Wards who restrains the proprietor for a time from spending, or the restraint is imposed by the fact that the property has been all dissipated and there is nothing left to spend. I claim therefore that the proposed power ought to be given in the best interest of the proprietors, and I must confess I am much surprised that the objection is put forward by the Bihar Landholders' Association as it is essentially a measure for their protection and benefit. This provision is the subject of certain amendments which have been proposed, and I have therefore considered it advisable to deal with it at some length.

"As regards the other provisions and modifications of the Bill I have only to bring to your notice that greater publicity is given to the action of the Court of Wards when taking charge of estates.

"The amendments which have been put down in my name are due to suggestions made by my learned friend the Hon'ble Advocate-General and will be explained as each one is considered."

Clause 3.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare moved that in sub-section (1) of section 10A in clause 3 of the Bill, after the words "submit the same in writing to the Court," the words "at a place to be named in the notice," be inserted.

He said:—"The reason for this amendment is that it often happens that an estate has property in several districts. The rule is that it is managed by a Collector of one of these districts only, generally the one where the proprietor is resident or in which he has the largest amount of property, and in issuing the notice that Court will generally be mentioned. The creditor will have no difficulty in knowing where he has to send his information."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar, in the absence of the Hon'ble Babu Bhupendra Nath Basu, moved that in the proviso to section 10A in clause 3 of the Bill, the words "and allow, either wholly or in part," be inserted after the words "may consider."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar moved that in sub-section (1) of section 10B in clause 3 of the Bill, the words "within such time as the Court may appoint" be substituted for the words "at the same time."

He said:—"The first amendment which stands against my name refers to sub-section (1) of section 10B in clause 3 of the Bill. After requiring in the previous section all creditors to submit their claims to the Court of Wards within a given period, the present section prescribes the time when all documents relating to such claims must be produced; and the Select Committee recommend that that time should coincide with the filing of the written statement of such claims. This seems to me to lay down a rule, calculated not only to work hardship and injustice on the claimant, but also to unnecessarily fetter the discretion of the Court in many cases. Instances may easily be conceived where a claimant may be unable to produce along with his written statement documents which may be with his servant or agent and which would not therefore be legally out of his possession or control; and yet the case and its circumstances may be such as to induce the Court to accept such documents and settle with the creditor to the best advantage of the estate. To leave no discretion even to the Court in such cases would in my opinion be highly impolitic. It is not suggested that this provision is intended to prevent fabrication of documents; for six months' time would be quite enough for the purpose of those who may be inclined to do so, and the refusal of an additional time of a month or a fortnight would not be an appreciable safeguard against such practice. It is, however, said that this stringent provision is intended to expedite the disposal of all claims against a ward's estate. But can it be pretended that with the aid of this provision the Court will be in a position to dispose of each claim on the very day or even within a fortnight of the presentation of the written statement? If not, then wherein is the necessity of shutting out the party in advance while the Court itself would be unable in many cases to take up the matter probably for months together? It goes without saying that the Collector who is the 'what not' of his district must take some time to arrange his file. I fail to see why should not a portion at least of that time be given to the claimant to arrange and file his documents. It will be remembered that the Civil Procedure Code, which is the recognized guide of procedure in all civil and revenue matters, allows some time to parties to produce their documents; and even in case of documents upon which a plaintiff may base his claim, it is permissible to a Court of Justice to allow them to be produced some time after the plaint has been filed. Upon all these considerations, I think the extraordinary stringency of the proposed clause in the Bill should be relaxed and a fair margin of discretion left in the Court itself to appoint the time within which under the circumstance of each case the documents should be produced."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare moved that in sub-section (3) of section 10B in clause 3 of the Bill, for the words "is in the possession or under the control of the creditor" the words "to the knowledge of the creditor is in his possession, power or control," be substituted.

He said:—"This is a merely verbal alteration, and I do not intend to make any remarks upon it."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazamdar moved that sub-section (3) of section 10B in clause 3 of the Bill be omitted.

He said:—"The next amendment which I have to move refers to sub-section (3) of section 10B in the same clause of the Bill. I fully appreciate the difficulties with which Courts of Wards are sometimes confronted in dealing with encumbered estates of which they have once assumed charge; but I must confess that I feel equally impressed that the Legislature, in dealing with a one-sided legislation like the present, cannot be too careful in seeing that in trying to avoid one difficulty it may not fall into another. In the Bill as originally drafted it was provided that any claim, not submitted to the Court within the prescribed period, 'shall be deemed to have been duly discharged.' Strong opposition was raised both in this Council as well as by the outside public against this most stringent proposal which entailed forfeiture of all claims not so submitted. The general law of limitation as well as various other considerations were referred to in support of the opposition. The Select Committee to which the Bill was then referred also report that they too recognise the force of this contention and the hardship to which the original proposal might lead in some cases; and they have accordingly proposed that a much lesser penalty might meet the requirements of the Court; i.e., instead of the forfeiture of the principal they have recommended the forfeiture of the interest only. So far so good, but does the Bill, as re-cast by the Select Committee, give effect to this intention? I submit not. If the inability of a creditor to produce the documents in support of his claim before the Court of Wards is to preclude him from using such documents ever after, then wherein is the difference between the provisions of the original and the amended Bill? Except perhaps only in the rare case of creditors who may submit their claims as well as their documents, and who even after so doing may have the misfortune to have their claims rejected by the Court, the difference, as it appears to me, would be one of circumlocution only. Let us take a concrete case by way of illustration. A, a creditor to the estate of a ward under a registered mortgage bond, fails to produce the bond before the Court within the appointed time. His claim being rejected by the Court of Wards, A, brings a suit in the Civil Court to recover his claim. Under the present section he would be debarred from using the bond, and under the Law of Evidence he would be debarred from adducing other evidence of its contents. Clearly therefore, his suit would have to be dismissed, and the result of such a rule would be practically the forfeiture of the claim altogether, which the Select Committee have agreed not to work. Then the inequitable nature of the rule may be further illustrated by another example. Supposing A and B are two creditors to the estate of a ward. After notice by the Court of Wards, A submits written statement of his claim, but for some reason or other A fails to produce in time the necessary document in support of his claim. B, however, for reasons best known to him, neither submits a written statement, nor puts in his document. Under the rule proposed A, who partially submitted to the authority of the Court, would receive the punishment, but B, who defied it, would be let off scot-free. Would such a result be fair or acceptable to the Government? I dare hope not. I have already pointed out that a document may be with a servant or an agent and as such it would not legally be out of possession of the party. Besides, is it necessary, Sir, to take such a drastic measure? There may be difficulties which the Court of Wards has to contend against in the present state of the law; but would not the forfeiture of interest, which is more often than not as large as the principal itself, be a sufficient warning to creditors to register their claims before it is lost to them for ever? And where they fail to do so, would not the heavy loss of interest be a sufficient punishment for their laches and more than a justifiable

gain to the estate of the ward? It is no doubt to the credit of an enlightened Government like ours that it feels so deeply interested in the protection of improvident and incompetent proprietors, but, Sir, is there any real generosity in robbing Peter to pay Paul? Your Honour's Government cannot have the remotest idea of legalising fraud. If the reckless improvident proprietors are objects of commiseration, the legitimate interest of thrifty good people ought also to receive some consideration of the estate. They are the backbone of the economic organization of the country, and it would be a bad policy to hamper them too much. Let us not kill the goose that lays the golden egg. Whose fault is it that an estate becomes involved? And whose again that an accurate and a complete list of its debts is not submitted before the Court is led to assume its charge? Certainly not of the money-lender. Then, Sir, it is too well known that violent measures always defeat their own purposes. If we make the position of creditors so precarious, many a proprietor will fail to find money in the market, and the value of property will as a consequence depreciate. To avoid one difficulty we shall drift into another; and then there may not be much to choose between the ultimate gain and loss in the bargain."

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare said:—"I beg to oppose this motion. It seems to me that if a creditor does not produce his documents which are in his possession, power or control within such time as the Court may allow him, there is no practical hardship at all in his being told that he cannot produce them afterwards. Why should he conceal them and keep them back? The ordinary Civil Courts do not allow a man to reconsider what he shall put in in support of his claim. Why should the Court of Wards do more than the ordinary Civil Courts? I cannot see that there is any hardship whatever for a creditor who knows that he has got a certain document which is in his power or in his possession or control and does not produce it. If he wants a little time, he has only got to ask the Court, and the Court will not be unreasonable. If he does not then produce it, why should he be allowed to come in at any future time and say 'I have got something more?' The Courts are put in a false position altogether. They are asked to decide upon evidence before them. He does not put the evidence before them, but afterwards he goes to another Court and says 'I have got more evidence'. The first Court is useless in that case. For these reasons I must oppose this amendment."

The motion was then put and lost.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar also moved that in sub-section (3) of section 10B in clause 3 of the Bill, after the words "claiming under him" the words "in respect of such claim," be added.

He said:—"I have unfortunately lost the main amendment which I moved for the omission of sub-section (3), and I have now to move an amendment for modifying it. Sub-section (3) of section 10B as it now stands would seem to bar the reception of a document, not produced before a Court of Wards, in all suits between a ward and his creditor. I presume, however, that it is not the intention of the Select Committee to enforce this penalty for all purposes, but that it is intended to confine its operation to the debt or claim which is the subject-matter of investigation by the Court of Wards only. If I am right in this presumption, the present wording of the section does not appear to me to be satisfactory. If on the contrary I am wrong in my interpretation of that intention, I have a serious objection to the provision of the sub-section under consideration. Supposing a creditor has a money claim against the estate of a ward which is contained in an entry in a book of account. The book also contains another entry showing payment of rent by the ward's estate to the creditor as landlord. The book is not produced before the Court of Wards as required by the sub-section. Would or would not the book with the second entry be admissible in a rent-suit between the ward and the creditor? Evidently it would. In that case I think the section ought to be made clearer. The use of the word 'creditor' may not be sufficient to clear up the point. So, with a view to make it unmistakable, the words 'in respect of such claim' should be distinctly mentioned. In the notice I have asked those words to be added to the section; but with your Honour's permission for grammatical connection I would have them inserted after the words 'against the ward.'"

The Hon'ble Mr. O'Kinealy said:—"I think the original motion of the Hon'ble Member was clearer than what is now suggested. What the section is meant to convey is this: that it shall not be admissible in evidence in any suit, and therefore the words would naturally come at the end of the section and not in the earlier part of the section which the Hon'ble Member wishes. I think it would be much clearer to add those words at the end of the section and not in the middle of it.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare said:—"I accept the amendment as originally proposed."

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar agreed to stick to his original amendment.

The original amendment was then put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar also moved that in section 10C in clause 3 of the Bill, after the words "assumed charge of such property," the words "and before any sale or complete satisfaction takes place," be introduced

He said:—"The next amendment which stands in my name in the notice paper relates to section 10C in clause 3 of the Bill. I admit that it would be but fair to give a Court of Wards some breathing time after it has assumed charge of an encumbered estate, and in that view it should have the power to ask a Civil Court to stay its execution proceedings against a ward's estate. But there ought to be a limitation to it both as regards time as well as stage. The Select Committee think that one year would be the reasonable limit for such applications. I will not join issue with them; but I must beg leave to differ from them that there should not be a similar limitation as regards the stage up to which and not beyond which such applications may be entertained. An execution proceeding does not necessarily terminate with a sale or satisfaction. A sale has to be confirmed and a satisfaction has to be certified and recorded. As the section in the Bill stands a Court of Wards would have power to stop an execution proceeding even after such sale or satisfaction has taken place and until the execution proceedings have completely terminated. The sale would introduce a third party, *viz.*, the purchaser in the case, and the reversal of it at the option of the Court might seriously prejudice his interest. I think the privilege of the Court ought to be extended up to the sale and no further. After a sale has once taken place the Court of Wards ought to be content with the remedy provided by the Civil Procedure Code for all debtors. It may deposit the amount and have the sale set aside."

The Hon'ble Mr. O'Kinealy said:—"As regards the addition of the words proposed by the Hon'ble Member, I think one part of the addition is unnecessary and the other I do not think ought to be adopted. For this reason, if a complete satisfaction has taken place then these execution proceedings must fail themselves because once there is complete satisfaction the decree cannot be further executed, and therefore I do not think, with great respect to the Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar, that it is necessary in that case. And in the case of a sale we all know this, that when a sale takes place, that is merely the beginning of expensive proceedings in execution connected with whether the sale should be confirmed or not. Why should not the Court of Wards be enabled to stay proceedings so that it may be in a position to say 'we shall agree to the sale or we shall not agree to it or we shall make certain terms with the parties?' I do not think it would be a wise thing to say that the Court could not ask for a stay of the proceedings after the sale takes place, because as I say that is only the beginning of expensive proceedings which, if the Court of Wards were empowered to deal with, they might make an arrangement which would be beneficial to all."

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare said:—"I think it is unnecessary to accept this amendment, and I oppose it."

The motion was then put and lost.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare moved that in sub-section (2) of section 10D in clause 3 of the Bill, after the words "binding upon the creditor" the words "and upon the ward" be added.

He said:—"This is a reasonable addition to make and is what we intended."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar moved that sub-section (3) of section 10D in clause 3 of the Bill be omitted, and that the following section be added after section 10E, namely :—

'10F. Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 10A, and sub-section (2) of section 10D, nothing in this Act shall be construed to bar the institution of a suit in a Civil Court for the recovery of a claim against a ward or his property.'

He said :—"The fifth amendment which I have to move refers to sub-section (3) of section 10D. It will be observed that there are two restrictive clauses provided in this Bill—One in section 10A, sub-section (2), with regard to forfeiture of interest, and the other provided in sub-section (2) of section 10D. It, of course, goes without saying that the jurisdiction of a Civil Court continues in all suits of a civil nature unless such jurisdiction is expressly barred by any special enactment. But then why provide this section at all? Out of two restrictive clauses why do you select one and say that nothing in it will bar a civil suit, while you remain altogether silent in the case of the other? This to my mind is likely to introduce an element of doubt which may in some instances lead to difficulties. Though brevity may be a recommendation of the Legislature, I think clearness ought also to be one of its aims, although it would not perhaps be altogether disadvantageous to the profession to which some of us belong that some doubt and uncertainty were left in every piece of legislation. Besides, the section as it has been worded seems to me to suffer from clumsiness both on account of its place as well as on account of its scope and bearing. I would prefer an independent section dealing with both the penal provisions and make the matter clear of all misconception. I would have no objection if the present clause were wholly omitted; but as it is, I would move that the clause be taken out of its place and an independent section provided as contained in my notice."

The Hon'ble Mr. Gupta said :—"I think the amendment proposed by my Hon'ble friend is quite unnecessary, as under section 10A only the interest is barred if a claim is not submitted to the Court of Wards. The right to bring a suit as regards a claim remains unaffected by this Act altogether. We are obliged to put in a provision in section 10D in regard to claims already submitted to the Court of Wards because it might possibly be open to doubt as to whether in respect of claims that have been submitted to the Court of Wards the claimant's right to bring a suit remains intact or not; so that this sub-section (2) of section 10D refers entirely to claims that have been submitted to the Court of Wards. Section 10D deals only with claims submitted to the Court of Wards, and therefore the proviso stands in its proper place, but as regards section 10A it is quite unnecessary to declare that claims that have not been submitted to the Court of Wards may be brought again in a Civil Court because except as regards the interest no person's right to bring a suit is in any way interfered with. I do not think that there can be the least possibility of a doubt in this respect, and I think that my hon'ble friend's amendment is quite unnecessary."

The motion was then put and lost.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar also moved that in sub-section (3) of section 10D in clause 3 of the Bill, the words "and received by" be omitted.

He said :—"I have to move a small amendment to sub-section (3) of section 10D. That sub-section as drafted runs thus :—

'(3) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), nothing in this section shall be construed to bar the institution of a suit in a Civil Court for the recovery of a claim against a ward or his property which has been submitted to and received by the Court of Wards.'

"I object to the words 'and received by;' for I do not understand why they are there. A party can only submit his claim to the Court, and that ought to be tantamount to reception by it. What can there be between the filing and the reception which necessitates the use of the expression *and received by the Court*? It must be a surplusage and surplusages are always foreign to legislation. These words, if allowed to stand, are likely to lead to doubts and consequent misinterpretation also, and I hope the Council will not agree to retain them."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Babu Jogendra Nath Mukerjee moved that the following sub-section be added to section 10D in clause 3 of the Bill, namely :—

“(4) In calculating the period of limitation applicable to suits for the recovery of a claim which has been submitted to and received by the Court of Wards, the period from the date of submission of the claim up to the date of the communication of the Court's decision thereon to the creditor shall be excluded, and in cases where such claims are wholly or partly admitted by the Court, and its proposals or any modifications of them are accepted by the creditor in accordance with the provisions of clauses (1) and (2) of this section, a further period from the date of communication of the Court's decision, as aforesaid, to the date of termination of the Court's charge or superintendence of the property of the ward, shall be excluded.”

He said :—“In introducing this amendment I would submit to the Council that the necessity for the first portion of this amendment is obvious. The provisions of this Bill have introduced an adventitious condition of things requiring a creditor to submit his claims to the Court, and when he submits his claim he must necessarily expect some time to elapse between his act of submission and the communication of the Court's decision. Of course, if it was intended that during this time he should rush into Court to avoid limitation and try to obtain what is due to him, the object of this legislation would be frustrated

“As regards the second portion of this amendment, there may be some diversity of opinion, and it has been suggested to me that the introduction of the words ‘shall bind the ward’ substitutes or introduces a fresh contract between the Court of Wards, representing the minor and the creditor, and therefore limitation would run from the date of the Court's decision. If that be the case, there will be no necessity for the second portion of this amendment, but I would submit that the words ‘shall bind the ward’ have been introduced since notice of my amendment was given. Still I would place before the Council for consideration this fact that the clause if retained in its entirety would undoubtedly place the matter in much clearer light than it would otherwise do. If it be explicitly stated in Council that by the words ‘the ward shall also be bound’ a fresh contract is introduced, that will serve my purpose equally well. With these few words I place the amendment before the Council for consideration.”

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare said :—“I accept this amendment in part, but not altogether. We are willing to add to the sub-section the following words :—

“(4) In calculating the period of limitation applicable to suits for the recovery of a claim which has been submitted to the Court of Wards, the period from the date of submission of the claim up to the communication of the Court's decision thereon to the creditor shall be excluded.”

“I think this would practically carry out the intention of the amendment, and that is as far as we are advised to go.”

The amended motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare moved that in sub-section (1) of section 10E in clause 3 of the Bill, after the words “of the ward” the words “under this section” be added.

He said :—“The intention is to make it clear that matters have been put *in statu quo* in cases in which the Court after looking into the matter and making inquiries and ascertaining what the assets and liabilities are finds that it cannot interfere and resigns at once. I wish to make it clear that this section stands by itself as it were and is not to be construed as general.”

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Babu Jogendra Nath Mukerjee moved that, after the word and figure “sub-section (e)” in sub-section (2) (c) of section 10E in clause 3 of the Bill, the words “together with the security therefor, if any,” be inserted.

He said :—“My reason for introducing this amendment is this : the Bill says that if a claim be not submitted within six months from the date specified in the Bill itself the interest shall be lost to the creditor, but if certain events happen the interest shall revive. Now the question is if there is a mortgage bond and if for payment of the interest security has been given in the bond and if the interest goes, can it be said that the security stands intact apart from the interest itself? That is a question which seems to me to be very doubtful, and if when the interest revives the security has gone out of existence altogether, to say that

the security should revive with the interest is a proposition of law which does not seem to appear clearly anywhere. In section 43 of the Civil Procedure Code, the closing lines say that 'for the purpose of this section an obligation and a collateral security for its performance shall be deemed to constitute but one cause of action.' If at the time the interest is said to go out of existence it be argued that the security is kept alive, that by no means appears to be clear under the wording of section 43 of the Civil Procedure Code. It seems to me, Sir, that the object of Legislation is to state the intention of the Legislators in as clear and precise language as possible; and if by the introduction of these words the matter be cleared up, I would suggest that the words which stand in this amendment be adopted."

The Hon'ble Mr. O'Kinealy said:—"I do not think this amendment which is proposed by the Hon'ble Member is necessary. It would only have the effect of suggesting really that the word 'interest' in section 10A, sub-section (2), should not be held to have exactly the same meaning in section 10C; whereas as the Bill stands they both must be construed in the same way, and therefore I think the amendment is unnecessary."

The motion was then put and lost.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare moved that for clause (c), sub-section (2) of section 10E in clause 3 of the Bill, the following be substituted, namely:—

"(c) the claims for interest barred under section 10A, sub-section (2), shall revive in case the debt or liability in respect of which the interest is claimed be not then barred by any law of limitation."

He said:—"I am advised that this would more clearly express the intention we had in view than the words as they originally stood."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare also moved that in sub-section (3) of section 10E in clause 3 of the Bill, for the words "and enforce debts and liabilities" the words "claims for interest" be substituted.

He said:—"The reason is that we overlooked the fact that we had modified a section of the original Bill and we no longer barred the whole claim if it were not put forward, but only barred the claim for interest. It was therefore necessary that in this section we should explain that the claim is as to interest to which we refer. The modification seems to be necessary."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Babu Jogendra Nath Mukerjee moved that after the word "shall" in sub-section (3) of section 10E in clause 3 of the Bill, the words 'notwithstanding anything contained in section 43 of the Code of Civil Procedure' be inserted.

He said:—"My object in introducing this amendment will appear from a consideration of section 43 of the Code of Civil Procedure, which runs thus:—

"43. Every suit shall include the whole of the claim which the plaintiff is entitled to make in respect of the cause of action; but a plaintiff may relinquish any portion of his claim in order to bring the suit within the jurisdiction of any Court.

"If a plaintiff omit to sue in respect of, or intentionally relinquish, any portion of his claim, he shall not afterwards sue in respect of the portion so omitted or relinquished.

"A person entitled to more than one remedy in respect of the same cause of action may sue for all or any of his remedies; but, if he omits (except with the leave of the Court obtained before the first hearing) to sue for any of such remedies, he shall not afterwards sue for the remedy so omitted.

"For the purpose of this section, an obligation and a collateral security for its performance shall be deemed to constitute but one cause of action."

"It will be contended perhaps that the section deals with claims which a person is *entitled* to make in respect of the cause of action, and that the words 'is entitled to make' mean 'entitled to make at the moment that the claim is preferred.' But such words are not to be found in this section 43 itself. It speaks generally of a title to sue. In cases of revival of interest, however, the title to that interest is not extinguished, but is only dormant. Therefore the case stands thus: a man is entitled to sue, but for some act of his own which is dependent entirely upon his own will, his remedy is not available to him for some time, and it may be argued that as he could have submitted his claim before, he is responsible for not having submitted it in time, and not having done so he has, by a voluntary act of his own, debarred himself of a remedy

which the law gives him, the title to sue being in him all this time. So that, it seems to me that if a provision like the one contained in the proposed amendment was introduced it would make matters very clear, and there would be no danger of any interpretation like that I have submitted to the Council. I submit that it is not what any great lawyer would consider to be the correct meaning of this section of the Bill, that should weigh with the Hon'ble Members, but what the ordinary Courts would take the words to mean, and if by the introduction of a few words the Hon'ble Members can make the intention of the Legislature clear, they ought to do so."

The Hon'ble Mr. Gupta said:—"I think, Sir, this amendment of my hon'ble friend is not at all necessary. I do not think that any Court can possibly interpret section 43 in the way that my hon'ble friend apprehends it might. Section 43 of the Civil Procedure Code distinctly says that if any person being entitled to sue for a certain thing does not sue for it he shall be taken to have relinquished it. In this case under section 10A, if a man does not bring forward his claim before the Court of Wards his right to the interest does not lie dormant but the language of the Bill is that the claim shall cease to carry interest, so that when he brings his suit for the main claim he is absolutely debarred by the provisions of section 10A from suing for the interest and therefore section 43 of the Civil Procedure Code could not possibly apply. That section is really intended to apply to the case where a man voluntarily relinquishes a part of his claim or through negligence or oversight does not bring it. In such cases he cannot bring a supplementary suit in respect of the same cause of action. Here he is debarred by the statutory provisions of this Act from bringing a claim for interest, but when his claim revives again under the provisions of section 10E then he has a fresh cause of action in respect of that interest. He brings a claim to the interest which he could not possibly have brought under section 10A before. I think therefore, Sir, it is quite clear that section 43 of the Civil Procedure Code could not be interpreted by any Court to stand in his way of bringing a fresh suit for the interest when his claim to interest revives under section 10E. I think, therefore, the amendment is quite unnecessary."

The amendment was then put and lost.

Clause 4.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar moved that section 13A in clause 4 of the Bill, be omitted.

He said:—"Sir, I beg to oppose this new provision in the law on two grounds. In the first place I object on principle that a law which relates only to disqualified proprietors ought not to have operation when such disqualification ceases. A Court of Wards must be *functus officio* when there is no ward to protect. In the next place, I apprehend that if power is taken for the Court to retain charge of an estate even after the disqualification of a ward ceases, serious complications may arise. Government may often be misunderstood, its best intentions misinterpreted and undesirable friction may not unfrequently arise between a proprietor who has become qualified and the Court. I will not dilate upon this. The difficulties of the situation which is going to be created may be easily foreseen, and I would earnestly request the Council to consider the propriety of this new provision in the law relating to the Court of Wards which must be a misnomer if it is to have jurisdiction even where there is no ward or disqualified proprietor for the Court to retain charge of his estate."

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare said:—"I would ask Hon'ble Members of this Council to recollect what I said when I moved for leave for the consideration of the provisions of this Bill. The Hon'ble Member has said that this is entirely a new provision. In that I beg to differ from him and to point out that it is only partially a new provision. It is an extension of the law as it now stands. At present when a man is inextricably involved in difficulties he can come to the Court and say 'I am quite incompetent to manage this estate', and then if it is taken up by the Court it can be retained by the Court until such time as the debts have been paid off. We propose now to extend the same provision to other proprietors. The Hon'ble Member seems to imagine that the question of retention or release of

an estate would be considered and decided when the new proprietor possibly becomes qualified or ceases to be disqualified. It is nothing of the kind. The question is practically considered and decided at the time when the estate first comes under the management of the Court of Wards. It is then that the Court of Wards have to decide whether they intend to take the estate and endeavour to redeem it, or whether they will stand aside and allow things to take their course. At that time they have to decide whether or not they can raise the necessary funds at a lower rate of interest than is already current on the debts due by the estate and whether by good management they can hope to redeem the estate. Whether they can do so or not depends upon what they can obtain in the way of a loan. The terms of a loan, as we all perfectly well know, depend entirely upon the security. If the security is good a loan will be given on easy terms; if the security is bad the Court will perhaps get no loan at all, or if it does obtain one it will be on onerous terms. Whatever risk there is must be paid for and it is therefore at the time when the estate is taken up that it would be decided for all practical purposes whether or not the estate is to be retained after the proprietor ceases to be disqualified. I therefore oppose this motion as powerfully as I can."

The motion was then put and lost.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar also moved that in section 13A in clause 4 of the Bill, the words and expression "with the consent of the proprietor at the time" be introduced after the words and expression "the Court may either withdraw from the charge of such property or."

He said:—"The object of this amendment is plain enough. I yet regret that my main amendment for the omission of this section has been lost; but let us at all events minimise the effect of this dangerous section. If the Government is determined to prolong the period of its control even beyond the period of disqualification of a proprietor, let it do so at least with the consent of such proprietor. If the proprietor has become qualified to manage his property, what business is it of the Government still to stick to its management against his wishes? It is said that it might be to the advantage of the proprietor to do so; but I fail to understand why the Government should waste its generosity when it is no longer appreciated. Can the Government extend this generosity *ad infinitum*? If not why should it try to do so at all? I have already pointed out that such a step will lead to many complications, and there is every chance of the intention of the Government being misunderstood in many cases, particularly when the proprietor is able and desirous of taking over the property under his own management. Management by a Court of Wards is not altogether an inexpensive matter, and I think it is by no means desirable to interfere with the claims and wishes of the proprietors themselves. Certainly it is desirable to be just before being generous."

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare said:—"I think the Hon'ble Members who have just heard the remarks I have made will see clearly that it is absolutely impossible to accept this amendment. The Court has to give to a creditor who wishes to advance money to the Court a promise that it will retain the estate in order to enable the estate to be redeemed. If the Court has given the promise to him that it will retain the estate it must retain the estate. To give the successor of the disqualified proprietor an opportunity of coming in as soon as he comes of age and the disqualification ceases is to take the power out of the Court altogether and nullify the whole section."

The motion was then put and lost.

The Hon'ble Babu Jogendra Nath Mukerjee moved that in section 13A in clause 4 of the Bill, for the words "as the Court considers necessary to be discharged," the words "as the Court may have incurred for the benefit of the ward during his minority by taking advances from Trust Funds in the hands or under the supervision of Government", be substituted.

He said:—"My reason for placing this amendment for consideration before the Council is this: Section 6 of the Act provides for disqualification of proprietors and it has been already submitted by my Hon'ble friend Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar that, apart from the question of disqualification, if the Court wishes to prolong its management in order to discharge certain debts, it may do so with the consent of the proprietor. If the proprietor is willing that the Court

should manage his affairs after he attains majority, the case to my mind is provided for by sub-section (e) of section 6, which deals with persons as to whom the Local Government has declared on their own application, that they are disqualified. If therefore the proprietor wishes that the Court should manage his affairs the Court can do it under this sub-section (e), section 6; but what justification can the Court have to retain the management when the proprietor himself is unwilling that the Court should retain it. The reasons put forward, as I have understood them, are these: that the Court might obtain loans at a favourable rate of interest if the assurance was given to the creditor that the Court would undertake to repay them. Now this question of loans may refer to two state of things: first, to clear up those debts which were incurred by the proprietor's ancestors before the Court assumed management of the property, and secondly, those which the Court itself incurred for paying off the debts of the disqualified proprietor. As to the antecedent debts no such question arises as whether the Court should obtain loans on favourable terms, but if the Court chooses to obtain loans from outsiders to repay these antecedent loans it can do so only if it can obtain fresh loans on favourable terms. The Court can also incur debts for payment of the loans which may have been incurred by the proprietor or by the proprietor's agent between the time the Court assumes the management and the death of the previous owner only under favourable circumstances as to interest. In respect of such debts, it is stated in the Statement of Objects and Reasons of this Bill that the Trust Funds in the hands of Government or under the supervision of Government might be laid under requisition, and that was the only object to be found stated in that statement regarding the introduction of this section, but in the Bill itself, as it has been pointed out by the Bihar Landholders' Association, there is no reference to Trust Funds at all. Now if the Court takes loans from outsiders and not from Trust Funds, why should there be any necessity for a section like this? The best intentions of the Court might be misunderstood by those very men whom it might seek to protect, and as it has been pointed out by my friend the Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar, any interference of the Court against the wishes of the proprietor, simply for the purpose of paying off his debts may lead to unpleasant consequences. If the loans are obtained from the Trust Funds this amendment provides for the retention of the management of the disqualified proprietor's estate in the hands of the Court, and if only under these circumstances the management was retained, perhaps the possibilities of friction would be reduced to a minimum. The Court does not seek to manage the estates of all proprietors, but it is only in respect of a limited class that the Court steps in, and it seems to me that in a case where the proprietor himself is very unwilling to leave matters in the hands of the Court, after attainment of majority if the Court simply gets loans from outsiders and retains the management of the estate it would not be quite as satisfactory as it would be if the Court had retained the management in the case of loans obtained from Trust Funds alone. The high rate of interest to which reference has been made may be got rid of by obtaining advances from Trust Funds, and when this Fund was pointed to as the Fund from which relief might be obtained, why other sources of credit should be referred to as a ground for the introduction of this section as it stands is not very clear to me. I submit, Sir, that if any provision like that contained in section 13A must be introduced, it must be introduced in connection with section 6 of the Court of Wards Act, and not independently of it. With these remarks I beg to place the amendment before the Council."

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare said:—"I must oppose this amendment. It is not only the case that we shall tap Trust Funds especially, though certainly we hope to get large sums of money occasionally from Trust Funds, as it is one source from which we can obtain money, but all creditors if they are going to give us loans on a reasonable rate of interest will insist on good security. We are acting for the Trust Funds, and of course we won't lend as the Trustees unless the security is good, nor would any creditor acting for himself lend us money unless to security is good, and if the security is otherwise, he would undoubtedly charge a high rate of interest. I therefore must oppose this amendment and consider that it must be rejected. I do not see myself the hardship which is put forward. It seems to me a man must take what he is born to; if he finds that he has got to inherit an estate which is worthless, well if it is worthless he can't get over it; if he finds he is the inheritor of an estate which is in process of being redeemed but that it has got to be kept for a certain time under close management and

he cannot touch it, well he has inherited that. I cannot see that there is any hardship in insisting that the promises which the Court have made and which alone have enabled the Court to take up the estate should be adhered to and that it should not be left to a successor to come in and set them aside and thus frustrate the whole of our intention."

The motion was then put and lost.

Clause 7.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare moved that in clause (a) of section 60B in clause 7 of the Bill, after the word and figures "section 11" the words, figures and letter "or charge of whose property has been retained under section 13A," be inserted.

He said:—"We wish to make quite clear what has always been understood to be the present law that where an estate is taken over in order to pay off the debts, the ward, though he is able to incur debts in regard to any other property which he may have outside the estate, cannot hypothecate any property of the estate. We wish to make this quite clear, and have therefore added these words. It does not alter the law as it now exists."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare also moved that clause (b) of section 60B in clause 7 of the Bill be omitted.

He said:—"It has been pointed out to me by the Hon'ble the Advocate-General that the section as it is entered in the Bill would clash with the provisions of the Bengal Tenancy Act. It is also said that if that provision were retained the Court of Wards would not very often be made a Manager in such case. To that personally I should not be very much opposed. We are not anxious to be Managers, but at the same time I think the argument put forward that it would interfere with the provisions of the Bengal Tenancy Act is sound, and it also appears that the clause itself is unnecessary. It has been decided by the Privy Council, as I understand the decision, that where there are co-owners and a general Manager is put in for the body of co-owners, a fractional owner or co-owner can do anything he likes as regards his own share, but he cannot practically interfere with the management because, so far as his powers of interfering with the management are concerned, they have been superseded by the general Manager who has been appointed by the Civil Court. I have had no occasion myself to find any difficulty arising in the absence of this section, and I accept the proposal which has been strongly advanced by the Hon'ble Advocate-General that it is unnecessary and might therefore be omitted."

The motion was put and agreed to.

Clause 9.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar moved that the following clause be added to section 64A in clause 9 of the Bill, namely:—

'(d) by posting such notice on the Notice Boards in the offices of the Collector and of the Judge of the district in which the place named in the notice is situate.'

He said:—"Your Honour, I beg now to move my last amendment which is also the last in the notice paper. It refers to the publication of notices to creditors. The section provides for these notices being published in the Calcutta Gazette and some newspapers; but gazettes and newspapers are not so largely in circulation in this country as to give sufficient notice to money-lenders. Most of these people, however, frequent law Courts and have their agents to look after their interests in public offices. For notices and citations they look more to the notice board of the Collector and of the Judge than to the bewildering pages of the Gazette and the still more obscure columns of the newspaper. I suppose the Hon'ble Member in charge of the Bill will not have much difficulty in accepting this amendment."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hare moved that the Bill, as settled in Council, be passed.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Council was then adjourned to Saturday, the 10th March, 1906.

CALCUTTA;

L. C. ADAMI,

Secretary to the Council.

*Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,
assembled under the provisions of the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 and 1892.*

THE Council met in the Council Chamber on Saturday, the 10th March, 1906, at 11 A.M.

Present:

The Hon'ble SIR ANDREW FRASER, K.C.S.I., Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, *presiding*.

The Hon'ble MR. L. HARE, C.S.I., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MR. F. A. SLACKE.

The Hon'ble MR. B. L. GUPTA.

The Hon'ble MR. P. O'KINEALY, Advocate-General of Bengal.

The Hon'ble MR. E. W. COLLIN.

The Hon'ble MR. R. W. CARLYLE, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MR. W. A. INGLIS.

The Hon'ble MR. L. P. SHIRRES.

The Hon'ble MR. G. GORDON.

The Hon'ble MR. C. G. H. ALLEN.

The Hon'ble MR. C. F. LARMOUR.

The Hon'ble BABU AMBIKA CHARAN MAZUMDAR.

The Hon'ble MR. J. CHAUDHURI, M.A.

The Hon'ble ASIF KADE SAIYID WASIF ALI MIRZA, of Murshidabad.

The Hon'ble RAJA BAN BEHARI KAPUR, C.S.I.

The Hon'ble BABU JAGENDRA NATH MUKHERJEE, M.A., B.L.

The Hon'ble MR. J. D. NIMMO.

The Hon'ble MR. SYED SHURFUDDIN.

QUESTION AND ANSWER.

THE GORAI BRIDGE ON THE EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

The Hon'ble BABU AMBIKA CHARAN MAZUMDAR asked:—

(a) Is the Government aware that the open span of the Gorai Bridge on the Eastern Bengal State Railway is going to be reduced by bunding up a portion of the river on both sides? And will the Government be pleased to inquire if this is not likely to still further interfere with the water passage of the bridge and thereby materially affect the water-supply and the sanitation of the vast tract of country watered by this important channel?

(b) Will the Government be further pleased to inquire whether the Eastern Bengal State Railway is not responsible for the deterioration of such rivers as the Kumar, the Gorai, the Kaliganga and the Chandana, and whether it is either safe or desirable to permit any further interference with the natural course of any of these rivers in the interest of both water-supply as well as of sanitation of the country traversed by them?

The Hon'ble MR. INGLIS replied:—

“(a) It is the case that the land spans in the approach viaduct to the Gorai Bridge on the Eastern Bengal State Railway are being filled up. This Government was consulted, and it was found on inquiry that there was no objection to the measure which will have no appreciable effect on the capacity of the bridge to pass the flood discharge of the river.

“(b) There is no reason to suppose that the Eastern Bengal State Railway has been in any way responsible for the deterioration of the rivers mentioned.”

THE BENGAL LAND REGISTRATION (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1905.

The Hon'ble MR. HARE moved that the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Land Registration Act, 1876, be taken into consideration.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble MR. HARE also moved that the clauses of the Bill be considered in the form recommended by the Select Committee.

Clause 2.

The Hon'ble BABU AMBIKA CHARAN MAZUMDAR moved that the following be inserted after sub-clause (1) in clause 2 of the Bill, namely:—

“(1a) After clause (3) of the same section the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“(3a) ‘interest’ means and includes interest in an estate, or share of an estate or in any mauza or land within such estate for which a separate revenue may be payable to Government.”

He said:—“It is a well-known fact that there is a large class of transfers in this country which refer neither to entire estates, nor to any specified share thereof; but which relate only to certain specified mauzas or kismats and sometimes merely to specific blocks of land included in such estate. These transfers are commonly called *khanda khariid*. The transferees in such cases pay their quota of the revenues to the Collector either with reference to the quinquennial papers, which sometimes gives the revenue assessed upon each mauza, or by private arrangement with other co-sharers. There is nothing objectionable in these transfers, and they have been always recognized by the Courts as conferring valid proprietary interests in such purchasers. But their position under the Land Registration Act has always been a difficult if not an anomalous one. Seldom if ever these purchasers are admitted to registration of their names under the Act, and thus their position in relation to their tenants is rendered an extremely embarrassing one. Section 38 of the Act refers to the initial registration, while section 42 deals with substituted registration upon transfers. But these sections refer to proprietors having any interest in an estate, while

section 52, which provides for the inquiries to be held by the Collector, also speaks of such *interests* being the subject matter of the Collector's investigation. Unfortunately, however, the word 'interest' is nowhere defined in the Act. This omission has given rise to the difficulty in case of transfers other than those of entire estates or shares of estates to which I have drawn the attention of the Hon'ble Members. In 1890 the Board of Revenue issued a circular which practically precluded Collectors from recognising this class of transfers, and although a recent letter of the Board addressed to the Commissioner of the Presidency Division (No. 273A., dated the 7th June, 1898) seems to express a contrary opinion, the position of the transferees in such cases has not yet been cleared up, and in most places it continues to be as unsatisfactory as ever. Then it will be noticed that section 78 of the Act precludes all proprietors of estate from recovering rents from their tenants unless their names are registered under the Act. Thus the unfortunate purchasers of whom I am speaking are placed between two difficulties for neither of which they are responsible. The Collector finds himself unable to record their names, while the tenants are allowed to withhold their rents because their names are not registered by the Collector. This to my mind seems to be extremely unsatisfactory; and now that the Act has been allowed a much longer lease of life than usual, I hope the present opportunity will not be allowed to pass without some authoritative pronouncement being made to remedy this state of things. Either the scope of sections 38 and 42 should be widened by clearly defining the word 'interest' so as to include the cases of transfer to which reference has been made, or the operation of section 78 ought to be limited only to cases of proprietors of entire estates or specific shares of estates who are eligible for registration under the Act. I think a proper definition of the word 'interest' would remedy the evil complained of."

The Hon'ble MR. HARE said:—"I would oppose this amendment. The intention is to widen the scope of the Act, as I understand it. No reasons were given to us before the present moment as to why this amendment should be introduced, but I now understand from the speech I have just heard that the intention of the Hon'ble Member is to widen the scope of the Act. I wish, however, to point out that so far from widening the scope of the Act he narrows it. I understand it is a rule of interpretation of all Acts that when you specify certain things as being included in a definition, you by implication exclude things which you do not specify. Now by mentioning estates which pay revenue to Government he excludes the estates which do not pay revenue to Government. As to estates which do not pay revenue to Government, you can have an interest in them, and under the Act at present such interests are recorded; but if we accepted this interpretation clause which is now proposed, you would exclude all those and the whole of the registers which we now keep, running into thousands of volumes and millions of interests would no longer be registered. I do not see that there is any necessity whatever for defining the word 'interest.' We have a definition of extent of interest which by implication gives a definition which is full and sufficient in my opinion. Clause 3 of section 2 of the Act as it now stands says:—"Extent of interest" means the share of interest in an estate or revenue-free property of which the person with respect to whom the words are used is in possession as proprietor or manager." That includes estates which are revenue-paying and revenue-free properties also. The present definition would be less wide and less complete. I must, therefore, oppose this amendment, which I think answers no purpose whatever."

The motion was then put and lost.

The Hon'ble MR. HARE moved that in head (b) of sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the Bill for the word "notified" the words "adopted by notification," be substituted.

He said:—"This is merely a verbal amendment in clause 2 of the Bill. I wish to alter the word 'notified' into 'adopted by notification.' It has been pointed out that possibly the word 'notified' may be read to mean that at the time of making a survey a notification is issued to the effect that it is intended that the survey shall define mauzas, but that was not the wish or

meaning. Many of the surveys which we shall now adopt as defining mauzas have already been made. The idea is to have a very clear and distinct boundary recorded of each mauza. The land-revenue survey was by units of mauzas and mauzas were defined in that survey. In the new surveys which we make in accordance with the record-of-rights we follow almost entirely the old revenue survey as regards boundaries, but here and there it is accepted as convenient where rivers have altered or boundaries have changed and for other reasons, to make a slight modification. We wish that those slight modifications should from the time of such surveys be adopted as defining the boundaries of mauzas. We therefore wish to adopt the words 'adopted by notification' so as to give us power to accept those surveys which have already been made as well as to accept any surveys which may be made in the future. I do not think the amendment requires any further explanation."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble BABU AMBIKA CHARAN MAZUMDAR moved that in the definition of the word "mauza" in sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the Bill, after the words "declare to constitute a mauza," the following words and expression be added "and includes every kismut, village, hamlet or tola or other subdivision of a mauza by whatever name such sub-division may be known in any district."

He said:—"My object in moving this amendment is this: The word "mauza" has been sought to be satisfactorily defined by this Bill, and it is said that wherever there is any local area which is not yet known by the name of any mauza, the Collector may, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, by general or special order, declare such area to constitute a mauza. It seems to me that the wording of the old Act was wider and simpler, namely, that the word 'mauza' includes 'every kismut, village, hamlet or tola or other sub-division of a mauza by whatever name such sub-division may be known in any district.' All that I wish is that in the definition which we have now got 'may be retained the words I have quoted so as to make it more comprehensive and useful so long as a particular area may not be declared by the Collector to be a mauza. That is my object, and I submit it would be more comprehensive and it would not be at all a disadvantage to have it."

The Hon'ble Mr. HARE said:—"I must oppose this amendment. I think it proceeds from misunderstanding to some extent of our intention. It is suggested that in the definition of the word 'mauza' in sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the Bill, after the words 'declare to constitute a mauza' the words 'and includes every kismut, village, hamlet or tola or other sub-division of a mauza by whatever name such sub-division may be known in any district' be added. The word 'include' may mean that everything which is situated on the block which is called a mauza is part of that mauza. If that is what is meant, no words are necessary to explain that meaning; but if, on the other hand, by 'includes' he means that a kismut, village, hamlet or tola is to be synonymous with mauza and express the same thing as mauza, surely that would be very inconvenient and it is not true. A mauza is a defined area laid down by a scientific survey or laid down arbitrarily where there has been no scientific survey, by the Collector, but it is in all cases absolutely definite, and I imagine that if a Collector were laying down boundaries of his own free will, he would make some sort of a record of what he did; but in the case of a kismut, village, hamlet or tola, the expression is very indefinite. If you ask people in a village, they will say it means these houses or blocks of houses; but as to how far the land outside those houses it includes no two persons would agree. To say that a person has got four annas in the land of a kismut when the outside area is not defined or not capable of being laid down scientifically, accurately or precisely is to record something extremely indefinite and of very little value to anybody. I therefore oppose this, because I consider in no case would the addition be at all useful or convenient."

The motion was then put and lost.

Clause 11.

The Hon'ble BABU AMBIKA CHARAN MAZUMDAR also moved that in clause 11 of the Bill, after the proviso, the following be added, namely:—

Explanation.—The term 'fee-simple waste-land lot' means plots of land commonly known by that name in the Darjeeling district."

He said:—"That expression has been for the first time used in connection with the Land Registration Act. The Select Committee in declining to define it have said that the term 'fee-simple waste-land lot' denotes only certain plots of land chiefly in the Darjeeling district; and as they are generally known by this title, it is not necessary to insert any definition thereof. I think upon their statement I am entitled to ask the Council to accept my explanation."

The Hon'ble MR. HARE said:—"I am advised that the proposed amendment is unnecessary. The Select Committee considered it unnecessary to make any such explanation or addition to the Bill. The term 'fee-simple waste-land lot' is a term which is expressed upon the deeds, which convey these blocks of land to their holders. It is not expressed in other cases, and I do not think there will be any difficulty whatever in knowing what is intended by the term."

The motion was then put and lost.

Clause 12.

The Hon'ble BABU AMBIKA CHARAN MAZUMDAR also moved that clause 12 of the Bill be omitted.

He said:—"The last point to which I have an amendment to lay before the Council is as to clause 12 of the Bill. My submission is that this clause be omitted. It is intended by this clause to levy a fee of Rs. 2 upon applications for opening separate accounts. As a justification for this imposition it is urged that similar applications under the Revenue Act are also charged with a fee. In my humble opinion the argument should be reversed. It should not be used for adding another imposition, but, on the contrary, as there is no such fee charged in the case of opening out of separate accounts under the Land Registration Act, there ought to be none under the Bengal Land-revenue Sales Act. It is not suggested that a separate establishment is required for the purpose, and I do not understand why we should impose a tax upon such applications, however small it may be. I submit that land is very heavily taxed in this country. A man purchases a property and pays a heavy stamp duty; then when he gets his name registered he pays the usual court-fees and so forth. It is not a small amount, and if at every step we tax the land, it would only increase the hardship and burden of landowners, however small each charge may be. I do not think therefore that we ought to impose this additional fee of Rs. 2."

The Hon'ble MR. HARE said:—"I ought to explain that the original amendment was intended to include certain separation of accounts which were not formerly included. I think there is no special reason why the separation of accounts made under the Bengal Land Revenue Sales Act should have been excluded. Fees were charged in the other two cases, where separations of account happened under the Land Registration Act. It seems desirable to keep all the separations of account on the same footing. We have considered this matter in the Select Committee, and we thought instead of the complicated calculations which had to be made in the case of a fee separation account under the Registration Act, it would be simpler to have a uniform fee of Rs. 2 in all cases. The fee does not seem very heavy. Nobody need apply for the separation of account if they do not wish to. It is intended for their benefit, and it does not seem unreasonable that they should pay for it. They have been paying this fee for the last 20 or 30 years. I think they might now pay in all cases uniformly, and that the fee is not an unreasonable one."

The motion was then put and lost.

The Hon'ble MR. HARR moved that the Bill, as settled in Council, be passed.

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE BENGAL DISORDERLY HOUSES BILL, 1905.

The Hon'ble MR. GORDON moved that the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to provide for the discontinuance of brothels and disorderly houses in certain localities in Bengal, be taken into consideration.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble MR. GORDON also moved that the clauses of the Bill be considered in the form recommended by the Select Committee.

Clause 2.

The Hon'ble BABU AMBIKA CHARAN MAZUMDAR moved that in sub-clause (1)(a) of clause 2 of the Bill, the words "or of any place of public worship" be introduced after the word "students."

He said :—"The amendment which I propose speaks for itself, and I do not think I need say much to commend it to the acceptance of the Hon'ble Members. Doubtless there are obvious difficulties in extending the provisions of this measure to fairs and markets, but it seems to me that there are at least as good grounds for safeguarding the places of public worship as the educational institutions, and I should ask the Council to accept this amendment with a view to protect churches, mosques and temples from all disturbances and annoyances of dirty environments."

The Hon'ble MR. GORDON said :—"The proposal of the Hon'ble Member is not a new one. When the provisions of the proposed Bill were circulated for criticism, a suggestion was received that they should be extended to all places of public resort, such as places of worship, bathing ghâts, reading-rooms, etc. It was, however, pointed out that this would practically amount to restricting prostitutes to certain defined quarters of the town, and all that I think necessary to say now is that to include places of public worship would be to extend the Act far beyond the limits originally contemplated by the framers of it, and to introduce into it a new principle which has neither been submitted for general criticism nor has been approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council. All that at present we desire to do is to protect our students and soldiers from contamination, and our respectable citizens from annoyance, and the question of interfering with the liberty of the people in places of public resorts involves considerations of a far wider scope than can be dealt with in the present discussion. I must therefore oppose the amendment."

The motion was then put and lost.

The Hon'ble BABU JUGENDRA NATH MUKHERJEE moved that in sub-clause (1)(a) of clause 2 of the Bill, for the words "disorderly persons of any description" the words "dissolute and debauched persons," be substituted.

He said :—"I would invite the attention of the Hon'ble Members to the following facts in connection with the Bill as it now stands.

"The Bill does not lay down any procedure, or make any statement as to the manner in which a Magistrate taking action under its provisions is to satisfy himself. He may or may not record any evidence. He may or may not record even any proceeding. The only thing, or I might say two things, he need do in writing is to issue a summons and to pass the final order. There is no provision for an appeal from that order. In this state of things it is absolutely necessary that the aim and scope of the Bill should be clearly conceived by the Legislature and then expressed in language as clear as possible.

"I would submit to Hon'ble Members that so far as the main principle of the Bill is concerned and in so far as it aims at removing brothels and

drinking-houses, where persons of an objectionable character assemble from the neighbourhood of educational institutions, boarding-houses and the like, every one, I may presume, has the fullest sympathy with it, and I would venture to express my thankfulness to Your Honour's Government for having introduced the present Bill.

"But apart from the matter of removal of brothels and drinking-houses from a certain neighbourhood, has the Bill set before itself any other objective? That is a question which appears to me very much like a riddle. And the riddle seems to be contained in the words 'disorderly persons of any description.'

"What classes of persons are meant by those words? We have no means of discovering them, and the Report of the Select Committee tells us 'something must be left to the discretion and common sense of the Magistrate.'

"But I may say the Bill has not left 'something to the discretion and common sense of the Magistrate, but in fact everything.' If the words of the amendment I am going to propose be accepted, 'something' will necessarily be left to the Magistrate's discretion and common sense. It will tax his discretion to a degree in drawing the line between who may be classed as 'dissolute and debauched' and those just outside that limit, as it does in all cases when abstract principles have to be applied to concrete forms.

"Now, Sir, in the present instance the matter has been left in so much doubt and uncertainty that even District Magistrates and Divisional Commissioners have suggested that light may be thrown on it, so that they may know which way to proceed. These are the very persons who, I may say, will have to apply the law in practice.

"It seems to me that the words which are to be found in this Bill, are reproduced from section 43 of the Calcutta Police Act, but without the safeguards that are to be found in it. That section runs thus:—'On proof to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Police or of a Magistrate, that a house is used as a common brothel, or lodging-house for prostitutes or disorderly persons of any description.' The important words 'on proof' to be found in the Police Act are wanting in this Bill. As I have already submitted, it is not indicated in what way the Magistrate is to satisfy himself. So that here we have an important measure and the very ground on which the Magistrate is to base his decision is not indicated. The words in the Police Act 'a house which is used as a lodging-house for disorderly persons of any description' have a more definite and specific meaning than the words which are used in the present Bill. In the present Bill these words have been used in a detached sort of way, and it would be a house that is used not as a lodging-house but a house that is used by disorderly persons of any description whatever. So that I may venture to point out that there is a vast difference between the words 'disorderly persons of any description whatever' to be found in section 43 of the Calcutta Police Act and the way in which the words have been introduced in the present Bill. In order to realise the meaning of this phrase and to ascertain the doubts it might give rise to, I have consulted the Century Dictionary, and instead of elucidating the matter it seems to me that the matter becomes worse and worse confounded by using them in that particular manner.

"Disorderly" is defined in the Century Dictionary as follows:—

'Lawless; violating or disposed to violate *law* and *good order*, or the restraints of morality: specifically, so conducted as to be a nuisance; *disreputable* as a "disorderly house." In criminal law disorderly is a technical term which by statute covers a variety of offences *'against the public peace, order, morals, or safety'*.

"In using particular words in a Act we must take into consideration how the public will interpret them and how Magistrates who will have to apply the Act in practice would interpret them, because the only means by which they can discover the meaning of an Act is to consult the words themselves. If it is intended by this Act that only a certain class of persons should be prohibited from residing in a certain locality, let that be expressed in as clear terms as possible, and let it not give rise to complications hereafter, and those complications may be of a very serious character. As I have already submitted to

Hon'ble Members, there is no procedure laid down, there is no appeal, there is no record of evidence, and I would here point out that the Bar Association of Comilla suggested that, in the first place, a preliminary notice should issue to show cause why proceedings should not be taken against the person charged, then evidence recorded and then an order is finally passed and a right of appeal should be given. The Select Committee, however, have not taken the course suggested by them. The evident meaning is that the Select Committee did not like, at any rate, to make the matter more complex, but I venture to submit that if the procedure has been shortened, it is absolutely necessary that the aim and scope of the Bill should be defined in clearer terms than has been done. A strong body of opinion exists as to the particular phrase to be found in this Bill, and Divisional Commissioners and several District Magistrates have asked that the matter be placed beyond doubt by giving particulars. So that in the present state of things I would submit that it would be far better if the words contained in the amendment which stands in my name were adopted. The words are not mine, and, as it has been pointed out by the Bengal Landholders' Association, they were used by an eminent Judge of England, Justice Hawkins, in the Criminal Law Amendment Act, and that being the case they have a further recommendation than anything said by me to achieve. With these words I beg to place the amendment for consideration before the Council."

The Hon'ble BABU AMBIKA CHARAN MAZUMDAR said:—"I support the amendment of my hon'ble friend Babu Jogendra Nath Mukerjee. The expression 'disorderly persons of any description' is very vague and is so wide as almost to bear an appearance of suspicion. Supposing there is a Music Hall, or a Theatre, or a Temple where it is customary to have certain kinds of ceremonies performed almost every evening. It may be the opinion of some people that these are disorderly things. Is it or is it not the object of the Legislative to make their intention clear and intelligible? If it is, then, I submit, the words suggested by the amendment should be accepted, and I fully support the amendment of my friend that instead of the words 'by disorderly persons of any description' the words 'dissolute and debauched persons' be substituted."

The Hon'ble MR. CHAUDHURI said:—"I support the Hon'ble Babu Jogendra Nath Mukerjee so far as this amendment is concerned. I need only mention that there cannot be any doubt as to the meaning of the expression 'disorderly houses' as used in this Bill, because it comes after the expression 'brothels' and, therefore, it must be taken to belong to the same order as brothels. But still, as has been pointed out by my hon'ble friend, the expression 'dissolute and debauched' is an expression well known in English law, and it will help our Magistrates in the interpretation of the section if we substitute that expression for the one that now stands before the word 'person.' I therefore beg to support the amendment."

The Hon'ble MR. GORDON said:—"The Hon'ble Member who has brought forward this amendment has relieved me from a very considerable amount of responsibility, because he has contented himself with pointing out that certain Divisional Commissioners, Magistrates and others are not able to understand the meaning of the words 'disorderly persons of any description.' If he had gone farther and pointed out what would have been a more intelligible expression, such as the Commissioners, Magistrates and others would have been able to understand, then he might have given us some assistance, but I shall proceed to show that the words 'dissolute and debauched' which he wishes to substitute are much more vague than the words we are using and which were taken from a series of English enactments extending over a very considerable period. He has told us that the words which he has quoted were used by the eminent Mr. Justice Hawkins in a speech upon the amendment of the Criminal Law. That may or may not be so. I am not aware of that. All I do know is that the words were suggested to us by the Bengal Landholders' Association, who said they took them from a book entitled 'Hawkins' Pleas of the Crown' published in the year 1824. It is not now very easily obtainable, and probably the Bengal Landholders' Association have never seen it."

"It is not clear why the substitution of the words 'dissolute and debauched persons' is desired. It is not suggested that they are to be found in any enactment recited in the book which I have mentioned or elsewhere. They are merely contained in some observations on the law relating to disorderly houses where the author points out that the object of the law is for the preservation of peace and for the prevention of dissolute and debauched persons gathering together to disturb it.

"The objection to the use of such words in an enactment of the Legislature may be briefly summed up as follows. The words 'dissolute' and 'debauched' are both of exceedingly vague signification, and it would be practically impossible for a Magistrate to hold that any particular person could be characterised as either the one or the other.

"On the other hand, disorder connotes definite conduct of which evidence can be offered in a Court of Law, and while no witness could testify to a person being dissolute or debauched except by inference, the proof of his having acted in a disorderly manner would be easy.

"That the word 'disorderly' comprises all that is meant by dissoluteness or debauchery is apparent from the definition to be found in another dictionary to which I have referred, where it will be seen that disorderly in a legal sense is 'offensive to good manners and public decency; notoriously offensive as a disorderly house.'

"The word 'dissolute, on the other hand' is defined as 'loose in morals and conduct; recklessly abandoned to sensual pleasures, profligate, wanton, lewd, debauched. The word 'debauched' is defined as dissolute and dissipated,

"It will thus be seen that while an author of a commentary on law may, for the purpose of illustration, use such words as dissolute, debauched, immoral, vicious, lewd, it by no means follows that he intends to suggest that they would be more appropriate in the text of an Act. I submit therefore that the present words are both in a legal as well as in a popular sense more suitable than those of the amendment."

The motion was then put and lost.

The Hon'ble BABU JOGENDRA NATH MUKHERJEE also moved that in sub-clause (1) (a) of clause 2 of the Bill, for the words "by disorderly persons of any description" the words "as a disorderly house," be substituted.

He said:—"So far as I can see there is some covert meaning in the words 'disorderly persons of any description.' There cannot be any possible objection to the alternative proposed by me. We have seen that Magistrates and Judges have interpreted the prefix in a way which is not commendable to the public. So here any Magistrate who may have some reason of his own may interpret the words 'disorderly persons of any description' as person who are not orderly. We have nothing to suggest that he is prevented from coming to that conclusion, otherwise why should there be a definition in the Statement of Objects and Reasons which is a Bill to provide for the discontinuance of brothels and disorderly houses in certain localities in Bengal? But between the two I submit that the phrase 'disorderly house' has acquired a more specific sense than the phrase 'disorderly persons of any description,' and one Commissioner of a Division has actually suggested that the phrase 'disorderly house' be substituted, or rather it would be preferable to have those words in place of the words 'disorderly persons of any description' So that if any Hon'ble Member thinks of opposing this amendment one would like to know what classes of persons are meant by 'disorderly persons of any description' beyond what can be conveyed by the phrase 'as a disorderly house.' There must be two answers: either there is a class of indeterminate persons who cannot be called up for the present before us, and whose position cannot be examined, or it must be said that we mean to say that any person who does not strictly come within the signification of the phrase 'disorderly house'; there are others, but who those others are we won't say. Surely that is not a very justifiable position. With these remarks I beg to place my amendment before the Council."

The Hon'ble MR. GORDON said:—"I have no particular objection to the amendment except that it seems to me to be entirely unnecessary. The words

which are used in the Act have been taken, as already pointed out by the Hon'ble Member, from the Police Act, and it seems to me that they are more variable than the words he proposes to use. I would prefer therefore to keep the words as they are."

The motion being put, the Council divided as follows:—

Ayes 5.

Noes 12.

The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar.
The Hon'ble Mr. Chaudhuri.
The Hon'ble Raja Ban Behari Kapur.
The Hon'ble Babu Jogendra Nath Mukerjee.
The Hon'ble Mr Syed Shurfuddin.

The Hon'ble Mr. Slacks.
The Hon'ble Mr. Gupta.
The Hon'ble Mr. O'Kinealy.
The Hon'ble Mr Collin.
The Hon'ble Mr. Carlyle.
The Hon'ble Mr. Inglis.
The Hon'ble Mr. Shirres
The Hon'ble Mr Gordon.
The Hon'ble Mr. Allen.
The Hon'ble Mr. Larmour.
The Hon'ble Asif Kadr Sayid Wasif
Ali Mirza, of Murshidabad
The Hon'ble Mr Nimmo

So the amendment was lost.

The Hon'ble MR. GORDON moved that in sub-clause (1) of clause 2 of the Bill the words "or, if the Magistrate deems fit, to vacate such house," be omitted.

He said:—"These words were an addition introduced by the Select Committee, and involving as they did a question of principle were referred to the Government of India for approval. His Excellency the Governor General in Council considers that the provision is exceedingly drastic, and goes further than any enactment of which he is aware. He further points out that the consequences of such a provision do not seem to have been considered. There is no definite time stated during which the house is to remain vacant, and it is not clear that the position would be as between a lessor and a lessee, or whether new leases could be granted before such a prohibition was withdrawn. The Government of India consider that such a law might press hardly upon an innocent tenant, and suggest that it may be withdrawn. I beg therefore to move the withdrawal of the words above quoted."

The motion was put and agreed to

The Hon'ble BABU AMBIKA CHARAN MAZUMDAR moved that the following proviso be added after proviso (ii) to sub-clause (1) of clause 2, namely:—

"or (iii) on the report of the Commissioners of the Municipality concerned"

He said:—"The next amendment which stands against my name refers to the proviso to clause (2) of the Bill. As a safeguard against all malicious and harassing prosecutions it has been very properly provided that no action shall be taken under this section except with the sanction of the District Magistrate, or on the complaint of three or more neighbouring residents. This is all very good, but any one conversant with these nuisances in a mufassal town must know that it may often be difficult to find three persons to complain against such nuisances, although there may be a couple of respectable neighbours who may be seriously suffering from them. To my mind there is a legally constituted agency which is directly interested in controlling these disorderly houses, and if the salutary provisions of the law are to have any effect they ought not to be ignored in the matter. This agency is the Municipal Corporation of each town. It is the Municipal Commissioners, more than any number of their ratepayers, that ought to be vested with the right of moving the legal machinery in such cases. Their initiation would carry with it the further guarantee that the prosecution has been maturely considered, and that it is not the outcome of malice or of any private grudge. Indeed I once thought of moving that the second proviso might be taken out, and the amend-

ment which I have to move be substituted in its place. But upon further consideration I have come to the conclusion that a second string is always very useful, so both the proposals might be retained."

The Hon'ble Mr. CHAUDHURI said :—"I entirely support my hon'ble friend Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar with regard to this amendment and I do not see what possible objection there can be to it. Since power is given to three respectable neighbours to complain, it is much safer to confer the same power on the Municipal Commissioners. When private individuals are agreed as to such nuisances, clause 2 (1) proviso (ii) will enable them to move the Magistrate with regard to the removal of such nuisances. Although the scope of the present Bill is limited to Municipal towns, yet power is taken under it by the Local Government to extend its operation to non-municipal areas. When this is done, action may have to be taken at the instance of three or more private individuals. But in municipal towns private individuals may not care to figure as complainants, but they will prefer immensely more to draw the attention of a Municipal Commissioner to the nuisance, and the latter may consult his colleagues and move in the matter in the official capacity. The Municipal Commissioners are also sure to inquire before taking action, and this would minimise the chances of frivolous applications. The amendment will thus safeguard public interests and at the same time the interests of private individuals. I therefore commend its acceptance by the Council."

The Hon'ble Mr. GORDON said :—"There is no very serious objection to his amendment, though I have been unable to understand what the nature of the safeguard, of which the Hon'ble Member who has just sat down, has spoken. He says it would be far safer if the Commissioners of the Municipality are allowed to complain to the Magistrate and the Magistrate takes action under this Act. How that can safeguard the interests of anybody it is not very easy for me to understand.

"This amendment raises a new question which is practically one of procedure only. It is not very clear why the Commissioners of a municipality should wish to take action against the occupiers of any particular house unless there was some complaint by the persons resident in the locality or if they wish to object on the ground that the house is a danger to the educational institutions or cantonment why they cannot apply for the sanction of the District Magistrate. The amendment seems to me to be superfluous and I must therefore oppose it,"

The Hon'ble BABU AMBIKA CHARAN MAZUMDAR said :—"With Your Honour's permission I beg to say a few words in reply. I do not understand what possible objection there can be in accepting this amendment. The Hon'ble Member in charge of this Bill says he has no particular objection, but he thinks it is not necessary and he fails to understand how the proposed amendment could safeguard the interest of anybody. May I ask why it has been thought necessary to provide for the sanction of the Magistrate or to invite three of the ratepayers of the Municipality to complain? They may not be even ratepayers. It is obviously intended to safeguard against malicious prosecutions, and therefore there are two things provided, namely, that a prosecution should be instituted only with the permission of the Magistrate or upon the complaint of at least three individuals. That gives some guarantee, but I say let us have a much better guarantee. Why three persons only, let us have the Municipality itself to complain in such cases. Private persons may have private reasons for lodging or withholding a complaint which would not exist in the case of Municipal Commissioners. If there is no safeguard in giving the power to the Municipal Commissioners, there is absolutely none in giving it to three private individuals. I think this amendment ought to be accepted, not simply in the interests of the prosecution itself, but also to ensure the proper working of the Act, otherwise the law may remain a dead letter. I hope the Council will see its way to accept the amendment."

The motion being put, the Council divides as follows:—

Ayes 13.

Noes 4.

The Hon'ble Mr. Slacke.
The Hon'ble Mr. Gupta.
The Hon'ble Mr. Collin.
The Hon'ble Mr. Carlyle.
The Hon'ble Mr. Allen.
The Hon'ble Mr. Larmour.
The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan
Mazumdar.
The Hon'ble Mr. Chaudhuri.
The Hon'ble Asif Kadr Saiyid Wasif
Ali Mirza, of Murshidabad.
The Hon'ble Raja Ban Behari Kapur.
The Hon'ble Babu Jogendra Nath
Mukherjee.
The Hon'ble Mr. Nimmo.
The Hon'ble Mr. Syed Shurfuddin.

The Hon'ble Mr. O'Kinealy.
The Hon'ble Mr. Inglis.
The Hon'ble Mr. Shirree.
The Hon'ble Mr. Gordon.

So the amendment was carried.

The Hon'ble BABU JOGENDRA NATH MUKHERJEE moved that after proviso (ii) to sub-clause (1) of clause 2 of the Bill, the following clause be added, namely:—

“Where the owner of such house does not reside on the premises thereof, the summons on him as hereinbefore prescribed shall direct him to appear in person or by agent.”

He said:—“I am not certain that I have expressed very clearly what I mean, and with Your Honour's permission I would prefer to alter my amendment as follows:—

‘Where the owner of such house does not reside on the premises thereof, the summons on him as hereinbefore prescribed shall give him the option of appearing in person or by agent.’ What I wish to make quite clear is that in the summons an option shall be given to the persons summoned to appear either in person or by agent. This I beg to submit does not introduce any novelty in the Act itself, and where there is an absent landlord who does not know anything about the house, as was pointed out by the Bihar Landholders' Association in the case of the Maharaja of Tikari, who was summoned to appear in person, it is desirable that there should be a provision in the Bill to that effect. It makes it much safer and does not take away anything from the value of the Act itself. I need not say anything more in support of the amendment.”

The Hon'ble MR. GORDON said:—“With regard to this amendment all that it seems necessary to say is that the section follows the procedure laid down in section 204 of the Criminal Procedure Code. That section provides for the issue of summons for the attendance of the accused. Section 205, however, provides that in all cases when a Magistrate issues a summons, he may, if he sees reason so to do, dispense with the personal attendance of the accused and permit him to appear by his pleader. I think it may be said to have been taken for granted by the framers of this Bill that the Magistrate would, in the case of all persons concerned, whether owners, tenants, managers or occupiers, allow them to appear by pleader or agent. It seems to me that in a case of this description it is not so much the personal attendance of the person against whom the information has been laid that is required as the appearance of some one who can show cause why an order should not be made. I am willing to accept the amendment as it stands or add the words ‘either in person or by agent’ after the words ‘appear before him’ in the original clause.”

The Hon'ble BABU JOGENDRA NATH MUKHERJEE said:—“I have no objection to the amendment proposed by the Hon'ble Member, namely, ‘in person or by agent,’ but what led me to suggest the amendment was the following passage in the report of the Select Committee:—

“We have discussed the objections put forward by the Bihar Landholders' Association and others to the inclusion in the Bill of ‘owners’ among those

made liable to be summoned. While fully realizing that in some cases the owner of a house used as a brothel may be totally ignorant of such use, still we cannot lose sight of the fact that in a great many cases the owners are not only cognisant of that use, but intentionally let their houses to prostitutes as a means of profit to themselves. We therefore do not deem it advisable to omit owners' from the category of persons responsible."

"I thought therefore it would be far better if in the case of owners who do not reside on the premises the summons should give them the option of appearing either by an agent or a pleader. But if we are going to extend this to other classes of persons also, it is just as well that it should be so."

The Hon'ble MR. GUPTA said:—"I think it would be better to have the amendment 'in person or by agent' after the words 'appear before him.' A man is not going to be punished even in the case of an offence. The Criminal Procedure Code gives the Magistrate a discretion to allow an accused person to appear in person or by agent. The object of this amendment is to give the accused person the option of appearing in person or by agent, and I think we may give that option in all cases where a summons is served under this Act."

The motion was then put in the amended form and carried.

The Hon'ble MR. GORDON moved that in sub-clause (2) of clause 2 of the Bill the words "or remains unvacated, as the case may be," be omitted.

He said:—"As we omitted the words 'or if the Magistrate deems fit to vacate such house' at the end of sub-clause (1) of clause 2 of the Bill it is necessary that the words 'or remains unvacated, as the case may be' in sub-clause (2) of clause 2 of the Bill should be also omitted.

The motion was put and agreed to.

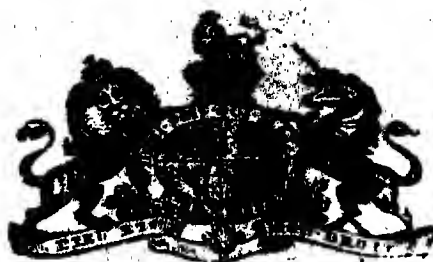
The Hon'ble MR. GORDON also moved that the Bill, as settled in Council, be passed.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Council was then adjourned to Saturday, the 24th March 1906.

CALCUTTA,)
The 13th March, 1906.)

L. C. ADAMI,
Offg. Secretary to the Bengal Council.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21st, 1906.

CONTENTS.

	Page		Page
PART I.—Orders and Notifications by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc. ...	455-550	APPENDIX.—Marine Notifications ...	108-110
PART IA.—Orders and Notifications by the Government of India ...	45-49	SUPPLEMENT No 12:—	
PART IB.—Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal ...	50-65	Report on the Administration of the Revenue Department during the season 1905 ...	461
PART II.—Advertisements ...	515-540	Liberality of Messrs. Lal Mohan Shaha & Co in connection with the Darjeeling Charitable Hospital ...	467
PART III.—Acts of the Bengal Council ...	NB	Liberality of Babu Ram Chandra Thirani in connection with the new Hospital at Kishanganj in the district of Purnea ...	467
PART IV.—Bills of the Bengal Council ...	NB	Statistical Return of crops, Prices-current, Circular and Eastern Canals, Fash Kharif, Monthly of Meteorological Observations, Vital Statistics, Railway Traffic Receipts, &c., &c. ...	468-475
PART IVA.—Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council ...	NB		
PART V.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council assented to by the Governor-General ...	NB		
PART VI.—Bills introduced into the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations or published under Rule 23 ...	NB		

PART I.

and Notifications by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

No. 1846A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

- GENERAL.—No. 1680A.—The 15th March 1906.**—Babu Ajodhya Prasad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Saran, is transferred to Shahabad.
- No. 1689A.—The 16th March 1906.**—Mr. B. R. Mehta, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Meherpur, Nadia, is appointed to act temporarily as Magistrate and Collector of that district, *vice* Mr. R. S. Greenshields, on leave.
- No. 1691A.—The 16th March 1906.**—Mr. W. S. Adie, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Bhagalpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector, Burdwan, *vice* Mr. P. H. O'Brien, about to go on leave.
- No. 1733A.—The 16th March 1906.**—Mr. D. C. Patterson, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Rajmahal, Sonthal Parganas, is transferred temporarily to the head-quarters station of that district.
- No. 1735A.—The 16th March 1906.**—Mr. Samuel Chandra, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sonthal Parganas, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Rajmahal subdivision of that district.
- No. 1757A.—The 17th March 1906.**—Maulvi Mohummud Abdullah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bagerhat, Khulna, is transferred to the head-quarters station of the 24 Parganas district.

pleased to declare that the following shall be the revised areas of the blocks which it was therein declared should continue to be forest blocks in the district of Palaman:—

Blocks which shall continue to be Protected Forests.

Serial number of block.	Name of the block.	Area in acres.	Nam:s of villages from which waste land has been taken to form the block.
1	Betla	1,816.0	(1) Betta, (2) Akhra, (3) Dorami, (4) Munroo.
2	Kochila	311.52	(1) Kochila, (2) Ukamanr and Munroo (north-east portion).
3	Barichatan	5,975.33	(1) Paira, (2) Barwadih, (3) Luhur, (4) Bamandih, (5) Chaturiagar, (6) Patuagar, (7) Marwaikhurd, (8) Saydup, (9) Jargarh, (10) Baridohar, (11) Chippa Dohar, (12) Juruahar, (13) Barichatan and Ukamanr (southern portion).
4	Kerh II	603.97	Kerh II.
5	Muru	276.60	(1) Muru and Labhar (southern portion).
6	Labhar	286.80	Labhar and Muru (northern portion).
7	Khamhi	4,925.56	(1) Bere, (2) Gaseydag, (3) Lat, (4) Harhey, (5) Tanwai, (6) Naurnago, (7) Karamdih, (8) Sirandag, (9) Patradih, (10) Barkheta, (11) Khamhi Khas.
8	Barkole	4,935.94	(1) Binda, (2) Bhandaria.
9	Baresand	1,643.60	(1) Ramseli, (2) Pahar Konoha, (3) Daur Konoha.
10	Netarhat	1,727.40	Netarhat.
11	Rood	785.60	(1) Rood, (2) Champi, (3) Tati, (4) Kanti.
12	Darichapar	2,606.70	(1) Darichapar, (2) Sirum, (3) Salwey, (4) Goindih, (5) Huluk.
13	Bhawarbandha	510.55	Bhawarbandha.
14	Roll	1,511.04	(1) Roll, (2) Patratu, (3) Makundpur, (4) Oreya.
15	Pabilapathal	1,632.97	(1) Pabilapathal, (2) Chapoho, (3) Sarju, (4) Gotag.
16	Amwatikur	981.76	(1) Komoh, (2) Amwatikar, (3) Salodih, (4) Pandapura, (5) Karhuma.
17	Jalta	326.40	(1) Jalta, (2) Rajahar, (3) Manko
18	Zer	324.00	(1) Zer, (2) Beohra.
19	Deobar	3,237.44	(1) Jamuna, (2) Deobur, (3) Bendih, (4) Lawa-gara, (5) Patuki, (6) Kumandi.
20	Siucharan tola	607.60	(1) Siucharan tola, (2) Humamara, (3) Anti-kheta, (4) Semri.
21	Bhatko	520.42	(1) Bhatko, (2) Gua.
22	Kurumkheta	370.13	(1) Kurumkheta.
23	Purnadih	2,138.96	(1) Purnadih, (2) Mundariya, (3) Jamune, (4) Prokhraba Kalan.
24	Goradih	523.20	(1) Goradih Toli
25	Loharsi	558.40	(1) Loharsi, (2) Chahbaohwa, (3) Kallyana, (4) Hesatu.
26	Teldiha	825.76	(1) Teldiha, (2) Balamua.
27	Goindi	906.88	(1) Goindi I, (2) Goindi II, (3) Goindi III, (4) Nakti I, (5) Nakti II, (6) Nakti III, (7) Bandraha.
28	Gasedag	1,465.29	(1) Gasedag, (2) Kasmar, (3) Bahadag.
29	Bunsikhurd	584.00	Bansi.
30	Dhuma	838.88	(1) Dhuma, (2) Sikni.
31	Sarsaidih	826.40	(1) Sarsaidih, (2) Gogda, (3) Tiraundha, (4) Chilhoo.
32	Jagodih	612.84	(1) Jagodih, (2) Angra, (3) Karar Kallan.
33	Morma	532.22	(1) Morma.
	Total	45,230.21	

No. 1506 For.—The 16th March 1906.—Furlough on medical certificate for 24 days is granted to Mr. R. Kirkpatrick, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Singhbhum. attached to the Singhbhum Division, under article 311 of the Civil Service Regulations from the 4th to the 27th January, both days inclusive.

No. 1421 L.R.—The 13th March 1906.—Under section 4 of Act V (B.O.) of 1875, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Babu Khirode Chandra Roy, Sub-Deputy Collector, to be Assistant Superintendent of Survey for the purpose of carrying out a survey of the boundaries of estates Bilbuli, tauzi No. 1154, and Boyerghatta, tauzi No. 1637, in the Basirhat subdivision of the district of the 24-Parganas.

No. 1422 L.R.—The 14th March 1906.—Mr. W. R. Gourlay, i.c.s., Registrar of Co-operative Credit Societies in Bengal, is allowed combined leave for six months, viz., privilege leave for one month and nineteen days under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and furlough for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations, with effect from the 14th April 1906, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1557 L.R.—The 20th March 1906.—Under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, V (B.O.) of 1875, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order that a survey shall be made of the following estates situated within the Dumka, Godda, Deoghur and Jamtara subdivisions in the district of the Sonthal Parganas, and that the boundaries of estates, tenures, mauzas and fields shall be demarcated on the lands so to be surveyed :—

Name of Subdivision.	Name of Estate.	Tauzi No.
Deoghur ...	Rohini ...	27, 28, 29, 30 and 31.
	Banhati ...	10
	Punasi ...	46
	Dhanoria ...	9
	Tangidih ...	8
	Deoghurabad ...	16
Jamtara ...	Pabis ...	558
	Narainpur ...	12
	Sitakata (taluk Pindari) ...	1—15
	Ghat Dumka ...	6
Dumka ...	Karaya ...	15
	Cheptiam ...	20
	Dhadkia ...	23
	Gandrakpur ...	14
	Palma ...	4
	Sikarpur ...	27
	Ashna ...	No. 2 of Birbhum
	Dhunria ...	
	Goalsimla ...	
	Goremala ...	
	Kumrabad ...	
	Porepahar ...	
	Ra. Bahal ...	
	Sirsa ...	
	Saraiya (containing six taluks)—	457 of Bhagalpur Collectorate.
	(1) Mohila ...	
	(2) Mathakeso ...	
	(3) Kakni ...	
	(4) Jhapnia ...	
	(5) Pindeykeso ...	
Godda ...	(6) Tetma ...	
	Lakhanpur ...	21
	Beladabor ...	10
	Sunkara ...	17
	Barkopa ...	481
	Belbathan ...	445 of Bhagalpur Collectorate.
	Kitta Bhadrain (pargana Godda). ...	

No. 1489L.R.—The 16th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Declaration No. 656T.R., dated the 9th May 1905, published at pages 872 and 873, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th idem, as modified by Declaration No. 2279L.R., dated the 18th July 1905, published at page 1307, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 26th idem, for the acquisition of the land required for the quarters of the students of the Veterinary College at Belgachia, in the village of Paikpara, pargana Calcutta, silla 24-Parganas, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1515L.R.—The 13th March 1906.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 109A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885, as amended by Act III (B.C.) of 1898, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the District Judge of Hooghly to be a Special Judge for the purpose of hearing appeals from the decisions of Revenue Officers under sections 105 to 108 (both inclusive) of the said Act.

No. 1516L.R.—The 14th March 1906.—Babu Jyotish Chandra Roy, Sub-Deputy Collector, at present employed as an Assistant Settlement Officer in the district of Midnapore, is allowed privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months, with effect from the 10th March 1906.

No. 1538L.R.—The 20th March 1906.—Under section 4 of the Bengal Survey Act, V (B.C.) of 1875, Mr. H. A. Hardless, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India, is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent of Survey in the district of the Sonthal Parganas, for the survey of the estates mentioned in Notification No. 1537L.R., dated the 20th March 1906.

No. 1541L.R.—The 14th March 1906.—Babu Bhagavati Charan Basu is appointed to be an Assistant Settlement Officer in the districts of Bhagalpur and Purnea. He is authorised, under section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885, as amended by Act III (B.C.) of 1898, to discharge the functions of a Revenue Officer, under the provisions of that Act, so far as they relate to Revenue Officers, for the purposes of a survey and the preparation of a record-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer under Rule 1 Chapter VI of the Rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act.

No. 1542L.R.—The 14th March 1906.—Under section 4 of the Survey Act, V (B.C.) of 1875, Babu Bhagavati Charan Basu is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent of Survey in the districts of Bhagalpur and Purnea.

No. 1543L.R.—The 14th March 1906.—Under section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885, as amended by Act III (B.C.) of 1898, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to authorise Babu Suresh Chandra Chakravarty, Deputy Collector, to discharge the functions of a Revenue Officer in the districts of Bhagalpur and Purnea, under the provisions of that Act, so far as they relate to Revenue Officers.

2. He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer under Rule 1, Chapter VI of the Rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act.

No. 1544L.R.—The 14th March 1906.—Under section 4 of the Survey Act, V (B.C.) of 1875, Babu Suresh Chandra Chakravarty is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent of Survey in the districts of Bhagalpur and Purnea.

No. 1553L.R.—The 20th March 1906.—Mr. P. W. Murphy, i.c.s., Assistant Settlement Officer, is appointed to be Settlement Officer, Bihar, *vice* Mr. J. G. Cumming, i.c.s.

No. 1554L.R.—The 20th March 1906.—Mr. P. W. Murphy, i.c.s., is vested with the powers of a Settlement Officer under Rule 1, Chapter VI of the Rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885, as amended by Act III (B.C.) of 1898, in the districts of Bhagalpur, Monghyr and Purnea.

No. 1555L.R.—The 20th March 1906.—Mr. P. W. Murphy, i.c.s., is vested with the powers of a Revenue Officer under section 108 of the Bengal Tenancy Act in the districts of Bhagalpur, Monghyr and Purnea, for the purpose of the revision of orders passed by Assistant Settlement Officers subordinate to him, under sections 105, 106 and 107 of the aforesaid Act.

No. 1556 L.R.—The 20th March 1906.—Under section 4 of the Bengal Survey Act, V (B.O.) of 1875, Mr. P. W. Murphy, i.c.s., is appointed to be an
Monghyr. Superintendent of Survey in the districts of Monghyr, Bhagalpur
Bhagalpur. and Purnea.
Purnea.

No. 1557 L.R.—The 20th March 1906.—Mr. O. L. Philip, i.c.s., is appointed to be an
 Bihar. Assistant Settlement Officer in Bihar.

No. 1558 L.R.—The 20th March 1906.—Under section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885, as amended by Act III (B.O.) of 1898, the
Monghyr. Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to authorise Mr. C. L. Philip, i.c.s.,
Bhagalpur. to discharge the functions of a Revenue Officer, in the districts of
Purnea. Monghyr, Bhagalpur and Purnea, under the provisions of that Act, so far as they relate to Revenue Officers.

2. Mr. Philip is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer under Rule 1, Chapter VI of the Rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act.

No. 1559 L.R.—The 20th March 1906.—Under section 4 of the Bengal Survey Act, V (B.O.) of 1875, Mr. O. L. Philip, i.c.s., is appointed to be an
Monghyr. Assistant Superintendent of Survey in the districts of Monghyr,
Bhagalpur. Bhagalpur and Purnea.
Purnea.

No. 1570 Jur.—The 20th March 1906.—In continuation of the notification, dated the 18th January 1881, published at page 101 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal sanctions the transfer of the following villages from thana Belouti (now Shahpur) to thana Piro in the district of Shahabad :—

Serial No.	Name of village.	Thakbust No.	Pargana.
1	Ojha Pararia	174	} Ponwar.
2	Garahni	175	
3	Garahni Taluka	176	
4	Balbandh	177	
5	Deodih	178	
6	Dhokarha	179	
7	Ankarbi Dakhli Simraon	180	
8	Bhatauli	182	
9	Simraon	183	
10	Sakroo	184	
11	Deodihri Dakhli Simraon	181	
12	Badhaira	185	
13	Bagsara Dakhli Simraon	186	

No. 1571 Jur.—The 20th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that owing to certain changes in the jurisdiction of thanas Arrah and Shahpur the village Baswari Patti has been transferred from thana Shahpur to thana Arrah and the village Suraudha from thana Maner, in the district of Patna, to the Arrah thana of the district of Shahabad, as given below :—

Serial No.	Name of village.	Thakbust No.	Pargana.
1	Baswari Patti	94	Ponwar.
2	Suraudha	71	Barahgawan.

R. W. CARLYLE,
 Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1517 L.A.—The 17th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for Siding No. 3 for the Bengal Iron and Steel Company off Jamadoba Loop,
 Manbhum.

Midnapore-Jheria Extension, in the village of Nonikdih, pargana Jheria, zilla Manbhum, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 bighas 18 cottahs 5.05 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the danga land of Jheria Raj and paddy land of Labu Mahto, on the south by Railway land, on the east by the paddy land of Jhagru Mahto and danga land of Jheria Raj, and on the west by the Railway land, is required within the aforesaid village of Nonikdih.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig or carry away, or use in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1884, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

The plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, Jheria District, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, at Mohuda.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1535 L.A.—The 19th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for Surhutta Drainage Cut, Dhaka Canal, in the village of Surhutta, pargana Semraon, zilla Champaran, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 bighas 12 cottahs and 6 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north east by Bettiah Raj *parti*, cultivated fields of Ajodhya Singh, Shaikh Munshi, Ambika Singh, Chattoo Singh, Sahab Paoria Ramabatar Singh, Shaikh Basarat, Mahabir Singh, mango tope of Ramdhari Singh, *rahar* field of Shaikh Joonab Ali, and on the south and west by Bettiah Raj *parti*, cultivated fields of Jugaswar Kumhar, Ajodhya Singh, Amibika Singh, Dhnukdhari Singh, Ramabatar Singh, Shaikh Basarat, mango tope of Mahabir Singh and cultivated fields of Shaikh Sahid Ali and Bisessar Ohoodhari, is required within the aforesaid village of Surhutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Champaran Division, at Motihari.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1536 L.A.—The 20th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Midnapore for a public purpose, viz., for Donye Ghat approaches on the 25th mile of Road No. (6) in the villages of Hasuya and Karariya, pargana Brahmanbhoom, and Koapore, pargana Chandracona, zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 14 bighas 8 cottahs 15 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the kata *patit* lands of Babu Jodu Nath Das and others and the part of Donye khal and public road and part of kata *patit* lands of Babu Srish Chandra Roy and others which are not to be acquired, on the east by parts of kata *patit* lands of Babu Srish Chandra Roy and others, part of Donye khal and parts of lakheraj garden of Babu Jodu Nath Das and others which are not to be acquired, on the south by parts of lakheraj garden of Babu Jodu Nath Das and others and public road and parts of kata lakheraj of Babu Jodu Nath Das which are not to be acquired, and on the west by parts of lakheraj and *mat* lands of Babu Jodu Nath Das and others which are not to be acquired, is required within the aforesaid villages of Hasuya, and Karariya pargana Brahmanbhoom, and Koapore, pargana Chandracona.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Deputy Collector of Ghatal.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1539 L.A.—The 20th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the

Manbhum.

expense of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company for additional land for Mohuda station of the Grand Chord Line, Midnapore-Jheria extension in the villages of Padugara, Hatudih and Mucheara, pargana Newagurh, zilla Maubhum, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 15 bighas 6 cottahs and 15.09 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the paddy land of Lachu Mahto, Rastu Mahto, Setal Mahto, Behari Khawas, Mohor Rout, on the south and east by the land belonging to the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company, and on the west by the *danga* land of Choudhury Rout, is required within the aforesaid villages of Padugara, Hatudih and Mucheara.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig or carry away or use in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1884, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

The plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, Jheria District, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, at Mohuda.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1540 L.A.—The 19th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

Gaya.

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Gaya for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a feeder road from the 6th mile, Kadirganj to Warisaliganj road, to the 7th mile, Nawadah-Pakribarawan road *via* Baghi-Bardih Railway station, in the villages of Milik, Hajipore, Chak Bhalooa, Gangti and Baghi-Bardih, parganas Samai and Roh, zilla Gaya, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 71 bighas 10 cottahs 6.4 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the land of Subhan Ahmad, proprietor of village Milik, on the south by the road land of Nawadah-Pakribarawan road, on the east by the kasht land of Nathuni Mahton and others of villages Milik, Hajipore, Chak Bhalooa, Gangti and Baghi-Bardih, and on the west by the road land of Kadirganj-Warisaliganj road and kasht land of Degun Mahton and others of villages Milik, Hajipore, Chak Bhalooa, Gangti and Baghi-Bardih, is required within the aforesaid villages of Milik, Hajipore, Chak Bhalooa, Gangti and Baghi-Bardih.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, Gaya.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

No. 427-O.—The 19th March 1906.—Mr. A. B. Kennedy, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Gorakhpur. Gorakhpur, is transferred to Bara Banki, *vice* Mr. J. E. Hand, about Bara Banki. to retire.

Mr. G. W. Oliphant, Assistant Opium Agent, Mirzapur, is appointed to perform the duties of Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Gorakhpur, *vice* Mr. A. B. Kennedy, transferred.

No. 3908.R.—The 14th March 1906.—Whereas it has been decided to abolish the Salt Rawana System in Bengal with effect from the 1st of April 1906;

I.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare that, with effect from the said date, the Notifications mentioned in the first column of the Schedule hereto annexed, which were issued by or with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor under the provisions of section 11 of the Salt Act, 1864 (Ben. Act VII of 1864), as amended by the Bengal Salt Act, 1873 (Ben. Act I of 1873), and of sections 9 and 204 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), shall be rescinded to the extent mentioned in the third column of the said Schedule.

II.—Nothing in paragraph 1 of this Notification shall be deemed to affect the validity of any rawana issued on or before the 31st of March 1906, the period of which has not expired; and such pending rawanas shall be treated as certificates granted by the Collector in respect of the salt covered by such rawanas.

THE SCHEDULE.

NOTIFICATION.	Published in the Calcutta Gazette, Part I.		Extent of rescissal n.	Subject of notification.
	Date.	Page.		
I.—Notification dated the 29th June 1891.	July 1st, 1891	615 to 655	(i) Section 1: rules 28 to 36 and 37 (b) to 47 in section II; sections III, IV, and VI; rules 2 and 3 in section XIII. (ii) Forms 5 to 11 and 13 to 15.	Rules for the guidance of officers engaged in the administration of the Salt Department in Bengal.
II.—Notification No. 2904S.R. dated the 20th June 1893.	June 21st, 1893	649	The whole	Inclusion of Beaumganj and Lakhimpur in the district of Noakhali in the list of pass-stations given in section III of Notification I in column 1.
III.—Notification No. 224T.F. dated the 23rd June 1893.	June 28th, 1893.	578	Ditto	Substitution of revised schedule of fees to be paid by persons taking out wholesale, renewed, special or exchange rawanas in place of the schedule appended to section II of Notification I in column 1.
IV.—Notification No. 2006S.R. dated the 6th May 1899.	May 10th, 1899	590	Ditto	Declaring Protapnagore outpost in the 24 Parganas to be a salt pass-station and closing the pass-station at Atiarabanki given in the list of pass-stations in section III of Notification I in column 1.
V.—Notification No. 946S.R. dated the 8th February 1902.	February 12th, 1902.	283	Ditto	Inclusion of Shalimar Railway station, in the district of Howrah, in the list of pass-stations given in section III of Notification I in column 1.
VI.—Notification No. 3872S.R. dated the 12th August 1902.	August 13th, 1902.	1106	Ditto	Inclusion of Khulna, in the district of Khulna, in the list of pass-stations given in section III of Notification I in column 1.
VII.—Notification No. 6024S.R. and Notification No. 6020S.R. dated the 23rd December 1902.	December 24th, 1902.	1813	Ditto	Amendment of rules 30 and 31, respectively, in section II of Notification I in column 1.
VIII.—Notification No. 6073S.R. dated the 23rd December 1902.	December 21st, 1902.	1849	Ditto	Amendment of rule 31 in section II of Notification I in column 1.
IX.—Notification No. 790S.R. dated the 9th February 1903.	February 11th, 1903.	175	Ditto	Frame of new rule 31A, in section II of Notification I in column 1 and new Form 7A.
X.—Notification No. 997S.R. dated the 17th February 1903.	February 18th, 1903.	211	Ditto	Change in list of pass-stations given in section III of Notification I in column 1.
XI.—Notification No. 1128S.R. dated the 23rd February 1903.	February 25th, 1903.	252	Ditto	Amendment of rule 2 (c) in section I of Notification I in column 1.
XII.—Notification No. 164T.F. dated the 25th April 1903.	April 29th, 1903.	512	Ditto	Inclusion of Kaukhali in the district of Backergunge, in the list of pass-stations given in section III of Notification I in column 1.
XIII.—Notification No. 694T.F. dated the 29th May 1903.	June 3rd, 1903	709	Ditto	Amendment of rule 46 in section II of Notification I in column 1.
XIV.—Notification No. 2723S.R. dated the 22nd March 1904.	March 23rd, 1904.	458	Ditto	Amendment of rule 2 (e) in section I of Notification I in column 1.

No. 404S.R.—The 16th March 1906.—Babu Jogendra Nath Chuckerbutty, Special Excise Deputy Collector, is appointed Deputy Collector of Income-tax in the district of Midnapore, *vice* Babu Mahendra Chundel Sarkar, and under section 40 of Act II of 1886 is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Act.

No. 406S.R.—The 16th March 1906.—Babu Arun Kumar Bose, Deputy Collector, is appointed Deputy Collector of Income-tax in the district of Manbhum, *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Chuckerbutty, and under section 40 of Act II of 1886 is vested with powers of a Collector under the Act.

No. 430S.R.—The 20th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the power conferred on the Local Government by section 7 of the Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896), read with Act VII of 1905, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has fixed the excise duty on each gallon, London-proof, of country spirit manufactured in the distilleries of the district of Sambalpur, at Rs. 1-4, with effect from the 1st April 1906. This supersedes previous notifications on the subject.

No. 397R.P.—The 14th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the power conferred on him by section 39 of the Cess Act, IX (B.C.) of 1880, the Lieutenant-Governor has determined that the rate at which the Public Works Cess shall be levied for the year 1906-07 in all the districts to which the Cess Act has been extended shall be one-half of an anna in the rupee on the annual value of lands and on the annual net profits from mines, quarries, tramways, railways and other immoveable property (except such as may have been exempted under section 2, of the Act), ascertained respectively as in the Act prescribed.

No. 433R.P.—The 20th March 1906.—Mr. Syed Hossain, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to be in charge of the revaluation of the district of Palamanu, under the Cess Act, IX (B.C.) of 1880.

L. P. SHIRRES,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1124Medl.—The 13th March 1906.—Mr. G. O. Ranger, Professor of Dental Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, is allowed leave without allowances for seven months, under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st April 1906, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1126Medl.—The 13th March 1906.—Mr. J. H. Taylor is appointed to act as Professor of Dental Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. G. O. Ranger, or until further orders.

No. 1173Medl.—The 16th March 1906.—Military Assistant Surgeon F. K. Holmes, Assistant Apothecary, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, is appointed to act as an Apothecary at the Presidency General Hospital, during the absence, on leave, of Military Assistant Surgeon A. R. Duckworth, or until further orders.

No. 1187Medl.—The 17th March 1906.—Captain C. A. Lane, I.M.S., is allowed furlough from the 7th to the 10th December 1905, under article 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in Notification No. 1226Medl., dated the 7th March 1905.

No. 1197Medl.—The 18th March 1906.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. B. Gibbons, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, reported his departure from India, on leave, on the 23rd February 1906.

No. 1242Medl.—The 20th March 1906.—Major C. R. M. Green, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon of Muzaffarpur, is allowed privilege leave, combined with furlough for two years, viz., privilege leave for three months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and furlough for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 9th February 1906,

L. P. SHIRRES,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1847A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1806A.—The 19th March 1906.—Babu Hari Jiban Banerjee, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Burdwan, to be ordinarily stationed at Katwa, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Sarada Prosad Banerjee, or until further orders.

No. 1841A.—The 20th March 1906.—Babu Kiran Chandra Mitra, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in Chota Nagpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Purulia, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Hari Prasanna Mookerjee, or until further orders.

LEAVE.

No. 1699A.—The 16th March 1906.—Babu Bhuban Mohan Ghose, Small Cause Court Judge of Howrah, Hooghly and Serampore, is allowed leave for fourteen days, under articles 271 and 345 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 8th March 1906.

No. 1843A.—The 12th March 1906.—Maulvi Abdul Rahim, Munsif of Sitamarhi, in the district of Tirhut, is allowed leave for fifteen days, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 15th March 1906, or from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 1844A.—The 13th March 1906.—Mr. S. M. Khalilur Rahman, Munsif of Bihar, in the district of Patna, is allowed leave for one month, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 8th March 1906.

No. 1845A.—The 14th March 1906.—Babu Sarada Prosad Banerjee, Munsif of Katwa, in the district of Burdwan, is allowed leave for one month, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 17th March 1906, or from the date on which he may be relieved.

The 14th March 1906.—Babu Sasi Kumar Ghose, Munsif of Contai, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave for fifteen days, viz., five days under article 274 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the remaining period under article 271 of the same Regulations, with effect from the 12th March 1906.

No. 1846A.—The 16th March 1906.—Babu Hari Prasanna Mookerjee, Munsif of Purulia, in Chota Nagpur, is allowed leave for fifteen days, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 16th March 1906, or from the date on which he may be relieved.

POWERS.

No. 1695A.—*The 16th March 1906.*—Mr. Dejen Lala Roy, Deputy Magistrate, Khulna, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 1818J.—*The 16th March 1906.*—Babu Bishnu Pada Rai is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Regular Bench at Ulubaria, in the district of Howrah.

No. 1874J.—*The 16th March 1906.*—Babu Abinash Chandra Mukerjee is re-appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Independent Bench at Vishnupur, in the district of Bankura.

No. 1881J.—*The 19th March 1906.*—Mr. W. Val Weston and Babu Bhabesh Chandra Mondal are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Independent Bench at Rampurhat, in the district of Birbhum.

No. 1886J.—*The 17th March 1906.*—Babu Prasanna Kumar Sil is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Regular Bench at Ulubaria, in the district of Howrah.

No. 1916J.—*The 17th March 1906.*—The gentlemen named below are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Benches mentioned opposite their names in the district of Patna :—

	Bihar	Independent Bench.
Mr. Syed Mohammad Cassim ...	Ditto	ditto.
Maulvi Hafiz Syed Abdul Gafoor ...	Barh	ditto.
Babu Amar Nath ...	Jhauganj	ditto.
Maulvi Syed Abbas ...	Ditto	ditto.
" " Abul Aas ...	Ditto	ditto.
" " Zahur Alam ...	Bankipore	ditto.
Babu Harihar Prasad Singh ...	Dinapore	ditto.
Mr. Lewis Eugene Victor Liotard ...	Dinapore and Khagoul	Independent Benches.
Babu Debi Lal ...		

No. 1957J.—*The 19th March 1906.*—The gentlemen named below are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Sadar Independent Bench, in the district of Cuttack :—

Babu Sadananda Baura.	Babu Jagadananda Pattanayak.
" Hemendra Nath Ray.	Kartie Chandra Chunder.

No. 1959J.—*The 19th March 1906.*—Babu Ganga Charan Pal is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Independent Bench at Jajpur, in the district of Cuttack.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1834J.—*The 16th March 1906.*—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Babu Kanai Lal Chakravarti of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Basirhat Independent Bench, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

No. 1918J.—*The 17th March 1906.*—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignations tendered by the gentlemen named below of their appointments as Honorary Magistrates of the Benches mentioned opposite their names in the district of Patna :—

Maulvi Syed Nasiruddin Ahmed Khan Bahadur—Bihar Independent Bench.
Babu Rajaram—Bankipore Independent Bench.

POWERS.

No. 1783J.—*The 17th March 1906.*—Mr. E. O. R. Myers, an Honorary Magistrate of the Regular Bench at Giridih, in the district of Hazaribagh, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 1819J.—*The 16th March 1906.*—Babu Bishnu Pada Rai, who has been appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Regular Bench at Ulubaria, in the district of Howrah, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class. He is also empowered, under section 357, sub-section 2 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act V of 1898, to take down evidence in criminal cases in the English language.

No. 1832J.—*The 16th March 1906.*—Mr. S. G. L. Platts, an Honorary Magistrate in the district of the 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 1875J.—*The 16th March 1906.*—Babu Abinash Chandra Mukerjee, who has been appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Independent

No. 1882J.—The 19th March 1906.—Mr. W. Val Weston and Babu Bhabesh Chandra Mondal, who have been appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Independent Bench at Rampurhat, in the district of Birbhum, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 1887J.—The 17th March 1906.—Babu Prasanna Kumar Sil, who has been appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Regular Bench at Ulubaria, in the district of Howrah, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, and is authorized to sit singly for the trial of such cases as may be made over to him.

No. 1917J.—The 17th March 1906.—The gentlemen named below, who have been appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Benches mentioned opposite their names in the district of Patna, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class:—

Mr. Syed Mohammad Cassim	...	Bihar	Independent Bench.
Maulvi Hafiz Syed Abdul Gafoor	...	Ditto	ditto.
Babu Amar Nath	...	Barh	ditto.
Maulvi Syed Abbas	...	Jhauganj	ditto.
" " Abul Aas	...	Ditto	ditto.
" " Zahur Alam	...	Ditto	ditto.
Babu Harihar Prasad Singh	..	Bankipore	ditto.
Mr. Louis Eugene Victor Liotard	...	Imrapore	ditto.
Babu Debi Lal	...	Dinapore and Khagoul	Independent Benches.

Mr. L. E. V. Liotard is also authorized to sit singly for the trial of such cases as may be made over to him.

No. 1958J.—The 19th March 1906.—The gentlemen named below who have been appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Sadar Independent Bench, in the district of Cuttack, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class:—

Babu Sadananda Baura.	Babu Jagannanda Pattanayak.
" Hemendra Nath Ray.	" Kartic Chandra Chunder.

No. 1960J.—The 19th March 1906.—Babu Ganga Charan Pal, who has been appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Independent Bench at Jajpur, in the district of Cuttack, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

G. GORDON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1891J.—The 17th March 1906.—In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 320 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and in accordance with

Governor is pleased to invest Mr. E. A. Guest, Extra Assistant Commissioner with the powers of a Collector under section 320 of the Civil Procedure Code the execution of decrees transferred to the Deputy Commissioner under the C Notification No. 4577, dated the 26th November 1877.

No. 1927J.—The 19th March 1906.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 14, sub-section (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to confer upon Babu Upendra Narain Singh, who has been appointed to be President of the panchayat of Union No. I, Chasipara of outpost Rajghat, in the district of Balasore, *vice* Kanungo Sambhunath Dass, deceased, the powers of a Magistrate under sections 64, 127 and 128 of the same Code, and to declare that the said powers may be exercised by him within the limits of that Union.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor is further pleased to declare, in pursuance of sub-section (2) of the said section 14, that the said powers are conferred and may be exercised by Babu Upendra Narain Singh for a period of three years only, from the date of this notification.

G. GORDON,

JUDICIAL-JAILS.

No. 1685J.—The 13th March 1906.—Babu Raghu Nath Das, B.L., is re-appointed to Midnapore. be a non-official visitor of the Midnapore Central Jail.

No. 1686J.—The 13th March 1906.—The gentlemen named below are appointed to Midnapore. be non-official visitors of the Midnapore Central Jail:—

Mr. C. B. Gregson.

| Babu Gossain Das Dutta.

G. GORDON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 14th March 1906.

No. 48.—Babu Nibaran Chandra Ganguli, Overseer, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Mahanadi to the Brahmini-Byturni Division.

W. A. INGLIS,
Chief Engineer, Bengal.

The 17th March 1906.

No. 50.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant G. Trusler, Assistant Engineer, second grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the 1st Calcutta to the 3rd Calcutta Division.

A. S. THOMSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The 15th March 1906.

No. 25 Marine.—Intimation having been received of the outbreak of plague in Perth, Fremantle and Geraldton (Western Australia) it is hereby notified, for general information, that those places are declared infected, and that the regulations for the prevention of the introduction of plague by sea, in force in the ports of Bengal, will be enforced in the ports of Orissa against vessels arriving from those places.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 19th March 1906.

No. 26 Marine.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that, under the provisions of section 6 of the Calcutta Port Act, III of 1890, Maharaj Kumar Bishi Cash Law has been elected by the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce to be a Commissioner of the Port of Calcutta, *vice* Babu Kanai Lal Khan, whose term of office has expired on the 17th March 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 20th March 1906.

No. 27 Marine.—Mr. S. J. K. Chase, Senior Master Pilot, is granted, under article 676 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 12th April 1906, or any subsequent date.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 20th March 1906.

No. 28 Marine.—Mr. G. F. Thorpe, Senior Master Pilot, is appointed to act as Branch Pilot, *vice* Mr. C. G. Stook, Branch Pilot, granted leave, with effect from the 15th March 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 20th March 1906.

No. 29 Marine.—Mr. A. W. Michie, Junior Master Pilot, is appointed to act as Senior Master Pilot, *vice* Mr. G. F. Thorpe, Senior Master Pilot, appointed to act as Branch Pilot, with effect from the 15th March 1906.

W. A. INGLIS.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 30 Marine, dated the 20th March 1906.

UNDER section 10 of Act I of 1859 (an Act for the amendment of the law relating to merchant seamen), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, with the sanction of the Governor-General in Council, to make the following rules for the conduct of examinations for Masters and Mates of Foreign going ships and Home-trade ships and as to the qualifications to be required. These rules are in supersession of the rules issued under notification No. 18 Marine, dated the 28th September 1899.

The new rules will come into force from the 1st May 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

RULES.

CHAPTER I.

1. The times and places at which examinations are held are shown in Appendix A, page 30. Time and place
of examina-
tions.

2. Candidates for examination must fill up a Form of application (Form Exn. 2) at the Port Office. The Form properly filled in, together with the Candidate's testimonials and discharges, must be lodged with the Port Officer of Calcutta, not later than the day before the day of examination, and the Candidate must conform to any regulations in this respect which may be laid down by the Government. The discharges and testimonials should be handed in, together with the Form of application as many days as possibly before the date of the examination which the Candidate desires to attend. In the absence of the necessary verification the Candidate cannot be examined. The Port Officer should be particularly careful to ascertain that there are no gaps in the Candidate's service which are not properly accounted for before he is allowed up for examination. How to apply.

3. In cases where the services of the Candidate require verification, or where he is in doubt whether his service complies with the regulations, and wishes to submit his case for special consideration, all Certificates, discharges, testimonials, &c., together with the Form of application* properly filled in, should be submitted to the Port Officer of Calcutta. If necessary, the Port Officer will, after seeing that all the required information is clearly set forth in the papers, forward them with his observations to the Government who will deal with the case, or transmit it to the Board of Trade for decision. How to apply
in special
cases.

4. All other inquiries regarding examinations should be made and dealt with in the same way. The point on which information is sought should be clearly stated, and Certificates, discharges, testimonials, &c., should be forwarded when they are material to the inquiry. Inquiries.

* Form Exn. 2 which can be obtained at the Port Office.

Services
determined by
Articles.

5. Services which cannot be verified by proper entries in the Articles of the ships in which the Candidates have served cannot be counted. For instance, a man may state that his service has been as Second or only Mate, and to support his assertion may produce a Certificate of Discharge or of employment from the Master, to the effect that he served as Mate, when on reference to the Articles it appears that he has actually been rated as Boatswain; the service in such a case will not be regarded as having been in the capacity of Mate.

Age.

6. Should any doubt exist as to the age of a Candidate, he will be required to produce a certificate of birth.

Fraud and
misrepresenta-
tion.

7. It is provided by section 104 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, that any person who makes, assists in making, or procures to be made, any false representation for the purpose of procuring either for himself or for any other person a Certificate of Competency, shall, in respect of each offence, be guilty of a misdemeanour,—the punishment for which is imprisonment for any period not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour, or a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees.

Testimonials
required.

8. Testimonials to character, including sobriety, and to experience and ability on board ship for at least the twelve months of service immediately preceding the date of application to be examined, will be required of all Candidates, and without producing them no person will be examined.

Penalty for
misconduct.

9. Candidates who have neglected to join their vessels after having signed Articles, or who have deserted their vessels after having joined, or who have been found guilty of gross misconduct on board, will be required to produce satisfactory proofs of two years' subsequent service and good conduct at sea, unless the Local Government, after having investigated the matter, should see fit to reduce the time.

10. Every Candidate for a certificate of competency of any grade must pass the three tests before he can proceed to the examination in navigation and seamanship.

- (1) The sight tests are open to all persons serving or intending to serve in the Mercantile Marine, and all such persons are recommended to take the earliest opportunity of ascertaining by means of those tests whether their vision is such as to qualify them for service in that profession.

- (2) The three tests are:—

- (a) Form Vision Test (*see page 61*).
- (b) Colour Vision Test (*see page 62*).
- (c) Colour Ignorance Test (*see page 68*).

No Candidate will be examined in the Colour Vision Test until he has passed the Form Vision Test, or in the Colour Ignorance Test until he has passed the Colour Vision Test.

This rule must be observed whether the candidate has or has not on any previous occasion passed the sight tests.

- (3) Any person serving or intending to serve in the Mercantile Marine, if desirous of undergoing the Form Vision Colour Vision, and Colour Ignorance Tests only, must make application to the Port Officer on the Form Kxn. 2A, and must pay a fee of one rupee.

This fee will be payable on each occasion upon which a candidate is examined in Form Vision and Colour tests.

- (4) Candidates who fail to pass the Form Vision Test or Colour Ignorance Test can be re-examined at intervals of three months, but Candidates who fail to pass the Colour Vision Test cannot be re-examined. It is open, however, to any Candidate who has failed to pass the Colour Vision Test to appeal to the Government, who may, if they think fit, remit the case to a special Examiner or body of Examiners for final decision.

- (5) The expenses of Candidates who are examined by such special Examiner, or body of Examiners, and are reported by them to have passed, will, under certain circumstances, be paid by the Government, at a rate which will be notified to the Candidate; but no payment whatever will be made towards the expenses of Candidates who, upon their own application, are examined by the special Examiners and are reported by them to have failed, unless the Government consider that the particular circumstances of the case justify such payment. The special examinations will be held in Calcutta only.

- (6) When a Candidate fails to pass the Colour Vision Test, the Examiner will point out to him the conditions under which he can appeal. Appeals are to be made through the Examiner, and forwarded to the Government with the Examiner's remarks.
- (7) The fee paid for examination for a Certificate of Competency includes the fee of one rupee for examination in Form Vision, Colour Vision, and Colour Ignorance, and if the Candidate fails to pass those tests, this fee will, with the exception of one rupee, be returned to him.
- (8) Only Examiners who have themselves passed the Colour Test are to undertake these examinations.
- (9) Whenever the holder of a certificate of competency fails to pass any of the three tests, there is reason to believe that he is from incompetency unfit to discharge his duties, and in the public interest the Government may cause an inquiry to be held by a Court, having jurisdiction to cancel or suspend such certificate; but in the alternative the Government may accept the voluntary surrender of the certificate until such time as the applicant succeeds in passing the tests in which he failed.

11. Foreigners must prove, to the satisfaction of the Examiners, that they can speak and write the English language sufficiently well to perform the duties required of them on board a British vessel (*see* paragraph 19). In the case of candidates for Home Trade Certificates, the Certificates of Asiatics who may not be able to speak English shall be endorsed to the effect that they are valid only for vessels manned and officered entirely by Asiatics.

Foreigners must know English.

12. If the Candidate passes, he will receive a Form (Form Exn. 16), authorising the Port Officer to whom it is addressed to issue the Certificate. The Candidate's testimonials and other papers will be returned to him with the Certificate. It is therefore important that the port at which the Certificate is to be issued should be the same on both the Form Exn. 16 and the Form Exn. 2. If circumstances should make any alteration necessary, the Examiner should see that it is made in both Forms, otherwise delay in the issue of the Certificate may be caused.

Issue of certificate.

13. If, after a Candidate has passed the examination, it is discovered on further investigation that his services are insufficient to entitle him to receive a Certificate of the grade for which he has passed, the Certificate will not be granted to him; but if the Government is satisfied that the error in the calculation of the Candidate's services did not occur through any fault or wilful misrepresentation on his part, he may either have the fee returned to him, or have it placed to his credit. Should his services entitle him to a Certificate of a lower grade, it may be granted to him, and the difference, if any, between the fee paid by him for the superior Certificate and the fee payable for the inferior Certificate will be returned to him or placed to his credit. The superior Certificate will not be granted until the Candidate has performed the amount of service in which he was deficient, and has been re-examined in all the subjects unless the Government see fit to dispense with the re-examination.

Service found to be insufficient.

14. In all cases of failure the Candidate must be examined anew. If a candidate fails in Seamanship, he will not be re-examined until after a lapse of six months. Whether the whole or part of this period must be served at sea must depend upon the subjects in Seamanship in which the Candidate failed, but the amount of further sea service to be required will be left to the discretion of the Port Officer, Calcutta.

Failure in examination.

15. The Examiner, in making his report on Form Exn. 14, should state what amount, if any, of further sea service the Candidate must perform, and he should also insert this information in Form Exn. 2.

Examiner's Report.

16. If a Candidate fails three times in Navigation within three months, he will not be re-examined until after a lapse of THREE MONTHS from the date of the last failure.

Failure in Navigation.

17. Candidates for Extra Certificates will not be allowed to present themselves for examination more than three times within a period of twelve months.

Failure in Extra Examinations.

18. If a Candidate has failed in his examination, but the subjects in which he has failed are not included in the subjects required for a Certificate of a lower grade, he may, if he so desires, proceed with the examination for the lower

Lower Certificate may be granted.

grade certificate without further formal application or payment of fee, but in this case he will be required to complete the whole of the work prescribed for such lower grade, that portion (if any) already done standing good. No part, however, of the fee he has paid will be returned to him, and on presenting himself, when qualified, for re-examination for the higher Certificate, he will be required to pay a further full fee.

Failure for
spelling, &c.

19. If a Candidate fails for bad spelling or writing, he will not be re-examined until after a lapse of at least three months. If he fails for ignorance of the English language, he will not be re-examined until after a lapse of six months.

Failure in
Seamanship.

20. If a Candidate fails in Seamanship so far as regards the management of square-rigged Sailing Vessels, in his examination for an Ordinary Certificate, he may, if qualified as to service, without further formal application or further payment of fee, proceed with the examination for a Certificate of Competency for Foreign-going Steamships, or for Fore and Aft-rigged Vessels. And if a Candidate fails in the same manner in his examination for an Extra Master's Certificate, he may, under the same conditions as above, proceed with the examination for an Extra Certificate for Steamships.

Fee always
paid first.

21. Candidates for examination, in making their application on Form Exn. 2, will be required to pay the examination fee before any step is taken in the way of inquiring into their services or testing their qualifications. If the Candidate is found not to be qualified, the fee will either be returned to him or placed to his credit until he is qualified.

Where to pay
fees.

22. The fee for examination must be paid to the Port Officer in the cash office. If a Candidate offers a gratuity to any officer of the Department, he will be regarded as having committed an act of misconduct, and will be rejected, and not allowed to be again examined for twelve months either at the port where the offence was committed, or at any other port.

Fee not
returned on
failure.
Table of fees.

23. If a Candidate fails to pass the examination, no part of the fee will be returned to him.

24. The fees are as follows :—

For "FOREIGN-GOING SHIPS"

	Ra.
Second Mate	12
First and Only Mate if previously possessing an inferior Certificate, either granted by the Board of Trade, or by the Government of a British Possession under section 8 of " <i>The Merchant Shipping (Colonial) Act, 1869</i> " ...	6
If not	12
Master	24
Where a Candidate is in possession of a Certificate for Fore and Aft rigged Vessels, and requires an Ordinary or Steamship Certificate of the same grade; or where a Candidate is in possession of a Steamship Certificate, and requires an Ordinary Certificate of the same grade	Half the usual fee.
Master, Extra, if poss Master's Certificate; or Master, Extra, for Steamships if possessing a Master's Certificate for Steamships	12*

* If the examination for the Extra Master's Certificate takes place at the same time as the examination for the Ordinary Master's Certificate, the usual fee for the Ordinary Master's Certificate in addition to the fee for the Extra Certificate must be paid. This rule as to fees also applies to the extra examinations for Steamships and yachts.

	Rs.
Where a Candidate is in possession of a Certificate for Foreign-going Ships, not granted under the <i>Merchant Shipping (Colonial) Act, 1869</i> , or section 102 of the <i>Merchant Shipping Act, 1894</i> ; or of a Provisional Certificate of qualification obtained after examination on board one of His Majesty's Ships; for an Imperial Certificate of same grade, for first attempt ...	No fee.
Every subsequent attempt ...	Usual fee

FOR "HOME TRADE PASSENGER SHIPS."

	Rs.
Mate ...	6
Master ...	12

FOR VOLUNTARY EXAMINATION IN STEAM.

	Rs.
Any Master or Mate holding a Certificate of any grade, whether for the Foreign or Home Trade, or as Master of his own Pleasure Yacht ...	12

FOR VOLUNTARY EXAMINATION IN DEVIATION OF THE COMPASS.

	Rs.
Any Master or Mate holding a Certificate of any grade, whether for the Foreign or Home Trade, or as Master of his own Pleasure Yacht ...	12

FOR "YACHTS."

	Rs.
Master ...	24
Master, Extra, if possessing a Master's Certificate ...	12

NOTE.—No abatement will be made in the fee charged to a Candidate for a Certificate for Foreign-going Ships in consequence of his possessing a Master's or Mate's Certificate for Home Trade Passenger Ships.

CHAPTER II.

QUALIFICATIONS REQUIRED FOR THE VARIOUS GRADES.*

Certificates for "Foreign-going" Ships or Ordinary Certificates.

25. A Candidate for an Ordinary Certificate of any grade, Square-rigged who has not previously held an Ordinary Certificate of a lower grade, must prove that he has served 12 months in the Foreign Trade, or 18 months in the Home or Coasting Trade in a square-rigged sailing vessel.

26. Ordinary Certificates will entitle the holders to go to sea as Mates or Masters of any vessel, sailing or steam.

27. SECOND MATE.—A Candidate must be not less than seventeen years of age, and must have served four years at sea.

Value of ordinary certificates.
Second Mate, ordinary.

* These qualifications are shown in a tabular form in Appendix P, page 69.

SECOND MATE.

Navigation.

28. *Examination in Navigation.*—A Candidate for a Second Mate's Certificate will be required —

- (a) To write a legible hand and spell correctly; this will be tested by not less than a quarter-of-an-hour's dictation.
- (b) To write a short definition of various astronomical and other terms and to draw a rough sketch or diagram to illustrate their meaning. (See Appendix C and paragraph 156.)
- (c) To show a competent knowledge of the first five rules of arithmetic and the use of logarithms.
- (d) To work a day's work complete, correcting the courses for leeway, deviation and variation.
- (e) To find the latitude by the meridian altitude of the sun.
- (f) To work any practical problem in parallel sailing.
- (g) To find the true course and distance from one given position to another by Mercator's method; also the compass course, the variation and deviation being given.
- (h) To find the time of high water at a given port.
- (i) To find the true amplitude of the sun and the error of the compass therefrom; also the deviation; the variation being given.
- (j) To find the longitude by chronometer from altitude of the sun by the usual methods, computing the daily rate of chronometer from errors observed when acquired; also to find the true azimuth of the sun, and the error of the compass; and the deviation, the variation being given.
- (k) To find the true azimuth of the sun by the "Time Azimuth" tables; the error of the compass; also the deviation, the variation being given.
- (l) To find on either a "true" or "magnetic" chart* the course to steer and the distance from one given position to another; to find the ship's position on the chart from cross-bearings of two objects; from two bearings of the same object, the course and distance run between taking the bearings being given; also the distance of the ship from the object at the time of taking the second bearing. (See Appendix G.)

He will be required to answer vivâ voce questions on the following subjects:—

- (m) The use and adjustments of the sextant, read off and on the arc, and the mode of finding the index error by both horizon and sun.
- (n) The International Code of Signals.
- (o) The construction, use and principle of the barometer, thermometer and hydrometer.
- (p) Weights and measures.

Second Mate,
ordinary Seaman-
manship.

29. *Examination in Seamanship.*—He must understand and give satisfactory answers on the following subjects:—

- (a) The standing and running rigging of ships.
- (b) Bending, unbending, setting, reefing, taking in and furling sail.
- (c) Sending masts and yards up and down, &c.
- (d) Management of a ship when under canvas.
- (e) Management of ship's boats in heavy weather.
- (f) Dunnaging and stowing cargo, &c.
- (g) The Rule of the Road as regards both steamers and sailing vessels, their regulation lights and fog and sound signals.
- (h) The signals of distress, and the signals to be made by ships wanting a Pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals.

* The terms "true" and "magnetic" are used for brevity and convenience throughout the Regulations to indicate charts which have compasses engraved upon them showing the true or magnetic points of the compass respectively.

- (i) The marking and use of the lead and log lines.
- (j) The use and management of the rocket apparatus in the event of a vessel being stranded.
- (k) Any questions of a like nature appertaining to the duties of a Second Mate that the Examiner may think necessary to ask.
- (l) Also questions on the additional subjects which are specified in the Rules of Examination for Second Mates' Certificates of Competency for Foreign-going Steamships (see paragraph 44).

30. ONLY MATE.—A Candidate must be not less than nineteen years of age, and have served five years at sea, Only Mate ordinary.

31. FIRST MATE.—A Candidate must be not less than nineteen years of age, and have served five years at sea, First Mate ordinary.
of which—

- (a) One year must have been in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate of a Foreign-going Vessel, whilst holding a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels;
If his service was as Third or Fourth Mate, proof will be required that he had during the whole year *charge of a Watch* (see para. 106):
- (b) or one year and a-half must have been in a capacity not lower than Only Mate in a Home Trade or Coasting Vessel whilst holding a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels, or a Mate's Certificate for Home Trade Passenger Ships;
- (c) or one year must have been as Pilot with a First Class Pilot's Certificate (see para. 103).
- (d) or eighteen months' active service as Chief Officer with a Second Mate's Certificate on a Bengal Pilot Brig.

32. Examination in Navigation.—A Candidate for an Only or First Mate's Certificate will be required—

Mate,
ordinary
Navigation.

- (a) To work out any three of the nautical problems prescribed for the Second Mates' examination which may be given him by the Examiner, in addition to the chart paper (I) and the oral subjects (*m, n, o, p*) prescribed for that grade.
- (b) To compute the time at which a given star will be on the observer's meridian. [Occasionally by inspection.]
- (c) To describe where tables giving the names of the principal stars passing the meridian may be found.
- (d) To describe where the meridian passage of the principal planets may be found.
- (e) To determine what bright stars will be within an hour or more of the observer's meridian above the pole and above the horizon at any given time; also the hour angle, east or west of each of the stars, and whether to the north or south of the observer's zenith when passing the meridian.
- (f) To describe any maps or diagrams which the Candidate knows, and prefers for further facilitating the recognition of the stars and planets.
- (g) To compute the approximate meridian altitude of one of the stars just found, for setting the sextant.
- (h) To find the latitude from the meridian altitude of the same star.
- (i) To find the longitude by chronometer by altitude of a star.
- (j) To find the true azimuth of a star by the "Time Azimuth" tables, and get the deviation therefrom.
- (k) To find the latitude by ex-meridian altitude of the sun or a star.
- (l) To find the *line of position* and the true bearing of the sun, and the ship's position, by Sumner's method by projection.

- (m) To answer certain questions relative to cyclones or revolving storms. (See Appendix H, page 50.)

He will be required to answer vivâ voce questions on the following subjects:—

- (n) How to keep a ship's log book.
 (o) How to calculate the capacity of a given bunker or hold.
 (p) How to calculate a freight and its commissions.

First Mate,
 Ordinary.
 Seamanship.

33. *Examination in Seamanship.*—In addition to the qualifications required for a Second Mate's Certificate, an Only or First Mate will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects:—

- (a) Shifting large spars, rigging sheers, taking lower masts in and out.
 (b) How to moor and unmoor ship; to keep a clear anchor; and to carry out an anchor.
 (c) How to manage a ship in stormy weather, and to cast a ship on a lee shore.
 (d) How to secure the masts in the event of accident to the bowsprit.
 (e) How to rig purchases for getting heavy weights, anchors, machinery, &c., in or out.
 (f) How to dispose various kinds of cargo and weights in a stiff, and in a tender vessel.
 (g) The ventilation of holds and the stowage of explosives.
 (h) How to rig a sea anchor, and what means to employ to keep a vessel, disabled or unmanageable, out of the trough of the sea, and lessen her lee drift.
 (i) How to get a cast of the deep sea lead in heavy weather.
 (j) Accidents, and how to deal with them.
 (k) Any other questions appertaining to the duties of an Only or First Mate which the Examiner may think necessary to ask.
 (l) Also questions on the additional subjects which are specified in the Rules of Examination for Only and first Mate's Certificates of Competency for foreign-going Steamships (see para. 48).

Master,
 Ordinary.

34. *MASTER.**—A Candidate must be not less than twenty-one years of age, and

- (a) he must have served six years at sea, of which one year must have been in a capacity not lower than Only Mate of a Foreign-going Vessel whilst holding a Certificate not lower than an Only Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels, provided that this service as officer was not performed whilst holding a First Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels, the Candidate will also be required to prove the officer's service prescribed for that grade (para. 31);
 (b) *or*, he must have served six years at sea, of which one year and-a-half must have been in a capacity not lower than Only Mate of a Home Trade or Coasting Vessel whilst holding a Certificate not lower than an Only Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels provided that if this service as officer was not performed whilst holding a First Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels, the Candidate will also be required to prove the Officer's service prescribed for that grade (para. 31);
 (c) *or*, he must have served six and a-half years at sea, one year of which must have been in a capacity not lower than Second Mate of a Foreign-going Vessel whilst holding a First Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels, provided that if this service as Second Mate was

* For convenience of calculation the service required is stated in a tabular form in Appendix F, page 169.

performed under an Additional or Auxiliary First Mate it will only be accepted if a Third and Fourth Mate were also carried, and one year and-a-half not lower than Third or Fourth Mate of a Foreign-going Vessel in charge of a Watch whilst holding a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels ;

- (d) or, he must have served nine years at sea in the Home or Coasting Trade, of which three years must have been as Master, or one year as Master and three years in a capacity not lower than that of Mate, provided that in either case he has served in such capacity for not less than one year with a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels or a Master's Certificate for Home Trade Passenger Ships.

35. *Examination in Navigation.*—A Candidate for an ^{Master, Ordinary, Navigation} Ordinary Master's Certificate will be required to work out any *twelve* of the nautical problems prescribed for the grades of Second and First Mate that may be given him by the Examiner, in addition to the chart paper, the cyclone paper, and the oral subjects prescribed for the grades of Second and First Mate. He will also be required—

- (a) To find the latitude by the altitude of the polar star at any time.
- (b) To find the latitude by the meridian altitude of the moon.
- (c) To find the magnetic bearing of any fixed object when at sea or at anchor from bearings of the object taken with the ship's head on equidistant compass points, and to compute the deviation therefrom; to construct a deviation curve upon a Napier's diagram which will be furnished by the Examiner, and show that he understands its practical application; to give satisfactory written and oral answers to certain practical questions as to the effect of the ship's iron upon the compasses, and the method of determining the deviation, and show how to compensate the deviation by magnets and soft iron by the aid of Beall's Compass Deviascope (see Appendix I, page 50).
- (d) To find on a chart the course to steer by compass in order to counteract the effect of a given current, and find the distance the ship will make good towards a given point in a given time, and to work out practically the correction to apply to soundings taken at a given time and place to compare with the depth marked on the chart, (see Appendix G, page 49).

He will be required to answer *viva voce* questions on the following subjects:—

- (e) The law as to the engagement and discharge and management of the crew, and the entries to be made in the official log.
- (f) How to prevent and check an outbreak of scurvy on board ship.
- (g) The law as to load line marks, and the entries and reports to be made respecting them.
- (h) Invoices, charter party, bills of lading, Lloyd's agent, nature of bottomry, bills of exchange, surveys, averages, &c.
- (i) The prevailing winds and currents of the globe.
- (j) The trade routes.
- (k) Tides.

36. *Examination in Seamanship.*—In addition to the ^{Master, Ordinary, Seamanship} qualifications required for the grades of Second and First Mate, an Ordinary Master will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects:—

- (a) Construction of jury rudders for both wooden and iron vessels, also rafts.

- (b) Resources for the preservation of the ship's crew in the event of wreck.
- (c) Management of ship in heavy weather.
- (d) Rescuing the crew of a disabled vessel.
- (e) Steps to be taken when a ship is on her beam ends, or in any danger or difficulty, or disabled or unmanageable and on a lee shore.
- (f) Heaving a keel out.
- (g) How to proceed when placing a ship in dry dock, and directing repairs, and when putting into port in distress with damage to cargo and ship.
- (h) Any other question of a like nature appertaining to the management of a ship which the Examiner may think it necessary to ask.
- (i) Also questions on the additional subjects which are specified in the Rules of Examination for Masters' Certificates of Competency for Foreign-going Steamships. See para. 51.

CERTIFICATES FOR FOREIGN-GOING FORE AND AFT-RIGGED VESSELS.

Fore and aft
Certificates.

37. Certificates for the grades of Master, First Mate, Only Mate and Second Mate of fore and aft-rigged vessels will be issued to Candidates who have not complied with the regulation which requires them to have served at least one year in square-rigged sailing vessels, or who prove in course of examination that they are ignorant of the management of square-rigged ships. In other respects the qualifications for examination for such Certificates are the same as for Ordinary Certificates.

Character of
examinations.

38. The examinations for the grades of Second Mate, Only Mate, First Mate, and Master of fore and aft-rigged vessels will be precisely the same as for the Ordinary Certificates, excepting that in seamanship a knowledge of the management of square-rigged vessels is not required.

Value of
Certificates.

39. A Certificate for "Fore and Aft-rigged vessels" will not entitle the possessor to act in any case in which a Certificate for square-rigged vessels is required. Amongst square-rigged vessels are classed full-rigged ships, barques, brigs, barquentines, brigantines, and steamships carrying square sails.

How certifi-
cates may be
changed.

40. A Candidate possessing a Certificate for fore and aft-rigged vessels, and desiring to be examined for an Ordinary Certificate, must prove that he has served at sea at least one year in a square-rigged sailing vessel, *unless* he has previously held an Ordinary Certificate of a lower grade.

CERTIFICATES FOR FOREIGN-GOING STEAMSHIPS.

Steamship
Certificates.

41. Certificates applying only to steamships are issued to Candidates who are either unable to comply with the regulation which requires them to have passed one year in square-rigged sailing vessels, or who prove in course of examination that they are ignorant of the management of square-rigged sailing vessels. All the qualifying Officers' service prescribed for these Certificates must have been performed in steamships.

These Certificates will entitle the holders to go to sea as Masters or Mates of Foreign-going Steamships, but will not entitle them to go to sea as Masters or Mates of Foreign-going Sailing Ships.

There will be no distinction in these Certificates between "Fore and Aft-rigged" Steamships and "Square-rigged" Steamships.

Second Mate
Steamships.

42. SECOND MATE.—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for an Ordinary Second Mate's Certificate (*see* para 27), excepting that no service in square-rigged sailing vessels is required.

43. *Examination in Navigation.*—The examination in Navigation. navigation for a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Steamships will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary Second Mate's Certificate.

44. *Examination in Seamanship.*—The Candidate must Seamanship. understand and be able to give satisfactory answers as to the following subjects:—

- (a) The standing and running rigging of steamships.
- (b) Bending, unbending, setting, reefing, taking in and furling sail
- (c) Sending masts and yards up and down, &c.
- (d) Seeing everything in readiness and clear for getting under way, and the precautions to be then observed with regard to engines, propeller, &c.
- (e) Management of a steamship when under canvas.
- (f) Management of a ship's boat in heavy weather.
- (g) Dunnaging and stowing cargo, &c.
- (h) The Rule of the Road as regards both steamers and sailing vessels, their regulation lights and fog and sound signals.
- (i) Signals of distress, and signals to be made by ships wanting a Pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals.
- (j) The marking and use of the lead and log lines.
- (k) The construction, use and action of the sluices, and of the water-ballast tanks.
- (l) Engine-room, telegraph, &c.
- (m) Use and management of the rocket apparatus in the event of a vessel being stranded.
- (n) Any other questions of a like nature appertaining to the duties of the Second Mate of a steamship which the Examiner may think necessary to ask.

45. **ONLY MATE**—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for an Only Mate's Ordinary Certificate (see para 30), excepting that no service in square-rigged vessels is required. Only Mate, Steamship.

46. **FIRST MATE**—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for a First Mate's Ordinary Certificate (see para. 31), excepting that the service required as officer must have been in Steamships, and that no service in square-rigged vessels is required. First Mate, Steamship.

47. *Examination in Navigation.*—The examination in Navigation. navigation for an Only or First Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Steamships will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary First Mate's Certificate (see para. 32).

48. *Examination in Seamanship.*—In addition to the qualifications required for a Second Mate's certificate, an Only or First Mate will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects:— Seamanship.

- (a) Shifting large spars; rigging sheers; and taking lower masts in and out.
- (b) How to moor and unmoor ship, keep a clear anchor, and to carry out an anchor.
- (c) Management of a steamship in stormy weather.
- (d) How to rig purchases for getting heavy weights, anchors, machinery, &c., in and out.
- (e) How to dispose various kinds of cargo and weights, in a stiff and in a tender vessel.
- (f) Ventilation of holds and the stowage of explosives.
- (g) The effects of the screw race upon the rudder; and the effect produced on the direction of the head of the ship by going [ahead] [astern] with a [right] [left] handed screw when the rudder is [ported] [starboarded]; also the effect of twin-screws under the same conditions, and when going ahead with one and reversing the other, &c., &c.
- (h) How to rig a sea anchor, and what means to employ to keep a steamer, with her machinery disabled,

out of the trough of the sea and to lessen her lee drift.

- (i) How to turn a steamship short round.
- (j) How to get a cast of the deep sea lead in heavy weather.
- (k) Any other questions of a like nature appertaining to the duties of a First Mate of a steamship which the Examiner may think necessary to put to him.

Master,
Steamships.

49. **MASTER.**—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for a Master's Ordinary Certificate for a Foreign-going Ship (*see* para. 34), excepting that the service required as officer must have been performed in steamships, and that no service in square-rigged vessels is required.

Navigation.

50. *Examination in Navigation.*—The examination in navigation for a Master's Certificate for Foreign-going Steamships will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary Master's Certificate (*see* para 35.)

Seamanship.

51. *Examination in Seamanship.*—In addition to the qualifications required for the grades of Second and First Mate, a Master will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects:—

- (a) Construction of rafts and jury rudders suitable for screw steamships.
- (b) The preservation of the ship's crew in the event of wreck.
- (c) Management of steamships in heavy weather.
- (d) Rescuing the crew of a disabled ship.
- (e) Steps to be taken when a vessel is on her beam ends or disabled and on a lee shore.
- (f) How to use steam appliances in the event of fire.
- (g) The best arrangement for towing vessels under different circumstances.
- (h) Placing ship in dry dock, directing repairs, and the mode of procedure when putting into port in distress with damage to cargo and ship.
- (i) Any other questions of a like nature appertaining to the management of a steamship which the Examiner may think it necessary to put to him.

Steamship
Certificates,
how changed.

52. A Candidate possessing a Certificate for "Foreign-going Steamships" and desiring to be examined for an Ordinary Certificate, must prove that he has served at sea at least one year in a square-rigged sailing vessel *unless* he has previously held an Ordinary Certificate of a lower grade.

CERTIFICATES FOR HOME TRADE PASSENGER SHIPS.

Mate, Home
Trade.

53. **MATE.**—A Candidate must be not less than nineteen years of age and have served four years at sea.

Navigation.

54. *Examination in Navigation.*—He must write a legible hand and spell correctly, and understand the first five rules of arithmetic, both simple and compound. He must be able to take a bearing by compass, be conversant with the use of Mercator's Chart, and be able to find, on either a "true" or "magnetic" chart, the course to steer, and the distance from one given position to another; to find the ship's position on the chart from cross bearings of two objects and from two bearings of the same object, the course and distance run between taking the bearings being given; and the distance of the ship from the object, at the time of taking the second bearing. He must also pass an examination in the International Code of Signals.

Seamanship.

55. *Examination in Seamanship.*—He must possess a thorough knowledge of the Rule of the Road as regards both steamers and sailing vessels, their regulation lights, and fog and sound signals. He must be able to describe the signals of distress and the signals to be made by ships

wanting a Pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals; also the use and management of the rocket apparatus in the event of his vessel being stranded. He must be able to mark and use the lead and log lines, to moor and unmoor a vessel, and to manage a ship's boat in heavy weather, etc., etc. He must also understand the construction, use and action of the bulkhead sluices, the engine room, telegraph, etc., and to answer any other questions of a like nature appertaining to the duties of the Mate of a Home Trade Passenger Ship which the Examiner may think proper to put to him.

56. MASTER.*—A Candidate must be not less than twenty years of age and have served five years at sea of which—

- (a) one year must have been in a capacity not lower than that of only Mate of a Home Trade or Coasting Vessels whilst holding a Mate's Certificate for Home Trade Passenger Ships, or a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign going Vessels;
- (b) or, two and-a-half years must have been in a capacity not lower than Second Mate of a Home Trade or Coasting Vessel *in charge of a Watch* whilst holding a Mate's Certificate for Home Trade Passenger Ships, or a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels (see para. 106);
- (c) or, one year must have been as Pilot with a First Class Pilot's Certificate (see para. 103).

57. *Examination in Navigation.*—In addition to the qualifications required of a Mate of a Home Trade Passenger Ship, a Master will be required to find on a chart the course to steer by compass in order to counteract the effect of a given current and to find the distance the ship will make good towards a given point in a certain time, and to *work out practically* the correction to apply to soundings taken at a given time and place, to compare with the depth marked on the chart, etc. He will also be required to understand the use of the quadrant, to be able to observe with it, to read *off* and *on* the arc, and to find the index error by horizon. He will also be required to find the latitude by a meridian altitude of the sun, and to give written answers to certain practical question on the subject of the deviation of the compass. (See also supplementary *et cetera* test, para. 157.)

58. *Examination in Seamanship.*—In addition to the qualifications required of a Mate of a Home Trade Passenger Ship, a Master must understand how to rig a sea anchor and what means to apply to keep a steamship with machinery disabled out of the trough of the sea; also how to get a cast of the lead in heavy weather, etc. He will be examined as to his resources for the preservation of the crew and passengers in the event of wreck and the steps to be taken if his vessel is disabled and drifting towards a lee shore, and will be required to answer any other questions appertaining to the management of a Home Trade Passenger Ship which the Examiner may think necessary to put to him.

EXTRA CERTIFICATES.

59. *Certificates as Extra Master.*—An Extra Master's Certificate will entitle the holder to go to sea as Master of any vessel, sailing or steam.

The examination is voluntary and intended for such persons as wish to prove their superior qualifications and are desirous of having Certificates of the highest grade granted by the Board of Trade.

The extra examination may take place when the Applicant is qualified to go up for examination for an Ordinary

* For convenience of calculation, the service required is stated in a tabular form in Appendix F, page 36.

Master's Certificate, or at any time subsequent to his having passed the examination for that Certificate.

Extra Master,
Navigation.

60. *Examination in Navigation.*—The Candidate will be required to work out and show the construction of any four of the problems,* prescribed for the Ordinary Certificates and to satisfy the Examiner in the oral subjects prescribed for those Certificates. He must also be prepared to be examined in any of the following subjects, showing the construction of all problems†:—

- (a) To work a lunar‡ observation by either sun, star, or planet: and to compute the altitudes when they are not given.
* See Board of Trade notice of May 1905 on page 29.
- (b) To find the latitude from double altitudes of the sun or of a star.
- (c) To determine, from simultaneous observations of two different stars, the position of the ship, and the true bearing of the stars, by Sumner's method. The Candidate may either determine the four longitudes from the two assumed latitudes which will be given, or solve the question in any other way he may choose.
- (d) To find the error of a chronometer from the altitude of the sun or of a star, observed with an artificial, or with the natural, horizon.
- (e) To explain clearly in writing the principles of—(1) Great Circle sailing; (2) Windward Great Circle sailing; (3) Composite Great Circle sailing; and their advantages and disadvantages.
- (f) To show approximately on a terrestrial globe the Great Circle track and the distance from one given position to another; also the latitude and longitude of vertex; and the longitude from vertex; and to explain how the track can then be transferred to a Mercator's chart. Occasionally the Candidate will be required to lay the track down on a chart.
- (g) To determine the initial Great Circle course, and the distance, from one given position to another the latitude and longitude of vertex, the longitude from vertex and the latitudes and longitudes through which the Great Circle will pass; laying the track, composite or otherwise, down on a Mercator's chart, and explaining briefly how the course and distance from one point to another on this track is then found. This problem may, subject to the decision of the Examiner, be solved, either by calculation, or by any tables, graphic method, or Great Circle chart, known to and preferred by the Candidate, and it will usually be set so as to leave the choice of method to the Candidate.
- (h) To draw a figure, and write down the trigonometrical ratios.
- (i) Right-angled plane trigonometry; deducing and writing down the formula for each computation in the problem given.
- (j) Oblique-angled plane trigonometry; deducing and writing down the formula, or the rule, for each computation in the problem given.
- (k) To give Napier's rules for circular parts for the solution of right-angled spherical triangles, explaining clearly how the different angles and sides are considered in deducing the formulae.
- (l) Right-angled spherical trigonometry.
- (m) The laws of the deviation of the compass in iron ships. (See Appendix K, page 52.)
- (n) To construct a Mercator's chart.
- (o) The law of storms. The Candidate to write a paper of what he knows of this subject.

* Either of the short papers Exm. 3c. or Exm. 3d. may be given as one of these four problems.
† Two or three of these problems may usually be omitted, but all these and in the examination must be worked.

He must be prepared to answer vivâ voce questions on the following subjects :—

- (p) The leading principles of the construction of the sextant and of the vernier.
- (q) The civil duties of a Shipmaster in which he will be expected to show a more extensive knowledge than a Candidate for an Ordinary Master's Certificate.

The construction of the problems mentioned above and those in the compass syllabus, must be shown as follows :—

- (a) A circle should be drawn projected on the plane of the horizon—unless the problem can be shown better otherwise—and a correct figure drawn in it, the magnitude of the sides and angles being estimated approximately by the eye.
- (b) The sides and angles used in solving the problem should be marked by distinguishing letters in the figure, and the Candidate should for each fresh computation write down clearly what is given and what he is required to find, together with the formula which he proposes to use.
- (c) Opposite each quantity in the computation he should put the letters denoting the part of the triangle which it represents, writing 'comp' before the letters when the quantity is the complement of that part of the triangle.

Candidates will not be required to enter into the mathematical investigation of the rules and formulæ used in the solution of problems, involving oblique-angled spherical triangles, but credit will be given to any Candidate showing such knowledge. When, however, a problem or part of a problem is solved by right-angled spherical trigonometry, the simple process of deducing the formula from the figure, by Napier's rules for circular parts or other method, must be shown.

Where a problem is solved by right-angled plane trigonometry, the simple process of deducing the formula from the figure for each of the computations in it must be shown.

The rule for finding the latitude by meridian altitude must be proved by the figure.

61. *Examination in Seamanship*—In addition to the qualifications required of an Ordinary Master, the Extra Master will be expected to give satisfactory answers to any questions in practical seamanship that the Examiner may put to him. Extra Master
Seamanship.

62. Extra Certificates for Steamships will also be issued, subject to the examination described below to Officers who can show the necessary service in Steamships. The certificates will be marked "For Steamships only," and will only entitle the holders to go to sea as Masters of Steamships. Extra
certificates,
Steamships.

The examination is open to all who are qualified to go up for a Certificate as Master of a Foreign-going Steamship, or who have already obtained this Certificate. It is open also to Candidates who have failed in the examination for an Extra Master's Certificate to show the requisite knowledge of the management of square-rigged sailing vessels, provided they can prove the necessary amount of Officer's service in Steamship (*see para. 20*).

63. *Examination in Navigation*.—The examination in navigation for an Extra Master's Certificate for steamships will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Extra Master's Certificate. Extra Master,
Steamship,
Navigation

64. *Examination in Seamanship*.—In addition to the qualifications required of a Master of a Foreign-going Steamship, the Extra Master will be expected to give satisfactory answers to any questions appertaining to the management of a steamship that the Examiner may put to him. Seamanship.

CERTIFICATES FOR PLEASURE YACHTS.

65. The examination for these Certificates is purely voluntary, and is confined to persons who command their own Yacht Yacht
Certificates

	sea-going pleasure yachts. A Master of yacht who is not also the sole owner, or who is under 21 years of age, is not eligible for examination.
Description of Certificate.	66. Only one description of Certificate will be issued whether the yacht is foreign-going or cruises within the home trade limits.
	The Certificate will not entitle the holder to command any vessel except the pleasure yacht or yachts of which he is at the time the sole owner.
No sea service required.	67. Candidates are not required to have served any specified time afloat, as it is believed that their sea knowledge will be sufficiently tested by the examination they will have to pass in seamanship.
Statutory declaration necessary.	68. Testimonials of service need not be shown, but a Candidate for examination will be required to produce a statutory declaration to the effect (1) that he is sole owner of the yacht; (2) that the yacht is sea-going; (3) that it is not to be used for trading purposes. He will also be required to fill up the form of application (Form Exn. 2) and pay the fee of Rs. 24 at the Port Office, as in paragraph 8.
In other respects ordinary regulations apply.	69. In all other respects the regulations relating to examinations of Masters of Foreign-going ships will apply in these cases.
Yacht Master, Navigation.	70. <i>Examination in Navigation.</i> —The examination in navigation for a Yacht Master's Certificate will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary Master's Certificate, except that in the Civil duties of a Ship Master the Master of a yacht will only be expected to possess a knowledge of what he is required to do by the Merchant Shipping Act.
Yacht Master, Seamanship.	71. <i>Examination in Seamanship.</i> —He must give satisfactory answers as to his knowledge of making and taking in sail, and as to the management of a yacht under canvas in moderate and in stormy weather. He must have a thorough knowledge of the Rule of the Road at sea as regards both steamers and sailing vessels; their regulation lights, and fog and sound signals; and be able to describe the signals of distress and the signals to be made by ships wanting a Pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals. He must also understand the use and management of the rocket apparatus in the event of his vessel being stranded. He must be able to mark and use the lead and log lines; to cast a vessel on a lee shore; to moor and unmoor a ship; to keep a clear anchor, and to carry out an anchor. He must know how to keep his vessel out of the trough of the sea in the event of accident; how to rig rafts and jury rudders, &c., and what steps to take if his vessel is disabled or unmanageable and drifting towards a lee shore. He will also be examined as to his resources for the preservation of the crew in the event of wreck. He must also possess a knowledge of the measures he should adopt for preventing and checking an outbreak of scurvy on board, and be prepared to answer any other questions relating to the management of a yacht either steam or sailing which the Examiner may ask.
Extra Master, Yacht.	72. EXTRA MASTER OF YACHT. —An Extra Certificate will be issued to the owner of a yacht who either holds, or is qualified to be examined for a Yacht Master's Certificate, subject to the following examination.
Navigation.	73. <i>Examination in Navigation.</i> —The examination in navigation will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an extra Master's Certificate. (See paragraph 60.)
Seamanship.	74. <i>Examination in Seamanship.</i> —The subjects of examination in Seamanship will be the same as those prescribed for a Yacht Master's Certificate, but the Candidate for an Extra Certificate will be expected to show a more extensive practical knowledge than is required of a Candidate for the Yacht Master's Certificate.

PROVISIONAL CERTIFICATES.

Provisional Certificate.	75. Provisional Certificates for Foreign-going ships or for Foreign-going Steamships, according to the Candidate's
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qualifications, are granted on the conditions stated below to any officer of the Mercantile Marine who may require such a Certificate to qualify him for appointment to or promotion in the Royal Naval Reserve. These Certificates are only issued for Royal Naval Reserve purposes, and do not authorise the holders to go to sea as First Mate or Master.

76. Candidates for these Certificates must apply to the Port Officer of Calcutta, fill up the form of application (Exn. 2), and pay the usual fee. They must produce their First or Second Mate's Certificates of Competency, and an authority from the Government before they can be examined. This authority should be obtained through the Port Officer.

77. *Provisional Certificates as First Mate.*—Provisional Certificates as First Mate are granted to Candidates who can prove that they have served five years at sea, and that during one year of this period they have served in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate while holding a Second Mate's Certificate. They must pass the usual examination for First Mate and pay the usual fee. The provisional Certificate is exchangeable for the full Certificate as First Mate, without further payment or examination, on production to the Port Officer of satisfactory proofs that the holder has served at sea not less than 12 months in a Foreign-going Vessel in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate, and that during the whole of that period he has been in regular charge of a Watch and in possession of a Certificate of Competency as Second Mate.

Provisional
Certificates,
First Mate.

78. *Provisional Certificates as Master.*—Provisional Certificates as Master are granted to Candidates who can prove not less than six and-a-half years' service at sea, and who pass the usual examination for Master and pay the usual fee. Of this service two and a-half years must have been served in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate of an Ocean-going Steamship, during the last 12 months of which the Candidate must have been in possession of a full Certificate as First Mate. These Certificates will be exchanged for the full Certificates as Master, without further payment or examination, on production to the Port Officer of satisfactory proofs that the holder has served at sea not less than two and a-half years in a Foreign-going Vessel in charge of a Watch in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate, and that during 12 months of this period he has served as Second Mate while in possession of a full Certificate of Competency as First Mate.

Provisional
Certificates,
Master.

VOLUNTARY EXAMINATION IN COMPASS DEVIATION.

79. Any person holding a Certificate of any grade in the Foreign or Home Trade, or as Master of his own Pleasure Yacht, who wishes to pass a voluntary examination in Compass Deviation,* can at any time be examined upon filling up the usual form of application and paying to the Port Officer the fee of Rs. 12. If the Candidate passes the examination, a note to that effect will be made upon his Certificate.

Compass
deviation.

VOLUNTARY EXAMINATION IN STEAM.†

80. These examinations are provided for the purpose of giving Masters and Mates who are possessed of Certificates of Competency an opportunity of undergoing a voluntary examination as to their practical knowledge of the use and working of the steam-engine. They are conducted on the premises, and under the superintendence of the Port Officer at such times as he may appoint for the purpose; and the Examiners are selected by the Government from the Engineer-Surveyors appointed under the Indian Steam Ships' Act, 1884.

Examination
in steam.

* See Appendix K, page 52.

† See also Appendix N, page 60.

Persons eligible.	81. The examination is open to any person who holds a Certificate of any grade in the foreign or home trade, or as master of his own Pleasure Yacht. Candidates should fill up the Form of application, Form (Exn. 2) at the Port Office, pay the fee of Rs. 12 and deposit their Certificates with the Port Officer. The Port Officer will inform the applicant when and where to attend to be examined. If the Candidate fails to pass, his certificate will be at once returned to him.
How to apply.	
Result of Examination.	82. If he passes, the Report (Exn. 14) will be sent to the Port Officer, and the Certificate together with the Form Exn. 2 will be sent to the Government; the words "certified to have passed in steam," with the date and place of examination, will then be entered on the Certificate and its counterpart, and the certificate will be sent to the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office of the port named in the Form Exn. 2, and be delivered to the Candidate in the usual manner.
In case of failure.	83. If a Candidate fails, he may not present himself for re-examination until the expiration of three months from the date of failure.
Character of Examination.	84. The examination is for the most part <i>visd voce</i> , and extends to a general knowledge of the practical use and working of the steam-engine, and of the various valves, fittings, and pieces of machinery connected with it and of the way in which electric lighting is carried out on board ship. Intricate theoretical questions on calculations of horse power or areas of cylinders and valves, or any of the more difficult questions relating to steam-engines and boilers, will not be asked. The examination will in fact be confined to the duties which a master of a steam-vessel may be called upon to performed in the case of the death, incapacity or delinquency of the Engineer.
Practical knowledge required.	85. Examiners are to satisfy themselves that the Candidates know the names and understand the use of the various parts of engines and boilers and their connecting pipes, valves, cocks, &c. Practical knowledge, as distinguished from theories and abstruse calculations, is to be the test of the Candidate's fitness to have his Certificate endorsed.
Examination on boardship.	86. The Examiner should arrange to conduct part of the examination in the engine-room of a Steamship, unless from circumstances, he finds it impossible to do so; but in the event of the Candidate passing, the Examiner should state in writing what circumstances prevented a visit to an engine-room. If an opportunity offer, the candidate should be permitted, under the guidance of the Examiner, to start and stop the engine of some vessel which may have her steam up.
Place of Examination to be reported.	87. The Examiner, in sending in his report of the examination, should state where the examination has been held.
Elementary questions to be answered.	88. Candidates will be required to give written answers to sixteen out of twenty questions taken from a book of Elementary Questions published by the Government. These questions will be altered from time to time without notice. The twenty questions are not to be difficult, theoretical or book questions, but are to be such as any man of ordinary capacity who has any <i>practical knowledge of the use and working of the steam-engine</i> ought to answer.
Answers to be sent to Govt.	89. These questions, with the Candidate's answers, should be sent to the Government, with the reports, after each examination.
Copying.	90. If a Candidate refers to any book or paper or memorandum, or obtains information from another Candidate during the examination, he will be treated as having failed, will forfeit his fee, and will not be allowed to be re-examined for a period of three months.
Report on failure.	91. The Examiners will report, in the case of failure, the nature of the question or questions that decided the failure, or the point in the management of the engine in which the Candidate was deficient.

92. There is nothing in the regulations requiring that Applicants for the voluntary examination shall have served on board Steamships; all that is required is that they shall have a practical knowledge of the use and working of the steam-engine. Examiners will not fail to appreciate the fact that practical knowledge is best gained in the engine-room; and the examination of an Officer who does not produce official evidence of service in steamships, and of experience of engines, must necessarily be more searching than in the case of one who produces evidence of such service and experience.

Service on
Steamships
not essential.

CERTIFICATES OF SERVICE.

93. A person who has attained the rank of Lieutenant, Sub-Lieutenant, Navigating Lieutenant or Navigating Sub-Lieutenant in His Majesty's Navy, or of Lieutenant in His Majesty's Indian Marine Service, is entitled to a Certificate of Service as Master of a Foreign-going Ship without examination. This Certificate will not entitle the holder to go to sea as Master or Mate, of a Home Trade Passenger Ship.

Persons
qualified.

94. Applications for Certificates of Service must be made on a printed form, Evn. 18, to be obtained free of charge of the Registrar-General of Seamen, Custom House, London, E. C., or of the Port Officer.

Form of
application.

95. Applications for certificates of Service by Officers of the Royal Navy on the active list must be made through their Commanding Officers, and applications from officers of the Royal Navy on half pay must be made to the Secretary of the Admiralty, who will, in either case, forward the application to the Board of Trade.

How to
apply.

Ambulance Certificate, &c.

96. Any person holding a Certificate from the St. John's or St. Andrew's Ambulance Association, as qualified to render first aid to the injured can have the fact stamped on his Board of Trade Certificate or Certificate granted by an authority in British Possession abroad by forwarding the two Certificates to the Government either direct or through the Port Officer.

Ambulance
Cert. Boates.

Recipients of Government awards can also have the fact stamped on their Certificates on application in a similar manner.

CHAPTER III.

RULES FOR ESTIMATING SEA SERVICE.

97. In these regulations sea service is reckoned from the commencement to the termination of the voyage. The Certificates of Discharge for service in the Foreign Trade will generally be accepted as proof of sea service, but Certificates of Discharge for service in the Home or Coasting Trade must always be sent to the Port Officer for verification. The Port Officer and Examiners will be careful to see that these discharges have not been in any way tampered with, and will report any suspicious cases to the Government.

Sea
service.

98. For Foreign-going Certificates the term "Sea service" means, unless otherwise stated, service performed in Foreign-going Vessels.

Sea service for
Foreign-going
Certificates.

99. For Home Trade Passenger Ship Certificates, service in the Home or Coasting Trade is regarded as equivalent to service in the Foreign Trade; but for Foreign-going Certificates, it is regarded as only equivalent to two-thirds of the time served in the Foreign Trade, except in the case of Indian Coasting Voyages extending beyond a distance of 500 miles from the port of departure in vessels commanded by Masters holding Foreign-going Certificates, when such service will count as foreign voyages, and will be

Service in
Home
Trade.

limits in Sailing Yachts of not less than 50 tons net register or in Steam Yachts of not less than 80 tons gross register will be accepted in the proportion stated in para. 99; but Candidates must also show (1) for a *Foreign-going Certificate*, service for at least eighteen months in an ordinary trading vessel in the Foreign Trade, or for the equivalent period (27 months) in an ordinary trading vessel in the Home or Coasting Trade; (2) for a *Home Trade Passenger Ship Certificate*, service for at least twelve months in an ordinary trading vessel in the Foreign, Home, or Coasting Trade.

- (c) Service within Home Trade limits in Sailing Yachts of 20 tons net register, or in Steam Yachts of 40 tons gross register, will be accepted towards qualifying a candidate for a *Foreign-going Certificate* as equivalent to half the same time served in the Foreign Trade, but no amount of such service shall count as more than two years' service in the Foreign Trade, and no such service shall count as Officer's service to qualify Candidates for *Foreign-going Certificates*.
- (d) Service within Home Trade limits in Sailing Yachts of not less than 20 tons net register, or in Steam Yachts of not less than 40 tons gross register will be accepted at the ordinary rate as qualifying service for *Home Trade Passenger Ship Certificates*, but Candidates must prove that they have in addition served for at least twelve months in an ordinary trading vessel in the Foreign, Home or Coasting Trade.
- (e) Service within Home Trade limits in Sailing Yachts of less than 20 tons net register, or in Steam Yachts of less than 40 tons gross register, will not be accepted as qualifying service for any class of Certificate.

Service in
Tugs.

116. Service performed in Tugs employed in Channel Service or outside partially smooth water limits (see Appendix S, page 72) may be accepted as sea service for the purpose of qualifying a Candidate for a Mate's or Master's Certificate for *Home Trade Passenger Ships*.

Service in
tug-boats.

117. Service in Steam Hopper Barges may, subject to the provisions of para. 119, be allowed to count towards qualifying a Candidate for a Mate's Certificate of Competency for *Home Trade Passenger Ships*, provided the Candidate can prove at least two years' service in an ordinary trading vessel in either the Home, Coasting, or Foreign Trade. Service in these Steam Hoppers will not be accepted as Officer's service towards qualifying a Candidate for a Master's Certificate.

Service in
Light-ships
or Engine-
room.

118. Service in Light-ships or in an Engine-room will not be accepted as sea service.

Service on
rivers.

119. Service performed on rivers, no matter of what size, and service performed within smooth or partially smooth water limits (see Appendix S, page 72) will not be accepted.

Where any doubt whatever exists on this point, the Candidate will be required to produce a Certificate from the Master or Owner of the vessel in which the service was performed before the service can be accepted.

Service on
Training
ships.

120. Half the time served on board a training ship will be allowed to count as service at sea up to a limit of one year (i.e., no length of service will be allowed to count as more than one year at sea), provided that the Candidate can produce a Certificate from the Committee that he has conducted himself creditably and passed a good examination in seamanship so far as it is practised in the training ship, as well as in other matters, down to the time of his leaving the ship, but this service will not be regarded as equivalent to service in square-rigged vessels.

Apprentices.

121. The whole of the time claimed under Indentures of Apprenticeship will be accepted as actual sea service

to qualify under para. 27 for a second Mate's Certificate provided (a) that the Indentures have not been cancelled through some fault of the Candidate, but are endorsed by the Owner or Master to whom he was bound, to the effect that he has performed his service faithfully during the time he remained as Apprentice; and (b) that the Candidate has served at sea four-fifths of the time claimed, that is to say, has not spent more than one-fifth of the time in Home Ports. In cases where an Apprentice is qualified for examination before the expiration of his Indentures, e.g., where he has had training ship or other sea service prior to being bound, which together with his actual time as Apprentice makes up the required four years, or where his Indentures are for a period of more than four years, a letter from the Owner or Master will be accepted in place of the endorsement referred to above.

In the event of the Candidate being short of the required four-fifths of the time claimed as Apprentice out of the United Kingdom, he will be required to show sufficient additional sea service, either as seaman or junior officer, to make up the four-fifths of the time claimed.

122. The whole of the time served as midshipman or cadet under indentures will also be accepted subject to the same conditions as those laid down for apprentices; and the same will be the case even when not bound by indentures, provided that the service as midshipman or cadet has been continuous, and that on the date of the termination of the period of service claimed in this capacity the candidate was on articles of agreement, and that he is able to comply with the requirements laid down in the matter of serving or making up the four-fifths period at sea during the time claimed.

Midshipmen
and Cadets.

123. Service performed in the sea-going Steam Vessels of the Trinity House, of the Commissioners of the Northern Light-houses, or of the Commissioners of Irish Lights, will be accepted as sea service for the purpose of qualifying a Candidate for examination for a Home Trade Passenger Ship Certificate; but for a Foreign-going Certificate a Candidate must show in addition to this service calculated in accordance with paragraph 99 at least twelve months in an ordinary Trading Vessel. In order to qualify a Candidate for an Ordinary Certificate, this twelve months must have been performed in a square-rigged Sailing Vessel. (See para. 25.)

Light-house
tenders.

124. Officers of the Royal Navy are at liberty to apply for Certificates of Service and to be examined for Certificates of Competency in the Mercantile Marine, but the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have directed that the applications of officers on the active list should be made through their commanding officers, and that the applications of officers on half-pay should be made to the Secretary of the Admiralty, who, in either case, will forward the application to the Board of Trade. In the case of Royal Marine officers, applications for certificates of service should be made on a printed form Examination 18, which will be supplied free of charge on application to the Director of the Royal Indian Marine. Applicants on duty in India should submit their claims to the Director for transmission to the Government of India and the India Office. Officers on leave in England should submit their claims to the India Office, on the printed form which may be obtained from that office.

Service in
Royal Navy.

The conditions on which Certificates of service are issued are stated at page 19.

125. Officers of the Royal Navy or of the Royal Indian Marine who wish to be examined for Certificates of Competency in the Mercantile Marine will be required to prove the following service; and if an officer wishes to obtain the Ordinary Certificate for Foreigngoing Ships, he must prove that at least twelve months of this required period was served under sail alone:—

Qualifications
required of
Naval officers.

(i) For Second Mate.—The officer must prove four years' service at sea or that he has attained the rank of Acting Sub-Lieutenant.

(ii) For Only Mate.—Five years' service at sea.

(iii) For First Mate or Master.—The officer must prove that he has attained the rank of Sub-Lieutenant in the Royal Navy, or of Lieutenant in the Royal Indian Marine.

Service in
Royal Naval
Reserve.

126. Lieutenants, Sub-Lieutenants, and Acting Sub-Lieutenants of the Royal Naval Reserve who perform sea service on board His Majesty's ships will be allowed to count such service as if it had been performed in Foreign-going Merchant Ships; and the service will rank according to the Certificate of Competency held by the Candidate at the time. Midshipmen of the Royal Naval Reserve, possessing a First Mate's Certificate, and temporarily granted the rank of acting Sub-Lieutenant whilst undergoing twelve months' training afloat in the Royal Navy, will only be allowed to count such service as if it had been performed in the capacity of Second Mate of a Foreign-going Merchant Ship with a First Mate's Certificate.

Service in drill
and
harbourships.

127. If accompanied by a good report, half the time spent in Drill in the Royal Naval Reserve, and in Harbour Ships of the Royal or Colonial Navies, will be allowed to count as sea service, subject to the limit that no such service must amount to more than one-fourth of the time required for the particular grade of Certificate applied for.

CHAPTER IV.

CONDUCT OF THE EXAMINATIONS.

Commence-
ment and
duration of
examinations.

128. The examinations will commence early in the forenoon, and will be continued from day to day until all the Candidates whose names appear upon the Port Officer's list on the day of examination are examined.

Candidates to
be punctual.

129. Candidates are required to appear at the examination room punctually at the time appointed.

Loose paper
and books
removed.

130. Before commencing the examination, the tables or desks must be cleared of all scraps of paper or books that are not used in the examination, and care should be taken that the Candidates do not bring into the examination room any book or paper.

No strangers
admitted.

131. No person will be allowed in the room during the examination, other than those whose duties require them to be present. No instructors will be allowed on the premises.

Books and
papers strictly
forbidden.

132. Candidates are prohibited from bringing into the examination room, books or papers of any kind whatever. The slightest infringement of this regulation will subject the offender to all the penalties of a failure, and he will not be allowed to present himself for re-examination for a period of three months.

All work to
be shown.

133. No Candidate will be allowed to work out his problems on a slate or on waste paper, or to write on the blotting paper supplied for his use in the examination. Violation of this rule will subject the Candidate to all the penalties of a failure.

A sheet of blotting paper should be issued to each Candidate with the first examination paper, and it must be returned to the Examiner when the last paper is completed each day. The Examiner will be careful to see that the blotting paper has not been used by the Candidate in solving his problems or for conveying information to other Candidates.

Instruments
are provided.

134. All instruments necessary for use in the examinations are supplied by the Government.

Leaving room
or building.

135. No Candidate may leave the examination room without permission and without giving up the paper on which he is engaged. Under no circumstances will a Candidate be allowed to leave the building while the examination is proceeding. Violation of this rule will subject the Candidate to all the penalties of a failure.

Copying, &c.,
to be pre-
vented.

136. Candidates should be so placed as to prevent one copying from the other, and no communication whatever between the Candidates should be allowed.

Penalty for
copying, &c.

137. In the event of any Candidate being discovered referring to any book or paper, or copying from another, or affording any assistance or giving any information to another, or communicating in any way with another, during the time of examination, or copying any part of the problems for the purpose of taking them out of the examination room, he will subject himself to all the penalties of a failure, and will not be allowed to be examined for a period of six months.

138. If a Candidate defaces, blots, writes in or otherwise injures any book or form belonging to the Board, his papers will be retained until he has replaced the damaged book or document. He will not be allowed to remove the damaged book or document, and will be subjected to all the penalties of a failure. Injury to books.

139. Perfect silence is to be preserved in the examination room. Silence.

140. Any Candidate violating any of the regulations, or being guilty of insolence to the Examiner, or of disorderly or improper conduct in or about the room, will render himself liable to the postponement of his examination; or if he has passed, to the detention of his Certificate for such period as the Government may direct. Penalty for breach of rules.

141. The examination papers of Candidates must in all cases be sent to the Port Officer, Calcutta, for his approval, together with the report of the examination on the Form, Exp. 14. Should the envelope containing the examination papers appear to have been opened, or in any way tampered with, the Examiner should, if he thinks it necessary, defer the examination until the following day. In the event of any case of this kind occurring, a full report of the circumstances, and of the steps taken in the matter, should be immediately forwarded to the Port Officer, Calcutta. Examination papers, how to be dealt with.

142. The examination papers should be issued to the Candidates in half sheets only and one at a time. This will prevent a Candidate from spreading out the sheets on the table so as to enable his neighbour to look over the problems. It will also enable the Examiner to look over and report upon the work on one-half sheet, while the Candidate is at work upon another. When the errors are not too numerous, the incorrect problems may be returned to the Candidate for correction, but in no case should the errors be pointed out by the Examiner, neither should any marks be made which would indicate how far or to what extent, the work is incorrect. The incorrect problems are not to be returned to the Candidate for correction a second time, and should more than one of the problems—or two, if the errors are only slight—be still incorrect, this would involve a failure. It must be understood, however, that the day's work, latitude by meridian, altitude of sun and star, chronometer problem by sun and star, and the Summer problem must always be correct. Papers to be issued singly.

143. When, from the large number of the Candidates, it may sometimes be found impossible to look over the work on the day of examination during the office hours, an hour in the morning of the following day may be allotted for the purpose of correcting the problems, but in no case should a Candidate have his problem returned to him for correction after he has made the second attempt. Extra hour allowed in certain cases.

144. In the examinations for Extra Certificates for Foreign-going Ships and for Steamships, the Candidate will be required to complete the whole of his problems and other papers, which must not be returned to the Candidate for correction, but will then be dealt with by the Examiner on the mark system. If the Candidate does not obtain 85 per cent. of the total number of marks allotted for the papers, he will be declared to have failed. (See Appendix Q, page 70.) Extra certificates.

145. The examination will commence with not less than a quarter of an hour's dictation to test handwriting and spelling. This, however, is only to be given to those Candidates who present themselves for examination for the first time for a Foreign-going Certificate. The spelling must be reasonably and fairly good, and the writing clear and legible. The spelling and writing of all Candidates must be satisfactory, and in cases where there is any doubt about the ability of a Candidate to spell correctly, he will be specially tested by dictation. Dictation.

146. The paper of definitions (see Appendix C, page 31) is only for those Candidates who present themselves for examination for the first time for a Foreign-going Certificate. In using this paper, the Examiner will place a mark against the questions which he wishes to be answered, not less

than ten questions being so selected. The Candidate will then write against the questions so marked his definition of the terms in a clear and legible hand, and so as to prevent the possibility of any letter being mistaken, and also draw a rough sketch or diagram opposite to each of the questions to which he has given written answers in further illustration of its meaning. The *visé voce* questions will be asked on the answers given. (See para. 156.)

Compass
deviation.

147. In the questions on the Deviation of the Compass (see *Appendix I*, page 50), the Examiner will mark at least twelve of the questions, including the problems. The selected questions will be varied frequently, and no two Candidates will have precisely the same questions. The Candidate will be furnished with sheets of the blank ruled paper which is supplied for the purpose, with instructions that he is to write only on one side of the paper, and to answer in a clear and legible hand each of the questions against which a mark is placed, and to commence each answer by writing down the number of the question to which it relates in the margin. In answering question 39 on the tentative method of compass adjustment, the Candidate will be tested by Beall's Compass Deviascope, and it will not therefore be necessary for him to give the written answer and sketches. A Candidate for an Extra Master's Certificate will not be required to answer the questions on Compass Deviation on Form Exn. 7, but will be examined in the Syllabus shown in *Appendix K*, page 58, and with the Compass Deviascope.

Barometer,
tides, &c.

148. The examination on the Barometer, Thermometer, and Hydrometer, prevailing winds and currents of the globe, Trade routes and Tides will for the present be conducted orally, and the questions asked by the Examiner, which will be constantly varied, will be confined to and based on the information given in the test-books mentioned in *Appendix R*, page 71. Candidates will be required to have a fair and intelligent knowledge of the contents of those books.

Adjustment
of sextant.

149. Particular attention should be paid to the adjustments of the sextant, the examination in which subject will be conducted orally and practically. Every candidate will be examined practically as to his knowledge of the adjustments, and the use of the various screws; he must be able to read correctly off the arc, a supposed index error being given by the Examiner, as additive, as well as reading on the arc in the usual way; he must also be able to find the index error both by the horizon and by the sun.

Corrections.

150. Candidates will find it more convenient, both during the examination and at sea, to correct the declination and other elements from the Nautical Almanac by the hourly differences given in that work; they will thereby render themselves independent of any proportional or logarithmic table for that purpose.

Corrections by
tables.

151. The corrections by inspection of tables given in some of the works on navigation, e.g., Tables IX, XI, and XXI in Norie's Epitome, will not be allowed; every correction must appear on the papers of the Candidates.

Minor correc-
tions to be
shown.

152. All outstanding or minor corrections should appear in the margin of each problem paper, and on the chart papers, and the papers of the Candidate will not be considered complete without these corrections.

Problems are
tests.

153. Examiners should bear in mind that the problems to be solved are required as tests, and for the purposes of an examination, and not for sea-going or practical purposes alone.

Candidates
may use own
method.

154. The Candidates will be allowed to work out the various problems according to the method and the tables they have been accustomed to use.

Problems to be
varied.

155. All the problems given in the examinations, both for the Ordinary and for the Extra Certificates, will be constantly varied; and the mode of stating the times in the astronomical problems, and the mode of wording and setting these and all other problems will be varied in every possible way, so as to ensure that the Candidate has a proper knowledge of the subject.

156. Candidates are expected not only to give correct written answers to the questions set in the papers, but also to possess an intelligent knowledge of the various subjects prescribed in the regulations. The Examiner will therefore put a few *vidé voce* questions to the Candidate as the papers are brought up for inspection or during the course of the examination. The questions, which will be based on the papers set, will be such that the Examiner may satisfy himself that the Candidate possesses a real knowledge of what he has written. Supplement-
ary *vidé voce*.

157. When an Examiner finds it necessary to fail a Candidate in this supplementary *vidé voce* test, a statement to that effect will be made on the Candidate's examination papers before they are forwarded to the Port Officer, Calcutta. Failure in
supplement-
ary *vidé voce*.

Time allowed.

158. Candidates for Second Mate's Ordinary Certificates must complete the whole of the examination in Navigation in *nine hours*, including the time allowed for writing the definitions on Form Exn. 4a, the paper on the chart, and the correction of all errors and oversights; but *the quarter of an hour's dictation and all the nautical problems, excepting the chart paper*, must be completed within six hours, and without the Candidates leaving the premises during that period. Second Mate.

159. Candidates for Only and First Mates' Ordinary Certificates must complete the whole of the examination in Navigation in *twelve hours*,* including the time allowed for the papers on the chart; cyclones or revolving storms; and for the correction of all errors and oversights; but the nautical problems *up to and including (k) of the Syllabus*, prescribed for Only and First Mate must be completed within six hours and without the Candidates leaving the premises during that period. Only and First
Mates.

160. Candidates for Ordinary Certificates as Master must complete the whole of the examination in Navigation in fifteen hours, including the time allowed for the papers on the chart; compass deviation; cyclones or revolving storms; and for the correction of all errors and oversights; but the problems given, *up to and including (k) of the Syllabus prescribed for Only and first Mate*, must be completed within six hours, and without the Candidates leaving the premises during that period. Masters,
Ordinary.

161. Candidates for Certificates for Foreign-going Steamships will be allowed the same amount of time to complete their navigation work as is allowed in the case of Ordinary Certificates. Time allowed
Steamship
Certificates.

162. Candidates for Certificates as Masters of pleasure Yachts will be allowed the same amount of time for completing the examination as the Candidates for Ordinary Masters' Certificates. Yacht
Masters.

163. Candidates for Home Trade Mates' Certificates must complete the whole of their arithmetical chart, and other papers, within eight hours, and Candidates for Home Trade Masters' Certificates within ten hours. Home Trade
Mates.

164. The time allowed to Candidates for Extra Certificates to complete the whole of the problems and writings, including the Compass Syllabus, must not exceed 26 hours. Masters, extra
certificates.

165. A period not exceeding eleven hours will be allowed to Candidates for the completion of the whole of the examination in the Compass Syllabus, including the correction of all errors and oversights in both the problems and writings. Compass
syllabus.

166. Punctually at the expiration of the prescribed time all papers will be collected whether completed or not. If the papers are not completed, the Candidate will be declared to have failed, unless the Port Officer should see fit to lengthen the period in any special case. Where such an extension of time is granted, the case must be fully reported to the Government on the Form Exn. 14. Papers to be
collected
punctually.

* A Candidate who is not applying for a Second Mate's Certificate, and who has not previously passed an examination, may be allowed the time allotted to dictation and writing the definitions on form Exn. 4a, in addition to the above.

Vied roes
time extra.

167. The periods prescribed in the foregoing paragraphs are not intended to include the time occupied by the *vied roes* part of the examination.

Vied roes
time allowed.

168. In the *vied roes* examination a reasonable time should be allowed for the Candidate to give his answers. No assistance should be given or leading question put.

Time allowed
for navigation.

169. It is anticipated that few Candidates will require the whole of the time allowed for completing the examination in Navigation, but ample time has been given so that the work may be done carefully and be clear and legible, and to the entire satisfaction of the examiners.

Order of work.

170. Candidates, after finishing the problems required in the various grades on the first day of examination, should proceed, until the end of that day, with such subjects as the definitions, chart, *questions relating to cyclones and compass deviation*.

Sumner
problem.

171. The Sumner problem (Exn. 6C) must on no account be given out to any of the Candidates on the first day of the examination, but should form the commencement of the Candidates' work on the second day. On completion of this problem the Candidates for Masters' Certificates should proceed with the problems (a), (b), (c) of the *Syllabus for that Grade*.

Degree of
precision
required.

172. Degree of precision required in the solution of the problems:—

- (a) Candidates are expected to work out their answers to all problems where the answer required is a latitude, longitude or distance within $1\frac{1}{2}'$ of position from a correct result: in finding the ship's position by Sumner's method a margin of $2\frac{1}{2}'$ will be allowed.
- (b) In such problems as the "Amplitude" and "Alt-Azimuth," where the bearing, deviations, &c., only are required, a margin of $3'$ or $\frac{1}{4}'$ from a correct result will be sufficiently accurate.
- (c) Candidates for Ordinary Certificates are not required to correct for *second differences* in taking out the quantities from the Nautical Almanac; and even Candidates for extra Certificates are only required to show that they are acquainted with the method of second differences by correcting the elements for same in the lunar problem.
- (d) In solving the Time Azimuth problems an answer not exceeding half a degree from the exact result will be sufficiently near. But in all cases the actual latitude, declination, and time used, together with the exact bearing from the North or South as given in the tables, must be clearly shown by the Candidate on his papers.
- (e) In computing the time at which a given star will be on the observer's meridian, and the name of the stars near the meridian [sections (b) and (a) of paragraph 32], an approximation only is required, and it will be sufficiently precise if the Candidate works throughout with the nearest minute of time. In computing the approximate meridian altitude of a star [section (g)], working throughout with the nearest minute of arc will also be sufficiently close.
- (f) In interpolating for the correct deviation to be applied in solving the chart questions, it will usually be sufficient if the Candidate works throughout with the nearest degree of deviation taken from the Deviation Card; and even in cases where the deviations may vary but little, the nearest half degree used throughout will be sufficiently precise. It is not necessary that the Candidate should waste his time in solving the course to odd minutes, as is sometimes done.
- (g) In calculating the correction to apply to Soundings, the Candidate is not required to work to the exact inch, as is sometimes done. It will be sufficient if he brings his answer within half a foot or so of a precise result.

- (h) In the Lunar problem a difference of 3' in the longitude from the correct answer as deduced by a rigorous method by spherical trigonometry will be allowed.

It must be clearly understood in reading the foregoing instructions as to the precision required, that they only apply when the work of the Candidate is correct in principle. No candidate to be examined twice in a week.

173. A Candidate will not be allowed to undergo examination twice in the same week, unless under very special and urgent circumstances the Port Officer should see fit to relax this rule. In that case a special set of problems should be supplied to the Candidate.

Consecutive Office No. 649, Departmental, 1375, Superintendents, 59, Examinations, 2.

BOARD OF TRADE,
MARINE DEPARTMENT.

May 1905.

EXAMINATIONS OF MASTERS AND MATES.

INSTRUCTIONS TO EXAMINERS AND NOTICE TO CANDIDATES.

Extra Masters' Certificates.

ON and after the 1st January 1907, the following alteration will be made in the examination of Extra Masters' Certificates.

The Lunar Problem referred to in paragraph 61(a) of the Regulations relating to the examination of Masters and Mates will no longer be set in this examination. In its place, a paper on Naval Architecture will be given, the Candidate being required to give written answers to six or ten questions on this subject, and also to satisfy the Examiner in the supplementary *vicà voce* test. For the purpose of this examination the Board of Trade have adopted "The Modern Practice of Shipbuilding in Iron and Steel" as a text-book, from which the questions will be set, and they advise intending Candidates to take this or other books on the subject to read with them, so that they can study at their leisure.

FRANCIS J. S. HORWOOD,
Secretary.

WALTER J. HOWELL,
Asst. Secretary.

The Modern Practice of Shipbuilding in Iron and Steel," by Samuel J. P. Thearle.—Published by William Collins, Sons and Company,—price 11 s. 8d. nett.
2,000 Wt. 3,108 5/05 D & S 1 21419.

APPENDIX A.

EXAMINATION DAYS

For

Places.

Masters and Mates.

Aberdeen*	. 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Belfast*	. 1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
Bristol*	. 2nd Tuesday in each month.
Cardiff*	. 1st and 6th Tuesday in each month.
Cork	. 1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
Dublin*	. 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Dundee*	. 1st, 3rd, and 5th Tuesday in each month.
Glasgow*	. 1st, 3rd, and 5th Tuesday in each month.
Greenock*	. 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Hartlepool, West.	. 1st Thursday in each month.
Hull*	. 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Leith*	. 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Liverpool*	. Monday in each week.
London*	. Monday in each week. Examination in steam held on Friday in each week.
Newport, Mon.*	. 3rd Tuesday in each month.
Plymouth*	. Monday in each week.
Shields, So.*	. 1st, 3rd, and 5th Tuesday in each month.
Southampton	. 1st and 3rd Thursday in each month.
Sunderland*	. 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Swansea*	. 4th Tuesday in each month.
Calcutta*	. 1st Monday in January, April, July and October, and 3rd Monday in February, May, August and November.

* At these places examinations for Extra Masters' Certificates are held.
N.B.—The examination days are liable to occasional alteration, and Candidates are therefore advised to ascertain the actual date of examination from the Port Officer.

APPENDIX B.

EXAMINATION DAYS; SIGHT TESTS.

ABERDEEN.	—Every Monday, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
BELFAST.	—Every Saturday morning from 10 to 12 o'clock, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
BRISTOL.	—Monday in examination week, * by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
CARDIFF.	—Any day, by the Principal Officer of the Board of Trade. Monday in examination week by the Examiner of Master and Mates.
CORK.	—Any day, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
DUBLIN.	—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
DUNDEE.	—Any day, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office, or by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
GLASGOW.	—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
GREENOCK.	—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
GRIMSBY.	—Any day, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office.
HARTLEPOOL, WEST.	—Wednesday or Thursday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
HULL.	—Any day, by the Principal Officer of the Board of Trade. Saturday preceding the examination of Masters and Mates, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
LEITH.	—Any day, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office, or by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
LIVERPOOL.	—Every Thursday, Friday and Saturday, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
LONDON (DOCK ST., E).	—Every Friday and Saturday, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
LONDON (TILBURY, ESSEX).	—Any day, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office.
LONDON (VICTORIA DOCKS).	—Any day, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office.
NEWPORT.	—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
NORTH SHIELDS.	—Second and fourth Tuesday in each month, by the Principal Officer of the Board of Trade.
PLYMOUTH.	—Every Saturday, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.

* i.e., the week in which Masters and Mates' examinations take place. See Appendix A.

APPENDIX B—concluded.

- SOUTHAMPTON.**—Wednesday in examination week, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office.
- SOUTH SHIELDS.**—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
- SUNDERLAND.**—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
- SWANSEA.**—Any day, by the Board of Trade Officer. Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
- CALCUTTA.**—First Monday in January, April, July and October, and third Monday in February, May, August and November, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates, and any day, by the Port Officer.

APPENDIX C.

DEFINITION PAPER.

THE Candidate is required to write a short definition or answer, accompanied by a rough sketch or diagram, where applicable in the case of so many of the following questions as may be marked with a cross by the Examiner. The Examiner will mark not less than ten. Candidates must write clearly and pay attention to the spelling:—

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Great circles. | 47. Polar distance. |
| 2. Vertex of a great circle. | 48. Right ascension. |
| 3. Small circles. | 49. Dip or depression of the horizon. |
| 4. Vertical circles. | 50. Refraction. |
| 5. Right angle. | 51. Parallax. |
| 6. Oblique angle. | 52. Semi-diameter. |
| 7. Obtuse angle. | 53. Augmentation of moon's semi-diameter. |
| 8. Spherical angle. | 54. Magnetic meridian. |
| 9. Arc. | 55. True course of a ship. |
| 10. Complement of an arc or angle. | 56. Magnetic course. |
| 11. Supplement of an arc or angle. | 57. Compass course. |
| 12. The equator. | 58. Variation of the compass. |
| 13. The poles. | 59. Deviation of the compass, and how it is caused. |
| 14. A meridian. | 60. The error of the compass. |
| 15. The ecliptic. | 61. Leeway. |
| 16. The Tropics. | 62. Does the variation change with time? |
| 17. Equinoctial. | 63. Is the variation the same all over the world? |
| 18. The visible horizon. | 64. Where do you find the variation? |
| 19. The sensible horizon. | 65. Does the deviation change; if so, when? |
| 20. The rational horizon. | 66. Where is the North magnetic pole situated? |
| 21. Artificial horizon, and its use. | 67. Where is the South magnetic pole situated? |
| 22. Parallels of latitude. | 68. Should the compass needle point to the magnetic or the true pole of the earth? |
| 23. Difference of latitude. | 69. When is the altitude of an object most seriously affected by refraction? |
| 24. Meridional parts. | 70. Where is the Pole star situated? |
| 25. Longitude. | 71. Which is the most favourable time for determining the hour angle of a celestial body, and thence the longitude, and state the reason why? |
| 26. Difference of longitude. | 72. Describe the construction of a mariner's compass. |
| 27. Departure. | 73. Describe an Azimuth compass. |
| 28. Nautical mile. | 74. Describe a Polorus, and its use. |
| 29. Rhumb line. | 75. Describe a Chronometer, and its use. |
| 30. Prime meridian. | |
| 31. First point of Aries. | |
| 32. Prime vertical. | |
| 33. Civil time. | |
| 34. Astronomical time. | |
| 35. Sidereal time. | |
| 36. Mean time. | |
| 37. Apparent time. | |
| 38. Equation of time; why it is used, and when it is at a maximum, and when at a minimum. | |
| 39. Hour angle of a celestial object. | |
| 40. Observed altitude. | |
| 41. Apparent altitude. | |
| 42. True altitude. | |
| 43. Zenith distance. | |
| 44. Azimuth. | |
| 45. Amplitude. | |
| 46. Declination. | |

APPENDIX D.

INTERNATIONAL CODE OF SIGNALS.

Examiners are recommended to frame the examination in the International Code of Signals upon the instructions and illustrations given at the commencement of Parts I and II of the Signal Book. The information there given will be found sufficient to indicate all the characteristics of the Code.

By the form of the hoist, an observer can at sight understand the nature of any signal he sees flying; the examination should, therefore, tend to elicit a clear knowledge of all the distinctive features of the Code.

With this object in view, the Examiners should question the candidates as to the distinguishing forms of the respective hoists, which will be indicated according as a burgee, a pennant, or a square flag is uppermost, and also with regard to the number of flags, and the position of the Code flag when used in the hoist, making the 1, 2, 3 and 4 flag signals on the models supplied for the purpose, and varying the signals made, showing 2 and 3 flag signals, with and without the Code flag included, or a Geographical or a Vocabulary signal, the name of a merchant ship, or of a ship of war.

As the two latter signals would not be found in the Signal Book, the candidate should know where to find them and then be required to read them from the Code List of Ships.

The candidate should—(a) Be able to read a signal at sight, so far as to name the flags composing the hoist. (b) Know the use of the Code pennant and of the pennants O and D, "Yes" and "No," also of the two burgees A and B and the square flags S and P, and the flags used to indicate cholera, plague, &c., on board, and the Quarantine flag. (c) Be required to signal some word or words not included in the Vocabulary of the Code either by letters or by the Spelling Table (page 516) or both. (d) Have a knowledge of the Distant Signals and of their object, and the different modes of signalling therewith; and be required to make, and read off, one or two signals on the models supplied for this purpose. (e) Understand the Morse Code and know the special signals indicated by certain letters as given on page 550. (f) Have a good knowledge of the Distress Signals and understand the penalty which may be incurred by their improper use.

The ball being the distinguishing symbol of the Distant Signal, any pennants or flags may be used in conjunction with it irrespective of colour, when employed as an alternative for the cono and drums, but the latter should always be used where practicable.

The International Code is used on board His Majesty's ships, and it has been adopted by all the principal Maritime Powers for their public as well as their private ships.

SEMAPHORES.

Plates 1 and 2, Part II, of the Signal Book explain the method by which the arms of the Semaphore are made to represent by their position with respect to the indicator the four symbols used for distant signalling, viz., a ball, a cono point upwards, a cono point downwards and a drum.

Before making signals with the Semaphore, the black disc with a white ring should be placed on the top of the Semaphore mast and the indicator shown on the proper side.

A list of the countries to which messages will be forwarded by the French Semaphore Stations, with the tariff, will be found on page 548 of the Signal Book.

Note.—The International Code of Signals, with the Code List, is prepared by the Registrar-General of Shipping and Seamen, and may be obtained of the Publishers, Messrs. Spottiswoode & Co, 54 Gracechurch Street, London, and the principal Booksellers at the various ports.

The Official Mercantile Navy List and Maritime Directory, may be obtained in like manner, price 12s.

APPENDIX E.

REGULATIONS FOR PREVENTING COLLISIONS AT SEA.

L. Order in Council of November 27, 1896.

SCHEDULE I.

Preliminary.

These Rules shall be followed by all vessels upon the high seas and in all waters connected therewith, navigable by sea-going vessels.

In the following rules every steam-vessel which is under sail and not under steam is to be considered a sailing vessel, and every vessel under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a steam-vessel.

The word "steam-vessel" shall include any vessel propelled by machinery.

A vessel is "under way" within the meaning of these Rules when she is not at anchor, or made fast to the shore or aground.

Rules concerning Lights, &c.

The word "visible" in these Rules, when applied to lights, shall mean visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere.

Article 1.—The Rules concerning lights shall be complied with in all weathers from sunset to sunrise, and during such time no other lights, which may be mistaken for the prescribed lights, shall be exhibited.

Article 2.—A steam-vessel when under way shall carry—

- (a) On or in front of the foremast, or if a vessel without a foremast, then in the fore part of the vessel, at a height above the hull of not less than 20 feet, and if the breadth of the vessel exceeds 20 feet, then at a height above the hull not less than such breadth, so, however, that the light need not be carried at a greater height above the hull than 40 feet, a bright white light, so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 20 points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light 10 points on each side of the vessel, viz., from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on either side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 5 miles.
- (b) On the starboard side a green light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 2 miles.
- (c) On the port side a red light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on the port side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 2 miles.
- (d) The said green and red side-lights shall be fitted with inboard screens projecting at least 3 feet forward from the light, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.
- (e) A steam-vessel when under way may carry an additional white light similar in construction to the light mentioned in subdivision (a). These two lights shall be so placed in line with the keel that one shall be at least 15 feet higher than the other, and in such a position with reference to each other that the lower light shall be forward of the upper one. The vertical distance between these lights shall be less than the horizontal distance.

Article 3.—A steam-vessel when towing another vessel shall, in addition to her side-lights, carry two bright white lights in a vertical line, one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, and when towing more than one vessel shall carry an additional bright white light 6 feet above or below such lights, if the length of the tow, measuring from the stern of the towing vessel to the stern of the last vessel towed exceeds 600 feet. Each of these lights shall be of the same construction and character, and shall be carried in the same position as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), except the additional light, which may be carried at a height of not less than 14 feet above the hull.

Such steam-vessel may carry a small white light abaft the funnel or aftermast for the vessel towed to steer by, but such light shall not be visible forward of the beam.

Article 4 (a).—A vessel which from any accident is not under command shall carry at the same height as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), where they can best be seen, and if a steam-vessel, in lieu of that light two red lights, in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, and of such a character as to be visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least 2 miles, and shall by day carry in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, where they can best be seen, two black balls or shapes each 2 feet in diameter.

(b) A vessel employed in laying or in picking up a telegraph cable shall carry in the same position as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), and if a steam-vessel, in lieu of that light, three lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart. The highest and lowest of these lights shall be red, and the middle light shall be white, and they shall be of such a character as to be visible

all round the horizon, at a distance of at least 2 miles. By day she shall carry in a vertical line, one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, where they can best be seen, three shapes not less than 2 feet in diameter, of which the highest and lowest shall be globular in shape and red in colour, and the middle one diamond in shape and white.

(c) The vessels referred to in this Article, when not making way through the water, shall not carry the side lights, but when making way shall carry them.

(d) The lights and shapes required to be shown by this Article are to be taken by other vessels as signals that the vessel showing them is not under command and cannot therefore get out of the way.

These signals are not signals of vessels in distress and requiring assistance. Such signals are contained in Article 31.

Article 5.—A sailing vessel under way, and any vessel being towed shall carry the same lights as are prescribed by Article 2 for a steam-vessel under way, with the exception of the white lights mentioned therein which they shall never carry.

Article 6.—Whenever, as in the case of small vessels under way during bad weather, the green and red side-lights cannot be fixed, these lights shall be kept at hand lighted and ready for use; and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side, nor, if practicable, more than 2 points abaft the beam on their respective sides.

To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy, the lanterns containing them shall each be painted outside with the colour of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with proper screens.

Article 7.—Steam-vessels of less than 40, and vessels under oars or sails of less than 20 tons gross tonnage, respectively, and rowing boats, when under way, shall not be obliged to carry the lights mentioned in Article 2 (a), (b) and (c), but if they do not carry them, they shall be provided with the following lights:—

1. Steam-vessels, of less than 40 tons shall carry:

(a) In the fore part of the vessel, or on or in front of the funnel where it can best be seen and at a height above the gunwale of not less than 9 feet, a bright white light constructed and fixed as prescribed in Article 2 (a), and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 2 miles.

(b) Green and red side-lights constructed and fixed as prescribed in Article 2 (b) and (c), and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 1 mile, or a combined lantern showing a green light and a red light from right-a-head to 2 points abaft the beam on their respective sides. Such lantern shall be carried not less than 3 feet below the white light.

2. Small steam-boats, such as are carried by sea going vessels, may carry the white light at a less height than 9 feet above the gunwale, but it shall be carried above the combined lantern, mentioned in subdivision 1 (b).

3. Vessels under oars or sails, of less than 20 tons, shall have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on one side and a red glass on the other, which, on the approach of or to other vessels, shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

4. Rowing boats, whether under oars, or sail shall have ready at hand a lantern showing a white light, which shall be temporarily exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision.

The vessels referred to in this Article shall not be obliged to carry the lights prescribed by Article 4 (a) and Article 11, last paragraph.

Article 8.—Pilot vessels, when engaged on their station on pilotage duty, shall not show the lights required for other vessels, but shall carry a white light at the masthead, visible all round the horizon, and shall also exhibit a flare-up light or flare-up lights at short intervals, which shall never exceed 15 minutes.

On the near approach of or to other vessels they shall have their side lights lighted, ready for use, and shall for flash or show them at short intervals, to indicate the direction in which they are heading, but the green light shall not be shown on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side.

A pilot-vessel of such a class as to be obliged to go alongside of a vessel to put a pilot on board, may show the white light instead of carrying it at the masthead, and may, instead of the coloured lights above-mentioned, have at hand ready for use a lantern with a green glass on the one side and a red glass on the other, to be used as prescribed above.

Pilot vessels, when not engaged on their station on pilotage duty shall carry lights similar to those of other vessels of their tonnage.

*Article 9.**

* This Article will deal with regulations affecting fishing boats, and will be the subject of another order, which will be submitted to His Majesty for approval at a later date.

Article 10.—A vessel which is being overtaken by another shall show from her stern to such last-mentioned vessel a white light or a flare-up light.

The white light required to be shown by this Article may be fixed and carried in a lantern, but in such case the lantern shall be so constructed, fitted, and screened that it shall throw an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 13 points of the compass, viz., for 6 points from right aft on each side of the vessel so as to be visible at a distance of at least 1 mile. Such light shall be carried as nearly as practicable on the same level as the side lights.

Article 11.—A vessel under 150 feet in length, when at anchor, shall carry forward, where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding 20 feet above the hull, a white light in a lantern so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least 1 mile.

A vessel of 150 feet or upwards in length, when at anchor, shall carry in the forward part of the vessel, at a height of not less than 20, and not exceeding 40 feet above the hull, one such light and at or near the stern of the vessel and at such a height that it shall be not less than 15 feet lower than the forward light, another such light.

The length of a vessel shall be deemed to be the length appearing in her certificate of registry.

A vessel aground in or near a fair way shall carry the above light or lights and the two red lights prescribed by Article 4 (a).

Article 12.—Every vessel may, if necessary, in order to attract attention, in addition to the lights which she is by these rules required to carry, show a flare-up light or use any detonating signal that cannot be mistaken for a distress signal.

Article 13.—Nothing in these Rules shall interfere with the operation of any special rules made by the Government of any nation with respect to additional station and signal lights for two or more ships of war or for vessels sailing under convoy, or with the exhibition of recognition signals adopted by ship-owners, which have been authorized by their respective Governments and duly registered and published.

Article 14.—A steam-vessel proceeding under sail only, but having her funnel up, shall carry in day time, forward, where it can best be seen, one black ball or shape 2 feet in diameter.

Sound Signals for Fog, etc.

Article 15.—All signals prescribed by this Article for vessels under way shall be given:

1. By "steam-vessels" on the whistle or siren.
2. By "sailing vessels and vessels towed" on the fog-horn.

The words "prolonged blast" used in this Article, shall mean a blast of from 4 to 6 seconds' duration.

A steam-vessel shall be provided with an efficient whistle or siren, sounded by steam or some substitute for steam, so placed that the sound may not be intercepted by any obstruction, and with an efficient fog-horn, to be sounded by mechanical means, and also with an efficient bell.* A sailing vessel of 20 tons gross tonnage or upwards shall be provided with a similar fog-horn and bell.

In fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain-storms, whether by day or night the signals described in this Article shall be used as follows, viz.:

- (a) A steam-vessel having way upon her, shall sound, at intervals of not more than 2 minutes, a prolonged blast.
- (b) A steam-vessel under way, but stopped and having no way upon her, shall sound at intervals of not more than 2 minutes, 3 prolonged blasts, with an interval of about 1 second between them.
- (c) A sailing-vessel under way shall sound, at intervals of not more than 1 minute, when on the starboard tack one blast, when on the port tack two blasts in succession, and when with the wind abaft the beam three blasts in succession.
- (d) A vessel, when at anchor, shall, at intervals of not more than 1 minute, ring the bell rapidly for about 5 seconds.
- (e) A vessel, when towing a vessel employed in laying, or in picking up a telegraph cable, and a vessel under way, which is unable to get out of the way of an approaching vessel through being not under command, or unable to manoeuvre as required by these Rules shall, instead of the signals prescribed in subdivisions (a) and (c) of this Article, at intervals of not more than 2 minutes, sound three blasts, in succession, viz., one prolonged blast followed by two short blasts. A vessel towed may give this signal and she shall not give any other.

Sailing-vessels and boats of less than 20 tons gross tonnage shall not be obliged to give the above-mentioned signals, but if they do not, they shall make some other efficient sound-signal at intervals of not more than 1 minute.

* In all cases where the Rules require a bell to be used, a drum may be substituted on board Turkish vessels, or a gong where such articles are used on board small sailing vessels.

Speed of ships to be Moderate in Fog, etc.

Article 16.—Every vessel shall in a fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain-storms, go at a moderate speed having careful regard to the existing circumstances and conditions.

A steam-vessel hearing, apparently forward of her beam the fog-signal of a vessel the position of which is not ascertained, shall, so far as the circumstances of the case admit, stop her engines, and then navigate with caution until danger of collision is over.

STEERING AND SAILING RULES.*Preliminary—Risk of Collision.*

Risk of collision can, when circumstances permit, be ascertained by carefully watching the compass bearing of an approaching vessel. If the bearing does not appreciably change such risk should be deemed to exist.

Article 17.—When two sailing vessels are approaching one another so as to involve risk of collision, one of them shall keep out of the way of the other, as follows, viz.:—

- (a) A vessel which is running free shall keep out of the way of a vessel which is close-hauled.
- (b) A vessel which is close-hauled on the port tack shall keep out of the way of a vessel which is close-hauled on the starboard tack.
- (c) When both are running free, with the wind on different sides, the vessel which has the wind on the port side shall keep out of the way of the other.
- (d) When both are running free, with the wind on the same side, the vessel which is to windward shall keep out of the way of the vessel which is to leeward.
- (e) A vessel which has the wind aft shall keep out of the way of the other vessel.

Article 18.—When two steam-vessels are meeting end on, or nearly end on so as to involve risk of collision, each shall alter her course to starboard, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

This Article only applies to cases where vessels are meeting end on, or nearly end on, in such a manner as to involve risk of collision, and does not apply to two vessels which must, if both keep on their respective courses, pass clear of each other.

The only cases to which it does apply are when each of the two vessels is end on, or nearly end on, to the other; in other words, to cases in which, by day, each vessel sees the masts of the other in a line, or nearly in a line, with her own; and, by night, to cases in which each vessel is in such a position as to see both the side-lights of the other.

It does not apply, by day, to cases in which a vessel sees another ahead crossing her own course; or, by night, to cases where the red light of one vessel is opposed to the red light of the other, or where the green light of one vessel is opposed to the green light of the other, or where a red light without a green light, or a green light without a red light, is seen ahead, or where both green and red lights are seen anywhere but ahead.

Article 19.—When two steam-vessels are crossing, so as to involve risk of collision, the vessel which has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

Article 20.—When a steam-vessel and a sailing-vessel are proceeding in such directions as to involve risk of collision, the steam-vessel shall keep out of the way of the sailing-vessel.

Article 21.—Where by any of these Rules one of two vessels is to keep out of the way, the other shall keep her course and speed.

Note.—When, in consequence of thick weather or other causes, such vessel finds herself so close that collision cannot be avoided by the action of the giving-way vessel alone, she also shall take such action as will best aid to avert collision. (See Articles 27 and 29.)

Article 22.—Every vessel which is directed by these Rules to keep out of the way of another vessels shall, if the circumstances of the case admit, avoid crossing ahead of the other.

Article 23.—Every steam-vessel, which is directed by these Rules to keep out of the way of another vessel, shall, on approaching her, if necessary, slacken her speed or stop or reverse.

Article 24.—Notwithstanding anything contained in these Rules, every vessel, overtaking any other, shall keep out of the way of the overtaken vessel.

Every vessel coming up with another vessel from any direction more than two points abaft her beam, i. e., in such a position, with reference to the vessel which she is overtaking that at night she would be unable to see either of that vessel's side-lights, shall be deemed to be an overtaking vessel: and no subsequent alteration of the bearing between the two vessels shall make the overtaking vessel a crossing vessel within the meaning of these Rules or relieve her of the duty of keeping clear of the overtaken vessel until she is finally past and clear.

As by day the overtaking vessel cannot always know with certainty whether she is forward of or abaft this direction from the other vessel, she should, if in doubt, assume that she is an overtaking vessel and keep out of the way.

Article 25.—In narrow channels every steam-vessel shall, when it is safe and practicable, keep to that side of fair way or mid channel which lies on the starboard side of such vessel.

Article 26.—Sailing-vessels under way shall keep out of the way of sailing vessels or boats fishing with nets or lines, or trawls. This rule shall not give to any vessel or boat engaged in fishing the right of obstructing a fairway used by vessels other than fishing vessels or boats.

Article 27.—In obeying and construing these rules, due regard shall be had to all dangers of navigation and collision, and to any special circumstances which may render a departure from the above rules necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

Sound Signals for Vessels in Sight of one another.

Article 28.—The words "short blast" used in this Article shall mean a blast of about one second's duration.

When vessels are in sight of one another, a steam-vessel under way, in taking any course authorized or required by these rules, shall indicate that course by the following signals on her whistle or siren, viz:—

One short blast to mean, "I am directing my course to starboard."

Two short blasts to mean, "I am directing my course to port."

Three short blasts to mean, "My engines are going full speed astern."

No Vessel under any Circumstances to neglect proper Precautions.

Article 29.—Nothing in these rules shall exonerate any vessel, or the owner, or master, or crew, thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper look-out or of the neglect to any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

Reservation of Rules for Harbours and Inland Navigation.

Article 30.—Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the operation of a special rule, duly made by local authority, relative to the navigation of any harbour, river, or inland waters.

SCHEDULE II.

*Distress Signals.**

Article 31.—When a vessel is in distress and requires assistance from other vessels or from the shore, the following shall be the signals to be used or displayed by her, either together or separately, viz:—

In the day time—

1. A gun or other explosive signal fired at intervals of about a minute;
2. The International Code signal of distress indicated by N. C;
3. The distance signal, consisting of a square flag, having either above or below it a ball or anything resembling a ball;†
4. A continuous sounding with any fog-signal apparatus.

At night—

1. A gun or other explosive signal fired at intervals of about a minute;
2. Flames on the vessel (as from a burning tar-barrel, oil-barrel etc.);
3. Rockets or shells, throwing stars of any colour or description fired one at a time, at short intervals;
4. A continuous sounding with any fog-signal apparatus.

*If a master of a vessel uses or displays, or causes or permits any person under his authority to use or display, any of those signals of distress, except in case of a vessel being in distress, he shall be liable to pay compensation for any labour undertaken, risk incurred, or loss sustained in consequence of that signal having been supposed to be a signal of distress, and that compensation may, without prejudice to any other remedy, be recovered in the same manner in which salvage is recoverable [Merchant Shipping Act, Section 434(2)].

†A further distress signal is provided in the new International Code of Signals. It is a distant signal consisting of a cone point upwards having either above it or below it a ball or anything resembling a ball. This signal has not been sanctioned by order in Council under the provisions of section 434 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894.

2. Fishing vessels' lights. Article 10 of the order in Council of August 11th, 1884.

Article 10.—Open boats and fishing-vessels of less than 20 tons net registered tonnage, when under way and when not having their nets, trawls, dredges, or lines in the water, shall not be obliged to carry the coloured side lights; but every such boat and vessel shall in lieu thereof have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on the one side, and a red glass on the other side, and on approaching to or being approached by another vessel such lantern shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

The following portion of this Article applies only to fishing-vessels and boats when in the sea off the coast of Europe lying north of Cape Finisterre:—

- (a) All fishing-vessels and fishing-boats of 20 tons net registered tonnage or upwards, when under way and when not required by the following regulations in this Article to carry and show the lights therein named shall carry and show the same lights as other vessels under way.
- (b) All vessels when engaged in fishing with drift nets shall exhibit two white lights from any part of the vessel where they can be best seen. Such lights shall be placed so that the vertical distance between them shall be not less than 6 feet and not more than 10 feet; and so that the horizontal distance between them measured in a line with the keel of the vessel shall be not less than 6 feet and not more than 10 feet. The lower of these two lights shall be the more forward, and both of them shall be of such a character, and contained in lanterns of such construction as to show all round the horizon, on a dark night with a clear atmosphere, for a distance of not less than three miles.
- (c) A vessel employed in line fishing with her lines out shall carry the same lights as a vessel when engaged in fishing with drift nets.
- (d) If a vessel when fishing becomes stationary in consequence of her gear getting fast to a rock or other obstruction, she shall show the light and make the fog-signal for a vessel at anchor.
- (e) Fishing-vessels and open boats may at any time use a flare-up in addition to the lights which they are by this Article required, to carry and show. All flare-up lights exhibited by a vessel when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag net shall be shown at the after part of the vessel, excepting that if the vessel is hanging by the stern to her trawl, dredge, or drag net, they shall be exhibited from the bow.
- (f) Every fishing-vessel and every open boat when at anchor between sunset and sunrise shall exhibit a white light visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile.
- (g) In fog, mist, or falling snow, a drift net vessel attached to her nets and a vessel when trawling, dredging or fishing with any kind of drag net, and a vessel employed in line fishing with her lines out, shall at intervals of not more than two minutes make a blast with her fog horn and ring her bell alternately.

3. ORDERS IN COUNCIL OF 30th DECEMBER 1884 AND 24th JUNE 1885.

ALTERNATIVE LIGHT FOR TRAWLERS WHEN ENGAGED IN TRAWLING HAVING THEIR TRAWLS IN THE WATER AND NOT BEING STATIONARY.

1884—PART I—STEAM-VESSELS OF 20 TONS GROSS REGISTERED TONNAGE OR UPWARDS.

(1) On or in front of the foremost head and in the same position as the white light which other steam-ships are required to carry, a lantern showing a white light ahead, a green light on the starboard side and a red light on the port side; such lantern shall be so constructed, fitted, and arranged as to show an uniform and unbroken white light over an arc of the horizon of four points of the compass, a uniform and unbroken green light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, and a uniform and unbroken red light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, and it shall be so fixed as to show the white light from right ahead to two points on the bow on each side of the ship, the green light from two points on the starboard bow to four points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and the red light from two points on the port bow to four points abaft the beam on the port side: (2) a white light in a globular lantern of not less than 8 inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light all round the horizon; the lantern containing

such white light shall be carried lower than the lantern showing the green, white, and red lights as aforesaid; so, however, that the vertical distance between them shall not be less than 6 feet and not more than 12 feet.

1884.—PART II.—SAILING VESSELS OF 20 TONS NET REGISTER TONNAGE OR UPWARDS.

(1) On or in front of the foremast head a lantern having a green glass on the starboard side and a red glass on the port side, so constructed, fitted, and arranged that the red and green do not converge, and so as to show a uniform and unbroken green light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, and a uniform and unbroken red light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, and it shall be so fixed as to show the green light from right ahead to four points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and the red light from right ahead to four points abaft the beam on the port side; and (2) a white light in a globular lantern of not less than 8 inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light all round the horizon; the lantern containing such white light shall be carried lower than the lantern showing the green and red lights as aforesaid; so, however, that the vertical distance between them shall not be less than 6 feet and not more than 12 feet.

1885.—SAILING TRAWLERS OF ANY TONNAGE.

As regards sailing-vessels engaged in trawling, such vessels having their trawls in the water and not being stationary in consequence of their gear getting fast to a rock or other obstruction, if they do not carry and show the lights carried by sailing-vessels under way, or the other lights of the description set forth in Part 2 of the schedule to the order in Council of the 30th of December, 1884, shall carry and show, in lieu of these lights, other lights as follows, that is to say:—

A white light in a globular lantern of not less than 8 inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light all round the horizon, and visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, for a distance of at least 2 miles; and also a sufficient supply of red pyrotechnic lights which shall each burn for at least 30 seconds and shall, when so burning, be visible for the same distance under the same conditions as the white light. The white light shall be shown from sunset to sunrise, and one of the red pyrotechnic lights shall be shown on approaching, or on being approached by another ship or vessel in sufficient time to prevent collision.

4. ORDER IN COUNCIL OF 7TH JULY 1897.

LIGHTS TO BE CARRIED BY STEAM PILOT VESSELS.

A steam pilot vessel exclusively employed for the service of Pilots licensed or certified by any Pilotage Authority or the Committee of any Pilotage District in the United Kingdom, when engaged on her station on pilotage duty, and in British waters and not at anchor, shall, in addition to the lights required for all pilot boats, carry at a distance of eight feet below her white masthead light a red light visible all round the horizon, and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles, and also the coloured side lights required to be carried by vessels when under way.

When engaged on her station on pilotage duty and in British waters and at anchor, she shall carry, in addition to the light required for all pilot boats, the red light above mentioned, but not the coloured side lights.

When not engaged in her station on pilotage duty, she shall carry the same lights as other steam vessels.

EXAMINATION IN THE REGULATIONS FOR PREVENTING COLLISIONS AT SEA.

All applicants for examination, whether for Certificates as Masters or Mates, are to be examined as to their knowledge of the Regulations each time they present themselves for examination.

Questions suggested by the following heads of examination are to be asked in addition to, and are not to supersede, any other questions proper and necessary, to be asked by the Examiner.

The following questions need not be adhered to literally by the Examiner, and are not all to be asked; but the substance of the leading questions should be asked, and all that are asked should be satisfactorily answered, before an applicant is reported to have passed his examination. The Examiner should make such selection of the questions as each case appears to him to require.

1. Where and by what vessels are the rules to be followed?

The rules are to be followed by all vessels upon the high seas and in all waters connected therewith, navigable by sea-going vessels.

2. When is the steam-vessel considered a sailing-vessel, and when a steam-vessel?

Under the rules every steam-vessel which is under sail and not under steam is to be considered a sailing-vessel, and every vessel under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a steam-vessel.

3. What does the word "steam-vessel" in the rules include?

The word "steam-vessel" as used in the rules includes any vessel propelled by machinery.

4. When is the vessel considered to be under way by these rules?

When she is not at anchor, or made fast to the shore, or aground.

5. What does the word "visible" in these rules, when applied to lights, mean?

Visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere.

6. During what time must the rules, concerning lights be complied with?

In all weathers from sunset to sunrise, and during such time no other lights which may be mistaken for the prescribed lights shall be exhibited.

7. What light or lights are required by the regulations to be exhibited by sailing-vessels at anchor?

If they are under 150 feet in length, one white light; if of 150 feet or upwards, two white lights, one forward and one aft.

8. What light or lights are required by the regulations to be exhibited by steam-ships at anchor?

The same as for sailing-vessels.

9. Where is the anchor light to be exhibited in a vessel under 150 feet in length?

Forward where it can best be seen. It must be placed where there is the least chance of obstruction from spars, ropes, &c. and must not be more than 20 feet above the hull.

10. Where must the two anchor lights be shown in vessels of 150 feet and upwards?

In vessels of 150 feet or upwards in length one light must be carried in the forward part of the vessel at a height of not less than 20 feet and more than 40 feet above the hull; and another light at or near the stern not less than 15 feet lower than the forward light.

11. In what direction or directions must the anchor lights show?

They must show a clear, uniform, and unbroken light, visible all round the horizon.

12. At what distance must they be visible?

At least one mile.

13. What shall be deemed to be the length of a vessel?

The length appearing in the certificate or registry.

14. What light or lights must a vessel aground in or near a fairway carry?

The light or lights prescribed for a vessel at anchor, and in addition the two red lights prescribed for a vessel not under command.

15. What is the number of lights required by the regulations to be carried by sailing ships when under way at night?

Two side lights, and to have in readiness a white light or a flare-up light to show from their stern to any vessel overtaking them.

16. Of what colour are these lights, and how are they to be placed on board the ship?

A green light on the starboard side, and a red light on the port side.

17. What description of lights must be shown from the sides of sailing vessels under way; and over how many points of the compass, and in what directions, and how far, are they required to show?

Each light must be so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the starboard and port sides, respectively; and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least two miles.

18. What lights are they to carry when being towed at night?

The same.

19. Are the side lights required to be fitted with screens; and if so, of what length, and how?

Yes, on the inboard side; at least 3 feet in length, measuring forward from the light so as to prevent the lights from being seen across the bow.

20. What is the number of lights required by the regulations to be carried by steam-vessels when under way at night?

Three lights, and to have in readiness a white light or flare-up light to show from their stern to any vessel overtaking them.

21. Of what colour are these lights, and how are they to be placed on board the ship?

A white light on or in front of the foremast, or if a vessel without a foremast, then in the forepart of the vessel at a height above the hull of not less than 20 feet, and if the breadth of the vessel exceeds 20 feet, then at a height above the hull not less than such breadth, so, however, that the light need not be carried at a greater height than 40 feet. A green light on the starboard side, and a red one on the port side.

22. Over how many points of the compass, in what direction and how far, is the foremast-head light of a steam-vessel required to show?

Over 20 points, viz., from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on each side. It must be of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least five miles.

23. Are the side lights required to be fitted with screens; and if so, of what length?

The green and red lights are to be fitted with screens on the inboard side, extending at least 8 feet forward from the light, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.

24. Over how many points of the compass, in what directions, and how far, are the coloured side lights of steam-vessels required to show?

The side lights must be so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, on each side of the ship, i.e., from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the starboard and port sides, respectively, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least two miles.

25. May a steam-vessel when under way carry any additional light or lights?

Yes. A steam-vessel may carry a similar white light to the masthead light. These two lights must be so placed in line with the keel, that one shall be at least 15 feet higher than the other, and the lower light shall be forward of the upper one, and that the vertical distance between them shall be less than the horizontal distance.

26. What description of lights are steam-vessels required to carry when they are not under steam, but under sail only?

Side lights only, the same as sailing-vessels.

27. What exceptional lights may small vessels carry?

Whenever, as in the case of small vessels during bad weather, the green and red side lights cannot be fixed, these lights shall be kept at hand, lighted and ready for use; and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side; nor, if practicable, more than two points abaft the beam on their respective sides.

To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy, the lanterns containing them shall each be painted outside with the colour of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with proper screens.

28. Are steam-vessels of less than 40 tons gross tonnage compelled to carry the same lights as other steam-vessels; if not, what lights may they carry instead?

No; but if they do not carry the ordinary lights they must carry in the forepart of the vessel or on or in front of the funnel where it can best be seen, and at a height above the gunwale of not less than 9 feet, a bright white light to show over the same arc as the ordinary masthead light, and to be visible at a distance of at least two miles. Also a combined lantern showing a green light and a red light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on their respective sides, such lantern to be carried not less than 3 feet below the white light.

29. Are small steam boats, such as are carried by sea-going vessels obliged to carry the white light 9 feet above the gunwale?

No; but it must be carried above the combined lantern.

30. What lights may vessels under oars or sails of less than 20 tons gross tonnage carry?

They shall have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on one side and a red glass on the other, which, in the approach of or to other vessels, shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

31. What lights must rowing boats, whether under oars or sails, carry?

They must have ready at hand a lantern showing a white light which shall be temporarily exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision.

32. What description of lights are pilot vessels required to carry when on their stations on pilotage duty?

A pilot vessel, when engaged on her station on pilotage duty shall not show the lights required for other vessels, but shall carry a white light at the masthead, visible all round the horizon and shall also exhibit a flare-up light or flare-up lights at short intervals, which shall never exceed fifteen minutes. Also on the near approach of or to other vessels they shall have their side lights lighted ready for use and shall flash or show them at short intervals, to indicate the direction in which they are heading, but the green light shall not be shown on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

33. What lights may pilot vessels which are obliged to go along-side of a vessel to put a pilot on board, carry?

They may show the white light instead of carrying it at the masthead, and may, instead of the coloured side lights, have at hand ready for use a lantern with a green glass on the one side and a red glass on the other, to be used as prescribed for the colour side lights.

34. What description of lights are steam pilot vessels required to carry when on their stations on pilotage duty in British waters and not at anchor?

A steam pilot vessel, when engaged on her station on pilotage duty and in British waters, and not at anchor, shall, in addition to the lights required for all pilot vessels, carry at a distance of 8 feet below her white masthead light a red light visible all round the horizon for at least two miles, and also the coloured side lights required to be carried by vessels under way.

35. What description of lights are steam pilot vessels required to carry when on their stations on pilotage duty in British waters, and at anchor?

A steam pilot vessel, when engaged on pilotage duty in British waters and at anchor, shall carry, in addition to the lights required for all pilot vessels, the red light 8 feet below her white light, but not the coloured side lights.

36. What description of lights are pilot vessels required to carry when not on their station on pilotage duty?

A pilot vessel, when not engaged on her station on pilotage duty, shall carry lights similar to those of other vessels of her tonnage.

37. What lights are open boats and fishing vessels of less than 20 tons net register required to carry when under way and not actually engaged in fishing?

Open boats and fishing-vessels of less than 20 tons net registered tonnage, when under way and when not having their nets, trawls, dredgers, or lines in the water, shall not be obliged to carry the coloured side lights; but every such boat and vessel shall in lieu thereof have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on the one side and a red glass on the other side, and on approaching to or being approached by another vessel, such lantern shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

38. What lights are fishing-vessels and fishing-boats of 20 tons net register, or upwards, required to carry when under way and not actually engaged in fishing?

They must carry similar lights to those of other ships when under way.

39. What lights are steam trawlers of 20 tons gross register, or upwards, whilst actually engaged in trawling, and not being stationary, required to carry?

All steam-vessels engaged in trawling must carry either one of the two following arrangements of lights:—

- (a) The usual green and red side lights, and foremast head light, similar to those carried by other steamships; or
- (b) They must carry on or in front of the foremast head, and in the same position as the white light which other steamships are required to carry, a lantern showing a white light ahead, a green light on the starboard side, and a red light on the port side; such lantern shall be so constructed, fitted, and arranged as to show a uniform and unbroken white light over an arc of the horizon of four points of the compass, a uniform and unbroken green light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, and an uniform and unbroken red light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, and it shall be so fixed as to show the white light from right ahead to two points on the bow on each side of the ship, the green light from two points on the starboard bow to four points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and the red light from two points on the port bow to four points abaft the beam on the port side; and (2) a white light in a globular lantern of not less than eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear, uniform, and unbroken light all round the horizon; the lantern containing such white light shall be carried lower than the lantern showing the green, white, and red lights as aforesaid, so, however, that the vertical distance between them shall not be less than 6 feet nor more than 12 feet.

(40.) What lights are sailing trawlers, whilst actually engaged in trawling, and not being stationary, required to carry?

All sailing vessels, of whatever tonnage, whilst engaged in trawling, must carry either one of the three following arrangements of lights:—

- (a) They may carry the green and red side lights similar to those of other sailing ships; or
- (b) They may carry on, or in front of the foremast head, a lantern having a green glass on the starboard side and a red glass on the port side, so constructed, fitted, and arranged that the red and green do not converge, and so as to show a uniform and unbroken green light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, and an uniform and unbroken red light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, and it shall be so fixed as to show the green light from right ahead to four points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and the red light from right ahead to four points abaft the beam on the port side; and (2) a white light in a globular lantern of not less than eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear, uniform, and unbroken light all round the horizon; the lantern containing such white light shall be carried lower than the lantern showing the green and red lights as aforesaid, so, however, that the vertical distance between them shall not be less than 6 feet and not more than 12 feet; or
- (c) They may carry a white light in a globular lantern of not less than eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light all round

the horizon, and visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, for a distance of at least 2 miles; and also a sufficient supply of red pyrotechnic lights which shall each burn for at least 80 seconds, and shall, when so burning, be visible for the same distance under the same conditions as the white light. The white light shall be shown from sunset to sunrise, and one of the red pyrotechnic lights shall be shown on approaching, or on being approached by, another ship or vessel in sufficient time to prevent collision.

41. What lights are vessels whilst actually engaged in drift net fishing required to carry?

All vessels when engaged in fishing with drift nets shall exhibit two white lights from any part of the vessel where they can be best seen. Such lights shall be placed so that the vertical distance between them shall be not less than 6 feet and not more than 10 feet; so that the horizontal distance between them, measured in a line with the keel of the vessel, shall be not less than 5 feet and not more than 10 feet. The lower of these two lights shall be the more forward, and both of them shall be of such a character, and contained in lanterns of such construction, as to show all round the horizon, on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, for a distance of not less than three miles.

42. What lights are vessels whilst actually engaged in the line fishing required to carry?

A vessel engaged in line fishing is required to carry the same lights as a vessel engaged in drift net fishing.

43. If a vessel, when fishing, becomes stationary in consequence of her gear getting fast to a rock or other obstruction, what signal must she make?

She must show the same light, and if a fog, mist, or falling snow or heavy rain storms prevail, she must make the same fog-signal as if she were at anchor.

44. What lights are fishing vessels and open boats required to exhibit when at anchor?

Between sunset and sunrise they must exhibit a white light, visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile.

45. What sound signals are fishing vessels required to make whilst engaged in fishing in thick weather?

In fog, mist, or falling snow, a drift net vessel attached to her nets and a vessel when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag net, and a vessel employed in line fishing with her lines out, shall, at intervals of not more than two minutes, make a blast with her fog-horn and ring her bell alternately.

46. May fishing vessels and open boats use flare-up lights, and if so, at what part or parts of the vessel should they be exhibited?

Yes. Fishing vessels and open boats may at any time use a flare-up in addition to the lights which they are required to carry and show. All flare-up lights exhibited by a vessel when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag net shall be shown at the after-part of the vessel, excepting that if the vessel is hanging by the stern to her trawl, dredge, or drag net, they shall be exhibited from the bow.

47. Do these regulations referring specially to fishing vessels and boats apply in all parts of the world?

No; with the exception of the *first paragraph* of Article 10 of the Order in Council of the 11th August 1884, they apply only to fishing vessels and boats when in the sea off the coast of Europe lying north of Cape Finisterre.

48. What lights are steam-ships required to carry when towing other vessels?

A steam-vessel when towing another vessel shall in addition to her side lights carry two bright white lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart and when towing more than one vessel shall carry an additional bright white light 6 feet above or below such lights, if the length of the tow, measuring from the stern of the towing vessel to the stern of the last vessel towed, exceeds 600 feet. Each of these lights shall be of the same construction and character, and shall be carried in the same position as the white light [Article 2 (a)] which other steam-vessels are required to carry, except the additional light which may be carried at a height not less than 14 feet above the hull.

49. May a vessel towing carry any other light?

Yes. A small white light abaft the funnel or aftermast for the vessel towed to steer by, but such light shall not be visible forward of the beam.

50. What light is a vessel which is being overtaken by another required to show?

A vessel which is being overtaken by another shall show from her stern to the other vessel a white light or a flare-up light.

51. May the white light be fixed?

Yes. But if so, it must be so constructed and screened to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, viz., for six points from right aft on each side of the vessel so as to be visible at a distance of at least one mile. This light shall be carried as nearly as practicable on the same level as the side lights.

52. Describe the lights and to the day signals that vessels employed in laying or picking up a telegraph cable are required to carry.

A vessel employed in lying or in picking up a telegraph cable, shall at night carry in the same position as the white light which steam-vessels are required to carry, and if a steam-vessel in place of that light, three lights, in a vertical line over one another not less than 6 feet apart; the highest and lowest of these lights shall be red and the middle light shall be white, and they shall be of such a character as to be visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least two miles. By day she shall carry in a vertical line one over the other not less than 6 feet apart where they can best be seen, three shapes not less than 2 feet in diameter, of which the top and bottom shall be globular in shape and red in colour, and the middle one diamond in shape and white.

63. Describe the lights and the day signals that vessels which from any cause are not under command, are required to carry?

A vessel, which from any accident is not under command, shall at night carry at the same height as the white light which steam-vessels are required to carry, where they can best be seen, and if a steam-vessel, in place of that light, two red lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, and of such a character as to be visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least two miles; and shall by day carry in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, where they can best be seen, two black balls or shapes, each 2 feet in diameter.

64. Are the above-mentioned vessels to carry side-lights?

The above vessels, when not making any way through the water shall not carry the side-lights, but when making way shall carry them.

65. What are the shapes and lights carried by telegraph-ships and ships not under command intended to indicate to approaching vessels?

These shapes and lights are to be taken by approaching vessels as signals that the ship using them is not under command and cannot therefore get out of the way.

66. Do these rules prevent squadrons and convoys from carrying special lights, or vessels exhibiting recognition signals?

No. Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the operation of any special rules made by the Government of any nation with respect to additional station and signal lights for two or more ships of war, or for vessels sailing under convoy, or with the exhibition of recognition signals adopted by ship-owners, which have been authorized by their respective Governments, and duly registered and published.

67. May vessels exhibit any other lights in order to attract attention?

Yes. In addition to the lights which she is required to carry, she may show a flare-up light, or use any detonating signal that cannot be mistaken for a distress signal.

68. What signal must a steam-vessel proceeding under sail only, but having her funnel up, carry in the day time?

She must carry forward, where it can best be seen, one black ball or shape, 2 feet in diameter.

69. What sound signals are steam-vessels and sailing-vessels of 20 tons gross tonnage or upwards required by the regulations to be provided with?

A steam-vessel shall be provided with an efficient whistle or siren sounded by steam or some substitute for steam, so placed that the sound may not be intercepted by any obstructions and with an efficient fog horn to be sounded by mechanical means, and also with an efficient bell. A sailing-vessel of 20 tons gross tonnage or upwards shall be provided with a similar fog-horn and bell.

70. When are these signals to be used?

In fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain storms, whether by day or night.

61. What does a prolonged blast mean?

A blast of from 4 to 6 seconds' duration.

62. On what are the fog signals to be made by steam-vessels under way?

On the whistle or siren.

63. On what are the fog signals to be made by sailing-vessels and vessels towed?

On the fog-horn.

64. What sound signal is to be made by vessels at anchor?

Vessels at anchor shall, at intervals of not more than one minute, ring the bell rapidly for about five seconds.

65. What sound signal is required to be made by a steam-vessel having way upon her?

A steam-vessel having way upon her shall sound at intervals of not more than two minutes, a prolonged blast.

66. What sound signal is required to be made by a steam-vessel under way, but stopped, and having no way upon her?

A steam-vessel under way, but stopped, and having no way upon her, shall sound at intervals, of not more than two minutes, two prolonged blasts, with an interval of about one second between them.

67. What sound signals are required to be made by sailing-vessels when under way?

A sailing-vessel under way shall sound at intervals of not more than one minute, when on the starboard tack one blast, when on the port tack two blasts in succession, and, when with the wind abaft the beam three blasts in succession.

68. What sound signals are required to be made by a vessel when

cable, or a vessel under way which is unable to get out of the way of an approaching vessel through not being under command or unable to manœuvre as required by the rules?

A vessel towing, or when laying or picking up a telegraph cable, or when unable to get out of the way, shall, at intervals of not more than two minutes, sound three blasts in succession, viz., one prolonged blast followed by two short blasts.

69. What sound signal may a vessel being towed make?

A vessel towed may give the same signal as a vessel towing, and she shall not give any other.

70. What sound signal must sailing vessels and boats of less than 30 tons gross tonnage make?

If they do not give the signal prescribed for other vessels, they must make some other efficient sound signal at intervals of not more than one minute.

71. Do the regulations require vessels to take any other precaution during thick weather?

Yes. Article 16 says every vessel shall, in a fog, mist, or falling snow or heavy rain-storms go at a moderate speed having careful regard to the existing circumstances and conditions.

72. What action must be taken by a steam-vessel hearing apparently forward of the beam the fog signal of another vessel the position of which is not ascertained?

She shall, so far as the circumstances of the case admit, stop her engines, and then navigate with caution until danger of collision is over.

73. How can you generally ascertain whether there is risk of collision in approaching another vessel?

By carefully watching the compass bearing of the other vessel, and if it does not appreciably change, such risk should be deemed to exist.

74. When a steam-vessel under way takes any course required by these rules, must she indicate that course to any vessel she has in sight?

Yes. Article 28 provides that in taking any course authorized or required by the regulations, a steam-vessel under way may indicate that course to any other vessel which she has in sight by the following signals on her whistle or siren, viz.:—

One short blast to mean "I am directing my course to starboard."

Two short blasts to mean "I am directing my course to port."

Three short blasts to mean "My engines are going full speed astern."

75. What does the expression "short blast" used in the preceding Article mean?

It means a blast of about one second's duration.

76. What precaution is to be taken by steam-vessels which are directed by these rules to keep out of the way when approaching another vessel?

They shall, if necessary, slacken speed, or stop and reverse.

77. If you see two white lights in a vertical line one over the other, what do they denote as regards the vessel carrying them?

They may denote the presence of a steam-vessel end on with her side-lights not within sight on account of distance, fog, &c., or a steam-vessel towing with her side-lights not within sight on account of distance, fog, &c.; or a vessel end on to me engaged in drift net fishing, or in line fishing; or it may be a steam trawler end on, or within two points of being end on to me, or a vessel of 150 feet or upwards in length at anchor and end on to me.

78. If you see a green, or a red light with a white light below, what do they.

They denote the presence of a steam-vessel engaged in trawling.

79. If you see both the green and red lights with a white light below them, what do they denote?

They denote the presence of a sailing trawler coming end on to me.

80. If you see a white light alone, what does it denote as regards the ship carrying it?

It denotes the presence of a vessel or boat at anchor; or a pilot vessel on her station; or the masthead light of a vessel, under steam, with her side-lights not within sight on account of distance, fog, &c.; or a fishing vessel stationary through her gear getting fast to some obstruction, or a sailing trawler engaged in trawling, or it may be a light shown from the stern of a vessel which is being overtaken.

81. If you see a green or a red light without a white light, or both a green and a red light without a white light, is the vessel carrying the light or lights seen, a vessel under steam or a vessel under sail?

A vessel under sail.

82. How do you know?

Because there is no white mast-head light.

83. If you see a white light over a coloured light, is the vessel a vessel under sail or a vessel under steam?

A vessel under steam. The mast-head light denotes that the vessel is under steam.

[The Examiner will then take one model of a vessel, which he will place on the table, and call it A. He will then take the mast or stand with a white and red ball on it, and place it at the other end of the table, and call it B.

The Examiner should be careful that the model of one vessel only is used when the questions numbered 84 to 89 are asked.

84. A is a steam-vessel going north, seeing a white light and a light right ahead at B. Are A and the vessel B showing the same lights meeting end on, or nearly end on, or is B passing A, or is B crossing the path of A, and in what direction, and how do you know?

Passing to port, because if I see a red light ahead, I know the head of the vessel carrying that red light must be pointing away in some direction to my own port or left hand. The vessel carrying the red light has her port or left side more or less open to A.

85. If A is going north, within what points of the compass must the vessel B showing the white and red lights be steering?

B must be going from a little W. of S. to W. N. W.

86. How do you know this?

Because, the screens being properly fitted, I could not see the red light of B at all with the vessel's head in any other direction.

87. A is a steam vessel going north, and seeing a white and green light ahead. Are A and B meeting, or is B passing A, or is B crossing the course of A, and in what direction; and how do you know?

B is passing to starboard of A, because if I see a green light ahead, I know that the head of the vessel carrying that green light must be pointing away in some direction to my starboard or right hand.

The ship showing the green light has her right or starboard side more or less open to me.

88. As A is going north, within what points of the compass must the vessel showing the white and green lights be steering?

B must be going from a little E. of South to E. N. E.

89. How do you know?

Because, the screens being properly fitted, I cannot see the green light at all with the vessel's head in any other direction.

90. If a steam-vessel A sees the three or four lights of another steam-vessel B ahead or nearly ahead, are the two steam-vessels meeting, passing or crossing?

Meeting end on, or nearly end on.

91. Do the regulations expressly require the course of a vessel to be altered to starboard in any case; and, if so, when?

Yes; in the case of two steam-vessels meeting end on, or nearly end on.

92. Do they expressly require the course of a vessel to be altered to starboard in any other case; and if so, in what other?

No, it is not in any other case expressly required by the regulations.

[The Examiner should see that the Candidate places the models in the position indicated by the question 93 and following.]

93. If a steam-vessel A sees another steam-vessel's red light B, on her own starboard side, are the steam-vessels meeting, passing, or crossing, and how do you know?

Crossing, because the red light of one is opposed to the green light of the other; and whenever a green light is opposed to a red light, or a red light to a green light, the vessels carrying the lights are crossing vessels.

94. Is A to stand on; and if not, why not?

A has the other vessel B on her own starboard side. A knows she is crossing the course of B because she sees the red light of B on her (A's) own starboard side. A also knows she must get out of the way of B, because Article 19 expressly requires that the steam-vessel that has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

95. Is A to starboard or to port in such a case?

A must do what is right so as to get herself out of the way of B; and must, if the circumstances 'of the case permit' avoid crossing ahead of B.

96. If A gets into collision by porting, will it be because she is acting on any rule?

No; the rule does not require her either to port or to starboard. If she ports, and gets into collision by porting, it is not the fault of any rule.

97. If a steam-vessel A sees the green light of another steam vessel B on her own (A's own) port bow, are the two steam-vessels meeting, passing or crossing; and how do you know?

Crossing, because the green light of one vessel is shown to the red light of the other.

98. What is A to do, and why?

By the rule contained in Article 21 of the regulations, A is required to keep her course and speed subject to the qualification that due regard must be had to all dangers of navigation and collision; and that due regard must also be had to any special circumstances which may exist in any particular case rendering a departure from that rule necessary in order to avoid immediate danger. The crossing vessel B on A's port side must get out of the way of A, because A is on B's starboard side.

99. A, a steam-vessel, sees the green light of another steam vessel B, a point on her, A's port bow. Is there any regulation requiring A to port in such a case, and if so, where is it to be found?

There is not any.

100. Are steam-vessels to get out of the way of sailing-vessels?

If a steam-vessel and a sailing-vessel are proceeding in such direction as to involve risk of collision, the steam vessel is to get out of the way of the sailing-vessel unless the sailing-vessel is overtaking the steam-vessel.

101. What is to be done by A, whether a steam-vessel or sailing vessel if overtaking B?

A is to keep out of the way of B.

102. When is a vessel considered to be an overtaking vessel?

Every vessel coming up on another vessel from more than two points abaft her beam, i.e., in such a position with reference to the vessel which she is overtaking that at night she would be unable to see either of that vessel's side-lights, is an overtaking vessel; and no subsequent alteration of the bearing between the two vessels can make the overtaking vessel a crossing vessel within the meaning of the rules, or relieve her of the duty of keeping clear of the overtaking vessel until she is finally passed and clear.

103. In the day time how do you know when you are an overtaking vessel?

It is often hard to judge with any degree of certainty, but if in doubt assume you are an overtaking vessel and keep out of the way.

104. Have sailing-vessel under way to keep out of the way of sailing-vessels and boats fishing?

Yes; they have to keep out of the way of sailing-vessels or boats fishing with nets, or lines or trawls; but this rule does not give to and vessel or boat engaged in fishing the right of obstructing a fairway used by vessels other than fishing vessels or boats.

105. When by the rules one of two ships is required to keep out of the way of the other, what is the other to do?

To keep her course and speed.

106. Is there any qualification or exception to this?

Yes. Due regard must be had to all dangers of navigation and collision, and to any special circumstances which may exist in any particular case, and require a departure from the regulations to avoid immediate danger.

107. Is there any general direction in the steering and sailing rules, and if so, what is it?

Yes, it is this: that nothing in the rules shall exonerate any vessel or the owner, master, or crew thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper look-out, or of the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

108. Can you repeat Article (—) of the regulations? I refer to the article containing the rule for (—).

[The Examiner will repeat this question, naming a different Article each time.]

109. What does the Act of Parliament provide as to the obligation of owners and masters in obeying the regulations respecting lights, fog-signals and steering and sailing?

Section 419 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, provides that owners and masters shall be bound to obey the regulations, and it also provides that in case of wilful default by the master or owner, he shall be deemed to be guilty of a misdemeanour for each infringement.

110. What do breaches of the regulations imply?

If an accident happens through non-observance of the regulations, it implies wilful default on the part of the person in charge of the deck at the time, unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the court hearing the case that the special circumstances of the case rendered a departure from the rules necessary.

111. If collision ensues from a breach of the regulations, who is to be deemed in fault for the collision?

The person by whom the regulations are infringed, unless the court hearing the case decides to the contrary.

112. Is there any special rule for steam-vessels navigating narrow channels?

In narrow channels every steam-vessel must, when it is safe and practicable, keep to that side of the fairway or mid-channel which is on the starboard side of such vessel.

113. Do the regulations for preventing collisions at sea apply to sea-going vessels in harbours and in rivers?

Yes; unless there is any rule to the contrary made by a competent authority.

114. Do they apply to British vessels only?

No, to foreign vessels as well, with the exception of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of Article 10 of the Order in Council of the 11th August 1884, and Orders in Council of the 30th December 1884, 24th June 1885, and 7th July 1897, which apply only to British vessels.

115. Do you know where the present regulations are to be found?

Yes, in Article 10 of the Order in Council of the 11th August 1884 and in the Orders in Council of the 30th December 1884, 14th June 1885, 27th November 1896 and 7th July 1897.

116. Is one vessel bound to assist another in case of collision?

Yes.

117. What is the penalty for default?

If the master or person in charge of the vessel fails to render assistance without reasonable excuse, the collision is, in absence of proof to the contrary, to be deemed to be caused by his wrongful act, neglect or default.

118. Is there any other penalty attached to not rendering assistance?

Yea. If it is afterwards proved that he did not render assistance, his certificate may be cancelled or suspended by the court investigating the case.

119. Is it not expected that you should understand the regulations before you take charge of the deck of a vessel?

It is.

120. Why?

If I do not understand them and am guilty of default, the consequences will be very serious to me.

121. What would be a serious offence?

To cause a collision by porting the helm or doing anything not required by the regulations and without due consideration.

AIDS TO MEMORY in four verses, by the late Mr. THOMAS GRAY, C. B.

1. *Two Steam-ships meeting.*

When both side lights you see ahead—
Port your helm and show your RED.

2. *Two Steam-ships passing.*

GREEN to GREEN—or, RED to RED—
Perfect safety—Go ahead!

3. *Two Steam-ships crossing.*

Note. This is the position of greatest danger: there is nothing for it but good look-out, caution, and judgment.

If to your starboard Red appear.
It is your duty to keep clear;
To act as judgment says is proper—
To port—or Starboard Back.—or, Stop her.
But when upon your Port is seen.
A Steamer's Starboard Light of GREEN.
There's not so much for you to do.
For GREEN to Port keeps clear of you.

4. *All Ships must keep a good look-out and Steam-ships must stop, and go astern, if necessary.*

Both in safety and in doubt.
Always keep a good look-out.
In danger, with no room to turn.
Ease her, stop her, go astern.

APPENDIX F.

SIGNALS TO BE MADE BY SHIPS WANTING A PILOT.

In the daytime.—The following signals, numbered 1 and 2, when used or displayed together or separately, shall be deemed to be signals for a pilot in the daytime, viz.:—

1. To be hoisted at the fore, the Union Jack having round it a white border, one-fifth of the breadth of the flag; or
2. The International Code pilotage signal indicated by P. T.
3. The International Code flag S with or without the Code pennant over it.
4. The distant signal, consisting of a cone, point upwards, having above it two balls or shapes resembling balls.

At night.—The following signals, numbered 1 and 2, when used or displayed together or separately, shall be deemed to be signals for a pilot at night, viz.:—

1. The pyrotechnic light commonly known as a blue light every fifteen minutes; or
2. A bright white light, flashed or shown at short or frequent intervals just above the bulwarks, for about a minute at a time.

If a master of a vessel uses or displays, or causes or permits any person under his authority to use or display, any of the pilot signals for any other purpose than that of summoning a pilot, or uses or causes or permits any person under his authority to use any other signal for a pilot, he shall for each offence be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds. [Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, Section 615(3).]

APPENDIX G.

EXAMINATION IN CHART.

For all Grades where the Chart is used (including Home Trade Passenger Ship Certificates).

[The Candidate will be required to work out the following questions on either a "true" or "magnetic" chart,* whichever may be handed to him by the Examiner, and also determine whether the chart is a "true" or "magnetic" one, and whether it is for the northern or southern, and eastern or western hemisphere.]

1. Using deviation [card] [curve]† No. find the course to
steer by compass from to ; also the distance

Answer.—Compass course
Distance
Variation
Deviation

2. With the ship's head on the above-named compass course, a point] [lighthouse] bore by compass
[and bore by the same compass,
find the ship's position.

Answer.—Latitude
Longitude

3. With the ship's head as above, a [point] [lighthouse]
bore by compass, and after continuing on
the same course mile it bore, find the
position of ship and her distance from at the time
of taking the second bearing.

Answer.—Latitude
Longitude
Distance

All the foregoing questions must be answered, but this does not preclude the Examiner from putting any other questions of a practical character or which the local circumstances of the port may require.

Additional questions for Masters, including Masters of Home Trade Passenger Ships.

4. Find the course to steer by compass from to
(see Question 1) to counteract the effect of a
current which set at the rate of miles
per hour, the ship making by log miles per hour; also
the distance the ship would then make good in hours
towards

Answer.—Compass course
Distance

5. On being off took a cast
of the lead; required the correction to be applied to the depth
obtained by the lead line before comparing it with the depth
marked on the chart.

6. What do you understand the small numbers to indicate that you see placed about the chart, and at what time of tide?

7. What do the Roman numerals indicate that are occasionally seen on the chart near the coasts and in harbours?

8. How would you find, approximately, the time of high water at any place, the Admiralty tables not being at hand, nor any other special tables available?

All the foregoing questions, and those on Form Exn. 9 C., must be answered, but this does not preclude the Examiner from putting any other questions of a practical character or which the local circumstances of the port may require.

* The terms "true" and "magnetic" are used for the sake of brevity and convenience, to indicate charts that have compasses delineated upon them showing the "true" or "magnetic" points of the compass respectively.

† A Candidate for an Ordinary Master's Certificate is expected to use either a card of deviations, or a curve of deviations on a Napier's diagram, whichever the Examiner may put before him.

APPENDIX H.

QUESTIONS RELATING TO CYCLONES OR EVOLVING STORMS
COMMON IN TROPICAL SEAS.

The Candidate must answer in writing, on paper supplied by the Examiner the following questions, numbering the answers to correspond with the questions :—

Question—

1. The direction of the wind in a cyclone being* _____ state the probable bearing of its centre from the ship in the* _____ Hemisphere.
2. And suppose that the wind during the passage of the same cyclone were found to change towards the* _____, what would be the ship's position with reference to the line of progression of the centre of the cyclone, and what action would you take?
3. Under what conditions would the change in the direction of the wind in the cyclone be the reverse of the above?
4. What are the usual indications of a ship being on the line of progression of the centre of a cyclone?
What are the usual indications that a ship is (a) approaching the centre of a cyclone; (b) receding from it?
5. Describe the track usually taken by cyclones in the _____, and state the seasons of the year in which they most frequently occur in that region.

* These spaces to be filled in by the Examiner, and frequently varied.

† The Examiners to fill in whether North Atlantic, Bay of Bengal, Indian Ocean, &c., &c.

APPENDIX I.

Questions on the deviation of the Compass used in the examination of Candidates for Certificates as Masters of Foreign-going Ships, as given on examination Form Exn 7 :—

The candidate is to answer correctly such of the following questions as are marked with a cross by the Examiner. At least 12 will be marked.

The Examiner's attention is specially called to the importance of questions, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 39, which must be marked in all cases—

1. State briefly the essentials of an efficient Compass.
2. State briefly the chief points to be considered when selecting a position for your Compass on board ship, and what should be particularly guarded against.
3. What do you mean by Deviation of the Compass, and how is it caused.
4. Describe how you would determine the deviation of your compass—(1) by reciprocal bearings; (2) by figure on the dock walls; (3) by bearings of a distant object; (4) by the bearings of the sun or other celestial body.
5. Having determined the deviation with the ship's head on the various points of the compass, how do you know when it is Easterly and when Westerly?
6. Why is it necessary, in order to ascertain the deviations, to bring the ship's head in more than one direction?
7. For accuracy, which is the least number of points to which the ship's head should be brought for constructing a curve or table of deviations?
8. How would you find the deviation when sailing along a well-known coast?
9. Name some suitable objects by which you could readily obtain the deviation of the compass when sailing along the coasts of the Channel you have been accustomed to use.
10. Supposing you have no means of ascertaining the magnetic bearing of a distant object when swinging your ship for deviations, how could you find it, approximately from bearings of the object taken with the ship's head on equi-distant Compass points; and what distance as a rule should the object be from the ship?
- 11 Example :— Having taken the following compass bearings of a distant object, find the object's magnetic bearing, and thence the deviation—

MAGNETIC BEARING REQUIRED :—

Ship's Head
by Standard
Compass.

S. 4° E.
South
S. 4° W.
N. 1° W.

S. 12° W.
S. 25° W.
S. 31° W.
S. 11° E.

12. With the deviation as above, construct a curve of deviations on a Napier's diagram and give the courses you would steer by the Standard Compass to make the following courses magnetic :—

Magnetic courses,—S.S.W., W.N.W., N.N.E., E.S.E.

Compass courses required.

13. Supposing you have steered the following courses by the Standard Compass, find the magnetic courses made from the above curve of deviations :—

Compass courses,—W.S.W., N.N.W., E.N.E., S.S.E.

Magnetic courses required.

14. You have taken the following bearings of two distant objects by your Standard Compass as above; with the ship's head at W. $\frac{1}{4}$ S, find the bearings, magnetic :—

Compass bearings—W by S. and N. $\frac{1}{4}$ W.

Magnetic bearings required.

15. Do you expect the deviation to change; if so, state under what circumstances?
16. How often is it desirable to test the accuracy of your table of deviations?
17. What is meant by variation of the Compass; what is it caused by; and where can you find the variation for any given position?
18. The earth being regarded as a magnet, which is usually termed the blue, and which the red magnetic pole?
19. Which end of a magnet (or compass needle) is usually termed the red or "marked" end, and which the blue?
20. What effect has the pole of one magnet of either name on the pole of another magnet?
21. What is meant by transient induced magnetism?
22. Which is the red and which is the blue pole of a mass of soft vertical iron, by induction, and what effect would the upper and lower ends of it have on the compass needle (a) in the Northern hemisphere, (b) in the Southern hemisphere, (c) on the magnetic equator?
23. Describe what is usually termed the sub-permanent magnetism of an iron ship, and state when and how it is acquired, and which is the red and which is the blue pole, and why it is called sub-permanent magnetism?
24. Describe the meaning of the expression co-efficient A?
25. Describe the meaning of the expression co-efficient B: its signs and effects.
26. Describe the meaning of the expression co-efficient C: its signs and effects.
27. Describe the meaning of the expression co-efficient D: its signs and effects.
28. Describe the meaning of the expression co-efficient E: its signs and effects.
29. Would you expect any change to be caused in the error of your compass by the ship heeling over either from the effect of the wind or the cargo, &c.?
30. The compass of iron ships being more or less affected by what is termed the heeling error, on what courses is this error usually at its minimum, and on what courses at its maximum?
31. Describe clearly the three principal causes of the heeling error on board ship.
32. State to which side of the ship in the majority of cases is the north point of the compass drawn when ship heels over in the Northern hemisphere.
33. Under what conditions (that is, as regards position of ship whilst building, and the arrangement of iron in the ship) is the north point of the compass needle usually drawn to windward or the high side of the ship in the northern hemisphere, and if not allowed for, what effect has it on the assumed position of the ship when she is steering on northerly and on southerly courses in the Northern hemisphere?
34. Under what conditions (as in question 33) is the north point of the compass needle usually drawn to leeward or the low side of the ship in the Northern hemisphere, and, if not allowed for, what effect would it have on the assumed position of the ship when she is steering on northerly, and on southerly courses in the Northern hemisphere?
35. The effects being as you state, on what courses would you keep away, and on what courses would you keep closer to the wind in the Northern hemisphere in order to make good a given compass course (a) when north point of compass is drawn to windward or the high side of ship; and (b) when drawn to leeward or the low side?
36. Does the same rule hold good in both hemispheres with regard to the heeling error?

* The term sub-permanent magnetism in these questions is used in the original as proposed by the late Sir G. H. Airy, to denote the character of the permanent magnetism of an iron ship as distinguished from the permanent magnetism of a magnetized steel bar. The terms "sub-permanent" and "permanent" throughout these questions may, therefore, be considered as synonymous.

37. State clearly how that part of the heeling error due to the permanent part of the magnetism of the ship varies as the ship changes her position on the globe, and give the reason for it?
38. State clearly how that part of the heeling error due to the induction in transverse iron (which was horizontal when ship was upright) and iron vertical to the ship's deck, varies as the ship changes her position on the globe.
39. Your compass having a large error, show by Beall's Compass Deviascope how you would correct it by compensating magnets and soft iron (as usually practised by compass adjusters in the Mercantile Marine) in order to reduce the error within manageable limits. Show also how the heeling error can be compensated.
40. As the co-efficient B (capable of being corrected) usually consists of two parts—one due to the permanent magnetism of the ship, and the other to vertical induction in soft iron, how should each of the two parts, strictly speaking, be corrected when compensating the compass?
41. If the whole of co-efficient B be corrected by a permanent magnet, as is usually done, what is likely to ensue as the ship changes her magnetic latitude?
42. Provided the needles of your compass are not so long and powerful, and so near, as to cause the soft iron correctors to become magnetised by induction, would the co-efficient D, if properly compensated, be likely to remain so in all magnetic latitudes and both hemisphere? If so, state the reason why.
43. State at what distance, as a general rule, the magnets and soft iron correctors should be placed from the compass needles, and what will be the consequence if they are placed too near the needles?
44. Is it necessary that magnets used for compensating co-efficients B and C should be placed on the deck? If not state where they may also be placed, and the rules to be observed in placing them into position.
45. Can the compensation of the heeling error be depended upon when the ship changes her latitude? If not, state the reason.

APPENDIX K.

SYLLABUS of EXAMINATION in the LAWS of the DEVIATION of the COMPASSES of an IRON SHIP, and in the Means of compensating or correcting it.

Candidates for the voluntary examination in compass deviation, and for Extra Master's Certificates will be required to give written answers to 40 of the questions; these will be marked by a cross by the Examiner. They will also be required to by "Beall's Compass Deviascope"—(1) their knowledge of the tentative method of compass adjustment, and (2) that they understand the practical application of the questions they have answered and of any other questions in the Syllabus that the Examiner may ask. Questions 31, 61, 62, 69, 70, 72, and 82 will be marked by the Examiner in all cases. The other questions will be *constantly* varied:—

1. Describe an artificial magnet, and how a steel bar or needle is usually magnetized.
2. Which end of the compass needle, or a magnet, is commonly termed the red, and which the blue pole?
3. Which is the red magnetic pole of the earth, and which the blue; and give their geographical positions.
4. What effect has the pole of one magnet of either name on the pole of the same name of another magnet, and what would be the consequence of the pole of one magnet of either name being brought near enough to effect the pole of contrary name, if in these cases both magnets were freely suspended?
5. By applying this law to all magnets, natural as well as artificial, describe what would be the result on a magnetic bar or needle, freely suspended, but constrained by weight or by the nature of its mounting to preserve a horizontal position; and what would be the result, if so mounted, but free to move in every direction; the earth being regarded as a natural magnet?
6. What is the cause of the variation of the Compass?
7. What is meant by the deviation of the compass?
8. What is meant by the term "local attraction;" under what circumstances have ships' compasses, from recent careful investigation, been found to be affected by it, and name some of the localities in different parts of the world where this disturbance is to be found, and consequently, where increased vigilance is necessary.

9. What do you understand by the term "soft" iron; and what are its properties as regards acquiring and retaining magnetism?
10. What do you understand by the term "hard" iron; and what are its properties as regards acquiring and retaining magnetism?
11. Describe the meaning of the term "horizontal force" of the earth; where is it the greatest, and where the least; and what effect has it in respect to the increase or decrease of the directive force of the compass needle?
12. Does the magnetic equator coincide with the geographical equator; if not, state clearly how it is situated?
13. Where can the values of the magnetic dip, the earth's horizontal force, and the variation, be found?
14. State in what parts of the globe lying in the usual tracks of navigation the variation changes very rapidly, and what special precautions should be observed when navigating these localities, also why a "variation" chart is then very useful.
15. Why is a knowledge of the magnetic dip and the earth's horizontal force important in dealing with compass deviations?
16. Describe the meaning of the term "vertical force of the earth; where is it the greatest and where the least?
17. Would you expect a compass to be the more seriously affected by any given disturbing force when near the magnetic equator, or near the poles? and state the reason.
18. State briefly (a) the essentials of an efficient compass; and (b) what you would consider a good arrangement of the needles (that is, whether long or short, single or double, &c.) with the view to good compensation.
19. In stowing away spare compass cards or magnets, how would you place them with regard to each other, or what might be the probable consequence?
20. State briefly the chief points to be considered when selecting a position for your compass on board ship, and what should be particularly guarded against.
21. What is meant by transient induced magnetism?
22. Which is the *red* and which the *blue* pole of a mass of soft vertical iron (for of any soft iron not in a horizontal position) by induction, and what effect would the upper and lower ends of it have on a compass needle in the *Northern* hemisphere.
23. Which is the *red* and which the *blue* pole of a mass of soft vertical iron by induction, and what effect would the upper and lower ends of it have on the compass needle in the *Southern* hemisphere?
24. What effect would a bar of soft vertical iron have on the compass needle on the magnetic equator?
25. Describe what is usually termed the sub-permanent* magnetism of an iron ship, and state when and how it is acquired, and which is the sub-permanent red and which is the blue pole, and why it is called sub-permanent magnetism.
26. What is meant by "the composition of forces" and "the parallelogram of forces," and show how the knowledge of these is valuable in ascertaining and compensating the sub-permanent magnetism of an iron ship?
27. Describe the nature of the co-efficient B and C plus (+) and minus (-), and the different magnetic forces they represent; also why they are said to produce semicircular deviations.
28. Can semicircular deviations be produced by any other force than the sub-permanent magnetism of the ship? If so, by what?
29. On what points by compass bearings of the ship's head does + B give westerly deviation, and on what points does it give easterly; also on what points does - B give westerly, and on what points easterly?
30. On what points does + C give westerly deviation, and on what points easterly; also on what points does - C give westerly, and on what points easterly deviation?
31. The value of either co-efficient B or C being given, also the magnetic direction of the ship's head while she was being built, determine by the traverse tables the approximate value of the other co-efficient C or B and the value of both these co-efficient being given, determine approximately the direction by compass of the ship's head whilst being built, assuming, of course, that these co-efficients resulted altogether from sub-permanent magnetism.
32. Would you expect the greatest disturbance of the needle from the effects of sub-permanent magnetism alone to take place when ship's head is in same direction as when building, or when her head is at right angles to that direction, and in what direction of the ship's head would you expect to find the least disturbance?
33. Describe quadrantal deviation, and state what co-efficients represent it; also on what points of the ship's head, by compass, each of these co-efficients gives the greatest amount of deviation, and why it is called quadrantal deviation?

The term "sub-permanent" magnetism in the Syllabus is used in the sense proposed by the late Sir G.B. Airy to denote the character of the permanent magnetism of an iron ship as distinguished from the permanent magnetism of a magnetised steel bar. The terms "sub-permanent" and "permanent" throughout the Syllabus may therefore be considered as synonymous.

34. On what points of the compass will each of the co-efficients, D and E, + and -, give easterly, and on what points westerly deviation?

35. What conditions of the iron of a ship will produce + D and what - D?

36. State clearly which end of horizontal iron running athwartship (such as beams, &c.), and of horizontal iron running fore and aft of a ship, acquires red and which blue polarity, by induction, when ship's head is at N.E., S.E., S.W., and N.W., respectively.

37. Describe the nature of the deviation represented by co-efficients -I, A and -A, and describe the errors in the construction of the compass, and other causes, that frequently produce it.

38. What is the object of compensating the compass by magnets, &c., and what are the general advantages of a compensated compass over an uncompensated one?

39. Before adjusting the compass of an iron ship, what it is desirable to do with the view to eliminating, as far as possible, what may be termed the unstable part of the magnetism of the ship?

40. Describe clearly the tentative method of compass adjustment (that is, the compensation of co-efficients B, C, and D, with ship upright) as generally practised by compass adjusters in ships of the Mercantile Marine.

41. State at what distance, as a general rule, the magnets and soft iron correctors should be placed from the compass needles and what will be the consequence if they are placed too near the needles.

42. Is it necessary that the magnets used for compensating co-efficients B and C should be placed on deck? If not, state where they may also be placed, and the rules to be observed in placing them into position.

43. Does the B found on board ship usually arise altogether from sub-permanent magnetism, or does part of it usually arise from some other cause or causes?

44. If the part of B due to induced magnetism in vertical soft iron, as well as the part due to sub-permanent magnetism, are corrected by a magnet alone, as is generally the case, what is frequently the consequence on the ship changing her magnetic latitude and hemisphere?

45. How should each of these two parts of B, strictly speaking, be compensated?

46. Assuming, for the sake of clearness, that your steering compass is unavoidably placed very near to the head of the sternpost (and other vertical iron at the stern), thereby causing a very large -B from induced magnetism; describe briefly any method by which the approximate position for the compensating vertical iron bar (Flinder's or Rundle's) could be estimated in order to reduce the error; describe also how you would proceed, in order to improve, if not, to perfect, its position after observations have been made on the magnetic equator.

47. State if standard compasses, as well as steering compasses, are generally subject to this disturbance from induced magnetism in vertical iron; also whether the attraction in all cases is found to be towards the stern; and if not, state the conditions under which it might be towards the bow, and how the compensating soft iron bar should then be placed.

48. Generally speaking, does the magnetism induced in vertical iron usually have any effect in producing the co-efficient C, ship upright, or is it generally produced by sub-permanent magnetism alone? State also your reasons for saying so.

49. Provided the needles of your compass are not so long and powerful, and so near, as to cause the soft iron correctors to become magnetised by induction, would the co-efficient D, if properly compensated as you have described (Ans. 40), be likely to remain so in all latitudes and both hemispheres? If so, state the reason why.

50. Under what circumstances does the character of A and E so change as to render it desirable that these co-efficients should be disregarded or modified?

51. Supposing your compasses were allowed to remain uncompensated, explain clearly what would be the probable changes (ship upright) in the deviations produced separately by (1) the sub-permanent magnetism of the ship alone; (2) by the induced magnetism in vertical soft iron; (a) on reaching the equator; (b) in the southern hemisphere?

52. Assuming you were able to arrive at the proper proportions to be corrected, and were then to exactly compensate the sub-permanent magnetism of the ship by means of a permanent magnet, and the induced magnetism in vertical iron by a soft iron bar, would you expect any deviation to take place in your compass as the ship changed her latitude and hemisphere? And state your reasons for saying so.

53. Supposing the co-efficient D from horizontal soft iron were allowed to remain uncompensated, would you, or would you not, expect the D to differ in name or amount on the ship changing her magnetic latitude and hemisphere? And state the reason.

54. Describe how you would determine the deviation of your compass (1) by reciprocal bearings; (2) by figures on the dock walls; (3) by bearings of a distant object.

55. Describe, in detail, how you would determine the deviation of your compass by the bearings of the sun. Also by a star or planet.

56. Describe the uses to which the Napier's diagram can be applied, and its special advantages.

57. Describe clearly how the Napier's diagram is constructed.

58. For accuracy, what is the least number of points to which the ship's head should be brought for constructing a complete curve of deviations, or a complete table of deviations?

59. Nearing land, and being anxious to check your deviations on a few courses you may probably require to steer, what is the least number of points it will be necessary to steady the ship's head upon, if making use of a Napier's diagram, in order to ascertain the deviation on each of the points, say in a quadrant of the compass and describe clearly how you would do this at sea?

60. Supposing you have no means of ascertaining the magnetic bearing of the distant object when swinging your ship for deviations, how could you find it, approximately, from bearings of the object taken with the ship's head on equi-distant compass points, and how far as a rule, should the object be from the ship when swinging or steaming round?

61. Example:—Having taken the following compass bearings of a distant object, find the object's magnetic bearings, and thence the deviations:—

(a) MAGNETIC BEARING REQUIRED:—

Ship's Head by Standard Compass.	Bearing of distant object by Standard Compass.	Deviation required.	Ship's Head by Standard Compass.	Bearing of distant object by Standard Compass.	Deviation required.
1	2	3	4	5	6
North. N. E. East. S. E.	S. 75° W. S. 60° W. S. 50° W. S. 50° W.		South. S. W. West. N. W.	S. 34° W. S. 31° W. S. 40° W. S. 71° W.	

(b) Construct a curve of deviations on a Napier's diagram with the deviations as above, and give the courses you would steer by the Standard Compass to make the following courses, magnetic:—

Magnetic courses—N.N.W., S.S.E., W.N.W., E.S.E.
Compass courses required.

(c) Supposing you have steered the following courses by the Standard Compass, find the magnetic courses made from the above curve of deviations:—

Compass courses—N.N.E., E.N.E., S.S.W., W.S.W.
Magnetic courses required.

(d) You have taken the following bearings of two distant objects by your Standard Compass as above; with the ship's head at N. E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E, find the bearings, magnetic:—

Compass bearings—S. E. by S. and N. N. W.
Magnetic bearings required.

62. Assuming the deviations observed with ship's head by compass to be as follows [or as in question 61, whichever may be given], determine the value of the co-efficients A, B, C, D, and E, and from them construct a complete table of deviations (or for as many points as the Examiner may direct):—

Deviation at North	South
N. E. {	S. W. {
East {	West {
S. E. {	N. W. {

63. When swinging your ship, if it be required to construct deviation tables for two or more compasses situated in different parts of the vessel, describe the process, and how you would employ the Napier's diagram for this purpose.

64. State your rule for determining whether deviation is easterly or westerly.

65. Is a knowledge of the value of the various co-efficients of any advantage? If so, state why?

66. Describe (a) what is commonly known by the term "retentive" or "retained" magnetism, and how the ship acquires it when in port and at sea; (b) its effect on the compass needle whilst ship's head continues in the same direction; (c) the immediate consequence when the direction of the ship's head is altered, and (d) the special precautions to be invariably observed at sea on the alteration of the ship's course.

67. Describe a "Dumb-card" or "Pelorus" and its use (a) in compensating a compass, (b) in determining the deviation.

68. If you determine the deviation by an azimuth or an amplitude of a heavenly body, it is then combined with variation which together is sometimes called the correction for the compass. State when the deviation is the difference between the variation

and the correction, and when the sun; and when it is of the same name as that of the correction, and when of the contrary name.

69. In observing altitudes of heavenly bodies, the best method is by "time azimuths," since these can be observed without an altitude when the ship is in port, or when the horizon cannot be defined from any cause. Given the sun's declination, the hour of the day, and the latitude, to find the true bearing of the sun.*

70. By night, if it be desirable to observe the correction of the compass. Given the day of the year, and time at ship, also the latitude of the place, to determine what stars will be in good position for this purpose.

71. If your correcting magnets are so mounted that their positions can be altered, describe the process by which on open sea you can place the ship's head magnetic N. (or S.), and magnetic E. (or W.), and can make the correction perfect.

72. Given the name of a star, the time, the place of ship, the variation of the compass, and the bearing of the star by compass. Determine the deviation, and name it east or west.

73. Would you expect any change to be caused in the error of your compass by the ship heeling over either from the effect of the wind or the cargo?

74. Describe clearly the three principal causes of the heeling error on board an iron ship.

75. Towards which side of the ship would that part of magnetism induced in continuous transverse iron (which was horizontal while ship was upright) help to draw the north point of the needle when ship heels over (a) in the Northern hemisphere, (b) in the Southern hemisphere?

76. Supposing the compass were placed between the two parts of a divided beam or other athwartship iron, towards which side of the ship would iron so situated help to draw the north point of the needle when ship heels over (a) in the Northern hemisphere, (b) in the Southern hemisphere?

77. Would you expect that part of the magnetism induced in iron exactly perpendicular to the ship's deck, such as stanchions, bulkhead, &c., if below the compass, to cause any part of the heeling error when ship heels over, and if so, towards which side of the ship (a) in the Northern hemisphere, (b) in the Southern hemisphere?

78. If an ordinary standard compass placed higher than the iron top sides be compensated whilst the ship is upright, what co-efficient will be effected by heeling?

79. Under what conditions (that is, as regards position whilst building and the arrangement of iron in the ship) is the north point of the compass needle usually drawn to windward, or the high side of the ship, in the Northern hemisphere?

80. Under what conditions, as a rule, is the north point of the compass needle usually drawn to leeward, or the low side of the ship, in the Northern hemisphere?

81. State to which side of the ship, in the majority of cases, is the north point of the compass drawn when ship heels over in the Northern hemisphere; and when this is the case, and it is not allowed for, what effect has it on the assumed position of the ship when she is steering on northerly and also on southerly courses?

82. On what courses would you keep away, and on what courses would you keep closer to the wind in both the Northern and Southern hemispheres, in order to make good a given compass course (a) when north point of compass is drawn to windward, or the high side of ship, and (b) when drawn to leeward or the low side?

83. If a ship is beating to windward, when she tacks, under what circumstances will the heeling error retain the same name, and under what circumstances will it take the contrary name?

84. If a ship is placed on the opposite tack by the change of wind, the ship's course being the same by compass, will the heeling error change its name?

85. In which direction of the ship's head does the heeling error attain its maximum value, and in which direction does it generally vanish?

86. Explain clearly how that part of the heeling error due to the permanent part of the magnetism of the ship varies as the ship changes her geographical position, and what is the reason of this?

87. Explain clearly how that part of the heeling error due to the induction in transverse iron (which was horizontal when ship was upright), and iron vertical to the ship's deck, varies as the ship changes her geographical position.

88. What, then, would be the probable nature of the heeling error, that is, whether to high or low side of the ship, and whether the error would be equal to the sum or difference, &c., of the forces given (1) in high north latitudes, (2) on magnetic equator, (3) in high south latitudes? Assuming the polarity of the sub-permanent magnetism of the ship under, and affecting, the compass, to be as given below; the vertical induction in soft iron, of course, obeying the ordinary laws in the above geographical positions (1), (2), (3)—

(a) in cases where the effect of red vertical sub-permanent magnetism is equal to that of the vertical induction in the soft iron of the ship.

* The process of finding time azimuths by the ordinary formulae of spherical trigonometry is tedious, and since on board an iron ship these observations should be often repeated, the Candidate will be allowed to use any table or graphical or other method that will solve the problem within a half of a degree, the altitude of the heavenly body not being given.

- (b) Where the effect of ~~red~~ vertical sub-permanent magnetism is greater than that of the vertical induction in the soft iron.
- (c) Where the effect of ~~red~~ vertical sub-permanent magnetism is less than that of the vertical induction in the soft iron.
- (d) Where the effect of ~~blue~~ vertical sub-permanent magnetism is equal to that of the vertical induction in the soft iron.
- (e) Where the effect of ~~blue~~ vertical sub-permanent magnetism is greater than that of the vertical induction in the soft iron.
- (f) Where the effect of ~~blue~~ vertical sub-permanent magnetism is less than that of the vertical induction in the soft iron.

89. Can the heeling error be compensated? If so, state the means to be employed, and how the compensation may be effected?

90. Can the compensation of the heeling error be depended on in every latitude? If not, state the reason?

91. Do the soft iron correctors used for compensating the coefficient + D have any effect on the compass needle when the ship heels over, and if so, do they draw the needle towards the low or the high side of the ship, and do they counteract, or otherwise, the effect produced by the vertical induction in the soft iron; (a) in the Northern hemisphere, (b) in the Southern hemisphere; and what is the reason of this?

92. Given the heel, the direction of the ship's head by compass, and the heeling error observed, to find the approximate heeling error, with a greater or less given heel, and with the ship's head on some other named point of the compass, the ship's magnetic latitude being in both cases the same.

93. Describe any instrument to show the ship's heel (generally called a clinometer), and state how and where it should be fixed.

94. Should the clinometer be observed when the ship is swinging to determine the deviation when the ship is upright? If so, state the reason why?

95. Would you expect the table of deviation supplied by the compass adjuster from observations made in swinging the ship to remain good during the voyage, or would you expect the deviations to change? If so, state under what circumstances?

96. Is it desirable that a record of your observations for deviations should be kept as a guide for any subsequent voyage in case the ship should be in the same locality, or for further correction of the compass? If so, describe some suitable form for keeping such record.

97. Would you under any circumstances consider it a safe and proper procedure to place implicit confidence in your compasses however skilfully they may have been adjusted? If not, what precautions is it your duty to take at all times?

APPENDIX L.

DEVIATION OF THE COMPASS.

For Masters' Certificates for Home Trade Passenger Ships.

The applicant must answer in writing, on paper given him by the Examiner all the following questions, numbering his answers to correspond with the numbers of the questions.

1. When taking a meridian altitude, how do you know when the sun is on the meridian; or, in other words, when it is noon?
2. How does the sun bear (true and magnetic) when on the meridian of an observer in these latitudes (Home Trade Limits)?
3. What do you mean by deviation of the compass, and how is it caused?
4. Having determined the deviation, how do you know when it is easterly, and when westerly?
5. Supposing the sun when on the meridian bore by your compass _____, what would be the deviation of that compass for the direction of the ship's head at the time, the variation given on the chart being _____?
6. How could you find the deviation of your compass when in port, or when sailing along a coast?
7. Name some suitable objects by which you could readily obtain the deviation of your compass, when sailing along the coasts of the channel you have been accustomed to use.
8. The bearing of two objects when in a line with each other was found on the chart to be _____, magnetic; but when brought in a line on board they bore _____ by your compass; required the deviation of your compass for the direction of the ship's head at the time.
9. What means are there for checking the deviation of your compass by night?
10. Supposing the North Star (Polaris) bore _____ by your compass, what would be the deviation (approximately) of that compass for the direction of the ship's head at the time, supposing the variation given on the chart to be _____?
11. Do you expect the deviation to change? If so, state under what circumstances.
12. What is meant by the variation of the compass, and what is the cause of it?

APPENDIX M.

Compass Adjustment.

It is of the utmost importance that Masters of ships should thoroughly understand the tentative method of compass adjustment as generally practised in merchant ships, and Examiners are, therefore, directed to fully satisfy themselves that all Candidates for Masters' Certificates have this particular knowledge. It should be tested in connection with the Form Exn. 7 with the aid of Captain Beall's Deviascope, and Candidates will be required to prove—(1) their knowledge of the laws of deviation, and the tentative method of compass adjustment; (2) that they understand the practical application of the answers given by them to any of the other questions on Form Exn. 7 that the Examiner may ask.

A concise statement of the present method of tentative compass adjustment is appended for the use of Examiners. It is, however, distinctly to be understood that the Board of Trade are not in any way advocating the correction of that part of co-efficient B which arises from vertical induction in soft iron by a permanent magnet instead of by a soft iron bar. The Board have no authority to interfere with the methods in use amongst compass adjusters for the adjustment of compasses in iron ships, but the Examiners must satisfy themselves that Masters are acquainted with the ordinary method as at present practised.

The TENTATIVE METHOD of COMPASS ADJUSTMENT as generally practised by COMPASS ADJUSTERS in SHIPS of the MERCHANT MARINE.

Before describing the practice, it will be as well to briefly state the co-efficients used to express the different magnetic forces:—

Co-efficient A	represents a constant quantity.
" B	" semicircular deviation due to fore and aft magnetic forces.
" C	" semicircular deviation due to transverse magnetic forces.
" D	" quadrantal deviation due to horizontal induction in soft iron.
" E	" quadrantal deviation due to horizontal induction in soft iron asymmetrically distributed.

SIGNS AND EFFECTS OF Co-EFFICIENTS A, B, C, D and E.

Co-efficient A represents a constant deviation of the same nature and amount on all points of the compass; + A signifying easterly, and — A, westerly deviation.

Co-efficient + B represents an attraction towards the ship's head, and causes easterly deviations with ship's head in the eastern semicircle of the compass, and westerly deviations in the western semicircle, attaining a maximum value on the east and west points, decreasing to zero on north and south points, by compass.

Co-efficient — B represents an attraction towards the ship's stern, and causes easterly deviations with ship's head in the western semicircle, and westerly deviations with the ship's head in the eastern semicircle, with a maximum value on the east and west points, decreasing to zero on the north and south points, by compass.

Co-efficient + C represents an attraction towards the starboard side of the ship, and causes easterly deviations with ship's head in the northern semicircle, and westerly deviations in the southern semicircle, attaining a maximum value on the north and south points, decreasing to zero on the east and west points by compass.

Co-efficient — C represents an attraction towards the port side of the ship, and causes westerly deviations with ship's head in the northern semicircle, and easterly in the southern semicircle, attaining a maximum value on the north and south points, decreasing to zero on the east and west points, by compass.

Co-efficient + D gives easterly deviations with ship's head between N. and E. and S. W.; and westerly deviations between S. and E. and N. and W.

Co-efficient — D gives results exactly the reverse to + D.

Note.—Both + D and — D have a maximum value on the four quadrantal points, and become zero on the cardinal points by compass.

Co-efficient + E gives easterly deviations with ship's head between N. E. and N. W. and S. E. and S. W.; and westerly deviations between N. E. and S. E. and N. W. and S. W.

Co-efficient — E gives results exactly the reverse to + E.

Note.—Both + E and — E have a maximum value on the cardinal points, and become zero on the four quadrantal points, but are usually very small in amount in compasses placed in the middle line of the ship.

Heeling Error.—The heeling error arises partly from vertical induction in transverse iron, and iron vertical to the ship's deck,

and partly from the vertical component of the sub-permanent magnetism of the ship. In the Northern hemisphere in the majority of cases the N. point of the compass needle is drawn to windward or the high side of the ship, with, as a rule, a maximum heeling error on N. and S. points, and zero on E. and W. points by compass. If the compass is not properly placed in the ship, there may be a sensible heeling deviation on E. and W. courses.

TENTATIVE CORRECTIONS.

To correct co-efficient C.—With ship's head north or south magnetic place a bar magnet (or more than one if necessary) horizontally and exactly athwartship, either on the deck or on any convenient platform with its centre on the fore and aft line passing through the centre of the compass card, placing its red or marked end to starboard if the N. point of the needle deviates to the starboard side, or to port if it deviates to the port side of the ship, moving the magnet to or from the compass until it points correctly.

Note.—The deviation represented by co-efficient C varies inversely as the earth's horizontal force, providing the iron, is symmetrically arranged on each side of the compass.

To correct co-efficient B.—With ship's head east or west magnetic place a bar magnet (or more than one if necessary) horizontally and exactly parallel to the fore and aft midship line of the ship, either on the deck or on any convenient platform, with its centre on the athwartship line passing through the centre of the compass, the red or marked end of the magnet being directed aft if the N. point of the compass needle deviates towards the stern, or forward if it deviates towards the bow, moving the magnet to or from the compass until it points correctly.

Note.—The co-efficient B consists of two parts; one is due to the permanent magnetism of the ship, which varies inversely as the earth's horizontal force; the other to vertical induction in soft iron, which varies as the tangent of the dip. As ships in the merchant service are rarely built with a view of providing a satisfactory point on for the standard compass, it is very difficult in many ships to find a position for it where it will not be affected by vertical iron. It follows, therefore, that if this deviation be compensated, as is customary, by a fore and aft permanent magnet instead of by a vertical soft iron bar, the poles of the magnet may in some cases require to be reversed in high southern latitudes.

To correct co-efficient + D.—With ship's head on one of the quadrantal points magnetic the + D is generally corrected by boxes of small chain, cylinders of soft iron, or soft iron globes, placed athwartships on the same level, and at equal distances, on the port and starboard sides of the compass, with the centre of their mass on a level with the compass needle, move them to or from the compass till the needle points correctly.

To correct co-efficient - D.—Co-efficient - D, which is of very rare occurrence is corrected by placing the above correctors on the fore and aft sides of the compass.

Note.—When once the co-efficient D is properly corrected by soft iron, it is correct for all magnetic latitudes, provided the distribution of the iron in the ship is not materially changed, and provided the magnetism of the soft iron has not been affected by the compass needles. With short needles having small magnetic power, such, for instance, as Sir Wm. Thomson's there will probably be no change; but when a compass with long and powerful needles is employed, soft iron correctors placed very near it become magnetised by induction according to the power of the needles, and the resulting correction will not remain strictly perfect in all latitudes.

To correct Heeling Error.—The heeling error is corrected for any given magnetic latitude by placing a vertical magnet exactly under the centre of the compass card, with its N. or red pole uppermost if the heeling error is to windward or to the high side of ship, or its S. or blue end uppermost if to leeward or to the low side of ship, moving the magnet to or from the compass until the heeling error is corrected.

Note.—The heeling error due to the permanent part of the magnetism, varies inversely as the earth's horizontal force, and consequently is greatest in high latitudes, diminishes as the ship approaches the magnetic equator and increases again, still retaining the same name as the ship recedes from the magnetic equator in the Southern hemisphere. The heeling error due to transverse and vertical soft iron decreases as the ship approaches the magnetic equator, where it is zero, and is of a contrary name in the Southern hemisphere. It is probable that the poles of the vertical magnet may require to be reversed in high southern latitudes.

A divided scale should be marked or fitted outside the table or some other convenient place so as to show the proper position for the correcting magnet as found in any given magnetic latitude, and the same recorded as a guide for approximately placing the magnet in position on any subsequent voyage to the same locality, and especially on the return of the ship to the United Kingdom.

Candidates should understand that the object of tentative adjustment is to bring the deviations within manageable limits and also to equalise the directive force of the needle so far as is practicable on all courses; but no system of adjustment whatever, is sufficiently reliable in character to absolve the navigator from the necessity of using every precaution, and especially of ascertaining the deviation on every available opportunity by observations of the sun by day and the other heavenly bodies by night.

APPENDIX N.

EXAMINATION OF A MASTER OR MATE IN STEAM.

The regulations under which these examinations are conducted are printed at pages 27 to 29.

A Candidate for this examination is required to have a thorough grasp of the construction of the steam-engine and boiler, to enable him to understand the nature and importance of any defect which may be reported to him by the engineer, and work in harmony with the engineer, in affording time and facilities for disconnections, inspections, adjustments, and repairs.

To have a knowledge of what the principal repairs are which are needed in engines and boilers and pipes, and how these repairs are usually accomplished.

To be able to form an independent opinion as to a breakdown and the consequent propriety or impropriety of proceeding under reduced steam with temporarily repaired or defective machinery. To understand how to estimate approximately the reduction of fuel required for reduced speed, and consequently to sanction such reduction of speed as may seem to him to be warranted by the report of the engineer, and to satisfy himself before leaving port that there is sufficient coal for the voyage.

To have an intelligent grasp of the general run of pipes and connexions in the engine-room, the marking of cocks, the opening and closing of cocks and valves, how mistakes of importance may be made in the confusion of an accident, and how best to guard against such mistakes.

To be capable of being left in charge of the feeding of a set of boilers, to understand the working of the water-gauge, and to be able to guard against being misled by false indications of the gauge-glass.

To understand about blowing down and surfacing, the reasons for doing so, and the danger which may result from the neglect of these under certain circumstances. A Master or Mate presenting himself for examination in steam must be understood to have made up for his want of practical experience by reading up about the steam-engine. He ought, therefore, to show that he has given his mind to intelligently understanding the *rationale* of the action of the steam-engine. Under this head he should, therefore, be able to state approximately the quantity of heat required in the formation of steam, the remarkable relation of "latent" heat to "sensible" heat, how much steam can be raised by the combustion of one pound of coal, what horse-power measure is, what indicated horse-power is, what is the action of the slide-valve, the course of the steam through the engine, and the advantage of working expansively, and how the expansive action is shown by the indicator diagram. To know the uses of various parts of the engines and dynamos used for electric lighting, and how they and the cables are fitted in the hull; how wires are jointed, insulated and cased; why it is desirable that they should be led along places which are dry and accessible; what is "sparking" and what are the causes which produce it; what is its danger in coal bunkers and petroleum-carrying steamers; what are the uses of switches and cutouts, and why is it so important to prevent short circuiting taking place.

The Candidate has to answer in writing 16 out of 20 questions selected from the book of Elementary Questions.* Selections for this examination are given on the alphabetic sheet for "Steam." Generally, these answers are given by Candidates as learned by rote from a book; the Candidate should, therefore, be asked such *viva voce* questions as will necessitate his giving his answers in different words, so as to discover whether he has the root of the matter in him.

The principal part of the *viva voce* is the examination on board a steamer, preferably one with which he is unacquainted. He is told to look about and try to find out the run of the machinery without the assistance of any one; the Examiner to be in the engine-room to see that this independent examination is properly carried out. When the Candidate reports that he thinks he knows the whole arrangement of

the machinery, the Examiner will then question him on the uses of the parts, get him to point out the different cylinders, pumps, valves, condenser, &c., also the dynamo, its field magnets, armature commutator, brushes, cables, &c. He must show that he understands the run of the pipes in the bilges, not necessarily that he has gone over every one of them, but he ought to be directed to trace, at least, one important range of pipes, and to thoroughly satisfy the Examiner that he could be safely trusted to manipulate the valve or cocks in connection therewith. It will not often be practicable for the Candidate to be asked to actually work engines under steam, but he must satisfy the Examiner that he knows how to do so, and that he is aware what precautions have to be taken in regard to water in the cylinder, &c. It is most important that a Candidate should show that, in the event of an accident depriving him of the assistance of engineers, he knows what to do to safely take his vessel to an anchorage, or to stop the engines and proceed under sail alone.

The examination of a Mate in steam is the same as that of a Master. The knowledge required has no reference to the Mate's position. A Mate may be examined, but such examination implies that the Mate will one day be a Master, when the possession of the knowledge will be an advantage to him in the discharge of his duties as Master.

APPENDIX O.

THE SIGHT TESTS.

1.—Form Vision Test.

(1) The test for Form Vision in the first test which the candidate is required to undergo, and until he has passed this test, he cannot be allowed to proceed further with the examination. (See paragraph 10, page 3) Test for Form Vision to be passed first.

(2) The test to be used are Snellen's Letter Test for Candidates who can read, and the "Dot" tests for those who cannot read. Tests to be used.

The sets of tests, which have been supplied to the Examiners consist, respectively, of eight sheets of Snellen's letters and two sheets of dots.

(3) The chief object of the tests for Form Vision is to show whether the Candidate possesses eyesight of sufficient strength and range, or, in other words, they are means of discovering whether the Candidate has good or bad sight. Object of the tests.

They also afford a means of detecting whether a Candidate is suffering from that form of colour-blindness which is caused by the excessive use of tobacco, and by illness of similar affections. All candidates who are suffering from colour-blindness arising from causes of that nature, will be found to be incapable of passing the test for Form Vision.

(4) Candidates may use both eyes or either eye when being tested, but they must not be allowed to use spectacles or glasses of any kind. General conduct of the tests.

The set of tests is to be hung on the wall, in a good light, at a height of about five or six feet from the ground.

(5) If the Candidate can read, he should be placed at the distance of 16 feet from the Letter Test sheets, and exactly opposite them. The distance which should never be varied should be carefully measured, and the Candidate should not be allowed to approach within 16 feet of the test sheets. Conduct of the Letter Test.

One of the eight sheets of letters should then be exposed, and the Candidate should be asked to read the letters, beginning at the top and going downwards. If he can read correctly three of the five letters in the fifth line from the top (third from the bottom), or four of the letters in either of the two lines below, he may be considered to have passed the test. If he cannot do so, he should be treated as having failed. Candidates should be tested with at least two of the sheets of letters, and the same two sheets should not be used for all Candidates.

(6) The number printed over each row of letters only shows the distance in feet at which a person possessing ordinary or normal sight is to be able to read the letters in the row and does not apply to the distance at which a Candidate under examination should be tested. Meaning of the numbers on the Letter Test sheets.

(7) If the Candidate cannot read, he must be tested with the sheets of dots. For this test he is to be placed at a distance of precisely eight feet from the test sheets, and exactly opposite them. One of the sheets of dots is then to be exposed, and the Candidate should be asked to name the number of dots in one or two of the lines or groups. Lines and groups of dots can be formed by holding a piece of white paper over part of the sheet, but care must be taken that when this is being done, the Candidate's view is not obstructed, or the light on the test sheet in any way obscured. Conduct of the Dot Test.

The Examiner must make sure that the Candidate understands what he is required to do.

If the Candidate answers the questions put to him by the Examiner with complete or very nearly complete accuracy, he should be treated as having passed. If he does not answer with very nearly complete accuracy, he should be treated as having failed.

Tests to be varied.

(8) The Examiner must take care, by varying the tests in Form Vision, and by every other means, to guard against the possibility of any deception on the part of the Candidates. The distance at which the Candidate must stand, and the standard of the vision required, should, however, never be varied.

Pellet Test.

(9) Every Candidate who fails to pass the Form Vision test is to be examined with the pellet test as follows:—

The pellets should be placed on a white plate, and the first test pellet (which is of the same colour as the first wool test skein) should then be placed at a little distance on another white plate. The Candidate should be required to pick out and lay by the side of the test pellet, all pellets of the same colour. The same should be done with the second and third test pellets, and the examination should proceed in the same way as the wool test.

(10) Should the Candidate pass the pellet test, the Form Exn. 17B together with the remarks of the Examiner, is to be forwarded to the Principal Examiner, for his instructions as to whether the Candidate is or is not to be regarded as having failed in Form Vision.

(11) Should, however, the Candidate fail in the pellet test, thus indicating that the defective form sense is due to disease, &c., it will not be necessary to submit the case to the Port Officer, but the Examiner should report the Candidate as having failed in Form Vision, and in forwarding the usual papers, a description of the colours of the pellets incorrectly selected as matches in the respective tests, with any remarks, should be given on the Form Exn. 17C, in the space allotted for the incorrect wools.

Result of test to be reported.

(12) The result of every test in Form Vision is to be reported to the Government, on the Form Exn. 2, and to the Port Officer on the Form Exn. 14, when the Candidate is up for examination for a certificate and to the Government on the Form Exn. 2a, when the Candidate is up for examination in colours only.

All cases of failure to pass the test are also to be reported to the Port Officer on Form Exn. 17B.

2.—Colour Vision Test.

Nature of the tests.

(1) The Colour Vision of Candidates is to be tested by means of Holmgren's wools.

The wools are always to be kept in the tins provided for the purpose, except when in use at an examination, in order that they may not become faded or dirty. Each set contains about 135 skeins of wool.

General instructions.

(2) Before the examination commences, the skeins should be separated from one another, but each separate skein should be kept tied up as when first received.

The three test skeins are labelled respectively I (light green), IIa (pink); and IIb (red), and they are always to be used in the order mentioned.

Care must be taken that the labels do not get detached.

The Colour Vision Test should be held only by daylight. If a good natural light is not obtainable, and artificial light has to be used, the test must be postponed. When the weather is dark or foggy, and a Candidate cannot be examined in colours before his examination in Navigation commences, he may be allowed to proceed with the examination in Navigation, provided he is examined in colours on the first available opportunity.*

Full instructions as to the conduct of the examination will be found on pages 97 to 104.

Course to be followed if incorrect selections are made by Candidates.

(3) The Examiner, as the examination proceeds, should carefully place on one side the skeins, the selection of which by the Candidate seems to indicate a defect in Colour Vision, taking care to discriminate between those selected as matching the first test skein, those selected as matching the second test skein, and those selected as matching the third test skein.

The skeins which have been correctly selected, should be returned to the general heap on the completion of each of the three tests.

Pieces of the wools incorrectly selected by a Candidate who fails are to be sent to the Principal Examiner of Masters and Mates.

(4) In every case in which the Examiner rejects a Candidate, or is in doubt as to whether he should reject him or not, he is, when the examination is finished, to cut a small piece (say, an inch) off every one of the actual skeins incorrectly selected by the Candidate, and to stitch the pieces cut off on to Form Exn. 17c, keeping the pieces cut off the skeins selected as matches to the first test skein in one line, the pieces cut off the skeins selected as matches to the second test skein in another line, and the pieces cut off the skeins selected as matches to the third test skein in a third line on the Form. The Form (Form Exn. 17c), with the pieces of wool attached to it, is then to be forwarded to the Port Officer, with the Examiner's report, on Form Exn. 17B.

The greatest care must be taken that the pieces forwarded are cut off the actual skeins selected by the Candidate, in order that there may be a reliable record of the actual selections made by the Candidate if any question should subsequently arise.

Pieces need not be cut off the test skeins, but only off the skeins incorrectly selected by the Candidate.

* When the examination in Navigation precedes the Colour Tests, the Candidates should be informed that the examination in Navigation will count for nothing if they should fail to pass the Colour Test.

(5) In cases in which the Candidate passes the test, pieces need not be cut off the skeins he has selected.

If the Candidate passes, pieces of the wools need not be cut

(6) When the Candidate makes incorrect matches, the Examiner should, after each of the three tests, hold up the skeins selected, and ask the Candidate if he is satisfied that they all match the test skein. If he is not satisfied, he may be allowed to withdraw any of the skeins he pleases.

Candidates should be given the opportunity of correcting their mistakes.

(7) During the test for colour-blindness the Examiner should avoid naming the colours of any of the wools, and should explain to the Candidate that he does not require them to be named to him.

Candidates are not required to name the colours of the wools.

In the test for colour ignorance the Candidate has to name three colours. (See page 68.)

(8) As soon as any skein becomes discoloured, or unduly reduced in size (say, by one-third), owing to pieces having been cut off it, the matter should be reported to the Government.

Courses to be taken when the skeins of wool become reduced in size or discoloured.

(9) In the remarks which follow, reference is made to different kinds of colour-blindness (red-blindness and green-blindness), but the Examiner is not required to form any conclusion as to the kind of colour-blindness from which the Candidate suffers, and should not offer the Candidate any opinion on this point.

Examiners are not required to decide from what form of colour-blindness an unsuccessful Candidate is suffering.

All that is required is that the Examiner shall conduct the examination according to the rules laid down, and from the wools selected judge whether the Candidate is or is not colour-blind, the nature of his colour-blindness being immaterial.

(10) The result of every test should be reported to the Government on the Form Exn. 2, and to the Port Officer on the Form Exn. 14, when the Candidate is up for examination for a Certificate of Competency, and to the Government on the Form Exn. 2a, when the Candidate is up for examination in colours only.

Result of tests to be reported.

All cases of failure should also be reported to the Port Officer on Form Exn. 17a, to which should be attached Form Exn. 17c, containing the pieces of the wools incorrectly selected by the Candidate. (See paragraph 4, page 62.)

HOLMGREN'S METHOD OF TESTING FOR COLOUR.

The method of testing consists in asking the Candidate to select from variously coloured objects those which appear of the same colour as one which the Examiner selects. The most suitable objects and at the same time the most readily obtainable are skeins of wool, which can be procured of almost every desired hue and tone. An advantage of skeins of wool, besides their portability, is that, owing to their want of gloss, they appear of approximately the same tone from whichever side they are viewed. The colours of the skeins to be selected include reds, oranges, yellows, yellowish greens, pure greens, blue-greens, blues, violets, purples, pinks, browns and greys. Several shades of each colour, with at least five gradations of each tint, are provided, from the deepest to the lightest greens and greys. Varieties of pinks, blues, and violets, and of light grey, together with shades of brown, yellow, red, and pink, are well represented. The test skeins with which the examinees are to compare the other skeins are three in number:—(1) a light green; (2) a pink; and (3) a bright red. These three colours will suffice to indicate approximately the amount and kind of colour-blindness which may exist. The light green skein, which is a tolerably pure green mixed with a large proportion of white, is chosen as the colour which closely matches the spectrum colour which the red and green-blind distinguish as white or grey. It is chosen of a pale tint, as it then becomes puzzling to the colour-blind to distinguish its colour by luminosity. A light grey or drab skein will present the same brightness to him that this pale colour does, and, although he may be trained to distinguish bright colours by their relative luminosities, in the case of these pale varieties he will be unable to do so. The pink is chosen for similar reasons, and in fact it is nearly a complementary colour to the green. The pink is, according to the Young-Helmholtz theory, a mixture of two fundamental colours, the blue and the red, and, as in the green-blind it excites both the blue and red sensations, it may be confused with grey or with a green. In the red colour-blind it excites in excess the blue sensations mixed with what they call white. A blue or violet may, therefore, be matched with it.

The method of examination is as follows:—

Method of Examination and Diagnosis.

The wools are placed in a heap on a large table covered by a white cloth or white paper, and in broad daylight. The first test skein is taken from the pile, and laid far enough away from the others not to be confounded with them during the examination. The person examined is requested to look carefully at the test skein and then to select other skeins from the pile most nearly resembling it in colour, and to place them by the side of the sample. At the outset, it is necessary that he should thoroughly understand that he is required to search the heap for the skeins which make an impression on his chromatic sense, or sense of

colour, similar to that made by the test-skein, and quite independent of any name he may give the colour. The Examiner should explain that resemblance in every respect is not necessary; that there are no two specimens exactly alike; that the only question is the resemblance of the colour; and that, consequently, the Candidate must endeavour to find something similar in shade and something lighter and something darker of the same colour. If the person examined cannot succeed in understanding this by a verbal examination, resort must be had to action. The Examiner should himself pick out the skeins, then by showing in a practical manner what is meant by a shade, and then restore the whole to the pile, except the sample skein. As it would require too much time to examine every individual in this way, it is advisable, when examining large numbers, to instruct them all at once, and to ask them to attentively observe the examination of those preceding them so as to become more familiar themselves with the process. This saves time, and there is no loss of security, for no one with a defective chromatic sense will be able to find the correct skeins in the heap the more easily from having a moment before seen others looking for and arranging them. He will make the same characteristic mistakes; but the normal observer, on the other hand, will generally accomplish his task much better and more quickly after having seen how it has to be done.

The coloured plate shows the test colours and some of the mistakes likely to be made by colour-blind people. The colours in the plate are of two characters:—

1st.—The colours for samples (test colours); that is, those which the Examiner presents to the persons examined; and

2nd The "confusion colours"; that is to say, those which the colour-blind may select as matches with the sample.

The first are shown on the plate as horizontal bands, and are distinguished by Roman numerals (I, IIa, and IIb), the second as vertical bands, under the test colours, and are distinguished by Arabic figures (1, 2, 3 etc.)

As to the similarity between the confusion colours of the plate and the wools which the colour-blind take from the heap, reliance must be placed simply on the hue, and not their brightness or degree of colour saturation. The confusion colours shown in the plate are only to illustrate the mistakes which the colour-blind may make, and for this purpose they survey perfectly. Having made this explanation, we can pass directly to the test itself. The following are the direction for conducting it, and for making a diagnosis from the results:—

Test I.—The green test skein which is labelled Test No. I in the bundle is exhibited to the Candidate. This sample is the palest shade (the lightest) of very pure green, which is neither a yellow-green nor a blue-green to the normal eye, but fairly intermediate between the two, or at least not verging upon yellowish-green.

Rule.—The examination must continue until the examinee has placed near the test skein several other skeins of the same colour, or else, with these or separately one or more skeins of the class of "confusion colours" such as 1 to 5 in the plate, or until he has sufficiently proved that he can easily and unerringly distinguish the confusion colours, or else has given unmistakable proof of a difficulty in accomplishing it.

Diagnosis.—An examinee who places with the test skein "confusion colours" such as 1 to 5—that is to say, finds that they resemble the "test colour"—is colour-blind, whilst if he evinces a manifest disposition to do so, though he does not absolutely do so, he has a feeble chromatic sense, or sense of colour.

Remark.—We might have taken more than five colours for "confusion"; but we must remember that we are not taking into consideration every kind of defective colour sense.

Test II.—The pink or light-purple skein, which is labelled No. IIa, is shown to the examinee. The colour is midway between the lightest and darkest. It only approaches that given as IIa of the plate, as the colour of the wool is much more brilliant and saturated and bluer.

Rule.—The trial must be continued until the examinee has placed all of the greater part of skeins of the same colour near the test skeins, or else, together or separately, several skeins of the "confusion colours," such as 6—9. If he is colour-blind, he will probably select either the light or deep shades of blue and violet, especially the deep (6 and 7), or the light or deep shades of one kind of green or grey inclining to blue (8 and 9).

Test III.—The red skein labelled No. IIb is presented to the examinee. It is necessary to have a vivid red colour, like the red flags used as signals on Railways. The colour should be that of IIb of the plate, rather towards yellowish-red.

Rule.—This test should be continued until the person examined has placed beside the test skein the greater part of the skeins belonging to this hue, or else several "confusion colours" (10—13).

Remark.—Every case of comparatively complete colour-blindness does not always give precisely the same mistakes. Instances occur of persons who are not completely colour-blind, or of completely colour-blind persons who have been practised in the colours of signals and who endeavour not to be discovered. They usually confound at least green and brown, but even this does not always happen.

Achromatic Vision.—The absence of every colour sensation, except one, will be recognised by the confusion of all the hues, which will appear to be of the same intensity of light or brightness.

Dr. Joy Jeffries, in his book on colour-blindness, gives a translation of Holmgren's special directions for conducting the examinations. The examinations to which Holmgren refers were for employes on the Swedish railways, but the remarks which follow are applicable to examinations for officers and seamen in the Mercantile Marine.

Special Directions for Conducting the Test.

The method plays an important part in an examination of this kind, not only from the principles upon which it rests, but also from the manner in which it is used. The best plan for directing how to proceed is by oral instructions and *de visu*, but here we are obliged to accomplish this by description. Now, this is always defective in some respects, especially if we wish to be brief. What has been said would evidently suffice for an intelligent and experienced physician; but it may not be superfluous to enter still further into detail to provide against any possible difficulties and loss of time. The object of the examination is to discover the nature of a person's chromatic sense, or sense of colour. Now, as the fate of the Candidate and that of others depend upon the correctness of the judgment pronounced by the Examiner, and, as this judgment should be based upon the manner in which the Candidate stands the trial, it is of importance that this trial should be truly what it ought to be a trial of the nature of the chromatic sense, and nothing else; an end that will be gained if our directions are strictly followed. It is not only necessary that the Examiner should be carefully observe them—which does not seem to us difficult—but that he also should take care that the individual examined does thoroughly what is required of him. This is not always as easy as one might suppose. If it were only required to examine people familiar with practical occupations and especially with colours, and with no other interest connected with the issue of the examination than to know whether they are colour-blind or not, the examination would be uniform and mechanical; but it is required to examine people of various degrees of culture, all of whom, besides, have a personal interest in the issue of the examination. Different people act very differently during the examination for many reasons. Some submit to it without the least suspicion of their defect; others are convinced that they possess a normal sense. A few only have a consciousness, or at least some suspicion, of their defect. These last can often be recognised before examination. They will keep behind the others, and attentively follow the progress of the trial, and, if allowed, will willingly remain to the last. Some are quick, others slow. The former approach unconcernedly and boldly, the latter with over anxiety and a certain dread. Some have been, perhaps, already tested and have practised in preparations for the trial; others have never been familiar with colours. Among those already tested, some may be colour-blind. Some of these latter are uncertain about their Colour Vision and act with great care, whilst others again, having been practised in distinguishing signals, conclude that their colour sense is perfect. They make the trial quickly and without thought, of course, regularly making the mistakes characteristic of their special form of colour-blindness.

The majority, however, desire to perform their task as well as possible, that is, to do what the normal eye does. This, of course, assists in testing them, provided it does not lead to too great care, as then the testing is more difficult, the trouble being that much time is wasted.

Only a very small part have a contrary desire, namely, to pass for colour-blind, though normal-eyed. We will speak of these later, and now only concern ourselves with those who stand the test in good faith with the desire to appear normal, though perhaps they are colour-blind.

The trial generally goes on rapidly and regularly. We will only mention those hindrances and peculiarities which most frequently occur. The Examiner must watch that no mistake is made from not understanding. The names of the colour need never be used, except to ascertain if the name hides the subjective colour sensation, or to find the relation between the name the colour-blind employs and his colour preception.

The person examined who thinks more of names than the test itself (this being generally a sign of school-learning) selects not only the words of the same hues—that is, those of the same colour to his eye—but all which generally have the name of this colour; for instance in the first test 1, not only the green like the sample, but all that are green; and with the second test, not only the pink (and what are generally called red), but all which look reddish, scarlet, cinnamon, or sealing-wax red. This is of no importance, for those who only do this have scarcely such defective chromatic sense as that with which we are concerned.

Under any circumstances it is better to correct the mistakes just mentioned, when arising from misunderstanding, and it is even necessary, in reference to the mistake we explained might occur with the first test. It might be said that it was sufficient if the examinee

confounded the test colour with green only; that it was indifferent whether he distinguishes carefully between the various kinds of green. But, in fact, this is not so unimportant. We must give full weight as to whether the confusion arises from misunderstanding, or lack of practice with colours, or, finally, from a true chromatic defect. To include all that is green would render the test tedious and unpractical. In fact, no little judgment has been exercised in the selection of the very lightest shade of the green proposed as a test colour, for it is exactly what the colour-blind most readily confounds with the colours (1-6) of the plate. If the examinee were allowed to depart from the narrow limits, every shade of green could be included, the result of which would be that he would prefer to select all the vivid shades, and thus avoid the dangerous ground where his defect would certainly be discovered. This is why it is necessary to oblige him to keep within certain limits, confining him to pure green specimens, and, for greater security, to recommend him to select especially the lightest shades; for, if he keeps to the darker shades, as many try to do, he readily passes to other tone, and loses himself on foreign ground, too the great loss of time and of the certainty of the test. What we have just said of green applies also, of course, to pink. (Test Ila.)

The principle of our method is to force the examinee to reveal, by an act of his own, the nature of his chromatic sense.

Now, as this act must be kept within certain limits, it is evident that the Examiner must direct him to some extent. This may present in certain cases, some difficulty, as he will not always be guided, and does either too much or too little. In both cases the Examiner should use his influence, in order to save time and gain certainty, and this is usually very easily done. This intervention is, of course, intended to put the examinee in the true path, and is accomplished in many ways according to the case in point.

We will here mention some of the expedients we have found useful:—

(A) *Interfering when the Candidate selects too many Colours.*

It is not always easy to confine the Candidate within the proper limits. In the first test he easily slips a yellow-green or blue green skein among the others, and as soon as there is one, others follow usually; and it thus happens that in a few moments he has a whole handful of yellow-green, a second of blue green, a third of both those shades, at the same time. Our procedure has assisted us in more than one case of this kind.

(a) When the person examined has begun to select shades of one or several other colours than those of the sample, his ardour is arrested by taking from him the handful of skeins he has collected and asking him whether his eye does not tell him there are some which do not match the others, in which case he is told he may restore them to the pile. He then generally proceeds in one of the following manners:—

1. He rejects, one after the other, the incorrect skeins, so that only the correct remain, which is often only the sample skein. He is shown what mistake he has made, and he is told only to select skeins of the same hue as the specimen, although they may be lighter or darker. If his first error arose only from a misconception or want of practice in handling colours, he begins generally to understand what he has to do, and to do properly what is required of him.

2. Or else he selects and rejects immediately the test skein itself. This proves that he sees the difference of colour. He is then shown the test skein as the only correct one, and is asked to repeat the trial in a more correct manner. He is again put on the right track as just before, and the trial proceeds rightly, unless the error arose from a defect in colour sense. Many seem, however, to experience a natural difficulty in distinguishing between yellow-green and blue-green, or the dull shades of green and blue. This difficulty is, however, more apparent than real, and is corrected usually by direct comparison. If the method requiring the name of the colour to be given is used, a number of mistakes may be the result. If a skein of light green and light blue alone are presented to him, and he is asked to name them, he will often call blue green and green blue. But, if in the first case a blue skein is immediately shown him, he corrects his mistake by saying "this is blue" and "that green." In the last case the same thing happens *mutatis mutandis*. This is not the place for an explanation. It must suffice to say that the error is corrected by a direct comparison between the two colours.

(b) *Another Process.*—If the Candidate place by the side of the sample a shade, for instance, of yellow-green, the Examiner places near this another shade, in which there is more yellow, or even a pure yellow, remarking at the same time that if the first suit the last must also. The Candidate usually dissents from this. He is then shown, by selecting and classing the intermediate shades, that there is a gradation, which will diverge widely if logically carried out as he has begun. The same course is followed with colours of the blue shades, if the blue-green were first selected. He sees the successive gradations, and goes through with this test perfectly if his chromatic sense is correct.

To ascertain further whether he notices the tints of yellow and blue in the green, we can ourselves take the yellow-green and blue-green

and ask him if he sees any difference in colour between them. We can judge by his answer of his taste with regard to these shades, and the object of this investigation is accomplished.

It results from all this that many who are finally considered to have a normal chromatic sense may occasionally cause embarrassment. In the main, the normal observer of this kind causes greater loss of time than the colour-blind. It is astonishing to see with what rapidity the colour-blind betray their defect. At least it is found, in the majority of the cases examined by us, that the first skein of wool selected from the pile by the colour-blind in the first test was one of the "colours of confusion."

(B) *Interfering when the Candidate selects too few wools.*

Those who evince too great slowness also require the interference of the Examiner in another manner. We can lay aside here those cases in which, at the sight of the complex colours of the heap of wool, the Candidate finds it difficult to select a skein resembling the sample in a collection where all the particular colours seem to differ from each other, and in consequence declares immediately that he can find none resembling the specimen. He is then told that an absolute resemblance is not demanded, and that no one asks impossibilities; that time is limited, many are waiting, etc. But there are people who—from natural slowness, from being unaccustomed to such business, from fear of making mistakes, especially if they have been previously examined and been suspected of colour-blindness, or from many other motives—proceed with the greatest caution. They do not even wish to touch the wool; or they search, select and replace with the greatest care all the possible skeins without finding one corresponding with the sample, or that they wish to place beside it. Here, then, are two cases: on one hand, too much action with the fingers, without result; on the other, too little action. The Examiner is forced to interfere in both cases:—

(a) In the case of too much manual action, without corresponding practical result, the Examiner must be careful that the eye and hand of the Candidate act simultaneously for the accomplishment of the desired end.

Some people forget that the hands should be subservient to the eye in this trial, and not act independently. Thus they are often seen to fix their eyes on one side, while their hands are engaged on the other. This should be corrected, so as to save time and avoid further labour. The candidate should be told to cross his hands behind his back, to step back apace, and quietly consider all the skeins, and, as soon as his eye has met one of those for which he is looking, to extend his hand and take it. The best plan is to advise him to look first at the sample, and then at the pile, and to repeat this manoeuvre until his eyes find what he is looking for.

This plan generally succeeds when nervousness from over anxiety causes his hands to tremble; but it is not always easy to induce him to keep his hands behind his back until the moment for taking the skein in question.

(b) In cases of great caution, the trial is hastened, if the Examiner come to the assistance of the Candidate, by holding above the pile one skein after the other, and requesting him to say whether it resembles the colour of the sample or not.

In cases where any one suspected of colour-blindness has remained some time to see the trial of others, and where, as often happens, he has remarked the skeins belonging to a required shade, he may, of course, profit by it in his own trial. But this can be prevented by shuffling the skeins.

It may be regarded as an advantage of this method that it has at command a great variety of resources. We have by no means mentioned all; and yet many who have only read this description will probably reproach us with having devoted ourselves too much to details which seems to them puerile. But we believe that those who have examined the colour sense of a great number of persons, and acquired thereby considerable experience, will think differently.

We are convinced that time is saved by the means we have described and a more certain result obtained; whilst a practised surgeon, who has become to a certain degree a *virtuoso*, will accomplish his object quicker and surer by such means than one who neglects them. Recent experience fully confirms this. All those who have familiarized themselves with this method, and have had experience with colour-blindness, and of whose competence there can be no doubt, report, without exception, that it is to be fully depended on—the most practical and the best.

An advantage of the method was shown to be that those who were to be examined could be present and see each individual tested, without this interfering in the least with the certainty of the result. The individual test is even hastened thereby. The colour-blind, and even the moral-eyed who are not familiar with colours, are generally rather shy about being tested, in whatever way it is done. As the method, however, is carried out, they have more confidence. The majority are even amused. The old adage holds true here, that it is easier to find fault than to do it yourself. The Surgeon, who watches not only the examined, but also those around, can often see from their faces how closely the latter observe the person being tested, when he takes out the wrong colours, as also when he neglects

the right ones under any circumstances, when they are and assurance, till their turn comes. There is something as before they were confident. There is something in the process, stimulating the interest, and not without purpose.

From this we see that our judgment of a person's colour sense is made, not only by the material result of the examination—the character of the wools selected—but often also by the way the examined acts during the test. We should mention a very common manner of persons on trial, which, in many cases, is of great value in diagnosis. Often, in searching for the right colour, they suddenly seize a skein to lay it with the sample, but then notice it does not correspond, and put it back in the heap. This is characteristic; and if an Examiner has often seen it, he can readily recognise and be assured that it is an expression of difficulty in distinguishing the differences in the colours. We frequently see this in the first test, with shades of greenish-blue and bluish-green. Here it means nothing important; but it is quite the reverse, however, when it concerns the grey or one of these colours, which the (1-5). Uncertainty and hesitation as to these colours, which the colour-blind do not distinguish from the test colour, even when directly comparing them, is positive proof of mistake, implying defective chromatic vision of the complete colour-blind type. We doubt the form of chromatic defect which we have called *incomplete* colour-blindness exists in several kinds and degrees. This is not the place to further discuss our experience on this point; and, for the practical purpose we have in view, it is not necessary. As we have explained, there are among this class, forms of colour blindness gradually approaching normal colour sense. How they are distinguished has been described. We designated them as possessing *feeble colour sense*.

It is, perhaps, not easy to detect these special forms by any other method, or even by our own; we, therefore, give the following as a means of so doing. The only way of getting at it is by determining at what distance the Candidate can distinguish a small coloured surface. We have to deal, in fact with a feeble colour sense, which does not prevent the colours from being distinguished, but only renders it difficult. We may suppose, in comparison to the normal that the *feeble* colour sense is due either to a weaker response to the stimulation of the colour-perceptive organs of the retina, or else to a stimulation of a relatively smaller number of these organs. In either case this method would give us the same result, judging from our experience in testing the eccentric portions of the field of vision with the perimeter.

The method we here speak of shows us also the effect of habit and practice on the colour perception, and it is worth while to dwell on this point. It not unfrequently happens that a person who by test No. I has been noted "incompletely colour-blind," after they know of their mistake and have practised themselves in distinguishing colours will so comfort themselves at a second trial that we have to simply mark them as of "feeble colour sense." The same will sometimes happen with test No II, and it is explainable by what we have said, namely, that between the complete lack of some one colour sense and the incomplete there is a series of gradations, and that in such cases practice would affect the result of examinations.

All the examples given prove that many seeming trifles and plans are of value in making the examination—amongst others the keeping the sample a little way off from the heap of worsteds, as also the removal of everything which can cause the examined doubt and uncertainty. We must not, therefore, let them do what many want to do, namely, hold a number of the worsteds in the hand at once. We must make the person being examined place each skein, as he takes it up, either with the sample or else back on the heap. Many who are not clear whether the skein is like the sample or not, instinctively put the shades most resembling the test sample at the side of the heap towards it, and thus gradually form a little bridge, but which for correctness they will not vouch for. No such half measures must, however, be allowed.

3.—COLOUR IGNORANCE TEST.

1. The object of this test is simply to ascertain whether the Candidate knows the names of the three colours—red, green, and white—which it is important of every seaman to be acquainted with, and the test is to be confined to naming those colours.

2. One or two of the purest red and green skeins should be selected from the set of wools, and the Candidate should be required to name "their colours." He should also be required to name the colour of any white object, such as a piece of white paper.

3. If he answers correctly, he could be considered to have passed the test. If he makes any mistake, he should be tried with the lantern which was formerly used for colour tests, the plain glass and the standard red and the green glasses being employed for the purpose. If he does not name these glasses correctly, he should be reported as having failed to pass the test.

4. The result of every test should be reported to the Government on Form Kxn. 2, and to the Port Officer on the Form Kxn. 14, when the Candidate is up for examination for a Certificate of Competency, and to the Government on the Form Kxn. 2c, when the Candidate is up for examination in colours only.

All cases of failure should be reported to the Port Officer on Form Kxn. 14.

Object of test for colour ignorance.

Manner in which the test is to be conducted.

Grounds in which Candidates should be treated as having passed or failed.

Result of test to be reported.

APPENDIX F.

TABLE SHOWING THE REQUIREMENTS AS TO SEA SERVICE NECESSARY TO QUALIFY FOR EXAMINATION FOR CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY.

NOTE.

A Candidate for an Ordinary Certificate of any grade who has not previously held an Ordinary Certificate of a lower grade, must prove that he has served twelve months in the Foreign Trade or eighteen months in the Home or Coasting Trade in a square-rigged Sailing Vessel.

Where Foreign-going Certificates are required to be held to qualify Candidates for examination, they may be either the Ordinary Certificates or those for Fore and Aft-rigged Vessels or for Foreign-going Steamships.

Service in square-rigged Sailing Vessel.

Nature of Certificates.

Rank.	Minimum Age.	Total Sea Service (Years)	Officer's Service in Merchant Vessels.		
			Years.	Lowest Capacity.	Lowest Certificate required.
1	2	3	4	5	6

ORDINARY CERTIFICATES FOR "FOREIGN-GOING SHIPS."

2nd Mate...	17	4	...	No Officer's service required	None.
Only Mate	19	5	...	No Officer's service required	None.
1st Mate...	19	5	1	3rd or 4th mate in Foreign Trade in charge of Watch.	2nd Mate Foreign-going.
			1½	Or Only Mate in Home or Coasting Trade.	2nd Mate Foreign-going, or Home Trade Mate.
			1	Or Pilot with 1st Class Pilot's Certificate.	None.
Master ...	1	6	1	Only Mate in Foreign Trade...	Only Mate Foreign-going.
			1½	Or Only Mate in Home or Coasting Trade. And in addition, unless the above service was performed with a first Mate's Foreign-going Certificate, he will also be required to prove one of the following services prescribed for that grade.	Only Mate Foreign-going.
			1	3rd or 4th Mate in Foreign Trade in charge of Watch.	2nd Mate Foreign-going.
			1½	Or Only Mate in Home or Coasting Trade.	2nd Mate Foreign-going, or Home Trade Mate.
			1	Or Pilot with 1st Class Pilot's Certificate. OR HE MUST HAVE SERVED.	None.
		6½	1	2nd Mate in Foreign Trade...	1st Mate Foreign-going.
				(Provided that if this service as 2nd Mate was performed under an additional or Auxiliary 1st Mate it will only be accepted if a 3rd and 4th Mate were also carried.) And in addition.	
			1½	3rd or 4th Mate in Foreign Trade in charge of Watch. OR HE MUST HAVE SERVED.	2nd Mate Foreign-going.
			3	Master in Home or Coasting Trade.	2nd Mate Foreign-going or Master Home Trade for one year of such service.
				Or	
			1	Master in Home or Coasting Trade.	Do.
			3	Mate in Home or Coasting Trade.	
Extra Master.	...	...	...	Same as Master ...	

CERTIFICATES FOR "FOREIGN-GOING" FORE AND AFT-RIGGED VESSELS.

2nd Mate... } Same as for Ordinary Certificates, except that no service in square
Only Mate... } rigged Sailing Vessels is required.
1st Mate... }
Master ... }

* If all the services was in Home or Coasting Trade.

CERTIFICATE FOR "FOREIGN-GOING" STEAMSHIP.

2nd Mate... } Same as for Foreign-going Ships, except that the service as Officer must
Only Mate... } have been performed in a Steamship, and that no Service in square-
1st Mate... } rigged Sailing Vessels is required.
Master ... }
Extra Mas-
ter.

Rank.	Minimum Age.	Total Sea Service (Years).	Officer's Service in Merchant Vessels.		
			Years.	Lowest Capacity.	Lowest Certificate required.
1	2	3	4	5	6

CERTIFICATE FOR HOME TRADE PASSENGER SHIPS.

Mate	19	No Officer's service required .	None.
Master	20	Only Mate .	Mate Home Trade or 2nd Mate Foreign-going.
		Or 2½ 2nd Mate in charge of Watch.	Mate Home Trade or 2nd Mate Foreign-going.
		Or As Pilot with 1st Class Pilot's Certificate.	None.

APPENDIX Q.

LIST OF MARKS OBTAINABLE IN THE EXTRA EXAMINATIONS.

- Marks will be awarded according to the degree of precision with which a Candidate does his work, no marks being given for any problem or work, in which the Candidate is wrong in principle.
- An incorrect figure or incorrect formula will involve the loss of one-third of the marks allotted for the problem in question.
- Marks, at the discretion of the Examiner, but not in any case to exceed 50, will be given for orderly working and general method, &c.
- Marks, at the discretion of the Examiner, but not in any case to exceed 50, will be given for the supplementary *vised voce* test on problems and written answers.
- Thirty marks are allotted to each of the following "Ordinary" problems. Only four will be set :—

Multiplication by logarithms.
Division by logarithms.
Day's work.
Latitude by meridian altitude of sun.
Parallel sailing.
Mercator's sailing.
Time of high water.
Amplitude by sun.
Longitude by chronometer and altitude azimuth by sun.
Time azimuth by sun.
Finding meridian passage of star.
Tables for finding stars meridian passage.

Meridian passage and attitude of planets.
 Where meridian passage of planets can be found.
 Finding name of stars near the meridian.
 Maps, &c., for finding stars.
 Computing approximate meridian altitude of star.
 Latitude by meridian altitude of star.
 Longitude by chronometer by a star.
 Time azimuth by a star.
 Latitude by ex-meridian altitude of sun or star.
 Sumner problem by sun.
 Latitude by altitude of Polar star.
 Latitude by meridian altitude of moon.
 Chart paper Exn. 9C.
 Chart paper Exn. 9D.

(7) The numbers opposite the following problems represent the full marks obtainable :—

Lunar problem by sun, star or planet	...	50
Latitude by double altitudes, sun or star	...	80
Finding position, &c., by simultaneous altitudes of two stars	...	40
Error of chronometer with artificial horizon, &c.	...	25
Explanation in writing <i>re</i> great circle sailing	...	20
Showing great circle track, &c., by globe	...	40
Problem in great circle sailing	...	60
Drawing figure and giving trigonometrical ratios	...	25
Right-angled plane trigonometry (problem)	...	20
Oblique-angled plane trigonometry (problem)	...	25
Napier's rules for circular parts	...	20
Right-angled spherical trigonometry (15 marks for each problem)	...	30
Compass syllabus (5 marks for each written answer and 10 for each problem)	...	235
Constructing a Mercator's chart	...	30
Law of storms	...	20
Orderly working and general method, &c.	...	50
Supplementary <i>videlicet</i> test on problems and written answers	...	50

APPENDIX R.

TEXT-BOOKS TO BE USED IN THE EXAMINATIONS.

FOR BAROMETER, THERMOMETER, AND HYDROMETER.—“A Barometer Manual for the use of seamen with an appendix on the Thermometer, Hygrometer, and Hydrometer,” issued by the authority of the Meteorological Council, and to be purchased either directly or through any bookseller, from Eyre and Spottiswoode, East Harding Street, Fleet Street, E. C.; or Oliver and Boyd, Edinburgh, or Edward Ponsonby, 116, Grafton Street, Dublin.—Price three pence.

FOR PREVAILING WINDS AND CURRENTS OF THE GLOBE.—“The Principal Winds and Currents of the Globe, &c.” compiled from the various Admiralty Sailing Directions, Weather Charts, &c., by Captain Robert Jackson, R. N., and to be purchased either directly or through any bookseller, from Simpkin, Marshall & Co., Paternoster Row, London; or Henry Lewis, 114, High Street, Portsmouth.—Price one shilling.

FOR TRADE ROUTES.—“Ocean Passages” compiled from the various Admiralty Sailing Directions, by Captain Robert Jackson, R. N., and to be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from Simpkin, Marshall and Company, Paternoster Row, London; or Henry Lewis, 114, High Street, Portsmouth.—Price one shilling.

FOR TIDES.—“Tide Tables for the British and Irish Ports,” published annually by the Admiralty, and to be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from J. D. Potter, 31, Poultry, E. C., and 11, King Street, Tower Hill, E. C.—Price one shilling and six pence.

[Intending candidates are advised to procure a copy of these books to take to sea with them, so that they may study them during their leisure hours.]

INSTRUMENTS.—The Barometer (Kew pattern Marine Barometer), Thermometer, and Hydrometer used in the examinations will be precisely similar to those supplied to shipmasters by the Meteorological Office for making observations on board ship.

APPENDIX S.

TABLE SHOWING the RIVER or SMOOTH WATER, the PARTIALLY SMOOTH WATER, and the EXCURSION LIMITS of the various PORTS.

Name of Port.	Smooth Water Limits.	Partially Smooth Water Limits.	Excursion Limits.
DISTRICT of the EASTERN COAST of SCOTLAND.			
Aberdeen .	Inside the Harbour	Nil	Peterhead or Montrose.
Banff . .	Nil	Nil	Peterhead or Lossiemouth.
Dundee .	Within a line from Dundee and Newport Ferries.	Within a line from Broughty Castle to Tayport.	Montrose or Leith.
Inverness .	With a line from Port George to Chanonry Point to Fort William.	Nil	Lossiemouth or Dunrobin.
Leith . .	Nil	Within a line drawn from Kirkcaldy to Portobello.	Berwick-on-Tweed or Dundee.
Montrose .	Nil	Nil	Dundee or Aberdeen.
Peterhead .	Nil	Nil	Aberdeen or Banff.
Queensferry	Above the Forth Bridge.	Within a line from Kirkcaldy to Portobello.	Berwick-on-Tweed or Dundee.

DISTRICT of the NORTH-EASTERN COAST of ENGLAND.

Amble .	Amble Bar	Nil	St. Abb's Head or Middlebro'.
Berwick-on-Tweed.	Spittal Point	Nil	North Berwick or Newcastle.
Blyth . .	Inside the Pier Heads.	Nil	Berwick-on-Tweed or Whitby.
Hartlepool, West	Nil	Nil	Amble or Bridlington.
Hartlepool, East	Hartlepool Bar	Nil	Amble or Bridlington.
Newcastle, North and South Shields.	Inside the Tyne Pier Heads.	Nil	Berwick-on-Tweed or Scarborough.
Sunderland	Inside the Sanderland Pier Heads.	Nil	Berwick-on-Tweed or Scarborough.
Stockton .	Fourth Buoy.	Nil	Amble or Bridlington.
Seaham	Nil	Nil	Berwick-on-Tweed or Scarborough.
Whitby	Inside the Whitby Pier Heads.	Nil	Bridlington or New Castle

DISTRICT of the EASTERN COAST of ENGLAND.

Boston	Inside the new cut	Nil	Oromer or Hull.
Grimsby	Nil	In winter, nil. In summer within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Lynn or Scarborough.
Goolse	In winter, within line from Whiffen Ness to Brough. In summer, above Hull and New Holland.	Within a line from New Holland to Paull (in winter). In summer within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Lynn or Scarborough.
Hull	Same as Goolse	Within a line from New Holland to Paull (in winter). In summer within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Lynn or Scarborough.
Gainborough, Lincoln, Nottingham, York.	Same as Goolse	Within a line from New Holland to Paull (in winter). In summer within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Spurn Point or Donna Nook.
Scarborough	Nil	Nil	Newcastle or Hull

Name of Port.	Smooth Water limits.	Partially Smooth Water limits.	Excursion limits.
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LONDON DISTRICT.

Burnham-on-the Oronch.	Within a line from Hollywell Point to Poulness Point	Within a line from Clacton Pier to Herne Bay Pier.	Dover or Harwich.
Dover.	Nil.	Nil.	Newhaven or Sheerness.
Folkestone.	Nil.	Nil.	Newhaven or Sheerness.
Harwich or Ipswich.	Inside Langward Fort.	Within a line from Walton-on-the-Naze to Langward Fort.	London or Yarmouth.
King's Lynn.	Inside Lynn Cut.	Nil.	Cromer or Hull.
Littlehampton.	Above Littlehampton Pier.	Nil.	Poole or Ege.
London.	Gravesend.	Within a line from Clacton Pier to Herne Bay Pier.	Dover or Harwich.
Lowestoft.	* Inside Lowestoft Pier to Norwich.	Within a line from the S. W. Barnard Buoy to the North Cocker Buoy inside the Banks.	Cromer or Walton-on-the-Naze.
Norwich or Yarmouth.	* Inside the Piers	Within a line from the S. W. Barnard Buoy to the North Cocker Buoy inside the Banks.	Cromer or Walton-on-the-Naze.
Newhaven.	Nil.	Nil.	Portsmouth or Dover.
Poole.	Inside the Harbour.	Nil.	Weymouth or the Nab.
Portsmouth.	Inside Portsmouth Harbour.	St. Helen's and the Needles within the Isle of Wight and to Langston Harbour. For small launches not carrying boats. In summer, a line from Ryde to Langston Harbour inside the Isle of Wight to Hurst Castle; in winter, Spithead.	Newhaven or Weymouth.
Rochester.	Sheerness and Whitstable inside Sheppey.	Within a line from Clacton Pier to Herne Bay Pier.	Dover or Harwich.
Southampton.	Calshot Castle.	Same as Portsmouth	Newhaven or Weymouth.
Weymouth.	Nil.	Portland Harbour	Portsmouth or the Start.
Wisbeach.	Inside Wisbeach Out.	Nil.	Cromer or Hull

SOUTH and SOUTH-WEST of ENGLAND DISTRICT.

Barnstaple.	Inside the Bar.	Nil.	Padstow or Bridgwater.
Dartmouth.	River Dart.	Nil.	Plymouth or Weymouth.
Exeter.	Inside the Bar.	Nil.	Weymouth or Plymouth.
Falmouth.	A line from Eze Point to Pendenis Point.	Nil.	Start Point or Fessenden.
Fowey.	Inside the Harbour.	Nil.	Falmouth or Plymouth.
Padstow.	Padstow Harbour above a line from Gun Point to Brae Hill.	Within a line from Stepper Point to Trebetherick Point.	St. Ives or Barnstaple.
Far.	Nil.	Nil.	Falmouth or Plymouth.
Pensance.	Nil.	Nil.	Falmouth or St. Ives.
Plymouth.	Within a line from the inside of Drake's Island to Mount Batten Pier.	Within a line from Osward to Breakwater and Breakwater to Staddon Pier.	Exeter or the Lizard.
St. Ives.	Nil.	Nil.	Padstow or Pensance.
Telgumouth.	Within the Harbour.	Nil.	Weymouth or Plymouth.
Terquay.	Nil.	Nil.	Weymouth or Plymouth.

* On all the Inland navigation from Norwich to inside the Piers at Yarmouth or Lowestoft.

Name of Port.	Smooth Water limits.	Partially Smooth & Water limits.	Exclusion
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SOUTH WALES DISTRICT.

Barmouth .	Inside Barmouth Ferry.	Nil	Cardigan or Bardsey Island.
Barry Docks	Inside Dock .	Nil	Millford or Llanelli.
Bridgewater	Inside Start Point	Within the Bar	Ilfracombe or Swansea.
Bristol .	Within a line from Avonmouth Pier to Wharf Point.	In winter, nil. In summer, within a line from Lavernock Point to the Flatholm, thence to the Steep-holm, thence to Bream Down.	Ilfracombe or Swansea.
Cardiff	Within a line from Lowwater Pier Head to the Lifeboat House near Penarth Dock entrance.	In winter, nil. In summer, within a line from Lavernock Point to the Flatholm, thence to the Steep-holm, thence to Bream Down.	Tenby or Ilfracombe.
Cardigan .	Inside the Bar .	Nil	Portmadoc or Millford.
Gloucester .	River Severn or Avon to Sharpness Point and Gloucester Canal.	In winter, nil. In summer within a line from Lavernock Point to the Flatholm, thence to the Steep-holm, thence to Bream Down.	Watrhet or Barry Docks.
Millford	Within a line from Huhberston Beach to Angle Point.	Within a line from South Hook Point to Thorn Island.	Swansea or Cardigan.
Neath	Inside the Bar .	Nil	Barnstaple or Millford.
Swansea	Nil	Nil	Barnstaple or Millford.

LIVERPOOL DISTRICT.

Barrow . .	Inside Walney Island.	Nil	Liverpool or Whitehaven.
Bowness . .	Anywhere on the Lakes.	Nil	Nil.
Carlisle . .	Above Port Carlisle	Within a line from Southernness to Silloth.	Whitehaven or Port Whithorn.
Carnarvon . .	Menai Straits to Aber Menai or Beaumaris.	Menai Straits, from Carnarvon Bar to Puffin Island.	Liverpool or Portmadoc or round the Island of Anglesea.
Obes'er . .	River Dee, not below Conussh's Quay.	Inside the West Hoyle Bank.	Barrow, Holyhead, or Carnarvon.
Conway . .	Within a line from Kessell Hill to Trevelyd Point.	Nil	Liverpool or Portmadoc or round the Island of Anglesea.
Douglas . .	From Battery Pier to Victoria Pier.	Nil	Round the Island.
Fleetwood . .	Within a line from Low Light to Knotend Pier. Within Fleetwood Harbour for tugs plying as tenders to Belfast and Isle of Man steamers.	Nil	Whitehaven or Liverpool.
Holyhead . .	Inside the Breakwater.	Nil	Liverpool or Portmadoc or round the Island of Anglesea.
Lancaster . .	Within a line from Sunderland Point to Chapel Point.	Nil	Whitehaven or Liverpool.
Liverpool . .	The Rock Light House.	In winter, nil. In summer, within a line from Formby Point to Milbro' Point. Special limit for tenders to ocean-going steamers—within a radius of 3½ miles of Formby Lightship—during fine weather only. The Bell Buoy and Bar Lightship for tugs taking passengers from ships outside the Bar.	Barrow, Holyhead, or Carnarvon.
Melrosehambe . .	In winter, nil. In summer, within a radius of two miles of the Midland Railway Dock and to Grange.	Nil	Same as Barrow.
Portmadoc . .	Inside the Bar Buoy.	Nil	Cardigan or Carnarvon.
Preston . .	Lytham . . .	Within a line from Southport or Blackpool, inside the Banks.	Llandudno or Barrow.
Whitehaven . .	Nil	Nil	Barrow or Carlisle.

Name of Port.	Smooth Water limits.	Partially Smooth Water limits.	Excursion limits.
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DISTRICT OF THE WESTERN COAST OF SCOTLAND.

Ardrossan .	Nil . . .	Nil	Stranraer or Glasgow.
Ayr . . .	Inside the Bar	Nil	Stranraer or Glasgow.
Campbelton	Inside the Harbour but not outside Davaar Island.	Nil	Glasgow only.
Dumfries .	Inside Aird Point and Glenhewen Point.	Within a line from Southernness Slough to	Wigtown or Whitehaven.
Fort William	On the Canal to Inverness.	Nil	Oran or Tubormory.
Glasgow .	Within a line from Clock Lighthouse to Dunoon Pier (in winter). In summer, within a line from Bogony Point, Isle of Bute to Skelmorlie Castle and Ardnamont Point inside the Kyle of Bute	Within a line from Skirness to Fairlie Head round the Island of Bute.	Stranraer or Campbelltown.
Oban .	Nil	Inside the Island of Kerrera to Dunstaffnage Point.	Oran, Tubormory, or Fort William.
Stranraer	Inside Cairn Ryan	Loch Ryan, within a line from Kinnard Point and Milleur Point.	Wigtown or Greenock.
Wigtown	Nil	Nil	Stranraer or Dumfries.

IRELAND.

Bantry Bay	Inside Bear Island, inside Whiddy Island, Glengariff Harbour, inside Corrid Point.	Nil	Galley Head or Vallencla Harbour.
Belfast	Within a line from Holywood to Macdon Point.	In summer, within a line from Carrickfergus to Bangor; in winter, nil. A special limit for tenders to ocean steamers only, within a radius of 3 miles from Carrickfergus during fine weather.	Rathlin Island or Kilbough.
Cork . . .	Within a line from Camden to Carlisle Ports.	Nil A special limit for tenders to ocean steamers only, within a radius of 3 miles from Moches Point during fine weather.	Dungarvon or Galley Head.
Donegal .	Inside the Bar	Nil	Sligo or Kathleen O'Brien Island.
Drogheda .	Within a line from Crook Point to Burrow Point.	Nil	Dublin or Warren Point, Carlingford Lough.
Dublin .	Inside the Pier Heads.	In summer, with a line from Dalkey Island to Bailey Point; in winter, nil.	Drogheda or Arklow.
Enniskillen	Lough Erne	Nil	Nil.
Galway .	Lough Corrib	Within a line from Black Rock Beacon to Killoolgan Point	Kilkieran or Lisacnor Bays include the Arran Isles.
Limerick .	Foynee .	Within a line from Scatterry Lighthouse to Carrig Island.	Loop Head or Kilmore Head.
Londonderry	Within a line from Magilligan Point to Greencastle.	Nil A special limit for tenders to ocean steamers only, within a radius of 3 miles from Innishowen Lighthouse during fine weather.	Buncrana in Lough Swilly or Rathlin Island.
Lough Swilly	Within a line from Buncrana to Makarish Point.	Within a line from Dunree Head to Port Salen.	Portrush Tory Island.
Sligo	The Western extreme of Oyster Island.	Within a line from Baginbally Point to Black Rock Light.	Donegal or Ballina.
Waterford	Passage	In summer, within a line from Dunmore to Hook Point; in winter, within a line from Geneva Barrack to Duncannon Light.	Yonghal or Wexford.
Wexford	Inside Fly House.	Within a line from Raven Point to Rosslare Point.	Arklow or Waterford.
Yonghal	Within a line from Ferry Point Green Park.	Nil	Waterford or Kinsale.

APPENDIX T.
List of Colonial Certificates issued under Order in Council, which are of the same force as those granted
by the Board of Trade.

Colony.	CERTIFICATES.		Date of original order in Council.	Date from which order in Council takes effect.
	By whom granted in Colony.	Description.		
1	2	3	4	5
Victoria	Marine Board	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st Class Engineer; 2nd Class Engineer.	30th March 1871	4th January 1870.
Canada	The Minister of Marine and Fisheries.	Master; Mate	19th August ..	19th August 1871.
New Zealand	Governor	1st Class Engineer; 2nd Class Engineer	19th November 1888	1st January 1887.
New South Wales	Department of Navigation.	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st Class Engineer; 2nd Class Engineer	9th August 1873	1st May 1872.
Malta	The Head of the Government.	Master; 1st Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st Class Engineer; 2nd Class Engineer.	30th .. 1873	18th June ..
South Australia	Marine Board	Master; 1st Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st Class Engineer; 2nd Class Engineer.	12th May 1874	12th May 1874.
Tasmania	Board of Examiners under authority of the Governor.	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st Class Engineer; 2nd Class Engineer.	12th ..	12th ..
Benegal	Lieutenant-Governor	Ditto	12th February 1876	1st April 1876.
Bombay	Governor	Ditto	27th June	27th June 1876.
Queensland	Marine Board	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st Class Engineer; 2nd Class Engineer.	14th May 1877	14th May 1877.
Hong-Kong	Governor	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st Class Engineer; 2nd Class Engineer.	11th July	11th July ..
Straits Settlements	Ditto	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st Class Engineer; 2nd Class Engineer.	24th March 1878	1st October ..
Mauritius	Ditto	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st Class Engineer; 2nd Class Engineer.	31st December 1883	1st January 1884.
			1st May 1890	1st June 1890.
			22nd November 1890	1st August 1890.
				1st January 1891.

* The Steam Navigation Board was superseded by the Marine Board on the 21st December 1888, see order in Council, 23rd November 1892.

† Equivalent to First Mate.

‡ The Marine Board was superseded by the Department of Navigation on the 17th March 1900, see Navigation Amendment Act, 1899.

§ Newfoundland and Mauritius do not issue Engineer Certificates under their orders in Council.

APPENDIX U. •

Forms used in connection with the EXAMINATIONS and
CERTIFICATES of MASTERS and MATES.

NAME OF FORM.	Initial Letters and Numbers.
Regulations relating to the Examinations of Masters and Mates.	Exn. 1.
Masters' and Mates' Form of Application for Examination.	Exn. 2.
Form of Application for Examination (Sight Tests) ...	Exn. 2a.
Examination Paper, to be used in the Examination of Second Mates.	Exn. 4.
Ditto, to be used by all Candidates for foreign-going Certificates when appearing for Examination for the first time only.	Exn. 4a.
Ditto, Second Mates	Exn. 4b.
Ditto, Second Mates.	Exn. 5.
Ditto, Only and First Mates	Exn. 6.
Ditto, Only and First Mates	Exn. 6a.
Ditto, Only and First Mates	Exn. 6b.
Ditto, Only and First Mates	Exn. 6c.
Ditto, Masters, Ordinary	Exn. 7.
Ditto, Masters, Extra	Exn. 8.
Ditto, Compass Syllabus Problems	Exn. 8a.
Ditto, to be used by Candidates for Certificates for Home Trade Passenger Ships when appearing for Examination in the first time only.	Exn. 9.
Ditto, Exam. in Chart for Mates	Exn. 9c.
Ditto, Exam. in Chart for Masters	Exn. 9d.
Ditto, for Mates, Home Trade Passenger Ships	Exn. 9e.
Ditto, for Mates, ditto	Exn. 9f.
Ditto, for Masters, ditto	Exn. 9g.
Answers to Home Trade Problems	Exn. 9h.
Examiners' Report of Masters' and Mates' Examinations.	Exn. 14.
Answers to Ordinary Problems	Exn. 14a.
Answers to Extra Problems	Exn. 14b.
Answers to Compass Syllabus Problems	Exn. 14c.
Examiners' Authority for delivery of Certificate to successful Candidate.	Exn. 16.
Examiners' Certificate (Sight Tests)	Exn. 16.
Examiners' Authority for return of fee to unsuccessful Candidate (Sight Tests).	Exn. 17a.
Examiners' Report on Sight Tests	Exn. 17b.
Failure on Colour Vision Test	Exn. 17c.
Claim for a Certificate of Service	Exn. 18.
Application for renewed Certificate	Exn. 22.
Deviation Cards	Exn. 24.
Napier's Diagram	Exn. 25.
Coast Line Charts (<i>True</i>), Lats. 49° to 52° N. (Long. W)	Exn. 26.
Ditto (<i>True</i>), Lats. 49° to 52° S. (Long. E.)	Exn. 27.
Outline Charts for Sumner problem, Lats. 46° to 49° N.	Exn. 28.
Ditto ditto, Lats. 49° to 52° N.	Exn. 29.
Ruled paper for written answers	Exn. 30.
Order for Forms used in connexion with the Examinations.	Exn. 31.
Examination paper on Cyclones or Revolving Storms	Exn. 32.
Compass Cards	Exn. 33.
Examiner's Record Form—	
Navigation—Extra Masters	Exn. 34.
Ditto —Seamanship	Exn. 35.
Ditto —Navigation—Ordinary	Exn. 36.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 15th March 1906.

No. 49.—Babu Nanda Lal Day, Supervisor, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the 1st Calcutta to the 2nd Calcutta Division.

A. S. THOMSON,
Offg. Chief Engineer, B. & F. S.

Detailed account of the security deposits held by the Comptroller-General on the 31st December 1905 on account of Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bengal, published in conformity with Government of India, Public Works Department Order No. 7, dated the 28th May 1880.

Loans.	Government Promissory Notes held by the Comptroller-General under stock.	Government Promissory Notes held by the Comptroller-General in safe custody.	Total.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government Promissory Notes of the 3½ and 3 per cent. loans of 1842-43, 1854-55, 1865, 1896-97 and 1900-1901.	1,00,800	27,400	1,28,200

Detailed account of security deposits held by the Comptroller-General on the 31st December 1905 under stock.

Serial No. in the register of securities maintained by this office.	Names of depositors.	Amount of investment in 3½ and 3 per cent. loans of 1842-43, 1854-55, 1865, 1896-97 and 1900-1901.	Names of officers through whom interest is paid.
1	2	3	4
	EXAMINER, PUBLIC WORKS ACCOUNTS, BENGAL.	Rs.	
274 and 275	Babu Akhoy Kumar Banerjee, Cashier ...	2,000	} Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bengal.
	„ Buddon Behary Chatterjee, Office Sircar.	100	
	Total ...	2,100	
	1ST CALCUTTA DIVISION.		
150	Babu Jadu Nath Chatterjee, Cashier ...	1,000	} Executive Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division.
305 and 306	Messrs. Atkinson Brothers ...	1,000	
	Total ...	2,000	
	2ND CALCUTTA DIVISION.		
67 to 69	Babu Hira Lal Mockherjee, Store-keeper...	2,000	} Executive Engineer, 2nd Calcutta Division.
258 to 261	Executive Engineer, 2nd Calcutta Division, for Howrah Cemetery Fund.	1,600	
45 and 47	Babu Tara Prasanna Dutt, Cashier* ...	1,000	
130 and 191	„ Benode Behary Banerjee, Store-keeper	200	
218	„ Benode Behary Banerjee, Rent-collecting Sircar.	100	
286 and 216	„ Hem Chandra Bhadury, Cashier ...	2,000	
	Total ...	6,900	
	3RD CALCUTTA DIVISION.		
174, 201, 234 and 276.	Babu Mohendra Nath Banerjee, Cashier...	2,000	} Executive Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division.
	Total ...	2,000	
	DARJEELING DIVISION.		
254 to 267	Executive Engineer for Darjeeling Cemetery Fund.	1,600	} Executive Engineer, Darjeeling Division.
202 and 243	Executive Engineer for Kurseong Cemetery Fund.	1,600	
	Total ...	3,200	

Serial No. in the register of securities maintained by this office.	Names of depositors.	Amount of investment in 3½ and 3 per cent. loans of 1842-43, 1854-55, 1855, 1896-97 and 1900-1901.	Names of officers through whom interest is paid.
		3	
	Brought over Grand Total ...	Rs. 16,400	
	RAJSHAHI DIVISION.		
271	Executive Engineer for Cometary Fund, Jalpaiguri.	500	Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Division.
	Total ...	500	
	INSPECTOR OF WORKS.		
	<i>Eastern Circle and Dacca Division.</i>		
	Inspector of Works, Eastern Circle ...	25,000	Executive Engineer, Dacca Division.
	Total ...	25,000	
	POLITICAL AGENT, SIKKIM.		
810	Babu Pursing Kurthak, Head Clerk ...	500	Political Agent, Sikkim.
814	, Khagendra Nath Banerjee, Store-keeper.	500	
811	, Jonathan Indrodhaj, Store-keeper ...	100	
	Total ...	1,100	
	MAHANADI DIVISION.		
219	Babu Bemola Charan Ghose, Subdivisional Cashier.	500	Executive Engineer, Mahanadi Division.
	Total ...	500	
	BRAHMINI-BYTURNI DIVISION.		
43	Babu Ashu Tosh Mukherjee, Cashier ...	2,000	Executive Engineer, Brahmini-Byturni Division.
277, 300 and 302	B oja Behari Roy, Store-keeper ...	1,500	
53 and 53	Messrs. Macneil & Co., Contractors ...	1,500	
183 to 183	Managing Agents, India General Steam Navigation Company, Limited, Contractors.	2,500	
228 and 233	Messrs. Visram Ibrahim & Co., Contractor.	500	
	Total ...	7,500	
	AKHOYPADA-JAJPUR DIVISION.		
163	Babu Uday Nath Dass, Toll-Collector ...	200	Executive Engineer, Akhoypada-Jajpur Division.
	Total ...	200	
	BALASORE DIVISION.		
312	Babu Gour Charan Dey, Subdivisional Cashier.	500	Executive Engineer, Balasore Division.
192	, Abinash Chandra Banerjee, Toll-Collector.	200	
193	, Chandra Sikhar Sing, Toll-Collector	200	
194	, Mohesh Chandra Bera, ditto	200	
196	, Ashu Tosh Dey, ditto	100	
197	, Bejoy Gobindo Singha, ditto	100	
198	, Puro Nath Mitter, ditto	100	
289	Raja of Moheshadal ...	500	
	Total ...	1,900	
	NORTHERN DRAINAGE AND EMBANKMENT DIVISION.		
24 and 248	Babu Beni Madhub Chatterjee, Subdivisional Cashier.	1,000	Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.
83, 87, 170 to 173	, Sreekanto Sing, Zilladar ...	1,000	
83, 86, 220 and 221.	, Rai Charan Dass, ditto ...	1,000	
224	, Umarad Sing, Daffadar ...	100	
250 and 251	, Kherode Chandra Ghose, Lessee ...	2,000	
8	, Parameswar Mah Rangna, Daffadar	100	
	Total ...	5,200	
	Carried over Grand Total ...	38,400	

Serial No. in the register of securities maintained by this office.	Names of depositors.	Amount of investment in 8½ and 8 per cent. loans of 1862-48, 1854-55, 1865, 1896-97 and 1900-1901.	Names of officers through whom interest is paid.
1	2	3	4
	Brought over Grand Total ...	Ra. 58,400	
	CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS DIVISION.		
25 and 26	Babu Jogendra Nath Bose, Daroga ...	1,000	Executive Engineer, Circular and Eastern Canals Division.
88 and 115	" Sreemontho Das, do. ...	1,000	
217 and 257	" Durga Pass Ghose, do. ...	1,000	
273	" Dohendra Nath Buxi, do. ...	500	
293	" Rajoni Kanto Mukherjee, do. ...	400	
156 to 158	Messrs. Kilburn & Co., Contractors ...	800	
159 and 160	" Macneil & Co., ditto ...	500	
169	Babu Raghunandan Ram, Dastadar ...	100	
	Total ...	5,400	
	Cossye Division.		
246 and 253½	Babu Jogesh Chandra Chatterji, Sub-divisional Cashier. ...	1,000	Executive Engineer, Cossye Division.
88	" Hurry Prossunno Chatterjee, Store-keeper. ...	500	
144	" Preo Nath Pass, Toll-Collector ...	300	
143	" Hejoy Gopal Roy, ditto ...	200	
145	" Shosi Bhusan Mitter, ditto ...	200	
146	" Chandra Kumar Dutt, ditto ...	100	
147	" Pasanto Coomar Sircar, ditto ...	300	
148	" Upendro Lal Dutt, ditto ...	200	
	Total ...	2,900	
	NADIA RIVERS DIVISION.		
46	Babu Nil Madhub Chuckerbutty, Traffic Clerk. ...	200	Executive Engineer, Nadia Rivers Division.
	Total ...	200	
	ARRAH DIVISION.		
136	Babu Prossunno Coomar Mitter, Accounts Clerk. ...	1,000	Executive Engineer, Arrah Division.
93	" Kally Churn, Subdivisional Cashier ...	500	
240 and 290	" Surendra Nath Chatterjee, Subdivisional Cashier. ...	1,000	
239 and 256	" Damodar Proshad, Subdivisional Cashier. ...	1,000	
134	" Bameswari Lal, Subdivisional Cashier. ...	500	
	Total ...	4,000	
	BUXAR DIVISION.		
107	Babu Nundo Kishore Pandey, Subdivisional Cashier. ...	500	Executive Engineer, Buxar Division.
79 and 185	" Khub Lal, Subdivisional Cashier ...	1,000	
298	" Ram Lochan Lal, Subdivisional Cashier. ...	500	
216 and 299	" Anath Bandhoo Sircar, Subdivisional Cashier. ...	1,000	
	Total ...	3,000	
	EASTERN SONE DIVISION.		
120 and 183	Babu Raja Ram, Subdivisional Cashier ...	1,000	Executive Engineer, Eastern Sone Division.
197	" Nolin Chander Sen, Subdivisional Cashier. ...	1,000	
	Total ...	2,000	

Serial No. in the register of securities maintained by this office.	Names of depositors.	Amount of investment in 3½ and 8 per cent. loans of 1-42.	Names of officers through whom interest is paid.
		43, 1854-55, 1885, 1896-97 and 1900-1901.	
	Brought over Grand Total	Rs. 75,900	
DEHRI WORKSHOPS SUBDIVISION.			
249, 279, 281, 292 and 304. 19, 28 and 29	Babu Kherode Prosad Kur, Cashier ... „ Nundo Gopal Chatterjee, Store-keeper.	1,000 2,000	} Subdivisional Officer, Dehri Workshops Subdivision.
	Total ...	3,000	
GANDAK DIVISION.			
293	Babu Motindra Nath Mukerjee, Store-keeper.	500	} Executive Engineer, Gandak Division.
	Total ...	500	
CHAMPARAN DIVISION.			
287 and 288	Babu Kally Pada Mookerjee, Subdivisional Cashier.	200	} Executive Engineer, Champaran Division.
301	Messrs. Burn & Co., Contractors ...	5,000	
3-3	„ George Henderson & Co., Contractors.	5,000	
280	Babu Basanto Kumar Dey Sircar, Sub-divisional Cashier.	500	
16 and 17	M. Syed Mofuzular Bokoman, Cashier ...	1,000	
	Total ...	11,700	
ORISSA CANALS, REVENUE DIVISION.			
31, 32, and 113	Babu Rakhal Dass Bose, Zilladar ...	700	} Deputy Collector, Orissa Canals, Revenue Division.
210 and 222	„ Upendro Nath Chuckerbutty, Zilladar.	1,000	
216	„ Kunja Behary Roy, Zilladar ...	500	
313	M. Abasuddin Mahomed, ditto ...	500	
	Total ...	2,700	
MIDNAPORE CANALS, REVENUE DIVISION.			
55	Babu Makhun Lall Mitra, Zilladar ...	1,000	} Deputy Collector, Midnapore Canals, Revenue Division.
95	„ Mohanundo Ganguly, ditto ...	500	
102 and 189	„ Sidheswar Mosumdar, ditto* ...	1,000	
	Total ...	2,500	
SONE CANALS, REVENUE DIVISION.			
124	Babu Balmukundo Pandey, Zilladar	500	} Deputy Collector, Sone Canals, Revenue Division.
108	„ Baldeo Shahay, ditto	1,000	
140	M. Shah Abdul Kadir, ditto†	500	
214	M. Shah Itrat Hossein, ditto	500	
283 and 315	Babu Nursing Shahay, ditto	1,000	
243 and 291	„ Nonigopal Banerjee, Cashier	1,000	
	Total	4,500	
	GRAND TOTAL	1,00,800	

* Died on 28th March 1904.

† Died on 12th March 1905.

Detailed account of Government Promissory notes held by the Comptroller-General on the 31st December 1905 under safe custody.

Serial No. in the register of securities maintained by this office.	Names of depositors.	Amount of investment in 2½ and 3 per cent. loans of 1843-43, 1844-55, 1855, 1896-97 and 1900-1901.	Names of officers through whom interest is paid.
1	2	3	4
	1ST CALCUTTA DIVISION.	Rs.	
239 to 242	Messrs. George Henderson, & Co. ...	2,400	
	Total ...	2,400	
	2ND CALCUTTA DIVISION.		
203	Babu Radha Nath Bagehi, Contractor ...	5,000	
	Total ...	5,000	
	SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.		
229 to 237	Messrs. Kilburn & Co., Calcutta Agents to Calcutta Electric Supply Corpora- tion, Ltd.	20,000*	
	Total ...	20,000	
	GRAND TOTAL ..	27,400	

* Returned on 15th February 1906.

A. G. HARRISON,
Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 1848A.

No. 1715A.—The 16th March 1906.—The services of Babu Mohan Chandra Ghose, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

No. 1727A.—The 16th March 1906.—Babu Ambu Nath Chatterjee, Sub-Deputy Collector, Raniganj, Burdwan, is transferred to the Kalna subdivision of that district.

No. 1729A.—The 16th March 1906.—Maulvi Syed Khalil Ahmad, substantive *pro tempore* Sub-Deputy Collector, Kalna, Burdwan, is transferred to the Raniganj subdivision of that district.

No. 1731A.—The 16th March 1906.—Under the authority vested in him by section 357, sub-section (2), of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act V of 1898, the Lieutenant-Governor empowers Babu Narendra Kumar Bose, substantive *pro tempore* Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Serampore, Hooghly, to take down evidence in criminal cases in the English language.

No. 1804A.—The 16th March 1906.—Babu Susil Kumar Ganguly, substantive *pro tempore* Sub-Deputy Collector, Kushtia, Nadia, is transferred to the Jhenida subdivision of the Jessore district.

No. 1835A.—The 20th March 1906.—The services of Maulvi Mohammed Faisullah Khan, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

No. 2454, dated Calcutta, the 17th March 1906.—Third grade Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Nath Gupta, a House Surgeon, Mayo Hospital, Calcutta, is transferred to do supernumerary duty in the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, until further orders.

No. 2468, dated Calcutta, the 17th March 1906.—Third grade Assistant Surgeon Sourindra Kumar Mazumdar is appointed as a House Surgeon, Mayo Hospital, Calcutta, vice third grade Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Nath Gupta, transferred.

No. 2508, dated Calcutta, the 20th March 1906.—Third grade Assistant Surgeon Tarak Nath Deb, of the Madhubani Subdivision and Dispensary, in the district of Darbhanga, is allowed privilege leave for two months, under article 260, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date he is relieved of his duties.

R. MACRAE, M.B., COL., I.M.S.,
Offg. Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION

Examination of Compounders at the Orissa Medical School, Cuttack.

In accordance with the Government of Bengal Notifications Nos. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, and 837T.—M., dated 9th June 1897, notice is hereby given that the next half-yearly examination of compounders will begin at 10 A.M., on Wednesday, the 25th April 1906, at the Medical School, Cuttack.

2. Every candidate must produce a certificate of training and a certificate of age and previous education, as required by Rule 9 (*vide* Government of Bengal Notification No. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th November 1896, and circulated by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, to all Civil Surgeons, Superintendents of Medical Schools, Lunatic Asylums and Calcutta Hospitals with his Circular No. 60, dated 5th December 1896).

3. Male candidates must forward to the Superintendent of the Medical School, Cuttack, an examination fee of Rs. 5 at least one week before the 25th April 1906. Female candidates will be examined free of charge. No certificate or fee will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

4. Should any candidate fail to pass the examination, he will forfeit his fee.

NOTE.—The attention of candidates is drawn to Rules 9, 10 and 12 (a) and (b), and of persons granting the certificates to Rules 11 and 14 (3) and (4) and to the certificate, Forms C and D, in the schedule of the Government of Bengal's aforesaid Notification No. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896.

CUTTACK,
The 7th March 1906.

C. R. STEVENS, M.D., F.R.C.S., MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Superintendent, Medical School, Cuttack.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Subordinate Educational Service.

The 13th March 1906.—Mr. E. A. D'Abreu is appointed to be an Assistant Master in the Victoria School, Kurseong, on probation for one year, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Mr. W. B. Finnigan, transferred.

Mr. E. A. D'Abreu is also appointed substantively *pro tempore* to class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service.

The 14th March 1906.—Miss Lena Slane is appointed to be an Assistant Mistress in the Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, on probation for one year, with effect from the date on which she joins the appointment, *vice* Miss Ida M. Everett, resigned.

Miss Lena Slane is also appointed substantively *pro tempore* to class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service.

The 16th March 1906.—Babu Surendra Nath Tarafdar, M.A., Assistant Head Master, Chapra Zilla School (class VIII), was absent on leave for sixteen days, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 5th January 1906.

A. PEDLER,
Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Award of Junior Scholarships on the result of the School Final Examination of B and C Classes for the year 1906.

[The scholarships are tenable for two years.]

NAME.	School from which he passed.	Scholarship where tenable.
B CLASS.		
<i>First grade, Rs. 16 a month.</i>		
1. Surendra Nath Gui	Midnapore Collegiate	Bihar School of Engineering.
C CLASS.		
<i>First grade, Rs. 16 a month.</i>		
1. Romesh Chandra Mukhopadhyaya.	Uttarpara Government	Presidency College.
<i>Second grade, Rs. 12 a month.</i>		
1. Hari Mohan Das	Uttarpara Government	Presidency College.
2. Narendra Krishna Chakravarti.	South Suburban H. E.	Ditto.
3. Susil Kumar Mukerjee	Hare	Ditto.
<i>Third grade, Rs. 8 a month.</i>		
1. Sudhir Mohan Chattopadhyaya	Uttarpara Government	Presidency College.
2. Panna Lal Banerjee	Ditto	Ditto.
3. Dasarathi Mukhopadhyaya	South Suburban H. E.	Ditto.
4. Phanindra Bhushan Basu	Hare	Ditto.

CALCUTTA,

A. PEDLER,

The 16th March 1906.

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

List of successful candidates of the B Class Final Examination, 1906.

In order of merit.

NAME.	School.
1. Dinesh Chandra Acharya	Y. M. 17 2 Mymensingh.
2. Sirish Chandra Ghosh	20 6 Pabna Zilla.
3. Nalini Charan Khan	16 8 Rajshahi Collegiate.
4. Suresh Chandra Ray	18 11 Pabna Zilla.
5. Narendra Chandra Bhattacharjee	17 1 Mymensingh Zilla.
6. Mozaffar Ali	17 10 Barisal Zilla.
7. Abinash Chandra Das	17 9 Pabna Zilla.
8. Jotindra Lal Moitra	15 11 Rajshahi Collegiate.
9. Jotindra Nath Sen Gupta	13 10 Barisal Zilla.
10. Satish Chandra Mazumdar	21 10 Pabna Zilla.
11. Surendra Nath Gui	20 0 Midnapore Collegiate.
12. Surendra Chandra Nag	18 11 Dacca Collegiate.
13. Akshoy Kumar Roy	16 Barisal Zilla.
14. Satish Chandra Chakravarti	14 Rajshahi Collegiate.
15. Romesh Chandra Roy	16 Ditto.
16. Bidhu Bhushan Bhattacharya	21 Mymensingh Zilla.
17. Chandra Bhushan Pntatundu	17 Ditto.
18. Promode Chandra Banerjee	19 Dacca Collegiate.
19. Jotindro Nath Kar	18 Pabna Zilla.
20. Girindra Nath Rai Choudhury	15 11 Barisal Zilla.
21. Nareh Chandra Pal	19 6 Ditto.
22. Saran Dadel	22 1 Ranohi Zilla.
23. Manmotha Nath Guha	16 11 Barisal Zilla.
24. Monomohan Rai	19 11 Ditto.

CALCUTTA,

A. PEDLER,

The 16th March 1906.

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

*List of successful candidates of the O Class Final Examination, 1906.**In order of merit.*

NAME.		Age.	School.
		Y. M.	
1.	Romesh Chandra Mukhopadhyaya	19 4	Uttarpara Government.
2.	Hari Mohan Das	18 0	Ditto.
3.	Harendra Krishna Chakravarti	16 4	South Suburban H. E.
4.	Susil Kumar Mukerjee	14 9	Hare.
5.	Sudhir Mohan Chattapodayaya	14 10	Uttarpara Government.
6.	Pahna Lal Banerjee	21 8	Ditto.
7.	Dasarathi Mukhopadhyaya	15 1	South Suburban H. E.
8.	Phanindra Bhushan Basu	22 0	Hare.
9.	Sib Nath Mukherjee	18 9	Do..

CALCUTTA,

A. PEDLER,

*The 16th March 1906.**Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.**List of Candidates who passed the Survey Examination for Pleaders held in February 1906.*

Number in General Register.	Name of candidate.	Appeared at
29.	Khagendra Nath Mitra	... Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
74	Binod Bihary Roy	... Ditto ditto.
78.	Tarak Nath Bosu	... Ditto ditto.
79.	Sasanka Sekher Banerjee	... Ditto ditto.
7.	Surendra Nath Sen	... Bihar School of Engineering, Bankipore.
8.	Mohamad Shafee	... Ditto ditto.
15.	Ranga Lal Chatterji	... Ditto ditto.
17.	Ram Lal Sen	... Ditto ditto.
18.	Goloke Chandra Kar	... Ditto ditto.
20.	Ram Prosad	... Ditto ditto.
4.	Birendra Chandra Sen	... Dacca Survey School.
92.	Lalit Kumar Mittra	... Ditto.
93.	Satya Ranjan Guha	... Ditto.
26.	Romes Chandra Rakshit	... Cuttack Survey School.
30.	Dayamoy Mukherjee	... Ditto.
33.	Surendra Nath Roy	... Ditto.
34.	Ambika Pada Chaudhuri	... Ditto.
43.	Satya Churn Mukerji	... Ditto.
50.	Harendra Nath Sen	... Ditto.
71.	Phanindra Nath Mitra	... Ditto.
77.	Satis Chandra Ghosh	... Ditto.
87.	Biraj Krishna Sarkar	... Ditto.

A. PEDLER,

*The 16th March 1906.**Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.*

NOTICE.

The Presidency College Commercial Course.

A SPECIAL examination in Type-writing will be held in the Presidency College on the 19th April 1906 at 2 P.M.

Candidates for admission must send in their names to the Principal of the Presidency College on or before the 28th of March, accompanied by a fee of Rs. 5, which will not in any case be refunded. A candidate applying for admission to this examination and also to the special examination in Shorthand-writing, of which a separate notice is given, will only be required to pay one admission fee of Rs. 5.

A preliminary test-examination will be held in the Presidency College on the 6th of April at 7 P.M. Candidates will be required to show, by passing this test-examination, that they have a reasonable prospect of success in the special examination.

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

. NOTICE.

The Presidency College Commercial Course.

A SPECIAL examination in Shorthand-writing will be held in the Presidency College on the 19th April at 11 A.M.

Candidates for admission must send in their names to the Principal of the Presidency College or before the 28th of March, accompanied by a fee of Rs. 5, which will not in any case be refunded. A candidate applying for admission to this examination and also to the special examination in Type-writing, of which a separate notice is given, will only be required to pay one admission fee of Rs. 5.

A preliminary test-examination will be held in the Presidency College on the 5th of April at 7 P.M. Candidates will be required to show, by passing this test-examination, that they have a reasonable prospect of success in the special examination.

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

NOTICE.

The Presidency College Commercial Course.

A new session of the Presidency College Commercial day course will begin on the 1st July 1906. Candidates for admission must apply to the Principal of the Presidency College on or before the 1st June 1906.

The number of candidates to be admitted annually is limited, for the present, to 30. An admission examination in English and Arithmetic will be held in the Presidency College on the 27th June 1906 to test candidates.

Candidates who have been admitted are required to join the classes on the first or second day of the session, and to be regular in their attendance at lectures. Students who are not regular in attendance will have their names removed from the College registers.

The subjects prescribed for the day course are—

- (1) English (modern), and especially English correspondence, including commercial correspondence, letter-drafting and précis-writing.
- (2) Arithmetic, including commercial and mental arithmetic.
- (3) One of the following languages:—Bengali, Hindi, Urdu, Uriya, French, German or Latin.
- (4) One of the following subjects:—Book-keeping, Shorthand-writing or Type-writing.
- (5) Commercial History and Geography.

The admission fee is Rs. 3, and the fee for the classes is Rs. 3 per mensem.

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

The 17th March 1906.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE.

Rules for the Evening Classes in Type-writing.

1. There shall be two evening classes in Type-writing.
2. The first course shall be on the Keyboard, Fingering, and the manipulation of a machine, and shall begin annually on the 1st of July and terminate on the 30th of September.
3. The second course shall be devoted to speed practice, and shall begin annually on the 1st of November and terminate on the 15th of April. The speed to be aimed at shall be 60 words a minute.
4. The fee for each course shall be Rs. 10.
5. Candidates who have attended the lectures on Type-writing of the day course shall be eligible for admission to the evening classes. For such candidates it shall be optional to study only the second course.
6. Candidates who have attended the lectures of the day course, but not the lectures on Type-writing, shall be eligible for admission to the evening classes. Such candidates shall begin with the first course.
7. Other candidates shall be admitted provided they satisfy the Education Department, by passing a preliminary test-examination, that they have sufficient knowledge of English. Such candidates shall begin with the first course.
8. Students of the day course shall not be eligible for admission to the evening classes in Type-writing until they have completed the day course.
9. The number of candidates to be admitted annually to the evening classes in Type-writing shall be limited, for the present, to 20. A preference shall be given to students who have completed the day course.

10. Students must attend 75 per cent. of the classes held; and no student who fails to do so shall be allowed to appear at the examination, unless he can show that his failure to attend the required number has been unavoidable.

11. A special examination shall be held annually after the conclusion of the second course. Students of the evening classes shall pass a test-examination before appearing at the special examination. Other candidates shall be allowed to appear at the special examination, provided they satisfy the Education Department, by passing a preliminary test-examination, that they have a reasonable prospect of success. The admission fee shall be Rs. 5.

12. The certificate awarded on the result of the special examination shall show whether the candidate has acquired a speed of 60, 45 or 35 words a minute, the last being the minimum speed recognised.

A. PEDLER,

The 17th March 1906.

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, CALCUTTA.

Rules for the Evening Classes in Shorthand-writing.

1. There shall be two evening courses in Shorthand-writing.
2. The first course shall be on the theory of Shorthand-writing, and shall begin annually on the 1st of July and terminate on the 30th of November.
3. The second course shall be devoted to speed practice and shall begin annually on the 1st December and terminate on the 15th April. The speed to be aimed at shall be 140 words a minute.
4. The fee for each course shall be Rs. 10.
5. Candidates who have attended the lectures on Shorthand-writing of the day course shall be eligible for admission to the evening classes. For such candidates it shall be optional to study only the second course.
6. Candidates who have attended the lectures of the day course, but not the lectures on Shorthand-writing, shall be eligible for admission to the evening classes. Such candidates shall begin with the first course.
7. Other candidates shall be admitted provided they satisfy the Education Department, by passing a preliminary test-examination, that they have sufficient knowledge of English. Such candidates shall begin with the first course.
8. Students of the day course shall not be eligible for admission to the evening classes in Shorthand-writing until they have completed the day course.
9. The number of candidates to be admitted annually to the evening classes in Shorthand-writing shall be limited, for the present, to 20. A preference shall be given to students who have completed the day course.
10. Students must attend 75 per cent. of the classes held; and no student who fails to do so shall be allowed to appear at the examination, unless he can show that his failure to attend the required number has been unavoidable.
11. A special examination shall be held annually after the conclusion of the second course. Students of the evening classes shall pass a test-examination before appearing at the special examination. Other candidates shall be allowed to appear at the special examination, provided they satisfy the Education Department, by passing a preliminary test-examination, that they have a reasonable prospect of success. The admission fee shall be Rs. 5.
12. The certificate awarded on the results of the special examination shall show whether the candidate has acquired a speed of 140, 120, 100 or 80 words a minute, the last being the minimum speed recognised.

CALCUTTA,

The 17th March 1906.

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

THE PRESIDENCY COLLEGE COMMERCIAL COURSE.

Rules for the Evening Classes in Book-keeping.

1. There shall be two evening courses in Book-keeping.
2. The first course shall be on Elementary Book-keeping, including theory and practice, and shall begin annually on the 1st July and terminate on the 15th April. The course of lectures shall cover the same syllabus as that of the complete day course in Book-keeping.
3. The second course shall be devoted to advanced Book-keeping, including Company's Accounts, Manufacturer's Accounts, Life and Marine Insurance Accounts, etc., with a special study of the books required; and shall begin annually on the 1st of July and terminate on the 15th of April.
4. The fee for each course shall be Rs. 10.

5. Candidates who have the lectures on _____ at the day course shall be eligible for admission to the evening classes. For _____ candidates it shall be optional to study only the _____ course.

6. Candidates who have attended the lectures of the day course, but not the lectures on Book-keeping, shall be eligible for admission to the evening classes. Such candidates shall begin with the first course.

7. Other candidates shall be admitted provided they satisfy the Educational Department, by passing a preliminary test-examination, that they have sufficient knowledge of English. Such candidates shall begin with the first course.

8. Students of the day course shall not be eligible for admission to the evening classes in Book-keeping until they have completed the day course.

9. The number of candidates to be admitted annually to the evening classes in Book-keeping shall be limited, for the present, to 20. A preference shall be given to students who have completed the day course.

10. Students must attend 75 per cent. of the classes held; and no student who fails to do so shall be allowed to appear at the examination, unless he can show that his failure to attend the required number has been unavoidable.

11. A special examination shall be held annually after the conclusion of the second course. Students of the evening classes shall pass a test-examination before appearing at the special examination. Other candidates shall be allowed to appear at the special examination, provided they satisfy the Education Department, by passing a preliminary test-examination, that they have a reasonable prospect of success. The admission fee shall be Rs. 5.

A. PEDLER,

The 17th March 1906.

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

THE Final Commercial Class examination will be held in the Presidency College, Calcutta, on the 5th April 1906 and subsequent dates.

There shall be separate papers in (1) (a) English, including Grammar and Composition; (b) English Correspondence, including Commercial Correspondence, and (c) Letter-drafting and Précis-writing; (2) Bengali; (3) (a) Arithmetic, including Commercial Arithmetic and (b) Mental Arithmetic; (4) (a) Commercial History, (b) Commercial Geography.

Candidates are required to pass in all the above papers.

Candidates shall also be examined, and shall be required to pass, in either Shorthand-writing, or Type-writing, or Book-keeping. A candidate may offer two of these subjects, and failure to pass in one of them will not disqualify him.

Candidates are warned that if the answer-papers are not legibly and neatly written or prepared, they will not be examined, and examiners are requested to reject papers which show carelessness, or slovenliness, or really bad work.

The examination will be held on the dates and hours and in the order noted below :—

5th April	11—1-30	Shorthand or Book-keeping
	2- 4-30	Type-writing.
6th April	{ 11—1-30	English.
	{ 2—4-30	Commercial Correspondence.
9th April	{ 11—1-30	Précis-writing.
	{ 2—4-30	Bengali.
10th April	{ 11—1-30	Arithmetic.
	{ 2—4-30	Mental Arithmetic.
11th April	{ 11—1-30	Commercial History.
	{ 2—4-30	Commercial Geography.

A. PEDLER,

The 7th March 1906.

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified that for the ensuing Half-yearly Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others to be held at 11 A.M. on the 2nd May 1906 and the two following days, a local Examination Committee will be convened in the office of the Commissioner of the Presidency Division at No. 3 Charnock Place, Calcutta, to conduct the examination of candidates employed in the Presidency and Burdwan Divisions.

E. W. COLLIER, Commissioner.

COMM. OFFICE, PRES. DIVN, CALCUTTA, the 13th March 1906.

VERNACULAR MASTERSHIP EXAMINATION, DECEMBER, 1905.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the Vernacular Mastership Examination held in December 1905 :—

Name of candidate.

Age.

Name of school.

FIRST GRADE.

HIGH.

(Arranged in order of Merit.)

			Yrs.	M.	
1.	Sasi Bhushan Das, No. II*	...	18	9	Calcutta Training Sc
2.	Govinda Chandra Maiti*	...	31	10	Calcutta ditto.
3.	Kali Prasanna Majumdar*	...	18	0	Chittagong ditto.
4.	Iswar Chandra Maiti*	...	24	10	Calcutta ditto.
5.	Tejendra Kumar Chaudhuri	...	19	0	Chittagong ditto.
6.	Sripati Bhattacharya*	...	19	3	Rangpur ditto.
7.	Syama Charan Chaudhuri*	...	18	0	Chittagong ditto.
8.	Bijay Krishna Baidya	...	20	10	Calcutta ditto.
9.	Nareswar Sarma*	...	22	5	Rangpur ditto.
10.	Durjodhan Das*	...	19	0	Calcutta ditto.
11.	Rajani Mohan Chakravarti*	...	16	11	Rangpur ditto.

MEDIUM.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

1.	Acharya, Khudiram*	17	10	Calcutta Training School.
2.	" Kshetra Nath	22	0	Hooghly ditto.
3.	Ahmed, Kazi Waezuddin*	23	0	Chittagong ditto.
4.	" Kasim-uddin*	16	9	Rangpur ditto.
5.	" Kamal-uddin*	20	3	Rangpur ditto.
6.	Ali, Abbas*	17	0	Chittagong ditto.
7.	Bairagi, Sasi Bhushan*	20	6	Rangpur ditto.
8.	Banerji, Purna Chandra	18	8	Hooghly ditto.
9.	Batabyal, Krishnabari	21	0	Private (Hooghly).
10.	Bhadra, Rasik Chandra	20	10	Calcutta Training School.
11.	Bhandari, Hrishikes	17	10	Calcutta ditto.
12.	Bhoumik, Rohini Kumar	21	0	Chittagong ditto.
13.	Biswas, Nisikanta*	22	10	Calcutta ditto.
14.	Bux, Karim	21	0	Chittagong ditto.
15.	Chakravarti, Kamini Mohan	14	6	Dacca ditto.
16.	" Kali Kumar* †	20	0	Chittagong ditto.
17.	" Rajkumar	18	3	Dacca ditto.
18.	" Ramani Mohan	21	0	Chittagong ditto.
19.	Chatterji, Bhudev ...	24	6	Hooghly ditto.
20.	" Dakshina Ranjan*	19	11	Hooghly ditto.
21.	" Purna Chandra	18	8	Hooghly ditto.
22.	Chatteraj, Hrishikes	18	11	Hooghly ditto.
23.	Chaudhuri, Manomohan	18	6	Chittagong ditto.
24.	" Nalini Kanta*	18	10	Calcutta ditto.
25.	Das, Arjun Chandra	18	0	Chittagong ditto.
26.	" Baikuntha Nath*	20	10	Calcutta ditto.
27.	" Bipin Bihari*	17	11	Hooghly ditto.
28.	" Girish Chandra*	19	10	Calcutta ditto.
29.	" Gopal Chandra†	19	10	Calcutta ditto.
30.	" Gangadhar*	18	2	Rangpur ditto.
31.	" Krishna Chandra*	20	0	Hooghly ditto.
32.	" Prasanna Kumar*	24	9	Rangpur ditto.
33.	" Paban Chandra*	18	9	Rangpur ditto.
34.	" Rukmini Kanta	19	10	Calcutta ditto.
35.	" Sahadeb Chandra	18	1	Calcutta ditto.
36.	" Sasi Bhushan, No. I†	21	10	Calcutta ditto.
37.	" Susil Chandra*	21	0	Chittagong ditto.
38.	Datta, Bipin Chandra	17	0	Hooghly ditto.

* Entitled to certificates of special proficiency in Drawing.

† Not passed in Manual Work.

Name of candidate.

Age.

Name of school.

FIRST GRADE—continued.

MEDIUM—concluded.

			Yrs. M.	
39.	De, Atul Chandra	...	17 10	Calcutta Training School.
40.	" Indra Kumar	...	18 9	Dacca ditto.
41.	" Sirupati	...	19 5	Hooghly ditto.
42.	Ghosh, Rajgiri	...	20 9	Rangpur ditto.
43.	Gorai, Basaki Nath	...	18 7	Hooghly ditto.
44.	Goswami, Sasadhar	...	16 10	Calcutta ditto.
45.	Gupta, Chintaramani	...	16 11	Hooghly ditto.
46.	Halder, Nagendra Nath	...	18 10	Calcutta ditto.
47.	Jana, Hem Chandra	...	16 10	Calcutta ditto.
48.	Jas, Sures Chandra	...	18 3	Hooghly ditto.
49.	Kanango, Manomohan*	...	21 0	Chittagong ditto.
50.	Khan, Gopal Chandra	...	20 5	Hooghly ditto.
51.	" Javed Ali*	...	15 4	Rangpur ditto.
52.	Khondkar, Golem Khaibar	...	16 9	Rangpur ditto.
53.	Kisku, Gopal*	...	18 0	Krishnagar C M. S. Train- ing School.
54.	Lodh, Hari Mohan	...	18 9	Dacca Training School.
55.	Majumdar, Kalipada	...	16 11	Hooghly ditto.
56.	Maiti, Dharanidhar	...	20 10	Calcutta ditto.
57.	Majumdar, Akshaykumar	...	19 0	Chittagong ditto.
58.	Mahapatra, Nil Kantha Santa*	...	18 8	Hooghly ditto.
59.	Mandal, Mrityunjay*	...	19 10	Calcutta ditto.
60.	" Momenuddin*	...	18 9	Rangpur ditto.
61.	" Purna Chandra	...	15 10	Calcutta ditto.
62.	" Prasanna Kumar	...	23 10	Calcutta ditto.
63.	" Parbati Charan	...	22 0	Hooghly ditto.
64.	" Piyaaruddin	...	23 0	Private (Rangpur).
65.	Manji, Govinda Chandra*	...	17 10	Calcutta Training School.
66.	Maizer Rahaman	...	18 8	Hooghly ditto.
67.	Mollah, Chasmatulla	...	19 9	Rangpur ditto.
68.	Muhammad, Ebadulla	...	21 9	Dacca ditto.
69.	Mukherji, Aswini Kumar	...	18 8	Hooghly ditto.
70.	" Charu Chandra	...	...	Private (Calcutta).
71.	" Gopal Chandra	...	18 10	Calcutta Training School.
72.	" Mukunda Lal	...	19 0	Hooghly ditto.
73.	" Radhika Prasad	...	16 11	Hooghly ditto.
74.	Munshi, Safat Ali*	...	16 3	Rangpur ditto.
75.	Naha, Indra Kumar*	...	21 0	Chittagong ditto.
76.	Nandi, Satis Chandra	...	17 0	Chittagong ditto.
77.	" Akshay Kumar*	...	19 0	Dacca ditto.
78.	Nayak, Gour Mohan	...	18 10	Calcutta ditto.
79.	Pahari, Upendra Nath	...	22 0	Hooghly ditto.
80.	Pal, Haladhar	...	17 0	Dacca ditto.
81.	" Radha Binod	...	19 11	Hooghly ditto.
82.	" Rakha Chandra	...	19 11	Hooghly ditto.
83.	" Sital Chandra	...	20 0	Calcutta ditto.
84.	" Sasi Bhushan	...	19 8	Hooghly ditto.
85.	Pandit, Purna Chandra*	...	22 0	Chittagong ditto.
86.	Panja, Kasipati	...	16 11	Hooghly ditto.
87.	Pramanik, Sahiruddin*	...	20 9	Rangpur ditto.
88.	Ray, Nandalal	...	18 10	Calcutta ditto.
89.	" Ramgati*†	...	18 10	Calcutta ditto.
90.	Raz, Bhupati Bhushan	...	18 5	Hooghly ditto.
91.	Sarkar, Kalipada*	...	19 10	Calcutta ditto.
92.	" Basiruddin*	...	16 3	Rangpur ditto.
93.	" Golsar Ali	...	18 6	Rangpur ditto.
94.	" Pratap Chandra	...	16 5	Hooghly ditto.
95.	" Rahimuddin*	...	17 4	Rangpur ditto.
96.	" Rohini Kanta	...	16 9	Rangpur ditto.
97.	Shaikh Golsar Hossain*	...	17 9	Rangpur ditto.
98.	Sinha, Abinas Chandra	...	16 10	Calcutta di to.

* Entitled to certificates of special proficiency in Drawing.

† Not passed in Manual Work.

Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
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FIRST GRADE—concluded.

Low.

(Arranged alphabetically)

		Yrs.	M.	
1.	Baishnab, Navadwip Chandra	16	0	Chittagong Training School.
2.	Bhattacharya, Bhujanga Bhushan...	16	3	Rangpur ditto.
3.	Biswas, Pran Nath*	21	0	Krishnagar O. M. S. Training School.
4.	Chatterji, Lalit Mohan	17	11	Hooghly Training School.
5.	Chaudhuri, Siraj-ul-Islam	18	0	Chittagong ditto.
6.	Das, Sureswar	22	0	Private (Hooghly).
7.	Govinda Chandra	18	8	Rangpur Training School.
8.	Ghoshal, Kumaris Chandra	19	10	Calcutta ditto.
9.	Goha, Abhaya Charan	19	6	Calcutta ditto.
10.	Maiti, Kalachand	17	10	Calcutta ditto.
11.	Majumdar, Prasanna Mohan*	17	1	Calcutta ditto.
12.	Rasoraj	18	11	Hooghly ditto.
13.	Janak Kumar*	23	0	Private (Chittagong).
14.	Mandal, Parbati Charan	23	10	Calcutta Training School.
15.	Manna, Beni Madhab	18	10	Calcutta ditto.
16.	Mia, Badsha	15	1	Dacca ditto.
17.	Mohanta, Phelaram Das*	16	8	Hooghly ditto.
18.	Moloh, Rajab Ali*	22	3	Rangpur ditto.
19.	Mukherji, Sambhu Nath	18	10	Calcutta ditto.
20.	Nandi, Bharat Chandra	16	0	Dacca ditto.
21.	Surat Chandra	20	0	Chittagong ditto.
22.	Saha, Bipin Chandra	16	9	Dacca ditto.
23.	Sarkar, Kamala Kanta	18	11	Hooghly ditto.
24.	Sil, Jadu Nath	20	9	Rangpur ditto.

Candidates already passed in the old course and taking up one or more new subjects—

Science, Kindergarten and art of teaching, Drill, Drawing and Manual Work.

1. Chowdhuri, Bipin Chandra* ... | 25 0 | Private (Chittagong).

Science, Kindergarten and art of teaching, Drill and Manual Work.

2. Bhattacharya, Nabin Chandra ... | ... | Private (Dacca).
3. Sikdar, Amar Chand ... | 21 0 | Ditto.

Science, Kindergarten and art of teaching and Drill.

4. Bhattacharya, Radhika Nath ... | 27 4 | Private (Rangpur).

Kindergarten and art of teaching, Drill and Manual Work.

5. Das, Sris Chandr Seal ... | 26 0 | Private (Dacca).
6. De, Asutosh ... | 26 0 | Private (Calcutta).

Kindergarten and art of teaching, Drill and Drawing.

7. Chandra, Rajendra Nath ... | ... | Private (Hooghly).

Drawing.

8. Mahapatra, Damodar ... | 23 9 | Private (Calcutta).
9. Mandal, Hrishikes* ... | 23 0 | Private (Calcutta).
10. „ Abul Majid* ... | 18 8 | Private (Rangpur)

SECOND GRADE.

High.

(Arranged alphabetically)

- | | | | | |
|----|---------------------------|----|---|--------------------------|
| 1. | Bairagi, Situ Nath | 15 | 3 | Rangpur Training School. |
| 2. | Chakravarti, Hara Nath | 19 | 0 | Chittagong ditto. |
| 3. | „ Krishna Kamal | 19 | 0 | Dacca ditto. |
| 4. | Chatterji, Bhupendra Nath | 19 | 0 | Calcutta ditto. |

* Entitled to certificates of special proficiency in Drawing.

Name of candidate.

Age.

Name of school.

SECOND GRADE—continued.

HIGH—concluded.

			YRS.	M.	
5.	Das, Madhu Sudan ...	...	19	0	Rangpur Training School.
6.	" Khagendra Nath, No. I ...	...	15	2	Rangpur ditto.
7.	Kayal, Upendra Nath ...	...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
8.	Khanra, Abinas Chandra ...	...	17	8	Calcutta ditto.
9.	Kongar, Narendra Nath ...	...	17	6	Calcutta ditto.
10.	Lodh, Sarat Chandra ...	...	17	10	Chittagong ditto.
11.	Malo, Tara Chand ...	...	17	8	Dacca ditto.
12.	Mridha, Hayet-ulla ...	...	15	11	Rangpur ditto.
13.	Mukherji, Pramatha Nath ...	...	17	0	Calcutta ditto.
14.	Pal, Surendra Narayan ...	...	15	8	Calcutta ditto.
15.	Pradhan, Trilochan ...	...	19	11	Calcutta ditto.
16.	Pramanik, Lalit Chandra ...	...	16	2	Rangpur ditto.
17.	Saha, Jiban Krishna ...	...	15	2	Chittagong ditto.
18.	Sen, Kamini Manjan ...	...	16	0	Chittagong ditto.

MEDIUM.

Arranged alphabetically.)

1.	Acharya, Satis Chandra ...	...	18	11	Hooghly Training School.
2.	Akram Uddin ...	...	18	2	Chittagong ditto.
3.	Aich, Prasanna Chandra ...	...	19	9	Dacca ditto.
4.	Ali, Basarat ...	...	15	8	Dacca ditto.
5.	" Muhammad Azam ...	...	20	0	Dacca ditto.
6.	" Yakub ...	...	17	11	Chittagong ditto.
7.	" Moula ...	...	15	3	Rangpur ditto.
8.	Abdul Jabbar ...	...	16	7	Dacca ditto.
9.	Banerji, Prabodh Chandra ...	...	16	0	Calcutta ditto.
10.	" Sarojaksha ...	...	17	8	Hooghly ditto.
11.	" Satya Kiukar ...	...	15	3	Hooghly ditto.
12.	Baroj, Bhagaban Chandra ...	...	18	1	Chittagong ditto.
13.	Bhattacharya, Harendra Kumar ...	...	17	3	Dacca ditto.
14.	" Hara Charan ...	...	20	0	Private (Chittagong).
15.	" Jatindra Mohan, No. 2 ...	...	18	11	Hooghly Training School.
16.	Bhaumik, Nakshatra Kumar ...	...	17	11	Chittagong ditto.
17.	" Rajani Kanta ...	...	17	0	Chittagong ditto.
18.	" Satis Chandra ...	...	20	4	Rangpur ditto.
19.	Bhuniya, Abdul Kader ...	...	22	2	Dacca ditto.
20.	Biswas, Bishunpada ...	...	16	8	Hooghly ditto.
21.	" Barkat Ulla ...	...	18	1	Rangpur ditto.
22.	" Hriday Chandra ...	...	22	0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
23.	Chakravarti, Harendra Nath ...	...	16	2	Hooghly Training School.
24.	" Karuna Chandra ...	...	18	10	Dacca ditto.
25.	" Siti Kantha ...	...	18	5	Calcutta ditto.
26.	" Sarat Chandra ...	...	16	0	Chittagong ditto.
27.	" Tarini Charan ...	...	16	9	Dacca ditto.
28.	Chatterji, Janaki Nath ...	...	19	8	Calcutta ditto.
29.	Chaudhuri, Bhairab Chandra ...	...	21	0	Calcutta ditto.
30.	" Kritibas ...	...	18	8	Calcutta ditto.
31.	" Charu Chandra ...	...	21	0	Hooghly ditto.
32.	" Lal Bihari ...	...	16	4	Rangpur ditto.
33.	Dan, Harendra Lal ...	...	17	2	Hooghly ditto.
34.	Das, Ananta Kumar ...	...	15	8	Dacca ditto.
35.	" Bisweswar ...	...	16	0	Dacca ditto.
36.	" Hara Kanta ...	...	17	8	Calcutta ditto.
37.	" Tarini Charan ...	...	18	5	Calcutta ditto.
38.	" Nabin Chandra ...	...	15	10	Rangpur ditto.
39.	Datta, Rasbihari ...	...	25	7	Hooghly ditto.
40.	De, Baikuntha Nath ...	...	18	8	Hooghly ditto.
41.	" Jagat Bandhu ...	...	17	0	Chittagong ditto.
42.	" Sarat Chandra ...	...	16	2	Chittagong ditto.
43.	Dinda, Bhuban Mohan ...	...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.

Name of candidate.

Age.

Name of school.

SECOND GRADE—continued.

MEDIUM—concluded.

			Yrs. m.		
44.	Ghosh, Aparna Charan	...	21	0	Chittagong Training School.
45.	" Jamuna Bihari	...	18	5	Calcutta ditto.
46.	" Radha Sundar	...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
47.	" Lakshmi Kanta	...	16	7	Dacca ditto.
48.	Gorai, Jogi Ranjan	...	18	11	Hooghly ditto.
49.	Goswami, Brajendra Gir	...	18	10	Rangpur ditto.
50.	Kaviraj, Hara Govinda	...	18	5	Hooghly ditto.
51.	Kor, Jatindra Chandra	...	19	8	Hooghly ditto.
52.	Kundu, Khudiram	...	16	10	Hooghly ditto.
53.	Lodh, Nisi Chandra	...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
54.	Maiti, Bibhu Bilas	...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
55.	" Jatindra Nath	...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
56.	" Kshetra Mohan	...	18	9	Private (Calcutta).
57.	Majumdar, Aswini Kumar	...	19	0	Chittagong Training School.
58.	" Gagan Chandra	...	22	0	Chittagong ditto.
59.	" Kamini Kumar	...	16	0	Chittagong ditto.
60.	" Kali Charan	...	20	0	Private (Chittagong).
61.	" Debendra Chandra	...	18	0	Dacca Training School.
62.	" Sasadhar	...	18	11	Hooghly ditto.
63.	Mandal, Ala Buksh	...	16	4	Rangpur ditto.
64.	" Abbas Ali	...	18	3	Rangpur ditto.
65.	" Jahiruddin	...	20	4	Rangpur ditto.
66.	" Kalipada	...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
67.	" Sitaram	...	19	7	Hooghly ditto.
68.	" Taran Chandra	...	18	0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
69.	Mean, Wazuddin	...	23	9	Calcutta Training School.
70.	Mitra, Gurupada	...	17	8	Calcutta ditto.
71.	Mollah, Manikulla	...	20	10	Rangpur ditto.
72.	Mredha, Akram Ali	...	18	2	Chittagong ditto.
73.	" Hossein Ali	...	15	0	Rangpur ditto.
74.	Muhammad Ibrahim	...	18	7	Dacca ditto.
75.	Mukherji, Abinas Chandra	...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
76.	" Satkari	...	17	11	Hooghly ditto.
77.	Naskar, Bhola Nath	...	18	6	Calcutta ditto.
78.	" Haran Chandra	...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
79.	Pal, Nanda Kumar	...	17	0	Hooghly ditto.
80.	Pan, Binod Bihari	...	18	11	Hooghly ditto.
81.	" Panchanan	...	17	5	Hooghly ditto.
82.	Pandit, Bahu Ballabh	...	16	10	Hooghly ditto.
83.	" Hriday Nath	...	21	0	Calcutta ditto.
84.	Pradhan, Bipin Bihari	...	21	9	Private (Calcutta).
85.	Pramanik, Matilal	...	19	0	Calcutta Training School.
86.	" Rati Kanta	...	16	2	Dacca ditto.
87.	Ray, Pasupati Nath	...	16	0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
88.	Saha, Natabar	...	16	8	Hooghly Training School.
89.	" Prahlad Charan	...	20	0	Calcutta ditto.
90.	Sahu, Srinath Chandra	...	18	0	Calcutta ditto.
91.	Samanta, Saday Charan	...	18	0	Calcutta ditto.
92.	Sarma, Kali Kumar	...	19	0	Chittagong ditto.
93.	" Pyari Mohan	...	19	2	Chittagong ditto.
94.	Sarker, Ananta Mohan	...	19	8	Dacca ditto.
95.	" Bipin Chandra	...	15	0	Chittagong ditto.
96.	" Patit Chandra	...	16	4	Rangpur ditto.
97.	" Safat Ulla	...	19	8	Rangpur ditto.
98.	" Jatadhari	...	18	0	Hooghly ditto.
99.	Sen, Prabodh Chandra	...	15	0	Chittagong ditto.
100.	" Upendra Kumar	...	15	2	Chittagong ditto.
101.	Sheikh, Hasrat	...	20	2	Rangpur ditto.
102.	" Anwar Uddin	...	16	8	Dacca ditto.
103.	Seal, Haris Chandra	...	18	6	Chittagong ditto.
104.	Sinha, Nani Gopal	...	16	4	Rangpur ditto.

Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
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SECOND GRADE—concluded.

Low.

(Arranged alphabetically).

		YRS. M.	
1. Ali, Syed Matasam	20 0	Hooghly Training School.
2. " Asab ...	...	20 1	Private (Dacca).
3. " Yusuf ...	...	15 10	Dacca Training School.
4. Banerji, Debi Prasad ...	...	16 5	Hooghly ditto.
5. Basu, Giris Chandra ...	...	16 3	Dacca ditto.
6. Bhattacharya, Indra Narayan ...	...	19 5	Calcutta ditto.
7. " Santosh Chandra ...	...	16 8	Calcutta ditto.
8. Bhunyah, Aditya Charan ...	...	16 8	Calcutta ditto.
9. Chakravarti, Joges Chandra ...	...	17 3	Dacca ditto.
10. " Aparna Charan ...	...	16 0	Chittagong ditto.
11. " Ambika Charan ...	...	18 1	Chittagong ditto.
12. " Bipin Chandra ...	...	20 4	Rangpur ditto.
13. Chatterji, Nagendra Nath ...	...	19 8	Calcutta ditto.
14. Das, Nil Kanta ...	...	18 6	Calcutta ditto.
15. " Srinath Chandra ...	...	18 5	Calcutta ditto.
16. " Pran Krishna ...	...	16 8	Calcutta ditto.
17. " Giris Chandra† ...	...	16 3	Dacca ditto.
18. " Dharani Kanta ...	...	18 0	Dacca ditto.
19. " Surjya Kumar ...	...	18 8	Chittagong ditto.
20. " Giris Chandra ...	...	16 0	Chittagong ditto.
21. " Jnan Chandra ...	...	17 10	Rangpur ditto.
22. " Gupta, Satis Chandra ...	...	18 0	Calcutta ditto.
23. Datta, Jamini Ranjan ...	...	16 8	Chittagong ditto.
24. De, Hazendra Chandra ...	...	20 0	Hooghly ditto.
25. " Rajkumar ...	...	17 0	Chittagong ditto.
26. " Nirod Kanti ...	...	16 8	Chittagong ditto.
27. Ganguli, Amulyaratna ...	...	17 8	Calcutta ditto.
28. Ghosh, Joges Chandra ...	...	15 5	Dacca ditto.
29. Jaa, Sures Chandra ...	...	18 8	Hooghly ditto.
30. Mean, Tariq ...	...	18 8	Chittagong ditto.
31. Mollah, Mozam ...	...	16 8	Calcutta ditto.
32. Mukherji, Anukul Chandra ...	...	18 8	Private (Hooghly).
33. Nandi, Gopeswar ...	...	16 5	Hooghly Training School.
34. Nath, Mahendra Chandra ...	...	18 0	Dacca ditto.
35. Pramanik, Molzahr Ali ...	...	16 5	Rangpur ditto.
36. Saha, Nandiram ...	...	16 4	Rangpur ditto.
37. Sahu, Gati Govinda ...	...	17 0	Private (Calcutta).
38. Sarma, Krishna Sundar ...	...	21 0	Chittagong Training School.
39. Yakub, Abu Muhammad ...	...	21 0	Dacca ditto.

† Not passed in Manual Work.

CALCUTTA,

The 20th March 1906.

V. H. JACKSON,

Assistant Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

VERNACULAR MASTERSHIP EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1905.

PATNA, BHAGALPUR AND CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISIONS.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the Vernacular Mastership Examination held in December 1905.

Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
FIRST GRADE.		
HIGH.		
<i>(Arranged in order of Merit.)</i>		
	Yrs. m.	
1. Raja Sinha*	18 6	Patna Training School.
2. Lakshmi Sinha*	16 7	Do. ditto.
3. Bhupal Sahu*	17 7	Do. ditto.
MEDIUM.		
<i>(Arranged alphabetically.)</i>		
1. Abdul Gani*	17 6	Patna Training School.
2. Chaubey, Jhinguri*	19 6	Do. ditto.
3. Ho Banamali*	21 1	Ranchi ditto.
4. Jha, Ram Charitra*	18 1	Patna ditto.
5. Kumar, Bedanand*	16 11	Do. ditto.
6. Lal, Indradeo	18 4	Do. ditto.
7. " Syam Sandart	21 2	Head-Pandit, Aghar M.E.
8. Maharaj, Mahabir	16 2	Ranchi Training School.
9. Misra, Niranjana*	19 9	Patna ditto.
10. Pande, Dindayal	17 11	Ranchi ditto.
11. Prasad, Gauri*	19 9	Do. ditto.
12. " Kamta*	16 11	Patna ditto.
13. Ram, Ramdas*	21 7	Do. ditto.
14. " Chhatu*	17 0	Ranchi ditto.
15. " Ram Prasad	15 2	Do. ditto.
16. Singh, Syama	19 2	Do. ditto.
17. Sinha, Baikuntha*	18 2	Patna ditto.
18. " Durga	16 9	Do. ditto.
19. " Har Prasad	17 10	Do. ditto.
Low.		
<i>(Arranged alphabetically.)</i>		
1. Mahto, Lakshman*	20 0	Patna Training School.
2. Ram, Amir Chand	19 6	Do. ditto.
<i>Candidates already passed in the old course and taking up one or more new subjects.</i>		
<i>Science, Kindergarten and Art of Teaching, Drill and Manual Work.</i>		
1. Pandey, Kesho	23 0	Head-Master, Khizirsari M. V. School.
<i>Science, Kindergarten and Art of Teaching, Drawing, Drill and Manual Work.</i>		
2. Rajak Budhan ... ..	...	Assistant Master, Patna Government Middle School.
<i>Drawing, Drill, Manual Work.</i>		
Naubat Lal	35 0	Head-Master, Simri M. V. School.
<i>Science and Drill.</i>		
Sinha, Govinda Prasad	25 0	Head Pandit, Bhabna M. E. School.
<i>Drill and Manual Work.</i>		
Mahabir Ram	30 0	Head Guru, Buxar Jubilee U. P. School.

* Entitled to Certificates of Special Proficiency in Drawing.

† Not passed in Manual Work.

Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
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SECOND GRADE.

HIGH.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

		Yrs. M.	
1. Chaubey, Gopinath	...	21 1	Patna Training School.
2. Lal, Deoki Nandan	...	13 10	Ranchi ditto.
3. Ram, Ram Sarup	...	17 10	Motihari ditto.
4. " Pram	...	14 2	Ranchi ditto.
5. Ray, Ram Sahay	...	15 0	Patna ditto.
6. " Sital	...	17 3	Do. ditto.
7. Tewari, Shew Nandan	...	16 1	Motihari ditto.

MEDIUM.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

1. Abdul Rahman, No. I	...	19 9	Patna Training School.
2. " Rahman, No. II	...	16 2	Do. ditto.
3. Ali, Dilwar	...	17 2	Do. ditto.
4. Dayal, Jogeswar	...	16 1	Ranchi ditto.
5. Gowala, Sona	...	14 5	Do. ditto.
6. Ho, Parmo	...	17 2	Do. ditto.
7. Kailaspeti	...	17 1	Patna ditto.
8. Khan, Neyamat	...	18 2	Ranchi ditto.
9. Kumar, Aklu	...	16 1	Motihari ditto.
10. Lal, Ambika	...	18 1	Do. ditto.
11. " Deo Narayan	...	23 0	Assistant Guru, Medinimal Upper Primary School.
12. " Dhanudhari	...	15 9	Ranchi Training School.
13. " Garakh	...	17 6	Motihari ditto.
14. " Ram Kripal	...	17 9	Patna ditto.
15. Mahto, Bawanath	...	16 8	Do. ditto.
16. " Tulsi	...	16 4	Do. ditto.
17. Minj, Nahe Miah	...	16 11	Ranchi ditto.
18. Misir, Indrasan	...	20 1	Motihari ditto.
19. Misra, Dwarka Prasad	...	20 3	Patna ditto.
20. " Meksudan	...	18 3	Do. ditto.
21. " Ramker	...	17 0	Guru, Mahila Lower Primary School.
22. " Sripal	...	20 1	Patna Training School.
23. Muhammad Amiruddin	...	15 10	Do. ditto.
24. " Umar	...	15 3	Do. ditto.
25. " Manzur Zaman	...	18 1	Do. ditto.
26. Pande, Mahatma	...	17 4	Motihari ditto.
27. " Ram Sakal	...	19 10	Do. ditto.
28. Pathak, Mahesh	...	17 2	Ranchi ditto.
29. Prasad, Baldeo	...	18 2	Patna ditto.
30. " Satya Narayan	...	17 1	Motihari ditto.
31. " Shukla	...	16 0	Do. ditto.
32. Ram, Bansi	...	14 7	Ranchi ditto.
33. " Chirkut	...	19 10	Patna ditto.
34. " Jadu	...	17 5	Do. ditto.
35. " Kalika	...	17 1	Do. ditto.
36. " Ki-hun	...	17 7	Ranchi ditto.
37. Ray, Lalit	...	18 11	Patna ditto.
38. " Ram Newaz	...	17 1	Do. ditto.
39. " Sahadeo	...	22 1	Do. ditto.
40. Sinha, Awadh Bihari	...	18 7	Do. ditto.
41. " Jageswar	...	17 3	Do. ditto.
42. " Parmanand	...	24 2	Do. ditto.
43. " Ram Lakhan...	...	19 2	Do. ditto.
44. " Rambrat	...	16 10	Do. ditto.
45. " Suraj Nath	...	15 8	Do. ditto.
46. Soren, Kishun	...	18 2	Ranchi ditto.
47. Tewari, Rama Kanta	...	17 11	Do. ditto.
48. Upadhyaya, Ram Dutt	...	18 8	Do. ditto.

Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
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SECOND GRADE.

Low.

(Arrange Alphabetically.)

				Yrs.	M.	
1.	Jha, Awdhi	20	0	Motihari Training School.
2.	Lal, Jai Prakash	...	...	29	0	2nd Pandit, Sitamarhi Guru-Training School.
3.	Lal, Nand Behari	...	...	17	1	Patna Training School.
4.	Mukhopadhyaya, Basishtha	...	...	17	2	Ranchi Training School.
5.	Prasad, Mahendra	...	...	20	2	Patna ditto.
6.	Prasad, Rajendra	...	...	28	10	Head-Master, Kamtaul Middle Vernacular School.
7.	Ram, Kasi	...	...	16	0	Patna Training School.
8.	„ Panch Kauri	...	...	18	2	Ranchi ditto.

CALCUTTA,
The 20th March 1905.

V. H. JACKSON,

Assistant Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICE

It is ordered that the following Rules and Orders of the High Court of Judicature at Fort St. George, Bengal, to take effect from the 1st day of March 1906:—

It is ordered—

That Rule 16 be repealed,

and the following Rule be substituted therefor:—
 "Rule 16.—When office copies of depositions of witnesses examined in any suit or proceeding before the Court or a Judge are required for the purposes of an appeal, a fair copy of every such deposition shall be settled by the officer by whom the same may have been taken down, and all office copies shall be made from the fair copy so settled."

That Rule 530, Belchambars' Rules and Orders, be amended by adding thereto after the words "shall be done by the Registrar" the words "or by the Master".

FRANCIS W. MACLEAN.

CHUNDER M. GHOSH.

R. F. RAMPINI.

S. G. SALE.

R. HARRINGTON.

J. PRATT.

C. W. M. BRETT.

H. L. STEPHEN.

FRANK BODILLY.

SARADA CHARAN MITRA.

B. G. GRIDT.

F. E. PARGITER.

JOHN G. WOODROFFE.

ABUTOSH MOOKERJEE.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

NOTICE No. 1779B.

In supersession of the notice No. 8089B, dated the 8th November 1905, issued by the Board, the following revised notice is published for general information:—

It is hereby notified, for the information of Salt Merchants and dealers in salt, that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor having been pleased to direct that the Salt Rowana system, which is now in force under Act VII (B.C.) of 1864, will cease to exist from the 1st April 1906. No rowana will be issued by the Board after the 31st March 1906.

2. The abolition of the rowana system will not affect the validity of rowanas issued on or before the 31st of March 1906, the periods of which have not expired, and such pending rowanas will be treated as certificates granted by the Collector of Customs, Calcutta, in respect of the salt covered by such rowanas.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary.*

MIS. REV. DEPT., SALT (ROWANA) BRANCH, CALCUTTA, the 17th March 1906.

NOTIFICATION No. 1827B.

The Central Distillery at Berhampur, in the district of Murshidabad, will be abolished with effect from the 1st April 1906. It is hereby notified, under the provisions of the Bengal Excise Act, VII of 1878, that from and after that date, within the following limits of the district of Murshidabad, no spirituous liquors manufactured after the native process shall be sold without

THE HON'BLE MR. F. A. SLACKER, I.C.S.

a license from the Collector of Murshid
spirituous liquors be manufactured:—

shall be constructed or worked or

Northern boundary—The Sonthal Parganas, Malda and Rajshahi districts.

Western boundary—Birbhum and the Bardhaman Parganas districts.

Southern boundary—Burdwan district.

Eastern boundary—Nadia and Rajshahi districts.

This cancels notification, dated the 26th February 1890, published at page 198, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th March 1890.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary*.

MIS. REV. DEPT., EXCISE BRANCH, CALCUTTA, the 20th March 1906.

NOTIFICATION NO. 1780B.

It is hereby notified for general information that, in consequence of the abolition of the Salt Rowana system in Bengal, the Board are pleased to cancel, with effect from the 1st April 1906, the following returns and rules contained in their Salt Manual, 1903:—

I.—Returns VS, VIIS, XVS and XVIIIS in Section VII, Rule 1, pages 75—77, and references to returns VS and VIIS in Rule 2 of the section at page 78 of the Salt Manual.

Rules 1 and 6 in Section XIII, pages 93-94 of the Salt Manual.

II.—The following notifications issued by the Board are also hereby cancelled with effect from the 1st April 1906:—

NOTIFICATION.	Published in the <i>Calcutta Gazette</i> , Part I.		Extent of rescission.	Subject of notifications.
	Date	Page		
I.—Notification dated the 20th June 1893.	June 21st, 1893	548	The whole	Authorising the Collector of Tippera and the Subdivisional Officer of Chandpur to issue special rowanas for transport of salt to Nakhali.
II.—Notification No. 1770B, dated the 14th October 1897.	October 20th, 1897.	1811	Ditto	Grant of special rowanas for clearing salt in Hackergunge.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary*.

MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE DEPARTMENT, SALT BRANCH, CALCUTTA, the 17th March 1906.

NOTIFICATION No. 1828B.

THE Central Distillery at Mahangunj, in kiamat Bejjara, in the district of Jessore, will be abolished with effect from the 1st April 1906. It is hereby notified, under the provisions of the Bengal Excise Act, VII of 1878, that from and after that date, within the following limits of the district of Jessore, no spirituous liquors manufactured after the native process shall be sold without a license from the Collector of Jessore, and no still shall be constructed or worked or spirituous liquors be manufactured:—

Northern boundary—Nadia and Faridpur districts.

Western boundary—Nadia district.

Southern boundary—24-Parganas and Khulna districts.

Eastern boundary—Gorai river and Faridpur district.

This cancels notification, dated the 17th March 1890, published at pages 218-19, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary*.

MIS. REV. DEPT., EXCISE BRANCH, CALCUTTA, the 20th March 1906.

NOTIFICATION No. 1829B.

THE Central Distillery at Khulna, in the district of Khulna, will be abolished with effect from the 1st April 1906. It is hereby notified, under the provisions of the Bengal Excise Act, VII of 1878, that from and after that date, within the following limits of the district of Khulna, no spirituous liquors manufactured after the native process shall be sold without a license from

the Collector of Khulna, and no still shall be constructed or worked or spirituous liquors be manufactured:—

Northern boundary—Jessore and Faridpur districts.

Western boundary—24 Pargannas district.

Southern boundary—The Sunderbans and the Bay of Bengal.

Eastern boundary—Faridpur and Backergunge districts.

This cancels notification, dated the 18th March 1890, published at page 219, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary*.

Mrs. REV. DEPT., EXCISE BRANCH, CALCUTTA, the 20th March 1906.

No. 1297B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1903-1904, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2 Bankshall Street, on Tuesday, the 3rd April 1906, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,400 chests, viz.—

	Chests.
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory, consisting of	2,200
Ditto at the Ghazipur Factory, consisting of	2,200
Total	4,400

2nd.—The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the notification issued on the 28th November 1905, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3rd.—The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 18th April 1906, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room will be received after 3-30 P.M. of Monday, the 9th April 1906, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 P.M. of Wednesday, the 18th April 1906.

4th.—In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of the opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazipur Factories will be brought to sale between the sale now advertised and December next on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

DATE.	Manufactured at the Patna Factory; about chests.	Manufactured at the Ghazipur Factory; about chests.	Total; about chests.
On or about Tuesday, 1st May 1906 ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 5th June " ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 3rd July " ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 7th August " ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 4th September " ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Monday, 8th October " ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 6th November " ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 4th December " ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
Total ...	17,600	17,600	35,200

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., CALCUTTA, the 20th February 1906.

Statement showing the quantity of salt (private property) in bonded warehouses and afloat on the river Hooghly on the 28th day of February 1906, and transactions during the half-month from the 16th to the 28th February 1906.

IN BONDED WAREHOUSES IN CALCUTTA.						TRANSACTIONS DURING HALF-MONTH FROM THE 16TH TO THE 28TH FEBRUARY 1906, INCLUSIVE.			
DESCRIPTION OF SALT.	Govt in Sulka golas.	Dock in Kidder pore cranes.		Quant in Mds.	Gross in Mds.	Quantity on w/ has been paid.	Manifested arrived in Calcutta.	Deliveries from shipboard for consumption and for inland bonded ware- houses.	Deliveries from bonded warehouses for consump- tion and for inland bond- ed warehouses.
United Kingdom— Liverpool and other Panga salt.	Mds. 73,737	Mds. 1,42,950	Mds. 2,16,687	Mds. 16,035	Mds. 2,32,722	Mds. 1,37,025	Mds. 1,96,980	Mds. 58,645	Mds. 1,30,190
Other European countries— Hamburg Bremen salt ...	1,300	.....	1,300	1,05,926	1,07,286	19,800	1,12,344	.....	.....
Do. rock salt ...	12,209	8,378	20,587	.....	20,597	.....	150	.....	.....
Port Said salt ...	1,24,315	20,550	1,44,865	.....	1,44,865	960	1,114	7,600	2,250
Aden and Kou ben— Aden salt ...	2,80,174	91,200	3,71,474	.....	3,71,474	44,600	3,093	33,730	35,920
Salif salt ...	3,32,550	23,181	3,55,740	7,922	3,53,362	70,420	1,74,222	32,000	30,020
Do. rock salt ...	12,950	.....	12,950	.....	12,950	200	.....	.....	200
Kawayah salt ...	76,122	.....	76,122	.....	76,122	4,200	.....	.....	4,378
Muscat and Persian Guli— Muscat, Lingah and Hanjam salt.	15,780	19,684	35,464	.....	35,464	2,410	.....	.....	2,400
Ditto ditto rock salt	1,044	.....	1,044	.....	1,044	.....	.....	.....	.....
British India— Bombay salt ...	1,64,166	4,678	1,68,842	.....	1,68,842	16,543*	.....	.....	21,466
Madras salt ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Coconada salt ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vizagapatam salt ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other places— Madagascar salt ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	10,84,411	3,10,724	13,05,135	1,29,783	15,24,918	2,96,138	4,86,905	1,96,975	2,52,233
Written off during the half-month—						Mds.			
Wastage in private golas ...					.....	Nil			
Ditto in Sulka golas ...					.....	1,811			
Ditto in Kidderpore Dock golas ...					.....	3,411			
Abandoned and destroyed ...					.....	244			
* This quantity includes 16,037 maunds 10 seers Bombay Karkach salt on which duty was paid at Bombay									
In transit—						Mds.			
Hamburg salt ...					.....	5,000			
Salif salt ...					.....	7,440			
Aden salt ...					.....	833			

* This quantity includes 16,037 maunds 10 seers Bombay Karkach salt on which duty was paid at Bombay

In transit—						Mds.
Hamburg salt ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,000
Salif salt ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,440
Aden salt ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	835

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

L. F. MORSHEAD,

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 9th March 1906.

Collector of Customs.

ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that a general election of the Commissioner of the Kurseong Municipality, in the district of Darjeeling, under section 21 of the Bengal Municipal Act, will be held on Thursday, the 5th April 1906.

D. J. MACPHERSON, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BHAGALPUR, the 3rd March 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that at a bye-election held on Saturday, the 3rd March 1906, in Ward No. 1 of the South Dum-Dum Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, Mr. S. M. Bose, M.A. (Cambridge), was duly elected to be a Commissioner of that Ward in the place of Mr. A. M. Bose, resigned.

E. W. COLLIN, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 19th March 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that at a bye-election held on the 3rd March 1906, in Ward No. I of the Kushtea Municipality, in the district of Nadia, Babu Bidu Bhushan Mazumdar was duly elected as Commissioner for that Ward, *vice* Babu Durga Das Bannerjee, resigned.

AMRITA LAL MUKHERJI, *Peral. Asst., for Commr., on tour.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 17th March 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

In supersession of the notification dated the 18th January 1906, published at page 133, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th idem, it is hereby notified for general information that the next general election of the Commissioners of the Bhadreswar Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, under the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, as modified up to 1st November 1898, will be held on Saturday, the 28th April 1906.

N. L. BAGCHI, *Persl. Asst., for Commr., on tour.*

BURDWAN COMM'R.'S OFFICE, CHINSURA, the 16th March 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been elected, under section 9 of the Local Self-Government Act, III (B.O.) of 1885, at the recent general elections to be members of the Local Boards in the district of Jessore, representing the thanas noted against each:—

Name of Local Board.	Name of thana.	Name of person elected.
Sadar	Bagharpara	Dabu Sita Nath Mukherjee.
	Changatcha outpost	" Hemendra Prosad Ghose.
	Nawapara outpost	" Kali Das Mittra.
	Kaligunj	(1) Munshi Zahur Ali.
Magura	(Salikha outpost	(2) " Abdul Rasid.
	Magura, including Sripur	Babu Amrita Lal Baxi.
	outpost.	Munshi Mahomed Omed Molla.
		Babu Raboti Kanta Sarkar.
Jhenidah	Jhenidah	" Kailash Chandra Dutt.
	Harinakundu	Munshi Sitabuddin.
Narail		Babu Manmatha Nath Roy.
	Lohagorah	(1) Babu Bhuban Mohan Bannerjee.
	Kalia	(2) " Raj Kumar Bannerjee.
		Babu Jnanoda Kanta Das Gupta.

AMRITA LAL MUKHERJI, *Persl. Asst., for Commissioner on tour.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 17th March 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed, under Rule 21 (b) of the Rules relating to Charitable Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, to be members of the Committee for the management of the Barabazar Dispensary, in the district of Malbhhum:—

1.	H. Mathewson, Esq.	...	Chairman.
2.	W. Rattray, Esq.	...	
3.	Sub-Registrar, Barabazar	...	
4.	Senior Sub-Inspector of Police, Barabazar	...	} <i>Ex-officio</i>
5.	Babu Jiban Krishna Mukherjee	...	
6.	" Akhil Chandra Sen	...	} <i>Members.</i>
7.	" Chandi Charan Sinha Modak	...	
8.	" Hazarimal Marwari	...	
9.	" Braja Nath Koyari	...	... <i>Secretary.</i>

E. A. GAIT, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, RANCHI, the 12th March 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that under Rule 21 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the Management of Charitable Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, Babu Khirode Nath Banerjee has been appointed a member of the Managing Committee of the Midnapore Charitable Dispensary, in the district of Midnapore, *viz* Babu Bhuban Chander Banerji, deceased.

E. H. WALSH, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 14th March 1906.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 21 (b) of the Dispensary Manual, Babu Surendra Nurain Roy has been appointed a member of the Committee for the Management of the Charitable Dispensary at Maharpur in the district of Nadia.

M. W. COLLIN, *Commissioner.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

DNESDAY, MARCH 21; 1906.

PART I A.

[Reprinted from the "Gazette of India" of 3rd March 1906.]

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

ACCOUNTS, ETC.
PUBLIC DEBT.

Calcutta, the 1st March 1906.

No. 1870 A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Indian Securities Act, 1886 (XIII of 1886), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following proviso be added to rule 4 of the rules published with the Resolution of the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 96, dated the 7th January 1888, as amended by the Notification of the Government of India in that Department, No. 4870 A., dated the 10th September 1902, namely:—

Provided that in the case of receipts for payment of interest on Government Promissory Notes made at a Presidency Bank, the provisions of sub-rules (2) and (3) shall not be enforced unless it is specially so directed by the officer making the payment.

W. S. MEYER,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[Reprinted from the "Gazette of India" of 17th March 1906.]

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Calcutta, the 16th March 1906.

No. 563.—Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Charles, M.D., F.R.C.S.I., I.M.S. (Bengal), Professor of Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and *ex-officio* Surgeon to the College Hospital, is granted privilege leave for fourteen days, with furlough out of India for eleven months and sixteen days in continuation, with effect from the 20th March 1906.

No. 564.—With effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties, Major R. Bird, M.D., F.R.C.S., C.I.E., I.M.S. (Bengal), is appointed to officiate as Professor of Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and *ex-officio* Surgeon to the College Hospital, during the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Charles, M.D., F.R.C.S.I., I.M.S. (Bengal), or until further orders.

JUDICIAL.

The 18th March 1906.

No. 553.—The Hon'ble Mr. P. O'Kinealy, Advocate-General for Bengal, is granted leave of absence on medical certificate for seven months and three days, with effect from the 29th March 1906.

No. 358.—Mr. E. W. Ormond, Barrister-at-Law, took his seat as an Officiating Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the 2nd March 1906.

No. 361.—In supersession of the Home Department Notifications, noted on the margin, which are hereby cancelled, the Governor-General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of the High Courts Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 104), section 7, to appoint Mr. O. P. Casperas, i.c.s., to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, with effect from the date on which the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Pargiter, i.c.s., relinquishes charge of his office, and until further orders.

The Home Department Notification No. 278, dated the 27th February 1906, regarding the grant of furlough to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Geidt, i.c.s., is also cancelled.

The 15th March 1906.

No. 391.—The Hon'ble the Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal has appointed Mr. R. L. Ross, of the Indian Civil Service, to officiate as Registrar on the Appellate Side of the Court, with effect from the afternoon of the 15th March 1906, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. A. P. Muddiman, or until further orders.

POLICE.

The 15th March 1906.

No. 332.—The services of Mr. R. S. F. Macrae, Assistant Superintendent of Police, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

The 16th March 1906.

No. 337.—The services of Mr. H. A. Reilly, Superintendent of Police, Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 17th March 1906.

No. 11361.C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

Babu Moti Lal Ganguli, Treasurer and Accountant in the Foreign Department of the Government of India and Treasurer to the Prince of Wales during His Royal Highness's visit to India, 1905-06.

Assistant Surgeon Hira Lal Basu, i.m.s., Senior Demonstrator, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, and Assistant Surgeon on the Staff of the Prince of Wales, during His Royal Highness's visit to India, 1905-06.

L. W. DANE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, are republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Calcutta, the 15th March 1906.

No. 2013.—Mr. G. Rainy, of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to officiate as Under-Secretary in the Department of Commerce and Industry, with effect from the 5th April, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. J. Campbell, or until further orders.

COTTON DUTIES.

The 17th March 1906.

No. 2080—3.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 36 of the Cotton Duties Act, 1896 (II of 1896), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the Forms to the Rules Government of 1st February 1896, as amended by Notification No. 2429-S. R., dated the 29th May 1899.

FORM A.

Particulars of all cotton goods produced at

Mill during the period beginning
190 .

and ending

Description of goods. (1)	ISSUED OUT OF THE PREMISES.		Real value.	Deduction claimed under section 19 of account of quantity warehoused in lbs.	Deduction claimed under section 19 on account of quantity exported, in lbs.	Balance on which duty is now leviable.
	Weight, lbs.	Yards or dozens.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Part I.—Grey and bleached piece goods.						
[To be reported in lbs. and yards and bleached to be distinguished from grey goods.]						
1. Chadars						
2. Dhuties						
3. Drills and Jeans						
4. Cambrics and Lawns						
5. Printers						
6. T cloth, Domestics and Sheetings						
7. Shirtings and longcloth						
8. Tent cloth						
9. Other sorts						
Part II.—Coloured Piecegoods.						
[To be reported in lbs. and yards.]						
1. Chadars						
2. Lungis and Dhuties						
3. Drills and Jeans						
4. Greys-dyed						
5. Coloured striped saris and Susis						
6. Cotton tweeds and checks						
7. Other sorts						
Part III.—Grey and coloured goods other than Piecegoods.						
[To be reported in lbs. and dozens, and grey, coloured and bleached goods to be distinguished.]						
Part IV.—Hosiery.						
[To be reported in lbs. and dozens.]						
Part V.—Miscellaneous.						
[To be reported in lbs. only.]						
TOTAL						

(1) To be shewn separately for goods of different dimensions.
I do hereby declare that I have compared the above particulars with the records and books of my mill, and as far as I can ascertain, accurate and complete.

FORM B.

Statement of Cotton goods assessed to duty, with amount payable thereon.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Description of goods.	Weight, lbs.	Real value.	Total real value.	Rate of duty payable.	Total duty payable.
Part I.—Grey and bleached Piecegoods..					
„ II.—Coloured Piecegoods.					
„ III.—Grey and coloured goods other than Piecegoods.					
„ IV.—Hosiery					
„ V.—Miscellaneous					
TOTAL					

(Signed)

Collector.

Dated this

day of

190 .

W. L. HARVEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William, the 16th March 1906.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Officers Artillery Volunteers.

No. 290.—The Hon'ble Major-General Charles Henry Scott, C.B., Royal Artillery, to be honorary Colonel, with effect from the 20th February 1906.

Chota Nagpur Mounted Rifles.

No. 221.—Captain Frederick Dundas Whiffin resigns his commission.

E. DEBRATH, Major-General,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EXPLOSIVES.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated Calcutta, the 12th March 1906.

No. 353.—With reference to the Commerce and Industry Department Notification No. 4694—3-12, dated the 4th September 1905, publishing amendments made in the rules to regulate the transport and importation of explosives, published with the like Notification No. 5528, dated the 11th October 1901, the following list of "authorized explosives" referred to in rule 2 (r) of the above rules is published for general information:—

LIST OF AUTHORIZED EXPLOSIVES.

The following explosives are at present authorized for importation into British India for general sale:—

Class 1.—GUNPOWDER.

GUNPOWDER.

Class 2.—NITRATE MIXTURE.

RIFLENE.

Class 3.—NITRO-COMPOUND.

Every explosive in this class and every explosive ingredient thereof shall be so thoroughly purified and otherwise of such character as to satisfy a test known as the heat test, and specified in Schedule A of Home Department Notification No. 5529, Public, dated the 11th October 1901.

Division 1.

ALBIONITE.

AMBERITE NO. 1.

BALLISTITE.

BLASTING GELATINE.

CARBONITE.

CELTITE.

CORDITE.

CORDITE, M. D.

DYNAMITE.

GELATINE DYNAMITE NO. 1.

GELATINE DYNAMITE NO. 2, OR GELIGNITE.

PHENIX POWDER.

Provided that every explosive in this division shall be of such character and consistency as not to be liable to liquefaction or exudation.

Division 2.

AMBERITE NO. 2.
AMMONITE.
COOPPAL'S POWDER.
E. C. SPORTING POWDER.
EMPIRE POWDER.
GUNCOTTON.
HENRITE.
SCHULTZE GUNPOWDER.
KYNOC'S SMOKELESS SPORTING POWDER.
NEGRO POWDER.
PICRIC ACID.
PICRIC POWDER.
RIFLEITE.
ROBURITE.
S. R. POWDER.
S. S. POWDER.
SMOKELESS POWDER.
SMOKELESS BLASTING POWDER.

Class 4.—CHLORATE MIXTURE.

Nil.

Class 5.—FULMINATE.

Nil.

Class 6.—AMMUNITION.

Division 1.

SAFETY FUZES FOR BLASTING.
SAFETY ELECTRIC FUZES.
PERCUSSION CAPS.
RAILWAY FOG SIGNALS.
SAFETY CARTRIDGES.

Division 2.

CARTRIDGES FOR CANNON, SHELLS, MINES, BLASTING OR OTHER LIKE PURPOSES.
CARTRIDGES FOR SMALL ARMS WHICH ARE NOT SAFETY CARTRIDGES.
ELECTRIC FUZES.
FUZES FOR BLASTING WHICH ARE NOT SAFETY FUZES.
FUZES FOR SHELLS.
TUBES FOR FIRING EXPLOSIVES.
WAR ROCKETS.

Division 3.

CARTRIDGES FOR SMALL ARMS WHICH ARE NOT SAFETY CARTRIDGES.
DETONATORS.
ELECTRIC DETONATORS.
FUZES FOR BLASTING WHICH ARE NOT SAFETY FUZES.
FRICTION TUBES.
FUZES FOR SHELLS.
TUBES FOR FIRING EXPLOSIVES.

Class 7.—FIREWORK.

Division 1.

Nil.

Division 2.—Manufactured Fireworks.

MANUFACTURED FIREWORKS.

AMORCES.

CHINESE CRACKERS.

C. A. MUSPRATT-WILLIAMS, Major, R.A.,
Chief Inspector of Explosives in India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1906.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1189 L.S.-G.—The 16th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 11 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Munshi Karim Bakhsh to be a member of the Dinapore Local Board, in the district of Patna.

No. 1205 L.S.-G.—The 19th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 15 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the Samastipur Local Board, in the district of Darbhanga:—

Mr. C. R. H. Webb.
" H. Manners.
" C. R. Macdonald.
" C. H. Edgell.

Mr. G. R. Follet.
Maulvi Mahabubul Haq.
" Mahammad Wahid.
Mr. G. H. Dalrymple Hay.

No. 1207 L.S.-G.—The 19th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 15 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the Madhubani Local Board, in the district of Darbhanga:—

Mr. R. S.
" O. R. C. Daubney.
" R. B. Summers.
" R. Birch.
" R. D. H. Humer Aker.

Babu Tarak Nath Deb.
" Atul Gopal Roy.
" Srimohan Jha.
" Kashi Pershad Natayan.
" Lachmi Narain Singh.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1209 L.R., dated the 17th February 1906.—The following rules relating to money-orders other than revenue money-orders in favour of officers of Government and local bodies entitled to bank at treasuries or sub-treasuries have been approved by the Lieutenant-Governor in supersession of those published under notification No. 3528 L.S.-G., dated the 11th November 1898, at pages 187–195, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, and are published for general information. The rules shall come into operation on the 1st April 1906.

RULES RELATING TO MONEY-ORDERS, OTHER THAN REVENUE MONEY-ORDERS, IN FAVOUR OF GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL BODIES ENTITLED TO BANK AT TREASURIES OR SUB-TREASURIES.

PART I.

Procedure in the Office of Issue.

1. Whenever a money-order presented for issue is drawn in favour of any officer of Government or of a local body in his official capacity, it will be the duty of the money-order clerk or sub or branch postmaster to see that the proper form of money-order is used.

2. If the remittance is for land revenue, road cess, public works cess or zamindari dāk cess, the appropriate revenue money-order form must be used, and the rules relating to revenue money orders must be observed. If the remittance is for rent due on Government land, the rent money-order form must be used, and the rules relating to rent money-orders must be observed.

3. If the remittance is for any other purpose, the ordinary inland money-order form must be used.

4. The rule prohibiting the inclusion of pies (fractions of an anna) is not applicable to money-orders in favour of any officer of Government or local body in his official capacity. Such money-orders may contain any fraction of an anna not less than one pie. Remittances of amounts, including fractions of pies, are not allowed. The limit of the amount of a single money order is the same as of any other ordinary money order.

5. If a remitter of land revenue, road cess, public works cess, or zamindari dāk cess desires to remit at the same time any sum due to Government on any other accounts, he must use the appropriate revenue money-order form for the remittance of land revenue, road cess, public works cess, or zamindari dāk cess, or for so many of these dues as he wishes to remit, a rent money-order form for the remittance of rent due on Government land, and a separate ordinary inland money-order form for each of the other remittances.

6. A separate money-order form must be used for each Government due remitted by the ordinary inland money-order, and remittances on two accounts may not be included in one ordinary money-order.

7. (a) If the remittance is on account of income-tax, the remitter must be furnished with one of the special income-tax coupons (Form I—G. M. O.), and must fill up all the particulars indicated thereon.* The remitter is responsible for the correctness of the entries, but it is the duty of the money-order clerk or sub-postmaster or branch postmaster to refuse any money-order in which all the particulars are not entered.

(b) If the remitter is illiterate, the money-order clerk or sub or branch postmaster should give him any aid he may require to fill up the entries. The money-order clerk or sub or branch postmaster must give this aid freely, and may not demand or accept any gratification in return on pain of dismissal.

(c) The income-tax coupon should then be carefully and strongly pasted by the money-order clerk or sub or branch postmaster to the blank space provided on the coupon of the money-order form. Care must be taken that the coupon is not pasted over any part of the acknowledgment.

* It may happen that a remitter does not know, and cannot conveniently ascertain, the number of his E, or has not received or has lost the notice L. In such a case the remitter should be asked to enter "Not known," or words to that effect, against item 5 on the coupon, and on his doing so the money-order should be accepted, provided all the other particulars are given. Whenever it is practicable for him to do so, the remitter should, however, be required to fill in item 5 as well as the other items.

8. When an ordinary inland money-order form is used for remittance on any account other than income-tax, the money-order clerk or sub or branch postmaster must see that particulars of the object of the remittance are entered clearly on the ordinary coupon of the form. If the object of the remittance is not clearly stated on the coupon, the money-order clerk or sub or branch postmaster should not accept the order until the omission is rectified and the object clearly stated. The money-order clerk or sub or branch postmaster should give any aid that the remitter may require to fill up the coupon, and may not demand or accept any gratification in return on pain of dismissal. In the case of a telegraphic money-order the remitter should be requested to advise the nature of the remittance by a separate telegram to the payee.

9. After the money-order has been properly filled up, it should be received and dealt with in the same way as any other ordinary inland money-order.

10. Every remitter of a money-order, other than a rent or revenue money-order, in favour of an officer of Government or of a local body, should be informed that, instead of the usual money-order acknowledgment signed by the payee, he will ordinarily receive the usual departmental receipt, which will be forwarded to him direct by post, and that he should address the payee regarding it if he do not receive it in due course. He should also be advised to keep the carbonic receipt carefully until he receives either the formal departmental receipt from the payee or the usual money-order acknowledgment.

PART II.

Procedure in the Post-offices of payment.

N.B.—The rules in Part II apply only to Post Offices (head or sub) at the head-quarters of districts and subdivisions.

11. Money-orders will be paid by book transfer—

- (1) *for rent*, if in favour of a District Officer, Subdivisional Officer, Certificate Officer or other gazetted officer, excepting the Khas Tahsildars, Tahsildars and managers who are Deputy or Sub-Deputy Collectors.
- (2) *on other account than rent*, if in favour of the Magistrate or Collector (or Deputy Commissioner) or in favour of the Deputy Collector or other officer in charge of any Department under the Magistrate or Collector (or Deputy Commissioner), or in favour of the Subdivisional Officer, or any officer in charge of any Department under the Subdivisional Officer ;
- (3) upon a written requisition received by the Post-Office from the Treasury or Sub-Treasury Officer, if in favour of any other Government officer in his official capacity ;
- (4) if in favour of any local body (other than a Cantonment Committee) entitled to bank at the Treasury or Sub-Treasury.

12. When the rent and other money-orders to be paid by book transfer under rule 11 are in all respects ready* to be handed over to the postman, they should be examined with reference to the name of the audit office stamped on them, and a separate list in triplicate† (Form 2—G. M. O.) should be made out by the money-order clerk for each audit office, the name of the audit office being noted in red ink at the head of the list. ‡ The entries in the money column of the list should be carefully totalled. The original copy

* Only the total number and amount of official money-orders received for payment need be entered in the register of money-orders received. In order, however, that the record may be complete, it will be necessary to make a note in the last column of the register whenever all the official money-orders received in one day are not included in the list of that date. For example, if in the register of money-orders received on the 5th July there are shown 600 official money-orders for Rs. 10,000, but 300 of these orders for Rs. 7,000 were received too late for inclusion in the list sent to the Treasury on the 5th, there should be an entry in the last column of the register in this form—

200 for Rs. 3,000	included in the list of	5th.
300	" 7,000	" 6th.

of the list will take the place of the journal of money-orders paid, the duplicate of the list will be sent to the Treasury under the procedure described below, and the triplicate of the list will be the list for the audit office. No money-order which is not a telegraphic money-order should be included in the list, unless the object of the remittance is entered on the coupon.

NOTE.—When it is necessary to prepare one or more separate lists in addition to the list for the Home audit office, the total of each other list should be entered below the total of the list for the Home audit office, and a grand total made both in words and figures. In that case too, after the words "detailed above" in the printed entry to be signed by the Postmaster at the foot of the original and duplicate of the list for the Home audit office, should be inserted in manuscript the words "and in the accompanying list" or "and in the accompanying two lists" as the case may require.

13. The postmaster should then check the entries in the list or lists with those on the money-orders, and also check the total of the money column. He will then give the postman the duplicate of the list or lists, the money-orders, and a Treasury or Sub-Treasury voucher representing the total value of the money-orders, as entered at the foot of the list for the Home audit office as directed in note to rule 12 above. The amount represented by the Treasury or Sub-Treasury voucher will not be charged against the letter of credit, and will be paid quite independently of the balance of any letters of credit held by the Treasury in favour of the postoffice.

14. The postman will take the duplicate list or lists, the money-orders and the Treasury or Sub-Treasury voucher to the accountant, and will receive back from him the money-orders without the coupons and the acknowledgments, except in the case of "rent" money-orders paid by book transfer, from which the coupons only will be detached by the accountant and not the acknowledgments. The postman will be careful to see that he receives back all the money-orders, and that they are all duly receipted by the accountant, and in the case of money-orders for amounts exceeding Rs. 500 by the Treasury or Sub-Treasury Officer also.

15. The paid money-orders received back from the Treasury or Sub-Treasury will be examined by the money-order clerk in the same way as other ordinary money-orders, and the total amount of the money-orders will be entered in the journal of money-orders paid by a single entry, thus:—As per G. M. O. list Rs. A. P. and the money-order will be disposed of in the usual way. As the payees of official money-orders other than rent money-orders will furnish the remitters with departmental receipts, the acknowledgments other than those pertaining to rent money-orders, will not be returned by the accountant for transmission to the remitters. The original and the triplicate lists will be kept with the journal of money-orders paid until the next list of ordinary money-orders paid is sent to the audit office when the corresponding (triplicate) list of official money-orders paid will also be sent, the paid money-orders being arranged in order and attached to the appropriate lists. The original lists will then be filed, a separate file of original lists being kept with each journal of money-orders paid, so that the dates of the journal and file of official money-order lists correspond.

16. The amount of the Treasury or Sub-Treasury voucher will be entered in the Post-office accounts on the receipt side as drawn from the District or Sub-Treasury, as the case may be, and will be included in the sum entered on the payment side under the head "Amount of money-orders paid." In the case of a head office the amount will also appear in column 11 of the head office pass-book (A/c 8). All these entries must be made on the same date.

17. If it should happen that a money-order for any officer or local body named or indicated in rule 11 is received at the office of payment without the object of the remittance being entered on the coupon, the money-order will, as stated in rule 12, not be included in the day's list. The postmaster will retain the money-order in deposit and make a reference to the office of issue to ascertain the object of the remittance. On the receipt of a reply he will attach it to the coupon, and the reply will be considered as part of the coupon. The money-order will then be included in the next list sent to the Treasury or Sub-Treasury. If, notwith-

† The duplicate and triplicate will be prepared by carbonic paper, and a hard pencil must be used in writing the list.

‡ If on any date official money-orders stamped with the names of all three audit offices are received for payment, it will be necessary to prepare three separate lists, each in triplicate.

standing a reference to the office of issue, the object of the money-order cannot be ascertained, the post-master of the office of payment will treat the money-order as refused, and return it, under the usual procedure, to the office of issue, noting across the coupon the words "Refused, as object of remittance not stated." Every case in which a money-order is received without the object being entered on the coupon should be reported by the office of payment to the superintendent of the division in which the office of issue is situated.

18. On the 1st of every month the money-order clerk or sub-postmaster of the head-quarters or subdivisional postoffice will prepare a return (Form 3—G. M. O.) of official money-orders, other than revenue and rent money-orders, received during the previous month. The returns of postmasters at subdivisional stations will be submitted to the postmaster of the district head-quarters on the 1st of the month, and the return of the head-quarters postoffice will be submitted to the head of the circle on the 5th of the month, together with the returns of any offices at subdivisional stations in the district.

Procedure to be followed in the Treasury or Sub Treasury.

19. When any officer of Government, not specified in rule 11, requests that money-orders in his favour may be paid by book transfer, a written requisition to that effect will be addressed by the Treasury or Sub-Treasury Officer to the postmaster at the Treasury or Sub-Treasury station.

20. On receipt of the list or lists of money-orders and treasury or sub-treasury voucher (see rule 14), the accountant will check and compare the documents. If there is any error, he will return all the documents to the postoffice with a note of the error or errors. When the documents are correct, the accountant will at once cut off from the money-order form the coupon in the case of rent money-orders and the strip containing the coupon and acknowledgment in the case of all other orders; he will sign and date the money-orders as payee and return them to the postman. In the case of money-orders for amounts exceeding Rs. 500, the Treasury or Sub-Treasury Officer also should sign and date the money-orders as payee. The accountant will retain the coupons of rent money-orders, the coupons and acknowledgments of all other money-orders, the duplicate list or lists of money-orders (Form 2—G. M. O.) and the treasury or sub-treasury voucher.

NOTE.—In the case of rent money-orders the acknowledgments should not be cut off by the accountant, but should be returned to the postman duly signed.

21. The Treasury or Sub-Treasury Officer will on the same day adjust the amount of the treasury or sub-treasury voucher by transfer, debiting the amount to the postoffice and crediting the amounts of the several money-orders as shown in the list or lists and on the coupons to the appropriate departments or local bodies. If the amount of any money-order cannot for any reason be credited at once to the proper head of account, it should be entered in the body of the cash-book with such particulars as are available, and a reference should be at once made through the department concerned for further particulars, on receipt of which credit to the proper head should be effected in communication with the Accountant-General. In the case of telegraphic money-orders the reference should be made direct by post from the Treasury or Sub-Treasury.

In the case of Sub-Treasuries a note should be made in the "Remarks" column of the duplicate list showing on what account each money-order was sent as indicated on the coupon. This column will be blank when received from the postoffice. The duplicate list or lists will be forwarded to the District Treasury with the Sub-Treasury "daily sheet."

22. To each department or local body in favour of which any money-order or money-orders have been received and credited, the Treasury or Sub-Treasury Officer will on the same day send an advice-list in the form (4—G.M.O.), together with the corresponding strips, consisting of the coupons, and acknowledgments, or if

rent money-orders are concerned, together with the corresponding coupons. In the case of officers and local bodies to whom daily advice-lists are sent of other receipts on their accounts, the total amount of each money-order advice-list will be entered (with a reference to the money-order advice-list) in the daily advice list.

The Treasury or Sub-Treasury Officer will be responsible that the total of the amounts of the money-order advice-lists is equal to the amount of the Treasury or Sub-Treasury voucher received from the postoffice and debited to the Postal Department.

23. No money-order received from the postoffice may be refused.

PART IV.

Procedure in the Offices of the Payees of the Money-orders.

24. When any officer of Government, not separately specified in rule 11, desires that money-orders in his favour be paid by book transfer, he will make a written request to that effect to the Treasury or Sub-Treasury Officer for communication to the postmaster.

25. On receipt of an advice-list (see rule 22) with the corresponding coupons or strips of coupons and acknowledgments, the usual entries will be made in the prescribed registers, and in the case of all orders other than rent money-orders the prescribed receipts will be sent to the remitters by post, the postage being prepaid by service or ordinary stamps, according as the department or local body is or is not entitled to use service stamps.

26. The prescribed form of receipt should be sent to each remitter at latest on the first open day after the receipt of the advice-list from the Treasury or Sub-Treasury.

27. If the amount of a money-order is more than is due from the remitter, the excess should be entered as an advance on account of future dues, or be dealt with in such other way as the rules of the department or local body may prescribe; if the amount is less than is due, it should be credited as a payment in part; if the period on account of which the remittance is made is specified, the amount should be credited on account of the period; if the period is not specified, the remittance should be set off against those dues which have been longest outstanding.

List of forms appertaining to money-orders, other than revenue money-orders, in favour of Government and local bodies.

No. of each form.	Name of each form.	REMARKS.
1 G.M.O.	Income-tax money-order coupon.	Loose form.
2 G.M.O.	List of ordinary official money-orders sent from post-office to Treasury.	In triplicate. Loose form (to be used by all post-offices at head-quarters and subdivisions.)
3 G.M.O.	Treasury return showing the total number of money-orders, other than rent and revenue money-orders, received at the post-office.	Loose form (to be used by all post-offices at head-quarters).
4 G.M.O.	Advice list of money orders received in the Treasury.	Loose form (to be used by the Treasury).

Form 1 INCOME TAX MONEY No. & date of M. O.
G. M. O. ORDER COUPON. যদি অর্ডারের নং ও তারিখ
 ইন্কাম ট্যাক্স বাম অডার কলন।

1. Name of Assessee
- ১। যিনি ট্যাক্স দেন তাঁহার নাম
2. Father's name
- ২। পিতার নাম
3. Village
- ৩। গ্রাম
4. Thana
- ৪। থানা
5. Number of list K or notice L
- ৫। লিষ্ট K কিংবা নোটিস L এর নম্বর
6. Sources of income
- ৬। আয়ের উৎস সকল

- | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------|-----|---------|-----|
| 7. Amount of | } | ... | Tax | ... |
| ৭। কত টাকা দেওয়া হইল | | | ট্যাক্স | ... |
| | | | Penalty | ... |
| | | | অরিমানা | ... |
| | | | Costs | ... |
| | খরচা | ... | | |

8. Period for which paid
- ৮। যে সময়ের জন্য ট্যাক্স দেওয়া হইল
9. Date
- ৯। তারিখ
10. Signature of the remitter
- ১০। প্রেরকের সই

FORM 2
 G.M.O.

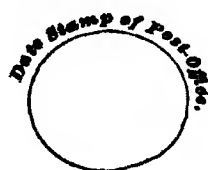
For _____ Audit Office.

ORIGINAL.

THIS LIST WILL BE FILED IN THE POST OFFICE.

List of Ordinary Official Money-orders sent from _____ -Post-
 Office to the- Treasury on- -190
Sub-Treasury

Serial number.	POST OFFICE OF ISSUE. (When the Post-Office of Issue is a Branch Office, the name of the Account Office must be entered also in parentheses.)	No. of money-order.	Date of money-order.	Amount of money-order.			REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5			6
				Rs.	A.	P.	



Total amount in figures and words

Rs.
A.
P.

Signature of M.-O. Clerk.

The money-orders detailed above for Rs.-
Treasury voucher on _____
Sub-Treasury

-have been paid by

Signature of Postmaster

FORM ~~G. M. O.~~

For

Audit Office.

DUPLICATE.

THIS LIST WILL BE FILED IN THE TREASURY.

List of Ordinary Official Money-orders sent from _____ Post.

Office to the _____ Treasury
Sub-Treasury 190

Serial number.	POST-OFFICE OF ISSUE. (When the Post-office of issue is a Branch Office, the name of the Account Office must be entered also in parentheses.)	Number of money-order.	Date of money-order.	Amount of money-order.			REMARKS
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
				Rs.	A.	P.	



Total amount in figures and words |

Signature of M. O. Clerk

The money-orders detailed above for Rs. _____ have been paid by
Treasury _____
Sub-Treasury _____ voucher on _____

Signature of Postmaster.

FORM ~~2~~
G. M. O.

For _____ Audit Office.

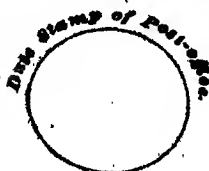
TRIPLICATE.

THIS LIST WILL BE SENT TO THE AUDIT OFFICE.

List of Ordinary Money orders sent from _____ Post

Office to the _____ Treasury
Sub-Treasury on _____ 190

Serial number.	POST-OFFICE OF ISSUE. (When the Post-office of issue is a Branch Office, the name of the Account Office must be entered also in parentheses.)	Number of money-order.	Date of money-order.	Amount of money-order.			REMARKS
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
				Rs.	A.	P.	



Total amount in figures and words

Return showing the total number of Money-orders other than rent and revenue money-orders for officers named
 M. O. or indicated in rule 11 of the Official Money-order Rules received at [] Post-office
 during the month of 190 .

Total number of official money-orders. Total value of official money-orders.

being undisposed of at the close of the last month
 red during the month .
 to be accounted for .
 by Treasury or Sub-Treasury vouchers
 ly treated as refused and returned to Offices of Issue for repayment to
 remitters
 being undisposed of at the close of the month
 of items (4), (5) and (6)
 ons for non-disposal of any money-orders entered against (6) .

NOTE—The entries in lines (3) and (7) should agree.

190

Postmaster.

Form G. M. O.

Advice-list of Money-orders received in the Treasury
 Sub-Treasury
 and credit to on the same
 day by Book Transfer.

[The coupons and acknowledgments are annexed.]

Serial number in Post-office list of this date.	Post-office of issue.	Number of money- order.	Amount of money- order.		
1	2	3	4		
			Rs.	A.	P.

Total

Total number of money-orders
 Total amount of money-orders (in words)

Signature of Treasury Officer.

Date—

190 . District

[Third publication.]

No. 820M.—*The 22nd February 1906.*—Under the provisions of section 308 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the following plan, which has been submitted by the Commissioners of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality for lighting with gas the following roads in the said Municipality and 100 feet from their edges, is published for general information—

- (1) the whole of the Cossipore Road, commencing from the Bagbazar Canal Bridge and ending in Baranagar Bazar situate within the Municipality.
- (2) The portion of the Barrackpore Trunk Road from the Talla Canal Bridge to its junction with the Gun Foundry Road.

2. An agreement has been entered into between the Commissioners of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality and the Oriental Gas Company for the supply and lighting of lamps at the rate of Rs. 63-1 per lamp per year. The expenditure for lighting 98 lamps in the above roads is estimated at Rs. 6,180, including charges for repair of lamps according to the existing arrangements with the Oriental Gas Company.

3. The Municipal Commissioners propose to meet the charge to be incurred on account of lighting the aforesaid areas by imposing a lighting rate of 3 per cent. on the annual value of holdings situated in the areas referred to. The income to be realized from the lighting-tax in the aforesaid areas is estimated at Rs. 5,716 a year.

L. P. SHIRRES,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1906.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N. B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Musaffarpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 30th March 1906 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 6, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
3400	Sitalpur, pargana Hajeeপুর.	Rs. A. P. 593 0 0	Whole estate.	.....	Buldeo Sing and others.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 8 2 1	.....
11919	Singar Chak, pargana Hajeeপুর.	1,650 0 0	Whole estate.	.....	Babu Gur Prosad Sing and others.	.....	125 2 0	.....
11920	Sutwarpur, pargana Hajeeপুর.	2,763 0 0	.....	Residuary share 14s. 12d and 16s. 12d (1/20th).	Ditto	2,572 15 7	.....	.....
Residuary share.				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.				

Muzaffarpur Collectorate, the 10th February 1906.

D. N. Das, Jfr Off. Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates, situated in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to sale at the Hooghly collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding to 19th Chait 1312 (B.S.).

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price, which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or, if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of the advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Number in the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acra.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4358	Bangalpur, thana Goghat ...	7 3 23	56 15 0	
4584	Nowapara, thana Arambagh ...	2 3 39	11 5 0	
4587	Surjapur, thana Goghat ...	3 2 7	27 13 0	
4589	Gouranga alias Mardoron, thana Khanakul ...	3 3 8	28 5 0	
4592	Arjoongoria, thana Goghat ...	4 0 11	7 12 0	
4598	Kamecha, ditto ...	5 2 36	26 12 0	
4618	Dabi Knndu, ditto ...	4 3 35	32 4 0	
4622	Bhatsala, thana Arambagh ...	3 1 0	17 3 0	
4633	Halbosantapur, ditto ...	4 1 27	43 0 0	
4634	Damuderpur, ditto ...	0 3 29	7 1 0	
4650	Kamecha and Kurmana, thana Goghat ...	4 0 35	35 5 0	
4656	Digra and others, ditto ...	2 2 6	23 3 0	
4657	Kurmana, ditto ...	6 0 24	43 9 0	
4662	Dwaripora, ditto ...	4 3 23	48 10 0	
4675	Beurgram, thana Arambagh ...	4 1 5	22 10 0	
4691	Seora and Gopalpara, thana Goghat ...	5 2 6	50 11 0	
4700	Amarpur, ditto ...	2 1 5	12 6 0	
4725	Dwaripora, ditto ...	5 1 33	37 2 0	
4726	Chakghola, thana Arambagh ...	1 3 31	17 1 0	
4728	Kurmana alias Sailapur, thana Goghat ...	3 2 27	19 12 0	
4732	Pantabari, thana Khanakul ...	0 2 3	5 0 0	
4737	Arjangori, thana Goghat ...	4 1 31	20 3 0	
4739	Chaudur, thana Arambagh ...	7 2 15	68 15 0	
4742	Barole, thana Goghat ...	4 0 33	28 10 0	
4743	Damuderpur, ditto ...	1 1 7	4 14 0	
4744	Kurmana alias Solepur, ditto ...	1 3 20	9 12 0	
4745	Kamecha, ditto ...	4 3 15	29 5 0	
4747	Kurmana alias Solepur, ditto ...	2 2 24	12 9 0	
4748	Kamecha, ditto ...	2 3 31	17 13 0	
4754	Mirjapur, ditto ...	2 0 8	9 0 0	
4755	Bhatsala, thana Arambagh ...	3 3 38	30 3 0	
4769	Ditto, ditto ...	1 0 28	8 14 0	
4773	Kota, thana Goghat ...	2 2 27	22 3 6	
4693	Sailapur, ditto ...	4 1 15	19 11 6	
4697	Betra, ditto ...	5 2 0	28 6 0	
4702	Bengai and Pain, thana Arambagh ...	9 2 14	50 18 0	
4703	Shukpur, ditto ...	2 2 2	19 0 0	
4709	Kumerahya, thana Goghat ...	5 0 22	15 9 0	
4783	Bhatsala, thana Arambagh ...	3 0 10	20 12 0	
4804	Mominpur, ditto ...	8 0 35	51 15 0	
4897	Merjapur, thana Goghat ...	3 1 12	15 12 0	
4814	Dwaripora, ditto ...	5 0 12	30 11 0	
4817	Seora Gholapara, ditto ...	25 1 10	64 12 0	
4818	Mominpur, thana Arambagh ...	4 0 35	12 12 0	
4430	Rajhati, thana Khanakul ...	0 2 21	2 14 0	
4614	Ramnagar, ditto ...	2 2 14	10 12 0	
4615	Damudarpur, thana Goghat ...	0 2 38	4 3 0	
4623	Dwaripora, ditto ...	5 0 34	40 0 0	
4630	Bistoopur, ditto ...	3 2 33	30 4 0	
4831	Mominpur, thana Arambagh ...	4 2 28	7 8 0	
4828	Arjangori and Damerpura, thana Goghat ...	9 0 8	30 14 0	
4815	Mayapur, thana Arambagh ...	4 2 28	21 8 0	
4836	Ditto, ditto ...	3 2 16	23 0 0	
4880	Rout Khana, thana Khanakul ...	3 3 16	21 14 0	
4805	Syambulluvpur alias Chhetodongal, thana Goghat ...	3 0 33	9 5 0	
4612	Bolorampur, ditto ...	3 3 27	27 9 0	
4888	Kimantabati and Resantabati, thana Khanakul ...	2 3 24	17 0 0	

Number in the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4708	Polorampore, thana Goghat ...	5 3 0	36 15 6	
4746	Penohra, ditto ...	1 0 1	3 13 0	
4751	Niranjonbati, thana Khanakul ...	3 1 14	23 14 0	
4765	Gosaipukhur Syambazar, thana Goghat ...	2 0 0	9 0 0	
4837	Chhotodongal and Penohra, ditto ...	2 3 38	18 1 0	
4841	Ghosepur, thana Khanakul ...	5 0 32	47 6 0	
4807	Gobinda, ur, thana Goghat ...	4 1 18	24 2 0	
4811	Penchra, ditto ...	2 0 5	13 14 0	
4819	Gobindapur, ditto ...	5 0 6	23 9 0	
		B. K. CH.		
4067	Kumarhat, Nirbhoypur, thana Khanakul ...	1 6 10	2 5 0	
4232	Satberia, thana Goghat ...	0 12 3	1 8 0	

Chainsura, the 1st March 1906.

M. A. KADIS, Deputy Collector, for Collector of Hooghly.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 28th March 1906, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Muzaffarpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district, together with the estates and shares of estates to be in arrears for kist March 1906.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which is to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2707	Makundpur Singhara Raj Narain, chakla Garjaul, pargana Bisara.	Rs. A. P. 1,974 0 9	Separate account.	As. Makundpur Singhara including Bangreza and Singrahi Tal ... 12 Rampur Raja alias ... 12 Rairia ... 12 Baji Hat ... 12 Bhora Chapra ... 12 Moraul ... 12 Rhit Bhindj Budh Sen ... 12 Dunori Bamin ... 12 Majhanla ... 12 Mankauli ... 12 Jalelpur Birbhan ... 12 Akharpur Chauvima ... 12 Singhara khas ... 12 Bharathpur ... 12 Peimanandpur Burroog ... 12 Lakhanpur Tal ... 12 Rhit Bhindj ... 12 Mushibak alias Chak ... 12 Abdul Gani ... 12 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Rabu Lalit Narain Singh and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,066 13 6	.....	Rs. A. P. 61 2 5	Land Revenue arrears due up to kist January, 1906— 61 2 5

Muzaffarpur Collector's Office, the 27th February 1906.

R. G. KUMAR, Offg. Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Saran will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906, corresponding to 16th Chait 1813 Fasil, on Monday at 12 o'clock noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tasul No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2801	Arwa, pargana Bal ...	Rs. A. P. 4,125 16 3	Entire ...	.....	Musamat Bhagwat Kuer and others.	.....	3 8 7	.....
2872	Sondhani, pargana Gou.	8,886 1 11	.....	Separate account No. 2— Shikarpur, Ga. Ep. 5k. 10m. Sondhani, 7p. 10k. All other shares besides those specified will be excluded from the sale.	Lallita Prasad Singh and others, sale purchasers.	871 11 11	.....	871 11 11
2903	Hireleha, pargana Dangul.	1,085 8 8	Entire under section 14.	.....	Hardarshan, Ram Tewary and others.	.....	6 10 1	.....
2906	Manpur, pargana Kasmur.	689 1 6	Ditto	.....	Harihar Pershad and others.	.....	34 0 0	.....

Saran Collectorate, the 27th February 1906.

HASHMAT HOSSAIN, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Nadia, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 27th March 1906, at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Tasul No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
336	Mahal Munshibpur, pargana Munshibpur.	Rs. A. P. 6,163 9 11	No	336 8 24. 4g.	Gopaswar Pal Choudhuri.	Rs. A. P. 1,328 11 7	.....	6 13 0
36	Ditto	6,163 9 11	No	336 8 24. 4g. All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Tarini Prasad Pal Choudhuri and others.	1,328 11 7	.....	6 13 5

Nadia Collectorate, the 2nd March 1906.

R. S. GREENSHIELDS, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Darbhanga will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906, corresponding with the 14th Chait of 1813 Fasil, at 11 A.M. for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

Tasul No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole district.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share or shares.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
6607	Benipore Ganesh Banoul, (Abhenarayan Jha), pargana Havi.	612 4 2	Entire		Babu Barhmada Prasad self and guardian of Babu Ramsuman Prasad, minor brother, and Babu Gobind Das and others.		19 4 0	

Laheria Sarai, the 23rd February 1906.

STAMA KUMUD MOOKERJEE for Collector.

Notice of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13 of Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of 24-Parganas will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March at 12 o'clock noon for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share and that the share or shares are excluded from sale.

Tamul No.	Name of pargana and mahal.	Sadar jama of the whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the specification of such share.	Names of proprietors of properties to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	1 Pargana Magura, kiamat Chetia and others.	5,428 9 3	.....	The entire estate minus 3a. 4g. 2k. 12a. share of the whole estate and 8 annas share in each of the manzars Sreepur, Bager-hole and Raju Moliar Chak.	Kali Chandra Ray Chowdhury and others.	3,928 8 3	.....	654 3 6
2	2-6 Pargana Magura, mauza Lasker-pur and others.	3,360 19 6	.....	Excluding 15 annas share, the remaining 4 annas share.	Tara Kumar Ray Chowdhury and others.	2,073 7 3	.....	514 12 6
3	4 Pargana Magura, mauza Kadom-tala and others.	3,278 11 7	Whole ..	.....	Hari Mohan Mukerjee and others.	.....	1,348 9 7	.....
4	8-1 Pargana Magura, mauza Julpia.	3,422 1 3	.....	Excluding 15 annas, remaining 6 annas share.	Chandanbala Dehi, mother and guardian of Hari Dbon Ray Chowdhury.	1,307 7 9	.....	498 1 11
5	10 Pargana Magura, kiamat Chetia and others.	809 10 1	Whole ..	.....	Tara Kumar Ray Chowdhury and others.	.....	22 1 0	.....
6	15-1 Pargana Magura, kiamat Kharr-beria and others.	4,078 14 11	.....	Excluding 13 annas share, remaining 3 annas share.	Kali Pado Ray Chowdhury.	766 1 3	.....	234 10 3
7	26 Pargana Magura, mauza Dhapa-manpore.	743 10 7	Whole ..	.....	Tara Kumar Ray Chowdhury and others.	.....	108 14 10	.....
8	28 R. 8. Pargana Magura, kiamat Abgachhia and others.	984 14 7	.....	The entire estate minus 7 annas share in mauza Chak Kantalia and 2a. 1g. 2k. share in each of the kiamats Babonpur and Nona.	Triloki Nath Barua	661 11 10	.....	308 0 6
9	107 Pargana Magura, kiamat Akulaya and others.	786 11 5	Whole ..	.....	Susila Sundari Chowdhurani, wife of Gobinda Narayan Singha Chowdhuri.	.....	240 0 0	.....
10	151-6 Pargana Baridhatti, kiamat Chak Haturia and others.	20,970 8 4	.....	Excluding the shares in the manzars Jadabpore, Mumar-Arakpore, Sibpore, Miras-pore, Nonakolapore and 3 others, 4g. 11k. share in each of the other 105 manzars in the estate.	Apurba Kumar Dasi	885 8 2	.....	191 4 0
11	310 Pargana Mura-gachhia, mauza Dabipore and others.	1,199 5 0	Whole ..	.....	Kali Kumar Mondle and others.	.....	127 11 7	.....
12	315-11 Pargana Mura-gachhia, mauza Bighunthipore and others.	10,230 15 3	.....	Excluding 14a. 17g. 3k., remaining 1a. 2g. 3k. share.	Apurba Kumari Dasi	719 4 9	.....	128 9 6
13	318 R. 8. Pargana Mura-gachhia, mauza Uttorkusom and others.	1,974 6 2	.....	Excluding 6a. 8g. 3k., remaining 3a. 11g. 1k. share.	Intarini Chowdhurani and others.	1,179 11 9	.....	5 9 9
14	323 Pargana Balla, mauza Nandoo-pore and others.	3,470 15 8	Whole ..	.....	Krishna Prasanna Mondle and others.	.....	717 5 4	.....
15	325-6 Pargana Asima-bad, Huda and Baskhali and others.	19,424 8 11	.....	Excluding 15a. 4g. 2k. 2kt., remaining 15g. 1k. 1kt. share in all the manzars, except mauza Khakramuri.	Ditto	.....	.....	309 3 4
16	326-13 Pargana Balla, mauza Moloyapore and others.	8,396 9 0	.....	Excluding 14a. 17g. 3k., remaining 1a. 2g. 3k. share.	Apurba Kumari Dasi	885 8 2	.....	158 15 0
17	328-2 Pargana Balla, mauza Santolpur and others.	9,401 5 10	.....	Excluding 14a. 19g. 2k. 1d., remaining 1a. 1k. 3kt. 3d. share.	Gopi Kishore Mandal and others.	806 0 10	.....	3 4 4
18	329-3 Pargana Asima-bad, Huda Joy Chandipore.	3,313 7 5	.....	Excluding 12a. 6g. 2k. 3kt., remaining 3a. 12g. 1k. 1kt. share.	Chandi Charan Mandal and others.	1,386 9 4	.....	474 1 0
19	332 R. 8. Pargana Balla, mauza Chandipore and others.	1,071 1 9	.....	Excluding 3 annas, remaining 13 annas share.	Durgamoni Dasi and others.	1,367 13 5	.....	325 1 10
20	334 R. 8. Pargana Hatia-lakshipura and others.	1,967 13 3	.....	Excluding 6a. 12g. 1k. 3kt. 3d., remaining 10a. 6g. 3k. 6g.	Anis Mol'a and others.	1,300 14	.....	41 11 3
21	343 Pargana Amra-mauza, Palkan.	363 9 6	Whole estate	.....	Jogendra Mukerjee.	Nath	.....	16 13 10

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates, situate in the district of Burdwan, will be put up to sale at the Burdwan Collectorate on the 27th March 1906, corresponding to 18th Chaitra 1912 (B.S.).

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estates to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchasers of these estates will be considered as the proprietors of the estates, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estates will be transferred to them with effect from 1st April 1906 as revenue free or subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale will be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate will be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Number in the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
3610	Mandra, pargana Jahingirabad	0 2 11	0 10 11	} Will be sold revenue-free.
4964	Mertala, ditto	0 0 35	0 9 0	
6539	Dhoba Goalpara, pargana Raihati	4 2 1	34 0 0	
6560	Nigon, pargana Dhenia	6 0 28	48 1 6	
6561	Srikhanda, ditto	7 1 11½	60 6 0	
6501	Karui, ditto	2 1 29	10 3 0	
6503	Jagesvardi, ditto	6 0 26	47 13 0	
6361	Hiatpur, pargana Nalohi	0 3 9	3 10 6	
6510	Batagram, pargana Muzaferahi	3 1 7	24 0 0	
6528	Gopalpur, pargana Khandagosh	6 0 25½	38 8 6	
6530	Babrapur, ditto	6 1 3	32 0 0	
6531	Bajitpur, ditto	5 2 11	34 1 0	
6542	Manasadanga, ditto	5 0 14	27 13 3	
6540	Dirghanagore, pargana Burdwan	3 2 15	13 9 6	
6541	Majdhuari, pargana Samarsahi	5 3 6	40 18 0	
6538	Chak Latib, ditto	4 0 26½	23 12 9	
6549	Painta, ditto	2 2 0	11 6 9	
6543	Kerjana, pargana Burdwan	6 0 34	19 6 0	
6494	Govindapur, pargana Sahabad	5 1 6	32 10 0	
6490	Satgechia, pargana Raihati	2 2 28½	19 6 0	
6513	Baikantapur, pargana Sahabad	5 1 33	33 0 0	
6563	Magolmar, pargana Samarsahi	13 3 11	62 3 6	
6554	Palla, pargana Burdwan	2 1 20	14 4 0	
6555	Chandpur and others, pargana Samarsahi	4 0 30½	22 4 6	

ERRATUM.

In the first publication of this Advertisement, read "Rs. 16-3" for "Rs. 76-3" as Government revenue assessed in respect of estate No. 6501, Karui, pargana Denia, and read "Rs. 13-9-6" for Rs. "19-9-6" as Government revenue assessed in respect of estate No. 6540, Dirghanagar, pargana Burdwan.

Burdwan Collectorate. the 19th Febrary 1906.

P. H. O'BRIEN, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 18, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Monghyr will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1906 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1800	Agar, tappa Barouna, pargana Pharia,	Rs. A. P. 2,452 10 0	Whole	...	Baba Ram Bahadur Singh and others.	Rs. A. P. ...	Rs. A. P. 697 4 3	Imported and sold by auction.
1808	Akherpur, Barari, ...	2,306 14 0	Whole	...	Nikant Singh and others	...	46 1 12	

Notification A.

It is hereby given, under sections 4 and 12, Act XI of 1880, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the District of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 28th March 1906 at 1 for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

As in columns 4, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that the same account is kept for that share.

Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
10								
Pargana Kasitor, mahal Chakdaha, alias Radha-silve chak.	Rs. A. P. 9,185 8 0, including police.		Residuary share, excluding separate accounts Nos. 1 to 6— Ass. 10g. share of the mahal. All other shares than that specified above will be excluded from sale.	Rajaram Kundoo	Rs. A. P. 2,583 7 0, including police.	Rs. A. P. 1,089 14 6, including police.	Rs. A. P. 1,089 14 6, including police.	Revenue— 1,072 14 9 Police— 15 15 9 Dak Case— 8 14 1 Penalty— 6 14 1 Road Case— 89 3 6 Embankment— 89 12 8 Int. 9 8 8
Pargana Khandar, mahal Beiki.	754 3 11		Residuary share, excluding separate accounts Nos. 1, 2 and 3— Ass. G. Mausa Bonhola 12 5 " Matuagoria 12 5 " Baktichak 12 5 " Gopinath 12 5 " Khunkania 12 5 " Nandapura 8 10 " Rajibohak 12 5 All other shares than that specified above will be excluded from sale.	Godadhar Maikap and others.	525 8 7	13 0 7	Revenue— 13 0 7 Road Case— 7 3 6	
Pargana Shipore, mahal Bokusda.	846 7 1		Residuary share, excluding separate accounts Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7— Ass. S. Mausa Hobalia ... 8 10 " Chiralia ... 16 0 " Gopinathchak 16 0 " Khurnia ... 1 16 " Badakantapore 15 5 " Beharipore ... 16 0 " Chanda ... 16 0 " Godalchak ... 8 " Kasimalee ... 16 Raghunath- pore 14 10 Auli ... 16 0 Bokusda 16 0 Dubda 12 0 Hasimpore ... 11 Murarichak ... 16 0 All other shares than that specified above will be excluded from sale.	Sailaja Kanta Das and others.	588 10	45 10 4	Revenue— 45 10 4 Road Case— 34 9 6	
Pargana Tara, mahal Garahar, alias Rajesapti No. 167.	814 0 0	Entire	Part III.—Estate under direct management.		185 5			Revenue— 185 5 Road Case— 24 15 Embankment— 107 0 Int. 1 8
				Panchanan Mirdhya and others, settlement-holders.				

Midnapore, the 17th February 1906.

D. WATSON, Collector.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 30th March at 12 o'clock for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Midnapore, Jati-mahal, Jati-mahal, Jati-mahal.	Rs. A. P. 776 13 7	Entire ...	.....	Kali Prasanno Narain Dec.	.....	Rs. A. P. 776 13 7	.....	Revenue— 776 13 7 Dak Case— 0 10 1 Penalty— 0 10 1 and Bond Case— 226 1 1

Midnapore, the 17th February 1906.

D. WHEATON, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Murshidabad will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March 1906, at noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Serial No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
409	Borna, pargana Buralak-sing.	Rs. A. P. 945 9 6	.....	Rs. 11g. 1k., separate account No. 1.	Rena Hosen, proprietor and guardian of Gopal-moher, minor, of Salar, of p. & B. Baratarpur, and others.	Rs. A. P. 565 13 10	.....	Revenue— 903 10 4 Ocease— 15 10 11 Dak case— 1 8 2 Penalty— 1 8 8 310 6 7

Barhampur, the 17th February 1906.

(ILLUSIBLE) for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Burdwan will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 27th March 1906 at 12 o'clock noon for arrears of revenue, for January 1906 kist and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Serial No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
27	Obak Thurga, pargana Burdwan.	Rs. A. P. 9,329 9 11	Whole estate.	.....	Sayedani Agha	.....	Rs. A. P. 9,329 9 11	.....

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Gaya will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 1st March 1906 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
506	Iemallpore Koil, pargana Arwal.	Rs. A. P. 594 12 0	Whole ...	.....	Ramlegan Ojha *	.....	Rs. A. P. 73 4 3	.....
957	Shahbaspore Jan Sarwarporo Kalayan, pargana Arwal.	1,491 11 0	Do. ...	.....	Musammam Ramnath Koer alias Dulhin Sahiba and others.	.....	398 12 0	.....
1339	Shahbaspur Teawar, pargana Bhelswar.	508 13 0	Do. ...	.....	Musammam Rani Sunder Koer.	.....	127 3 0	.....
3574	Nadawat, pargana Narhat ...	2,500 0 0	Do. ...	.....	Ditto	.....	625 0 0	.....
4758	Tarwan taluqa, pargana Sherghatil.	2,303 5 0	Do. ...	.....	Musammam Bhawani Koer.	.....	10 15 3	.....

Gaya Collectorate, the 23rd February 1906.

H. W. SCROOP, Offg. Collector.

Sale Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on Wednesday, the 21st day of March 1906, at 12 o'clock noon, corresponding to 11th of Chait 1313 Fs., for arrears of land revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1211 Jt. & 4.	Subes, pargana Behoa.	Rs. A. P. 4,338 13 10	.....	The small share to be sold is in the following villages :— 1. Subes 2 8 2. Baharwar 2 8 3. Makrandpore 2 8 4. Bharolec 5 4 5. Nathpah 2 8 6. Dewaj Kundli 2 8 The other shares are excluded from the sale.	Habu Ram Narayain Singh and others.	Rs. A. P. 774 12 0	.....	Rs. A. P. 408 7 10
1576	Baghelwa, pargana Ohousa.	511 0 0	Whole ...	.....	Lachhmi Prasad and others.	.....	440 2 2	.....
5198	Toufir Mahdum-pore Semra, pargana Barabganwan.	5,672 6 3	Do. ...	.....	Habu Ram Rajendra Deo Narain.	.....	14,116 15 1	.....

Arrah, the 22nd February 1906.

U. SEN GUPTA, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates situate in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding with 12th Chait 1312 (B.S.).
The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price, which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force; and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by the noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district Roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. B. P.	Rs.	
4688	Panchla, thana Jagatbullavpur	10 1 27	63 3 0	
4689	Khanora, ditto	0 1 8	4 8 0	
4762	Kullya and others, ditto	0 2 22	9 12 3	
4795	Bamunpara, ditto	2 3 12	28 6 3	
4796	Jagunnathpur, ditto	1 0 13	10 9 6	

Chinsura, the 23rd February 1906.

B. DE, Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates situate in the district of Hooghly will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding with 12th Chait 1312 (B.S.).
The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

Conditions of Sale.

- 1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.
- 2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- 4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount of bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th day after sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a closed holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. B. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4777	Nobagram, pargana Mandalghat	2 0 25	20 14 0	
4729	Iohapur, ditto	0 3 33	8 11 3	
1894	Chingrijole, ditto	0 2 25	1 13 6	
4778	Bahnguran, ditto	8 3 31	82 14 0	
4793	Ditto, ditto	2 3 20 1/4	24 10 9	
4812	Rospur Kalikata, ditto	4 16 acres	80 7 0	
4811	Khalna, pargana Byra	8 2 16	7 13 0	

Chinsura, the 23rd February 1906.

B. DE, Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Eastern Branch, Tirthut State Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock (noon) on the 26th day of April 1906, corresponding with the 17th Baisakh 1918 Fuali, at the Collectorate of Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway fencing, or plough the lands closer than 3 feet from its foundation.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Board confirming the sale.

Consecutive number.	Name of district.	Pargana and manza.	Number of miles on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. E. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Darbhanga	Pargana Mokram-pore, villages (1) Kaithinia and (2) Behat.	40	South side	20 16 3	6 3 20	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Kasht Tafa Lal Jha, and Sarool Lal Jha. East—Kasht Saroop Lal Jha and Chitan Thacur. West—Village path road adjoining a tank.
2	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, village Chikua.	57	Ditto ...	31 4 15	10 1 13	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Kund belonging to Raj Darbhanga. East—Tank belonging to Raj Darbhanga. West—Kasht Surat Jha.
	Ditto ...	Pargana Mokram-pore, villages (1) Pacibi and (2) Rajhpore.	51	North side of Railway.	56 9 8	18 2 27	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht Meghan Khawas, Jalram Halwai, Muni Goar, Balmakund Jha, Nakshed Pamarea and Barhmoter of Balmakund and Nakshed Jha. South—Railway line. East—Tank belonging to Talapat Beba. West—Road from Jaan-jharpore to Madhepore.
4	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, villages Ramouli and Gangboudal.	54	South side	41 12 7	13 3 1	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Kasht Berhaspet Gope, Arncopnath Misar, Parti Kamal Nat Chowdhuri. East—Kasht Muni Lal Bhandari. West—Kasht Jasodhar Jha and Chakradhar Jha.
5	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, villages (1) Duorli and (2) Ghongerla.	61	Ditto ...	15 0 11	4 3 15	.....	.....	...	North—Railway line. South—Village road to Kishanpatti. East—Gachi Rajdhar Jha. West—Village road to Kishanpatti.
6	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, village Parsa.	65	North side	27 13 6	9 0 20	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht Santokhi Marar, Madhomukhia, Bachan Rout, Phirangi Marar, Nathani Zahad, and Dudha Marar. South—Railway line. East—Boundary line of Bhawalpur district. West—Kasht Jitan Marar, Budhan Dhanu, Baboo Nath Marar and Nirmal Marar.
7	Ditto ...	Pargana Jarail, village Kantani.	15	East side	51 13 5	17 0 13	.....	.....	.....	North—Kasht Phatsari Thacor and Badri Thacor. South—Local Board road and Kasht Min rakhan Thacor. East—Tank and Kasht Sundar Lal Thacor, Batha Kesan, and Juna Bahadur Thacor. West—Railway line.

Consecutive number.	Name of district.	Pargana and maana.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN SQUARES AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Comments and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. CH.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
8	Darbhanga	Pargana Naupara, villages Jogiana and J.	21	North side	20 9 9	6 3 3	.....	.....	.....	North—Khet Peary Singh, Parti Kadam, Khet Chulhal Singh, and Lalit Singh, Bhagwat Singh. South—Railway line. East—Gair Majraam, Khet Masama Phokani Kneri Jalkani Jha, and Tala Lal Misar. West—Railway line, brick field.
9	Ditto	Pargana Bharwara, village Ghograha.	23	East side	23 15 8	7 5 18	.....	.....	.....	North—Boundary line of Musaffarpur district. South—Kasht Peary Jha. East—Khet Gopi Sonar, Dataram Misar, and Najaban Jolaha. West—Railway line.
10	Ditto	Pargana Saraina, Village Chak, Saloni Nizamati.	21	North side	30 24 1	10 0 24	.....	.....	.....	North—Kasht Laldhart Rai and Ramrakhan Rai. South—Kasht Sheorajain Rai. East—Kasht Laldhari Rai. West—Kasht Thagan Mohito, Khushi Rai, Ramrakhan Rai, Bhaswar Rai, and Nathuni Rai.

W. B. HENCOCK, Collector.

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 17th February 1906.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Patna will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 28th March 1906 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 6, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Taxi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
180	Lakhanpur Vegaira, pargana Asimabad.	Rs. A. P. 1,350 13 1	.....	Daultpur 2 Lakhanpur 2 Kutubpur 2 Kutubpur alias Harechak 2 Raipur Hassan 4 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Musamat Paremani Daul Voralra. Jadu Nath Ghosh, Anandea Kumar. Ditto. Musamat Paremani Daul and after her Lalit Mohun Ghosh, the auction-purchaser.	Rs. A. P. 612 5 1	.....	Rs. A. P. 92 0 10
282	Deera Denapur Shah-sadpur, pargana Phulwari.	2,593 0 0	.....	14a, 14d, 6k, 6b, and 16 ph, ijmal. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mir Kalim Vegaira ...	2,297 12 3	.....	549 10 16
302	Deera Marachi, pargana Ghysapur.	1,428 0 0	Entire ...	.....	Behadur Lal Mokhesar, the auction-pt purchaser.	.....	287 0 0	.....

Patna Collectorate, the 3rd March 1906.

B. O. HAMILTON, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Eastern branch, T. S. Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 noon on the 26th day of April 1906, corresponding with the 17th Baisakh 1313 Fasil, at the Collectorate, Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than 3 feet from the same.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidder.

5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Board confirming the sale.

Consecutive number.	Name of distict.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of aile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Darbhanga	Pargana Nanpore, village Joglara.	22	North side	31 18 14	10 2 9	.....	.....	...	North—Gachhi Keshwar Jha and Jaikant Jha, East Lal Jha, Bhagwat Singh and Sirdhar Singh. South—Railway line. East—Railway brick-field. West—Kasht Dhondha Singh and Mon-gal Pershad Singh.

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 27th February 1906.

NITYANANDA GHOSH, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estate situate in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on the 26th March 1906, corresponding with 12th Chait 1312 B.S.

The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

Conditions of Sale.

1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price, which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary rights of Government in such estate will be transferred to him subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to the existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the law in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number in the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana or thana.	Total area of the village.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
Government share in mauza Kharsarai as contained in tansi No. 2028.	Government share 4 annas 8 gaudas 2 kharas and 2 branties of village Kharsarai, thana Chanditola.	B. K. CH. 807 18 12	Rs. A. P. 791 4 4	

Chinsura, the 1st March 1906.

B. DE, for Collector.

In the Court of the 1st Sub-Judge of Patna.

SUIT No. 424 of 1906.

At Mehra, wife of Shaikh Paigamber Bux, *alias* Ohedi, deceased, of mauza Nagla, pargana Haveloe Azimabad, zilla Patna, decree-holder, *versus* Shaikh Nurul Haq, Mussamat Gheeso and Mussamat Ghafooran of mauza Nagla, pargana Haveloe Azimabad, Patna, samindars by occupation, judgment-debtors.

Following properties of the abovesaid judgment-debtors will be sold by the Nazir of the District Judge's Court in the District Judge's Court at Bankipore, on the 17th day of April 1906, at 6 A.M. for realisation of Rs. 1,642-12-6 only in the above execution

	Name of mauza with pargana and zilla.	Jama sadar.	Amount of share to be sold.	District.	Thana.	Sub-Registry.	Holding No.	Circle No.	BOUNDARIES.				Approximate value.
									East.	West.	North.	South.	
1	One puccon wa kham two-storied house with land in mauza Nagla, pargana Haveloe Azimabad, zilla Patna.	Rs. A. P. Nil	9 annas out of 16 annas.	Patna...	Malselami	Jhaogange, Patna.	50	223	Khanabash and house of decree-holder and judgment-debtors.	Lane...	Waste land of decree-holder and judgment-debtors and the house of Qadir Ali, which is now in possession of Mussamat Wajidan, but the land belongs to decree-holder and judgment-debtors.	Lane...	Rs. 300
36	Mauza Nagla, pargana Haveloe Azimabad, zilla Patna.	740 4 11	9 dams 8 caories 6 baories 11 phaoories.	Do. ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	400
36	Ditto ...	740 4 11	18 caories 18 baories 11 phaoories.	Do. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	100
36	Ditto ...	740 4 11	3 dams 4 caories 3 baories 6 phaoories.	Do. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	200

ankipore, the 15th March 1906.

(273—1)

RAJ KRISHNA BANERJI, Sub-Judge.

NOTICE.

In the Court of the 1st Munsif, Diamond Harbour.

EXECUTION CASE No. 162 of 1906.

Ram Lall Mandal and others, decree-holders, *versus* Aporna Debi and others, judgment-debtors.

BE it known that the properties of the judgment-debtors noted below will be sold on Monday, the 9th April 1906, by the Nazir of this Court at 12 o'clock for realisation of Rs. 573-10—

Lot No. 1.—Ten annas 13 gandas 1 kara and 1 kranti share of taluk No. 405 of 24-Parganas Collector's tausi, bearing a rental of Rs. 446 6 annas 4 gandas 2 karas payable to Government.

Lot No. 2.—Two annas 13 gandas 1 kara and 1 kranti share of taluk No. 2652 of the 24-Parganas Collector's tausi, belonging to the judgment-debtors, and bearing a rental of Rs. 561 14 annas 7 gandas.

S. N. MITRA, Munsif.

Diamond Harbour 1st Munsif's office, the 12th March 1906.

(242—1)

In the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Bankura.

TITLE EXECUTION CASE No. 28 of 1906.

Trilochan Mahinty and others, decree-holders, *versus* Keshav Coomary Devi and others, judgment-debtors.

Amount due Rs. 15,876-8-6.

THE following property of the judgment-debtors will be sold by the Nazir of the District Judge's Court, Bankura, on the 6th April 1906 at 8 A.M. :—

1. The whole pargana Ambicanagar, bearing tausi No. 994 of the Bankura Collectorate, paying annual rent

to Government Rs. 678-13-10. Approximate value Rs. 75,000.

DURGA CHARAN SENG,

Subordinate Judge of Bankura.

Bankura, the 12th March 1906.

(244—1)

In the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Birbhum.

TITLE MORTGAGE SUIT No. 22 of 1904.

Tara Prasanna Mukherji, plaintiff, *versus* Chandra Sikhar Ray, Jogendra Narayan Ray and Radha Syam Ray, defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that the property mentioned below will be sold by the Nazir at the sale-room of the District Judge's Court at 6 A.M. of the 2nd day of April 1906 for the realisation of Rs. 36,670-7 due to the decree-holder in the above suit :—

1. The four annas share of the samindary interest of Lot Sulunga, bearing tausi No. 22 of the Dumka Collectorate, containing the manas Protappura Bhaktan Jabardaha, Jamuguri, Sitariparah, Amjora, Kalabadar Gopalpur, Ganespur, Kesabgar Sayeradaha, Kusani, Sunharpalan, Sulanga Birajpar, Natábedá, Baragdatá, Sailepathar, Kolaibari Amrápára, Dharmapur, Sonácháp, Bankanduri, Beharapáharé, Chhatupara, Khejuro, Karmachona, Hát-para Rangar, Baharpur, Kousegar, Kadadihi, Jhilibadar, Srikrishnapur, Amradoba, Karakata, Kusumghati, Hakimpur, Jadupara, Salupahare, Manichon, Bajupara, Sitasal, Talpamara, Golepahari, Damrapahari, Banspaharé, Seulibonai, Gole-daha, Gossipahari, Kadapukur, Gamarpahari, Latapahari, Kharjole, Parudanga, Badalpara, Biondasal, Amrakonda, Satpakuri, Kulikulidanga and Kailaspara.

The revenue of the estate being Rs. 1,438.

UMMA CHANDRA SENG,

Subordinate Judge,

Suri, the 12th March 1906.—

(246—1)

Notification of Sale.

TO be sold peremptorily by the Registrar of the High Court, Original Side, in his sale-room at the Court-house on Saturday, the 31st March 1906 at the hour of 12 o'clock noon pursuant to the decree and order made by the said Court in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction in suit No. 748 of 1903 (wherein Saroda Prosad Dass and another were the plaintiffs and Sreemutty Kherodebala Debi and another were the defendants), and dated, respectively, the 7th day of April 1904 and 18th day of August 1905, the undermentioned properties:

Lot No. 1.—No. 54 (formerly No. 34) Amherst Street, holding No. 123, Block No. XIII in the Northern Division of the town of Calcutta, and paying an annual ground-rent to the Calcutta Collectorate of annas two and pies eight, being tenanted land, containing by measurement fourteen chittacks and two square feet, and bounded on the north by Panchanan Ghose's Lane, on the south partly by premises No. 53, and partly by premises Nos. 55 and 55-1 Amherst Street, on the east by premises Nos. 55 and 55-1 Amherst Street, and on the west by Amherst Street.

Lot No. 2.—Nos. 55 and 55-1 (formerly No. 33-1) Amherst Street, holding No. 121, Block No. XIII in the Northern Division of the town of Calcutta, and paying an annual Government rent to the Calcutta Collectorate of rupee one annas eight and pies nine, being partly one and partly two-storied brick-built masonry buildings with land, portion of which is occupied by tiled huts containing by measurement six cottahs four chittacks and fourteen square feet, and bounded on the north by Panchanan Ghose's Lane, on the south by the land of Dr. Chandra Mohon Ghosh, on the east by premises No. 56 Amherst Street belonging to Rakhal Dass Pyne, and on the west partly by No. 54 and partly by No. 53 Amherst Street and partly by the land of Dr. Chandra Mohon Ghosh.

The abstract of title and the conditions of sale of the above properties may be inspected at the office of the said Registrar and also at the office of Babu Charu Chandra Bosu, Attorney-at-Law, at No. 9 Old Post Office Street, Calcutta, at any time before the sale and will be produced at the time of sale.

W. R. FINX,

Registrar.

Charu Chandra Bosu, Attorney for the plaintiffs.

High Court, Original Side, dated this 15th day of February 1906. (183—1—15)

Notification.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to the decree and order of the High Court made in suit No. 367 of 1904 (Sreematy Jahnaba Datta *versus* Sreematy Bhuvan Mohini Dasse), and dated, respectively, the 19th January and 4th December 1905, by the Registrar, Original Side, in his sale-room on Saturday, the 31st day of March 1906, at 12 o'clock noon, the following property:—

Lot 1.—No. 14 (formerly No. 10) Sonagachi Lane, partly two- and partly three-storied, brick-built house in Calcutta with the rent-free land measuring 1 cottah and 12 chittaks, more or less, and bounded on the north and east by Sonagachi Lane, on the south by premises No. 15 Sonagachi Lane, and on the west by No. 13 Sonagachi Lane.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be inspected at the office of the Registrar or at the office of Messrs. Banerjee and Halder at No. 13-1 Old Post Office Street, and will be produced at the sale.

W. R. FINX, Registrar.

Banerjee and Halder, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

The 20th February 1906. (227—1—16)

Notice.

UNDER section 5, Act VIII (B.O.) of 1862, it is hereby notified for general information that semindari dak cess will be levied at Rs. 1 per cent. in the district of Monghyr for one year, commencing from January 1906.

H. P. DUVAL, Offg. Collector.

Monghyr Collectorate, the 7th March 1906.

Notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the Muzaffarpur District Board, at their meeting held on the 24th February 1906, have resolved that the maximum rate of one-half anna on each rupee of the annual value of lands be fixed as the rate of road-cess in the district during the ensuing year 1906-07.

MOHD. HABIBULLAH, for Chairman.

Muzaffarpur District Board's Office, the 2nd March 1906.

Estate Anatole William Thomas des Alliaux de Crettes, I.C.S., deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims against the estate of the deceased above named are hereby required to send in writing the particulars thereof to Messrs. King, Hamilton & Co., 4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street, Calcutta, on or before the 10th day of April 1906, after which date the undersigned will distribute the assets of the estate of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which he has then had notice.

And notice is hereby further given that the undersigned will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim he shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.

A. J. KNE,

Administrator with Will annexed of the Property and Credits of the deceased,
4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street, Calcutta.

Dated this 20th day of February 1906. (171—3—2)

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. (1) 013383, (2) 013384, (3) 010322 of the 3 per cent. of 1896-97 for Rs. 1,000, Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 300, respectively, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, the first two last endorsed to Balika Sundari Dassi and the third one to Nikunja Bala Dassi, which has been inherited by my minor son, Krishna Chandra Kuar, of whom I have been appointed guardian, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—Balika Sundari Dassi.

Residence—Balindar, Dabipur Post Office, district Burdwan. (338—3—14)

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given for general information that the resettlement of the estate mentioned below, situated in the Uluberia subdivision of the Hooghly district, will be made by public auction at the Court of the Subdivisional Officer of Uluberia on the 29th March 1906. Candidates willing to bid at the auction should appear before the Subdivisional Officer, Uluberia, for the purpose on the fixed date:—

- (1) Fishery of Danko and Mattea Khal, bearing tamsi No. 4229.
- (2) Boat license of Rajapur Borojala Drainage, tamsi No. 4328.
- (3) Hogla Jama of Danko and Mattea Khal, tamsi No. 4341.

A. S. MUKHERJI,

For Collector, Hooghly.

Hooghly Collectorate, the 18th March 1906.

*A list of Mathematical Instruments for sale in the
Partition Department in the Jessore Collectorate.*

Serial No.	Name of instrument.	Number in stock.
1.	Plane table ...	50
2.	Stand for ditto ...	50
3.	Screw ...	50
4.	Sight van ...	50
5.	Rectangular compass ...	50
6.	Optical square ...	50
7.	Chains ...	56
8.	Pins for chains ...	450
9.	Hundred feet tape ...	2
10.	Fifty feet tape ...	1
11.	Drawing pins ...	20
12.	Divider ...	25
13.	Brass scale ...	35
14.	Set square ...	35
15.	Offset scale (ivory) ...	2
16.	Flat roller ...	12
17.	Offset scale (wooden) ...	10
18.	Cardboard scale ...	10
19.	Plotting scale ...	10
20.	Talc square ...	5
21.	Paper scale ...	40
22.	Prismatic compass (with stand and screw) ...	5
23.	T square ...	4
24.	Board's drawing deal ...	5
25.	Instrument box ...	2
26.	Parallel rollers ...	10

N. BHAR,

Deputy Collector in charge.
(251—3)

Notice.

THE Shareholders of the Bankipore Loan Office Company, Limited, have in a general meeting on 21st January 1906 resolved that the Company should go to liquidation. Notice is therefore hereby given that another general meeting of the Shareholders will be held on Sunday, the 1st April 1906, at 3 P.M. in the Registered Office of the Company to confirm the above resolution, to appoint liquidators and to inspect accounts, assets and liabilities of the Company as prepared by the Secretary.

BAJEANG SAHAI,

Bankipore, the 14th March 1906.

Secretary.
(253—1—19)

Notice.

WANTED a Muhammadan gradnate temporarily for the post of a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Jessore on a salary of Rs. 50 a month. Preference will be given to those who have passed the English Teachership Certificate Examination. Applications with copies of testimonials should be sent to the undersigned on or before the 30th instant.

P. MUKERJEE,

Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division,
12, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, the 1st March 1906.

Notice.

WANTED a District Engineer for the District Board of Monghyr for six months on a salary of Rs. 500 per mensem plus travelling allowance under the Civil Service Regulations. He must be a European and qualified under the rules published under Government Notification No. 3334 L.S.G., dated 20th December 1901. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 24th March 1906.

H. P. DUVAL, Chairman.

District Board's Office, Monghyr, the 9th March 1906.

Wanted.

A SECOND Clerk on a salary of Rs. 30 rising to Rs. 114 per mensem by annual increments. Previous experience in Government office work, noting and drafting essential. One having knowledge of P. W. D. Budget branch work will be preferable. Those already in Government service must apply through the head of their offices with service-books and character rolls.

Apply to

The Superintending Engineer,
Assam Circle, Tezpur (Assam).

WANTED two good Surveyors on a monthly pay of Rs. 75 each for six months and more as may be necessary to effect a partition of 35 villages in a suit in Hesaribagh. Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 26th March

RAM LAL DUTT,

Offg. Subordinate Judge, Ranchi,
Hesaribagh and Palamanu.

Ranchi, the 8th March 1906.

(237—3)

Notice.

WANTED two paid Apprentices for the Bengal Forms Department on a subsistence allowance of Rs. 10 (rupees ten only) per mensem. None need apply who has not passed the F.A. Examination and bears a good moral character

The candidates must be below 28 years of age.

SRINATH CHAKRAVARTI,

Officer in charge of the Forms Dept., Bengal.

Bengal Forms Department, Dallinda Buildings, 247,
Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, the 12th March 1906.

Notice.

WANTED an experienced and competent first grade Overseer for the Gaya District Board from 9th April 1906 for six months on a salary of Rs. 100 per month. Fixed travelling allowance at Rs. 30 per month extra.

The candidate must have qualifications of an Upper Subordinate of the Sibpur College, as per Part IX, paragraph 7 (a). None need apply who have not had five years' practical experience on roads and buildings.

Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to 31st March 1906.

F. MAYNARD,

District Engineer, Gaya.

Gaya, the 11th March 1906.

(243—2)

Wanted

BY the District Board of Monghyr two passed Civil Hospital Assistants for employment as peripatetic Sanitary Inspectors in the district on a salary of Rs. 30 plus Rs. 10 as fixed conveyance allowance per mensem. Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 31st March 1906.

H. P. DUVAL,

Chairman, District Board, Monghyr.

District Board's Office, Monghyr, the 14th March 1906.

(250—2)

Wanted

BY the District Board of Backergunge two Assistant Sub-Inspectors of Schools on Rs. 30 pay plus Rs. 30 travelling allowance each a month. Applications with copies of testimonials and a statement of age, residence and a certificate of respectability will be received by the undersigned up to the 31st March 1906. None need apply who have not passed an F.A. of the Calcutta University.

Preference will be given to Muhammadans.

RAJANI KANTO DAS, Vice-Chairman.

Backergunge District Board's Office, the 18th March 1906.

(252—2)

Notification.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to a decree and an order made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction in suit No. 585 of 1898 (wherein Rajeswar Mullick was plaintiff and Baney Madhub Banerjee and another were defendants and wherein Mussamut Mohoree Bibee and Sew Proussad Shroff are now plaintiffs and Bipin Madhub Banerjee, Torindro Nath Banerjee, Khogendra Nath Banerjee and another are now defendants), and dated, respectively, the 9th day of January 1899 and the 7th day of December 1899, by the Registrar of the said Court, Original Side, in his sale-room in the Court-house on Saturday, the 24th day of March 1906, at 12 o'clock noon, the following property belonging to the defendants Bipin Madhub Banerjee, Torindro Nath Banerjee and Khogendra Nath Banerjee:—

Lot No. 1.—No. 100-1 Taltollah Lane, being the divided half part or share of and in the two- and three-storied brick-built house, together with the land appertaining thereto and containing by estimation 3 cottahs 18 chitaks, the entirety containing by estimation 7 cottahs and 8½ square feet, a little more or less, the entirety formerly known as premises No. 100-1 Taltollah Lane and comprised the Holding No. 59, Survey Block XIII, in the south division of the town of Calcutta, and bounded on the north by premises No. 101 Taltollah Lane, being the dwelling-house of Khettor Nath Chatterjee, on the south by the dwelling-house of Radha Churn Banerjee, being premises No. 100 Taltollah Lane, on the east partly by premises No. 101 and partly by premises No. 100-1-1 Taltollah Lane, and on the west by Taltollah Lane and paying an annual rent of Rs. 2-5-3 to the Collector of Calcutta in respect of the entire premises.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be seen at the office of Messrs. Manuel and Agarwalla, the plaintiff's Attorneys, at No. 3 Hastings Street, or at the office of the said Registrar on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

W. R. FINK, Registrar.

Manuel and Agarwalla, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Calcutta High Court, Original Side, the 14th day of February 1906. (176-1-4)

Notice.

A CERTIFICATE under section 38 of Act II of 1874 to the estate of Hugh Hamilton, late a pensioned Apothecary of the Subordinate Medical Department, who died intestate at Allahabad on 8th January 1906, has been granted to Emma Manning, of 2 Club Road, Allahabad, as the sole surviving daughter of the deceased to enable her to administer the estate. All persons being indebted to or having claims against the estate should communicate with the said Emma Manning.

HENRY T. HYDE,

Administrator-General of Bengal,

No. 3 Council House Street, Calcutta, the 19th March 1906. (257-1)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the matter of ELIAS ABRAHAM COHEN, an insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 28th day of February last, it was ordered that Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary, on that day, the said insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after-acquired property from all liabilities for debts, claims and demands of and against the said insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Sutttyendra Ch. Mitter, Attorney. —2)

In the matter of GOPAL CHUNDER SEN GUPTA, an insolvent.

On the 9th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

N. N. Mitter, Attorney. (258-2)

In the matter of ALBERT THOMAS RUTHERFORD, an insolvent.

On the 19th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. —3)

In the matter of LOUIS HERRERA, an insolvent.

On the 16th day of December last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. C. Ghose, Attorney. (260-2)

In the matter of KOMOLA CHURN DUTT, an insolvent.

On the 8th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

S. C. Mitter, Attorney. (261-2)

In the matter of MESCHAS BOTHRA, an insolvent.

On the 13th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

O. C. Ganguly, Attorney. (262-2)

In the matter of MUNGI LALL, an insolvent.

On the 3rd day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. M. Rukshit, Attorney. (263-2)

In the matter of AGA ALI NAKI, an insolvent.

On the 22nd day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

B. B. Newgie, Attorney. (264-2)

In the matter of FRANK DeROSARIO and another insolvents.

On the 1st day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvents in person. (265-2)

In the matter of LAHAR CHAND, an insolvent.

On the 31st day of January last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. N. De, Attorney. (266-2)

In the matter of MRS. ORCILIA SHAPCOTT, an insolvent.

On the 19th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (267-2)

In the matter of BHICHUCK NATH GOSSAIN and BHARY GOSSAIN, insolvents.

On the 7th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. N. De, Attorney. (268-2)

In the matter of **NAGRAJ ACHARJA**, an insolvent.

On the 8th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Bonnerjee and Bonnerjee, Attorneys. (29-2)

In the matter of **JOSEPH LAWRENCE DOMINGO and A. A. DOMINGO**, insolvents.

On the 3rd day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvents in person. (270-2)

In the matter of **JADAV CHUNDER SIKDAR**, an insolvent.

On the 16th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Wednesday, the 18th day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. K. Gaha, Attorney. (271-2)

In the matter of **M. C. SINCLAIR**, an insolvent.

On the 28th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (272-2)

In the matter of **E. A. SMITH**, an insolvent.

On the 23rd day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (273-2)

In the matter of **A. W. KLEYX**, an insolvent.

On the 16th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (274-2)

In the matter of **A. MAXWELL**, an insolvent.

On the 28th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. C. Ghose, Attorney. (275-2)

In the Court of the District Judge of
Bhagalpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 12 of 1906.

Ganpat Sahu, son of Tulsi Sahu, of Suro, pargana Naipur, subdivision Begusarai in the district of Monghyr, petitioner.

NOTICE

It is hereby given that the abovesaid petitioner has, on the 1st day of February 1906, been declared an insolvent under the provisions of section 351 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and the Nazir of this Court has been appointed receiver in the case.

F. S. HAMILTON, District Judge.

Bhagalpur, the 14th March 1906. (247-1-18)

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Mails for—	Date and hour of closing at the General Post Office, Calcutta.	Route by which despatched.
United Kingdom, Aden, Egypt, Europe, America, West Africa via United Kingdom and East Africa via Aden (and also South Africa, if superscribed on the cover via United Kingdom or Aden).	1906. Mar. 22 At 6-30 P.M.	Per P. & O. steamer from Bombay.
Parcels and money-orders for the United Kingdom and other Foreign places.	" 21 5 P.M.; M.O., 4 P.M.	Ditto ditto.
United Kingdom Colonies	" 26 At 7-30	Via Tuticorin and Colombo.*
Straits Settlements, China and Japan.	" 28 " 8-30	Per steamer A. Ameer.
Burma	" 22 " 7-30	Per M. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer.
Burma, Penang and Singapore.	" 24 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
Akyab, Kyaukpadaung and Sandoway.	" 23 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
Burma, Tavoy and Mergui	" 26 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
South Africa (Letters)	" 27 " 7-30	
Ditto (Parcels)	" 27 " 5	Per Steamer
South Africa (Letters) Supplemental.	" 28 " 7-30	Union from Colombo.
Ditto (Parcels) Supplemental.	" 28 " 5	
Port Blair	" 31 " 7-30	Via Rangoon.

* Although the date entered in column 2 is, as far as can be calculated, the latest safe date of posting for the next Mail steamer, full allowance being made for the steamer being in advance of her published timing, Mails for the places mentioned in column 1 are despatched daily to Tuticorin, so that they may proceed by any steamer from Colombo that has been unusually accelerated or retarded, or by any special opportunity that may be afforded by a steamer not belonging to one of the regular lines.

† On other days correspondence for China and Japan is despatched daily to Tuticorin, so that it may proceed by the first steamer from Colombo.

1. The letter-box for inland articles will be cleared for the forenoon Mails at the following hours:—

For Goshundo, Arakan and Chittagong, at 6-15 A.M.
For Khulna and Jessore districts, at 7-15 A.M.
For the Eastern districts, as far as Dacca and Mymensingh, at 8-15 A.M.

For Midnapore and Orissa districts, at 10 A.M.
For Bombay, Central Provinces and Midnapore via Bengal-Nagpur Railway, at 1-15 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 1-55 P.M.

2. The letter-box will be cleared for the evening Mails at the following hours, viz.—

For the East Indian Railway Loop Mail, at 2-30 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 2-55 P.M.

For the Northern Bengal, Darjeeling and Assam Mails, at 3-55 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 4-15 P.M.

For the Bombay Mail via Jubbulpore, at 6 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 6-30 P.M.

For the Punjab Mail, at 7-30 P.M.
For Midnapore, Orissa, Madras Presidency and Ceylon, at 7-30 P.M.

For the Khulna Mail, at 7-30 P.M.
For the Eastern Bengal Mail, Darjeeling, and places on the Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway, at 7-30 P.M.

and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 8 P.M. and with a late fee of 1 anna up to 8-45 P.M.

3. Late registered letters will be received between the following hours:—

For the Bombay Mail via Jubbulpore, from 6 P.M. to 6-15 P.M.

For the Punjab Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For the Eastern Bengal Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For the Khulna Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For Midnapore, Orissa, Madras Presidency and Ceylon, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

NOTE.—The late fee on each registered letter will be 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps on the letter.

4. Articles for Burma and for Port Blair by sea are received without late fee up to 7-30 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 8 P.M., and late registered letters on the days on which direct mails are closed will be received from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M. with a late fee of 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps affixed to the letters.

5. On the latest safe day of despatch of Mails for the Australian Colonies, or any other Foreign Countries, via Madras or Tuticorin, the letter-box for Foreign articles will be cleared for the last time at 7-30 P.M., and late letters and papers fully prepaid will be received up to 8-45 P.M. and late registered letters will be received from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

6. On the day of despatch of the Mail for Europe (Thursday) the letter-box for Foreign articles will be cleared for the last time for articles, without the late fee, at 6-30 P.M., and late letters and papers fully prepaid will be received up to 6-45 P.M. Late registered articles will be received from 5 to 6 P.M. On the day of despatch of any Foreign Mail by sea, the letter-box will be cleared for the last time, without the late fee, up to 8-30 P.M., and late letters and papers up to 9 P.M. and late registered letters will be received from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M. The late fee for Foreign articles is 4 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps affixed to the articles

CALCUTTA G. P. O. } JOHN OWENS,
The 19th March 1906. } Presidency Postmaster,

Nadia Rivers.

Report showing the least depths of water for the week ending Friday, the 16th March 1906.

Name of River.	Reach of River	Least depth of water soundings.	REMARKS.
Bhagirathi.	Entrance from Ganges	0 9	
	Thence to Geriah	0 6	Morintola.
	From Geriah to Jangipur	0 6	Alampur.
	" Jangipur to Berhampore	0 9	Rampur.
	" Berhampore to Katwa	0 7	Bhooghut.
Shalab-jalangi.	" Katwa to Nadia	3 9	Kukunpur.
	Entrance from Ganges	5 0	
	Thence to Akrikanj	4 0	Khamardiar.
	Akrikanj to junction of the Bhairab and Jalangi	3 9	Purandarpur.
	Thence to Patkabari	4 0	Imnagar.
Matha-bhanga.	Patkabari to Nadia	3 0	Patuavanga.
	Entrance from Ganges	1 0	
	Thence to Dewanganj	1 3	Dewanganj.
	From Dewanganj to Shikarpur	1 0	Kurmpara.
	Shikarpur to Boalia	4 3	Boalia.
	" Boalia to Chuadanga	4 3	Taitola.
	" Chuadanga to Kinnaganj and Hanskhali	4 0	Raypore.

Gauge Readings.

Locality.	Date.	Hour.	Height above sea.	Height above level.
Mahibganj	17-3-1906	A.M. 6	11 08	Ft. Fall.
Kampur Mouth	17-3-1906	Noon	1 15	48 15 Do.
Entrance of Bhagirathi Geriah	18-3-1906	A.M. 7	3 40	46 40 Do.
Entrance of Bhairab-Jalangi Akrikanj	18-3-1906	7	0 84	30 80 Steady.
Entrance of Matha-bhanga				
Jangipur	18-3-1906	A.M. 8	10 75	46 75 Fall.
Berhampore	12-3-1906	A.M. 7	1 70	35 65
Katwa	17-3-1906	P.M. 5	4 90	30 05 Fall.
Krishnagar				
Sarupganj	18-3-1906	Noon 12	3 40	3 40 Fall.
Hanskhali	17-3-1906	P.M. 4	4 90	15 75

A. K. BANERJI, Acctt.,
for Exec. Engr., Nadia Rivers Division.
Berhampore, the 19th March 1906.

NOTICE.

THE next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depôt will commence on the 1st April and will last till the 21st April 1906, inclusive. The public are hereby informed that all issues of the said Reports from the said Depôt to subscribers and officials will be suspended during the period.

L. C. ADAMI,
Offg. Secy. to the Bengal Council,
and Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

LEGISLATIVE DEPT.,
BOOK DEPÔT BRANCH,
The 9th January 1906.

THE INDIAN LAW REPORTS.

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 General Report on Public Instruction in Bengal for 1904-05. Rs. 1-4-3. (2s.).

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Index to Bengal Acts for 1905, in English. As. 2. (1s.).
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Catalogue of the Arabic and Persian Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Madrasah, by Kamalu'd-Din Ahmad and Abu'l-Muqtedir. Super. Royal Soc. Boards, paper cover. Rs. 2 (2s.).

Manual of Colloquial Tibetan, by C. A. Bell. Rs.

Report on Emigration from the Port of Calcutta to British and Foreign Colonies, 1904. As. 12 (1s.)

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Mr. N. B. Mathur, Superintendent, Nazair
Kanun Hind Press, Allahabad.

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and Jubbulpore.*

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Manager, "East Coast News," Vizagapatam.*

Manager, "The Agro Medical Hall and Co-
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Mr. T. K. Seetharama Aiyar, Kumbakonam.*

Lala Debi Prasad, Vakil and Manager of

Law Press, Cawnpore.*

Superintendent, Basel Mission Book and
Tract Depository, Mangalore.*

Messrs. P. Varadachary & Co., Madras.*

The Mercantile Mission Branch, Calcutta.*

Mr. H. Dowman (late Extra Assistant

Superintendent, Survey of India).
Allahabad.*

Mr. H. Liddell, Printer, etc., 7 South Road,
Allahabad.*

* Agents for sale of the Legislative Department publications.

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Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through Local Governments, to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agents of the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

(The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.)

List of New Books published during the Current Quarter.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor-General's Council during 1905.
3p. (1s.)

List of General rules and orders under Statutes and General Acts in force in British
India, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Rs. 1.3 or 2s. 6d. (2s. 6p.)

The Transfer of Property Act, 1882 (IV of 1882), as modified up to the 1st December 1905.
As. 15 (3s.)

List No. 1 of 1905, dated 31st December 1905, of Addenda et Corrigenda under Statutes
and General Acts in force in British India, edition 1905

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Serum-Therapy of Plague in India; Reports by Mr. W. M. Haffkine, C.I.E., and various officers of the Plague Research Laboratory, Bombay, edited with an introduction by Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Bannerman, M.D., B.Sc., F.R.S.E., I.M.S. New series. No. 20. Super-Royal 4to. Board. 14s. or 1s. 4d. (8s.)

List of the more important Libraries in India. Foolscap. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (1s.)

Memorandum on the Age Tables and Rates of Mortality of the Indian Census, 1901. By G. F. Hardy, Esq. Foolscap. Board. 12s. or 1s. 2d. (8s.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, January to March 1906. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India on the standardisation of Anti-Typhoid Vaccine. By Captain G. Lamb, M.D., I.M.S., and Captain W. O. B. Forster, M.B., D.P.H., I.M.S. New series, No. 21. Super-Royal 4to. Board. 6s. or 7d. (8s.)

*Report on Epidemic Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis in India. By Captain C. J. Robertson-Milne, M.B., I.M.S. Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s. 6p.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE

Report of the Indian Survey Committee, 1904.—Part I—The Report. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 2s. (5s.). Part II—Appendices. Rs. 4-8 or 6s. 9d. (6s.). Complete Rs. 6-8 or 9s. 9d. (11s.)

Progress Report of the Imperial Forest School, Dehra Dun, for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 10 or 1s. 2d. (1s. 6p.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Report on the Administration of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore for the year 1904-05. Foolscap. Limp cover. As. 8 or 9d. (2s.)

Administration Report of the Baluchistan Agency for 1904-05. Selection No. CCCCXXI. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 4 or 6s. (5s.)

Summary of remarks on the Kharif crops of the North-West Frontier Province for 1905. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 4 or 4d. (1s.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India. Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1896 to 31st March 1904. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 3s. (10s.)

List of Officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department, corrected to January 1906. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Variations in India Price Levels since 1861 expressed in Index numbers. Foolscap. Board. As. 12 or 1s. (8s.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts of the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the official year 1904-05 and the four preceding years, 17th issue. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 4d. (6s.)

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in October-November 1905. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s. each.)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for November-December 1905. No. 8 and No. 9 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s. each.)

Accounts of the Trade of the Portuguese Possessions in India in the year 1903-04 and the four preceding years. Foolscap. Paper cover. 2s. or 3d. (1s.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of August-September 1905, No. 5 and No. 6 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s. each.)

Tariff Schedules, 1906. Royal 8vo. Stitched. As. 6 or 7d. (1s.)

Report of the Committee on Indian Trade Statistics, 1905. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (3s.)

Annual statement of the Coasting Trade and Navigation of British India in the year ending 31st March 1905. Super-Royal. Board. 39th issue. Rs. 2 or 3s. (8s.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for January 1906. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-12 or 2s. 3d. (6s.)

List of Light-houses and Light-vessels in British India, including those in the Gulf of Aden as existing on the 30th June 1905. Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

Hand-books for the Indian Army—"Gurkhas." Super-Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 1-8, or 2s. 3d. (5s.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

List of Books published from September to December 1905.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

- The Indian Railways Act, 1890 (Act IX of 1890), as modified up to 1st June 1905. Rs. 1.2. (2s.)
- The Central Provinces Land Revenue Act, 1881 (XVIII of 1881), as modified up to the 1st March 1905. Rs. 1.2. (2s.)
- Act No. XIII of 1859 (an Act to provide for the punishment of breaches of contract by Artificers, Workmen and Labourers in certain cases), as affected by Act No. XVI of 1874. Anna 1.9. (1s.)
- The Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896), as modified up to 1st August 1905. 8s. (1s.)
- The Whipping Act, 1864 (Act No. VI of 1864), as modified up to the 1st August 1905. 8s. 6p. (1s.)
- The Indian Registration Act, 1877 (Act III of 1877), as modified up to the 1st August 1905. 11s. or 1s. (2s.)
- The Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (Act No. I of 1872), as modified up to the 1st September 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)
- The Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), as modified up to 31st August 1905. As. 15 or 1s. 4d. (2s.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

- Imperial Library List of Additions. Third Series, with Subject Index. Nos. 10, 11, 12 and 13. Super-Royal 4to. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.) each.
- Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Snake Venoms in Relation to Hæmolysis, by Captain George Lamb, M.D., I.M.S. New series, No. 17. Super-Royal 4to. Limp cover. 6s. or 7d. (2s.)
- Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Hæmoglobæria Gerbilli, by Lieutenant S. R. Christophers, M.B., I.M.S. New Series, No. 13. Super-Royal 4to, Limp cover. 10s. or 1s. (2s.)
- Report on the Administration of Civil Justice in Assam during the year 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of Criminal Justice in Assam during the year 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (1s.)
- Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, July to September 1905. Foolscap, paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)
- The Languages of India, being a reprint of the Chapter on Languages, by Dr. G. A. Grierson, O.I.E., Ph.D., D. Litt., C.S., to the Report on the Census of India, 1901, together with the Census Statistics of Language. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 2 or 2s. (2s.)
- Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India on Kala Azar, Malaria and Malarial Cachexia, by Captain S. P. James, M.B., I.M.S. New series, No. 19. Super-Royal 4to. Limp cover. Rs. 1-4 or 1s. 11d. (3s.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

- Records of the Botanical Survey of India. Vol. IV, No. 2. A1
Indian Species of Impatiens, by S. P. Hooker, G.O.S.I., C.B., F.R.S. Part II. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 8s. or 4d. (1s.)

Report of the Chief Inspector of Mines in India for the year ending 31st December 1904. Foolscap. Limp. As. 12 or 1s. 2d. (2s.)

Flora of the Upper Gangetic Plain and of the adjacent Siwalik and Sub-Himalayan Tracts, by J. F. Duthie, Esq., B.A., F.L.S. (Caprifoliaceæ to Campanulaceæ). Vol. I, Part II. Royal 16mo. Paper cover. Rs. 1.8. or 2s. 3d. (1s.)

A Note upon the "Bee-hole Borer of Teak in Burma," by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.E.S. Super-Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

- Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Board. As. 12 or 1s. 1d. (3s.)
- Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 9s. or 9d. (1s.)
- Report of the Civil Veterinary Department, North-West Frontier Province, for the year 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 7s. 6p. or 7d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of the Registration Department of the North-West Frontier Province for the years 1902, 1903, 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 6s. or 6d. (1s.)
- Report on the Police Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1-13 or 2s. 5d. (2s.)
- Report on the Vaccination in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 7s. or 7d. (1s.)
- Report on the External Land Trade of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 14s. or 1s. 2d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of Civil Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. 6p. or 8d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of Criminal Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11s. 6p. or 11d. (1s.)
- Report on the Excise Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11s. or 11d. (1s.)
- Report of the Chemical Examiner to Government, North-West Frontier Province, for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 4d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of Land Revenue Department of Land Records and Agriculture Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation and Settlement of Nations in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1903-04. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1-13 or 2s. 5d. (3s.)
- Report on the Income-tax Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for the years 1902-03, 1903-04 and 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 9s. or 9d. (1s.)
- Report on the Administration of the Stamp Department of the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 6s. or 6d. (1s.)
- Annual Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province in the Public Works Department for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 12s. or 1s. (1s.)
- Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 8d. (1s.)

Report of Archaeological Survey works in the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan, from January 1904 to March 1905. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2.4 or 3s. (4s.)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province during 1904-05. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1.3 or 1s. 7d. (2s.)

Annual Report of Dispensaries in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904. Foolscap. Paper cover. 12s. or 1s. (1s.)

Report on Public Instruction in the North-West Frontier Province for 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 18s. or 1s. 1d. (1s.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

List of officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department. Corrected to May, June and August 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.) each.

History of Services of Officers holding appointments in offices under the control of the Government of India, Finance Department. Corrected to 1st July 1905. Royal 8vo. Board. 12s. or 1s. (2s.)

List of Officers appointed by the Government of India in the Finance Department, corrected to September-October 1905.

Report of the Administration of the Mints at Bombay and Calcutta for the year 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

COMPTROLLER-GENERAL.

Civil Estimates, 1905-06. Vols. I and II. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (13s.) each.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and in six months ending December 1904 compared with the corresponding period of the years 1902 and 1903, No. 3 of 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (3s.)

Sea-Borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of May, June and July 1905. Nos. 2, 3 and 4. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.) each.

Accounts of the External Land Trade of British India for the months of March and April 1905. No. 12 of 1904-05. Nos. 1 and 2 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.) each.

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in April and May 1905, and in the corresponding month of 1903-04. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.) each.

Review of the Trade of India in 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Area and Yield of certain Crops in India, 7th issue. Foolscap. Paper cover. 5s. or 6d. (2s.)

Prices and Wages in India, 22nd issue. Super-Royal 4to. Board. Rs. 1.8 or 2s. (9s.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and in the twelve months ending March 1905, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1903 and 1904. No. 4 of 1904-05. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (3s.)

Judicial and Administrative Statistics of British India for 1903-04 and preceding years. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 3s. (10s.)

Sea-Borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the month of August 1905. No. 5 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in June 1905 and in the three months April to June 1905, compared with the corresponding period of 1903 and 1904. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1905. No. 3 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the quarter ending June 1905, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1903 and 1904. No. 1 of 1905-06. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (3s.)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for the months of September and October 1905. Nos. 6 and 7 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of July 1905. No. 4 of 1905-06. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1905. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2s. or 2d. (1s.) each.

Accounts of the Trade of the French Possessions in India in the year ending 31st March 1905 and the four preceding years. 2s. or 3d. (2s.)

Agricultural Statistics of India for the year 1899-1900 to 1903-04 in two Volumes.

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1904-05. Foolscap.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL.

History of Services of Gazetted and other Officers serving under the Government of Bengal, corrected to 1st July 1905. in 2 parts. Royal 8vo. Board. Part I. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (7s.) Part II. Rs. 2 or 3s. (5s.) Complete ..

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for 1st July 1905 and October 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2.12 or 3s. 3d. (6s.) each.

A Book for the Army—"The Services of the Bengal Native Army," an historical sketch from 1599 to 1895, 586 pages, with two coloured plates, obtainable from all the principal booksellers, and from the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, Calcutta. Demy. 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2.5 or 3s. 9d. (7s.)

Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment of the Military Works Services, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Super-Royal, 4to. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

History of the Hyderabad Contingent by Major R. G. Burton, 1905. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (6s.)

Return of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian

RAILWAY BOARD.

Administration Report on the Railways in India for the calendar year 1904. Foolscap. Limp. Rs. 2 or 2s. 8d. (7a.)

Classified List of the Subordinate Establishment, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1a.)

Railway Board Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways. Corrected up to 30th June 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Histories of Railway Projects, including Tramways, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 2 or 2s. 8d. (3a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Public Works Department Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment, corrected up to 30th June 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Administration Report of the Telegraph Department for 1903-04. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 6d. (2a.)

Public Works Department Classified List of the Subordinate Establishment, corrected to 30th June 1904. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1a.)

List of new books for sale at Thomason College, Roorkee, which were not advertised before.

Roorkee Treatise on "Railways," 4th Edition, revised by F. Wolly Dod, F.C.N. Price, Rs. 3 per copy.

Roorkee Treatise on "Irrigation Work." By Lieutenant-Colonel J. Clibborn, I.S.C., B.A., L.C.E., C.I.E. Price, Rs. 9 per copy.

Roorkee Treatise on "Sanitary Engineering." Compiled by Lieutenant-Colonel J. Clibborn, I.S.C., B.A., L.C.E., C.I.E. Price, Rs. 4-8 per copy.

Roorkee Manual of "Applied Mechanics," Volume II, The stability of structures mostly by graphic methods. By Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. C. Harrison, R.E. Price, Rs. 8-2 per copy.

Roorkee Manual of Hydraulics. Price per copy, Rs. 4. (No. XIX, Elementary Treatise.) By E. F. Tapple, Esq., B.A.

Designs for Wooden Bridges, together with rules for calculating the area of waterway, etc., and Plates. By late Rai Bahadur Kunhya Lal. Price per set, Rs. 4-2.

Pamphlet on Examination for Acid Radicals: Tables giving Analysis of Acids. Price per copy, 6s.

Pamphlet on Examination for Acid Bases: Tables giving Analysis of Metallic Bases. Price, 9s. per copy.

List of New Books available for sale in the College Book Depot.

Roorkee Treatise on Civil Engineering, Section XIII. Drawing for Engineer students, Part I. By Major E. H. de V. Atkinson, R.E., Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Price per copy, Rs. 3-2, including packing, postage, etc.

Hand-book of the Thomason Engineering College, Roorkee. Illustrated. Price, Rs. 6-12 per copy, including packing, postage, etc.

A list of new books and periodicals for sale at the Library of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 57 Park Street, Calcutta.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, new series. Vol. I, Nos. 2-8, 1905. At Rs. 2.

Memoirs, Nos. 1, 4, 5, 1905. At Rs. 1-8.

" No. 2, 1905. At Rs. 1.

" No. 3, 1905. At Rs. 2.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

A Lower Ladakhi Version of the Kesar Saga. Fasc. 1, at Rs. 1.

Catasahasrikaprajnaparamita. Fasc. 10 and 11, at 6s.

Catapatha Brahamana. Vol. II, Fasc. 1, 2, 3, Vols. III, VII, at 6s.

Vidhana Parijata. Vol. I, Fasc. 8, at 6s.

Mahabhasyapradipodyota. Vol. III, Fasc. 3, 4, at 6s.

Kala Viveka. Fasc. 7, at 6s.

Bodhicaryavatara of Candidevi. Fasc. 4, at 6s.

Godacharya Paddhati. Fasc. 1, at 6s.

Saddarsana Samuccaya. Fasc. 1, at 6s.

Tantra Vartika (English). Fasc. 5, at 12s.

Nityacaraprodipah. Fasc. 7, at 6s.

Chaturvarga Chintamani. Vol. IV. Fasc. 5 at 6s.

***List of books published by the Meteorological Department
from 1st July to 31st December 1905.***

Monthly Weather Review, January to June 1905. (Illustrated by 8 plates). Quarto. Paper cover.
Rs. 1 per month.

Monthly Weather Review, July 1905. (Illustrated by 8 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs. 1.

***List of new books published by the Geological Survey of
India during the week ending 17th February 1906.***

Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XXXIII, Part I. By Director, Geological
Survey of India, Rs. 1.



APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1906.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

THE following Notices are published for general information.

CALCUTTA, the 18th March 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secretary, Marine Department.

BAY OF BENGAL—ORISSA COAST.

Dharma river.—Changes in buoys.

No. 95 (first publication).—The Port Officer, Cuttack and Balasore ports, has given notice, dated 10th March 1906 that the "B" buoy has been removed from its old position in the Dharma river and placed higher up. It is now a starboard hand buoy, painted red and will in future be called the "A" buoy, and the old "A" buoy will now be called the "B" buoy. The bearings of the "A" buoy in its new position is given below :—

Chandipal mark N. N. W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W.

Kalibhanj mark W. $\frac{1}{2}$ N.

The bearings are magnetic.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—FLORES SEA.

Flores, Komodo, and Tanah Jampea Islands.—Existence and Non-existence of shoals.

No. 96 (first publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 148 of 1906) of the existence of the undermentioned shoals off the north-west coast of Flores island :—

- (a) A shoal, with a least depth of $1\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms over it, situated at a distance of $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles South from the summit of Sabolan Besar.

Approximate position, lat. $8^{\circ} 27\frac{1}{2}'$ S., long. $119^{\circ} 48'$ E.

- (b) A shoal, with a least depth of $1\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms, situated in approximately lat. $8^{\circ} 22\frac{1}{2}'$ S., long. $119^{\circ} 53\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

Also, that investigation shows that the breakers shown on the chart at a distance of 4 miles S. 15° W. from Sabolan Besar, and the shoal in lat. 8° 19' S., long. 119° 51½' E., do not exist; they have therefore been expunged from the chart.

KOMODO ISLAND. A small shoal composed of coral and rock, with a least depth of 1½ fathoms over it, exists to the northward of this island in approximately lat. 8° 25½' S., long. 119° 34' E.

TANAH JAMPEA. A pinnacle rock, with a least depth of 1½ fathoms over it, exists on the western side of this island, situated in a position from which the western extremity of Sambio island bears N. 22° W., distant 8 cables, and the eastern extremity of Guru N. 47° E.

Approximate position, lat. 7° 3¼' S., long. 120° 36¼' E.

NOTE.—The latitude given on plan of Sungai Menasa road on chart No. 2466 should be 7° 3' 40" S., not 7° 35' 40" S.

(Variation 2° Easterly in 1906.)

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Lombok to Flores, No. 1696; plans of Molo strait, and Sungai Menasa road on chart No. 2466; and Eastern Archipelago, part II., 1904, pages 222, 217, 256.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, WEST COAST.

Tabekat and Silugui bays and Sipora island shoals.

No. 97 (first publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 152 of 1906) of the existence of the following shoals in the undermentioned localities off the west coast of Sumatra:—

SIBERUT ISLAND.

- (a) **Tabekat bay.** A reef on which there is a depth of 7 feet extends in a N. 10° W. direction for a distance of 2½ cables from the north-western point of Carolina island.

Approximate position on chart 2284, lat. 1° 2¼' S., long. 98° 57' E.

- (b) **Silugui bay.** A reef, with a least depth of 1½ fathoms over it, exists in a position from which the south-eastern point of Logga Tesebukan bears S. 47° W., distant 6½ cables, and the northern point of the bay N. 4° E.

Approximate position, lat. 1° 23' S., long. 99° 6¾' E.

SIPORA ISLAND.

A shoal, with a depth of 5 fathoms over it, exists off the east coast of Sipora island in approximately lat. 2° 10' S., long. 99° 42¾' E.

(Variation Nil in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Tyingkok bay to straits of Sunda, No. 2761; plans of Tabekat and Silugui bay on chart No. 2284; Also China Sea Directory, Vol. I., 1896, pages 328, 326, 329; and Supplement, 1899, page 33.

AUSTRALIA, SOUTH—HOBART APPROACH.

Tasman island light—Date of exhibition.

No. 98 (first publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 338, dated 1st September 1905, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 162 of 1906) that, on 2nd April, a *white flashing light every five seconds*, thus:—*flash*, half a second; *eclipse*, four and-a-half seconds. It will be elevated 907 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 36 miles, and will be established in a lighthouse constructed on the south-eastern part of Tasman island, in the approach to Hobart. The light will be of the 1st order.

Approximate position, lat. 43° 14¼' S., long. 148° 2' E.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Pacific, No. 788; Australia, No. 2759b; Tasmania, No. 1079; Also, List of Lights, part VI, 1906, No. 1565a; and Australia Directory, vol. I., 1897, page 727.

JAPAN—NORTH-WEST COAST.

Shiro se, Wakamiya, Okai no shima—Lights established.

No. 99 (first publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 169 of 1906) that, on 1st January 1906, the undermentioned lights would be established on the north-west coast of Japan:—

1. **SHIRO SE.** A *fixed* light, elevated 115 feet above high water and visible in clear weather from a distance of 11 miles, would be exhibited in a square white wooden lighthouse, about 15 feet high, erected on Shiro se, Goto islands; it would show the following sectors:—*red* from the bearing of N. 45° E. to N. 67° E., *white* from N. 67° E., through east and south, to S. 75° W., *red* from S. 75° W. to S. 88° W., and *white* from S. 88° W., through west and north, to N. 45° E., the light power being 140 candles.

Approximate position, lat. 33° 11' N., long. 128° 48' E.

2. **WAKAMIYA.** A *red fixed* light, elevated 351 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 6 miles from the bearing of S. 67° E., through south and west, to N. 4° E., would be exhibited from a white staff about 35 feet high erected on Wakamiya, Iki shima.

Approximate position on chart No. 359, lat. 33° 52' N., long. 129. 40½' E.

3. **OKI NO SHIMA.** A *white fixed* light, elevated 816 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 8 miles, would be exhibited from a white staff about 36 feet high, erected on Oki no (Kotsu) shima, Tsu shima straits.

Approximate position, lat. 34° 14½' N., long. 130° 6' E.

(Variation 4 Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Shantung promontory to Nagasaki, No. 3480; China sea, No. 1263; Nipon, &c., No. 2347; Hirado no seto to Shimono seki, No. 127; Korean archipelago, No. 104; Iki shima, No. 3224; Kiusiu, &c., No. 358; Nagasaki to Karasut, No. 359; Also List of Lights, part VI., 1906, page 161; and Sailing Directions for Japan, &c., 1904, pages 569, 605, 510.

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Kurnafuli river—Depth of water in the channels

No. 100 (first publication).—The Officiating Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the following depth of water, reduced to Indian spring low water mark, was found in the channels on the 12th March 1906:—

					FT. IN.
<i>Track No. 1—Outer bar—</i>					
Disc on diamond	...	...	...	...	13 0
<i>Track No. 2—Inner bar—</i>					
Disc on diamond	...	...	...	...	11 9
Batten beacon on pillar	...	...	...	...	12 6
<i>Track No. 3—</i>					
Triangle on cross and ball	...	...	...	...	18 0
<i>Track No. 4—Guptakhally crossing—</i>					
Tripod on diamond	...	...	...	...	19 0
Cross and ball on diamond	...	...	...	...	20 0

AFRICA, SOUTH-EAST COAST—NATAL.

Port Shepstone light-house to be removed.

No. 101 (first publication).—The following Notice to Mariners, dated January 1906, is republished:—

The Government of Natal gives notice that on the 1st March 1906, the existing light at Port Shepstone will be removed and replaced by a 4th Order Occulting Light, showing a flash of 9 seconds with an eclipse of 1 second.

The focal plane of the new Light will be 78 feet above H. W. O. S. T.

The elevation of the base on which the tower stands is 53 feet above H. W. O. S. T.

The position of the new tower is 30 deg. 44 min. 45 sec. South latitude, 80 deg. 27 min. 45 sec. East longitude.

The iron tower will be painted in black and white, chequered, with the lantern painted white.

The new light will be visible between the true bearings North, 35½ degrees East to South, 28 degrees West, or assuming the magnetic variation to be 23 degrees West; between the magnetic bearings North, 58½ degrees East to South, 51 degrees West.

The new Light should be visible from the distance of about 15 nautical miles in clear weather.

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon river—Lower Hastings black buoy in a sinking condition.

No. 90 (second publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 19 of 1906) that the Lower Hastings black buoy is in a sinking condition, and will be replaced as early as possible.

This Notice affects Admiralty Chart No. 855, Rangoon River and approaches (plan, Port of Rangoon); also Bay of Bengal Pilot, 3rd edition, 1901, page 353.

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon river—Spit Light-vessel replaced.

No. 91 (second publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 20 of 1906) that the Spit Light-vessel will be brought up to town on the 7th or 8th instant, and the Light-vessel *Martaban* put approximately in the place of the Spit Light-vessel as on former occasions, i.e., the line of the two lights in one will be on the same bearing as before. The temporary light consists of two mast-head lights back to back.

This Notice affects the Admiralty Chart Nos. 823, Koronge Island to White Point, 883, Rangoon river and approaches, and Bay of Bengal Pilot, 3rd edition, 1901, page 348; also List of Lights, part VI, 1905, No. 369.

INDIA, WEST—SIND COAST.

A derelict off Kori creek.

No. 92 (second publication).—The Bombay Government has given notice (No. 23 of 1906) that the Commander of S.S. *Lama* reports that he passed a bugalow floating on her side yesterday at 0-20 p.m. (Standard time), with no one on board of her, off Kori creek in latitude 23° 20' 45" N., longitude 68° 3' E., tide half flood.

This affects Admiralty Charts Nos. 826, Karachi to Vengurla, 42, Coasts of Sind and Kutch, and 118, Kediwari Mouth to Nirani Creek; also West Coast of Hindustan Pilot, 4th edition, 1898, page 297.

AFRICA, NORTH-EAST—RED SEA, WESTERN SHORE.

Shab Shanks—Feux Eclaires light established.

No. 93 (second publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 149, dated 7th May 1904, issued by this office, the Bombay Government has given notice (No. 24 of 1906) that the new light Feux Eclaires will be exhibited on the extremity of the Shab Shank reef from the 15th February 1906, and will be visible, in clear weather, for a distance of 18 miles.

Approximate position :—Latitude 14° 40' N.; longitude 41° 06' E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Red Sea, Sheets IV and V, Nos. 8d and 8e, Jebel Tier to Perim Island, No. 143; also Admiralty List of Lights, Part VI, 1906, page 23, No. 152; also Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Pilot, 5th edition, 1900, page 197, and Supplement 1904, page 20.

AUSTRALIA, SOUTH—GULF OF ST. VINCENT.

Entrance to Port Wakefield—White and red lights placed.

No. 94 (second publication).—The President, Marine Board, Port Adelaide, has given notice (No. 2 of 1906) that a White light, eight feet high, has been fixed on the south end of the wharf; also a red light, twenty feet high, has been placed on the wharf 360 feet north of the white light.

The above lights in line lead up to the outer red beacon, but do not show Mid Channel inside of that.

CEYLON COAST—COLOMBO HARBOUR.

Caution—A rocky ridge on the northern approaches.

No. 79 (third publication).—The Master Attendant, Colombo, has given notice of the existence of a rocky ridge in the northern approaches of Colombo harbour with a least depth of 21 feet over it. A buoy has been placed N. 14° W. two miles from head of south-west breakwater. Mariners are accordingly warned.

AFRICA, SOUTH—CAPE COLONY.

Whale rock—Bell buoy withdrawn.

No. 80 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 227, dated 27th June 1903, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 97 of 1906) that the bell buoy formerly marking Whale rock, and situated in a position from which Robben island lighthouse bore N. 37° E., distant 1½ miles, has been withdrawn.

Approximate position, lat. 33° 50' S., long. 18° 22½' E.

(Variation 29° Westerly in 1903.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Table bay to Cape Agulhas, No. 2082; Table bay to Donkin bay, No. 2091; Cape of Good Hope and False bay, No. 636; Table bay, No. 1920. Also, Africa Pilot, part II, 1901, page 324; Supplement, 1905, page 19, and part III, 1897, page 55.

PACIFIC OCEAN—THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—MINDORO STRAIT.

Apo island light—Alteration in—.

No. 81 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 362, dated 20th October 1904, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 105 of 1906) that, on or about 20th December 1905, the character of the light on Apo island, Mindoro strait, would be altered from white fixed to a group flashing light about every ten seconds, thus:—white flash, eclipse five seconds, red flash, eclipse five seconds; it would be elevated 123 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 15 miles, the light being of the 3rd order. The exact time occupied by the flashes and eclipses is not stated.

Approximate position, lat. 12° 40' N., long. 120° 24' E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Molucca passage to Manila, No. 943; China sea, No. 2661b; St. Bernardino and Mindoro straits, No. 2577; Also, List of Lights, part VI, 1905, No. 621a; China Sea Directory, vol. II, 1899, page 297; and Eastern Archipelago, part I, 1902, page 77.

CHINA, NORTH—MANCHURIA—PECHILI STRAIT—KWANG TUNG PENINSULA.

Ta lien hwan—Mines removed in approach.

No. 82 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 151, dated 8th May 1905, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 106 of 1906) that the mines in the approach to Ta lien hwan have been cleared away, and that the Kwang tung peninsula may now be approached on the southern side, eastward of a line joining South Entry point and Cap island, and running in a S. 61° W. direction for a distance of 10 miles from Cap island, with reasonable security.

Approximate position, Cap island, lat. 38° 47½' N., long. 121° 36½' E.

The cautionary note respecting mines will, however, be retained on the Charts until it is known that the whole of the coast in this locality is free from these dangers.

(Variation 5° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Gulfs of Pechili and Liau tung, No. 1256; Kwang tung peninsula, No. 1798; Also, China Sea Directory, vol. III, 1904, pages 585, 589, 633, 634.

PACIFIC OCEAN—THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—LUZON—SAN BERNARDINO STRAIT—
TEKLNI STRAIT.

Cabezas shoal—Amended position.

No. 83 (third publication).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 194, dated 20th October 1894, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 111 of 1906) that Cabezas shoal, with a depth of one fathom over it is situated at a distance of 13 cables No. 20° W., and not one-third of a mile N. 20° W. from Kalantas bank as previously stated. It is a shoal head on Hamorauan bank.

Approximate position, lat. 12° 31½' N., long. 124° 4' E.

(Variation Nil in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—San Bernardino and Mindoro straits' No. 2577; San Bernardino strait, No. 3370; plan of Matnog bay on Chart No. 3475; Also Eastern Archipelago, Part I, 1902, page 349.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT—PULO PENANG.

Pulo Rimau light—Character altered.

No. 84 (third publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 112 of 1906) that on 15th January 1906, the character of Pulo Rimau light would be altered from fixed to a red occulting light every twenty seconds, thus:—light, seventeen and a half seconds; eclipse, two and a half seconds; it would be elevated 129 feet above high water, visible in clear weather from a distance of about 13 miles, and shown from an iron tower, 57 feet high, erected on a masonry base, situated on the eastern side of the island at a distance of 1½ cables N. 12° E. from its southern point.

The light is of the 3rd order.

Approximate position, lat. 5° 14' N., long. 100° 16½' E.

(Variation 2° Easterly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Acheh head to Tyingkok bay, No. 2760; Butang group to Pulo Berhala, No. 793; Penang Harbour, No. 1366; Malacca strait, No. 1355; Also, List of Lights, part VI, 1906, No. 408; and China Sea Directory, Vol. 1, 1896, page 147.

JAPAN—HONSHU, NORTH-WEST COAST—WAKARA BAY.

Tsunegami saki—Rock awash of Chi shima—Amended height.

No. 85 (third publication).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 113 of 1906) of the existence of a rock awash, situated at a distance of about 3½ cables S. 55° W. from the extremity of Tsunegami saki.

Approximate position, lat. 35° 38½' N., long. 135° 48½' E.

Also, that the height of Chi shima, situated 2½ miles S. 30° W. from Tsunegami saki, is 103 feet, and not 38 feet above high water as at present shown on the Charts.

(Variation 5° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Aburatani bay to Ando saki, No. 1495; Amarube saki to Ando saki, No. 2174; Also, Sailing Directions for Japan, etc., 1904, page 650.

JAPAN—NAIKAI—BINGO NADA.

Sanagi shima—Wreck to the southward.

No. 86 (*third publication*).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 114 of 1906) that the wreck of a sailing vessel, with a mast showing 6 feet above high water, is reported to be sunk in Bingo nada, in a position from which Sanagi shima summit (812 feet) bears N. 83° E., distant $1\frac{1}{10}$ miles, and Mushima summit S. 83° W.

Approximate position, lat. 34° 19' N., long. 133° 36½' E.

(Variation 4° Westerly in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Naikai, No. 2875; Bingo nada to Osuchi shima, No. 128; Also, Sailing Directions for Japan, etc., 1904, page 450.

CHINA, EAST COAST—PORT SHELTER.

Rocks.

No. 87 (*third publication*).—The British Admiralty has given notice of the existence of the undermentioned rocks in port Shelter, in the following positions:—

- (a) A rock, with a depth of 3 fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the north-western point of Shelter island bears N. 56° E., distant 4 cables, and the southern extremity of the same island S. 56° E.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 20' N., long. 114° 17½' E.

- (b) A rock, with a depth of 3½ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the north-western point of Shelter island bears N. 20° E., distant 4½ cables, and the southern extremity of the same island S. 68° E.

- (c) A rock, with a depth of 2½ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the eastern summit of Sharp island bears S. 24° W., distant $2\frac{2}{10}$ cables, and Keui island summit (725 feet) S. 31° E.

- (d) A rock, with a depth of 1½ fathoms over it at low-water springs, situated in a position from which the northernmost summit of Sharp island bears S. 7° W., distant $3\frac{3}{10}$ cables, and the northern extremity of Nga ju tau N. 82° W.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 23' N., long. 114° 17½' E.

- (e) The channel between Peaked rock and Jin island is foul.

Approximate position, Peaked rock, lat. 22° 19½' N., long. 114° 19½' E.

(Variation Nil in 1906.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Approaches to Hongkong, No. 1180; Mirs bay, No. 1964; Also, China Sea Directory, Vol. III, 1904, page 128.

CHINA SEA—BANKA STRAIT.

Amelia bank—Light buoy established. Banju Asin river.—Buoy replaced by light buoy.

No. 88 (*third publication*).—With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 468, dated 30th November 1905, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 117 of 1906) that a light buoy, painted in red and black horizontal bands, and exhibiting a white occulting light every twenty seconds (light, ten seconds; eclipse, ten seconds), has been established near the south-eastern edge of Amelia bank, Banka strait, in approximately lat 2° 13½' S., long. 105° 17' E.

Also, that the black can buoy formerly situated 1½ miles north-eastward from Tanjong Serah, Banju Asin river, has been replaced by a light buoy, painted black, from which a white occulting light every twenty seconds (light, ten seconds; eclipse, ten seconds) is exhibited.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 22' 25" S., long. 104° 45' 10" E.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Banka strait to Singapore, No. 2757; Gaspar and Banka straits, No. 2149; Banka strait, Nos. 2597 and 3471; Also, China Sea Directory, vol. I, 1896, pages 413, 400; and Supplement, 1899, page 35.

INDIA, WEST—SIND COAST.

Karachi harbour—Light buoy established.

No. 89 (*third publication*).—The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 118 of 1906) that a light buoy, painted red, exhibiting a *red fixed* light, has been established to mark the 20-foot patch in Karachi harbour; it is moored in a position from which Manora point light-house bears S. 85° W., distant 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ cables, and the breakwater light S. 8° W.

Approximate position, lat. 24° 47 $\frac{1}{2}$ ' N., long. 66° 59' E.

(*Variation 1° Easterly in 1906.*)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Chart:—Karachi harbour, No. 40: Also, Hindustan Pilot, 1898, page 304; and Supplement, 1903, page 19.

E. J. BEAUMONT, COMDR., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906

CONTENTS.

	Page		Page
PART I.—Orders and Notifications by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.	51-575	An Act further to amend the law relating to Merchant Seamen	11
PART IA.—Orders and Notifications by the Government of India	51-54	PART VI.—Bills introduced into the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations or published under Rule 25	N2
PART IB.—Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal	49-51	APPENDIX.—Marine Notifications	111-117
PART II.—Advertisements	547-571	SUPPLEMENT No 13:—	
PART III.—Acts of the Bengal Council:—		Liberality of the late Babu Abhoy Charan Mullick	491
Bengal Act I of 1906: An Act to amend the Court of Wards Act, 1878	1-4	Resolution reviewing the Reports on the working of Municipalities in Bengal (except Calcutta) during the year 1904-05	492
PART IV.—Bills of the Bengal Council	54	Resolution reviewing the Report on the Administration of the Calcutta Municipality for the year 1904-05	523
PART IVA.—Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council:—		Appointment of a Committee to enquire into the Drainage Schemes in the Presidency Division in connection with the prevalence of Malaria	535
Proceedings of the Meeting dated the 26th March 1906	33-74	Liberality of Orissa Chiefs	537
PART V.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council assented to by the Governor-General:—		Statistical Return of crops, Abstract A. Major and Minor Works, Circulars and Eastern Canals, Results of Meteorological Observations, Railway Traffic Receipts, &c., &c.	555-549
An Act further to amend the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882	7-8		
An Act further to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1859	9-10		

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

No. 2026A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 1933A.—The 24th March 1906.—Mr. C. E. A. W. Oldham, Magistrate and Collector, on special duty, is appointed to be Director of Agriculture, Bengal, with effect from the 3rd April 1906.

No. 1939A.—The 24th March 1906.—Mr. Manmatha Nath Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Diamond Harbour, 24-Parganas, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Presidency Division, *vice* Babu Amrita Lal Mukherji.

This cancels the order of the 17th March 1906, appointing Babu Charu Chunder Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Barasat, 24-Parganas, to act as Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

No. 1941A.—The 24th March 1906.—Babu Prasanna Kumar Karfarnah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas, is appointed to have charge of the Diamond Harbour subdivision of that district.

This cancels the order of the 17th March 1906, appointing Babu Prasanna Kumar Karfarnah to have charge of the Barasat subdivision of the 24-Parganas district.

No. 1963A.—The 26th March 1906.—Babu Dino Nath Dey, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, held charge of the Hajipur subdivision of the Midnapore district from the forenoon of the 24th February 1906 to the afternoon of the 19th March 1906.

No. 1983A.—The 26th March 1906.—Mr. H. M. Shriverton, substantive *pro tempore* Ranchi. Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the headquarters station of the Murshidabad district, on being relieved of his Settlement duties at Ranchi.

No. 1990A.—The 27th March 1906.—Babu Sukumar Halder, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nadia, is appointed to have temporary charge of the Meherpur subdivision of that district, *vice* Mr. B. B. Mehta.

POLICE.—No. 1856A.—The 21st March 1906.—Mr. J. V. Ryan, Superintendent of Police, Burdwan, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Assistant Inspector-General of Government Railway Police, Sealdah, *vice* Mr. R. F. G. Godfrey-Faussett, on leave.

This cancels the order of the 6th March 1906, appointing Mr. Ryan to act, until further orders, as Assistant Inspector-General of Government Railway Police, Howrah, *vice* Mr. O. W. C. Plowden, on deputation, and also the order of the 6th February 1906, appointing him to be Assistant Inspector-General of Government Railway Police, Sealdah.

No. 1858A.—The 21st March 1906.—In modification of the order of the 6th March 1906, Mr. R. B. Hyde, Superintendent of Police, Darbhanga, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Assistant Inspector-General of Government Railway Police, Howrah, *vice* Mr. O. W. C. Plowden, on deputation.

No. 1881A.—The 22nd March 1906.—Mr. G. C. Denham, Assistant Superintendent of Police, employed as Assistant to the Assistant Inspector-General, Government Railway Police, Howrah, is transferred temporarily to Puri.

No. 1883A.—The 22nd March 1906.—The order of the 16th January 1906, appointing Mr. F. N. Warden, Superintendent of Police, to be Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Crime and Railways, is cancelled.

REGISTRATION.—No. 2002A.—The 27th March 1906.—Maulvi Khawjeh Mohammad Reza, Special Sub-Registrar, Patna, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Second Inspector of Registration Offices, *vice* Maulvi Syed Feda Ali, on leave.

No. 2036A.—The 27th March 1906.—Maulvi Syud Abdus Salam, Special Sub-Registrar of Jessore, is appointed to be Special Sub-Registrar of Khuina.

No. 2008A.—The 27th March 1906.—Babu Ananda Gopal Mookerjee, Special Sub-Registrar, is appointed to be Special Sub-Registrar of Cuttack, *vice* Babu Jagadalandu Patnaik, deceased.

This cancels so much of the order contained in Notification No. 3025A., dated the 10th October 1905, as relates to the appointment of Babu Ananda Gopal Mookerjee as Special Sub-Registrar of Jessore.

EDUCATION.—No. 1898A.—The 22nd March 1906.—Mr. N. L. Hallward of the Indian Educational Service was employed as a Professor of the Presidency College from the afternoon of the 26th February 1906 to the afternoon of the 27th idem.

LEGISLATIVE.—No. 1925A.—The 23rd March 1906.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 45 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., c. 67), and section 1 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 and 56 Vict., c. 14), and the orders issued thereunder, and with the previous sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to nominate Mr. Thomas William Richardson, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Judicial and General Departments, to be a Member of the Council or the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

LEAVE.

No. 1949A.—The 24th March 1906.—Mr. J. Byrne, Assistant Settlement Officer, Bihar, is allowed combined leave for one year, *viz.*, privilege leave for one month and fifteen days under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 24th March 1906, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, and furlough on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 308 (a) of the Regulations.

REGISTRATION.—No. 2000A.—The 27th March 1906.—Maulvi Syed Feda Ali, Second Inspector of Registration Offices, is allowed leave for two months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th March 1906.

EDUCATION.—No. 713A.—The 7th February 1906.—Mr. H. B. James, Principal, Patna College, on deputation in connection with the inspection of mufassal colleges, under the Calcutta University, is allowed furlough for fifteen months, under articles 277 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, in combination with the summer vacation of 1906.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1936A.—The 24th March 1906.—The Hon'ble Mr. R. W. Carlyle, C.I.E., Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal, is appointed to be President of the Committee of management of the Zoological Garden, Calcutta, vice Major A. W. Alcock, I.M.S., C.I.E., resigned.

M. C. McALPIN,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2015A.—The 27th March 1906.—With the sanction of the Government of India, the following rules for the examination of officers of the Opium Department are substituted for those contained in Appendix VII to the Rules for the Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, dated the 28th May 1895. They will come into effect at the examination to be held in June 1906.

1. All Probationary Assistant Opium Agents are required to pass a Departmental examination held under the control of the Central Examination Committee who will arrange for the setting of examination papers in communication with the Opium Agents, and the Accountant-General, Bengal, and will, on receipt of the reports of the examiners and of the Local Committees, report to Government the subjects in which each candidate has passed.

2. This examination will be held at Bankipore and Ghazipur twice a year, ordinarily in June and in November, on dates which will be duly notified, and will be conducted by a Local Committee consisting of the Opium Agent, the local Sub-Deputy Opium Agent and a native Civil Officer to be selected by the Commissioner of Patna or Benares, as the case may be.

3. The subjects in which probationers will be examined are:—

- (a) Opium Laws and Procedure.
- (b) The language of the Province in which they are serving.
- (c) Practical work.
- (d) Certain portions of the Civil Account Code, volume I, and Manual of Treasury and Accounts Rules and Procedure.*

4. The text-books for (a) Opium Laws and Procedure will be volumes I, II, III, VI, VII and VIII of the Opium Manual.

5. The examination in (b) Vernacular will consist of—

- (i) translation from the Vernacular into English and from English into the Vernacular;
- (ii) the reading of (a) an official document taken at random from the local Sub-Deputy Opium Agent's office, and (b) vernacular accounts, in such a manner as to satisfy the Local Committee that the candidate can read accurately and fluently and, in the accounts, that he understands the bearing of the accounts upon his work;
- (iii) conversation with natives upon agricultural, official or miscellaneous topics carried on in such a way as to satisfy the Local Committee of the examinee's ability to make himself understood and to understand fully what is said to him.

6. The examination in practical work (which can be conducted only at the June examination) will consist of an examination, after instruction at the Patna or Ghazipur Factory (as the case may be) in examining and classifying opium and leaf.

7. Candidates in the Bihar Agency will be required to translate from and into Hindi (Kaithi character) and candidates in the Benares Agency will be required to translate from and into Urdu (Persian character) and Hindi (Nagri character).

8. Assistant Opium Agents are liable to transfer from one Agency to the other. On such transfer, if otherwise qualified, they will be considered as eligible for promotion without passing in the Vernacular of the Agency to which they have been transferred for a period of two years from the time of their arrival in the Agency to which they have been transferred. After the expiry of that period they will not be eligible for promotion until they pass in the Vernacular of the Agency.

* The Manual is at present under preparation. Until it is ready, the portion of the examination relating to Accounts will be omitted.

9. The maximum and the pass marks in each subject and the time allowed for the examination are as follows:—

Subject.	Maximum marks.	Pass marks.	Time allowed.
I.—Opium Laws and Procedure ...	120	60	3 hours.
II.—Vernacular—			
Translation from the Kaithi, Nagri or Persian character into English.	50 for each	30 for each	1 hour for each.
Translation from English into the Kaithi, Nagri or Persian character.	50 „	30 „	1 hour for each.
Reading Vernacular documents.	50	40	20 minutes.
Conversation ...	50	30	10 „
III.—Practical test—			
Parakhing of Opium ...	100	80	} 3 hours.
Examination of Leaf ...	30	25	
IV.—Civil Account Code, volume I (certain chapters), and Manual of Treasury and Accounts Rules and Procedure.	120	60	3 „

10. The rules for the conduct of Departmental Examinations of Assistant Magistrates and others are, as far as practicable, applicable to the examinations of Opium Officers.

11. The Central Examination Committee, after perusing the reports and the examination papers with the assistance of the examiners who set the papers, will report to Government the names of such officers as, in their opinion, have passed, noticing specially the subjects in which they passed.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

No. 1592 For.—The 20th March 1906.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 41 and 42 of the Indian Forest Act, VII of 1878, as amended by Singhbhum. Act V of 1890, and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to make the following rules to regulate the registration of property marks on timber in the Singhbhum district and also the transit of timber and firewood in and through that district:—

Rules for the Registration of Property Marks on Timber in the Singhbhum district.

I. Any person who desires to register a property mark to be placed on timber which he intends to transport in or through the Kolhan or Porahat estate, Singhbhum district may apply in writing to the Forest Officer in charge of the Singhbhum Forest Division, submitting with his application—

- (i) a copy and description of the mark which he wishes to be registered;
- (ii) a statement of the period for which he wishes the mark to be registered; and
- (iii) the amount of the fee due under these rules for registration.

II. Every registration of a property mark by the Forest Officer shall hold good for one or for three years from the 1st July preceding the date of registration, whichever the applicant may desire, and the fee payable by him shall be Rs. 2 for each registration for one year and Rs. 4 for each registration for three years. Double fees shall be charged for any additional property mark in excess of the first one registered in the name of an applicant.

III. The Forest Officer may refuse to register any mark—

- (a) which he considers resembles too closely any Government property mark, or any mark he has previously registered in favour of another person; or
- (b) if he is of opinion that the applicant does not possess and is unlikely to obtain possession of timber requiring to be marked with a property mark; or

- (c) if, on account of a previous conviction of the applicant of any serious forest offence, or for any other reason which seems to him sufficient, he is of opinion that the applicant cannot be trusted with a registered property mark; or
- (d) if he has already registered one or more property marks in the applicant's favour, and is of opinion that the latter has not shown sufficient cause for the registration of an additional mark.

IV. An appeal shall lie from any order by the Forest Officer refusing to register a mark to the Conservator of Forests in Bengal; and, if the applicant owns timber outside the boundaries of the Kolhan and Porahat estates and desires to transport it through either or both of these estates, from any such order passed on appeal by the Conservator of Forests in Bengal to the Commissioner of the Chota Nagpur Division.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A PROPERTY MARK.

Certificate of registration of a property mark for use in the Singhbhum district.

Person in whose favour the mark is registered—

Date of registration—

Date up to which registration will hold good—

Registration fees received—

(Counterfoil.)

Copy of mark—

Signature of the Forest Officer—

Rules for the transit of timber and firewood in and through the Singhbhum district.

I. In these rules—

“Timber” includes all pieces of wood of the undermentioned kinds, viz.—

Sal (*Shorea robusta*);

Asan (*Terminalia tomentosa*);

Paisar or *Hid* (*Pterocarpus marsupium*);

Karam (*Adina cordifolia*);

Ruta (*Ougeinia dalbergioides*),

which are sawn or squared with the axe, or which are over 6' in length and 9" in girth.

“The Forest Officer” means the Forest Officer in charge of the Singhbhum Forest Division.

II. (1) No timber shall be imported into the tracts respectively called the Kolhan estate and the Porahat estate, situated in Singhbhum district, from any place outside the said tracts without a written permit previously obtained from the Forest Officer showing:—

- (a) the name or designation of the owner of the timber;
- (b) the descriptions and amounts of timber which may be imported;
- (c) the property mark or marks which each piece of timber must bear;
- (d) the road or roads by which the timber must be transported and its destination or destinations; and
- (e) the period during which the permit holds good.

III. No piece of timber shall be imported into the said tracts, or removed from any reserved forest in the said tract, or transported from any other part of the said tracts to any railway station on the Bengal-Nagpur line, or to the towns of Chaibassa or Chakradharpur unless it bears a property mark which has been registered by the Forest Officer.

IV. Nothing in rules II and III shall apply to timber imported into the tracts or places therein mentioned by *bond fide* raiyats of the same for their own use, but not for sale or barter.

V. Every person transporting timber cut in any forest or other land in the Kolhan estate, or any reserved or protected forest in the Porahat estate to any railway station or town referred to in rule III shall previously obtain, and shall present for examination on demand by any Forest Officer or Police Officer, a permit signed by the Forest Officer or any other Forest Officer authorised by the Forest Officer in this behalf showing:—

- (a) the name of the owner of the timber;
- (b) the number and dimensions of the pieces of timber of which the transport is permitted;
- (c) the mark or marks to be borne by each piece of timber;
- (d) the railway station or town to which the timber must be transported; and
- (e) the date up to which transport is permitted.

VI. Every person transporting timber under cover of a permit granted under rule V shall, on arrival at the destination mentioned in his permit, present the timber for examination at the forest checking station established by the Forest Officer, and shall present the permit authorising its transport at the said checking station on or before the date of expiry of the permit.

VII. No person shall transport firewood, charcoal or bamboos cut or manufactured in any part of the Kollian estate or in any reserved or protected forest in the Porahat estate to the town of Chaibassa or Chakradharpur without a permit issued by a Forest Officer authorised by the Forest Officer to issue such permits showing:—

- (a) the kind and amount of firewood and charcoal or bamboos he is authorised to transport; and
- (b) the date up to which the permit holds good; and before entering either of the said towns such person shall proceed to one or other of the forest checking stations established by the Forest Officer and present the firewood, charcoal or bamboos and the permit to the Officer in charge of such checking station for examination.

VIII. Any person who, in contravention of these rules or of the conditions of any permit issued thereunder,—

- (a) imports or transports timber; or
- (b) transports firewood, charcoal or bamboos; or
- (c) fails or refuses to present his permit or timber in the manner required by these rules

shall be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

No. 1637 For.—The 24th March 1906.—Mr. B. B. Osmaston, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Bengal, is granted combined leave for six and-a-half months, viz., privilege leave for three months under articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and furlough for the remaining period under articles 233 and 308 (b) of the said Regulations, with effect from the 22nd March 1906, or any subsequent date from which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1685 For.—The 26th March 1906.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 31 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878 (VII of 1878), as amended by Act V of 1890, and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that in Rule 6 of the Rules for the management of the protected forests of the Government estate of Khurda in Orissa, published with the notification of the Government of Bengal, in the Revenue Department, No. 5401 (Forests), dated the 16th December 1895, after the word "whatever" the words "with the exception of fruit produced by trees which have been leased or may be hereafter leased by the Subdivisional Officer, Khurda," shall be inserted.

No. 1635 L.A.—The 24th March 1906.—In line 5 of Declaration No. 62R., dated the 23rd April 1901, published at pages 531 and 532, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th idem, as amended by Notification No. 1225, dated the 5th March 1906, published at page 364, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 7th idem, in connection with the acquisition of land required for the new Locomotive Yard of the East Indian Railway at Howrah, for "three plots" read "two plots."

No. 1599 Agri.—The 20th March 1906.—Mr. David Quinlan of the Indian Civil Veterinary Department is posted for training to the Bengal Veterinary College at Belgachia, with effect from the 28th January 1906.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 1590 L.A.—The 21st March 1906.—In the Notification No 1281 L.A., dated the 3rd March 1906, published at page 403, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 14th idem, for the words "17th August 1905" read "7th August 1905."

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1596 L.A.—The 22nd March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a new jail, police-lines and official residences, etc., in Howrah in the village of Rankristopur, pargana Boro, zilla Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose three plots of land measuring, more or less, 45 bighas 1 cottah and 11 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded as follows:—

- (1) On the north by house of Mr. R. A. Donnithorne, on the east by Strand Road, on the south by Seal's Garden Lane, and on the west by the property of late Babu Gopal Lal Seal.
- (2) On the north by Seal's Garden Lane, on the east by the land of Babu Manik Lal Seal, known as Bowling-green, on the south by jheel of Brojo Lal Seal, and on the west by plot No. 3 (mentioned below).

(8) On the north by Seal's Garden Lane, on the east by compound wall of premises No. 35 Seal's Garden Lane (i.e., plot No. 2 above mentioned), on the south by Brojo Lal Seal's jheel, and on the west by a line drawn north to south 110 feet, east of the Grand Trunk Road at right angles to Seal's Garden Lane, till it meets the northern boundary line,
are required within the aforesaid village of Ramkrishnapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Howrah.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1607 L.A. — The 23rd March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a police outpost at Chetla, in the village of Chetla, pargana Magura, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 cottahs 8 chittaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the land belonging to the Bhukailas Raj estate, south by premises No. 40 Gopal Nagar Road and the remaining portion of the land of Munshi Imadul Huq, east by the land belonging to the Bhukailas Raj estate and the remaining portion of the land of Munshi Imadul Huq, west by the side drain of Gopal Nagar Road, is required within the aforesaid village of Chetla.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1628 L.A. — The 26th March 1906 —Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of Central Police Station, Lal Bazar, in the town of Calcutta, pargana Calcutta, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose six plots of land, marked A, B, C, D, E, and F on the plan, measuring, more or less, 5 bighas 14 cottahs 15 chittaks of standard measurement, bounded as follows:—

PLOT A.

On the north by Old Court House Corner, on the east by Radha Bazar Street, on the south by Lal Bazar Street, and on the west by Old Court House Corner;

PLOT B.

On the north by Radha Bazar Lane, on the east by premises No. 18 Lal Bazar Street, on the south by Lal Bazar Street, and on the west by Radha Bazar Street;

PLOT C.

On the north by Ezra Street, on the east by Radha Bazar Lane, on the south by Radha Bazar Lane, and on the west by Radha Bazar Street;

PLOT D.

On the north partly by Ezra Street and partly by No. 6 Ezra Street, on the east partly by Radha Bazar Lane and partly by No. 13 Radha Bazar Lane, on the south by Radha Bazar Lane and on the west by Radha Bazar Lane and partly by Ezra Street;

PLOT E.

On the north partly by Radha Bazar Lane and partly by Nos. 8 and 11 Ezra Street and No. 9 Radha Bazar Lane, on the east partly by Nos. 8 and 9 Radha Bazar Lane and partly by Radha Bazar Lane, on the south by Radha Bazar Lane, and on the west partly by Radha Bazar Lane and partly by Nos. 5, 6 and 8 Ezra Street;

PLOT F.

On the north by Radha Basar Lane, on the east partly by Lower Chitpur Road and partly by No. 183 Lower Chitpur Road; on the south by No. 183 Lower Chitpur Road and on the west by Radha Basar Lane;

are required within the aforesaid town of Calcutta.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1644L.A.—The 24th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

Hooghly.

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Howrah Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening Dasani Bagan Lane, in the village of Salkea, pargana Paikan, zilla Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4 chitaks 20 square feet of standard measurement, bounded on the north by Prosonno Kumar Sadhkhani's land, on the south and west by Dasani Bagan Lane, and on the east by Dasani Bagan Lane and building of Lal Behari Sadhkhani, is required within the aforesaid village of Salkea.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Howrah.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1645L.A.—The 26th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

Birbhum.

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for Panjra Station at mile 18½ of Ondal-Sainthia Chord Railway, in the villages of Posundo and Kokotia, pargana Shahalumpur, zilla Birbhum, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two plots of land measuring, more or less, 81 bighas 10 cottaks 3½ chitaks of standard measurement (corresponding to 26 94 acres), bounded as follows, are required within the aforesaid villages of Posundo and Kokotia :—

PLOT I.

On the north by the paddy land of Dharam Raj Thakur, Bebhuty Laik, Bistu Sen and Kanai Roy, on the south by the land acquired for main line of Ondal-Sainthia Chord Railway, on the east partly by the Railway land and partly by the paddy land of Kanai Roy and on the west by the paddy land of Atal Mondal;

PLOT II.

On the north by the land acquired for main line of Ondal-Sainthia Chord Railway, on the south by the paddy lands of Beui Shaw, Atal Singh, Chand Mondal, Raj Kishore Ghosh, on the east by the paddy land of Khuda Mondal; and on the west by the *danga* land of Kamal Kaunto Banerjee;

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Engineer in charge, Ondal-Sainthia Chord Railway, at Babuiole, Ranigunge.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1648L.A.—The 26th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

24 Parganas.

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Garden Reach Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening that part of the Garden Reach Road where it meets the Dum-Dum Road near the gate of the Olive Jute Mills, in the village of Raja Bagan, pargana Shahpore, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 12 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the Garden

Reach Road, on the east and south by Cooily lines of Bengal Mills, and on the west by Dum-Dum Road, is required within the aforesaid village of Raja Bagan.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Municipal Commissioners of the Garden Reach Municipality.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1681 L.A.—The 27th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for nalla diversion and brick-field of the Bhagalpur kutchery extension, mile No. 1, in the village of Barari, pargana Bhagalpur, zilla Bhagalpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, 4 bighas 9 cottahs 8·64 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded as follows, are required within the aforesaid village of Barari:—

PLOT A.

North.—Magha Nalla.

South.—Land of Ganesh and Mangla Dutt Thakur.

West.—Magha Nalla, and land of Narsingh Mohan Thakur, Dagar, Ramjidas Mawari, Bodhu Mander and Kusab Nath Thakur and others.

East.—Ditto ditto ditto.

PLOT B.

North.—Land of Kusab Nath Thakur and others

South.—Land of Sree Mohan Thakur

East.—Land of Ganesh and Mangla Dutt Thakur, Dagar, and Sree Mohan Thakur.

West.—Ditto ditto ditto.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Bhagalpur.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1682 L.A.—The 27th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for drainage of line at Barakar, East Indian Railway, in the villages of Kando, Bitora and Bagoonay, parganas Shergurh and Kanthanagar, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose three plots of land measuring, more or less, 2 bighas 17 cottahs 10½ chitaks of standard measurement, bounded as follows, are required within the aforesaid villages of Kando, Beltora and Bagoonay:—

Plot No. I.—On the north by the railway land, on the south by the paddy land of Suku Bowri, on the east by the paddy land of Panchu Bowri and colliery land, and on the west by the paddy land of Suku Bowri.

Plot No. II.—On the north by the railway land, on the south by the paddy land of Digam Mahto, on the east by the paddy land of Harku Manjhi, and on the west by the paddy land of Gujan Mahto.

Plot No. III.—On the north by the railway land, on the south by the paddy land of Ramu Sarkar, on the east by the paddy land of Porash Napit, and on the west by the paddy land of Ramu Sarkar.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig or carry away, or use in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1683 L.A.—The 27th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for additions and alterations at Kusunda junction, East Indian Railway, in the village of Dheriajoba, pargana Jheria, zilla Memabum, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring

more or less, 5 bighas 3 cottahs and 6.44 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north and west by the railway land, on the south by the land of Aju Kahal, on the east by the land of Harku Kahal, Jugal Gorain and Aju Kahal, is required within the aforesaid village of Dheriajoba.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig or carry away, or use in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

The plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1684 L.A.—The 27th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for Sanitary camp for the Bankura Jail in the villages of Gossaindanga, Naranpur, Barikdee and Korangahir, pargana Chhatna, zilla Bankura, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 144 bighas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by waste lands of mauzas Naranpur and Korangahir, east by cultivated lands of mauzas Naranpur and Gossaindanga, south by waste lands of mauzas Gossaindanga and cultivated lands of mauza Barikdee, and west by river Darikeswar and Jore, is required within the aforesaid villages of Gossaindanga, Naranpur, Barikdee and Korangahir.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bankura.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1687 L.A.—The 27th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company, for a public purpose, viz., for siding into Bankmula for the Bengal Coal Company, in the villages of Shibpur, Bankmula and Pariharpur, pargana Shergurh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 74 bighas 4 cottahs 8.88 chitaks of standard measurement, 57.50 feet in length, varying from 300 feet to 100 feet in breadth, extending from the assisted siding to Pits Nos. 21 and 26 of Katras-Jheria Coal Company, passing north by the Bharati tank and south by the Bengal Coal Company's Bankmula Pits Nos. 1 and 2 as nicked out on the ground, is required within the aforesaid villages of Shibpur, Bankmula and Pariharpur.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig or carry away, or use in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

The plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1689 L.A.—The 27th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the South Barrackpore Municipality, for a public purpose, viz., for widening and extending a blind lane about 9 feet wide from Bagdipara road to Talpukur road, in the village of Tittagarh, pargana Calcutta, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose three pieces of land measuring, more or less, 1 bigha and 12 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the—

Plot I.—North and west by the existing blind lane, south by Bagdipara road, and on the east by the land occupied by Gourbag;

Plot II.—North by the land belonging to Bonku Behari Chatterjee and brothers, east by the existing blind lane, south by Bagdipara road, and on the west by the remaining portion of land belonging to Bachaspati family, Kartic Chandra Khan and Chandra Kumar Banerjee and brothers;

Plot III.—North by Talpukur road, east by the lands belonging to Nilmony Dey, Dwarik Das and Jogendra Nath Roy, south by the land belonging to Jogendra Nath Roy, and on the west by lands belonging to Trailakya-nath Biswas, Nilmony Dey and Nilmoni Choudhury Biswas.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Municipal Commissioners of South Barrackpore.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No 1689 L.A.—The 27th March 1906.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor

of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the South Dum-Dum Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for Municipal Pound, in the village of Patipukur, pargana Calcutta, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 cottah and 8 chitaks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the garden of Sristidhar Karmakur, on the east by the house of Sristidhar Karmakur, on the south by Jessore road, and on the west by the remaining portion of the land belonging to Anath Nath Deb, is required within the aforesaid village of Patipukur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Municipal Commissioners of South Dum Dum.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No 466 S.R.—The 23rd March 1906.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 9, 105 and 130 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following modifications in the rules prescribed under Notification No. 1390 F.F., dated the 6th July 1903, published at pages 922-26, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, for the purpose of regulating the weighment and removal by rail or water under bond of non-duty-paid salt from shipboard, or from Government salt golas to a warehouse appointed or licensed under the Sea Customs Act, 1878, or under the Inland Bonded Warehouses Act, 1896 (VIII of 1896), and for the clearance of such salt from such warehouse, namely :—

(1) For rule 13 (a) the following shall be substituted :—

“13 (a) Salt taken from shipboard or from the golas in order to be conveyed partly by boat and partly by rail, or partly by boat and partly by steamer, may be carried either in bulk or in bags; and the boat in question shall be a lighter provided with hatches, which are capable of being securely fastened down. It shall be the duty of the Preventive Officer to satisfy himself that the lighter is in a serviceable condition before permitting any salt to be placed in it.”

(2) For rule 18 the following shall be substituted :—

“18. Immediately after the arrival of the wagons or of the steamer at their destination, notice shall be given by the bonder or his agent to the officer authorised by the Collector of the district or the Collector of Customs, if there be any, to supervise the transit of the salt to the warehouse. This officer shall thereupon note the date and hour of arrival, and shall bring any unreasonable delay to the notice of the Collector; he shall examine the seals, and if they are found intact, shall take over from the railway guard or from the officer in charge of the steamer the pass accompanying the salt endorsed by the Preventive Officer; and he shall superintend the removal of the salt to the appointed warehouse, where it shall be stored without reweighment, unless the bonder or his agent shall desire reweighment. The expense of such reweighment shall be borne by the bonder.”

(3) After rule 39 the following rule shall be inserted :—

“39 (A) In the case of salt stored in bags, the tare weight of the bag shall be ascertained and delivery shall be given by weighing the salt in bags and then deducting the tare weight.”

No. 471-S.R.—The 27th March 1906.—In modification of the orders contained in

Government Notification No. 8018-S.R., dated the 30th June 1903, Orissa Division. it is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 5 of the Opium Act, I of 1878, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, with the previous sanction of the Government of India, has fixed the

selling price of excise opium in the districts of the Orissa Division in Bengal at the rates specified below, with effect from the 1st April 1906 :—

Division.	Districts.	Selling price per seer.
		Rs.
Orissa	{ Sambalpur	... 25
	{ Other districts	... 33

No. 4728.R.—The 27th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the power conferred on the Local Government by section 13 of the Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896), read with Act VII of 1905, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, with the previous sanction of the Government of India, is pleased to fix the rate of duty on all descriptions of ganja in the district of Sambalpur at Rs. 6 a seer, with effect from the 1st April 1906. This supersedes previous notifications on the subject.

No. 458-O.—The 24th March 1906.—Mr. M. Mackertich, Assistant Factory Superintendent, Patna, is permitted to revert to the regular line as Assistant Opium Agent, ungraded, on personal pay, with effect from the afternoon of the 31st March 1906, and is posted temporarily to Motihari.

Mr. A. Hayward, Assistant Opium Agent, ungraded, on personal pay, is appointed to be Assistant Factory Superintendent, Patna, *vice* Mr. M. Mackertich, with effect from the afternoon of the 31st March 1906.

No. 467-O.—The 24th March 1906.—Mr. C. S. Delmerick, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Bareilly, is granted privilege leave for one day, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave for one month and fifteen days granted to him in Notification No. 294-O., dated the 8th August 1905.

No. 475-O.—The 27th March 1906.—Notification No. 353-O., dated the 8th March 1906 granting three months' privilege leave to Mr. W. J. F. Currie, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Bettiah, is cancelled.

No. 476-O.—The 27th March 1906.—Mr. H. Blair, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Hazaribagh, is granted privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined with furlough for five months, under article 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 25th March 1906, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. W. J. F. Currie, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Bettiah, is transferred to hold charge of the Hazaribagh Sub-Agency, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. H. Blair.

Mr. O. J. Davey, Assistant Opium Agent, Hazaribagh, is appointed to perform the duties of Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Bettiah, *vice* Mr. W. J. F. Currie, transferred.

L. P. SHIRRES,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1577 Medl.—The 27th March 1906.—Major J. B. Buchanan, R.A.M.C., in charge of Station Hospital, Barrackpore, is appointed, with effect from the 10th March 1906, to have charge of the civil medical duties of that station in addition to his own duties, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel W. E. Berryman.

No. 1586 Medl.—The 27th March 1906.—Captain R. P. Wilson, I.M.S., Second Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital, is allowed, with effect from the 17th April 1906, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, two months and eleven days' privilege leave, with which he is permitted to combine furlough for five months and nineteen days and study leave for ten months.

2. This cancels notification No. 830 Medl., dated the 28th February 1906.

L. P. SHIRRES,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2027A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1906 A.—The 23rd March 1906.—Babu Surjo Narain Dass, Subordinate Judge, who is now acting as Additional Subordinate Judge, Bankura, is appointed to be a Subordinate Judge, Purnea.

No. 1910 A.—The 23rd March 1906.—Babu Debendra Mohun Sen, Munsif, is appointed temporarily to act, until further orders, as an Additional Munsif in the district of Gaya, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station, and is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the

trial of suits cognisable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, and with the functions of a District Court, under section 26, sub-section (1), of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Sadar Munsifi of Gaya.

No. 1931A.—The 24th March 1906.—Babu Abinash Chandra Chuckerbutty, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at Ulubaria, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Gagan Behary Chowdhry, or until further orders.

No. 1944A.—The 24th March 1906.—Babu Jogendro Nath Chuckerbutty, Munsif of Kandi, in the district of Murshidabad, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Gaya, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Annada Prasad Bagehi, or until further orders, and is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognisable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar Munsifi of Gaya.

No. 1947A.—The 24th March 1906.—Babu Jadu Nath Majumdar, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Murshidabad, to be ordinarily stationed at Kandi, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Jogendro Nath Chuckerbutty, or until further orders.

POWERS.

No. 1908A.—The 3rd March 1906.—Mr. Ram Comal Gupta, Deputy Magistrate, Contai, Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

No. 1970A.—The 26th March 1906.—Mr. J. D. Sifton, Officiating Joint-Magistrate, Howrah, is vested, under section 407 (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with power to hear appeals from convictions by Magistrates of the second and third classes.

Under the authority vested in the Local Government by sub-section (2), section 8, of the Reformatory Schools Act, VIII of 1897, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to invest Mr. Sifton with the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the said section.

No. 1983A.—The 26th March 1906.—Mr. H. M. Shelverton, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the order of this date, been posted to the head-quarters station of the Murshidabad district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 2012A.—The 27th March 1906.—In the Notification No. 1007A., dated the 19th February 1906, published in page 361, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 21st February 1906, vesting Babu Harbans Sahay, Deputy Magistrate, Darbhanga, with powers under sections 110 and 113 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, for "113" read "133."

No. 2024A.—The 27th March 1906.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to empower Babu Chandi Das Ghose, a Magistrate of the first class, 24-Parganas, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under the sub-section.

Under the authority vested in the Local Government by sub-section (2), section 8, of the Reformatory Schools Act, VIII of 1897, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased also to invest Babu Chandi Das Ghose with the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the said section.

Babu Chandi Das Ghose is also vested with powers under sections 186, 190 (1) (c) and 524 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 1979J.—The 20th March 1906.—Babu Saroda Prosad Pattak is re-appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Sadar Independent Bench, in the district of Bankura.

G. GORDON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 2087J.—The 24th March 1906.—Babu Bhupendra Nath Mukerjee is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Municipal Bench at Uttarpara, in the district of Hooghly.

No. 2099J.—The 26th March 1906.—Babu Nogendra Nath Mukherjee is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Municipal Bench at Uttarpara, in the district of Hooghly.

No. 2119J.—The 26th March 1906.—Babu Hari Nath Ghoshal and Babu Kahetra Mohun Chatterjee are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Independent Bench at Barasat, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

No. 2142J.—The 26th March 1906.—Kshitindra Deb Roy Mahashaya and Monindra Deb Roy Mahashaya are re-appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Sadar Independent Bench, in the district of Hooghly.

No. 2164J.—The 27th March 1906.—Babu Umesh Chandra Das is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Sadar Independent Bench, in the district of Bankura.

T. W. RICHARDSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 2046J.—The 22nd March 1906.—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Mr. Alexander Swan Riekie of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipal Bench, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

G. GORDON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 2026J.—The 24th March 1906.—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Mr. David Bruce of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Bhadreswar Municipal Bench, in the district of Hooghly.

No. 2028J.—The 26th March 1906.—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Babu Nogendra Nath Mukherjee of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Serampore Independent Bench, in the district of Hooghly.

No. 2163J.—The 27th March 1906.—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Babu Kartick Chunder Mukerjee of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Sadar Independent Bench, in the district of Bankura.

T. W. RICHARDSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POWERS.

No. 1980J.—The 20th March 1906.—Babu Saroda Prosad Pattak, who has been re-appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Sadar Independent Bench, in the district of Bankura, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 1992J.—The 21st March 1906.—Babu Binode Behary De, an Honorary Magistrate of the Independent Bench at Bhadrak, in the district of Balasore, is authorized to sit singly for the trial of such cases as may be made over to him by the Subdivisional Officer of Bhadrak.

No. 2020J.—The 22nd March 1906.—Maulvi Najmuddin, an Honorary Magistrate of the Independent Bench at Begusarai, in the district of Monghyr, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 2165J.—The 27th March 1906.—Babu Umesh Chandra Das, who has been appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Sadar Independent Bench, in the district of Bankura, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

G. GORDON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 2065J.—The 23rd March 1906.—Rai Saroda Prosad Roy Bahadur, an Honorary Magistrate of the Sadar Independent Bench at Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 2088J.—The 24th March 1906.—Babu Bhupendra Nath Mukerjee, who has been appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Municipal Bench at Uttarpara, in the district of Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 2100J.—The 26th March 1906.—Babu Nogendra Nath Mukherjee, who has been appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Municipal Bench at Uttarpara, in the district of Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 2120J.—The 26th March 1906.—Babu Hari Nath Ghoshal and Babu Kshetra Mohun Chatterjee, who have been appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Independent Bench at Barasat, in the district of the 24-Parganas, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class. Babu Kshetra Mohun Chatterjee is also empowered under section 357, sub-section 2 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act V of 1898, to take down evidence in criminal cases in the English language.

No. 2121J.—The 26th March 1906.—Kshitindra Deb Roy Mahashaya and Monindra Deb Roy Mahashaya, who have been re-appointed to be Honorary Magistrates of the Sadar Independent Bench, in the district of Hooghly, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class. They are also empowered, under section 357, sub-section 2 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act V of 1898, to take down evidence in criminal cases in the English language.

T. W. RICHARDSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2053J.—The 22nd March 1906.—Under section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Muhammadan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Maulvi Chaudhury Ahmed Kabir authorizing him to register Muhammadan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Ausgram, in the district of Burdwan.

No. 2052J.—The 22nd March 1906.—Under section 2, Act XII of 1880 (an Act for the appointment of persons to the office of Kazi), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a *sanad* (license) to Maulvi Chaudhury Ahmed Kabir appointing him Kazi of thana Ausgram, in the district of Burdwan, for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies when application is made to him to perform any such functions.

G. GORDON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2148J.—The 21th March 1906.—Whereas certain land was acquired by the Bengal Government, under the provisions of Act I of 1894 and Act XVIII of 1885, for a public purpose, viz., for the Bhalgora siding of the East Indian Railway Company, leaving the Damuda Branch at mile 174.781 feet from Calcutta, in district Manbhum, and whereas coal mines are situate under the said land and whereas the Bhalgora Coal Company, Limited have given notice to the Government of Bengal, in accordance with the provisions of Act XVIII of 1885, that the said Company, intend to work the said mines, and whereas the mines have been inspected by the officer appointed by the Bengal Government for the purpose under section 5 (1) of Act XVIII of 1885, and whereas it appears to the Bengal Government that the working out of the coal of the mines underlying the said land is likely to cause damage to the surface of the said land and to the works constructed thereon, and whereas the said Bhalgora Coal Company, Limited, have agreed not to work and get minerals underlying the land acquired for their siding or underlying the land acquired for the branch or other lines with which the siding is connected, or underlying the land of the branch or branches connecting the said siding with the main line, in such a manner as to injure or to endanger the safety of the undertaking or any part thereof, nor to claim any compensation for any restricted working:

Now, therefore, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to declare under section 5, sub-section (2), clause (b) of the abovementioned Act, XVIII of 1885, that the working shall be carried on by the said Bhalgora Coal Company, Limited, in No. 14 seam in the manner and subject to the restrictions below specified, viz.:—

- (a) A gallery B. E. may be driven in the coal commencing at or near the point B. in the incline A. B. in the direction of the strike of the seam, to meet the extension of the incline C. D. It shall be so driven that the distance from the top of the gallery to the natural surface of the land shall at no point be less than 50 feet, and it shall be at no point exceed 7 feet in width by 8 feet in height.

- (b) Two galleries W. X. and Y. Z. may be driven off the gallery B. E. above-mentioned on the line of full dip and rise of the seam. These galleries shall at no point exceed 7 feet in width and 6 feet in height.
- (c) No other drivings or galleries shall be made or driven in the area bounded by the line of the gallery B. E. by a line drawn parallel to B. E. from the point where the gallery Y. Z. intersects the boundary of the acquired land, 65 feet from B. E. measured in the direction of the dip of the seam, and by the two portions of the boundaries of the land acquired which lie between these two lines, this area being coloured pink on the plan.
- (d) A gallery, being an extension of the incline C. D., may be driven in stone or coal in the direction marked approximately on the plan. It shall be so driven that the distance from the top of the gallery to the natural surface of the land shall be not less than 30 feet at the point where it crosses the centre of the land acquired. For a distance of 20 feet on each side of the centre line of the land acquired, an arch of at least five rings of brickwork, set in mortar, shall be built upon side-walls not less than 2 feet 6 inches thick, of brickwork or dressed stone, set in mortar. The width of the arch to be not more than 6 feet when finished, and the height from the floor of the gallery to be not more than 6 feet when finished. The remaining portions of the gallery shall not exceed 6 feet in width by 6 feet in height.
- (e) No other drivings or galleries shall be permitted in the area bounded by lines drawn parallel to the centre line of the gallery C. D. above mentioned, on each of it, and 34 feet from it, and by the two portions of the boundaries of the land acquired which lie between these two lines, this area being coloured blue on the plan.
- (f) The positions of the inclines and the approximate positions of the abovementioned galleries are marked on the plan L. A. M. A. No. 47.
- (g) In the remaining portions of the land acquired the galleries may be driven as follows:—

Where the distance from the natural surface of the land to the top of the gallery, if driven, is more than 50 feet and less than 150 feet, the centres of the galleries to be not less than 40 feet apart.

Where the distance is more than 150 and less than 200 feet, the centres to be not less than 50 feet apart.

Where the distance is more than 200 feet, the centres to be not less than 60 feet apart.

All such galleries shall not exceed 12 feet in height and 12 feet in width, except in the case of the gallery, joining the two proposed new pits marked C. and B. on the plan, and being extended beyond them, on either side, under the land acquired. This gallery may be driven 14 feet wide, provided that the height does not exceed 10 feet in any part, and that the first line of pillars formed on each side are not less than 68 feet square.

- (h) Where required by any rules made under the Indian Mines Act, manholes not exceeding 5 feet in height by 3 feet in width and 4 feet in depth may be made in any of the galleries or arches.

The plan referred to marked L. A. M. A. No. 47, signed by the Chief Inspector of Mines, may be seen by the parties interested in his office.

T. W. RICHARDSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 761P.—The 23rd March 1906.—The services of J. O. White, C.I.E., Executive Engineer, first grade, now employed as Political Officer in Sikkim, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Home Department, with effect from the 1st April 1906.

B. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLITICAL (POLICE) DEPARTMENT.

825 P.—The 27th March 1906.—Under section 4 (1), clause (a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act V of 1861, the Lieutenant-Governor declares the undermentioned police outposts in the district of Shahabad to be stations for the local areas specified :—

NAMES.	Boundaries.	Names of villages included in jurisdiction.
Independent station, in Piro.	Bounded on the— <i>North</i> by villages Ramasaurh, Patkhawlia, Rancee of Sandes Independent outpost. <i>South</i> by villages Amra, Waini of Arwal police-station in Gaya. <i>East</i> by village Arwal, Gaya district. <i>West</i> by villages Imadpur, Moapkalan, Panmari, Bagar of Piro police-station.	Abgila, Kawrandihri, Karbasin, Nawada, Tola Budhram, Patashia Tola Kudwa, Peur, Mathurapur, Sahar, Chack Dusadhi, Chack Aziz, Indurkhi, Ekwari, Hanuman Chapra, Tola Manphar, Gulzarpur, Perhap, Dhawri, Harkhu Tola, Chandergarh, Dehal Tola, Anua, Charkpokhri, Nirbhay Tola, Misri Chak, Nonaur, Ganji, Bansi Dehri, Baruhi, Beshunpura, Milki Chaturbhuj, Bajarea, Tola Nawbat, Mozafferpur, Karbasi, Lateargang, Tola-beidar, Tola Ahirau, Tola Mushar, Kamarea, Ohilher, Ohipura, Kirkiri, Tola Chak, Dhobri, Barahpur, Chaman Tola, Mehdoura, Darhua, Moghara, Tola Bhanjan Garani, Tola Doma Garari, Abiley, Kurmi Chak, Kherhi, Chausi, Tola Maujdi, Bargau, Dihra, Nareadib, Narhi Gordiha, Pararea, Chaprapur, Baghi, Muradpur, Barana, Nikapur, Bhalani, Sewtha, Sewthara, Agiau, Tola Koli, Ekouria, Chauria, Kharacha, Satna, Paswa, Beas Tola, Iserpura, Banouli, Keshwerpur, Ralnath, Laharpa, Mochehra, Baradih, Lasarhi, Bisambhra, Inglis, Dhakni, Dumarea, Narainpur, Mehdichak, Makluti, Berath, Mathia, Tola Saudagar Dusadh, Karbasi, Tola Radhanagar, Milki, Anantpur, Situhari, Tola Situhari, Baghuc, Chiraili, Sheobaran Tola, Akorha, Tola Ekrarganj, Dilea Lachan Tola, Bhauani Tola, Tola Nonia, Garpa, Babu Bandh, Tola Dhihra, Bisambherpur, Jaga Kharinba, Dehri, Bhikampur, Tola Bigan Abir, Maranpur, Tola Pakri, Tola Diljore Abir, Amaruha, Tola Jaga Keshuar, Kasiar, Koni Manamadpur, Bhat Biga, Nima, Dulam Chak, Lachan Tola, Kanpahari, Puraha, Tola Saji Lal, Tola Jagan Koeri, Banguti, Bahura, Tola Chapra, Sheopur, Tajpur, Milki, Kharan Kalan, Tola Kharasan, Sakhuana, Janpura, Mahabir Tola, Tajpur, Chouri, Tol Jaurhi, Dhanchhuha, Darna Tola, Euatapur, Tola Pachrukheauakil, Tola Sajewan, Ojhuaalea Khurd, Pachrukha, Lodhipur, Kathi Anhari, Mathia, Atpa, Dharampur, Ramtahal Tola with Kathi Anhari, Tola Bazar, Tola Dehri, Bhairo Tola, Chatterpura, Patalpura, Gang, Ojhuaalea, Harpur, Jauadih, Bhopatpur.
Independent station, in Shahpur.	Bounded on the— <i>North</i> by villages Masarh, Sawarath ka Tola, Nawada of Arrah police-station; Gbagha, Kauria, Tola Amayee, Kuardah, Tola Mathia, Pipra, Gangaparshad ka Tola, Tola Butaraut, Behea Bazar, Majhouli, Sahab Tola, Khakoband, Jado Bhandasara, Mangit Bhandasara, Mahuaou, Jadopur, of Shahpur police-station. <i>South</i> by villages Chowbaypur, Basani, Ohhsorahi, Ohapataha, Haswadib, Kesawa, Auria Tola, Rajapur, Kasamaria, Padaria, Tola Dumaria, Pasaur, Badahara, Bagusara, Harnahi, of Piro police-station. <i>East</i> by villages Semaraon, Deorhi, Garhani, of Piro police-station; Nahasi, Bagawa of Sandes Independent outpost; Basauri, Edaura, Morath, Birampur, Indarpura, Sonapura, Jaitpura, Asani, of Arrah police-station.	Arela, Agaruah, Adhari Bag, Asuhdar, Asudhan, Atta, Ayar, Ahirpura, Ajanath Tola, Ajamnagar, Isar Singh ka Tola, Isar Tola, Isadi, Tola Sheogulam Ahir, Iehari, Inglis Bhikari Rai, English, Ugain, Utardaha, Ugiarpur, Keshun Koeri ka Tola, Kamal Chouba ka Tola, Karma-rabretola, Kashari, Kusba, Phulsee, Kahathu, Kakila, Kahan, Kasopur, Kushmah, Kawara, Karan Tola, Koelari, Kita, Katabojh, Kachenia, Khairhi, Khadan Tola, Khada, Ganpat Koir ka Tola, Gajahar, Gang, Guraj, Gayanpura with Tola Mushar, Gangadhar, Dihri, Khairhi, Chamartoli, Ohakawa, Ohakase, Charwahi, Ohrotola, Chegatola, Gagan ka Tola, Julmi Koeri ka Tola, Jhumak Mushar ka Tola, Tikthi, Dihri, Dilia, Dumraw Tola, Dilia, Dihri, Taduni, Tanuni, Taduni, Tulsi Hardeo, Dulhin Gang ka Tola, Deoki Singh ka Tola, Deorada, Dalip-pur, Dulaur, Deoghar, Dindayal Singh ka Tola, Digha Tola, Dalaur Tola, Dual, Dularpur, Deoki Singh ka Tola, Deau Tola, Didha, Dawa, Dulahin Gang, Dhangaee, Dhantal Tola, Dhuma Tola, Naraen Koeri ka Tola, Narpal Koeri ka Tola, Nayka Tola, Naur Pokhar, Nayaka Tola, Naraen-pur, Parasia, Pipra with Tola Bhanjan, Palia, Pilapore, Bishun Dayal Bind ka Tola, Bauli, Budhraul, Bajawabar, Bahara, Barase, Baluahi, Mithha Mithha, Baohu Ahir ka Tola, Basawna, Bachari, Bahura, Baurhi, Barnaw with Tola Dhaka, Karan, Bankat, Budhu Tola, Bawranji Tola,

NAME.

Boundaries.

Names of villages included in jurisdiction.

West by villages Kamariaon, Bikrampur, Tiar, of Shahpur police-station; Baruha, Bhadawar, Badadi of Barahpur Independent out-post; Madia, Chapra, Usara, of Nawaragar Independent out-post; Kukurah, Oena, of Piro police-station.

Baligaw, Barap, Bimawa, Babhnia, Badh, Bakulha, Bachari Tola, Barun Tola, Bhaji Ahir ka Tola, Bhairoo Tola, Bhaka Tola, Bhole Bind ka Tola, Bhadsara, Bhoja Ahir ka Tola, Bhadhari, Bhartoli, Bhatauli, Bhimlahi, Bhorahi, Masar Tola, Mithu Tola, Madhwar Tola, Mujaawal Tola, Mahrhi, Masar, Mitha, Mahtati, Masudhi, Magura, Manjhupur, Mathia Uta-wari, Madapur, Mathia Dakhinwari, Mathia, Morasia with Mathia, Mahathin Tola with Gulab Tola, Madura, Manduri, Mathia, Mithu Tola, Mathia, Manudihri, Mahand Tola, Mathi Naek Ahir, Mathurapur with Lahijor, Marae Bhinik Ahir, Ram Jiwan Mushar ka Tola, Ram Nager, Ram Charan Ahir ka Bathan, Ram Gati Bind ka Tola, Ramdas Tola, Ram Rekha Dusadh ka Tola, Ram Khalawan Mushar ka Tola, Ramnagar, Ramkosa, Rosan Tola, Ratanpur, Ramdiura, Kupbadh, Rataudandi, Ramdaghpur, Lal Behari Singh ka Tola, Lal Chand Ahir ka Tola, Lakhnupura, Lachmipur, Lalgang, Subadar Mushar ka Tola, Sheoraji Tola, Sheogobind Lal ka Tola, Sheobaran Baran ka Tola, Sukhari Ahir, Sonbarsa, Sheopur, Sarasa, Sahawan Ahir ka Tola, Sabhnath Ahir ka Bathian, Sakhi Chand Koeri ka Tola, Sheonath Tola, Shearna, Sadhi, Sheoharan Ahir ka Tola, Sheotola, Sundara, Sheripur, Shebar Tola, Ramdiura, Sahagi, Sultaipur, Shrogang, Sasa Nunia ka Tola, Sanea, Harnandan Lal, ka Tola, Hatampur, Harnatar, Hatpokhar, Hadiabad, Haruhi, Hardia Kala, Hardia Khurd, Harigaon, Jagadis-pur Town.

ra Independent
post in Arrah
ce-station.

Bounded on the—

North by River Ganges, Dorigunge, Chirar, Kutubpur, Dealohuk, Ranguka Tola, City-Chupra, Tilpa, Tola Rawal Rai, Tola Batore Ahir, Tola Jamadar Rai, Dara Gobind Singh, Chapra (Saran District) Loha Tola, Byjoo Tola, Dabi Tola, Bhamwer Tola, Shetabdiara in police-station Chapra, Tola Maharaja Ahir, Bajitpore, Lachman Chapra, Karan Chapra.

South by Dariapore, Behara, Basantpur, Saroiwan, Maranpur, Karari, Bellia, Mahuli, Jogwalia, Jhegta, Pipra, Basantpore, Bhakura, Dumara, Babarha, Makhumpore, Keshrahia, Jalpura, Majhuan, Manikpur of police-station Arrah.

East by Rampore, Huldichupra of police-station Manair in Patna district; Samra, Bhotu Chokis, Rajipore, Puohrukha of Arrah police-station.

West by Bahoraupore, in Shah police-station, Salempore, Tola Mani Rai, Baghakole of Arrah police-station.

Barhra, Inglis Ajooli Nai, Sirisia, Akauna, Akaunagang, Kovion, Kapurdiara, Dhusaria, Jominipur, Chackearhi, Ohotar Kasopur, Karja, Kazi Ohak, Mirganj, Padaria, Bhusanld, Rampore Kushloori, Lauhar, Samaria, Mahudahi, Tola Ramnath Das, Tola Basist Rai, Tola Sheolakhau Rai, Tola Acha Rai, Neknan Tola, Tola Saligram Singh, Tola Roghu Barai, Farahsa, Tulshi Chapra, Bakhorapur Chotaka, Bakhorapur Barka, Sheopore, Sabalpore, Hajipore, Gazipore, Alakhi Tola, Tulshi Chapra, Ohotaka Alakhi Tola, Tola Bahadur Rai, Gayanpur, Ohnina Gaon, Nathmalpur, Marha, Samaria Geawan Rai, Sanjoel, Harakh Tola, Sinha, Kandha Chapra, Kawal Chapra, Milki, Chanda, Lachmipore, Laphospore, Bind Tola, Gundi, Itahua, Inglis Durug Rai, Tola Audhan Rai, Tola Gobind Ahir, Torei, Chapra, Paiga, Duba Chapra, Farna, Lauhar, Sarais, Udhmanpur, Galehaur, Babhangwa, Deorhi, Mohanpore, Mobarakpore, Itahua Bugurg, Jagatpur, Kudaria, Kalainpur, Ohanda Bujurg, Ganghar, Tola Rambhaju Singh, Tola Sadasi Rai, Dauria, Nurpur, Tola Isari Panda, Pakri, Parsrampur, Porha, Tola Mathia, Mauzampur, Shahjahanpur, Khanda Chapra, Khawaspur, Kuwatia, Khawaspur Sani Tirbhuwani, Jokahari, Tirbhuwani Bujurg, Padomani, Mahuli, Chain Chapra, Ohotka Mahuli, Majhauhi, Sohra, Hatampur, Balua, Tola Acharaj Lal, Tola Jeiwari, Maragda, Piparpati, Malukpur, Kholrampur, Ratankola, Chandwa, Ramshahar, Deorhi, Bauditpur, Durjan Chak, Agarapura, Babhangawa Sani, Bhoputpur, Qutbuddin Chak, Man, Chapra, Mathurepur, Deuria Sari, Gopalpur, Sirpalpur, Babura, Shewan Chak, Phuhan, Bindgawa, Ramshahar, Gulab Chapra, Bandho Chapra, Baliwan Tola, Bishon-pura, Surapur, Subblepur.

Independent
ost in Arrah
e-station.

Bounded on the—

North by Kesap, Kusuma, Balaur, Khalisa, Salampur, Bharotola, Bahiara, of Arrah police-station.

Padura, Rampur Mohehtola Jamuni, Turkaul, Tawary Chak, Ahpura, Sandes, Rapura, Kadharpur Salampur, Janasara, Daur, Kulari, Baja Chak, Bhikham, Khadole, Sirkishak Pampur, Kaji Chak, Nurepur, Sarasa, Bhim-

NAME.	Boundaries.	Names of villages included in jurisdiction.
	<p><i>South</i> by Dilia, Kamarie, Magharia, Dhobari, Khadi, Ahila, Posawa, Isarpura Kharascha, Agiau, Laharpa, Baradihtola, Ratanar of Sahar Independent out-post, Padaria of Piro police-station.</p> <p><i>West</i> by Gerahni, in Piro police-station; Parap, in Jagadisipur out-post, Dhama, in Arrah police-station Adaura, Shempur, Sarathua, Peania in Arrah police-station.</p> <p><i>East</i> by River Sone, Mahabali pur, Paliganj, district Patna, Udupur, Masahur Raniatalab, Jitachapra Dhara in Paliganj, district Patna, Sardha Chapra, Raju Chapra, Budu Chapra, Lahladpur, Janpara, Manoharpur, Akabelganj, Nisanpura, Mahuar, Tola Naragnarain, in Bikram police-station; district Patna.</p>	<p>pura, Bhatauli, Pijroee, Phatkaulia. Kori, Surajapur, Sundarpur, Pawar, Tolabadari, Rudalpur, Paharpur, Akauri, Ramasar, Balla, Bartiar, Tara, Pandapur, Pauna, Araola, Sauna, Rani, Dhodiha, Misraulia, Khojara, Tola Bhopatpur, Tola Bhola, Dihra, Mahuli, Bhagwanpur, Maniach, Khanat, Naruni, Sheopur Rupnarsen, Paharpur Kalla, Nahasi, Tola Nohasi, Ohamar Nohasi, Dhamania Gaura, Sikaria, Ramdihara, Mahabitola, Suari <i>alias</i> Chakan Tola, Dihri, Baraura, Ohak Chakasa, Bagwa Sikathi, Ram-pur Sani, Kurkuri, Bisamhara, Bahadurpur, Tola Koori Aroalan, Dularpur, Labhuani, Roghapur, Kunjauli, Bankat, Pipra, Jamuan, Biehiau, Jahanpur <i>alias</i> Dalpur, Jokta, Ramdehaultola, Kusara Tola, Kusara, Lalalganj, Dharampur, Sundara, Bardiha, Dihri, Kholpur Chatatola, Khangau Gurimanpur, Bhagawatpur, Sarimpur, Lodipur, Bishunpura, Gopalpur, Ratanpur, Nasarathpur, Chilosh, Mahamadpur, Nasirpur, Narsenpur, Akhagaon, Tola Rupdhari, Jalpura, Fatahpur, Nansagar, Bachari, Partap-pur, Kampur, Mathia.</p>
ore Independ- out-post in raon police- n	<p>Bounded on the—</p> <p><i>North</i> by River Ganges, Haldi in Haldi police-station; district Ballia</p> <p><i>South</i> by Sagar in Nawanagar Independent out-post of Shahabad district.</p> <p><i>East</i> by Sheopore, Shahpur police-station; Shahabad district.</p> <p><i>West</i> by Noan Dumraon police-station; district Shahabad Bordering villages.</p> <p><i>East</i> by Dharmagatpore, Bhimpatti, Isarpura, Banisipore, English, Dal-chapra, Tikthi, Kudesar, Ramsagar, Kenali Sheopore, Sikaria, Tior, Utardaha, Aula, all in Shahpur police-station; Deorah, in Jagadisipur Independent out-post; district Shahabad.</p> <p><i>West</i> by Barar, Nachap, Chhotka Dih, Soa, Nuaon, Tola Thakur Dyal Singh, Kathar, Dumri, Kharhatar, Gangouli, in Dumraon police-station; district Shahabad.</p> <p><i>North</i> by River Ganges.</p> <p><i>South</i> by Keeri, Usra, Ptamha in Jagadisipur Independent out-post; Maria, Sara in Nawanagar Independent out-post; Phaphdar, Baijnathpur in Dumraon police-station; district Shahabad.</p>	<p>Nainijore, Tola Parbodhpur, Tola Ramjiwan Ahir, Tola Lila Ahir, Namjore Khurd, Bisupur, Mahuar, Pandipur Pati, Nawadih, Manipore, Chakandi, Ghurhupur, Ekdarh, Parauhi, Chanderpur, Udhura, Gosainpur, Harnathpur, Hathilpur, Kapurpore, Jaipur, Umaidpur, Bahaduri, Gauhi, Jagdisipur, Chhapra Tola, Tola Ramdhyan Pandey, Saphi, Ekouna, Balua, Misroulia, Dalupore, Tola Satram Rai, Adrekhpor, Hirpore, Tola Milki Khoda Bux, Tola Nanhakhahu Telin, Tola Bathar, Pachhri, Tola Bhuia, Tola Mahadeogunj, Tola Bhinik Panday, Tola Mali Nand-pore, Baghi, Semra, Sitalpore, Ohamarha, Wojhauia, Tola Ahlad Singh, Pandaypur Tej, Baharidih, Chowbe-chak, Gaeghat, Pursia, Chaki Sheopore, Ark, Liladharpor, Parapure, Chanda, Jawahir Chapra, Durejepore Hetua, Kirit Sagar, Jogia, Garehtha Kalan, Garehtha Khud, Hemdapore, Bhariar, Bendouli, Ramgarh, Kuawan, Dekuli, Dubouli, Dhian Chhapra, Purwa, Mahrajgunj, Dhedni, Tola Bebekhi Ahir, Nemej, Kant Bararhpore, stathathua, Dhodhanpura, Baswar, Bharkhar, Raghunath-pur, Kaithi, Tola Banstaj Ahir, Tola Mathia, Tola Madho, Tola Kohri, Khochrian, Dharouli, Chakrahi, Piprari, Rajpore, Pokharha, Tola Baniadi Ahir, Tola Paran Ahir, Tola Ramdhyan Singh, Tola Debhi Ahir, Bagend, Kurthia, Ghanshampur, Sukulpura, Tola Maha-birgunj, Tola Dund Behari Singh, Barnha, Manki, Akudhi, Ekraasi, Bararhi, Chhapra, Tola Parmesher Ahir, Bhadwar, Tola Ramdihra, Tola Lalchand Ahir, Tola Ratan Sind Bhada, Tola Chhapra, Tola Dindyal Ahir, Tola Manogi, Bhadsari, Tola Pahadi Chak, Tola Dhari Rai.</p>
agar. Inde- out-post umraon police- n.	<p>Bounded on the—</p> <p><i>North</i> by Sarainah, Kachaina, Dakhina, Murar, Ohongain, in Dumraon police-station.</p> <p><i>South</i> by Kawai, Dhawar, Parasia, Semri, Patkhoulia, Itwa Bajna, Bairia, Parmesherpore,</p>	<p>Nawanagar, Kazitola, Admi, Bharkhunda, Dawanpora, Dhanabhara, Tola Dhari Ahir, Belaon, Baswanpur, Parmesherpore, Haroja, Kharagpura, Babuganj English, Sarahri, English Bikram, Sikroul, Kewatia, Purainia, Tatar Har, English Sapdi Patak, Badabra, Balahri, Parsaganda, Newazitola, Reka, Dubouli, Bind Toli, Patar Kona, Katkinar, Parmanpore, Rewatia, Dera Budoram</p>

NAME.

Boundaries.

Names of villages included in jurisdiction.

Parandihri, in Bikramganj police-station.

East by Manki, Chhapra, Bhada, Bhadespore, Bararhi, in Barahpur Independent out-post; Par in Piro police-station; Kikarba Keari in Jagadipur Independent out-post.

West by Basaw, Jigna, Baikunthpore, Tirpurwa, Lodhas in Buxar police-station.

Bisi, Mednipur, Tola Bensagar, Chogashi, in Dinarah Independent out-post

Singh, Pilapora, Guger Dihri, Torain, Sawai, Kukur Bhuka, Tola Makund Rai, Tola Biran Rai Jawarpore, Jairampore, Baijnathpur, Chitwa Dihri, Rupsagar, Biswa, Manastha, Ura, Baharya, Tola Gopi Ahir, Ghunari, Dafa Dihri, Dhanija Bararhi, Karia Kant, Ohhatardhari Ganj, Dubouli Tola Akroua, Kupa, Nara, Gadidha, Dhop Ohaha, Bakagoon, Kharicha, Bhadar, Kharaunia, Phulia, Girdhari Rai Tola, Pandepore, Basdwa, Imrit Raike Tola, Bhatouli, Mahadeoganj, Padaria, Rabbirpore, Gibindapore, Kharawnia, Lall Ganj, Barhoula, Tetar Har, Nokpore, Tola Narku Rai, Sheopore, Rampore Kharagpore, Tola Rojagir Tewari, Dasia, Bharouli, Tola Moti Bind, Kulmanpore, Sheopur, Tirlokpur, Dihpore, Kesath, Bhikari Tola, Tola Rasendpore, Tola Ahiran, Kirni, Dhanadiah, Dera Bhanjan Rai, Tola Misroulia, Mahari, Kata-pore, Ratan Ganj, Piprarh Ekil, Soubarsa, Ramnagar, Ujagir Tola, Bamari, Salsala, Bhan Diha, Mushar Tola, Basraj Tola, Madia Ohhapra Tola, Girdhar Baraw, Raghunathpur, Athar, Ohamartoli Sidhipore, Bhagwatpore, Lachmipore, Ohakonda, Ghura Tola, Tola Sheoshunker Gouri, Ohadwath, Waina, Nonoura, Rajavore, Karsar, Tola Barasath, Telia Dih, Samosar, Dihra, Dagouli, Lokpore, Basi, Peryag Bind Tola, Mahadeo Gunj, Sara, Makri Tola, Mira Tola, Ura Itoundha, Tik Phokhar, Dihri, Lalhan Ohak.

Independent post in Buxar e-station.

Bounded on the—

North by Gharhi, Sakarwalia, Kadipur, Kukurah, Karmi, in Buxar police-station.

South by Harihar Dihra, Bhagiratha, in Karghar police-station.

East by Saisar, Sajanpore, Kana Khooh, Deluha, Helha in Dinarah Independent out-post.

West by Gara, Ahrouli, Mukhraon, Marath, in Ramgurh Independent out-post; Dewal, Lahna, Sair, in Gahmar police-station; District Ghazipur.

Kusupa, Kacharhi, Kajaria, Katya, Kanouli, Kakaria, Kataria, Kamhri, Kudwa, Kedar Gunj, Kathrain, Kaithabar Khurd, Kaithabar Kalan, Kandhapur, Kushi Karwa, Kishunapur, Kathrain, Karali, Kailak, Kharagpura, Khiri, Kharahna, Khanpore, Kharwania, Kochariha, Khimpur, Kharaita, Goshainpur, Gaidhara, Gangapur, Gagahi, Gagoura, Gobardhanpur, Gasasi Dihra, Gharari, Ghanta Dih, Utampur, Utari Kalan, Utari Khurd, Ohoubepur, Ohuramanpur, Ohacharia, Ohandpur, Ohampatabi, Ohakis, Ohhetan Dehra, Ohatawna, Ohhitan Dihra, Ohhatupur, Jaitpura, Jitan Purwa, Jadupurwa, Jalilpur, Jagdispur, Jalabra, Jamouli, Jewpur, Jamani Dihra, Jagmanpur, Jalalpur, Itwa, Ismailpur, Inderpur, Etarhi, Inglispur, Tola Bhola Rai, Tola Kulwant Ahir, Tola Nonia, Dera Jairam Ahir, Dera Lalman Ahir, Dahari, Dera Bujhawan Chowbey, Diharia, Dera Nouraten Singh, Taranpore, Tilochanpore, Tewari, Teara, Tejapore, Deuria Debi Dihra, Dewarhia, Dadura, Darisapora, Dagha, Daulpore, Dowelfa, Dilhai, Dharampore, Dhobhi, Dharinpore, Dharmagatpore, Dhonsani, Nonsaura, Nawagaon, Nawar, Nagpore, Narainpore, Narsing Gunj, Peepararh, Puraini, Puraini Khurd, Pithari, Palia, Pipnua, Pidia, Parbat Ohak, Panapur, Parsada, Parasia, Patetj, Patkhoulis, Bamhani, Bachanpurwa, Barahdih, Basahi, Baghilwa, Barupore, Bahuara, Basantpore, Bandi, Bagawli, Bahura, Bishunpurwa, Birna, Barahutia, Bamhulia, Balmikpore, Balpore Bawanbandh, Bharkhara, Bhalua, Bhagwanpore, Bharkhara, Maraheni Masarhia, Mohan-purwa, Milk, Milkaris, Mani, Mangraon, Mange, Dihri, Milki, Malhipore, Manoharpore, Makundpore, Marania, Mangopur Madhubani, Mania, Marihan, Matkipore, Milki, Manikpore, Maharihan, Mahanpore, Rupapokhar, Rajpore, Raghunathpur, Rajapora, Rahini Bhan, Rampore, Rasulpore, Rawni, Raghunathpur, Rampore, Rosend, Lala Ohak, Lodipur, Lala Ohak, Ora, Orwar, Saraun,

NAME.	Boundaries.	Names of villages included in jurisdiction.
<p>perpore Independent out-post Sasaram police-station.</p>	<p>Bounded on the—</p> <p><i>North</i> by Tilanthu, Chandanpur, in Sasaram police-station.</p> <p><i>South</i> by River Sone and the jurisdiction of Bhaonathpur cut-post in Palamau.</p> <p><i>East</i> by River Sone and the jurisdictions of Husainabad Independent out-post and Nabinagar police-station in Gaya.</p> <p><i>North-West</i> on hill Bhadkada in Chenari out-post.</p> <p><i>South-West</i> on hill Khakhma in Adhowra, out-post, River Durgaoti Saha, Surki, Sigjan, and Kudhur in Adhowra out-post.</p>	<p>Sarenja, Sanja, Sikronr, Sani, Sagra, Srikantpur, Sagraon, Sakhuana, Saithu, Siesararh, Sitalpore, Sujtaepur, Sikhthi, Shampur, Sawasia, Sariani, Sarahadpur, Shabhapur, Shakhua, Sugahar, Samda, Sukhapur, Samahuta, Sasawndha, Harkarpur, Harpore, Hararahi, Hethua, Asaripur, Akbarpur, Anantpur, Akarhi, Amarapur, Ekadar, Ehiapore, Sauri.</p> <p>Saraiya, Bhudsa, Dhangurpurwa, Nownagree, Bhisra, Arakiabigha, Amra, Pararia, Basdiha, Rampur, Churesar, Ramdiha, Rupathia, Jogodih, Neyagaon, Supasaree, Sheobigha, Ochaila, Boulia Chaharum, Bhamdarhgha, Kirpa, (on hill Kachhohur, Chakdih), Samahate, Rasulpur, Bishura, Chetauli, Banjitganj, Banjari, Kurma, Nowadihbakna, Tola, Kurumdiha, Tola Mahabirganj, Tumta, Dhelabad, Naryanchuk, Tailkup, Khajuri Tola Maharoan, Bajidpur, Kaseonw, Amdih, Tola Manu, Ku-kudar, Tardih, Kawriarw (on hill Nuktee, Basoa, Ramadih, Bodhoa Kalan, Budhoa, Khurd, Bundla), Kasdiha, Chukmilki, Noniatola, Ochaila, Gobindpore I, Gobindpore II, Patkholia, Buskalia, Baknaur, Tola Tekur, Akbarpur, Jamaon, Nawadih, (on hill Bahhan Talab), Bhulne, Nagatali, Nasaru, Chanda, Korhas, Pundo, Paharo, Laoka, Dhaunsa, Daranagar, Turkee, Bishunpur, Gambaria, Bigha, Balatua, B'adra, Muihganwa, Thumbha, Babari, Singhpur, Tola Piprai, Shappore, Shaikpora, Belounja, Saryeodaur, (on hill Kaihull, Hurmeta, Kuba, Jhondha, Jamaon), Khairwa, Kothi, Koirwa, Ueci, Bhaonatpur, Jaitipore, Purnadhih, Baraicha Kalan, Baraicha Khurd, Gazipur, Tipa, Nowdiha Kalan, Nowdiha Khurd, Auandichak, Paharia, Lokurda, Chawkhara, Banahi, Madha, Nomhut, Deodaur, Ramasa, Tola, Bailbhadarapur, Hankarpur, Nawara, Nawadih, Bandu, Seyabdash (on hill Pepurdih, Sobi, Barkhoh, Burkaita, Loundi, Lallgara, Jamondaha, Sulma), Tiara, Kalan, Tiara-Khurd, Tilokhur, Sheobigha, Dhantalbigha, Tewrah, Gambaria, Kaireyabigha I, Baryeen, Adla, Puroha, Puncoka, Bunyadbigha, Kaireyabigha II, Nowhutta, Hurna, Lohra, Deora, Tolekewal, Domaria, Kokhi, Banoa, Nawadih-Kalan, Mudhkoopia, Pararia Tola, Bundawla, Amachaon, Nawadih, Matiaon, Jadunathpur, Kota, Bailduria, Jaradig, Basarhi.</p>
<p>ha Independent out-post in Karghar police-station.</p>	<p>Bounded on the—</p> <p><i>North</i> by Amaithi, Susadi, Samhuta, Udaipur, Chaita, in Bikramganj police-station; Kharwath, Milkitala, Semra, Araug, Niranjanpur, in Dinarah Independent out-post.</p> <p><i>South</i> by Mekar, Jhalkhoria, Bamhanpurwa, Gobinda, Dilia, Lokdihi, Bhainsahi, in Sasaram police-station; Chanp, Isra, Budhua, in Dehri police-station.</p> <p><i>East</i> by Kusumhra, Niman, Kapasia, Habbupore, Misrowlia, Pakri, Ramudih, in Nasriganj Independent out-post; Baghakhoh in Dehri police station</p> <p><i>West</i> by Adai, Sendhuar, Tendua, Bhanpore, Kusdiha, Bamhni, Pahari, Karup, Rampore, in Karghar police-station.</p>	<p>Kishunapore, Kaithi, Kushi, Kon, Karma, Kandu Tola, Kadwa, Karen, Seikhpur, Kusdhar, Karamkilla, Kujhi Kuri, Kusumhara, Kharari, Knairahi, Gambaria, Gorishunkar-Tola, Gopalpore, Goshainpur, Gambaria, Ghusia, Ghatarua, Ghordih, Ghordih, Chandal, Chanki, Chaturguntola, Chanki, Chhatawna, Chhanha, Chhabilepur, Jabra, Jainagra, Jagarnathtola, Jakhni, Jinoria-tola, Jhulai Tola, Indarpurwa, Itwa, Dera (Dilia), Agre (Dilia) Kudhi, Akrahia, Agrer, Amarapura, Tendua, Tila, Tarar, Tirheni-Tola, Don, Durgapore, Dudhar, Dharampora, Dharupore, Dhawa, Nokha, Nonsari (Nawadih), Salempore, Nokha-Qadim, Nawadih, Nonian-Tola, Naran, Nawadih-Sani, Paharpore, Parasia, Pipre, Pachpokhri, Parasia, Pararia, Parshantola, Pachha, Padwa, Penar, Faridpur, Phulwaria, Bishunpur, Basani, Baradih, Badjoga, Baligawan, Bishunpora, Baraon, Kalan, Biseni, Bismampore, Bamhanpurwa, Bisambharpur, Baraon-Khurd, Baraicha, Baghaila, Balirampore, Bhawrah, Bhikaridih, Bhaluadhi, Bhawandihri, Bha, Bhaluahisani, Bhatawli, Bhant, Bhatawli Sani, Bhagwa, Tola, Misrowlia, Mathia Mujrath, Matnuraopore, Madhepur, Mahuari, Meari, Misrowlia Sani, Majhiaon, Ma, Mehanpore, Mahabir Tola, Mowdiha, Manipore Mujr</p>

AME.

Boundaries.

Names of villages included in jurisdiction.

Independen-
out-post in
police-
Bounded on the—
North by Bhodatpur, Gopalpur, Amarthia, Nanu, Dhouni, Chilha, Baradih, Jorwarpur, Karma, in Bikramganj police-station.

North-East by Nawadih, Gharwasdih, Paharma, Dhanahra, Belhari, Amouna.

South by Bagakhoh, Tetarsh, Kaythee, Baraon, Pandohar, in Dehri police-station.

East by River Sone, Hichanbigha Daudnagar, Tejpara, in Daudnagar police-station, Gaya district.

West by Ohurpurwa, Seawak, Harbanspur, Baraicha, Chandha, Karamkila, Bishunpur, Kusudhar in Nokha Independent out-post

out-post in
police-
Bounded on the—
North by Paharpore, Rasenua, Gopalpore, Auraia in Sasaram police-station; Bagra in Jehanabad out-post.

South by Betrikhoh, Kadhar, in Adhowra out-post; Banda, Budhua, in Akberpur Independent out-post.

East by Kusumha, Sijhnipora, Alam-pore, Kajhaon, Dihi, Khornoo, Khurd, Sikraur, Sahuan, Ahlad-pore, Ramkakai, Pakhnari, in Sasaram police-station.

West by Oharu, Pachpokhri, in Jehanabad out-post; Sibpur, Tenua, Korari, Rampore, Nisija, Sahar, Majhison, Amaon, Kota, Karam-ohat, in Bhabhua police-station.

Independen-
out-post in
ganj police-
n.
Bounded on th
North by Ghunsari, Haroja, Engliahasdihara, Ohhaterdhariganj, Baradbi, in Nawanagar Independent out-post, Gappore, Mohanpore, in Buxar police-station; Karma, in Rajpur Independent out-post.

Tola, Eghara, Raghunathpore, Suara, Rahimpore, Ramnagar, Raghunathpur Sani, Rampore, Rotwa, Ramnagar Sani, Rupipore, Ramnagar, Sani, Ratanpurwa, Raghunathpur, Rampore, Kusahi, Raghunathpur, Ropatha, Ramlal Tola, Lalari, Lewra, Lalganj, Suara-Kalan, Sisirta, Sirkhinda, Sonadih, Suara Khurd, Sultanpur, Siawak, Sitalpore, Sotwan, Sisrit, Salempur, Shekhpurwa, Sheopore, Sariaon, Siri Tola, Sigwan, Hasnadih, Hathni, Harihar-pore, Harbanspore.

Nasriganj, Hariharganj, Agni khas Mednipur, Budhagni, Atmi Khas, Atmiganj, Jamalpur, Pokharaha, Paiga, Bardiha, Mahadeva, Bagaya, Bheria, Ultaniganj, Sikaria, Chandi Tola alias Chedi Tola, Bigaha, Khiriaon, Mangraon, Kachhwa, Kaithi, Turukbigha, Sabari, Ganouribigha, Ujjarbigha, Khobari Bigha, Nuaon, Shankarbigha, Dhanaon, Itmha, Pathkoulia, Kathkoulia, Charguria, Amolwa, Sukan, Dehri, Dehri Kalan, Sukahra, Tilsa, Marajhia, Panapur, Parasia, Baradih, Ballia, Babhandi, Ojhavalia, Lalganj, Hanumat Bigha, Jodha Bigha, Bikram Bigha, Hardi Bigha Ramnathbigha, Baneropan Bigha, Sayed Tola, Dhobdiha, Karmahi, Gamharia, Ramadih, Taraon, Pipardih, Biseni Kalan, Baligaon, Banouli, Semradih, Loharadih, Mouna, Haudih, Saraon, Pouni, Amiawar, Sabadla, Paduri, Sohgi, Gharee, Madhopur, Bharkole, Khutaha, Hamaradih, Mangitpur, Birodih, Chitokhar, Ghongha, Biseni Khurd, Jeena, Manouli, Rajpur, Iakri, Karoop Bhim, Nema, Kusumra, Udaibigha, Chitbisaon, Nonia Tola, Tendu, Babar, Partapganj, Misrowlia, Bakula Khoh, Rajandih, Dayalganj Sabeya, Habbupur, Mangroulia, Amarhi, Nuchania, Bibiganj, Dehri Khurd, Ramudih, Ohhapra, Hussainabad, Amarpur, Baranda alias Barna, Sakhra with Tola, Mahabir Rai, Shankarpur, Turkoulia, Tola Balgobind, Kooromitola of Amarhi and Dare-Khap.

Chenari, Bhardua, Birnagar, Karanpura, Chorahin, Narayenpore, Kinerchola, Tenuni, Deorah, Nuaon, Langi, Banauli, Pewandi, Dhanipur, Majahidpur, Hata, Diharia, Narayena, Harnagra, Datouli, Lodhi, Chamanpora, Ganeshpore, Doian, Katra, Khadouli, Palaundha, Chaurkaithi, Urda, Kishunpura, Sahasi, Binsil, Jagdihra, Barahatali, Naraura, Saraia, Raghunathpur, Barahatali Khurd, Mahachha, Turki, Thumbhi, Sadokhar, Pachaura, Phakirana, Ugahni, Karma, Ramgarh, Malahipore, Naek-pore, Nandusiara, Narsingpore, Mamrejpore, Tetari, Lohra, Rampore, Rakha alias Raghubirgarh, Khalaspore, Gangapore, Jairahri, Kenar Kalan, Kenar Khurd, Bhati, Kheirabeg, Dumri, Bijarhi, Bhabsi, Deodiha Lalapore, Khurnhoo Kalan, Neori, Khurnoo Khurd, Basantpore, Magaspore, Basnara, Bhartalwa, Maharajganj, Belaspore, Kundwa, Pakaria, Pithiaon, Ohakehanpore, Baria, Khaira Khurd, Paharpore, Mainpore Chikhuria, Pilkhi, Samahuta, Telari, Phulwaria, Chitnatanrh, Saraia, Sabra-bad Kalan, Pora, Sabrabad, Khurd, Ibrahim-pore, Khurmabad, Pian, Bhunda, Pian, Kekai, Sahpore, Malhar, Mathbi, Kaithi, Beria, Tekari, Tola Bahadur Pande, Semri, Dighat, Maura, Sarathua, Mahuat, Ubhaon, Ohankhra, Aur, Bharkura, Urdaga.

Kanathkooch, Maruva, Girdharia, Akhla-spore, Munda, Jigana, Sakhu, Sambhudia, Jamore, Dinara, Baradhi Khurd, Sarna, Mathsearna, Baradhi Kalan, Rehi, Samahuti Kalan, Samahuti Khurd, Jamore Bengala, Saroth, Sarothi, Bijadhihara, Dhanehhua, Khedvawn, Raghunathpore, Narwar, Helha, Bhundwa, Delhua, Saroser Khairi,

AME.	Boundaries.
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Names of villages included in jurisdiction.

North-East by Ohoranti, Bairia-Chatra, Domadihari, Agrer Kalan, Khadua, in Bikramganj police-station.

North-West, by Barhootia, Sikthi, in Rajpur Independent outpost.

South by Baradih, Mujraoh, Nokha, Jalwala, Ladooe, Akodhi, Kargahar, in Karghar police-station.

South-East by Tendua, Motihari, Masouha in Bikramganj police station; Durgapore, Hasanadih, in Nokha Independent out-post.

South-West by Upadhi, Redia, Baradhi, Ghaivera, Amesdihera, in Karghar police-station.

East by Laodoe, Tekanpura, Khaira, Khirodherpur, in Bikramganj police-station.

West by Koohas, Hariherdihra, in Karghar police-station. Andhari, Gara, in Ramgurh Independent out-post; Sugaher, Basahi, Udawar, Dharmagatpore, Kusahi, Bawanban, Serai, Panapore, Kaithaher, in Rajpur Independent out-post.

Dhowachhua, Bhagirtha, Bhagatganj, Herdaspoore, Bhora-hua, Khudru, Naua, Chitawan, Tora, Bariapore, Indore, Serai, Kishunipore, Daidaha, Akodha, Sadhawa, Kurra, D-dhaon, Manjhauli, Usaroan, Pachodihara, Pithwai, Bathori, Katiaara, Basodihara, Ghassa, Manikpore, Huderha, Doea, Kusahi, Dhawania, Panditpura, Pithani, Turki, Isrampur, Ghazipur, Dihara, Ghurki, Rupi Knari, Koond, Kori, Khairi Kalan, Khairi Khurd, Gopalpore, Chilaharna, Dhanpura, Padaria, Garhi-Gawap, Persa, Bhelariranjit, Basdiha, Pipra, Nania Tola, Belwasa, Mathia, Dharmagatpore, Mustafapore, Persarampore, Bhooawal, Mathkuri-Bhanas, Arang, Andila, Raghunathpur, Bhalooahi, Sahusari, Milkidatpandey, Musawath, Karabansi, Semara, Bhelaripachhiwari, Misraulia, Nadana, Niranjampore, Maniampore, Milki Berhatampore, Rampore Kalan, Rampore Khurd, Jagdispore, Karmaini, Saraon, Bidhi Khap, Khairhi, Milki Keshog-sain, Dharahera, Karundi, Kharwath, Bhelari Furwari, Bairipore, Baroona, Milki Hemdat Pandey, Tendooachh, Tola Tendooachh, Ballia, Panditpura, Neazipurr Sonebersa, Mahrodh, Mandihara, Birana Kalan, Natwa, Kalan, Natwar Khurd, Nadana Jamorhi, Rajpore, Milki, Tola Nonia, Bishumpura, Bahawa alias Kishumpura, Birana Kauri, Math-atith, Asia, Mansandihari, Tolanonia Perbatore, Ahrson, Bardihra, Kharika, Pipari, Madhopore, Bisambharpore, Bharera, Bensagar, Pongarhi, Medanipore, Chorpokhar Englis, Manoherpore, Tola Kakra, Arthoo, Ganjhhersera, Bisi Kalan, Basdeodihari, Bhaibera, Madhookerpore, Pongarhi, Baharakdihari Tolai Dubauli, Amooa, Koeria, Jagdispore, Laheri, Dalippore, Isherpura, Manipore, Damera, Dahingana, Ramdiha, Seisar, Sultapore, Bhadi, Gangarhi, Mairwa, Bhooe, Manihari, Khakharahi, Jogia, Semari, Sujanpore, Jagdihara, Bhanpore, Jagdispore, Tetaraher, Puhapi, Belhan, Bararhi Sarwar, Kani, Chilpila, Dihari-Mahanpur, Bichhiaon, Bisi Khurd, Karanj, Bhalooni, Rani, Pachauli, Dharkanda, Math Dharkanda, Ghadwachh, Kumahura, Gaura, Sarua, Makundpur, Gansej Lilwachh, Bakra, Math-Bajinaib, Tenouth, Paranpore, Harbanspur, Nana, Basuhari, Khanita, Lahera.

Bounded on the—

North by Devaitha in Zamania police-station; district Ghazipur; Sihani, Ghitarkoni, Kesharua Kura, Khajura, Dhanarhin Dildarnagar police-station; Amaoura, Dewal, Surha, Rampur, in Gahmar police-station.

South by Bhatauli in Durgaoti out-post; Patserwa, Bhirkhira Mahamadpur, Baraitha, Bamhure, Siappokhur, Dumarpokhur, in Mohena police-station.

East by Dharampura, Sagra, Nagpur, Gaidhara, Khiri, Chetandihra, Bhagawanpur, Bhagaydihra, Bashi, in Rajpur Independent out-post; Bhagatgunj, Bhagirtha, in Dinarah Independent out-post; Dharampura, Sivapur, Padumahi, Dihra, Sasiya, Phuli, Nawalia, Gangapur, Ekavni, in Karghar police-station;

Baraura, Yatdih, Akhni, Akorhi, Koiriram, Jaitpura, Barari, Pungraon, Ramgarh, Jaburna, Narhan, Labudha, Bhothiari, Sonbarsha, Sutwa, Morath, Pariari, Mahila, Mukhraon, Ahirauli, Gara, Sivapur, Andhari Kuchil, Kota, Baruma, Bidpurwa, Sultanpur, Asawara, Dhanwatia, Sahdulapur, Godsara, Korhaura, Rehari, Bharavni, Sangapur, Sarai, Tavoia, Imilia, Jandaha Nonar.

NAME.	Boundaries.	Names of villages included in jurisdiction.
	<p>Salthua, Mohanpur, Subdalpur, in Jehanabad out-post; Barhupur, Katsaria, Semaria, Pandaypur, Bahoranpur, Kulharja, Keshopur, Sarai, Diya, in Mohnea police-station.</p> <p><i>West</i> by Kashthari, Mansurpur, Gemhia, Pirojpur, Kabilashpur, Masorhi, Nibraon, in Durgaoti out-post; Dhuska, Daudpur, Dehori, Roitha, Kharotiya, in Zamania police-station; district Ghazipur.</p>	
nabad out-post Mohanea police- tion.	<p>Bounded on the—</p> <p><i>North</i> by Machurhuta, Mahuarihari, in Mohnea police-station; Chandrouli, Baruna, Chahajpur, in Ramguri Independent out-post; Parsathua, Samahuta, Khewa, Mati, in Karghar police-station.</p> <p><i>South</i> by Shivpur, Siswar, Awarha, Pia, Mawal, in Bhabhua police-station.</p> <p><i>East</i> by Khurmabad, Ibrahimpur, in Chenari out-post.</p> <p><i>West</i> by Parmalpur in Bhabhua police-station; Pusauli, Kevrhi, Sagrakur, Pahurpur, in Mohnea police-station.</p>	<p>Bhatauli, Barughat, Sabunha, Sarma, Nandpur, Subdalpur, Mohanpur, Kishunpur, Kaudihra, Wama, Ojhra, Mujie Perwar, Bhatauli, Ramdhara, Bishunathpur, Bogra Chorai, Shullapur, Bilma, Jhalkhorra, Sagra, Kharens Kakarhi.</p>
nd Independent t-post in Bha- a police-station.	<p>Bounded on the—</p> <p><i>North</i> by Machanhata, Ruiya, Goshaishipur, Paruri, Chorkhuri, Supuri, Kanpura, Dhanbar, Harblampur, Chowa, in Durgaoti out-post.</p> <p><i>South</i> by Bhaganda, Ramgarh, Piprarh, Ishmailpur, Khatikala, Khati Khurd, Kohdi, Neura, Barhauna, in Chaiupur out-post.</p> <p><i>East</i> by Merha, Saraiya, Amaon, Sirbit, Karji, Kushhariya, Balubheriya, Dumri, Neura, in Chaintost.</p> <p><i>West</i> by Marapdah, in Chakia police-station; district Mirzapur; Dahrak Khurd, Hatwa, Gamhara, Isargurwa, Banrashiya, Ghurhupur, Ishapur, Bijhar, Illia, Majhui, Bariarpur, Ruhaki, Kualkahra, Rampur, Nichot, Kusha, in Mirzapur police-station; Koniya, Shogai, Dharwali, Khanapur, Kila, Muzua, Sidhua, Parashiya, Sumanda, Saruja, Narhan, Jawarhi, in Sayidraja police-station; district Benares.</p>	<p>Burhauili, Kharorhi, Kalwara, Siva, Nawbat, Chandaori, Bararhi, Chavra, Nawhatta, Dherhuya, Kalan, Dherhuy Khurd, Bharari, Kalan, Bharari, Khurd Sagar, Hamipur, Surba, Savakhara, Bajupur, Bheladih, Kahoiy Devan, Basha, Ledri, Bahura, Sonaon, Gahuya, Chaheriya, Chorwa, Kutbaupur, Kurwandia, Babhanisai, Ekawnia, Mewar, Jigna, Chanda, Chattri, Karmapur, Jamalpur, Mahdaich, Kota, Marna, Maraiya, Ratanpurwa, Kharauli, Kalan, Sahajpur, Goia, Mamarakpur, Beur Siva, Ramanpur, Kishuupurwa, Bhatpawna.</p>
ooti out-post Mohanea police- station.	<p>Bounded on the</p> <p><i>North</i> by Argi, Adhshur, Karikaith in Sayidraja police-station; district Benares; Karati, Gaighat in Zamania police-station; district Ghazipur.</p>	<p>Jevri, Paoblikhi, Nuaon, Matarha, Nirparao Machakhiya, Ashoga, Madhupur, Isari, Sarison, Gude Machanhata, Suriya, Suipur, Madhura, Manikpur, Chac Pipari, Kabilashpur, Gembiya, Masurpur, Pirojpur, Kashthari, Akorhi, Karampura, Derkbili, Avari, Dhanhur, Dhansarai, Sarai, Basarkhajura, Khaju Zamurni, Larma, Chata, Karari, Chitarpara.</p>

NAME.	Boundaries.	Names of villages included in jurisdiction.
	<i>South</i> by Kusharia, Nibi, Bahura, Karji, in Chainpur out-post; Barahi, Kalwara, Pipra, Kudi, in Chand Independent out-post.	
	<i>East</i> by Baijnath, Jataini, Bhareharia, Sarai, Imiliya Toraiya, Kohrawra, in Ramgurh Independent out-post; Dumarpokhur, Bera, Usari Mamarsipur, Pipariya, in Mohnei police-station.	
	<i>West</i> by Bhujna, Manikpur, Naubatpur, Chari, Chirigawa, Devaitha, Moda, in Sayidraja police-station; district Benares.	
Chainpore out-post in Bhabous police-station.	Bounded on the— <i>North</i> by Marwa, Gohua, Sonaon, Ledri, Gorsaisipur, in Chand Independent out-post; Khanaon, Naoratapur, Dumraith, Naraon, Bharari, Jamuaon, in Bhabhua police-station. <i>South</i> by Karar, Jamuniar, Kanwar, Kurupasote in Adhowra out-post; Dalippur, Awarwatar, Saipahar, Chitampur, in Pannuganj police-station; district Mirzapur. <i>East</i> by Dewarji, Betri, Kudasan, Sarungpur, Mokari, Chawghatia, in Bhabhua police-station. <i>West</i> by Bharahri, Hamirpur, Sawkhara, Lohdan, Hasraon, Kilni, Surha, Minia, Nawa, Kekarha in Chand Independent out-post.	Kurai, Kurji, Neura, Peli, Bheria, Kusharia, Sonb, Aralissia, Barahi, Mundi, Beur, Durarkone, Bhurk, Chalap, Dhunerden, Bhaganda, Kamharia, Karkar, Ramgarh, Dulabra, Karwanda, Kewa, Chanda, B, Basawanpur; Ashrarhi, Parasia, Nimistar, Khor, Bhagandaghatai, Koindi, Sadauni, Tawni, Seria, Sutw, Lodipur, Sirbit, Amaon.
Adhowra out-post in Bhabous police-station.	Bounded on the— <i>North</i> by Tori, Jaitpur, Bucha, Kharenda, Karamchat, in Bhabhua police-station; Kota, Badalgarh, in Chenari out-post. <i>South</i> by Jadunathpur, Beldnria, Parcha, in Akberpur Independent out-post. <i>East</i> by Barata, Suli, Jonha, Kuaon, in Akberpur Independent out-post. <i>West</i> by Suarshot, Bichilkamadpa in Pannuganj police-station; district Mirzapur.	Lohandi, Barwan Kalan, Shurkhund, Sharwar, Badalgarh; Damarka, Sarki, Barbavania, Ghat, Sahijan, Khukham, Soradag, Kolhua, Sikari, Sikar, Deuri, Pipra, Ghamkalan, Ghamkhurd, Kurwa, Chaudharna, Katkhari, Amhara, Hurbhoog, Marpa.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 24th March 1906.

No. 53.—Rai Rakhal Das Chatterjee Bahadur, Honorary Assistant Engineer, Nadia Rivers Division, is permitted to retire from the service of Government with effect from 12th April 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy to the Govt. of Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 24th March 1906.

No. 51.—Mr. W. T. Jolly, Assistant Engineer, first grade (supernumerary), and District Engineer, Monghyr, is granted privilege leave for three months under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined with furlough for three months under Article 233 (i) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 15th April 1906, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 52.—Babu Bhuggobutty Ohurn Ganguli, Honorary Assistant Engineer, 2nd Calcutta Division, is permitted to retire from the service of Government with effect from 4th May 1906.

The 26th March 1906.

No. 54.—The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

No. 38, dated the 21st March 1906.—Mr. A. G. Harrison, Examiner of Public Works Accounts Bengal, is granted, under Articles 233, 260 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for six months, viz., privilege leave for two months and 22 days and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period, with effect from the 17th April 1906, or subsequent date.

No. 55.—The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

No. 39, dated the 21st March 1906.—Mr. F. C. W. Dover, Assistant Accountant-General, Public Works Department, is posted as Officiating Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal, in class III of Examiners.

No. 56.—The following extract from a notification issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

No. 44, dated the 23rd March 1906.—The following reversions are ordered in the Superior Accounts Branch:—

Name.	From—	To—	With effect from—
Mr. A. G. Harrison	Examiner, Class I, temporary.	Examiner, Class II	5th March 1906.
*			
*			

The 27th March 1906.

No. 57.—Mr. W. Banks Gwyther, Saperintending Engineer, Central Circle, is granted under articles 260 and 233 (ii) of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for six months (privilege leave for two months and 19 days and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period), with effect from the 17th April 1906 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

A. S. THOMSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The 23rd March 1906.

No. 31 Marine.—Mr. F. W. Moore, Acting Senior Master Pilot, is granted privilege leave for one month and five days under Article 676 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, combined with furlough for 10 months and 25 days under Article 671 of the Regulations, with effect from the 12th March 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 30 Marine, dated the 20th March 1906.

UNDER section 10 of Act I of 1859 (an Act for the amendment of the law relating to merchant seamen), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, with the sanction of the Governor-General in Council, to make the following rules for the conduct of examinations for Masters and Mates of Foreign-going ships and Home-trade ships and as to the qualifications to be required. These rules are in supersession of the rules issued under notification No. 183 Marine, dated the 28th September 1899.

The new rules will come into force from the 1st May 1906.

W. A. INGLIS,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

RULES.

CHAPTER I.

1. The times and places at which examinations are held are shown in Appendix A, page 30. Time and place of examinations.

2. Candidates for examination must fill up a Form of application (Form Exn. 2) at the Port Office. The Form properly filled in, together with the Candidate's testimonials and discharges, must be lodged with the Port Officer of Calcutta, not later than the day before the day of examination, and the Candidate must conform to any regulations in this respect which may be laid down by the Government. The discharges and testimonials should be handed in, together with the Form of application as many days as possibly before the date of the examination which the Candidate desires to attend. In the absence of the necessary verification the Candidate cannot be examined. The Port Officer should be particularly careful to ascertain that there are no gaps in the Candidate's service which are not properly accounted for before he is allowed up for examination. How to apply.

3. In cases where the services of the Candidate require verification, or where he is in doubt whether his service complies with the regulations, and wishes to submit his case for special consideration, all Certificates, discharges, testimonials, &c., together with the Form of application* properly filled in, should be submitted to the Port Officer of Calcutta. If necessary, the Port Officer will, after seeing that all the required information is clearly set forth in the papers, forward them with his observations to the Government who will deal with the case, or transmit it to the Board of Trade for decision. How to apply in special cases.

4. All other inquiries regarding examinations should be made and dealt with in the same way. The point on which information is sought should be clearly stated, and Certificates, discharges, testimonials, &c., should be forwarded when they are material to the inquiry. Inquiries.

* Form Exn. 2 which can be obtained at the Port Office.

Services
determined by
Articles.

5. Services which cannot be verified by proper entries in the Articles of the ships in which the Candidates have served cannot be counted. For instance, a man may state that his service has been as Second or only Mate, and to support his assertion may produce a Certificate of Discharge or of employment from the Master, to the effect that he served as Mate, when on reference to the Articles it appears that he has actually been rated as Boatswain; the service in such a case will not be regarded as having been in the capacity of Mate.

Age.

6. Should any doubt exist as to the age of a Candidate, he will be required to produce a certificate of birth.

Fraud and
misrepresenta-
tion.

7. It is provided by section 104 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, that any person who makes, assists in making, or procures to be made, any false representation for the purpose of procuring either for himself or for any other person a Certificate of Competency, shall, in respect of each offence, be guilty of a misdemeanour,—the punishment for which is imprisonment for any period not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour, or a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees.

Testimonials
required.

8. Testimonials to character, including sobriety, and to experience and ability on board ship for at least the twelve months of service immediately preceding the date of application to be examined, will be required of all Candidates, and without producing them no person will be examined.

Penalty for
misconduct.

9. Candidates who have neglected to join their vessels after having signed Articles, or who have deserted their vessels after having joined, or who have been found guilty of gross misconduct on board, will be required to produce satisfactory proofs of two years' subsequent service and good conduct at sea, unless the Local Government, after having investigated the matter, should see fit to reduce the time.

10. Every Candidate for a certificate of competency of any grade must pass the three tests before he can proceed to the examination in navigation and seamanship.

(1) The sight tests are open to all persons serving or intending to serve in the Mercantile Marine, and all such persons are recommended to take the earliest opportunity of ascertaining by means of these tests whether their vision is such as to qualify them for service in that profession.

(2) The three tests are:—

(a) Form Vision Test (*see page 61*).

(b) Colour Vision Test (*see page 62*).

(c) Colour Ignorance Test (*see page 68*).

No Candidate will be examined in the Colour Vision Test until he has passed the Form Vision Test, or in the Colour Ignorance Test until he has passed the Colour Vision Test.

This rule must be observed whether the candidate has or has not on any previous occasion passed the sight tests.

(3) Any person serving or intending to serve in the Mercantile Marine, if desirous of undergoing the Form Vision, Colour Vision, and Colour Ignorance Tests only, must make application to the Port Officer on the Form Exn. 2A, and must pay a fee of one rupee.

This fee will be payable on each occasion upon which a candidate is examined in Form Vision and Colour tests.

(4) Candidates who fail to pass the Form Vision Test or Colour Ignorance Test can be re-examined at intervals of three months, but Candidates who fail to pass the Colour Vision Test cannot be re-examined. It is open, however, to any Candidate who has failed to pass the Colour Vision Test to appeal to the Government, who may, if they think fit, remit the case to a special Examiner or body of Examiners for final decision.

(5) The expenses of Candidates who are examined by such special Examiner, or body of Examiners, and are reported by them to have passed, will, under certain circumstances, be paid by the Government, at a rate which will be notified to the Candidate; but no payment whatever will be made towards the expenses of Candidates who, upon their own application, are examined by the special Examiners and are reported by them to have failed, unless the Government consider that the particular circumstances of the case justify such payment. The special examinations will be held in Calcutta only.

- (6) When a Candidate fails to pass the Colour Vision Test, the Examiner will point out to him the conditions under which he can appeal. Appeals are to be made through the Examiner, and forwarded to the Government with the Examiner's remarks.
- (7) The fee paid for examination for a Certificate of Competency includes the fee of one rupee for examination in Form Vision, Colour Vision, and Colour Ignorance, and if the Candidate fails to pass those tests, this fee will, with the exception of one rupee, be returned to him.
- (8) Only Examiners who have themselves passed the Colour Test are to undertake these examinations.
- (9) Whenever the holder of a certificate of competency fails to pass any of the three tests, there is reason to believe that he is from incompetency unfit to discharge his duties, and in the public interest the Government may cause an inquiry to be held by a Court, having jurisdiction to cancel or suspend such certificate; but in the alternative the Government may accept the voluntary surrender of the certificate until such time as the applicant succeeds in passing the tests in which he failed.

11. Foreigners must prove, to the satisfaction of the Examiners, that they can speak and write the English language sufficiently well to perform the duties required of them on board a British vessel (*see* paragraph 19). In the case of candidates for Home Trade Certificates, the Certificates of Asiatics who may not be able to speak English shall be endorsed to the effect that they are valid only for vessels manned and officered entirely by Asiatics. Foreigners must know English.

12. If the Candidate passes, he will receive a Form (Form Exn. 16), authorising the Port Officer to whom it is addressed to issue the Certificate. The Candidate's testimonials and other papers will be returned to him with the Certificate. It is therefore important that the port at which the Certificate is to be issued should be the same on both the Form Exn. 16 and the Form Exn. 2. If circumstances should make any alteration necessary, the Examiner should see that it is made in both Forms, otherwise delay in the issue of the Certificate may be caused. Certificate.

13. If, after a Candidate has passed the examination, it is discovered on further investigation that his services are insufficient to entitle him to receive a Certificate of the grade for which he has passed, the Certificate will not be granted to him; but if the Government is satisfied that the error in the calculation of the Candidate's services did not occur through any fault or wilful misrepresentation on his part, he may either have the fee returned to him, or have it placed to his credit. Should his services entitle him to a Certificate of a lower grade, it may be granted to him, and the difference, if any, between the fee paid by him for the superior Certificate and the fee payable for the inferior Certificate will be returned to him or placed to his credit. The superior Certificate will not be granted until the Candidate has performed the amount of service in which he was deficient, and has been re-examined in all the subjects unless the Government see fit to dispense with the re-examination. Service found to be insufficient.

14. In all cases of failure the Candidate must be examined anew. If a candidate fails in Seamanship, he will not be re-examined until after a lapse of six months. Whether the whole or part of this period must be served at sea must depend upon the subjects in Seamanship in which the Candidate failed, but the amount of further sea service to be required will be left to the discretion of the Port Officer, Calcutta. Failure in examination.

15. The Examiner, in making his report on Form Exn. 14, should state what amount, if any, of further sea service the Candidate must perform, and he should also insert this information in Form Exn. 2. Examiner's Report.

16. If a Candidate fails three times in Navigation within three months, he will not be re-examined until after a lapse of THREE MONTHS from the date of the last failure. Failure in Navigation.

17. Candidates for Extra Certificates will not be allowed to present themselves for examination more than three times within a period of twelve months. Failure in Extra Examinations.

18. If a Candidate has failed in his examination, but the subjects in which he has failed are not included in the subjects required for a Certificate of a lower grade, he may, if he so desires, proceed with the examination for the lower Lower Certificate may be granted.

grade certificate without further formal application or payment of fee, but in this case he will be required to complete the whole of the work prescribed for such lower grade, that portion (if any) already done standing good. No part, however, of the fee he has paid will be returned to him, and on presenting himself, when qualified, for re-examination for the higher Certificate, he will be required to pay a further full fee.

Failure for
spelling, &c.

19. If a Candidate fails for bad spelling or writing, he will not be re-examined until after a lapse of at least three months. If he fails for ignorance of the English language, he will not be re-examined until after a lapse of six months.

Failure in
Seamanship.

20. If a Candidate fails in Seamanship so far as regards the management of square-rigged Sailing Vessels, in his examination for an Ordinary Certificate, he may, if qualified as to service, without further formal application or further payment of fee, proceed with the examination for a Certificate of Competency for Foreign-going Steamships, or for Fore and Aft-rigged Vessels. And if a Candidate fails in the same manner in his examination for an Extra Master's Certificate, he may, under the same conditions as above, proceed with the examination for an Extra Certificate for Steamships.

Fee always
paid first.

21. Candidates for examination, in making their application on Form Exn. 2, will be required to pay the examination fee before any step is taken in the way of inquiring into their services or testing their qualifications. If the Candidate is found not to be qualified, the fee will either be returned to him or placed to his credit until he is qualified.

Where to pay
fees.

22. The fee for examination must be paid to the Port Officer in the cash office. If a Candidate offers a gratuity to any officer of the Department, he will be regarded as having committed an act of misconduct, and will be rejected, and not allowed to be again examined for twelve months either at the port where the offence was committed, or at any other port.

Fee not
returned on
failure.
Table of fees.

23. If a Candidate fails to pass the examination, no part of the fee will be returned to him.

24. The fees are as follows :—

FOR "FOREIGN-GOING SHIPS."

	Rs.
Second Mate	12
First and Only Mate if previously possessing an inferior Certificate, either granted by the Board of Trade, or by the Government of a British Possession under section 8 of " <i>The Merchant Shipping (Colonial) Act, 1869</i> "	6
If not	12
Master	24
Where a Candidate is in possession of a Certificate for Fore and Aft-rigged Vessels, and requires an Ordinary or Steamship Certificate of the same grade; or where a Candidate is in possession of a Steamship Certificate, and requires an Ordinary Certificate of the same grade	Half the usual fee.
Master, Extra, if possessing an Ordinary Master's Certificate; or Master, Extra, for Steamships if possessing a Master's Certificate for Steamships	12*

* If the examination for the Extra Master's Certificate takes place at the same time as the examination for the Ordinary Master's Certificate, the usual fee for the Ordinary Master's Certificate in addition to the fee for the Extra Certificate must be paid. This rule as to fees also applies to the extra examinations for Steamships and yachts.

Rs.

Where a Candidate is in possession of a Certificate for Foreign-going Ships, not granted under the <i>Merchant Shipping (Colonial) Act, 1869</i> , or section 102 of the <i>Merchant Shipping Act, 1894</i> ; or of a Provisional Certificate of qualification obtained after examination on board one of His Majesty's Ships; for an Imperial Certificate of same grade, for first attempt				No fee.
Every subsequent attempt				Usual fee

FOR "HOME TRADE PASSENGER SHIPS."

				Rs.
Mate	...	...	...	6
Master	...	...	...	12

FOR VOLUNTARY EXAMINATION IN STEAM.

Rs.

Any Master or Mate holding a Certificate of any grade, whether for the Foreign or Home Trade, or as Master of his own Pleasure Yacht	...	12
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FOR VOLUNTARY EXAMINATION IN DEVIATION OF THE COMPASS.

Rs.

Any Master or Mate holding a Certificate of any grade, whether for the Foreign or Home Trade, or as Master of his own Pleasure Yacht	...	12
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FOR "YACHTS."

Rs.

Master	24
Master, Extra, if possessing a Master's Certificate	12

NOTE.—No abatement will be made in the fee charged to a Candidate for a Certificate for Foreign-going Ships in consequence of his possessing a Master's or Mate's Certificate for Home Trade Passenger Ships.

CHAPTER II.

QUALIFICATIONS REQUIRED FOR THE VARIOUS GRADES.*

Certificates for "Foreign-going" Ships or Ordinary Certificates.

25. A Candidate for an Ordinary Certificate of any grade, who has not previously held an Ordinary Certificate of a lower grade, must prove that he has served 12 months in the Foreign Trade, or 18 months in the Home or Coasting Trade in a square-rigged sailing vessel. Square-rigged service required.

26. Ordinary Certificates will entitle the holders to go to sea as Mates or Masters of any vessel, sailing or steam. Value of ordinary certificates.

27. SECOND MATE.—A Candidate must be not less than seventeen years of age, and must have served four years at sea. Second Mate, ordinary.

* These qualifications are shown in a tabular form in Appendix P, page 69.

SECOND MATE.

Navigation.

28. *Examination in Navigation.*—A Candidate for a Second Mate's Certificate will be required—

- (a) To write a legible hand and spell correctly; this will be tested by not less than a quarter-of-an-hour's dictation.
- (b) To write a short definition of various astronomical and other terms and to draw a rough sketch or diagram to illustrate their meaning. (See Appendix C and paragraph 156.)
- (c) To show a competent knowledge of the first five rules of arithmetic and the use of logarithms.
- (d) To work a day's work complete, correcting the courses for leeway, deviation and variation.
- (e) To find the latitude by the meridian altitude of the sun.
- (f) To work any practical problem in parallel sailing.
- (g) To find the true course and distance from one given position to another by Mercator's method; also the compass course, the variation and deviation being given.
- (h) To find the time of high water at a given port.
- (i) To find the true amplitude of the sun and the error of the Compass therefrom; also the deviation, the variation being given.
- (j) To find the longitude by chronometer from altitude of the sun by the usual methods, computing the daily rate of chronometer from errors observed when acquired; also to find the true azimuth of the sun, and the error of the compass; and the deviation, the variation being given.
- (k) To find the true azimuth of the sun by the "Time-Azimuth" tables; the error of the compass; also the deviation, the variation being given.
- (l) To find on either a "true" or "magnetic" chart* the course to steer and the distance from one given position to another; to find the ship's position on the chart from cross-bearings of two objects; from two bearings of the same object, the course and distance run between taking the bearings being given; also the distance of the ship from the object at the time of taking the second bearing. (See Appendix G.)

He will be required to answer vivâ voce questions on the following subjects:—

- (m) The use and adjustments of the sextant, read off and on the arc, and the mode of finding the index error by both horizon and sun.
- (n) The International Code of Signals.
- (o) The construction, use and principle of the barometer, thermometer and hydrometer.
- (p) Weights and measures.

Second Mate,
ordinary Sea-
manship.

29. *Examination in Seamanship.*—He must understand and give satisfactory answers on the following subjects:—

- (a) The standing and running rigging of ships.
- (b) Bending, unbending, setting, reefing, taking in and furling sail.
- (c) Sending masts and yards up and down, &c.
- (d) Management of a ship when under canvas.
- (e) Management of ship's boats in heavy weather.
- (f) Dunnaging and stowing cargo, &c.
- (g) The Rule of the Road as regards both steamers and sailing vessels, their regulation lights and fog and sound signals.
- (h) The signals of distress, and the signals to be made by ships wanting a Pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals.

* The terms "true" and "magnetic" are used for brevity and convenience throughout the Regulations to indicate charts which have compasses engraved upon them showing the true or magnetic points of the compass respectively.

- (i) The marking and use of the lead and log lines.
- (j) The use and management of the rocket apparatus in the event of a vessel being stranded.
- (k) Any questions of a like nature appertaining to the duties of a Second Mate that the Examiner may think necessary to ask.
- (l) Also questions on the additional subjects which are specified in the Rules of Examination for Second Mates' Certificates of Competency for Foreign-going Steamships (*see* paragraph 44).

30. ONLY MATE.—A Candidate must be not less than nineteen years of age, and have served five years at sea. Only Mate ordinary.

31. FIRST MATE.—A Candidate must be not less than nineteen years of age, and have served five years at sea, of which— First Mate ordinary.

- (a) One year must have been in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate of a Foreign-going Vessel, whilst holding a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels;

If his service was as Third or Fourth Mate, proof will be required that he had during the whole year *charge of a Watch* (*see* para. 106):

- (b) or one year and a-half must have been in a capacity not lower than Only Mate in a Home Trade or Coasting Vessel whilst holding a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels, or a Mate's Certificate for Home Trade Passenger Ships;
- (c) or one year must have been as Pilot with a First Class Pilot's Certificate (*see* para. 103).
- (d) or eighteen months' active service as Chief Officer with a Second Mate's Certificate on a Bengal Pilot Brig.

32. *Examination in Navigation.*—A Candidate for an Only or First Mate's Certificate will be required— Mate, ordinary Navigation.

- (a) To work out any *three* of the nautical problems prescribed for the Second Mates' examination which may be given him by the Examiner, in addition to the chart paper (*l*) and the oral subjects (*m, n, o, p*) prescribed for that grade.
- (b) To compute the time at which a given star will be on the observer's meridian. [Occasionally by inspection.]
- (c) To describe where tables giving the names of the principal stars passing the meridian may be found.
- (d) To describe where the meridian passage of the principal planets may be found.
- (e) To determine what bright stars will be within an hour or more of the observer's meridian above the pole and above the horizon at any given time; also the hour angle, east or west of each of the stars, and whether to the north or south of the observer's zenith when passing the meridian.
- (f) To describe any maps or diagrams which the Candidate knows, and prefers for further facilitating the recognition of the stars and planets.
- (g) To compute the approximate meridian altitude of one of the stars just found, for setting the sextant.
- (h) To find the latitude from the meridian altitude of the same star.
- (i) To find the longitude by chronometer by altitude of a star.
- (j) To find the true azimuth of a star by the "Time Azimuth" tables, and get the deviation therefrom.
- (k) To find the latitude by ex-meridian altitude of the sun or a star.
- (l) To find the *line of position* and the true bearing of the sun, and the ship's position, by Sumner's method by projection.

- (m) To answer certain questions relative to cyclones or revolving storms. (See Appendix H, page 5.)

He will be required to answer viva voce questions on the following subjects:—

- (n) How to keep a ship's log book.
(o) How to calculate the capacity of a given bunker or hold.
(p) How to calculate a freight and its commissions.

First Mate,
Ordinary
Seamanship.

33. *Examination in Seamanship.*—In addition to the qualifications required for a Second Mate's Certificate, an Only or First Mate will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects:—

- (a) Shifting large spars, rigging sheers, taking lower masts in and out.
(b) How to moor and unmoor ship; to keep a clear anchor; and to carry out an anchor.
(c) How to manage a ship in stormy weather, and to cast a ship on a lee shore.
(d) How to secure the masts in the event of accident to the bowsprit.
(e) How to rig purchases for getting heavy weights, anchors, machinery, &c., in or out.
(f) How to dispose various kinds of cargo and weights in a stiff, and in a tender vessel.
(g) The ventilation of holds and the stowage of explosives.
(h) How to rig a sea anchor, and what means to employ to keep a vessel disabled or unmanageable, out of the trough of the sea, and lessen her lee drift.
(i) How to get a cast of the deep sea lead in heavy weather.
(j) Accidents, and how to deal with them.
(k) Any other questions appertaining to the duties of an Only or First Mate which the Examiner may think necessary to ask.
(l) Also questions on the additional subjects which are specified in the Rules of Examination for Only and First Mate's Certificates of Competency for foreign-going Steamships (see para. 48)

Master,
Ordinary.

34. **MASTER.***—A Candidate must be not less than twenty-one years of age, and

- (a) he must have served six years at sea, of which one year must have been in a capacity not lower than Only Mate of a Foreign-going Vessel whilst holding a Certificate not lower than an Only Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels, provided that this service as officer was not performed whilst holding a First Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels, the Candidate will also be required to prove the officer's service prescribed for that grade (para. 31);
(b) or, he must have served six years at sea, of which one year and-a-half must have been in a capacity not lower than Only Mate of a Home Trade or Coasting Vessel whilst holding a Certificate not lower than an Only Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels provided that if this service as officer was not performed whilst holding a First Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels, the Candidate will also be required to prove the Officer's service prescribed for that grade (para. 31);
(c) or, he must have served six and-a-half years at sea, one year of which must have been in a capacity not lower than Second Mate of a Foreign-going Vessel whilst holding a First Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels, provided that if this service as Second Mate was

* For convenience of calculation the service required is stated in a tabular form Appendix P, page 169.

performed under an Additional or Auxiliary First Mate it will only be accepted if a Third and Fourth Mate were also carried, and one year and-a-half not lower than Third or Fourth Mate of a Foreign-going Vessel in charge of a Watch whilst holding a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels;

- (d) or, he must have served nine years at sea in the Home or Coasting Trade, of which three years must have been as Master, or one year as Master and three years in a capacity not lower than that of Mate, *provided that in either case he has served in such capacity for not less than one year with a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels or a Master's Certificate for Home Trade Passenger Ships.*

35. *Examination in Navigation.*—A Candidate for an Ordinary Master's Certificate will be required to work out any twelve of the nautical problems prescribed for the grades of Second and First Mate that may be given him by the Examiner, in addition to the chart paper, the cyclone paper, and the oral subjects prescribed for the grades of Second and First Mate. He will also be required—

- (a) To find the latitude by the altitude of the polar star at any time.
- (b) To find the latitude by the meridian altitude of the moon.
- (c) To find the magnetic bearing of any fixed object when at sea or at anchor from bearings of the object taken with the ship's head on equidistant compass points, and to compute the deviation therefrom; to construct a deviation curve upon a Napier's diagram which will be furnished by the Examiner, and show that he understands its practical application; to give satisfactory written and oral answers to certain practical questions as to the effect of the ship's iron upon the compasses, and the method of determining the deviation, and show how to compensate the deviation by magnets and soft iron by the aid of Beall's Compass Deviascope (*see Appendix I, page 50*).
- (d) To find on a chart the course to steer by compass in order to counteract the effect of a given current, and find the distance the ship will make good towards a given point in a given time, and to work out practically the correction to apply to soundings taken at a given time and place to compare with the depth marked on the chart. (*see Appendix G, page 49*).

He will be required to answer vivâ voce questions on the following subjects:—

- (e) The law as to the engagement and discharge and management of the crew, and the entries to be made in the official log.
- (f) How to prevent and check an outbreak of scurvy on board ship.
- (g) The law as to load line marks, and the entries and reports to be made respecting them.
- (h) Invoices, charter party, bills of lading, Lloyd's agent, nature of bottomry, bills of exchange, surveys, averages, &c.
- (i) The prevailing winds and currents of the globe.
- (j) The trade routes.
- (k) Tides.

36. *Examination in Seamanship.*—In addition to the qualifications required for the grades of Second and First Mate, an Ordinary Master will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects:—

- (a) Construction of jury rudders for both wooden and iron vessels, also rafts.

- (b) Resources for the preservation of the ship's crew in the event of wreck.
- (c) Management of ship in heavy weather.
- (d) Rescuing the crew of a disabled vessel.
- (e) Steps to be taken when a ship is on her beam ends, or in any danger or difficulty, or disabled or unmanageable and on a lee shore.
- (f) Heaving a keel out.
- (g) How to proceed when placing a ship in dry dock, and directing repairs, and when putting into port in distress with damage to cargo and ship.
- (h) Any other question of a like nature appertaining to the management of a ship which the Examiner may think it necessary to ask.
- (i) Also questions on the additional subjects which are specified in the Rules of Examination for Masters' Certificates of Competency for Foreign-going Steamships. See para. 51.

CERTIFICATES FOR FOREIGN-GOING FORE AND AFT-RIGGED VESSELS.

Fore and aft
Certificates.

37. Certificates for the grades of Master, First Mate, Only Mate and Second Mate of fore and aft-rigged vessels will be issued to Candidates who have not complied with the regulation which requires them to have served at least one year in square-rigged sailing vessels, or who prove in course of examination that they are ignorant of the management of square-rigged ships. In other respects the qualifications for examination for such Certificates are the same as for Ordinary Certificates.

Character of
examinations.

38. The examinations for the grades of Second Mate, Only Mate, First Mate, and Master of fore and aft-rigged vessels will be precisely the same as for the Ordinary Certificates, excepting that in seamanship a knowledge of the management of square-rigged vessels is not required.

Value of
Certificates.

39. A Certificate for "Fore and Aft-rigged vessels" will not entitle the possessor to act in any case in which a Certificate for square-rigged vessels is required. Amongst square-rigged vessels are classed full-rigged ships, barques, brigs, barquentines, brigantines, and steamships carrying square sails.

How certifi-
cates may be
changed.

40. A Candidate possessing a Certificate for fore and aft-rigged vessels, and desiring to be examined for an Ordinary Certificate, must prove that he has served at sea at least one year in a square-rigged sailing vessel, *unless* he has previously held an Ordinary Certificate of a lower grade.

CERTIFICATES FOR FOREIGN-GOING STEAMSHIPS.

Steamship
Certificates.

41. Certificates applying only to steamships are issued to Candidates who are either unable to comply with the regulation which requires them to have passed one year in square-rigged sailing vessels, or who prove in course of examination that they are ignorant of the management of square-rigged sailing vessels. All the qualifying Officers' service prescribed for these Certificates must have been performed in steamships.

These Certificates will entitle the holders to go to sea as Masters or Mates of Foreign-going Steamships, but will not entitle them to go to sea as Masters or Mates of Foreign-going Sailing Ships.

There will be no distinction in these Certificates between "Fore and Aft-rigged" Steamships and "Square-rigged" Steamships.

Second Mate
Steamships.

42. **SECOND MATE.**—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for an Ordinary Second Mate's Certificate (*see* para 27), excepting that no service in square-rigged sailing vessels is required.

43. *Examination in Navigation.*—The examination in Navigation. navigation for a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Steamships will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary Second Mate's Certificate.

44. *Examination in Seamanship.*—The Candidate must Seamanship. understand and be able to give satisfactory answers as to the following subjects:—

- (a) The standing and running rigging of steamships.
- (b) Bending, unbending, setting, reefing, taking in and furling sail.
- (c) Sending masts and yards up and down, &c.
- (d) Seeing everything in readiness and clear for getting under way, and the precautions to be then observed with regard to engines, propeller, &c.
- (e) Management of a steamship when under canvas.
- (f) Management of a ship's boat in heavy weather.
- (g) Dunnaging and stowing cargo, &c.
- (h) The Rule of the Road as regards both steamers and sailing vessels, their regulation lights and fog and sound signals.
- (i) Signals of distress, and signals to be made by ships wanting a Pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals.
- (j) The marking and use of the lead and log lines.
- (k) The construction, use and action of the sluices, and of the water-ballast tanks.
- (l) Engine-room, telegraph, &c.
- (m) Use and management of the rocket apparatus in the event of a vessel being stranded.
- (n) Any other questions of a like nature appertaining to the duties of the Second Mate of a steamship which the Examiner may think necessary to ask.

45. ONLY MATE—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for an Only Mate's Ordinary Certificate (see para 30), excepting that no service in square-rigged vessels is required. Only Mate, Steamship.

46. FIRST MATE—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for a First Mate's Ordinary Certificate (see para. 31), excepting that the service required as officer must have been in Steamships, and that no service in square-rigged vessels is required. First Mate, Steamships.

47. *Examination in Navigation.*—The examination in Navigation. navigation for an Only or First Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Steamships will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary First Mate's Certificate (see para. 32).

48. *Examination in Seamanship.*—In addition to the qualifications required for a Second Mate's certificate, an Only or First Mate will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects:— Seamanship.

- (a) Shifting large spars; rigging sheers; and taking lower masts in and out.
- (b) How to moor and unmoor ship, keep a clear anchor, and to carry out an anchor.
- (c) Management of a steamship in stormy weather.
- (d) How to rig purchases for getting heavy weights, anchors, machinery, &c., in and out.
- (e) How to dispose various kinds of cargo and weights, in a stiff and in a tender vessel.
- (f) Ventilation of holds and the stowage of explosives.
- (g) The effects of the screw race upon the rudder; and the effect produced on the direction of the head of the ship by going [ahead] [astern] with a [right] [left] handed screw when the rudder is [ported] [starboarded]; also the effect of twin-screws under the same conditions, and when going ahead with one and reversing the other, &c., &c.
- (h) How to rig a sea anchor, and what means to employ to keep a steamer, with her machinery disabled,

out of the trough of the sea and to lessen her lee drift.

- (i) How to turn a steamship about round.
- (j) How to get a cast of the deep sea lead in heavy weather.
- (k) Any other questions of a like nature appertaining to the duties of a First Mate of a steamship which the Examiner may think necessary to put to him.

Master,
Steamships.

49. MASTER.—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for a Master's Ordinary Certificate for a Foreign-going Ship (*see* para. 34), excepting that the service required as officer must have been performed in steamships, and that no service in square-rigged vessels is required.

Navigation.

50. *Examination in Navigation.*—The examination in navigation for a Master's Certificate for Foreign-going Steamships will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary Master's Certificate (*see* para 35)

Seamanship.

51. *Examination in Seamanship.*—In addition to the qualifications required for the grades of Second and First Mate, a Master will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects:—

- (a) Construction of rafts and jury rudders suitable for screw steamships.
- (b) The preservation of the ship's crew in the event of wreck.
- (c) Management of steamships in heavy weather.
- (d) Rescuing the crew of a disabled ship.
- (e) Steps to be taken when a vessel is on her beam ends or disabled and on a lee shore.
- (f) How to use steam appliances in the event of fire.
- (g) The best arrangement for towing vessels under different circumstances.
- (h) Placing ship in dry dock, directing repairs, and the mode of procedure when putting into port in distress with damage to cargo and ship.
- (i) Any other questions of a like nature appertaining to the management of a steamship which the Examiner may think it necessary to put to him.

Steamship
Certificates,
how changed.

52. A Candidate possessing a Certificate for "Foreign-going Steamships" and desiring to be examined for an Ordinary Certificate, must prove that he has served at sea at least one year in a square-rigged sailing vessel *unless* he has previously held an Ordinary Certificate of a lower grade

CERTIFICATES FOR HOME TRADE PASSENGER SHIPS.

Mate, Home
Trade.

53. MATE.—A Candidate must be not less than nineteen years of age and have served four years at sea.

Navigation.

54. *Examination in Navigation.*—He must write a legible hand and spell correctly, and understand the first five rules of arithmetic, both simple and compound. He must be able to take a bearing by compass, be conversant with the use of Mercator's Chart, and be able to find, on either a "true" or "magnetic" chart, the course to steer, and the distance from one given position to another; to find the ship's position on the chart from cross bearings of two objects and from two bearings of the same object, the course and distance run between taking the bearings being given; and the distance of the ship from the object, at the time of taking the second bearing. He must also pass an examination in the International Code of Signals.

Seamanship.

55. *Examination in Seamanship.*—He must possess a thorough knowledge of the Rule of the Road as regards both steamers and sailing vessels, their regulation lights, and fog and sound signals. He must be able to describe the signals of distress and the signals to be made by ships

wanting a Pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals; also the use and management of the rocket apparatus in the event of his vessel being stranded. He must be able to mark and use the lead and log lines, to moor and unmoor a vessel, and to manage a ship's boat in heavy weather, etc., etc. He must also understand the construction, use and action of the bulkhead sluices, the engine-room, telegraph, etc., and to answer any other questions of a like nature appertaining to the duties of the Mate of a Home Trade Passenger Ship which the Examiner may think proper to put to him.

56. **MASTER***.—A Candidate must be not less than twenty years of age and have served five years at sea of which—

- (a) one year must have been in a capacity not lower than that of only Mate of a Home Trade or Coasting Vessels whilst holding a Mate's Certificate for Home Trade Passenger Ships, or a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign going Vessels;
- (b) or, two and-a-half years must have been in a capacity not lower than Second Mate of a Home Trade or Coasting Vessel *in charge of a Watch* whilst holding a Mate's Certificate for Home Trade Passenger Ships, or a Second Mate's Certificate for Foreign-going Vessels (see para. 106);
- (c) or, one year must have been as Pilot with a First Class Pilot's Certificate (see para. 103).

57. *Examination in Navigation*.—In addition to the qualifications required of a Mate of a Home Trade Passenger Ship a Master will be required to find on a chart the course to steer by compass in order to counteract the effect of a given current and to find the distance the ship will make good towards a given point in a certain time, and to *work out practically* the correction to apply to soundings taken at a given time and place, to compare with the depth marked on the chart, etc. He will also be required to understand the use of the quadrant, to be able to observe with it, to read *off* and *on* the arc, and to find the index error by horizon. He will also be required to find the latitude by a meridian altitude of the sun, and to give written answers to certain practical question on the subject of the deviation of the compass. (See also supplementary *vidæ voce* test, para. 157.)

58. *Examination in Seamanship*.—In addition to the qualifications required of a Mate of a Home Trade Passenger Ship, a Master must understand how to rig a sea anchor and what means to apply to keep a steamship with machinery disabled out of the trough of the sea; also how to get a cast of the lead in heavy weather, etc. He will be examined as to his resources for the preservation of the crew and passengers in the event of wreck and the steps to be taken if his vessel is disabled and drifting towards a lee shore, and will be required to answer any other questions appertaining to the management of a Home Trade Passenger Ship which the Examiner may think necessary to put to him.

EXTRA CERTIFICATES.

59. *Certificates as Extra Master*.—An Extra Master's Certificate will entitle the holder to go to sea as Master of any vessel, sailing or steam.

The examination is voluntary and intended for such persons as wish to prove their superior qualifications and are desirous of having Certificates of the highest grade granted by the Board of Trade.

The extra examination may take place when the Applicant is qualified to go up for examination for an Ordinary

* For convenience of calculation, the service required is stated in a tabular form in Appendix F, page 69.

Master's Certificate, or at any time subsequent to his having passed the examination for that Certificate.

Extra Master,
Navigation.

60. *Examination in Navigation.*—The Candidate will be required to work out and show the construction of any four of the problems,* prescribed for the Ordinary Certificate and to satisfy the Examiner in the oral subjects prescribed for those Certificates. He must also be prepared to be examined in any of the following subjects, showing the construction of all problems†:—

- (a) To work a lunar‡ observation by either sun, star, or planet; and to compute the altitudes when they are not given.
* See Board of Trade notice of May 1905 on page 29.
- (b) To find the latitude from double altitudes of the sun or of a star.
- (c) To determine, from simultaneous observations of two different stars, the position of the ship, and the true bearing of the stars, by Sumner's method. The Candidate may either determine the four longitudes from the two assumed latitudes which will be given, or solve the question in any other way he may choose.
- (d) To find the error of a chronometer from the altitude of the sun or of a star, observed with an artificial, or with the natural, horizon.
- (e) To explain clearly in writing the principles of—(1) Great Circle sailing; (2) Windward Great Circle sailing; (3) Composite Great Circle sailing; and their advantages and disadvantages.
- (f) To show approximately on a terrestrial globe the Great Circle track and the distance from one given position to another; also the latitude and longitude of vertex; and the longitude from vertex; and to explain how the track can then be transferred to a Mercator's chart. Occasionally the Candidate will be required to lay the track down on a chart.
- (g) To determine the initial Great Circle course, and the distance, from one given position to another the latitude and longitude of vertex, the longitude from vertex and the latitudes and longitudes through which the Great Circle will pass; laying the track, composite or otherwise, down on a Mercator's chart, and explaining briefly how the course and distance from one point to another on this track is then found. This problem may, subject to the decision of the Examiner, be solved, either by calculation, or by any tables, graphic method, or Great Circle chart, known to and preferred by the Candidate, and it will usually be set so as to leave the choice of method to the Candidate.
- (h) To draw a figure, and write down the trigonometrical ratios.
- (i) Right-angled plane trigonometry; deducing and writing down the formula for each computation in the problem given.
- (j) Oblique-angled plane trigonometry; deducing and writing down the formula, or the rule, for each computation in the problem given.
- (k) To give Napier's rules for circular parts for the solution of right-angled spherical triangles, explaining clearly how the different angles and sides are considered in deducing the formulæ.
- (l) Right-angled spherical trigonometry.
- (m) The laws of the deviation of the compass in iron ships. (See Appendix K, page 52.)
- (n) To construct a Mercator's chart.
- (o) The law of storms. The Candidate to write a paper of what he knows of this subject.

* Either of the charts papers Exn. 94. or Exn. 95. may be given as one of these four problems.

† Two or three of these problems may be omitted, but all three must be

He must be prepared to answer viva voce questions on the following subjects:—

- (p) The leading principles of the construction of the sextant and of the vernier.
- (q) The civil duties of a Shipmaster in which he will be expected to show a more extensive knowledge than a Candidate for an Ordinary Master's Certificate.

The construction of the problems mentioned above and those in the compass syllabus, must be shown as follows:—

- (a) A circle should be drawn projected on the plane of the horizon—unless the problem can be shown better otherwise—and a correct figure drawn in it, the magnitude of the sides and angles being estimated approximately by the eye.
- (b) The sides and angles used in solving the problem should be marked by distinguishing letters in the figure, and the Candidate should for each fresh computation write down clearly what is given and what he is required to find, together with the formula which he proposes to use.
- (c) Opposite each quantity in the computation he should put the letters denoting the part of the triangle which it represents, writing 'comp' before the letters when the quantity is the complement of that part of the triangle.

Candidates will not be required to enter into the mathematical investigation of the rules and formulae used in the solution of problems, involving obliqu-angled spherical triangles, but credit will be given to any Candidate showing such knowledge. When, however, a problem or part of a problem is solved by right-angled spherical trigonometry, the simple process of deducing the formula from the figure, by Napier's rules for circular parts or other method, must be shown.

Where a problem is solved by right-angled plano trigonometry, the simple process of deducing the formula from the figure for each of the computations in it must be shown.

The rule for finding the latitude by meridian altitude must be proved by the figure.

61. *Examination in Seamanship*—In addition to the qualifications required of an Ordinary Master, the Extra Master will be expected to give satisfactory answers to any questions in practical seamanship that the Examiner may put to him. Extra Master
Seamanship.

62. Extra Certificates for Steamships will also be issued, subject to the examination described below to Officers who can show the necessary service in Steamships. The certificates will be marked "For Steamships only," and will only entitle the holders to go to sea as Masters of Steamships. Extra
Certificates,
Steam ships.

The examination is open to all who are qualified to go up for a Certificate as Master of a Foreign-going Steamship, or who have already obtained this Certificate. It is open also to Candidates who have failed in the examination for an Extra Master's Certificate to show the requisite knowledge of the management of square-rigged sailing vessels, provided they can prove the necessary amount of Officer's service in Steamship (*see* para. 20).

63. *Examination in Navigation*.—The examination in navigation for an Extra Master's Certificate for steamships will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Extra Master's Certificate. Extra Master,
Steamship,
Navigation

64. *Examination in Seamanship*.—In addition to the qualifications required of a Master of a Foreign-going Steamship, the Extra Master will be expected to give satisfactory answers to any questions appertaining to the management of a steamship that the Examiner may put to him. Seamanship.

CERTIFICATES FOR PLEASURE YACHTS.

65. The examination for these Certificates is purely voluntary, and is confined to persons who command their own yachts. Yacht
Certificates.

Description of Certificate.	<p>sea-going pleasure yachts. A Master of yacht who is not also the sole owner, or who is under 21 years of age, is not eligible for examination.</p> <p>66. Only one description of Certificate will be issued whether the yacht is foreign-going or cruises within the home trade limits.</p> <p>The Certificate will not entitle the holder to command any vessel except the pleasure yacht or yachts of which he is at the time the sole owner.</p>
No sea service required.	<p>67. Candidates are not required to have served any specified time afloat, as it is believed that their sea knowledge will be sufficiently tested by the examination they will have to pass in seamanship.</p>
Statutory declaration necessary.	<p>68. Testimonials of service need not be shown, but a Candidate for examination will be required to produce a statutory declaration to the effect (1) that he is sole owner of the yacht; (2) that the yacht is sea-going; (3) that it is not to be used for trading purposes. He will also be required to fill up the form of application (Form Exn. 2) and pay the fee of Rs 24 at the Port Office, as in paragraph 3.</p>
In other respects ordinary regulations apply.	<p>69. In all other respects the regulations relating to examinations of Masters of Foreign-going ships will apply in these cases.</p>
Yacht Master, Navigation.	<p>70. <i>Examination in Navigation.</i>—The examination in navigation for a Yacht Master's Certificate will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary Master's Certificate, except that in the Civil duties of a Ship Master the Master of a yacht will only be expected to possess a knowledge of what he is required to do by the Merchant Shipping Act.</p>
Yacht Master, Seamanship.	<p>71. <i>Examination in Seamanship.</i>—He must give satisfactory answers as to his knowledge of making and taking in sail, and as to the management of a yacht under canvas in moderate and in stormy weather. He must have a thorough knowledge of the Rule of the Road at sea as regards both steamers and sailing vessels; their regulation lights, and fog and sound signals; and be able to describe the signals of distress and the signals to be made by ships wanting a Pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals. He must also understand the use and management of the rocket apparatus in the event of his vessel being stranded. He must be able to mark and use the lead and log lines; to cast a vessel on a lee shore; to moor and unmoor a ship; to keep a clear anchor, and to carry out an anchor. He must know how to keep his vessel out of the trough of the sea in the event of accident; how to rig rafts and jury rudders, &c., and what steps to take if his vessel is disabled or unmanageable and drifting towards a lee shore. He will also be examined as to his resources for the preservation of the crew in the event of wreck. He must also possess a knowledge of the measures he should adopt for preventing and checking an outbreak of scurvy on board, and be prepared to answer any other questions relating to the management of a yacht either steam or sailing which the Examiner may ask.</p>
Extra Master, Yachts.	<p>72. EXTRA MASTER OF YACHT.—An Extra Certificate will be issued to the owner of a yacht who either holds, or is qualified to be examined for a Yacht Master's Certificate, subject to the following examination.</p>
Navigation.	<p>73. <i>Examination in Navigation.</i>—The examination in navigation will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an extra Master's Certificate. (See paragraph 60.)</p>
Seamanship.	<p>74. <i>Examination in Seamanship.</i>—The subjects of examination in Seamanship will be the same as those prescribed for a Yacht Master's Certificate, but the Candidate for an Extra Certificate will be expected to show a more extensive practical knowledge than is required of a Candidate for the Yacht Master's Certificate.</p>

PROVISIONAL CERTIFICATES.

Provisional Certificates.	<p>75. Provisional Certificates for Foreign-going ships or for Foreign-going Steamships, according to the Candidate's</p>
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qualifications, are granted on the conditions stated below to any officer of the Mercantile Marine who may require such a Certificate to qualify him for appointment to or promotion in the Royal Naval Reserve. These Certificates are only issued for Royal Naval Reserve purposes, and do not authorise the holders to go to sea as First Mate or Master.

76. Candidates for these Certificates must apply to the Port Officer of Calcutta, fill up the form of application (Exn 2), and pay the usual fee. They must produce their First or Second Mate's Certificates of Competency, and an authority from the Government before they can be examined. This authority should be obtained through the Port Officer. How to apply.

77. *Provisional Certificates as First Mate.*—Provisional Certificates as First Mate are granted to Candidates who can prove that they have served five years at sea, and that during one year of this period they have served in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate while holding a Second Mate's Certificate. They must pass the usual examination for First Mate and pay the usual fee. The provisional certificate is exchangeable for the full Certificate as First Mate, without further payment or examination, on production to the Port Officer of satisfactory proofs that the holder has served at sea not less than 12 months in a Foreign going Vessel in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate, and that during the whole of that period he has been in regular charge of a Watch and in possession of a Certificate of Competency as Second Mate. Provisional
Certificates.
First Mate.

78. *Provisional Certificates as Master.*—Provisional Certificates as Master are granted to Candidates who can prove not less than six and a-half years' service at sea, and who pass the usual examination for Master and pay the usual fee. Of this service two and a-half years must have been served in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate of an Ocean-going Steamship, during the last 12 months of which the Candidate must have been in possession of a full Certificate as First Mate. These Certificates will be exchanged for the full Certificates as Master, without further payment or examination, on production to the Port Officer of satisfactory proofs that the holder has served at sea not less than two and a-half years in a Foreign-going Vessel in charge of a Watch in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate, and that during 12 months of this period he has served as Second Mate while in possession of a full Certificate of Competency as First Mate. Provisional
Certificates.
Master.

VOLUNTARY EXAMINATION IN COMPASS DEVIATION.

79. Any person holding a Certificate of any grade in the Foreign or Home Trade, or as Master of his own Pleasure Yacht, who wishes to pass a *voluntary* examination in Compass Deviation,* can at any time be examined upon filling up the usual form of application and paying to the Port Officer the fee of Rs. 12. If the Candidate passes the examination, a note to that effect will be made upon his Certificate. Compass
deviation.

VOLUNTARY EXAMINATION IN STEAM.†

80. These examinations are provided for the purpose of giving Masters and Mates who are possessed of Certificates of Competency an opportunity of undergoing a voluntary examination as to their practical knowledge of the use and working of the steam-engine. They are conducted on the premises, and under the superintendence of the Port Officer at such times as he may appoint for the purpose; and the Examiners are selected by the Government from the Engineer-Surveyors appointed under the Indian Steam Ships' Act, 1884. Examination
in steam.

*See Appendix E, page 52.

†See also Appendix N, page 50.

Persons eligible.	81. The examination is open to any person who holds a Certificate of any grade in the foreign or home trade, or as Master of his own Pleasure Yacht. Candidates should fill up the Form of application, Form (Exn. 13) at the Port Office, pay the fee of £12 and deposit their Certificates with the Port Officer. The Port Officer will inform the applicant when and where to attend to be examined. If the Candidate fails to pass, his certificate will be at once returned to him.
How to apply.	
Result of Examination.	82. If he passes, the Port Officer, and the Candidate together with Exn. 3 will be sent to the Government; the words "to have passed in steam," with the date and place of examination, will then be entered on the Certificate and its counterpart, and the certificate will be sent to the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office of the port named in the Form Exn. 2, and be delivered to the Candidate in
In case of failure.	If a Candidate fails, he may not present himself for re-examination until the expiration of three months from the date of failure.
Character of Examination	84. The examination is for the most part <i>videlicet</i> , and extends to a general knowledge of the practical use and working of the steam-engine, and of the various valves, fittings, and pieces of machinery connected with it and of the way in which electric lighting is carried out on board ship. Intricate theoretical questions on calculations of horse power or areas of cylinders and valves, or any of the more difficult questions relating to steam-engines and boilers, will not be asked. The examination will in fact be confined to the duties which a master of a steam-vessel may be called upon to perform in the case of the death, incapacity or delinquency of the Engineer.
Practical knowledge required.	85. Examiners are to satisfy themselves that the Candidates know the names and uses and the use of the various parts of engines and boilers and their connecting pipes, valves, cocks, &c. Practical knowledge, as distinguished from theories and absurd calculations, is to be the test of the Candidate's fitness to have his Certificate endorsed.
Examination on boardship.	86. The Examiner should arrange to conduct part of the examination in the engine-room of a Steamship, unless from circumstances, he finds it impossible to do so; but in the event of the Candidate passing, the Examiner should state in writing what circumstances prevented a visit to an engine-room. If an opportunity offer, the candidate should be permitted, under the guidance of the Examiner, to start and stop the engine of some vessel which may have her steam up.
Place of Examination to be reported.	87. The Examiner, in sending in his report of the examination, should state where the examination has been held.
Elementary questions to be answered.	88. Candidates will be required to give written answers to sixteen out of twenty questions taken from a book of Elementary Questions published by the Government.* These questions will be altered from time to time without notice. The twenty questions are not to be difficult, theoretical or book questions, but are to be such as any man of ordinary capacity who has any practical knowledge of the use and working of the steam-engine ought to answer.
Answers to be sent to Govt.	89. These questions, with the Candidate's answers, should be sent to the Government, with the reports, after each examination.
Copying.	90. If a Candidate refers to any book or paper or memorandum, or obtains information from another Candidate during the examination, he will be treated as having failed, will forfeit his fee, and will not be allowed to be re-examined for a period of three months.
Report on failure.	91. The Examiners will report, in the case of failure, the nature of the question or questions that decided the failure, or the point in the management of the engine in which the Candidate was deficient.

92. There is nothing in the regulations requiring that Applicants for the voluntary examination shall have served on board Steamships; all that is required is that they shall have a practical knowledge of the use and working of the steam-engine. Examiners will not fail to appreciate the fact that practical knowledge is best gained in the engine-room; and the examination of an Officer who does not produce official evidence of service in steamships, and of experience of engines, must necessarily be more searching than in the case of one who produces evidence of such service and experience. Service on Steamships not essential.

CERTIFICATES OF SERVICE.

93. A person who has attained the rank of Lieutenant, Sub-Lieutenant, Navigating Lieutenant or Navigating Sub-Lieutenant in His Majesty's Navy, or of Lieutenant in His Majesty's Indian Marine Service, is entitled to a Certificate of Service as Master of a Foreign-going Ship without examination. This Certificate will not entitle the holder to go to sea as Master or Mate, of a Home Trade Passenger Ship. Persons qualified.

94. Applications for Certificates of Service must be made on a printed form, E.n. 18, to be obtained free of charge of the Registrar-General of Seamen, Custom House, London, E. C., or of the Port Officer. Form of application.

95. Applications for certificates of Service by Officers of the Royal Navy on the active list must be made through their Commanding Officers, and applications from officers of the Royal Navy on half pay must be made to the Secretary of the Admiralty, who will, in either case, forward the application to the Board of Trade. How to apply.

Ambulance Certificate, &c.

96. Any person holding a Certificate from the St. John's or St. Andrew's Ambulance Association, as qualified to render first aid to the injured can have the fact stamped on his Board of Trade Certificate or Certificate granted by an authority in British Possession abroad by forwarding the two Certificates to the Government either direct or through the Port Officer. Ambulance Certificates.

Recipients of Government awards can also have the fact stamped on their Certificates on application in a similar manner.

CHAPTER III.

RULES FOR ESTIMATING SEA SERVICE.

97. In these regulations sea service is reckoned from the commencement to the termination of the voyage. The Certificates of Discharge for service in the Foreign Trade will generally be accepted as proof of sea service, but Certificates of Discharge for service in the Home or Coasting Trade must always be sent to the Port Officer for verification. The Port Officer and Examiners will be careful to see that these discharges have not been in any way tampered with, and will report any suspicious cases to the Government. Sea service.

98. For Foreign-going Certificates the term "Sea service" means, unless otherwise stated, service performed in Foreign-going Vessels. Sea service in Foreign-going Certificates.

99. For Home Trade Passengers Ship Certificates, service in the Home or Coasting Trade is regarded as equivalent to service in the Foreign Trade; but for Foreign-going Certificates, it is regarded as only equivalent to two-thirds of the time served in the Foreign Trade, except in the case of Indian Coasting Voyages extending beyond a distance of 500 miles from the port of departure in vessels commanded by Masters holding Foreign-going Certificates, when such service will count as foreign voyages, and will be Service in Home Trade.

reckoned as full time; but the time spent in the port of departure or at any other port of call is not counted. In all cases the time spent in the port of arrival at the Home Port, such service must be vouched for, in the form laid down in Appendix I, page 69.

Certificate—
Meaning of.

100. By the word "Certificate" is meant a Certificate of Competency granted by the Board of Trade under the Merchant Shipping Act, or by the Government of a British Possession under an Order in Council issued in pursuance of the Merchant Shipping Act. A list of the Colonial Certificates, referred to, will be found in Appendix T, page 76. They are of the same force as the corresponding Certificates granted by the Board of Trade.

Colonial
Local
Certificates.

101. The holder of a Colonial Certificate for Foreign-going Ship not granted under the Merchant Shipping Act, who desires to be examined for an Imperial Certificate of the same grade, must prove that he has performed the amount of service required by these regulations to entitle him to hold such a Certificate. He must also produce satisfactory testimonials as to character for at least the 12 months immediately preceding his application to be examined.

Foreign-going
Certificates.

102. Where a Foreign-going Certificate is required in order to qualify a Candidate for examination, the Certificate may be either an Ordinary Certificate, or a Certificate for Fore and Aft-rigged Vessels, or a Certificate for Foreign-going Steamships.

Pilot defined.

103. The term "Pilot" in these regulations (*see* paras. 31 and 56) means a pilot who is employed in general pilotage and holds a First Class Pilot's Certificate from some competent authority authorising him to pilot vessels outside harbour and partially smooth water limits. A Hooghly Master Pilot is for the purpose of this rule to be considered as First Class Pilot.

Officer's
service.

104. Officer's Service, to be recognized as qualifying for purposes of examination must be performed with the requisite Certificate as specified in Appendix I, page 69. The Officer's service performed by men who have been duly promoted during the course of a voyage (*see* paragraph 108), or who, in consequence of serving in vessels plying between ports abroad, have been unable to obtain the necessary Certificates, may, however, be recognised, provided that it is in other respects satisfactory.

Foreign
officers.

105. Foreign Officers who wish to apply for a British Certificate of Competency must in all cases have performed their qualifying Officer's service with the requisite British Certificate. The service may have been performed in Foreign Vessels if the Candidate can produce satisfactory testimonials to conduct and character, and is able to prove that the service has been in the required capacities, and that during the period of service he has held a British Certificate of Competency of the rank required by the regulations (*see* paragraph 110).

In charge of
Watch.

106. When service "in charge of a Watch" in either the Foreign or Home Trade, is specified in the regulations, the Candidate will have to prove that during the whole of the time claimed he had the regular charge of a Watch or Watches, which, if in the Foreign Trade, must amount to not less than 8 hours of each 24 hours of service. It must be distinctly understood that occasional service in charge of a Watch, will not be accepted as Mate's service under the regulations. Great care must be exercised by the Port Officer in regard to such service, and unless the Candidate produces a clear and satisfactory Certificate, specially setting forth the above facts, from the Master or Owner of the Vessels in which the service was performed, it must not be accepted.

Additional
Mates.

107. Service as Additional or Auxiliary First or Second Mates, in large Foreign-going vessels when in both or on Third and Fourth Mates are also carried, will count as First Mate's or Second Mate's service, as the case may be, provided that the Candidate was entered on the Articles in one of these

capacities, and that he produces the necessary Certificate (see paragraph 108) showing that he was in charge of a watch or watches during the whole time claimed.

108. Whenever a man has, from any cause, been regular on the occurrence of a vacancy in the course of the Voyage, from the rank in which he first shipped, and such promotion, with the ground on which it has been made, is properly entered in the Articles and in the Official Log Book, he will receive credit for his service in the higher grade for the period subsequent to his promotion.

109. Service in a lower grade than First or Only Mate in the Home or Coasting Trade will not be recognised as Officer's service towards qualifying a Candidate for examination for a Foreign Trade Certificate.

110. The testimonials of service of Foreigners and of British Officers and Seamen serving in foreign vessels, which cannot be verified by the Port Officer, must be confirmed either by the Consul of the country to which the ship in which the Candidate served belonged, or by some other recognised official authority of that country, or by the testimony of some credible person on the spot having personal knowledge of the facts required to be established. The production, however, of such proofs will not of necessity be deemed sufficient. Each case will be decided on its own merits, and, if the sufficiency of the proofs given appears to be at all doubtful, it must be referred to the Government for decision.

111. Service in Auxiliary Screw Whaling Ships and in Vessels with auxiliary steam power, which use their screws only in calms or during light winds, is considered as service performed in Sailing Vessels.

112. In the case of Excursion Steamers only such service as can be proved to have been performed at sea will be accepted.

113. Candidates whose service has been performed in capacities other than Apprentice, Midshipman, Cadet, Ordinary Seaman, or Able Seaman, e.g., men who have served as Carpenter, or Sailmaker, or as Cook in small vessels where cooking is only a part of a man's duty, will be required to satisfy the Port Officer that they have, during the whole time claimed, performed deck duties in addition to their own particular work, and that they have a good knowledge of Seamanship. These facts may possibly be proved by the production of satisfactory Certificates from the Masters with whom the Applicant has served; but such service will only be accepted as equivalent to two-thirds of the time served as ordinary deck hand. Failing satisfactory evidence, the Applicant will be required to perform additional service in the capacity of Seaman. Service as Cook (under other conditions than the above), or as Steward, or as Purser, will not be accepted.

114. Service performed exclusively in Trawlers and other deep sea-fishing vessels or in Pilot Vessels will not qualify a Candidate for examination. He must, in addition, prove the following service:—

- (1) For a *Foreign-going Certificate*, service for at least eighteen months in an ordinary trading vessel in the Foreign Trade, or the equivalent period (27 months) in the Home or Coasting Trade.
- (2) For a *Home Trade Passenger ship Certificate* service for at least twelve months in an ordinary trading vessel in the Foreign, Home or Coasting Trade.

115. Service in Pleasure Yachts will be accepted as qualifying service under the following conditions:—

- (a) It must in all cases be verified by satisfactory proofs, which must set forth clearly and in detail the nature and duration of the service claimed, and it must be distinctly understood that only actual sea service will be accepted, and that service in harbour or port is inadmissible.
- (b) Service in foreign-going Yachts will be accepted in full; and service performed within Home Trade

limits in Sailing Yachts of not less than 50 tons net register, or in Steam Yachts of not less than 80 tons gross register will be accepted in the proportion stated in para. 99; but Candidates must also show (1) for a *Foreign-going Certificate*, service for at least eighteen months in an ordinary trading vessel in the Foreign Trade, or for the equivalent period (27 months) in an ordinary trading vessel in the Home or Coasting Trade; (2) for a *Home Trade Passenger Ship Certificate*, service for at least twelve months in an ordinary trading vessel in the Foreign, Home, or Coasting Trade.

(c) Service within Home Trade limits in Sailing Yachts of 20 tons net register, or in Steam Yachts of 40 tons gross register, will be accepted towards qualifying a candidate for a *Foreign-going Certificate* as equivalent to half the same time served in the Foreign Trade, but no amount of such service shall count as more than two years' service in the Foreign Trade, and no such service shall count as Officer's service to qualify Candidates for *Foreign-going Certificates*.

(d) Service within Home Trade limits in Sailing Yachts of not less than 20 tons net register, or in Steam Yachts of not less than 40 tons gross register will be accepted at the ordinary rate as qualifying service for *Home Trade Passenger Ship Certificates*, but Candidates must prove that they have in addition served for at least twelve months in an ordinary trading vessel in the Foreign, Home or Coasting Trade.

(e) Service within Home Trade limits in Sailing Yachts of less than 20 tons net register, or in Steam Yachts of less than 40 tons gross register, will not be accepted as qualifying service for any class of Certificate.

Service in
Tugs.

116. Service performed in Tugs employed in Channel Service or outside partially smooth water limits (see Appendix S, page 72) may be accepted as sea service for the purpose of qualifying a Candidate for a *Mate's or Master's Certificate* for *Home Trade Passenger Ships*.

Service in
dredgers.

117. Service in Steam Hopper Barges may, subject to the provisions of para. 119, be allowed to count towards qualifying a Candidate for a *Mate's Certificate of Competency* for *Home Trade Passenger Ships*, provided the Candidate can prove at least two years' service in an ordinary trading vessel in either the Home, Coasting, or Foreign Trade. Service in these Steam Hoppers will not be accepted as Officer's service towards qualifying a Candidate for a *Master's Certificate*.

Service in
Light-ships
or Engine-

118. Service in Light-ships or in an Engine-room will not be accepted as sea service.

Service on
rivers.

119. Service performed on rivers, no matter of what size, and service performed within smooth or partially smooth water limits (see Appendix S, page 72) will not be accepted.

Where any doubt whatever exists on this point, the Candidate will be required to produce a Certificate from the Master or Owner of the vessel in which the service was performed before the service can be accepted.

Service on
Training
Ships.

120. Half the time served on board a training ship will be allowed to count as service at sea up to a limit of one year (i.e., no length of service will be allowed to count as more than one year at sea), provided that the Candidate can produce a Certificate from the Committee that he has conducted himself creditably and passed a good examination in seamanship so far as it is practised in the training ship, as well as in other matters, down to the time of his leaving the ship, but this service will not be regarded as equivalent to service in square-rigged vessels.

Apprentices.

121. The whole of the time claimed under Indentures of Apprenticeship will be accepted as actual sea service.

to qualify under para. 27 for a second Mate's Certificate provided (a) that the Indentures have not been cancelled through some fault of the Candidate, but are endorsed by the Owner or Master to whom he was bound, to the effect that he has performed his service faithfully during the time he remained as Apprentice; and (b) that the Candidate has served at sea four-fifths of the time claimed, that is to say, has not spent more than one-fifth of the time in Home Ports. In cases where an Apprentice is qualified for examination before the expiration of his Indentures, e.g., where he has had training ship or other sea service prior to being bound, which together with his actual time as Apprentice makes up the required four years, or where his Indentures are for a period of more than four years, a letter from the Owner or Master will be accepted in place of the endorsement referred to above.

In the event of the Candidate being short of the required four-fifths of the time claimed as Apprentice out of the United Kingdom, he will be required to show sufficient additional sea service, either as seaman or junior officer, to make up the four-fifths of the time claimed.

122. The whole of the time served as midshipman or Midship cadet under indentures will also be accepted subject to Ind Ca. • the same conditions as those laid down for apprentices; and the same will be the case even when not bound by indentures, provided that the service as midshipman or cadet has been continuous, and that on the date of the termination of the period of service claimed in this capacity the candidate was on articles of agreement, and that he is able to comply with the requirements laid down in the matter of serving or making up the four-fifths period at sea during the time claimed.

123. Service performed in the sea-going Steam Vessels of the Trinity House, of the Commissioners of the Northern Light-houses, or of the Commissioners of Irish Lights, will be accepted as sea service for the purpose of qualifying a Candidate for examination for a Home Trade Passenger Ship Certificate; but for a Foreign-going Certificate a Candidate must show in addition to this service calculated in accordance with paragraph 99 at least twelve months in an ordinary Trading Vessel. In order to qualify a Candidate for an Ordinary Certificate, this twelve months must have been performed in a square-rigged Sailing Vessel. (See para. 25.)

124. Officers of the Royal Navy are at liberty to apply for Certificates of Service and to be examined for Certificates of Competency in the Mercantile Marine, but the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have directed that the applications of officers on the active list should be made through their commanding officers, and that the applications of officers on half-pay should be made to the Secretary of the Admiralty, who, in either case, will forward the application to the Board of Trade. In the case of Royal Marine officers, applications for certificates of service should be made on a printed form Examination 18, which will be supplied free of charge on application to the Director of the Royal Indian Marine. Applicants on duty in India should submit their claims to the Director for transmission to the Government of India and the India Office. Officers on leave in England should submit their claims to the India Office, on the printed form which may be obtained from that office.

Service in
Royal Navy.

The conditions on which Certificates of service are issued are stated at page 19.

125. Officers of the Royal Navy or of the Royal Indian Marine who wish to be examined for Certificates of Competency in the Mercantile Marine will be required to prove the following service; and if an officer wishes to obtain the Ordinary Certificate for Foreigngoing Ships, he must prove that at least twelve months of this required period was served under sail alone:—

Qualifications
required of
Naval officers.

- (i) For Second Mate.—The officer must prove four years' service at sea or that he has attained the rank of Acting Sub-Lieutenant.
- (ii) For Only Mate.—Five years' service at sea.
- (iii) For First Mate or Master.—The officer must prove that he has attained the rank of Sub-Lieutenant

in the Royal Navy or in the Indian Marine.

Service in
Royal Naval
Reserve.

126. Lieutenants, Sub-Lieutenants, and Acting Sub-Lieutenants of the Royal Naval Reserve who perform sea service on board His Majesty's ships will be allowed to count such service as if it had been performed in Foreign-going Merchant Ships; and the service will rank according to the Certificate of Competency held by the Candidate at the time. Midshipmen of the Royal Naval Reserve, possessing a First Mate's Certificate, and temporarily granted the rank of acting Sub-Lieutenant whilst undergoing twelve months' training afloat in the Royal Navy, will only be allowed to count such service as if it had been performed in the capacity of Second Mate of a Foreign-going Merchant Ship with a First Mate's Certificate.

Service in drill
and
harbourships.

127. If accompanied by a good report, half the time spent in Drill in the Royal Naval Reserve, and in Harbour Ships of the Royal or Colonial Navies, will be allowed to count as sea service, subject to the limit that no such service must amount to more than one-fourth of the time required for the particular grade of Certificate applied for.

CHAPTER IV.

CONDUCT OF THE EXAMINATIONS.

Commence-
ment and
duration of
examinations.

128. The examinations will commence early in the forenoon, and will be continued from day to day until all the Candidates whose names appear upon the Port Officer's list on the day of examination are examined.

Candidates to
be punctual.

129. Candidates are required to appear at the examination room punctually at the time appointed.

Loose paper
and books
removed.

130. Before commencing the examination, the tables or desks must be cleared of all scraps of paper or books that are not used in the examination, and care should be taken that the Candidates do not bring into the examination room any book or paper.

No strangers
admitted.

131. No person will be allowed in the room during the examination, other than those whose duties require them to be present. No instructors will be allowed on the premises.

Books and
papers strictly
forbidden.

132. Candidates are prohibited from bringing into the examination room, books or papers of any kind whatever. The slightest infringement of this regulation will subject the offender to all the penalties of a failure, and he will not be allowed to present himself for re-examination for a period of three months.

All work to
be shown.

133. No Candidate will be allowed to work out his problems on a slate or on waste paper, or to write on the blotting paper supplied for his use in the examination. Violation of this rule will subject the Candidate to all the penalties of a failure.

A sheet of blotting paper should be issued to each Candidate with the first examination paper, and it must be returned to the Examiner when the last paper is completed each day. The Examiner will be careful to see that the blotting paper has not been used by the Candidate in solving his problems or for conveying information to other Candidates.

Instruments
are provided.

134. All instruments necessary for use in the examinations are supplied by the Government.

Leaving room
or building.

135. No Candidate may leave the examination room without permission and without giving up the paper on which he is engaged. Under no circumstances will a Candidate be allowed to leave the building while the examination is proceeding. Violation of this rule will subject the Candidate to all the penalties of a failure.

Copying, &c.,
to be pre-
vented.

136. Candidates should be so placed as to prevent one copying from the other, and no communication whatever between the Candidates should be allowed.

Penalty for
copying, &c.

137. In the event of any Candidate being discovered referring to any book or paper, or copying from another, or affording any assistance or giving any information to another, or communicating in any way with another, during the time of examination, or copying any part of the problems for the purpose of taking them out of the examination room, he will subject himself to all the penalties of a failure, and will not be allowed to be examined for a period

138. If a Candidate defaces, blots, writes in or otherwise injures any book or form belonging to the Board, his papers will be retained until he has replaced the damaged book or document. He will not be allowed to remove the damaged book or document, and will be subjected to all the penalties of a failure. Injury to books.

139. Perfect silence is to be preserved in the examination room. Silence.

140. Any Candidate violating any of the regulations, or being guilty of insolence to the Examiner, or of disorderly or improper conduct in or about the room, will render himself liable to the postponement of his examination; or if he has passed, to the detention of his Certificate for such period as the Government may direct. Penalty for breach of rules

141. The examination papers of Candidates must in all cases be sent to the Port Officer, Calcutta, for his approval, together with the report of the examination on the Form, Exn. 14. Should the envelope containing the examination papers appear to have been opened, or in any way tampered with, the Examiner should, if he thinks it necessary, defer the examination until the following day. In the event of any case of this kind occurring, a full report of the circumstances, and of the steps taken in the matter, should be immediately forwarded to the Port Officer, Calcutta. Examination papers, how to be dealt with.

142. The examination papers should be issued to the Candidates in half sheets only and one at a time. This will prevent a Candidate from spreading out the sheets on the table so as to enable his neighbour to look over the problems. It will also enable the Examiner to look over and report upon the work on one-half sheet, while the Candidate is at work upon another. When the errors are not too numerous, the incorrect problems may be returned to the Candidate for correction, but in no case should the errors be pointed out by the Examiner, neither should any marks be made which would indicate how far or to what extent, the work is incorrect. The incorrect problems are not to be returned to the Candidate for correction a second time, and should more than one of the problems—or two, if the errors are only slight—be still incorrect, this would involve a failure. It must be understood, however, that the day's work, latitude by meridian, altitude of sun and star, chronometer problem by sun and star, and the Sumner problem must always be correct. Papers to be issued singly.

143. When, from the large number of the Candidates, it may sometimes be found impossible to look over the work on the day of examination during the office hours, an hour in the morning of the following day may be allotted for the purpose of correcting the problems, but in no case should a Candidate have his problem returned to him for correction after he has made the second attempt. Extra hour allowed in certain cases.

144. In the examinations for Extra Certificates for Foreign-going Ships and for Steamships, the Candidate will be required to complete the whole of his problems and other papers, which must not be returned to the Candidate for correction, but will then be dealt with by the Examiner on the mark system. If the Candidate does not obtain 85 per cent. of the total number of marks allotted for the papers, he will be declared to have failed. (See Appendix Q, page 70.) Extra certificates.

145. The examination will commence with not less than a quarter of an hour's dictation to test handwriting and spelling. This, however, is only to be given to those Candidates who present themselves for examination for the first time for a Foreign-going Certificate. The spelling must be reasonably and fairly good, and the writing clear and legible. The spelling and writing of all Candidates must be satisfactory, and in cases where there is any doubt about the ability of a Candidate to spell correctly, he will be specially tested by dictation. Dictation.

146. The paper of definitions (see Appendix C, page 31) is only for those Candidates who present themselves for examination for the first time for a Foreign-going Certificate. In using this paper, the Examiner will place a mark against the questions which he wishes to be answered, not less

than ten questions being so selected. The Candidate will then write against the questions so marked his definition of the terms in a clear and legible hand, and so as to prevent the possibility of any letter being mistaken, and also draw a rough sketch or diagram opposite to each of the questions to which he has given written answers in further illustration of its meaning. The *visé* *core* questions will be asked on the answers given. (See para. 156.)

Compass
deviation.

147. In the questions on the Diviation of the Compass (see *Appendix I, page 50*), the Examiner will mark at least twelve of the questions, including the problems. The selected questions will be varied frequently, and no two Candidates will have precisely the same questions. The Candidate will be furnished with sheets of the blank ruled paper which is supplied for the purpose, with instructions that he is to write only on one side of the paper, and to answer in a clear and legible hand each of the questions against which a mark is placed, and to commence each answer by writing down the number of the question to which it relates in the margin. In answering question 39 on the tentative method of compass adjustment, the Candidate will be tested by Beall's Compass Deviascope, and it will not therefore be necessary for him to give the written answer and sketches. A Candidate for an Extra Master's Certificate will not be required to answer the questions on Compass Deviation on Form Exn. 7, but will be examined in the Syllabus shown in *Appendix K, page 52*, and with the Compass Deviascope.

Barometer,
tides, &c.

148. The examination on the Barometer, Thermometer, and Hydrometer, prevailing winds and currents of the globe, Trade routes and Tides will for the present be conducted orally, and the questions asked by the Examiner, which will be constantly varied, will be confined to and based on the information given in the test-books mentioned in *Appendix R, page 71*. Candidates will be required to have a fair and intelligent knowledge of the contents of those books.

Adjustment
of sextant.

149. Particular attention should be paid to the adjustments of the sextant, the examination in which subject will be conducted orally and practically. Every candidate will be examined practically as to his knowledge of the adjustments, and the use of the various screws; he must be able to read correctly off the arc, a supposed index error being given by the Examiner, as additive, as well as reading on the arc in the usual way; he must also be able to find the index error both by the horizon and by the sun.

Corrections.

150. Candidates will find it more convenient, both during the examination and at sea, to correct the declination and other elements from the Nautical Almanac by the hourly differences given in that work; they will thereby render themselves independent of any proportional or logarithmic table for that purpose.

Corrections by
tables.

151. The corrections by inspection of tables given in some of the works on navigation, *e.g.*, Tables IX, XI, and XXI in Norie's *Epitome*, will not be allowed; every correction must appear on the papers of the Candidates.

Minor correc-
tions to be
shown.

152. All outstanding or minor corrections should appear in the margin of each problem paper, and on the chart papers, and the papers of the Candidate will not be considered complete without these corrections.

Problems are
tests.

153. Examiners should bear in mind that the problems to be solved are required as tests, and for the purposes of an examination, and not for sea-going or practical purposes alone.

Candidates
may use own
method.

154. The Candidates will be allowed to work out the various problems according to the method and the tables they have been accustomed to use.

Problems to be
varied.

155. All the problems given in the examinations, both for the Ordinary and for the Extra Certificates, will be constantly varied; and the mode of stating the times in the astronomical problems, and the mode of warding and setting these and all other problems will be varied in every possible way, so as to ensure that the Candidate has a proper knowledge of the subject.

156. Candidates are expected not only to give correct written answers to the questions set in the papers, but also to possess an intelligent knowledge of the various subjects prescribed in the regulations. The Examiner will therefore put a few *viva voce* questions to the Candidate as the papers are brought up for inspection or during the course of the examination. The questions, which will be based on the papers set, will be such that the Examiner may satisfy himself that the Candidate possesses a real knowledge of what he has written. Supplement-
ary *viva voce*.

157. When an Examiner finds it necessary to fail a Candidate in this supplementary *viva voce* test, a statement to that effect will be made on the Candidate's examination papers before they are forwarded to the Port Officer, Calcutta. Failure in
supplement-
ary *viva voce*.

Time allowed.

158. Candidates for Second Mate's Ordinary Certificates must complete the whole of the examination in Navigation in *nine hours*, including the time allowed for writing the definitions on Form Exn. 4a, the paper on the chart, and the correction of all errors and oversights; but the quarter of an hour's dictation and all the nautical problems, excepting the chart paper, must be completed within six hours, and without the Candidates leaving the premises during that period. Second Mate.

159. Candidates for Only and First Mates' Ordinary Certificates must complete the whole of the examination in Navigation in *twelve hours*,* including the time allowed for the papers on the chart; cyclones or revolving storms; and for the correction of all errors and oversights; but the nautical problems *up to and including (k) of the Syllabus*, prescribed for Only and First Mate must be completed within six hours and without the Candidates leaving the premises during that period. Only and First
Mates.

160. Candidates for Ordinary Certificates as Master must complete the whole of the examination in Navigation in fifteen hours, including the time allowed for the papers on the chart; compass deviation; cyclones or revolving storms; and for the correction of all errors and oversights; but the problems given, *up to and including (k) of the Syllabus* prescribed for Only and first Mate, must be completed within six hours, and without the Candidates leaving the premises during that period. Masters,
Ordinary.

161. Candidates for Certificates for Foreign-going Steamships will be allowed the same amount of time to complete their navigation work as is allowed in the case of Ordinary Certificates. Time allowed
Steamship
Certificates.

162. Candidates for Certificates as Masters of pleasure Yachts will be allowed the same amount of time for completing the examination as the Candidates for Ordinary Masters' Certificates. Yacht
Masters.

163. Candidates for Home Trade Mates' Certificates must complete the whole of their arithmetical chart, and other papers, within eight hours, and Candidates for Home Trade Masters' Certificates within ten hours. Home Trade
Mates.

164. The time allowed to Candidates for Extra Certificates to complete the whole of the problems and writings, including the Compass Syllabus, must not exceed 26 hours. Masters, extra
certificates.

165. A period not exceeding eleven hours will be allowed to Candidates for the completion of the whole of the examination in the Compass Syllabus, including the correction of all errors and oversights in both the problems and writings. Compass
syllabus.

166. Punctually at the expiration of the prescribed time all papers will be collected whether completed or not. If the papers are not completed, the Candidate will be declared to have failed, unless the Port Officer should see fit to lengthen the period in any special case. Where such an extension of time is granted, the case must be fully reported to the Government on the Form Exn. 14. Papers to be
collected
punctually.

* A Candidate who is not applying for a Second Mate's Certificate, and who has not previously passed an examination, may be allowed the time allotted to dictation and writing the definitions on form Exn. 4a, in addition to the above.

Vied voce
time extra.

167. The periods prescribed in the foregoing paragraphs are not intended to include the time occupied by the *vied voce* part of the examination.

Vied voce
time allowed.

168. In the *vied voce* examination a reasonable time should be allowed for the Candidate to give his answers. No assistance should be given or leading question put.

Time allowed
for navigation.

169. It is anticipated that few Candidates will require the whole of the time allowed for completing the examination in Navigation, but ample time has been given so that the work may be done carefully and be clear and legible, and to the entire satisfaction of the examiners.

Order of work.

170. Candidates, after finishing the problems required in the various grades on the first day of examination, should proceed, until the end of that day, with such subjects as the definitions, chart, questions relating to cyclones and compass deviation.

Sumner
problem.

171. The Sumner problem (Exn. 6C) must on no account be given out to any of the Candidates on the first day of the examination, but should form the commencement of the Candidates' work on the second day. On completion of this problem the Candidates for Masters' Certificates should proceed with the problems (a), (b), (c) of the *Syllabus for that Grade*.

Degree of
precision
required.

172. Degree of precision required in the solution of the problems:—

- (a) Candidates are expected to work out their answers to all problems where the answer required is a latitude, longitude or distance within $1\frac{1}{2}'$ of position from a correct result: in finding the ship's position by Sumner's method a margin of $2\frac{1}{2}'$ will be allowed.
- (b) In such problems as the "Amplitude" and "Alt-Azimuth," where the bearing, deviations, &c., only are required, a margin of $3'$ or $4'$ from a correct result will be sufficiently accurate.
- (c) Candidates for Ordinary Certificates are not required to correct for *second differences* in taking out the quantities from the Nautical Almanac; and even Candidates for extra Certificates are only required to show that they are acquainted with the method of second differences by correcting the elements for same in the lunar problem.
- (d) In solving the Time Azimuth problems an answer not exceeding half a degree from the exact result will be sufficiently near. But in all cases the actual latitude, declination, and time used, together with the exact bearing from the North or South as given in the tables, must be clearly shown by the Candidate on his papers.
- (e) In computing the time at which a given star will be on the observer's meridian, and the name of the stars near the meridian [sections (b) and (c) of paragraph 32], an approximation only is required, and it will be sufficiently precise if the Candidate works throughout with the nearest minute of time. In computing the approximate meridian altitude of a star [section (g)], working throughout with the nearest minute of arc will also be sufficiently close.
- (f) In interpolating for the correct deviation to be applied in solving the chart questions, it will usually be sufficient if the Candidate works throughout with the nearest degree of deviation taken from the Deviation Card; and even in cases where the deviations may vary but little, the nearest half degree used throughout will be sufficiently precise. It is not necessary that the Candidate should waste his time in solving the courses to odd minutes, as is sometimes done.
- (g) In calculating the correction to apply to Soundings, the Candidate is not required to work to the exact inch, as is sometimes done. It will be sufficient if he brings his answer within half a

- (h) In the Lunar problem a difference of 3' in the longitude from the correct answer as deduced by a rigorous method by spherical trigonometry will be allowed.

It must be clearly understood in reading the foregoing instructions as to the precision required, that they only apply when the work of the Candidate is correct in principle. ^{to candidate to be examined twice in a week.}

173. A Candidate will not be allowed to undergo examination twice in the same week, unless under very special and urgent circumstances the Port Officer should see fit to relax this rule. In that case a special set of problems should be supplied to the Candidate.

Consecutive Office No. 649, Departmental, 1875, Superintendents, 59, Examinations, 2.

BOARD OF TRADE,
MARINE DEPARTMENT.
May 1905.

EXAMINATIONS OF MASTERS AND MATES.

INSTRUCTIONS TO EXAMINERS AND NOTICE TO CANDIDATES.

Extra Masters' Certificates.

ON and after the 1st January 1907, the following alteration will be made in the examination of Extra Masters' Certificates.

The Lunar Problem referred to in paragraph 61(a) of the Regulations relating to the examination of Masters and Mates will no longer be set in this examination. In its place a paper on Naval Architecture will be given, the Candidate being required to give written answers to six or ten questions on this subject, and also to satisfy the Examiner in the supplementary *visd voce* test. For the purpose of this examination the Board of Trade have adopted "The Modern Practice of Shipbuilding in Iron and Steel"* as a text-book, from which the questions will be set, and they advise intending Candidates to take this or other books on the subject to sea with them, so that they can study at their leisure.

FRANCIS J. S. HOPWOOD,
Secretary.

WALTER J. HOWELL,
Asst. Secretary.

* "The Modern Practice of Shipbuilding in Iron and Steel," by Samuel J. P. Thearle.—Published by William Collins, Sons and Company,—price 11 s. 3d. nett.

APPENDIX A.

EXAMINATION DAYS

For

Places.	Masters and Mates.
Aberdeen*	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Belfast*	1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
Bristol*	2nd Tuesday in each month.
Cardiff*	1st and 5th Tuesday in each month.
Cork	1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
Dublin*	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Dundee*	1st, 3rd, and 5th Tuesday in each month.
Glasgow*	1st, 3rd, and 5th Tuesday in each month.
Greenock*	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Hartlepool, West.	1st Thursday in each month.
Hull*	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Leith*	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Liverpool*	Monday in each week.
London*	Monday in each week. Examination in steam held on Friday in each week.
Newport, Mon*	3rd Tuesday in each month.
Plymouth*	Monday in each week.
Shields, So.*	1st, 3rd, and 5th Tuesday in each month.
Southampton	1st and 3rd Thursday in each month.
Sunderland*	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Swansea*	4th Tuesday in each month.
Calcutta*	1st Monday in January, April, July and October, and 3rd Monday in February, May, August and November.

* At these places examinations for Extra Masters' Certificates are held.
 N.B.—The examination days are liable to occasional alteration, and Candidates are therefore advised to ascertain the actual date of examination from the Port Officer.

APPENDIX B.

EXAMINATION DAYS; SIGHT TESTS.

ABERDEEN.—Every Monday, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 BELFAST.—Every Saturday morning from 10 to 12 o'clock, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 BRISTOL.—Monday in examination week, * by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 CARDIFF.—Any day by the Principal Officer of the Board of Trade. Monday in examination week by the Examiner of Master and Mates.
 CORK.—Any day, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 DUBLIN.—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 DUNDEE.—Any day, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office, or by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 GLASGOW.—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 GREENOCK.—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 GRIMSBY.—Any day, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office.
 HARTLEPOOL, WEST.—Wednesday or Thursday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 HULL.—Any day, by the Principal Officer of the Board of Trade. Saturday preceding the examination of Masters and Mates, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 LEITH.—Any day, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office, or by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 LIVERPOOL.—Every Thursday, Friday and Saturday, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 LONDON (DOCK ST., E).—Every Friday and Saturday, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 LONDON (TILBURY, ESSEX).—Any day, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office.
 LONDON (VICTORIA DOCKS).—Any day, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office.
 NEWPORT.—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
 NORTH SHIELDS.—Second and fourth Tuesday in each month, by the Principal Officer of the Board of Trade.
 PLYMOUTH.—Every Saturday, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.

* i.e., the week in which Masters and Mates are examined in each place, see Appendix A.

APPENDIX B—concluded.

- SOUTHAMPTON.—Wednesday in examination week, by the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office.
- SOUTH SHIELDS.—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
- SUNDERLAND.—Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
- SWANSEA.—Any day, by the Board of Trade Officer. Monday in examination week, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates.
- CALCUTTA.—First Monday in January, April, July and October, and third Monday in February, May, August and November, by the Examiner of Masters and Mates, and any day, by the Port Officer.

APPENDIX C.

DEFINITION PAPER.

THE Candidate is required to write a short definition or answer, accompanied by a rough sketch or diagram, where applicable in the case of so many of the following questions as may be marked with a cross by the Examiner. The Examiner will mark not less than ten. Candidates must write clearly and pay attention to the spelling:—

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Great circles. | 47. Polar distance. |
| 2. Vertex of a great circle. | 48. Right ascension. |
| 3. Small circles. | 49. Dip or depression of the horizon. |
| 4. Vertical circles. | 50. Refraction. |
| 5. Right angle. | 51. Parallax. |
| 6. Oblique angle. | 52. Semi-diameter. |
| 7. Obtuse angle. | 53. Augmentation of moon's semi-diameter. |
| 8. Spherical angle. | 54. Magnetic meridian. |
| 9. Arc. | 55. True course of a ship. |
| 10. Complement of an arc or angle. | 56. Magnetic course. |
| 11. Supplement of an arc or angle. | 57. Compass course. |
| 12. The equator. | 58. Variation of the compass. |
| 13. The poles. | 59. Deviation of the compass, and how it is caused. |
| 14. A meridian. | 60. The error of the compass. |
| 15. The ecliptic. | 61. Leeway. |
| 16. The Tropics. | 62. Does the variation change with time? |
| 17. Equinoctial. | 63. Is the variation the same all over the world? |
| 18. The visible horizon. | 64. Where do you find the variation? |
| 19. The sensible horizon. | 65. Does the deviation change; if so, when? |
| 20. The rational horizon. | 66. Where is the North magnetic pole situated? |
| 21. Artificial horizon, and its use. | 67. Where is the South magnetic pole situated? |
| 22. Parallels of latitude. | 68. Should the compass needle point to the magnetic or the true pole of the earth? |
| 23. Difference of latitude. | 69. When is the altitude of an object most seriously affected by refraction? |
| 24. Meridional parts. | 70. Where is the Pole star situated? |
| 25. Longitude. | 71. Which is the most favourable time for determining the hour angle of a celestial body, and thence the longitude, and state the reason why? |
| 26. Difference of longitude. | 72. Describe the construction of a mariner's compass. |
| 27. Departure. | 73. Describe an Azimuth compass. |
| 28. Nautical mile. | 74. Describe a Pelorus, and its use. |
| 29. Rhumb line. | 75. Describe a Chronometer, and its use. |
| 30. Prime meridian. | |
| 31. First point of Aries. | |
| 32. Prime vertical. | |
| 33. Civil time. | |
| 34. Astronomical time. | |
| 35. Sidereal time. | |
| 36. Mean time. | |
| 37. Apparent time. | |
| 38. Equation of time; why it is used, and when it is at a maximum, and when at a minimum. | |
| 39. Hour angle of a celestial object. | |
| 40. Observed altitude. | |
| 41. Apparent altitude. | |
| 42. True altitude. | |
| 43. Zenith distance. | |
| 44. Azimuth. | |
| 45. Amplitude. | |
| 46. Declination. | |

APPENDIX D.

INTERNATIONAL CODE OF SIGNALS.

Examiners are recommended to frame the examination in the International Code of Signals upon the instructions and illustrations given at the commencement of Parts I and II of the Signal Book. The information there given will be found sufficient to indicate all the characteristics of the Code.

By the form of the hoist, an observer can at sight understand the nature of any signal he sees flying; the examination should, therefore, tend to elicit a clear knowledge of all the distinctive features of the Code.

With this object in view, the Examiners should question the candidates as to the distinguishing forms of the respective hoists, which will be indicated according as a burgee, a pennant, or a square flag is uppermost, and also with regard to the number of flags, and the position of the Code flag when used in the hoist, making the 1, 2, 3 and 4 flag signals on the models supplied for the purpose, and varying the signals made, showing 2 and 3 flag signals, with and without the Code flag included, or a Geographical or a Vocabulary signal, the name of a merchant ship, or of a ship of war.

As the two latter signals would not be found in the Signal Book, the candidate should know where to find them and then be required to read them from the Code List of Ships.

The candidate should—(a) Be able to read a signal at sight, so far as to name the flags composing the hoist. (b) Know the use of the Code pennant and of the pennants C and D, "Yes" and "No," also of the two burgees A and B and the square flags S and P, and the flags used to indicate cholera, plague, &c., on board, and the Quarantine flag. (c) Be required to signal some word or words not included in the Vocabulary of the Code either by letters or by the Spelling Table (page 516) or both. (d) Have a knowledge of the Distant Signals and of their object, and the different modes of signalling therewith; and be required to make, and read off, one or two signals on the models supplied for this purpose. (e) Understand the Morse Code and know the special signals indicated by certain letters as given on page 550. (f) Have a good knowledge of the Distress Signals and understand the penalty which may be incurred by their improper use.

The ball being the distinguishing symbol of the Distant Signal, any pennants or flags may be used in conjunction with it irrespective of colour, when employed as an alternative for the cone and drums, but the latter should always be used where practicable.

The International Code is used on board His Majesty's ships, and it has been adopted by all the principal Maritime Powers for their public as well as their private ships.

SEMAPHORES.

Plates 1 and 2, Part II, of the Signal Book explain the method by which the arms of the Semaphore are made to represent by their position with respect to the indicator the four symbols used for distant signalling, viz., a ball, a cone point upwards, a cone point downwards and a drum.

Before making signals with the Semaphore, the black disc with a white ring should be placed on the top of the Semaphore mast and the indicator shown on the proper side.

A list of the countries to which messages will be forwarded by the French Semaphore Stations, with the tariff, will be found on page 548 of the Signal Book.

Note.—The International Code of Signals, with the Code List, is prepared by the Registrar-General of Shipping and Seamen, and may be obtained of the Publishers, Messrs. Spottiswoode & Co, 54 Gracechurch Street, London, and the principal Booksellers at the various ports.

The Official Mercantile Navy List and Maritime Directory, may be obtained in like manner, price 12s.

APPENDIX E.

REGULATIONS FOR PREVENTING COLLISIONS AT SEA.

L. Order in Council of November 27, 1896.

SCHEDULE I.

Preliminary.

These Rules shall be followed by all vessels upon the high seas and in all waters connected therewith, navigable by sea-going vessels.

In the following rules every steam-vessel which is under sail and not under steam is to be considered a sailing vessel, and every vessel under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a steam-vessel.

The word "steam-vessel" shall include any vessel propelled by machinery.

A vessel is "under way" within the meaning of these Rules when she is not at anchor, or made fast to the shore or aground.

Rules concerning Lights, &c.

The word "visible" in these Rules, when applied to lights, shall mean visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere.

Article 1.—The Rules concerning lights shall be complied with in all weathers from sunset to sunrise, and during such time no other lights, which may be mistaken for the prescribed lights, shall be exhibited.

Article 2.—A steam-vessel when under way shall carry—

- (a) On or in front of the foremast, or if a vessel without a foremast, then in the fore part of the vessel, at a height above the hull of not less than 20 feet, and if the breadth of the vessel exceeds 20 feet, then at a height above the hull not less than such breadth, so, however, that the light need not be carried at a greater height above the hull than 40 feet, a bright white light, so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light 10 points on each side of the vessel, viz., from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on either side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 5 miles.
- (b) On the starboard side a green light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 2 miles.
- (c) On the port side a red light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on the port side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 2 miles.
- (d) The said green and red side-lights shall be fitted with inboard screens projecting at least 3 feet forward from the light, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.
- (e) A steam-vessel when under way may carry an additional white light similar in construction to the light mentioned in subdivision (a). These two lights shall be so placed in line with the keel that one shall be at least 15 feet higher than the other, and in such a position with reference to each other that the lower light shall be forward of the upper one. The vertical distance between these lights shall be less than the horizontal distance.

Article 3.—A steam-vessel when towing another vessel shall, in addition to her side-lights, carry two bright white lights in a vertical line, one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, and when towing more than one vessel shall carry an additional bright white light 6 feet above or below such lights, if the length of the tow, measuring from the stern of the towing vessel to the stern of the last vessel towed exceeds 600 feet. Each of these lights shall be of the same construction and character, and shall be carried in the same position as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), except the additional light, which may be carried at a height of not less than 14 feet above the hull.

Such steam-vessel may carry a small white light abaft the funnel or aftermast for the vessel towed to steer by, but such light shall not be visible forward of the beam.

Article 4 (a).—A vessel which from any accident is not under command shall carry at the same height as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), where they can best be seen, and if a steam-vessel, in lieu of that light two red lights, in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, and of such a character as to be visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least 2 miles, and shall by day carry in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, where they can best be seen, two black balls or shapes each 2 feet in diameter.

(b) A vessel employed in laying or in picking up a telegraph cable shall carry in the same position as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), and if a steam-vessel, in lieu of that light, three lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart. The highest and lowest of these lights shall be red and the middle light shall be white, and they shall be of such a character as to be visible

all round the horizon, at a distance of at least 2 miles. By day she shall carry in a vertical line, one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, where they can best be seen, three shapes not less than 2 feet in diameter, of which the highest and lowest shall be globular in shape and red in colour, and the middle one diamond in shape and white.

(c) The vessels referred to in this Article, when not making way through the water, shall not carry the side lights, but when making way shall carry them.

(d) The lights and shapes required to be shown by this Article are to be taken by other vessels as signals that the vessel showing them is not under command and cannot therefore get out of the way.

These signals are not signals of vessels in distress and requiring assistance. Such signals are contained in Article 31.

Article 5.—A sailing vessel under way, and any vessel being towed shall carry the same lights as are prescribed by Article 2 for a steam-vessel under way, with the exception of the white lights mentioned therein which they shall never carry.

Article 6.—Whenever, as in the case of small vessels under way during bad weather, the green and red side-lights cannot be fixed, these lights shall be kept at hand lighted and ready for use; and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side, nor, if practicable, more than 2 points abaft the beam on their respective sides.

To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy, the lanterns containing them shall each be painted outside with the colour of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with proper screens.

Article 7.—Steam-vessels of less than 40, and vessels under oars or sails of less than 20 tons gross tonnage, respectively, and rowing boats, when under way, shall not be obliged to carry the lights mentioned in Article 2 (a), (b) and (c), but if they do not carry them, they shall be provided with the following lights:—

1. Steam-vessels, of less than 40 tons shall carry:

(a) In the fore part of the vessel, or on or in front of the funnel where it can best be seen and at a height above the gunwale of not less than 9 feet, a bright white light constructed and fixed as prescribed in Article 2 (a), and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 2 miles.

(b) Green and red side-lights constructed and fixed as prescribed in Article 2 (b) and (c), and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 1 mile, or a combined lantern showing a green light and a red light from right-ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on their respective sides. Such lantern shall be carried not less than 3 feet below the white light.

2. Small steam-boats, such as are carried by sea-going vessels, may carry the white light at a less height than 9 feet above the gunwale, but it shall be carried above the combined lantern, mentioned in subdivision 1 (b).

3. Vessels under oars or sails, of less than 20 tons, shall have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on one side and a red glass on the other, which, on the approach of or to other vessels, shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

4. Rowing boats, whether under oars, or sail shall have ready at hand a lantern showing a white light, which shall be temporarily exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision.

The vessels referred to in this Article shall not be obliged to carry the lights prescribed by Article 4 (a) and Article 11, last paragraph.

Article 8.—Pilot vessels, when engaged on their station on pilotage duty, shall not show the lights required for other vessels, but shall carry a white light at the masthead, visible all round the horizon, and shall also exhibit a flare-up light or flare-up lights at short intervals, which shall never exceed 15 minutes.

On the near approach of or to other vessels they shall have their side lights lighted, ready for use, and shall flash or show them at short intervals, to indicate the direction in which they are heading, but the green light shall not be shown on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side.

A pilot-vessel of such a class as to be obliged to go alongside of a vessel to put a pilot on board, may show the white light instead of carrying it at the masthead, and may, instead of the coloured lights above-mentioned, have at hand ready for use a lantern with a green glass on the one side and a red glass on the other, to be used as prescribed above.

Pilot vessels, when not engaged on their station on pilotage duty shall carry lights similar to those of other vessels of their tonnage.

Article 9.

* This Article will deal with regulations affecting fishing boats, and will be the subject of another order, which will be submitted to His Majesty for approval at a later date.

Article 10.—A vessel which is being overtaken by another shall show from her stern to such last-mentioned vessel a white light or a flare-up light.

The white light required to be shown by this Article may be fixed and carried in a lantern, but in such case the lantern shall be so constructed, fitted, and screened that it shall throw an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, viz., for 6 points from right aft on each side of the vessel so as to be visible at a distance of at least 1 mile. Such light shall be carried as nearly as practicable on the same level as the side lights.

Article 11.—A vessel under 150 feet in length, when at anchor, shall carry forward, where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding 20 feet above the hull, a white light in a lantern so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light visible all round the horizon, at a distance of at least 1 mile.

A vessel of 150 feet or upwards in length, when at anchor, shall carry in the forward part of the vessel, at a height of not less than 20, and not exceeding 40 feet above the hull, one such light and at or near the stern of the vessel and at such a height that it shall be not less than 15 feet lower than the forward light, another such light.

The length of a vessel shall be deemed to be the length appearing in her certificate of registry.

A vessel aground in or near a fair way shall carry the above light or lights and the two red lights prescribed by Article 4 (a).

Article 12.—Every vessel may, if necessary, in order to attract attention, in addition to the lights which she is by these rules required to carry, show a flare-up light or use any detonating signal that cannot be mistaken for a distress signal.

Article 13.—Nothing in these Rules shall interfere with the operation of any special rules made by the Government of any nation with respect to additional station and signal lights for two or more ships of war or for vessels sailing under convoy, or with the exhibition of recognition signals adopted by ship-owners, which have been authorised by their respective Governments and duly registered and published.

Article 14.—A steam-vessel proceeding under sail only, but having her funnel up, shall carry in day time, forward, where it can best be seen, one black ball or shape 2 feet in diameter.

Sound Signals for Fog, etc.

Article 15.—All signals prescribed by this Article for vessels under way shall be given:

1. By "steam-vessels" on the whistle or siren.
2. By "sailing vessels and vessels towed" on the fog-horn.

The words "prolonged blast" used in this Article, shall mean a blast of from 4 to 6 seconds' duration.

A steam-vessel shall be provided with an efficient whistle or siren, sounded by steam or some substitute for steam, so placed that the sound may not be intercepted by any obstruction, and with an efficient fog-horn, to be sounded by mechanical means, and also with an efficient bell.* A sailing vessel of 20 ton gross tonnage or upwards shall be provided with a similar fog-horn and bell.

In fog, mist, falling snow or heavy rain-storms, whether by day or night the signals described in this Article shall be used as follows, viz.:—

- (a) A steam-vessel having way upon her, shall sound, at intervals of not more than 2 minutes, a prolonged blast.
- (b) A steam-vessel under way, but stopped and having no way upon her, shall sound at intervals of not more than 2 minutes, 2 prolonged blasts, with an interval of about 1 second between them.
- (c) A sailing-vessel under way shall sound, at intervals of not more than 1 minute, when on the starboard tack one blast, when on the port tack two blasts in succession, and when with the wind abait the beam three blasts in succession.
- (d) A vessel, when at anchor, shall, at intervals of not more than 1 minute, ring the bell rapidly for about 5 seconds.
- (e) A vessel, when towing a vessel employed in laying or in picking up a telegraph cable, and a vessel under way, which is unable to get out of the way of an approaching vessel through being not under command, or unable to manœuvre as required by these Rules shall, instead of the signals prescribed in subdivisions (a) and (c) of this Article, at intervals of not more than 2 minutes, sound three blasts, in succession, viz., one prolonged blast followed by two short blasts. A vessel towed may give this signal and she shall not give any other.

Sailing vessels and boats of less than 20 tons gross tonnage shall not be obliged to give the above-mentioned signals, but if they do not, they shall make some other efficient sound-signal at intervals of not more than 1 minute.

* In all cases where the Rules require a bell to be used, a drum may be substituted on board Turkish vessels, or a gong where such articles are used on board small sailing vessels.

Speed of ships to be Moderate in Fog, etc.

Article 16.—Every vessel shall in a fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain-storms, go at a moderate speed having careful regard to the existing circumstances and conditions.

A steam-vessel hearing, apparently forward of her beam, the fog-signal of a vessel the position of which is not ascertained, shall, so far as the circumstances of the case admit, stop her engines, and then navigate with caution until danger of collision is over.

STEERING AND SAILING RULES.

Preliminary—Risk of Collision.

Risk of collision can, when circumstances permit, be ascertained by carefully watching the compass bearing of an approaching vessel. If the bearing does not appreciably change such risk should be deemed to exist.

Article 17.—When two sailing vessels are approaching one another so as to involve risk of collision, one of them shall keep out of the way of the other, as follows, viz.:—

- (a) A vessel which is running free shall keep out of the way of a vessel which is close-hauled.
- (b) A vessel which is close-hauled on the port tack shall keep out of the way of a vessel which is close-hauled on the starboard tack.
- (c) When both are running free, with the wind on different sides, the vessel which has the wind on the port side shall keep out of the way of the other.
- (d) When both are running free, with the wind on the same side, the vessel which is to windward shall keep out of the way of the vessel which is to leeward.
- (e) A vessel which has the wind aft shall keep out of the way of the other vessel.

Article 18.—When two steam-vessels are meeting end on, or nearly end on so as to involve risk of collision, each shall alter her course to starboard, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

This Article only applies to cases where vessels are meeting end on, or nearly end on, in such a manner as to involve risk of collision, and does not apply to two vessels which must, if both keep on their respective courses, pass clear of each other.

The only cases to which it does apply are when each of the two vessels is end on, or nearly end on to the other; in other words, to cases in which, by day, each vessel sees the masts of the other in a line, or nearly in a line, with her own; and, by night, to cases in which each vessel is in such a position as to see both the side-lights of the other.

It does not apply, by day, to cases in which a vessel sees another ahead crossing her own course; or, by night, to cases where the red light of one vessel is opposed to the red light of the other, or where the green light of one vessel is opposed to the green light of the other, or where a red light without a green light, or a green light without a red light, is seen ahead, or where both green and red lights are seen anywhere but ahead.

Article 19.—When two steam-vessels are crossing, so as to involve risk of collision, the vessel which has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

Article 20.—When a steam-vessel and a sailing-vessel are proceeding in such directions as to involve risk of collision, the steam-vessel shall keep out of the way of the sailing-vessel.

Article 21.—Where by any of these Rules one of two vessels is to keep out of the way, the other shall keep her course and speed.

Note.—When, in consequence of thick weather or other causes, such vessel finds herself so close that collision cannot be avoided by the action of the giving-way vessel alone, she also shall take such action as will best aid to avert collision. (See Articles 27 and 29.)

Article 22.—Every vessel which is directed by these Rules to keep out of the way of another vessels shall, if the circumstances of the case admit, avoid crossing ahead of the other.

Article 23.—Every steam-vessel, which is directed by these Rules to keep out of the way of another vessel, shall, on approaching her, if necessary, slacken her speed or stop or reverse.

Article 24.—Notwithstanding anything contained in these Rules, every vessel, overtaking any other, shall keep out of the way of the overtaken vessel.

Every vessel coming up with another vessel from any direction more than two points abaft her beam, i. e., in such a position, with reference to the vessel which she is overtaking that at night she would be unable to see either of that vessel's side-lights, shall be deemed to be an overtaking vessel; and no subsequent alteration of the bearing between the two vessels shall make the overtaking vessel a crossing vessel within the meaning of these Rules or relieve her of the duty of keeping clear of the overtaken vessel until she is finally past and clear.

As by day the overtaking vessel cannot always know with certainty whether she is forward of or abaft this direction from the other vessel, she should, if in doubt, assume that she is an overtaking vessel and keep out of the way.

Article 25.—In narrow channels every steam-vessel shall, when it is safe and practicable, keep to that side of fair way or mid channel which lies on the starboard side of such vessel.

Article 26.—Sailing-vessels under way shall keep out of the way of sailing vessels or boats fishing with nets or lines, or trawls. This rule shall not give to any vessel or boat engaged in fishing the right of obstructing a fairway used by vessels other than fishing vessels or boats.

Article 27.—In obeying and construing these rules, due regard shall be had to all dangers of navigation and collision, and to all special circumstances which may render a departure from the above rules necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

Sound Signals for Vessels in Sight of one another.

Article 28.—The words "short blast" used in this Article shall mean a blast of about one second's duration.

When vessels are in sight of one another, a steam-vessel under way, in taking any course authorized or required by these rules shall indicate that course by the following signals on her whistle or siren, viz:—

One short blast to mean, "I am directing my course to starboard."

Two short blasts to mean, "I am directing my course to port."

Three short blasts to mean, "My engines are going full speed astern."

No Vessel under any Circumstances to neglect proper Precautions.

Article 29.—Nothing in these rules shall exonerate any vessel, or the owner, or master, or crew, thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper look-out or of the neglect to any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

Reservation of Rules for Harbours and Inland Navigation.

Article 30.—Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the operation of a special rule, duly made by local authority, relative to the navigation of any harbour, river, or inland waters.

SCHEDULE II.

*Distress Signals.**

Article 31.—When a vessel is in distress and requires assistance from other vessels or from the shore, the following shall be the signals to be used or displayed by her, either together or separately, viz.:—

In the day time—

1. A gun or other explosive signal fired at intervals of about one minute;
2. The International Code signal of distress indicated by N. C;
3. The distance signal, consisting of a square flag, having either above or below it a ball or anything resembling a ball;†
4. A continuous sounding with any fog-signal apparatus.

At night—

1. A gun or other explosive signal fired at intervals of about a minute;
2. Flames on the vessel (as from a burning tar-barrel, oil-barrel etc.);
3. Rockets or shells, throwing stars of any colour or description fired one at a time, at short intervals;
4. A continuous sounding with any fog-signal apparatus.

*If a master of a vessel uses or displays, or causes or permits any person under his authority to use or display, any of those signals of distress, except in case of a vessel being in distress, he shall be liable to pay compensation for any labour undertaken, risk incurred, or loss sustained in consequence of that signal having been supposed to be a signal of distress, and that compensation may, without prejudice to any other remedy, be recovered in the same manner in which salvage is recoverable [Merchant Shipping Act, Section 434(2)].

†A further distress signal is provided in the new International Code of Signals. It is a distant signal consisting of a cone point upwards having either above it or below it a ball or anything resembling a ball. This signal has not been sanctioned by order in Council under the provisions of section 434 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894.

2. *Fishing vessels' lights. Article 10 of the order in Council of August 11th, 1884.*

Article 10.—Open boats and fishing-vessels of less than 20 tons net registered tonnage, when under way and when not having their nets, trawls, dredges, or lines in the water, shall not be obliged to carry the coloured side lights; but every such boat and vessel shall in lieu thereof have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on the one side, and a red glass on the other side, and on approaching to or being approached by another vessel such lantern shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

The following portion of this Article applies only to fishing-vessels and boats when in the sea off the coast of Europe lying north of Cape Finisterre:—

- (a) All fishing-vessels and fishing-boats of 20 tons net registered tonnage or upwards, when under way and when not required by the following regulations in this Article to carry and show the lights therein named shall carry and show the same lights as other vessels under way.
- (b) All vessels when engaged in fishing with drift nets shall exhibit two white lights from any part of the vessel where they can be best seen. Such lights shall be placed so that the vertical distance between them shall be not less than 6 feet and not more than 10 feet; and so that the horizontal distance between them measured in a line with the keel of the vessel shall be not less than 5 feet and not more than 10 feet. The lower of these two lights shall be the more forward, and both of them shall be of such a character, and contained in lanterns of such construction as to show all round the horizon, on a dark night with a clear atmosphere, for a distance of not less than three miles.
- (c) A vessel employed in line fishing with her lines out shall carry the same lights as a vessel when engaged in fishing with drift nets.
- (d) If a vessel when fishing becomes stationary in consequence of her gear getting fast to a rock or other obstruction, she shall show the light and make the fog-signal for a vessel at anchor.
- (e) Fishing-vessels and open boats may at any time use a flare-up in addition to the lights which they are by this Article required, to carry and show. All flare-up lights exhibited by a vessel when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag net shall be shown at the after part of the vessel, excepting that if the vessel is hanging by the stern to her trawl, dredge, or drag net, they shall be exhibited from the bow.
- (f) Every fishing-vessel and every open boat when at anchor between sunset and sunrise shall exhibit a white light visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile.
- (g) In fog, mist, or falling snow, a drift net vessel attached to her nets and a vessel when trawling, dredging or fishing with any kind of drag net, and a vessel employed in line fishing with her lines out, shall at intervals of not more than two minutes make a blast with her fog horn and ring her bell alternately.

3. ORDERS IN COUNCIL OF 30TH DECEMBER 1884 AND 24TH JUNE 1885.

ALTERNATIVE LIGHT FOR TRAWLERS WHEN ENGAGED IN TRAWLING HAVING THEIR TRAWLS IN THE WATER AND NOT BEING STATIONARY.

1884.—PART I.—STEAM-VESSELS OF 20 TONS GROSS REGISTER TONNAGE OR UPWARDS.

(1) On or in front of the foremost head and in the same position as the white light which other steam-ships are required to carry, a lantern showing a white light ahead, a green light on the starboard side and a red light on the port side; such lantern shall be so constructed, fitted, and arranged as to show an uniform and unbroken white light over an arc of the horizon of four points of the compass, a uniform and unbroken green light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, and a uniform and unbroken red light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, and it shall be so fixed as to show the white light from right ahead to two points on the bow on each side of the ship, the green light from two points on the starboard bow to four points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and the red light from two points on the port bow to four points abaft the beam on the port side; (2) a white light in a globular lantern of not less than 8 inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light all round the horizon; the lantern containing

such white light shall be carried lower than the lantern showing the green, white, and red lights as aforesaid; so, however, that the vertical distance between them shall not be less than 6 feet and not more than 12 feet.

1884—PART II—SAILING VESSELS OF 20 TONS NET REGISTER TONNAGE OR UPWARDS.

(1) On or in front of the foremast head a lantern having a green glass on the starboard side and a red glass on the port side, so constructed, fitted, and arranged that the red and green do not converge, and so as to show a uniform and unbroken green light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, and a uniform and unbroken red light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, and it shall be so fixed as to show the green light from right ahead to four points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and the red light from right ahead to four points abaft the beam on the port side: and (2) a white light in a globular lantern of not less than 8 inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light all round the horizon; the lantern containing such white light shall be carried lower than the lantern showing the green and red lights as aforesaid; so, however, that the vertical distance between them shall not be less than 6 feet and not more than 12 feet.

1885.—SAILING TRAWLERS OF ANY TONNAGE.

As regards sailing-vessels engaged in trawling, such vessels having their trawls in the water and not being stationary in consequence of their gear getting fast to a rock or other obstruction, if they do not carry and show the lights carried by sailing-vessels under way, or the other lights of the description set forth in Part 2 of the schedule to the order in Council of the 30th of December, 1884, shall carry and show, in lieu of these lights, other lights as follows, that is to say:—

A white light in a globular lantern of not less than 8 inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light all round the horizon, and visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, for a distance of at least 2 miles; and also a sufficient supply of red pyrotechnic lights which shall each burn for at least 30 seconds and shall, when so burning, be visible for the same distance under the same conditions as the white light. The white light shall be shown from sunset to sunrise, and one of the red pyrotechnic lights shall be shown on approaching, or on being approached by another ship or vessel in sufficient time to prevent collision.

4. ORDER IN COUNCIL OF 7TH JULY 1897.

LIGHTS TO BE CARRIED BY STEAM PILOT VESSELS.

A steam pilot vessel exclusively employed for the service of Pilots licensed or certified by any Pilotage Authority or the Committee of any Pilotage District in the United Kingdom, when engaged on her station on pilotage duty, and in British waters and not at anchor, shall, in addition to the lights required for all pilot boats, carry at a distance of eight feet below her white masthead light a red light visible all round the horizon, and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles, and also the coloured side lights required to be carried by vessels when under way.

When engaged on her station on pilotage duty and in British waters and at anchor, she shall carry, in addition to the light required for all pilot boats, the red light above mentioned, but not the coloured side lights.

When not engaged in her station on pilotage duty, she shall carry the same lights as other steam vessels.

EXAMINATION IN THE REGULATIONS FOR PREVENTING COLLISIONS AT SEA.

All applicants for examination, whether for Certificates as Masters or Mates, are to be examined as to their knowledge of the Regulations each time they present themselves for examination.

Questions suggested by the following heads of examination are to be asked in addition to, and are not to supersede, any other questions, proper and necessary, to be asked by the Examiner.

The following questions need not be adhered to literally by the Examiner, and are not all to be asked, but the substance of the leading questions should be asked, and all that are asked should be satisfactorily answered, before an applicant is reported to have passed his examination. The Examiner should make such selection of the questions as each case appears to him to require.

1. Where and by what vessels are the rules to be followed?

The rules are to be followed by all vessels upon the high seas and in all waters connected therewith, navigable by sea-going vessels.

2. When is the steam-vessel considered a sailing-vessel, and when a steam-vessel?

Under the rules every steam-vessel which is under sail and not under steam is to be considered a sailing-vessel, and every vessel under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a steam-vessel.

3. What does the word "steam-vessel" in the rules include?

The word "steam-vessel" as used in the rules includes any vessel propelled by machinery.

4. When is the vessel considered to be under way by these rules?

When she is not at anchor, or made fast to the shore, or aground.

5. What does the word "visible" in these rules, when applied to lights, mean?

Visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere.

6. During what time must the rules, concerning lights be complied with?

In all weathers from sunset to sunrise, and during such time no other lights which may be mistaken for the prescribed lights shall be exhibited.

7. What light or lights are required by the regulations to be exhibited by sailing-vessels at anchor?

If they are under 150 feet in length, one white light; if of 150 feet or upwards, two white lights, one forward and one aft.

8. What light or lights are required by the regulations to be exhibited by steam-ships at anchor?

The same as for sailing-vessels.

9. Where is the anchor light to be exhibited in a vessel under 150 feet in length?

Forward where it can best be seen. It must be placed where there is the least chance of obstruction from spars, ropes, &c. and must not be more than 20 feet above the hull.

10. Where must the two anchor lights be shown in vessels of 150 feet and upwards?

In vessels of 150 feet or upwards in length one light must be carried in the forward part of the vessel at a height of not less than 20 feet and more than 40 feet above the hull; and another light at or near the stern not less than 15 feet lower than the forward light.

11. In what direction or directions must the anchor lights show?

They must show a clear, uniform, and unbroken light, visible all round the horizon.

12. At what distance must they be visible?

At least one mile.

13. What shall be deemed to be the length of a vessel?

The length appearing in the certificate or registry.

14. What light or lights must a vessel aground in or near a fairway carry?

The light or lights prescribed for a vessel at anchor, and in addition the two red lights prescribed for a vessel not under command.

15. What is the number of lights required by the regulations to be carried by sailing ships when under way at night?

Two side lights, and to have in readiness a white light or a flare-up light to show from their stern to any vessel overtaking them.

16. Of what colour are these lights, and how are they to be placed on board the ship?

A green light on the starboard side, and a red light on the port side.

17. What description of lights must be shown from the sides of sailing vessels under way; and over how many points of the compass, and in what directions, and how far, are they required to show?

Each light must be so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the starboard and port sides, respectively; and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least two miles.

18. What lights are they to carry when being towed at night?

The same.

19. Are the side lights required to be fitted with screens; and if so, of what length, and how?

Yes, on the inboard side; at least 3 feet in length, measuring forward from the light so as to prevent the lights from being seen across the bow.

20. What is the number of lights required by the regulations to be carried by steam-vessels when under way at night?

Three lights, and to have in readiness a white light or flare-up light to show from their stern to any vessel overtaking them.

21. Of what colour are these lights, and how are they to be placed on board the ship?

A white light on or in front of the foremast, or if a vessel without a foremast, then in the forepart of the vessel at a height above the hull of not less than 20 feet, and if the breadth of the vessel exceeds 20 feet, then at a height above the hull not less than such breadth, so, however, that the light need not be carried at a greater height than 40 feet. A green light on the starboard side, and a red one on the port side.

22. Over how many points of the compass, in what direction and how far, is the foremast-head light of a steam-vessel required to show?

Over 20 points, viz., from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on each side. It must be of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least five miles.

23. Are the side lights required to be fitted with screens; and if so, of what length?

The green and red lights are to be fitted with screens on the inboard side, extending at least 8 feet forward from the light, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.

24. Over how many points of the compass, in what directions, and how far, are the coloured side lights of steam-vessels required to show?

The side lights must be so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, on each side of the ship, i.e., from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the starboard and port sides, respectively, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least two miles.

25. May a steam-vessel when under way carry any additional light or lights?

Yes. A steam-vessel may carry a similar white light to the masthead light. These two lights must be so placed in line with the keel, that one shall be at least 15 feet higher than the other, and the lower light shall be forward of the upper one, and that the vertical distance between them shall be less than the horizontal distance.

26. What description of lights are steam-vessels required to carry when they are not under steam, but under sail only?

Side lights only, the same as sailing-vessels.

27. What exceptional lights may small vessels carry?

Whenever, as in the case of small vessels during bad weather, the green and red side lights cannot be fixed, these lights shall be kept at hand, lighted and ready for use; and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side; nor, if practicable, more than two points abaft the beam on their respective sides.

To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy, the lanterns containing them shall each be painted outside with the colour of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with proper screens.

28. Are steam-vessels of less than 40 tons gross tonnage compelled to carry the same lights as other steam-vessels; if not, what lights may they carry instead?

No; but if they do not carry the ordinary lights they must carry in the forepart of the vessel or on or in front of the funnel where it can best be seen, and at a height above the gunwale of not less than 9 feet, a bright white light to show over the same arc as the ordinary masthead light, and to be visible at a distance of at least two miles. Also a combined lantern showing a green light and a red light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on their respective sides, such lantern to be carried not less than 3 feet below the white light.

29. Are small steam boats, such as are carried by sea-going vessels obliged to carry the white light 9 feet above the gunwale?

No; but it must be carried above the combined lantern.

30. What lights may vessels under oars or sails of less than 20 tons gross tonnage carry?

They shall have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on one side and a red glass on the other, which, in the approach of or to other vessels, shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

31. What lights must rowing boats, whether under oars or sails, carry?

They must have ready at hand a lantern showing a white light which shall be temporarily exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision.

32. What description of lights are pilot vessels required to carry when on their stations on pilotage duty?

A pilot vessel, when engaged on her station on pilotage duty shall not show the lights required for other vessels, but shall carry a white light at the masthead, visible all round the horizon and shall also exhibit a flare-up light or flare-up lights at short intervals, which shall never exceed fifteen minutes. Also on the near approach of or to other vessels they shall have their side lights lighted ready for use and shall flash or show them at short intervals, to indicate the direction in which they are heading, but the green light shall not be shown on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

33. What lights may pilot vessels which are obliged to go along-side of a vessel to put a pilot on board, carry?

They may show the white light instead of carrying it at the masthead, and may, instead of the coloured side lights, have at hand ready for use a lantern with a green glass on the one side and a red glass on the other, to be used as prescribed for the colour side lights.

34. What description of lights are steam pilot vessels required to carry when on their stations on pilotage duty in British waters and not at anchor?

A steam pilot vessel, when engaged on her station on pilotage duty and in British waters, and not at anchor, shall, in addition to the lights required for all pilot vessels, carry at a distance of 8 feet below her white masthead light a red light visible all round the horizon for at least two miles, and also the coloured side lights required to be carried by vessels under way.

35. What description of lights are steam pilot vessels required to carry when on their stations on pilotage duty in British waters, and at anchor?

A steam pilot vessel, when engaged on pilotage duty in British waters and at anchor, shall carry, in addition to the lights required for all pilot vessels, the red light 8 feet below her white light, but not the coloured side lights.

36. What description of lights are pilot vessels required to carry when not on their station on pilotage duty?

A pilot vessel, when not engaged on her station on pilotage duty, shall carry lights similar to those of other vessels of her tonnage.

37. What lights are open boats and fishing vessels of less than 20 tons net register required to carry when under way and not actually engaged in fishing?

Open boats and fishing-vessels of less than 20 tons net registered tonnage, when under way and when not having their nets, trawls, dredgers, or lines in the water, shall not be obliged to carry the coloured side lights; but every such boat and vessel shall in lieu thereof have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on the one side and a red glass on the other side, and on approaching to or being approached by another vessel, such lantern shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

38. What lights are fishing-vessels and fishing-boats of 20 tons net register, or upwards, required to carry when under way and not actually engaged in fishing?

They must carry similar lights to those of other ships when under way.

39. What lights are steam trawlers of 20 tons gross register, or upwards, whilst actually engaged in trawling, and not being stationary, required to carry?

All steam-vessels engaged in trawling must carry either one of the two following arrangements of lights:—

- (a) The usual green and red side lights, and foremast head light, similar to those carried by other steamships; or
- (b) They must carry on or in front of the foremast head, and in the same position as the white light which other steamships are required to carry, a lantern showing a white light ahead, a green light on the starboard side, and a red light on the port side; such lantern shall be so constructed, fitted, and arranged as to show a uniform and unbroken white light over an arc of the horizon of four points of the compass, a uniform and unbroken green light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, and an uniform and unbroken red light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, and it shall be so fixed as to show the white light from right ahead to two points on the bow on each side of the ship, the green light from two points on the starboard bow to four points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and the red light from two points on the port bow to four points abaft the beam on the port side: and (2) a white light in a globular lantern of not less than eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear, uniform, and unbroken light all round the horizon; the lantern containing such white light shall be carried lower than the lantern showing the green, white, and red lights as aforesaid, so, however, that the vertical distance between them shall not be less than 6 feet nor more than 12 feet.

(40.) What lights are sailing trawlers, whilst actually engaged in trawling, and not being stationary, required to carry?

All sailing vessels, of whatever tonnage, whilst engaged in trawling, must carry either one of the three following arrangements of lights:—

- (a) They may carry the green and red side lights similar to those of other sailing ships; or
- (b) They may carry on, or in front of the foremast head, a lantern having a green glass on the starboard side and a red glass on the port side, so constructed, fitted, and arranged that the red and green do not converge, and so as to show a uniform and unbroken green light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, and an uniform and unbroken red light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, and it shall be so fixed as to show the green light from right ahead to four points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and the red light from right ahead to four points abaft the beam on the port side; and (2) a white light in a globular lantern of not less than eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear, uniform, and unbroken light all round the horizon; the lantern containing such white light shall be carried lower than the lantern showing the green and red lights as aforesaid, so, however, that the vertical distance between them shall not be less than 6 feet and not more than 12 feet; or
- (c) They may carry a white light in a globular lantern of not less than eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light all round

the horizon, and visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, for a distance of at least 2 miles; and also a sufficient supply of red pyrotechnic lights which shall each burn for at least 30 seconds, and shall, when so burning, be visible for the same distance under the same conditions as the white light. The white light shall be shown from sunset to sunrise, and one of the red pyrotechnic lights shall be shown on approaching, or on being approached by, another ship or vessel in sufficient time to prevent collision.

41. What lights are vessels whilst actually engaged in drift net fishing required to carry?

All vessels when engaged in fishing with drift nets shall exhibit two white lights from any part of the vessel where they can be best seen. Such lights shall be placed so that the vertical distance between them shall be not less than 6 feet and not more than 10 feet; so that the horizontal distance between them, measured in a line with the keel of the vessel, shall be not less than 5 feet and not more than 10 feet. The lower of these two lights shall be the more forward, and both of them shall be of such a character, and contained in lanterns of such construction, as to show all round the horizon, on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, for a distance of not less than three miles.

42. What lights are vessels whilst actually engaged in the line fishing required to carry?

A vessel engaged in line fishing is required to carry the same lights as a vessel engaged in drift net fishing.

43. If a vessel, when fishing, becomes stationary in consequence of her gear getting fast to a rock or other obstruction, what signal must she make?

She must show the same light, and if a fog, mist, or falling snow or heavy rain storms prevail, she must make the same fog-signal as if she were at anchor.

44. What lights are fishing vessels and open boats required to exhibit when at anchor?

Between sunset and sunrise they must exhibit a white light, visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile.

45. What sound signals are fishing vessels required to make whilst engaged in fishing in thick weather?

In fog, mist, or falling snow, a drift net vessel attached to her nets and a vessel when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag net, and a vessel employed in line fishing with her lines out, shall, at intervals of not more than two minutes, make a blast with her fog-horn and ring her bell alternately.

46. May fishing vessels and open boats use flare-up lights, and if so, at what part or parts of the vessel should they be exhibited?

Yes. Fishing vessels and open boats may at any time use a flare-up in addition to the lights which they are required to carry and show. All flare-up lights exhibited by a vessel when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag net shall be shown at the after-part of the vessel, excepting that if the vessel is hanging by the stern to her trawl, dredge, or drag net, they shall be exhibited from the bow.

47. Do these regulations referring specially to fishing vessels and boats apply in all parts of the world?

No; with the exception of the *first paragraph* of Article 10 of the Order in Council of the 11th August 1884, they apply only to fishing vessels and boats when in the sea off the coast of Europe lying north of Cape Finisterre.

48. What lights are steam-ships required to carry when towing other vessels?

A steam-vessel when towing another vessel shall in addition to her side lights carry two bright white lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart and when towing more than one vessel shall carry an additional bright white light 6 feet above or below such lights, if the length of the tow, measuring from the stern of the towing vessel to the stern of the last vessel towed, exceeds 600 feet. Each of these lights shall be of the same construction and character, and shall be carried in the same position as the white light [Article 2 (a)] which other steam-vessels are required to carry, except the additional light which may be carried at a height not less than 14 feet above the hull.

49. May a vessel towing carry any other light?

Yes. A small white light abaft the funnel or aftermast for the vessel towed to steer by, but such light shall not be visible forward of the beam.

50. What light is a vessel which is being overtaken by another required to show?

A vessel which is being overtaken by another shall show from her stern to the other vessel a white light or a flare-up light.

51. May the white light be fixed?

Yes. But if so, it must be so constructed and screened to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, viz., for six points from right aft on each side of the vessel so as to be visible at a distance of at least one mile. This light shall be carried as nearly as practicable on the same level as the side lights.

52. Describe the lights and to the day signals that vessels employed in laying or picking up a telegraph cable are required to carry.

A vessel employed in lying or in picking up a telegraph cable, shall at night carry in the same position as the white light which steam-vessels are required to carry, and if a steam-vessel in place of that light, three lights, in a vertical line over one another not less than 6 feet apart; the highest and lowest of these lights shall be red and the middle light shall be white, and they shall be of such a character as to be visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least two miles. By day she shall carry in a vertical line one over the other not less than 6 feet apart where they can best be seen, three shapes not less than 2 feet in diameter, of which the top and bottom shall be globular in shape and red in colour, and the middle one diamond in shape and white.

63. Describe the lights and the day signals that vessels which from any cause are not under command, are required to carry?

A vessel, which from any accident is not under command, shall at night carry at the same height as the white light which steam-vessels are required to carry, where they can best be seen, and if a steam-vessel, in place of that light, two red lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, and of such a character as to be visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least two miles; and shall by day carry in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, where they can best be seen, two black balls or shapes, each 2 feet in diameter.

64. Are the above-mentioned vessels to carry side-lights?

The above vessels, when not making any way through the water shall not carry the side-lights, but when making way shall carry them.

65. What are the shapes and lights carried by telegraph-ships and ships not under command intended to indicate to approaching vessels?

These shapes and lights are to be taken by approaching vessels as signals that the ship using them is not under command and cannot therefore get out of the way.

66. Do these rules prevent squadrons and convoys from carrying special lights, or vessels exhibiting recognition signals?

No. Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the operation of any special rules made by the Government of any nation with respect to additional station and signal lights for two or more ships of war, or for vessels sailing under convoy, or with the exhibition of recognition signals adopted by ship-owners, which have been authorized by their respective Governments, and duly registered and published.

67. May vessels exhibit any other lights in order to attract attention?

Yes. In addition to the lights which she is required to carry, she may show a flare-up light, or use any detonating signal that cannot be mistaken for a distress signal.

68. What signal must a steam-vessel proceeding under sail only, but having her funnel up, carry in the day time?

She must carry forward, where it can best be seen, one black ball or shape, 2 feet in diameter.

69. What sound signals are steam-vessels and sailing-vessels of 20 tons gross tonnage or upwards required by the regulations to be provided with?

A steam-vessel shall be provided with an efficient whistle or siren sounded by steam or some substitute for steam, so placed that the sound may not be intercepted by any obstructions and with an efficient fog horn to be sounded by mechanical means, and also with an efficient bell. A sailing-vessel of 20 tons gross tonnage or upwards shall be provided with a similar fog-horn and bell.

70. When are these signals to be used?

In fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain storms, whether by day or night.

71. What does a prolonged blast mean?

A blast of from 4 to 6 seconds' duration.

72. On what are the fog signals to be made by steam-vessels under way?

On the whistle or siren.

73. On what are the fog signals to be made by sailing-vessels and vessels towed?

On the fog-horn.

74. What sound signal is to be made by vessels at anchor?

Vessels at anchor shall, at intervals of not more than one minute, ring the bell rapidly for about five seconds.

75. What sound signal is required to be made by a steam-vessel having way upon her?

A steam-vessel having way upon her shall sound at intervals of not more than two minutes, a prolonged blast.

76. What sound signal is required to be made by a steam-vessel under way, but stopped, and having no way upon her?

A steam-vessel under way, but stopped, and having no way upon her, shall sound at intervals, of not more than two minutes, two prolonged blasts, with an interval of about one second between them.

77. What sound signals are required to be made by sailing-vessels when under way?

A sailing-vessel under way shall sound at intervals of not more than one minute, when on the starboard tack one blast, when on the port tack two blasts in succession, and, when with the wind abaft the beam three blasts in succession.

78. What sound signals are required to be made by a vessel when

merchant or ship-owner at hours between 6 A.M. and 8 A.M., are subsequently found not to be required, overtime at the ordinary rate shall be paid by the merchant or ship-owner concerned for any such attendance, and such attendance shall not be counted as attendance for Government towards making up the total of 54 hours per week referred to in Rule (iii) below.

- (iii) For every hour in excess of 9, on which an officer works between sunrise and sunset, Government shall pay him an overtime fee of one rupee, provided that no such fee shall be paid unless the officer has worked for a total of 54 hours in the week, or for a number of hours equal to nine times the number of days on which he has been at work during the week.

2. The new rules shall take effect from the 1st April 1906.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN,
Offg. Secretary.

NOTIFICATION No. 1827B.

THE Central Distillery at Berhampur, in the district of Murshidabad, will be abolished with effect from the 1st April 1906. It is hereby notified, under the provisions of the Bengal Excise Act, VII of 1878, that from and after that date, within the following limits of the district of Murshidabad, no spirituous liquors manufactured after the native process shall be sold without a license from the Collector of Murshidabad, and no still shall be constructed or worked or spirituous liquors be manufactured:—

Northern boundary—The Sonthal Parganas, Malda and Rajshahi districts.

Western boundary—Birbhum and the Sonthal Parganas districts.

Southern boundary—Burdwan district.

Eastern boundary—Nadia and Rajshahi districts.

This cancels notification, dated the 26th February 1890, published at page 198, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th March 1890.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary.*

MIS. REV. DEPT., EXCISE BRANCH, CALCUTTA, the 20th March 1906.

NOTIFICATION No. 1828B.

THE Central Distillery at Mahangunj, in kismat Bejpara, in the district of Jessore, will be abolished with effect from the 1st April 1906. It is hereby notified, under the provisions of the Bengal Excise Act, VII of 1878, that from and after that date, within the following limits of the district of Jessore, no spirituous liquors manufactured after the native process shall be sold without a license from the Collector of Jessore, and no still shall be constructed or worked or spirituous liquors be manufactured:—

Northern boundary—Nadia and Faridpur districts.

Western boundary—Nadia district.

Southern boundary—24 Parganas and Khulna districts.

Eastern boundary—Gorai river and Faridpur district.

This cancels notification, dated the 17th March 1890, published at pages 218-19, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary.*

MIS. REV. DEPT., EXCISE BRANCH, CALCUTTA, the 20th March 1906.

3rd.—The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 15th April 1906, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room will be received after 3-30 p.m. of Monday, the 9th April 1906, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 p.m. of Wednesday, the 15th April 1906.

4th.—In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of the opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazipur Factories will be brought to sale between the sale now advertised and December next on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

DATE.		Manufactured at the Patna Fac- tory; about cheets.	Manufactured at the Ghazipur Factory; about cheets.	Total; about cheets.
On or about Tuesday, 1st May	1906 ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 5th June	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 3rd July	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 7th August	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 4th September	" ..	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Monday, 8th October	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 6th November	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday, 4th December	" ...	2,200	2,200	4,400
Total	...	17,600	17,600	35,200

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., CALCUTTA. the 26th February 1906.

No. 2021B.

NOTIFICATION.

CUSTOMS.

THE HON'BLE MR. F. A. SLACKER, I.C.S.

Dated Calcutta, the 26th March 1906.

IN supersession of the Notification No. 7511B., dated the 10th August 1904, and the rules published therewith in Part I, page 1194 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th August 1904, the following revised rules, framed under sections 9 and 72, clause b), of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), for regulating the remuneration of Preventive Officers for overtime work on board ships, loading or unloading in the port of Calcutta, are published for general information, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor:—

- (i) For all work done by the Preventive Officers before sunrise or after sunset, an overtime fee at the rate of Re. 1 per hour shall be levied from the merchants or ship-owners concerned. If, however, for the purpose of completing the discharge or intake of any particular lot of cargo, it is found necessary to work between sunset and sunrise for a period not exceeding 15 minutes, no fee shall be charged. Should the period of 15 minutes be exceeded, the full fee of one rupee shall be charged for any broken period of the hour.
- (ii) If a merchant or ship-owner requires the services of Preventive Officers between 6 A.M. and 8 A.M., he shall present his request to that effect to a Preventive Inspector in sufficient time to enable such officer to arrange for the attendance of the necessary staff. Where officers, directed to attend on the request of a

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 2016B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1903-04, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2 Bankshall Street, on Tuesday, the 1st May 1906, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,400 chests, viz.—

	Chests.
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory consisting of	2,200
Ditto at the Ghazipur Factory consisting of	2,200
Total	4,400

2nd.—The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 28th November 1905, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3rd.—The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 16th May 1906, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room will be received after 3-30 P.M. of Tuesday, the 8th May 1906, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 P.M. of Wednesday, the 16th May 1906.

4th.—In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of the Opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazipur Factories will be brought to sale between the sale now advertised and December next on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

DATE.				Manufactured at the Patna Factory; about chests.	Manufactured at the Ghazipur Factory; about chests.	Total; about chests.
On or about Tuesday,	5th June	1906	...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday,	3rd July	"	...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday,	7th August	"	...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday,	4th September	"	...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Monday,	8th October	"	...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday,	6th November	"	...	2,200	2,200	4,400
On or about Tuesday,	4th December	"	...	2,200	2,200	4,400
Total				15,400	15,400	30,800

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., CALCUTTA, the 26th March 1906.

No. 1297B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1903-1904, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2 Bankshall Street, on Tuesday, the 3rd April 1906, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,400 chests, viz.—

	Chests.
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory, consisting of	2,200
Ditto at the Ghazipur Factory, consisting of	2,200
Total	4,400

2nd.—The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the notification issued on the 28th November 1905, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

Name of candidate.

Age.

Name of school.

SECOND. GRADE.

Low.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

		Yrs.	M.	
1. Jha, Awdhi ...	...	20	0	Motihari Training School.
2. Lal, Jai Prakes ...	...	29	0	2nd, Pandit, Sitamarhi Guru-Training School.
3. Lal, Nand Behari ...	..	17	1	Patna Training School.
4. Mukhopadhyaya, Basishtha ...	...	17	2	Ranchi Training School.
5. Prasad, Mohendra ...	...	20	2	Patna ditto.
6. Prasad, Rajendra ...	...	28	10	Head-Master, Kamtaul Middle Vernacular School.
7. Ram, Kasi ...	...	16	0	Patna Training School.
8. Panch Kauri		18	2	Ranchi ditto.

CALCUTTA,

The 20th March 1905.

V. H. JACKSON,

Assistant Director of Public Instruction, Bengal

TREASURY NOTICE.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BANU HEMENDRA LAI. KHASTOIR has been placed in charge of the Jessore District Treasury and authorised to draw bills on other Treasuries.

E. W. COLLIN, Commissioner.

COMM'R'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 19th March 1906.

HIGH COURT NOTICE.

NOTIFICATION.

HIGH COURT—ORIGINAL SIDE

The 23rd March 1906.

MR. W. A. BONNAUD, Clerk of the Crown, High Court, has been granted extraordinary leave for five months and two days under Article 658 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 29th March 1906.

By order,
W. R. FINK,
Registrar.

Sheriff's Office, the 28th March 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second Criminal Sessions of the year 1906 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be held at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 2nd day of May next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said Sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

A. A. APCAR, Sheriff.

সরিক আকিল, সন ১২০৬ সাল তারিখ ২৮শে মার্চ।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে যবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম নুর্গের অধীন নহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কোজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামী সন ১২০৬ সালের ২রা মে বুধবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেলিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত নহরে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত যবে সন ১২০৬ সালের দ্বিতীয় ক্রিমিনেল সেলিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কর্মের বিরুদ্ধে কোজদারী মিহিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিরা বোঝাবা করে থাকি।

এঃ এঃ আপকার, সরিক।

Name of candidate.	Age	Name of school.
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SECOND GRADE.

HIGH.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

			Yrs. m.	
1.	Chaubey, Gopinath	...	21 1	Patna Training School.
2.	Lal, Deoki Nandap	...	13 10	Ranchi ditto.
3.	Ram, Ram Sarup	...	17 10	Motihari ditto.
4.	" Pram	...	14 2	Ranchi ditto.
5.	Ray, Ram Sahay	...	15 0	Patna ditto.
6.	" Sital	...	17 3	Do. ditto.
7.	Tewari, Shew Nandan	...	16 1	Motihari ditto.

MEDIUM.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

1.	Abdul Rahman, No. I	...	19 9	Patna Training School.
2.	" Rahman, No. II	...	16 2	Do. ditto.
3.	Ali, Dilwar	...	17 2	Do. ditto.
4.	Dayal, Jogeswar	...	16 1	Ranchi ditto.
5.	Gowala, Sona	...	14	Do. ditto.
6.	Ho, Parmo	...	17 2	Do. ditto.
7.	Kailaspeti	...	17 1	Patna ditto.
8.	Khan, Neyamat	...	18 2	Ranchi ditto.
9.	Kumar, Aklu	...	16 1	Motihari ditto.
10.	Lal, Ambika	...	18 1	Do. ditto.
11.	" Deo Narayan	...	23 0	Assistant Guru, Mednimal Upper Primary School.
12.	" Dhanusdhari	...	15 9	Ranchi Training School.
13.	" Garakh.	...	17 6	Motihari ditto.
14.	" Ram Kripal	...	17 9	Patna ditto.
15.	Mahato, Biswanath	...	16 8	Do. ditto.
16.	" Talsi	...	16 4	Do. ditto.
17.	Minj, Nahe Miah	...	16 11	Ranchi ditto.
18.	Misir, Indrasan	...	20 1	Motihari ditto.
19.	Misra, Dwarka Prasad	...	20 3	Patna ditto.
20.	" Maksudan	...	18 3	Do. ditto.
21.	" Ramker	...	17 0	Guru, Mahila Lower Primary School.
22.	" Sripal	...	20 1	Patna Training School.
23.	Muhammad Amiruddin	...	15 10	Do. ditto.
24.	" Umar	...	15 3	Do. ditto.
25.	" Manzur Zaman	...	18 1	Do. ditto.
26.	Pande, Mahatma	...	17 4	Motihari ditto.
27.	" Ram Sekal	...	19 10	Do. ditto.
28.	Pathak, Mahesh	...	17 2	Ranchi ditto.
29.	Prasad, Baldeo	...	16 2	Patna ditto.
30.	" Satya Narayan	...	17 1	Motihari ditto.
31.	" Shukla	...	16 0	Do. ditto.
32.	Ram, Bansi	...	14 7	Ranchi ditto.
33.	" Chirkut	...	19 10	Patna ditto.
34.	" Jadu	...	17 5	Do. ditto.
35.	" Kalika	...	17 1	Do. ditto.
36.	" Kishun	...	17 7	Ranchi ditto.
37.	Ray, Lalit	...	18 11	Patna ditto.
38.	" Ram Newaz	...	17 1	Do. ditto.
39.	" Sahadeo	...	22 1	Do. ditto.
40.	Sinha, Awadh Bihari	...	18 7	Do. ditto.
41.	" Jugeswar	...	17 3	Do. ditto.
42.	" Parmanand	...	24 2	Do. ditto.
43.	" Ram Lakhan	...	19 2	Do. ditto.
44.	" Rambrat	...	15 10	Do. ditto.
45.	" Suraj Nath	...	15 8	Do. ditto.
46.	Soren, Kishun	...	18 2	Ranchi ditto.
47.	Tewari, Rama Kanta	...	17 11	Do. ditto.
48.	Upadhyaya, Ram Dutt	...	18 8	Do. ditto.

VERNAACULAR MASTERSHIP EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1905.

PATNA, BHAGALPUR AND CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISIONS.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the Vernacular Mastership Examination held in December 1905.

Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
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FIRST GRADE.

HIGH.

(Arranged in order of Merit.)

	Yrs.	M.	
1. Raja Sinha*	18	5	Patna Training School.
2. Lakshmi Sinha*	18	7	Do. ditto.
3. Bhupal Sahu*	17	7	Do. ditto.

MEDIUM.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

1. Abdul Gani*	17	6	Patna Training School.
2. Chaubey, Jhinguri*	19	6	Do. ditto.
3. Ho Banamali*	21	1	Ranchi ditto.
4. Jha, Ram Charitra*	18	1	Patna ditto.
5. Kumar, Bedanand*	18	11	Do. ditto.
6. Lal, Indradeo	18	4	Do. ditto.
7. " Syam Sandart	21	2	Head-Pandit, Apha M.E.
8. Maharaj, Mahabir	16	2	Ranchi Training School.
9. Misra, Niranjana*	19	9	Patna ditto.
10. Pande, Dindyal	17	11	Ranchi ditto.
11. Prasad, Gauri*	19	9	Do. ditto.
12. " Kamta*	18	11	Patna ditto.
13. Ram, Ramdas*	21	7	Do. ditto.
14. " Chhatu*	17	0	Ranchi ditto.
15. " Ram Prasad	15	2	Do. ditto.
16. Singh, Syama	19	2	Do. ditto.
17. Sinha, Baikuntha*	18	2	Patna ditto.
18. " Durga	16	9	Do. ditto.
19. " Har Prasad	17	10	Do. ditto.

LOW.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

	Yrs.	M.	
1. Mahto, Lakshman*	20	0	Patna Training School.
2. Ram, Amir Chand	19	6	Do. ditto.

Candidates already passed in the old course and taking up one or more new subjects.

Science, Kindergarten and Art of Teaching, Drill and Manual Work.

1. Pandey, Kesho	23	0	Head-Master, Khirsarai M. V. School.
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Science, Kindergarten and Art of Teaching, Drawing, Drill and Manual Work.

2. Rajak Budhan	Assistant Master, Patna Government Middle School.
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Drawing, Drill, Manual Work.

Naubat Lal	35	0	Head-Master, Simri M. V. School.
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Science and Drill.

Sinha, Govinda Prasad	25	0	Head Pandit, Bhabua M. E. School.
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Drill and Manual Work.

Mahabir Ram	30	0	Head Guru, Buxar Jubilee U. P. School.
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* Entitled to Certificates of Special Proficiency in Drawing.
† Not passed in Manual Work.

Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
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SECOND GRADE—concluded.

Low.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

	Yrs.	M.	
1. Ali, Syed Matasam	20	0	Hooghly Training School.
2. " Asab	20	1	Private (Dacca).
3. " Yusuf	15	10	Dacca Training School.
4. Banerji, Debi Prasad	16	5	Hooghly ditto.
5. Basu, Giris Chandra	16	3	Dacca ditto.
6. Bhattacharya, Indra Narayan	19	5	Calcutta ditto.
7. " Santosh Chandra	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
8. Bhunyah, Aditya Charan	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
9. Chakravarti, Joges Chandra	17	3	Dacca ditto.
10. " Aparna Charan	16	0	Chittagong ditto.
11. " Ambika Charan	18	1	Chittagong ditto.
12. " Bipin Chandra	20	4	Rangpur ditto.
13. Chatterji, Nagendra Nath	19	8	Calcutta ditto.
14. Das, Nil Kanta	18	6	Calcutta ditto.
15. " Srinath Chandra	18	5	Calcutta ditto.
16. " Pran Krishna	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
17. " Giris Chandra	16	3	Dacca ditto.
18. " Dharani Kanta	18	0	Dacca ditto.
19. " Surjya Kumar	18	8	Chittagong ditto.
20. " Giris Chandra	16	0	Chittagong ditto.
21. " Jnan Chandra	17	10	Rangpur ditto.
22. " Gupta, Satis Chandra	18	0	Calcutta ditto.
23. Datta, Jamini Ranjan	16	8	Chittagong ditto.
24. De, Hazendra Chandra	20	0	Hooghly ditto.
25. " Rajkumar	17	0	Chittagong ditto.
26. " Nirod Kanti	16	8	Chittagong ditto.
27. Ganguli, Amulyaratna	17	8	Calcutta ditto.
28. Ghosh, Joges Chandra	15	5	Dacca ditto.
29. Jas, Sures Chandra	18	8	Hooghly ditto.
30. Meen, Tariq	18	8	Chittagong ditto.
31. Mollah, Mozam	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
32. Mukherji, Anukul Chandra	18	8	Private (Hooghly).
33. Nandi, Gopeswar	16	5	Hooghly Training School.
34. Nath, Mahendra Chandra	18	0	Dacca ditto.
35. Pramanik, Molzahar Ali	16	5	Rangpur ditto.
36. Saha, Nandiram	16	4	Rangpur ditto.
37. Sahu, Gati Govinda	17	0	Private (Calcutta).
38. Sarma, Krishna Sundar	21	0	Chittagong Training School.
39. Yakub, Abu Muhammad	21	0	Dacca ditto.

† Not passed in Manual Work.

CALCUTTA,

The 20th March 1906.

V. H. JACKSON,

Assistant Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Name of candidate.

Age.

Name of school.

SECOND GRADE—continued.
MEDIUM—concluded.

Yrs. M.

44.	Ghosh, Apatna Charan.	21	0	Chittagong Training School.
45.	" Jamuna Bibari	18		Calcutta ditto.
46.	" Radha Sundar	16		Calcutta ditto.
47.	" Lakshmi Kanta	16		Dacca ditto.
48.	Gorai, Jogi Ranjan ...	18	11	Hooghly ditto.
49.	Goswami, Brajendra Gir	18	10	Rangpur ditto.
50.	Kaviraj, Hara Govinda	18		Hooghly ditto.
51.	Kor, Jatindra Chandra	19		Hooghly ditto.
52.	Kundu, Khudiram ...	16	10	Hooghly ditto.
53.	Lodh, Nisi Chandra ...	16		Calcutta ditto.
54.	Maiti, Bibhu Bilas ...	16		Calcutta ditto.
55.	" Jatindra Nath ...	16		Calcutta ditto.
56.	" Kshetra Mohan	18		Private (Calcutta).
57.	Majumdar, Aswini Kumar	19	0	Chittagong Training School.
58.	" Gagan Chandra	22	0	Chittagong ditto.
59.	" Kamini Kumar	16	0	Chittagong ditto.
60.	" Kali Charan	20	0	Private (Chittagong).
61.	" Debendra Chandra	18	0	Dacca Training School.
62.	" Sasadhar ...	18	11	Hooghly ditto.
63.	Mandal, Ala Buksh ...	16		Rangpur ditto.
64.	" Abbas Ali ...	18		Rangpur ditto.
65.	" Jahiruddin ...	20		Rangpur ditto.
66.	" Kalipada ...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
67.	" Sitaram ...	18	7	Hooghly ditto.
68.	" Taran Chandra	18	0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
69.	Mean, Wazuddin	23	9	Calcutta Training School.
70.	Mitra, Gurupada	17	8	Calcutta ditto.
71.	Mollah, Manikulla	20	10	Rangpur ditto.
72.	Mredha, Akram Ali	18	2	Chittagong ditto.
73.	" Hossein Ali	15	0	Rangpur ditto.
74.	Muhammad Ibrahim	18	7	Dacca ditto.
75.	Mukherji, Abinas Chandra	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
76.	" Satkari ...	17	11	Hooghly ditto.
77.	Naskar, Bhola Nath ..	18	6	Calcutta ditto.
78.	" Haran Chandra	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
79.	Pal, Nanda Kumar ...	17	0	Hooghly ditto.
80.	Pan, Binod Bibari ...	18	11	Hooghly ditto.
81.	" Panchanan ...	17	5	Hooghly ditto.
82.	Pandit, Bahu Ballabh...	..	16 10	Hooghly ditto.
83.	" Hriday Nath ...	..	21 0	Calcutta ditto.
84.	Pradhan, Bipin Bihari†	..	21 9	Private (Calcutta).
85.	Pramanik, Matilal ...	..	19 0	Calcutta Training School.
86.	" Rati Kanta	..	16 2	Dacca ditto.
87.	Ray, Pasupati Nath ...	..	16 0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
88.	Saha, Natabar ...	..	16 8	Hooghly Training School.
89.	" Prahlad Charan	..	20 0	Calcutta ditto.
90.	Sahu, Srinath Chandra	..	18 0	Calcutta ditto.
91.	Samanta, Saday Charan	..	18 0	Calcutta ditto.
92.	Sarma, Kuli Kumar ...	..	19 0	Chittagong ditto.
93.	" Pyari Mohan ...	..	19 2	Chittagong ditto.
94.	Sarkar, Ananta Mohan	..	19 8	Dacca ditto.
95.	" Bipin Chandra	..	15 0	Chittagong ditto.
96.	" Patit Chandra	..	16 4	Rangpur ditto.
97.	" Safat Ulla ...	..	19 8	Rangpur ditto.
98.	" Jatadhari ...	..	18 0	Hooghly ditto.
99.	Sen, Prabodh Chandra	..	15 0	Chittagong ditto.
100.	" Upendra Kumar	..	15 2	Chittagong ditto.
101.	Sheikh, Hasrat ...	..	20 2	Rangpur ditto.
102.	" Anwar Uddin	..	16 8	Dacca ditto.
103.	Seal, Haris Chandra ...	..	18 6	Chittagong ditto.
104.	Sinha, Nani Gopal	16 4	Rangpur ditto.

Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
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SECOND GRADE—continued.

HIGH—concluded.

			Yrs.	M.	
5	Das, Madhu Sudan	...	19	0	Rangpur Training School.
6	" Khagendra Nath, No. 1	...	15	2	Rangpur ditto.
7	Kayal, Upendra Nath	...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.
8	Khanra, Abinas Chandra	...	17	8	Calcutta ditto.
9	Kongar, Narendra Nath	...	17	6	Calcutta ditto.
10	Lodh, Sarat Chandra	...	17	10	Chittagong ditto.
11	Malo, Tara Chand	...	17	8	Dacca ditto.
12	Mridha, Hayet-ulla	...	15	11	Rangpur ditto.
13	Mukherji, Pramatha Nath	...	17	0	Calcutta ditto.
14	Pal, Surendra Narayan	...	15	8	Calcutta ditto.
15	Pradhan, Trilochan	...	19	11	Calcutta ditto.
16	Pramanik, Lalit Chandra	...	16	2	Rangpur ditto.
17	Saha, Jiban Krishna	...	15	2	Chittagong ditto.
18	Sen, Kamini Ranjan	...	16	0	Chittagong ditto.

MEDIUM.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

1.	Acharya, Satis Chandra	...	18	11	Hooghly Training School.
2.	Akram Uddin	...	18	2	Chittagong ditto.
3.	Aich, Prasanna Chandra	...	19	9	Dacca ditto.
4.	Ali, Basarat	...	15	8	Dacca ditto.
5.	" Muhammad Azam	...	20	0	Dacca ditto.
6.	" Yakub	...	17	11	Chittagong ditto.
7.	" Moula	...	15	3	Rangpur ditto.
8.	Abdul Jabbar	...	16	7	Dacca ditto.
9.	Banerji, Prabodh Chandra	...	16	0	Calcutta ditto.
10.	" Sarojaksha	...	17	8	Hooghly ditto.
11.	" Satya Kinkar	...	15	3	Hooghly ditto.
12.	Baroj, Bhagaban Chandra	...	18	1	Chittagong ditto.
13.	Bhattacharya, Harendra Kumar	...	17	5	Dacca ditto.
14.	" Hara Charan	...	20	0	Private (Chittagong).
15.	" Jatindra Mohan, No. 2	...	18	11	Hooghly Training School.
16.	Bhaumik, Nakshatra Kumar	...	17	11	Chittagong ditto.
17.	" Rajani Kanta	...	17	0	Chittagong ditto.
18.	" Satis Chandra	...	20	4	Rangpur ditto.
19.	Bhuniya, Abdul Kader	...	22	2	Dacca ditto.
20.	Biswas, Bishnupada	...	16	8	Hooghly ditto.
21.	" Barkat Ulla	...	18	1	Rangpur ditto.
22.	" Hriday Chandra	...	22	0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
23.	Chakravarti, Harendra Nath	...	16	2	Hooghly Training School.
24.	" Karuna Chandra	...	18	10	Dacca ditto.
25.	" Siti Kantha	...	18	5	Calcutta ditto.
26.	" Sarat Chandra	...	16	0	Chittagong ditto.
27.	" Tarini Charan	...	16	9	Dacca ditto.
28.	Chatterji, Janaki Nath	...	19	8	Calcutta ditto.
29.	Chaudhuri, Bhairab Chandra	...	21	0	Calcutta ditto.
30.	" Krittibas	...	18	8	Calcutta ditto.
31.	" Charu Chandra	...	21	0	Hooghly ditto.
32.	" Lal Bihari	...	16	4	Rangpur ditto.
33.	Dan, Harendra Lal	...	17	2	Hooghly ditto.
34.	Das, Ananta Kumar	...	15	8	Dacca ditto.
35.	" Bisweswar	...	16	0	Dacca ditto.
36.	" Hara Kanta	...	17	8	Calcutta ditto.
37.	" Tarini Charan	...	18	5	Calcutta ditto.
38.	" Nabin Chandra	...	15	10	Rangpur ditto.
39.	Datta, Rasbihari	...	25	7	Hooghly ditto.
40.	De, Baikuntha Nath	...	18	8	Hooghly ditto.
41.	" Jagat Bandhu	...	17	0	Chittagong ditto.
42.	" Sarat Chandra	...	16	2	Chittagong ditto.
43.	Dinda, Bhuban Mohan	...	16	8	Calcutta ditto.

FIRST GRADE—concluded.

Low.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

	Yrs.	M.	
1. Baishnab, Navadwip Chandra	16	0	Chittagong Training School.
2. Bhattacharya, Bhujanga Bhushan.	16	2	Rangpur ditto.
3. Biswas, Pran Nath*	21	0	Krishnagar O. M. S. Training School.
4. Chatterji, Lalit Mohan	17	11	Hooghly Training School.
5. Chaudhuri, Siraj-ul-Islam	18	0	Chittagong ditto.
6. Das, Sureswar	22	0	Private (Hooghly).
7. „ Govinda Chandra	18	8	Rangpur Training School.
8. Ghoshal, Kumaris Chandra	19	10	Calcutta ditto.
9. Goha, Abhaya Charan	19	6	Calcutta ditto.
10. Maiti, Kalschand	17	10	Calcutta ditto.
11. Majumdar, Prasanna Mohan*	17	1	Calcutta ditto.
12. „ Basaraj	18	11	Hooghly ditto.
13. „ Janak Kumar*	23	0	Private (Chittagong).
14. Mandal, Parbati Charan	23	10	Calcutta Training School.
15. Manna, Beni Madhab	18	10	Calcutta ditto.
16. Mia, Badsha	...	15	1 Dacca ditto.
17. Mohanta, Phelaram Das*	...	16	8 Hooghly ditto.
18. Mollah, Rajab Ali*	...	22	3 Rangpur ditto.
19. Mukherji, Sambhu Nath	18	10	Calcutta ditto.
20. Nandi, Bharat Chandra	16	0	Dacca ditto.
21. „ Sarat Chandra	20	0	Chittagong ditto.
22. Saha, Bipin Chandra	16	9	Dacca ditto.
23. Sarkar, Kamala Kanta	18	11	Hooghly ditto.
24. Sil, Jadu Nath	20	9	Rangpur ditto.

Candidates already passed in the old course and taking up one or more new subjects—

Science, Kindergarten and Art of Teaching, Drill, Drawing and Manual Work.

1. Chowdhuri, Bipin Chandra* ... | 25 0 | Private (Chittagong).

Science, Kindergarten and Art of Teaching, Drill and Manual Work.

2. Bhattacharya, Nabin Chandra Private (Dacca).
3. Sikdar, Amar Chand 24 0 Ditto.

Science, Kindergarten and Art of Teaching and Drill.

4. Bhattacharya, Radhika Nath ... | 27 4 | Private (Rangpur).

Kindergarten and Art of Teaching, Drill and Manual Work.

5. Das, Sris Chandra Seal ... | 26 0 | Private (Dacca).
6. De, Asutosh ... | 26 0 | Private (Calcutta).

Kindergarten and Art of Teaching, Drill and Drawing.

7. Chandra, Rajendra Nath ... | ... | Private (Hooghly).

Drawing.

8. Mahapatra, Damodar ... | 23 9 | Private (Calcutta).
9. Mandal, Hrishikes* ... | 23 0 | Private (Calcutta).
10. „ Abul Majid* ... | 18 8 | Private (Rangpur).

SECOND GRADE.

High.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

- | | | | |
|------------------------------|----|---|--------------------------|
| 1. Bairagi, Sita Nath | 15 | 3 | Rangpur Training School. |
| 2. Chakravarti, Hara Nath | 19 | 0 | Chittagong ditto. |
| 3. „ Krishna Kamal | 19 | 0 | Dacca ditto. |
| 4. Chatterji, Bhupendra Nath | 19 | 0 | Calcutta ditto. |

* Entitled to certificates of special proficiency in Drawing.

Name of candidate.		Age.	Name of school.	
FIRST GRADE—continued.				
MEDIUM—concluded.				
		Yrs. M.		
39.	De, Atul Chandra	17 10	Calcutta Training School.	
40.	" Indra Kumar	18 9	Dacca	ditto.
41.	" Siempati	19 5	Hooghly	ditto.
42.	Ghosh, Rajgiri	20 9	Rangpur	ditto.
43.	Gorai, Basaki Nath	18 7	Hooghly	ditto.
44.	Goswami, Sasadhar	16 10	Calcutta	ditto.
45.	Gupta, Chintamani	16 11	Hooghly	ditto.
46.	Halder, Nagendra Nath	18 10	Calcutta	ditto.
47.	Jana, Hem Chandra	16 10	Calcutta	ditto.
48.	Jas, Sures Chandra	18 3	Hooghly	ditto.
49.	Kanango, Manomohan*	21 0	Chittagong	ditto.
50.	Khan, Gopal Chandra	20 5	Hooghly	ditto.
51.	" Javed Ali*	15 4	Rangpur	ditto.
52.	Khondkar, Golam Khaibar	16 9	Rangpur	ditto.
53.	Kisku, Gopal*	18 0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.	
54.	Loth, Hari Mohan	18 9	Dacca Training School.	
55.	Majillya, Kalipada	16 11	Hooghly	ditto.
56.	Maiti, Dharanidhar	20 10	Calcutta	ditto.
57.	Majumdar, Akshaykumar	19 0	Chittagong	ditto.
58.	Mahapatra, Nil Kantha Santa*	18 8	Hooghly	ditto.
59.	Mandal, Mrityunjay*	19 10	Calcutta	ditto.
60.	" Moyeruddin*	18 9	Rangpur	ditto.
61.	" Purna Chandra	15 10	Calcutta	ditto.
62.	" Prasanna Kumar	23 10	Calcutta	ditto.
63.	" Parbati Oharan	22 0	Hooghly	ditto.
64.	" Piyaaruddin	23 0	Private (Rangpur).	
65.	Manji, Govinda Chandra*	17 10	Calcutta Training School.	
66.	Maizar Rahaman	18 8	Hooghly	ditto.
67.	Mollah, Ohasmatulla	19 9	Rangpur	ditto.
68.	Muhammad, Ebadulla	21 9	Dacca	ditto.
69.	Mukherji, Aswini Kumar	18 8	Hooghly	ditto.
70.	" Charu Chandra	...	Private (Calcutta).	
71.	" Gopal Chandra	18 10	Calcutta Training School.	
72.	" Mukunda Lal	19 0	Hooghly	ditto.
73.	" Radhika Prasad	16 11	Hooghly	ditto.
74.	Munshi, Sifat Ali*	16 3	Rangpur	ditto.
75.	Naha, Indra Kumar*	21 0	Chittagong	ditto.
76.	Nandi, Satis Chandra	17 0	Chittagong	ditto.
77.	" Akshay Kumar*	19 0	Dacca	ditto.
78.	Nayak, Gour Mohan	18 10	Calcutta	ditto.
79.	Pahari, Upendra Nath	22 0	Hooghly	ditto.
80.	Pal, Haladhar	17 0	Dacca	ditto.
81.	" Radha Binod	19 11	Hooghly	ditto.
82.	" Rakha Chandra	19 11	Hooghly	ditto.
83.	" Sital Chandra	20 0	Calcutta	ditto.
84.	" Sasi Bhushan	19 8	Hooghly	ditto.
85.	Pandit, Purna Chandra*	22 0	Chittagong	ditto.
86.	Panja, Kasipati	16 11	Hooghly	ditto.
87.	Pramanik, Sahiruddin*	20 9	Rangpur	ditto.
88.	Ray, Nandalal	18 10	Calcutta	ditto.
89.	" Ramgati* †	18 10	Calcutta	ditto.
90.	Ruz, Bhupeti Bhushan	18 5	Hooghly	ditto.
91.	Sarkar, Kalipada*	19 10	Calcutta	ditto.
92.	" Basiruddin*	16 3	Rangpur	ditto.
93.	" Golzar Ali	18 6	Rangpur	ditto.
94.	" Pratap Chandra	16 5	Hooghly	ditto.
95.	" Rahimuddin*	17 4	Rangpur	ditto.
96.	" Rohini Kanta	16 9	Rangpur	ditto.
97.	Shaikh Golzar Hossein*	17 9	Rangpur	ditto.
98.	Sinha, Abinash Chandra	16 10	Calcutta	ditto.

* Entitled to certificates of special proficiency in Drawing.

† Not passed in Manual Work.

VERNAACULAR MASTERSHIP EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1905.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the Vernacular Mastership Examination held in December 1905:—

Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
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FIRST GRADE.

HIGH.

(Arranged in order of Merit.)

1.	18	9	Calcutta Training School.
2.	31	10	Calcutta
3.	18	0	Chittagong
4.	24	10	Calcutta
5.	19	0	Chittagong
6.	19	3	Rangpur
7.	18	0	Chittagong
8.	20	10	Calcutta
9.	22	5	Rangpur
10.	19	0	Calcutta
11.	16	11	Rangpur

MEDIUM.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

1.	17	10	Calcutta Training School.
2.	22	0	Hooghly
3.	28	9	Chittagong
4.	16	9	Rangpur
5.	20	3	Rangpur
6.	17	0	Chittagong
7.	20	6	Rangpur
8.	18	8	Hooghly
9.	24	0	Private (Hooghly).
10.	20	10	Calcutta Training School.
11.	17	10	Calcutta
12.	21	0	Chittagong
13.	22	10	Calcutta
14.	21	0	Chittagong
15.	14	6	Dacca
16.	20	0	Chittagong
17.	18	3	Dacca
18.	21	0	Chittagong
19.	24	6	Hooghly
20.	19	11	Hooghly
21.	18	8	Hooghly
22.	18	12	Hooghly
23.	18	6	Chittagong
24.	18	10	Calcutta
25.	18	0	Chittagong
26.	20	10	Calcutta
27.	17	11	Hooghly
28.	19	10	Calcutta
29.	19	10	Calcutta
30.	18	2	Rangpur
31.	20	0	Hooghly
32.	24	9	Rangpur
33.	18	9	Rangpur
34.	19	10	Calcutta
35.	18	1	Calcutta
36.	21	10	Calcutta
37.	21	0	Chittagong
38.	17	0	Hooghly

* Not passed in Manual Work.

5. Candidates who have attended the lectures on Book-keeping of the day course shall be eligible for admission to the evening classes. For such candidates it shall be optional to study only the second course.

6. Candidates who have attended the lectures of the day course, but not the lectures on Book-keeping, shall be eligible for admission to the evening classes. Such candidates shall begin with the first course.

7. Other candidates shall be admitted provided they satisfy the Educational Department, by passing a preliminary test-examination, that they have sufficient knowledge of English. Such candidates shall begin with the first course.

8. Students of the day course shall not be eligible for admission to the evening classes in Book-keeping until they have completed the day course.

9. The number of candidates to be admitted annually to the evening classes in Book-keeping shall be limited, for the present, to 20. A preference shall be given to students who have completed the day course.

10. Students must attend 75 per cent. of the classes held; and no student who fails to do so shall be allowed to appear at the examination, unless he can show that his failure to attend the required number has been unavoidable.

11. A special examination shall be held annually after the conclusion of the second course. Students of the evening classes shall pass a test examination before appearing at the special examination. Other candidates shall be allowed to appear at the special examination, provided they satisfy the Education Department, by passing a preliminary test-examination, that they have a reasonable prospect of success. The admission fee shall be Rs. 5.

A. FIEDLER,

The 17th March 1906.

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUPPLEMENTARY.

Candidate elected to Middle Scholarship, 1905.

Name of Scholar.	Name of school from which he appeared.	Name of school where scholar- ship is to be held.
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1

[Each scholarship is of the value of Rs. 4 a month, tenable for three years.]

NADIA.

(Reserved for Muhammadan candidate.)

Mosaheruddin Sheikh	Govinda Sarak M. V.	... Krishnagar Collegiate School.
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CALCUTTA,
The 19th March 1906. }

P. MUKERJI,
Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified that for the ensuing Half-yearly Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others to be held at 11 A.M. on the 2nd May 1906 and the two following days, a local Examination Committee will be convened in the office of the Commissioner of the Presidency Division at No. 3 Charnock Place, Calcutta, to conduct the examination of candidates employed in the Presidency and Burdwan Divisions.

E. W. COLLIN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 13th March 1906.*

List of successful candidates of the C Class Final Examination, 1906.

In order of merit.

NAME.	Age.	School.
	Y. M.	
1. Romesh Chandra Mukhopadhyaya	19 4	Uttarpara Government.
2. Hari Mohan Das	18 0	Ditto.
3. Harendra Krishna Chakravarti	16 4	South Suburban H. E.
4. Susil Kumar Mukerjee	14 9	Hare.
5. Sudhir Mohan Chattapodhyaya	14 10	Uttarpara Government.
6. Pauna Lal Banerjee	21 8	Ditto.
7. Dasarathi Mukhopadhyaya	15 1	South Suburban H. E.
8. Phanindra Bhusan Basu	22 0	Hare.
9. Sib Nath Mukherjee	18 9	Do.

CALCUTTA,

A. PEDLER,

The 16th March 1906.

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal

List of Candidates who passed the Survey Examination for Pleaders held in February 1906.

Number in General Register.	Name of candidate.	Appeared at
29.	Khagendra Nath Mitra	... Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
74.	Binod Bihary Roy	... Ditto ditto.
78.	Tarak Nath Bosu	... Ditto ditto.
79.	Sasanka Sekher Banerjee	... Ditto ditto.
7.	Surendra Nath Sen	... Bihar School of Engineering, Bankipore.
8.	Mohamad Shafee	... Ditto ditto.
15.	Ranga Lal Chatterji	... Ditto ditto.
17.	Ram Lal Sen	... Ditto ditto.
18.	Goloke Chandra Kar	... Ditto ditto.
20.	Ram Prosad	... Ditto ditto.
4.	Birendra Chandra Sen	... Dacca Survey School.
92.	Lalit Kumar Mitra	... Ditto.
93.	Satya Ranjan Guha	... Ditto.
26.	Romes Chandra Rakshit	... Cuttack Survey School.
30.	Dayamoy Mukherjee	... Ditto.
33.	Surendra Nath Roy	... Ditto.
34.	Ambika Pada Chaudhuri	... Ditto.
43.	Satya Churn Mukerji	... Ditto.
50.	Harendra Nath Sen	... Ditto.
71.	Phanindra Nath Mitra	... Ditto.
77.	Satis Chandra Ghosh	... Ditto.
87.	Biraj Krisna Sarkar	... Ditto.

A. PEDLER,

The 16th March 1906.

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

NOTICE.

The Presidency College Commercial Course.

A SPECIAL examination in Type-writing will be held in the Presidency College on the 19th April 1906 at 2 P.M.

Candidates for admission must send in their names to the Principal of the Presidency College on or before the 28th of March, accompanied by a fee of Rs. 5, which will not in any case be refunded. A candidate applying for admission to this examination and also to the special examination in Shorthand-writing, of which a separate notice is given, will only be required to pay one admission fee of Rs. 5.

A preliminary test-examination will be held in the Presidency College on the 6th of April at 7 P.M. Candidates will be required to show, by passing this test-examination, that they have a reasonable prospect of success in the special examination.

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Award of Junior Scholarships on the result of the School Final Examination of B and C Classes for the year 1906.

[The scholarships are tenable for two years]

NAME.	School from which he passed.	Scholarship where tenable.
B CLASS.		
<i>First grade, Rs. 16 a month.</i>		
Surendra Nath Gui	Midnapore Collegiate	Bihar School of Engineering.
C CLASS.		
<i>First grade, Rs. 16 a month.</i>		
1. Romesh Chandra Mukhopadhyaya.	Uttarpara Government	Presidency College.
<i>Second grade, Rs. 12 a month.</i>		
1. Hari Mohan Das	Uttarpara Government	Presidency College.
2. Narendra Krishna Chakravarti.	South Suburban H. E.	Ditto.
3. Susil Kumar Mukerjee	Hare	Ditto.
<i>Third grade, Rs. 8 a month.</i>		
1. Sudhir Mohan Chattopadhyaya	Uttarpara Government	Presidency College.
2. Panna Lal Banerjee	Ditto	Ditto.
3. Dasarathi Mukhopadhyaya	South Suburban H. E.	Ditto.
4. Phanindra Bhushan Basu	Hare	Ditto.

CALCUTTA,
The 16th March 1906.

A. PEDLER,
Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

List of successful candidates of the B Class Final Examination, 1906.

In order of merit.

NAME.	Age.	Schcol.
	Y. M.	
1. Dinesh Chandra Acharya	17 2	Mymensingh.
2. Sirish Chandra Ghosh	20 6	Pabna Zilla.
3. Nalini Charan Khan	16 8	Rajshahi Collegiate.
4. Suresh Chandra Ray	18 11	Pabna Zilla.
5. Narendra Chandra Bhattacharjee	17 1	Mymensingh Zilla.
6. Mozaffar Ali	17 10	Barisal Zilla.
7. Abinash Chandra Das	17 9	Pabna Zilla.
8. Jotindra Lal Moitra	15 11	Rajshahi Collegiate.
9. Jotindra Nath Sen Gupta	13 10	Barisal Zilla.
10. Satish Chandra Mazumdar	21 10	Pabna Zilla.
11. Surendra Nath Gui	20 0	Midnapore Collegiate.
12. Surendra Chandra Nag	18 11	Dacca Collegiate.
13. Akshoy Kumar Roy	16 9	Barisal Zilla.
14. Satish Chandra Chakravarti	14 9	Rajshahi Collegiate.
15. Romesh Chandra Roy	16 2	Ditto.
16. Bidhu Bhushan Bhattacharya	21 6	Mymensingh Zilla.
17. Chandra Bhushan Putatundu	17 8	Ditto.
18. Promode Chandra Bauerjee	19 8	Dacca Collegiate.
19. Jotindro Nath Kar	16 9	Pabna Zilla.
20. Girindra Nath Rai Choudhury	15 11	Barisal Zilla.
21. Nares Chandra Pal	19 6	Ditto.
22. Saran Dadel	22 1	Ranchi Zilla.
23. Manmotha Nath Guha	16 11	Barisal Zilla.
24. Monomohan Rai	19 11	Ditto.

CALCUTTA,
The 16th March 1906.

A. PEDLER,
Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Examination of Compounders at the Orissa Medical School, Cuttack.

IN accordance with the Government of Bengal Notifications Nos. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, and 337T.—M., dated 9th June 1897, notice is hereby given that the next half-yearly examination of compounders will begin at 10 A.M., on Wednesday, the 25th April 1906, at the Medical School, Cuttack.

2. Every candidate must produce a certificate of training and a certificate of age and previous education, as required by Rule 9 (*vide* Government of Bengal Notification No. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th November 1896, and circulated by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, to all Civil Surgeons, Superintendents of Medical Schools, Lunatic Asylums and Calcutta Hospitals with his Circular No. 60, dated 5th December 1896).

3. Male candidates must forward to the Superintendent of the Medical School, Cuttack, an examination fee of Rs. 5 at least one week before the 25th April 1906. Female candidates will be examined free of charge. No certificate or fee will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

4. Should any candidate fail to pass the examination, he will forfeit his fee.

NOTE.—The attention of candidates is drawn to Rules 9, 10 and 12 (a) and (b), and of persons granting the certificates to Rules 11 and 14 (3) and (4) and to the certificate, Forms C and D, in the schedule of the Government of Bengal's aforesaid Notification No. 4042Medl., dated 2nd November 1896.

CUTTACK,

C. R. STEVENS, M.D., F.R.C.S., MAJOR, I.M.S.,

The 7th March 1906.

Superintendent, Medical School, Cuttack.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.**Subordinate Educational Service.**

The 20th March 1906.—Babu Bidhu Bhushan Datta, M.A. (substantively *pro tempore* in class VI), is confirmed as Third Assistant in the Chemical Laboratory of the Presidency College, with effect from the 3rd January 1906.

The 21st March 1906.—Babu Paresh Nath Sen is appointed to act as Teacher of the Foliage Drawing class in the Government School of Art, Calcutta, on a salary of Rs. 75 a month, in class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Hari Narayan Bose, or until further orders.

The 22nd March 1906.—Pandit Ramavatar Sarma, M.A., is appointed, on probation for one year, to be Lecturer on Sanskrit, Patna College, with effect from the date on which he joins that appointment, *vice* Pandit Kanhiya Lal Tripathi, deceased.

Pandit Ramavatar Sarma is also appointed substantively *pro tempore* to class V of the Subordinate Educational Service.

Babu Gaya Prasad, B.A., an Assistant Master in the Patna Collegiate School, is appointed to act as Assistant Head Master in that institution and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Kali Kamal Sanyal.

Miss J. Russell, Assistant Mistress in the Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong (class V), is allowed leave of absence for six months, under Article 337 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 15th April 1906, or any subsequent date on which she may avail herself of it.

Babu Girish Chandra Bose, Science Teacher, Uttarpara Government School (class VIII), is appointed to be Science Teacher of the Barasat Government School, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Gupta, transferred.

The 26th March 1906.—Munshi Tulsi Prasad, First Urdu Assistant to the Urdu and Hindi Translator to the Government of Bengal (class VII), is allowed leave of absence for one month, under Article 337 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th March 1906.

The 27th March 1906.—Babu Upendra Nath Banerjee, M.A., Assistant Master, Hare School (class VII), is appointed to be Assistant Head Master, Hazaribagh Zilla School, *vice* Babu Pramatha Nath Bhattacharji, transferred.

Babu Rajendra Nath Sinha, B.A., Assistant Head Master, Barrackpore Government School, under orders of transfer to the Hazaribagh Zilla School (class VII), is appointed to be an Assistant Master in the Hare School, *vice* Babu Upendra Nath Banerjee, transferred.

Babu Iswari Prasad is appointed temporarily to be a Teacher in the School of Art, Calcutta, with effect from the 15th August 1905.

Babu Iswari Prasad is also appointed, with effect from the same date, substantively *pro tempore* to class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service, on a salary of Rs. 75 a month, in the resulting vacancy arising from the deputation of Babu Amulyadhan Banerji, M.A., Lecturer, Hooghly College, to act as a Professor in that College on a salary of Rs. 150 a month outside the Provincial Educational Service.

A. PEDLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

The 27th March 1906.

No. 32 Marine.—Whereas it appears that the estimated income of the Commissioners of the Port of Calcutta, under the Calcutta Port Act, III of 1890, from the 1st April 1906 to the 31st March 1907, after deducting therefrom the estimated expenditure for the above period, will be insufficient for the payment of the sums which, under the provisions of the said Act, are payable during the year to the Secretary of State for India in Council and to holders of debentures under the said Act, it is hereby notified that from the 1st April 1906, the Port Commissioners will charge upon all goods landed from or shipped into any sea-going vessel lying or being within the limits of the Port, whether such goods shall or shall not be so landed or shipped at any dock, wharf, quay, stage or jetty belonging to the Commissioners, in addition to or other than those prescribed by any scale of tolls, dues, rates and charges for the time being in force, under the provisions of sections 103, 104, 104A and 107 of Act III of 1890, a due which shall approximate four annas per ton, except for export and bunker-coal and manganese ore, the due on which shall be 1½ annas per ton. Until such due shall be altered or revoked in accordance with section 109 of the said Act, goods landed from one vessel and shipped into another vessel in the course of transshipment within the Port are exempt, also ballast, with the exception of dressed stone. For the purpose of levying such due on miscellaneous general cargo landed or shipped at the Kidderpore Docks or at the Jetties, the Commissioners will follow the schedules of charges prescribed for the Docks and the Jetties, and charge one-fifth of the rates therein specified; but where the landing or shipping charge is in these schedules levied on the ton by weight, then the due under this notification shall be four annas per ton. For the purpose of levying such due on goods landed or shipped over the Inland Vessels Wharves or otherwise than through the Docks or Jetties, the ton shall be reckoned at the actual weight where such is ascertainable. Where the weight is not declared, then the ton shall be reckoned at the respective weights and measurements given in the schedule in force for the Inland Vessels Wharves.

W. A. INGLIS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 2028A.

No. 1889A.—*The 22nd March 1906.*—Babu Jageshwar Nath Mathey, Sub-Deputy Collector, Monghyr, is transferred to the head-quarters station of the Bhagalpur district, with effect from the afternoon of the 16th February 1906.

No. 1891A.—*The 22nd March 1906.*—The services of Babu Chittaranjan Mukherjee, substantive *pro tempore* Sub-Deputy Collector, Basirhat, 24-Parganas, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the

Home Department.

No. 1912A.—*The 23rd March 1906.*—Babu Satis Chandra Gupta, substantive *pro tempore* Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to the Presidency Division, on being relieved of his Settlement duty at Ranchi, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 2021A.—*The 27th March 1906.*—Babu Sisir Kumar Chatterjee, Sub-Deputy Collector, Muzaffarpur, is transferred to Monghyr for employment on work in that district, *vice* Babu Shama Churn Dutt, on leave

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2780, dated Calcutta, the 23rd March 1906.—Mr. E. W. Payne made over charge of the Midnapore Central Jail to Lieutenant-Colonel R. Cobb, I.M.S., temporarily on the afternoon of the 16th March 1906.

No. 2858, dated Calcutta, the 24th March 1906.—Senior Assistant Surgeon Umes Chandra Das made over charge of the Jessore Jail to Civil Surgeon Ganga Gobind Sarkar on the forenoon of the 16th March 1906.

W. J. BUCHANAN,
Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

No. 2844, dated Calcutta, the 27th March 1906.—Third-grade Assistant Surgeon Syed Ali Hasan is deputed, with effect from the 10th March 1906, to do special duty at the Howrah Railway Station in connection with the medical examination of all persons, connected with the Government of India, proceeding to Simla.

R. MACRAE, M.B., COI., I.M.S.,
Offg. Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

Name of Port.	Smooth Water limits.	Partially Smooth Water limits.	Excursion limits.
DISTRICT OF THE WESTERN COAST OF SCOTLAND.			
Ardrossan .	Nil . . . Nil		Stranraer or Glasgow
Ayr . .	Inside the Bar . Nil		Stranraer or Glasgow
Campbelton	Inside the Harbour but not outside Devasar Island.	Nil	Glasgow only.
Dumfries .	Inside Aird Point and Glenbowen Point.	Within a line from Southernness Siloth.	Wigtown or Whitehaven.
Fort William	On the Canal to Inverness.	Nil	Crinan or Tobermory.
Glasgow .	Within a line from Clock Lighthouse to Dunoon Pier (in winter). In summer, within a line from Bogary Point, Isobell Butte to Skelmorlie Castle and Ardlamont Point inside the Kyle of Bute	Within a line from Skipness to Fairlie Head round the Island of Bute.	Stranraer or Campbeltown.
Oban . .	Nil	Inside the Island of Kerrera to Dunstaffnage Point.	Crinan, Tobermory, or Fort William.
Stranraer .	Inside Cairn Ryan	Loch Ryan, within a line from Kinnard Point and Millen Point.	Wigtown or Greenock.
Wigtown .	Nil	Nil	Stranraer or Dumfries.

IRELAND.

Bantry Bay	Inside Bear Island inside Whiddy Island, Glengariff Harbour, inside Corrid Point.	Nil	Galley Head or Vallen-cia Harbour.
Belfast	Within a line from Holywood to McCaddon Point.	In summer, within a line from Carrickfergus to Bangor; in winter, nil. A special limit for tenders to ocean steamers only, within a radius of 3 miles from Carrickfergus during fine weather.	Rathlin Island or Kil-lough.
Cork . .	Within a line from Camden to Carlisle Ports.	Nil A special limit for tenders to ocean steamers only, within a radius of 3 miles from Roches Point during fine weather.	Dungarvon or Galley Head.
Donegal .	Inside the Bar	Nil	Sligo or Rathlin O'Brien Island.
Drogheda .	Within a line from Cross Point to Burrow Point.	Nil	Dublin or Warren Point, Carlingford Lough.
Dublin .	Inside the Pier Heads.	In summer, with a line from Dalkey Island to Bailey Point; in winter, nil.	Drogheda or Arklow.
Enniskillen	Lough Erne	Nil	Nil.
Galway .	Lough Corrib	Within a line from Black Rock Beacon to Kilcolgan Point.	Kilkeran or Lis-camor Bays inside the Arran Isles.
Limerick .	Foynes .	Within a line from Scatterly Lighthouse to Carrig Island.	Loop Head or Kilmore Head.
Londonderry	Within a line from Magilligan Point to Greenacastle.	Nil A special limit for tenders to ocean steamers only, within a radius of 3 miles from Innishowen Lighthouse during fine weather.	Buncrana in Lough Swilly or Rathlin Island.
Lough Swilly	Within a line from Buncrana to Muckarnish Point.	Within a line from Dunree Head to Port Saloon.	Portrush or Tory Island.
Sligo .	The Western extreme of Oyster Island.	Within a line from Baginbally Point to Black Rock Light.	Donegal or Ballina.
Waterford .	Passage	In summer, within a line from Dunmore to Hook Point; in winter, within a line from Geneva Barrack to Duncannon Light.	Youghal or Wexford.
Wexford .	Inside Bly House.	Within a line from Haven Point to Rosslare Point.	Arklow or Waterford.
Youghal .	Within a line from Ferry Point to Green Park.	Nil	Waterford or Kin-sale.

Name of Port.	Smooth Water limits.	Partially Smooth Water limits.	Excursion limits.
SOUTH WALES DISTRICT.			
Barmouth .	Inside Barmouth Ferry.	Nil . . .	Cardigan or Bardsey Island.
Barry Docks	Inside Dock . .	Nil . . .	Millford or Ilfracombe.
Bridgewater	Inside Start Point	Within the Bar	Ilfracombe or Swansea.
Bristol .	Within a line from Avonmouth Pier to Wharf Point.	In winter, nil. In summer, within a line from Lavernock Point to the Flatholm, thence to the Steepholm, thence to Bream Down.	Ilfracombe or Swansea.
Cardiff .	Within a line from Lowwater Pier Head to the Lifeboat House near Fourth Dock entrance.	In winter, nil. In summer, within a line from Lavernock Point to the Flatholm, thence to the Steepholm, thence to Bream Down.	Tenby or Ilfracombe.
Cardigan .	Inside the Bar . .	Nil . . .	Portmadoc or Millford.
Gloucester .	River Severn or Avon to Sharpness Point and Gloucester Canal.	In winter, nil. In summer within a line from Lavernock Point to the Flatholm, thence to the Steepholm, thence to Bream Down.	Watchet or Barry Docks.
Millford .	Within a line from Hutterston Beach to Angle Point.	Within a line from South Hook Point to Thorn Island.	Swansea or Cardigan.
Neath .	Inside the Bar . .	Nil	Barry or Millford.
Swansea .	Nil . . .	Nil . . .	Barry or Millford.

LIVERPOOL DISTRICT.

Barrow .	Inside Walney Is. Land.	Nil . . .	Liverpool or Whitehaven.
Bowness .	Anywhere on the Lakes.	Nil . . .	Nil.
Carlisle .	Above Port Carlisle.	Within a line from Southness to Silloth.	Whitehaven or Port Whithorn.
Carnarvon .	Menni Straits to Aber Menai or Beaumaris.	Menni Straits, from Carnarvon Bar to Puffin Island.	Liverpool or Portmadoc or round the Island of Anglesea.
Chester .	River Dee, not below Connah's Quay.	Inside the West Hoyle Bank.	Barrow, Holyhead, or Carnarvon.
Conway .	Within a line from Russell Hill to Treivyd Point.	Nil . . .	Liverpool or Portmadoc or round the Island of Anglesea.
Douglas .	From Battery Pier to Victoria Pier.	Nil	Round the Island.
Fleetwood	Within a line from Low Light to Knoted Pier. Within Fleetwood Harbour for tug and small steamers to Belfast and Isle of Man.	Nil	Whitehaven or Liverpool.
Holyhead	Inside the Breakwater.	Nil	Liverpool or Portmadoc or round the Island of Anglesea.
Lancaster	Within a line from Sunderland Point to Chapel Point.	Nil	Whitehaven or Liverpool.
Liverpool	The Rock Light House.	In winter, nil. In summer, within a line from Formby Point to Hilbro Point. Special limit for tenders to ocean-going steamers—within a radius of 3½ miles of Formby Lightship—during fine weather only. The Bell Buoy and Bar Lightship for tug and small steamers from ships outside the Bar.	Barrow, Holyhead, or Carnarvon.
Morecambe	In winter, nil. In summer, within a radius of two miles of the Midland Railway Dock and to Grange.	Nil . . .	Same as Barrow.
Portmadoc	Inside the Bar Buoy.	Nil	Cardigan or Carnarvon.
Preston .	Lytham . . .	Within a line from Southport or Blackpool inside the Banks.	Llandudno or Barrow.
Whitehaven	Nil	Nil . . .	Barrow or Carlisle.

Name of Port.	Smooth Water limits.	Partially Smooth Water limits.	Excursion limits.
LONDON DISTRICT.			
Burnham-on-the-Crouch.	Within a line from Hollywell Point to Foulness Point	Within a line from Clacton Pier to Heme Bay Pier.	Dover or Harwich
Dover .	Nil	Nil	Newhaven or Sheerness.
Folkestone .	Nil	Nil	Newhaven or Sheerness.
Harwich or Ipswich.	Inside Langward Fort.	Within a line from Walton-on-the-Naze to Langward Fort.	London or Yarmouth.
King's Lynn .	Inside Lynn Out .	Nil	Cromer or Hull.
Littlehampton .	Above Littlehampton Pier.	Nil	Poole or Rye.
London . . .	Gravesend . . .	Within a line from Clacton Pier to Heme Bay Pier.	Dover or Harwich.
Lowestoft .	Inside Lowestoft Pier to Norwich.	Within a line from the S. W. Harnard Buoy to the North Cocker Buoy inside the Banks.	Cromer or Walton-on-the-Naze.
Norwich or Yarmouth.	* Inside the Piers	Within a line from the S. W. Harnard Buoy to the North Cocker Buoy inside the Banks.	Cromer or Walton-on-the-Naze.
Newhaven .	Nil	Nil	Portsmouth or Dover.
Poole . . .	Inside the Harbour	Nil	Weymouth or the Nab.
Portsmouth.	Inside Portsmouth Harbour.	St. Helen's and the Needles within the Isle of Wight and to Langston Harbour. <i>For small launches not carrying boats.</i> In summer, a line from Ryde to Langston Harbour inside the Isle of Wight to Hurst Castle; in winter, Spithead.	Newhaven or Weymouth.
Rochester .	Sheerness and Whitstable inside Sheppey.	Within a line from Clacton Pier to Heme Bay Pier.	Dover or Harwich.
Southampton	Calshot Castle .	Same as Portsmouth	Newhaven or Weymouth.
Weymouth .	Nil	Portland Harbour	Portsmouth or the Start.
Wisbeach .	Inside Wisbeach Out.	Nil	Cromer or Hull.

SOUTH and SOUTH-WEST of ENGLAND DISTRICT.

Barnstaple .	Inside the Bar .	Nil	Padstow or Bridgewater.
Dartmouth .	River Dart . .	Nil	Plymouth or Weymouth.
Exeter . . .	Inside the Bar .	Nil	Weymouth or Plymouth.
Falmouth . .	A line from Zeze Point to Pendennis Point.	Nil	Start Point or Penzance.
Fowey . . .	Inside the Harbour	Nil	Falmouth or Plymouth.
Padstow . .	Padstow Harbour above a line from Gun Point to Brae Hill.	Within a line from Stepper Point to Trebetherick Point.	St. Ives or Barnstaple.
Par	Nil	Nil	Falmouth or Plymouth.
Penzance . .	Nil	Nil	Falmouth or St. Ives.
Plymouth . .	Within a line from the inside of Drake's Island to Mount Batten Pier.	Within a line from Cawsand to Breakwater and Breakwater to Staddon Pier.	Exeter or the Lizard.
St. Ives . . .	Nil	Nil	Padstow or Penzance.
Taigamouth	Within the Harbour	Nil	Weymouth or Plymouth.
Terquay . . .	Nil	Nil	Weymouth or Plymouth.

* On all the Inland navigation from Norwich to inside the Piers at Yarmouth or Lowestoft.

APPENDIX S.

TABLE SHOWING the RIVER or SMOOTH WATER, the PARTIALLY SMOOTH WATER, and the EXCURSION LIMITS of the various PORTS.

Name of Port.	Smooth Water Limits.	Partially Smooth Water Limits.	Excursion Limits.
DISTRICT of the EASTERN COAST of SCOTLAND.			
Aberdeen .	Inside the Harbour	Nil	Peterhead or Montrose.
Banff . .	Nil	Nil	Peterhead or Lossiemouth.
Dundee .	Within a line from Dundee and Newport Ferries.	Within a line from Broughty Castle to Tayport.	Montrose or Leith.
Inverness .	With a line from Fort George to Chanonry Point to Fort William.	Nil	Lossiemouth or Dunrobin.
Leith	Nil	Within a line drawn from Kirkcaldy to Portobello.	Berwick-on-Tweed or Dundee.
Montrose .	Nil	Nil	Dundee or Aberdeen.
Peterhead .	Nil	Nil	Aberdeen or Banff.
Queensferry	Above the Forth Bridge.	Within a line from Kirkcaldy to Portobello.	Berwick-on-Tweed or Dundee.

DISTRICT of the NORTH-EASTERN COAST of ENGLAND.

Amble . .	Amble Bar .	Nil	St. Abb's Head or Middlesbrough.
Berwick-on-Tweed.	Spittal Point	Nil	North Berwick or Newcastle.
Blyth . .	Inside the Pier Heads.	Nil	Berwick-on-Tweed or Whitby.
Hartlepool, West	Nil	Nil	Amble or Bridlington.
Hartlepool, East	Hartlepool Bar	Nil	Amble or Bridlington.
Newcastle, North and South Shields.	Inside the Tyne Pier Heads.	Nil	Berwick-on-Tweed or Scarborough.
Sunderland .	Inside the Bardon Island Pier Heads.	Nil	Berwick-on-Tweed or Scarborough.
Stockton . .	Fourth Buoy.	Nil	Amble or Bridlington.
Seaham . .	Nil	Nil	Berwick-on-Tweed or Scarborough.
Whitby . .	Inside the Whitby Pier Heads.	Nil	Bridlington or New Castle.

DISTRICT of the EASTERN COAST of ENGLAND.

Boston . .	Inside the new cut	Nil	Ormer or Hull.
Grimsby . .	Nil	In winter, nil. In summer within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Lynn or Scarborough.
Goole . .	In winter, within line from Whitten Ness to Hough. In summer, above Hull and New Holland.	Within a line from New Holland to Paull (in winter). In summer within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Lynn or Scarborough.
Hull . .	Same as Goole .	Within a line from New Holland to Paull (in winter). In summer within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Lynn or Scarborough.
Gainborough, Lincoln, Nottingham, York	Same as Goole	Within a line from New Holland to Paull (in winter). In summer within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Spurn Point or Donna Nook.
Scarborough .	Nil .	Nil	Newcastle or Hull

Meridian passage and altitude of planets.
 Where meridian passage of planets can be found.
 Finding name of stars near the meridian.
 Moon, &c., for finding stars.
 Computing approximate meridian altitude of star.
 Latitude by meridian altitude of star.
 Longitude by chronometer by a star.
 Time azimuth by a star.
 Latitude by ex-meridian altitude of sun or star.
 Sumner problem by sun.
 Latitude by altitude of Polar star.
 Latitude by meridian altitude of moon.
 Chart paper Kxn. 97.
 Chart paper Kxn. 9D.

(7) The numbers opposite the following problems represent the full marks obtainable:—

Lunar problem by sun, star or planet	...	60
Latitude by double altitudes, sun or star	...	80
Finding position, &c., by simultaneous altitudes of two stars	...	40
Error of chronometer with artificial horizon, &c.	...	25
Explanation in writing re great circle sailing	..	20
Showing great circle track, &c., by globe	...	40
Problem in great circle sailing	...	50
Drawing figure and giving trigonometrical ratios	25	
Right-angled plane trigonometry (problem)	...	20
Oblique-angled plane trigonometry (problem)	...	25
Napier's rules for circular parts	...	20
Right-angled spherical trigonometry (15 marks for each problem)	...	30
Compass syllabus (5 marks for each written answer and 10 for each problem)	...	255
Constructing a Mercator's chart	...	30
Law of storms	...	20
Orderly working and general method, &c.	...	50
Supplementary <i>vide voce</i> test on problems and written answers	...	50

APPENDIX B.

TEXT-BOOKS TO BE USED IN THE EXAMINATIONS.

FOR BAROMETER, THERMOMETER, AND HYDROMETER.—"A Barometer Manual for the use of seamen with an appendix on the Thermometer, Hygrometer, and Hydrometer," issued by the authority of the Meteorological Council, and to be purchased either directly or through any bookseller, from Eyre and Spottiswoode, East Harding Street, Fleet Street, E. C.; or Oliver and Boyd, Edinburgh, or Edward Ponsonby, 116, Grafton Street, Dublin.—Price three pence.

FOR PREVAILING WINDS AND CURRENTS OF THE GLOBE.—"The Principal Winds and Currents of the Globe, &c." compiled from the various Admiralty Sailing Directions, Weather Charts, &c., by Captain Robert Jackson, R. N., and to be purchased either directly or through any bookseller, from Simpkin, Marshall & Co., Paternoster Row, London; or Henry Lewis, 114, High Street, Portsmouth.—Price one shilling.

FOR TRADE ROUTES.—"Ocean Passages" compiled from the various Admiralty Sailing Directions, by Captain Robert Jackson, R. N., and to be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from Simpkin, Marshall and Company, Paternoster Row, London; or Henry Lewis, 114, High Street, Portsmouth.—Price one shilling.

FOR TIDES.—"Tide Tables for the British and Irish Ports," published annually by the Admiralty, and to be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from J. D. Potter, 31, Poultry, E. C., and 11, King Street, Tower Hill, E. C.—Price one shilling and six pence.

[Intending candidates are advised to procure a copy of these books to take to sea with them, so that they may study them during their leisure hours.]

INSTRUMENTS.—The Barometer (Kew pattern Marine Barometer), Thermometer, and Hydrometer used in the examinations will be precisely similar to those supplied to shipmasters by the Meteorological Office for making observations on board ship.

**CERTIFICATE FOR "FOREIGN-GOING" FORE AND AFT-RIGGED
VESSEL.**

2nd Mate... } Same as for Ordinary Certificate, except that no service in square
Only Mate... } rigged Sailing Vessels is required.
1st Mate... }
Master ... }

* If all the service was in Home or Coasting Trade.

CERTIFICATE FOR "FOREIGN-GOING" STEAMSHIP.

2nd Mate... } Same as for Foreign-going Ships, except that the service as *Officer* must
Only Mate... } have been performed in a *Steamship*, and that no Service in square-
1st Mate... } rigged Sailing Vessels is required.
Master ... }
Extra Mas- }
ter. }

Rank.	Minimum Age.	Total Sea Service (Years).	Officer's Service in Merchant Vessels.		
			Years.	Lowest Capacity.	Lowest Certificate required.
1	2	3	4	5	6

CERTIFICATE FOR HOME TRADE PASSENGER SHIPS.

Mate	19	4	...	No Officer's service required.	None.
Master	20	5	1	Only Mate.	Mate Home Trade or 2nd Mate Foreign- going.
			2½	Or 2nd Mate in charge of Watch.	Mate Home Trade or 2nd Mate Foreign- going.
			1	Or As Pilot with 1st Class Pilot's Certificate.	None.

APPENDIX Q.

LIST OF MARKS OBTAINABLE IN THE EXTRA EXAMINATIONS.

- Marks will be awarded according to the degree of precision with which a Candidate does his work, no marks being given for any problem or work, in which the Candidate is wrong in principle.
- An incorrect figure or incorrect formula will involve the loss of one-third of the marks allotted for the problem in question.
- Marks, at the discretion of the Examiner, but not in any case to exceed 50, will be given for orderly working and general method, &c.
- Marks, at the discretion of the Examiner, but not in any case to exceed 50, will be given for the supplementary *videlicet* test on problems and written answers.
- Thirty marks are allotted to each of the following "Ordinary" problems. Only four will be set:—

Multiplication by logarithms.
Division by logarithms.
Day's work.
Latitude by meridian altitude of sun.
Parallel sailing.
Mercator's sailing.
Time of high water.
Amplitude by sun.
Longitude by chronometer and altitude azimuth by sun.
Time azimuth by sun.
Finding meridian passage of star.
Tables for finding stars' meridian passage.

APPENDIX P.

TABLE SHOWING THE REQUIREMENTS AS TO SEA SERVICE NECESSARY TO QUALIFY FOR EXAMINATION FOR CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY.

NOTE.

A Candidate for an Ordinary Certificate of any grade who has not previously held an Ordinary Certificate of a lower grade, must prove that he has served twelve months in the Foreign Trade or eighteen months in the Home or Coasting Trade in a square-rigged Sailing Vessel.

Where Foreign-going Certificates are required to be held to qualify Candidates for examination, they may be either the Ordinary Certificate or those for Fore and Aft-rigged Vessels or for Foreign-going Steamships.

Rank.	Minimum Age.	Total Sea Service (Years).	Officer's Service in Merchant Vessels.		
			Years.	Lowest Capacity.	Lowest Certificate required.
1	2	3	4	5	6

ORDINARY CERTIFICATES FOR "FOREIGN-GOING SHIPS."

2nd Mate...	17	4	...	No Officer's service required	None.
Only Mate	19	5	...	No Officer's service required	None.
1st Mate...	19	5	1	3rd or 4th Mate in Foreign Trade in charge of Watch.	2nd Mate Foreign-going.
			1½	Or Only Mate in Home or Coasting Trade.	2nd Mate Foreign-going, or Home Trade Mate.
			1	Or Pilot with 1st Class Pilot's Certificate.	None.
	1	6	1	Only Mate in Foreign Trade...	Only Mate Foreign-going.
			1½	Or Only Mate in Home or Coasting Trade. <i>And in addition, unless the above service was performed with a First Mate's Foreign-going Certificate, he will also be required to prove one of the following services prescribed for that grade.</i>	Only Mate Foreign-going.
			1	3rd or 4th Mate in Foreign Trade in charge of Watch.	2nd Mate Foreign-going.
			1½	Or Only Mate in Home or Coasting Trade.	2nd Mate Foreign-going, or Home Trade Mate.
			1	Or Pilot with 1st Class Pilot's Certificate. OR HE MUST HAVE SERVED.	None.
		6½	1	2nd Mate in Foreign Trade...	1st Mate Foreign-going.
			1½	<i>(Provided that if this service as 2nd Mate was performed under an additional or Auxiliary 1st Mate it will only be accepted if a 3rd and 4th Mate were also carried.)</i> <i>And in addition,</i>	
			1½	3rd or 4th Mate in Foreign Trade in charge of Watch. OR HE MUST HAVE SERVED.	2nd Mate Foreign-going.
			3	Master in Home or Coasting Trade.	2nd Mate Foreign-going or Master Home Trade for one year of such service.
			1	Or Master in Home or Coasting Trade.	Do.
			3	<i>And in addition,</i> Mate in Home or Coasting Trade. Same as Master ...	
Extra Master.	...	...	...	...	...

the right ones under his eye. This gives those looking on confidence and assurance, till their turn comes, when they appear as uncertain as before they were confident. There is something attractive in the process, stimulating the interest, and not without benefit.

From this we see that our judgment of a person's colour sense is made, not only by the material result of the examination—the character of the wools selected—but often also by the way the examined acts during the test. We should mention a very common manner of persons on trial, which, in many cases, is of great value in diagnosis. Often, in searching for the right colour, they suddenly seize a skein to lay it with the sample, but then notice it does not correspond, and put it back in the heap. This is characteristic; and if an Examiner has often seen it, he can readily recognise and be assured that it is an expression of difficulty in distinguishing the differences in the colours. We frequently see this in the first test, with shades of greenish-blue and bluish-green. Here it means nothing important; but it is quite the reverse, however, when it concerns the grey or one of the confusion colours (1-5). Uncertainty and hesitation as to these colours, which the colour-blind do not distinguish from the test colour, even when directly comparing them, is positive proof of mistake, implying defective chromatic vision of the complete colour-blind type. No doubt the form of chromatic defect which we have called *incomplete* colour-blindness exists in several kinds and degrees. This is not the place to further discuss our experience on this point; and, for the practical purpose we have in view, it is not necessary. As we have explained, there are among this class, forms of colour blindness gradually approaching normal colour sense. How they are distinguished has been described. We designated them as possessing *feeble colour sense*.

It is, perhaps, not easy to detect these special forms by any other method, or even by our own; we, therefore, give the following as a means of so doing. The only way of getting at it is by determining at what distance the Candidate can distinguish a small coloured surface. We have to deal, in fact with a feeble colour sense, which does not prevent the colours from being distinguished but only renders it difficult. We may suppose, in comparison to the normal that the *feeble* colour sense is due either to a weaker response to the stimulation of the colour-perceptive organs of the retina, or else to a stimulation of a relatively smaller number of these organs. In either case this method would give us the same result, judging from our experience in testing the eccentric portions of the field of vision with the perimeter.

The method we here speak of shows us also the effect of habit and practice on the colour perception, and it is worth while to dwell on this point. It not unfrequently happens that a person who by test No. 1 has been noted "incompletely colour-blind," after they know of their mistake and have practised themselves in distinguishing colours will so comfort themselves at a second trial that we have to simply mark them as of "feeble colour sense." The same will sometimes happen with test No. 11, and it is explainable by what we have said, namely, that between the complete lack of some one colour sense and the incomplete there is a series of gradations, and that in such cases practice would affect the result of examinations.

All the examples given prove that many seeming trifles and plans are of value in making the examination—amongst others the keeping the sample a little way off from the heap of worsteds, as also the removal of everything which can cause the examined doubt and uncertainty. We must not, therefore, let them do what many want to do, namely, hold a number of the worsteds in the hand at once. We must make the person being examined place each skein, as he takes it up, either with the sample or else back on the heap. Many who are not clear whether the skein is like the sample or not, instinctively put the shades most resembling the test sample at the side of the heap towards it, and thus gradually form a little bridge, but which for correctness they will not vouch for. No such half measures must, however, be allowed.

Object of test for colour ignorance.

Manner in which the test is to be conducted.

Grounds in which Candidate should be treated as having passed or failed.

Result of test to be reported.

3.—COLOUR IGNORANCE TEST.

1. The object of this test is simply to ascertain whether the Candidate knows the names of the three colours—red, green, and white—which it is important of every seaman to be acquainted with, and the test is to be confined to naming those colours.

2. One or two of the purest red and green skeins should be selected from the set of wools, and the Candidate should be required to name their colours. He should also be required to name the colour of any white object, such as a piece of white paper.

3. If he answers correctly, he could be considered to have passed the test. If he makes any mistake, he should be tried with the lantern which was formerly used for colour tests, the plain glass and the standard red and the green glasses being employed for the purpose. If he does not name these glasses correctly, he should be reported as having failed to pass the test.

4. The result of every test should be reported to the Government on Form Exn. 2, and to the Port Officer on the Form Exn. 14, when the Candidate is up for examination for a Certificate of Competency, and to the Government on the Form Exn. 28, when the Candidate is up for examination in colours only.

All cases of failure should be reported to the Port Officer on Form Exn. 17B.

and ask him if he sees any difference in colour between them. We can judge by his answer of his sense with regard to these shades, and the object of this investigation is accomplished.

It results from all this that many who are usually considered to have a normal chromatic sense may occasionally cause embarrassment. In the main, the normal observer of this kind causes greater loss of time than the colour-blind. It is astonishing to see with what rapidity the colour-blind betray their defect. At least it is found, in the majority of the cases examined by us, that the first skein of wool selected from the pile by the colour-blind in the first test was one of the "colours of confusion."

(B) *Interfering when the Candidate selects too few wools.*

Those who evince too great slowness also require the interference of the Examiner in another manner. We can lay aside here those cases in which, at the sight of the complex colours of the heap of wool, the candidate finds it difficult to select a skein resembling the sample in a collection where all the particular colours seem to differ from each other, and in consequence declares immediately that he can find none resembling the specimen. He is then told that an absolute resemblance is not demanded, and that no one asks impossibilities; that time is limited, many are waiting, etc. But there are people who—from natural slowness, from being unaccustomed to such business, from fear of making mistakes, especially if they have been previously examined and been suspected of colour-blindness, or from many other motives—proceed with the greatest caution. They do not even wish to touch the wool; or they search, select and replace with the greatest care all the possible skeins without finding one corresponding with the sample, or that they wish to place beside it. Here, then, are two cases: on one hand, too much action with the fingers, without result; on the other, too little action. The Examiner is forced to interfere in both cases:—

(a) In the case of too much manual action, without corresponding practical result, the Examiner must be careful that the eye and hand of the Candidate act simultaneously for the accomplishment of the desired end.

Some people forget that the hands should be subservient to the eye in this trial, and not act independently. Thus they are often seen to fix their eyes on one side, while their hands are engaged on the other. This should be corrected, so as to save time and avoid further labour. The candidate should be told to cross his hands behind his back, to step back apace, and quietly consider all the skeins, and, as soon as his eye has met one of those for which he is looking, to extend his hand and take it. The best plan is to advise him to look first at the sample, and then at the pile, and to repeat this manoeuvre until his eyes find what he is looking for.

This plan generally succeeds when nervousness from over anxiety causes his hands to tremble; but it is not always easy to induce him to keep his hands behind his back until the moment for taking the skein in question.

(b) In cases of great caution, the trial is hastened, if the Examiner come to the assistance of the Candidate, by holding above the pile one skein after the other, and requesting him to say whether it resembles the colour of the sample or not.

In cases where any one suspected of colour-blindness has remained some time to see the trial of others, and where, as often happens, he has remarked the skeins belonging to a required shade, he may, of course, profit by it in his own trial. But this can be prevented by shuffling the skeins.

It may be regarded as an advantage of this method that it has at command a great variety of resources. We have by no means mentioned all; and yet many who have only read this description will probably reproach us with having devoted ourselves too much to details which seems to them puerile. But we believe that those who have examined the colour sense of a great number of persons, and acquired thereby considerable experience, will think differently.

We are convinced that time is saved by the means we have described and a more certain result obtained; whilst a practised surgeon, who has become to a certain degree a *virtuoso*, will accomplish his object quicker and surer by such means than one who neglects them. Recent experience fully confirms this. All those who have familiarized themselves with this method, and have had experience with colour-blindness, and of whose competence there can be no doubt, report, without exception, that it is to be fully depended on—the most practical and the best.

An advantage of the method was shown to be that those who were to be examined could be present and see each individual tested, without this interfering in the least with the certainty of the result. The individual test is even hastened thereby. The colour-blind, and even the moral-eyed who are not familiar with colours, are generally rather shy about being tested, in whatever way it is done. As the method, however, is carried out, they have more confidence. The majority are even amused. The old adage holds true here, that it is easier to find fault than to do it yourself. The Surgeon, who watches not only the examined, but also those around, can often see from their faces how closely the latter observe the person being tested, when he takes out the wrong colours, as also when he neglects

confounded the test colour with green only; that it was indifferent whether he distinguishes carefully between the various kinds of green. But, in fact, this is not so unimportant. We must give full weight as to whether the confusion arises from misunderstanding, or lack of practice with colours, or, finally, from a true chromatic defect. To include all that is green would render the test tedious and impractical. In fact, no little judgment has been exercised in the selection of the very lightest shade of the green proposed as a test colour, for it is exactly what the colour-blind most readily confounds with the colours (1-5) of the plate. If the examinee were allowed to depart from the narrow limits, every shade of green could be included, the result of which would be that he would prefer to select all the vivid shades, and thus avoid the dangerous ground where his defect would certainly be discovered. This is why it is necessary to oblige him to keep within certain limits, confining him to pure green specimens, and, for greater security, to recommend him to select especially the lightest shades; for, if he keeps to the darker shades, as many try to do, he readily passes to other tone, and loses himself on foreign ground, too the great loss of time and of the certainty of the test. What we have just said of green applies also, of course, to pink. (Test IIa)

The principle of our method is to force the examinee to reveal, by an act of his own, the nature of his chromatic sense.

Now, as this act must be kept within certain limits, it is evident that the Examiner must direct him to some extent. This may present in certain cases, some difficulty, as he will not always be guided, and does either too much or too little. In both cases the Examiner should use his influence, in order to save time and gain certainty, and this is usually very easily done. This intervention is, of course, intended to put the examinee in the true path, and is accomplished in many ways according to the case in point.

We will here mention some of the expedients we have found useful:—

(A) *Interfering when the Candidate selects too many Colours.*

It is not always easy to confine the Candidate within the proper limits. In the first test he easily slips a yellow-green or blue-green skein among the others, and as soon as there is one, others follow usually; and it thus happens that in a few moments he has a whole handful of yellow-green, a second of blue green, a third of both these shades, at the same time. Our procedure has assisted us in more than one case of this kind.

(a) When the person examined has begun to select shades of one or several other colours than those of the sample, his ardour is arrested by taking from him the handful of skeins he has collected and asking him whether his eye does not tell him there are some which do not match the others, in which case he is told he may restore them to the pile. He then generally proceeds in one of the following manners:—

1. He rejects, one after the other, the incorrect skeins, so that only the correct remain, which is often only the sample skein. He is shown what mistake he has made, and he is told only to select skeins of the same hue as the specimen, although they may be lighter or darker. If his first error arose only from a misconception or want of practice in handling colours, he begins generally to understand what he has to do, and to do properly what is required of him.

2. Or else he selects and rejects immediately the test skein itself. This proves that he sees the difference of colour. He is then shown the test skein as the only correct one, and is asked to repeat the trial in a more correct manner. He is again put on the right track as just before, and the trial proceeds rightly, unless the error arose from a defect in colour sense. Many seem, however, to experience a natural difficulty in distinguishing between yellow-green and blue-green, or the dull shades of green and blue. This difficulty is, however, more apparent than real, and is corrected usually by direct comparison. If the method requiring the name of the colour to be given is used, a number of mistakes may be the result. If a skein of light green and light blue alone are presented to him, and he is asked to name them, he will often call blue green and green blue. But, if in the first case a blue skein is immediately shown him, he corrects his mistake by saying "this is blue" and "that green." In the last case the same thing happens *mutatis mutandis*. This is not the place for an explanation. It must suffice to say that the error is corrected by a direct comparison between the two colours.

(b) *Another Process.*—If the Candidate places by the side of the sample a shade, for instance, of yellow-green, the Examiner places near this another shade, in which there is more yellow, or even a pure yellow, remarking at the same time that if the first suit the last must also. The Candidate usually dissents from this. He is then shown, by selecting and classing the intermediate shades, that there is a gradation, which will diverge widely if logically carried out as he has begun. The same course is followed with colours of the blue shades, if the blue-green were first selected. He sees the successive gradations, and goes through with this test perfectly if his chromatic sense is correct.

To ascertain further whether he notices the tints of yellow and blue in the green, we can ourselves take the yellow-green and blue-green

Monochromatic Vision.—The absence of every colour sensation, except one, will be recognised by the confusion of all the hues, which will appear to be of the same intensity of light or brightness.

Dr. Joy Jeffries in his book on colour-blindness, gives a translation of Holmgren's special directions for conducting the examinations. The examinations to which Holmgren refers were for employes on the Swedish railways, but the remarks which follow are applicable to examinations for officers and seamen in the Mercantile Marine.

Special Directions for Conducting the Test.

The method plays an important part in an examination of this kind, not only from the principles upon which it rests, but also from the manner in which it is used. The best plan for directing how to proceed is by oral instructions and *de visu*, but here we are obliged to accomplish this by description. Now, this is always defective in some respects, especially if we wish to be brief. What has been said would evidently suffice for an intelligent and experienced physician; but it may not be superfluous to enter still further into detail to provide against any possible difficulties and loss of time. The object of the examination is to discover the nature of a person's chromatic sense, or sense of colour. Now, as the fate of the Candidate and that of others depend upon the correctness of the judgment pronounced by the Examiner, and, as this judgment should be based upon the manner in which the Candidate stands the trial, it is of importance that this trial should be truly what it ought to be a trial of the nature of the chromatic sense, and nothing else; an end that will be gained if our directions are strictly followed. It is not only necessary that the Examiner should carefully observe them which does not seem to us difficult—but that he also should take care that the individual examined does thoroughly what is required of him. This is not always as easy as one might suppose. If it were only required to examine people familiar with practical occupations and especially with colours and with no other interest connected with the issue of the examination than to know whether they are colour-blind or not, the examination would be uniform and mechanical; but it is required to examine people of various degrees of culture, all of whom, besides, have a personal interest in the issue of the examination. Different people act very differently during the examination for many reasons. Some submit to it without the least suspicion of their defect; others are convinced that they possess a normal sense. A few only have a consciousness, or at least some suspicion, of their defect. These last can often be recognised before examination. They will keep behind the others, and attentively follow the progress of the trial, and, if allowed, will willingly remain to the last. Some are quick, others slow. The former approach unconcernedly and boldly, the latter with over anxiety and a certain dread. Some have been, perhaps, already tested and have practised in preparations for the trial; others have never been familiar with colours. Among those already tested, some may be colour-blind. Some of these latter are uncertain about their Colour Vision and set with great care, whilst others again, having been practised in distinguishing signals, conclude that their colour sense is perfect. They make the trial quickly and without thought, of course, regularly making the mistakes characteristic of their special form of colour-blindness.

The majority, however, desire to perform their task as well as possible, that is, to do what the normal eye does. This, of course, assists in testing them, provided it does not lead to too great care, as then the testing is more difficult, the trouble being that much time is wasted.

Only a very small part have a contrary desire, namely, to pass for colour-blind, though normal-eyed. We will speak of these later, and now only concern ourselves with those who stand the test in good faith with the desire to appear normal, though perhaps they are colour blind.

The trial generally goes on rapidly and regularly. We will only mention those hindrances and peculiarities which most frequently occur. The Examiner must watch that no mistake is made from not understanding. The names of the colour need never be used, except to ascertain if the name hides the subjective colour sensation, or to find the relation between the name the colour-blind employs and his colour preception.

The person examined who thinks more of names than the test itself (this being generally a sign of school-learning) selects not only the words of the same hues—that is, those of the same colour to his eye—but all which generally have the name of this colour; for instance in the first test, not only the green like the sample, but all that are green; and with the second test, not only the pink (and what are generally called red), but all which look reddish, scarlet, cinnamon, or sealing-wax red. This is of no importance, for those who only do this have scarcely such defective chromatic sense as that with which we are concerned.

Under any circumstances it is better to correct the mistakes just mentioned, when arising from misunderstanding, and it is even necessary, in reference to the mistake we explained might occur with the first test. It might be said that it was sufficient if the examinee

colour, similar to that made by the test-skein, and quite independently of any name he may give the colour. The Examiner should explain that resemblance in every respect is not necessary; that there are no two specimens exactly alike; that the only question is the resemblance of the colour; and that, consequently, the Candidate must endeavour to find something similar in shade and something lighter and something darker of the same colour. If the person examined cannot succeed in understanding this by a verbal examination, resort must be had to action. The Examiner should himself pick out the skeins, thereby showing in a practical manner what is meant by a shade, and then restore the whole to the pile, except the sample skein. As it would require too much time to examine every individual in this way, it is advisable, when examining large numbers, to instruct them all at once, and to ask them to attentively observe the examination of those preceding them so as to become more familiar themselves with the process. This saves time, and there is no loss of security, for no one with a defective chromatic sense will be able to find the correct skeins in the heap the more easily from having a moment before seen others looking for and arranging them. He will make the same characteristic mistakes; but the normal observer, on the other hand, will generally accomplish his task much better and more quickly after having seen how it has to be done.

The coloured plate shows the test colours and some of the mistakes likely to be made by colour-blind people. The colours in the plate are of two characters:—

1st.—The colours for samples (test colours); that is, those which the Examiner presents to the persons examined; and

2nd.—The "confusion colours"; that is to say, those which the colour-blind may select as matches with the sample.

The first are shown on the plate as horizontal bands, and are distinguished by Roman numerals (I, IIa, and IIb), the second as vertical bands, under the test colours, and are distinguished by Arabic figures (1, 2, 3 etc.)

As to the similarity between the confusion colours of the plate and the wools which the colour-blind take from the heap, reliance must be placed simply on the hue, and not their brightness or degree of colour saturation. The confusion colours shown in the plate are only to illustrate the mistakes which the colour-blind may make, and for this purpose they survey perfectly. Having made this explanation, we can pass directly to the test itself. The following are the direction for conducting it, and for making a diagnosis from the results:—

TEST I.—The green test skein which is labelled Test No. I in the bundle is exhibited to the Candidate. This sample is the palest shade (the lightest) of very pure green, which is neither a yellow-green nor a blue-green to the normal eye, but fairly intermediate between the two, or at least not verging upon yellowish-green.

Rule.—The examination must continue until the examinee has placed near the test skein several other skeins of the same colour, or else, with these or separately one or more skeins of the class of "confusion colours" such as 1 to 5 in the plate, or until he has sufficiently proved that he can easily and unerringly distinguish the confusion colours, or else has given unmistakable proof of a difficulty in accomplishing it.

Diagnosis.—An examinee who places with the test skein "confusion colours" such as 1 to 5—that is to say, finds that they resemble the "test colour"—is colour-blind, whilst if he evinces a manifest disposition to do so, though he does not absolutely do so, he has a feeble chromatic sense, or sense of colour.

Remark.—We might have taken more than five colours for "confusion"; but we must remember that we are not taking into consideration every kind of defective colour sense.

TEST II.—The pink or light-purple skein, which is labelled No. IIa, is shown to the examinee. The colour is midway between the lightest and darkest. It only approaches that given as IIa of the plate, as the colour of the wool is much more brilliant and saturated and bluer.

Rule.—The trial must be continued until the examinee has placed all of the greater part of skeins of the same colour near the test skeins, or else, together or separately, several skeins of the "confusion colours," such as 6—9. If he is colour-blind, he will probably select either the light or deep shades of blue and violet, especially the deep (6 and 7), or the light or deep shades of one kind of green or grey inclining to blue (8 and 9).

TEST III.—The red skein labelled No. IIb is presented to the examinee. It is necessary to have a vivid red colour, like the red flags used as signals on Railways. The colour should be that of IIb of the plate, rather towards yellowish-red.

Rule.—This test should be continued until the person examined has placed beside the test skein the greater part of the skeins belonging to this hue, or else several "confusion colours" (10—13).

Remark.—Every case of comparatively complete colour-blindness does not always give precisely the same mistakes. Instances occur of persons who are not completely colour-blind, or of completely colour-blind persons who have been practised in the colours of signals and who endeavour not to be discovered. They usually confound at least green and brown, but even this does not always happen.

(5) In cases in which the Candidate passes the test, pieces need not be cut off the skeins he has selected.

If the Candidate passes, pieces of the wools need not be cut

(6) When the Candidate makes incorrect matches, the Examiner should, after each of the three tests, hold up the skeins selected, and ask the Candidate if he is satisfied that they all match the test skein. If he is not satisfied, he may be allowed to withdraw any of the skeins he pleases.

Candidates should be given the opportunity of correcting their mistakes.

(7) During the test for colour-blindness the Examiner should avoid naming the colours of any of the wools, and should explain to the Candidate that he does not require them to be named to him.

Candidates are not required to name the colours of the wools.

In the test for colour ignorance the Candidate has to name three colours. (See page 68.)

(8) As soon as any skein becomes discoloured, or unduly reduced in size (say, by one-third), owing to pieces having been cut off it, the matter should be reported to the Government.

Careless to be taken when the skeins of wool become reduced in size or discoloured.

(9) In the remarks which follow, reference is made to different kinds of colour-blindness (red-blindness and green-blindness), but the Examiner is not required to form any conclusion as to the kind of colour-blindness from which the Candidate suffers, and should not offer the Candidate any opinion on this point.

Examiners are not required to decide from what form of colour-blindness an unsuccessful Candidate is suffering.

All that is required is that the Examiner shall conduct the examination according to the rules laid down, and from the wools selected judge whether the Candidate is or is not colour-blind, the nature of his colour-blindness being immaterial.

(10) The result of every test should be reported to the Government on the Form Exn. 2, and to the Port Officer on the Form Exn. 14, when the Candidate is up for examination for a Certificate of Competency, and to the Government on the Form Exn. 2a, when the Candidate is up for examination in colours only.

Result of tests to be reported.

All cases of failure should also be reported to the Port Officer on Form Exn. 17b, to which should be attached Form Exn. 17c, containing the pieces of the wools incorrectly selected by the Candidate. (See paragraph 4, page 62.)

HOLMGREN'S METHOD OF TESTING FOR COLOUR.

The method of testing consists in asking the Candidate to select from variously coloured objects those which appear of the same colour as one which the Examiner selects. The most suitable objects and at the same time the most readily obtainable are skeins of wool, which can be procured of almost every desired hue and tone. An advantage of skeins of wool, besides their portability, is that, owing to their want of gloss, they appear of approximately the same tone from whichever side they are viewed. The colours of the skeins to be selected include reds, oranges, yellows, yellowish greens, pure greens, blue-greens, blues, violets, purples, pinks, browns and greys. Several shades of each colour, with at least five gradations of each tint, are provided, from the deepest to the lightest greens and greys. Varieties of pinks, blues, and violets, and of light grey, together with shades of brown, yellow, red, and pink, are well represented. The test skeins with which the examinees are to compare the other skeins are three in number:—(1) a light green; (2) a pink; and (3) a bright red. These three colours will suffice to indicate approximately the amount and kind of colour-blindness which may exist. The light green skein, which is a tolerably pure green mixed with a large proportion of white, is chosen as the colour which closely matches the spectrum colour which the red and green-blind distinguish as white or grey. It is chosen of a pale tint, as it then becomes puzzling to the colour-blind to distinguish its colour by luminosity. A light grey or drab skein will present the same brightness to him that this pale colour does, and, although he may be trained to distinguish bright colours by their relative luminosities, in the case of these pale varieties he will be unable to do so. The pink is chosen for similar reasons, and in fact it is nearly a complementary colour to the green. The pink is, according to the Young-Helmholtz theory, a mixture of two fundamental colours, the blue and the red, and, as in the green-blind it excites both the blue and red sensations, it may be confused with grey or with a green. In the red colour-blind it excites in excess the blue sensations mixed with what they call white. A blue or violet may, therefore, be matched with it.

The method of examination is as follows:—

Method of Examination and Diagnosis.

The wools are placed in a heap on a large table covered by a white cloth or white paper, and in broad daylight. The first test is to select from the pile, and hold far enough away from the eyes, any skein to be distinguished with them, during the examination. The person examined is requested to look carefully at the test skeins and then to select other skeins from the pile most nearly resembling in colour, and to place them by the side of the sample. At the same time it is necessary that he should thoroughly understand that he is required to search the heap for the skeins which make an impression on his chromatic sense, or sense of

Tests to be varied.

(8) The Examiner must take care, by varying the tests in Form Vision, and by every other means, to guard against the possibility of any deception on the part of the Candidates. The distance at which the Candidate must stand, and the standard of the vision required, should, however, never be varied.

Pellet Test.

(9) Every Candidate who fails to pass the Form Vision test is to be examined with the pellet test as follows:—

The pellets should be placed on a white plate, and the first test pellet (which is of the same colour as the first wool test skein) should then be placed at a little distance on another white plate. The Candidate should be required to pick out and lay by the side of the test pellet, all pellets of the same colour. The same should be done with the second and third test pellets, and the examination should proceed in the same way as the wool test.

(10) Should the Candidate pass the pellet test, the Form Exn. 17B together with the remarks of the Examiner, is to be forwarded to the Principal Examiner, for his instructions as to whether the Candidate is or is not to be regarded as having failed in Form Vision.

(11) Should, however, the Candidate fail in the pellet test, thus indicating that the defective form sense is due to disease, &c., it will not be necessary to submit the case to the Port Officer, but the Examiner should report the Candidate as having failed in Form Vision, and in forwarding the usual papers, a description of the colours of the pellets incorrectly selected as matches in the respective tests, with any remarks, should be given on the Form Exn. 17C, in the space allotted for the incorrect wools.

Result of test to be reported.

(12) The result of every test in Form Vision is to be reported to the Government, on the Form Exn. 2, and to the Port Officer on the Form Exn. 14, when the Candidate is up for examination for a certificate and to the Government on the Form Exn. 2a, when the Candidate is up for examination in colours only.

All cases of failure to pass the test are also to be reported to the Port Officer on Form Exn. 17B.

2.—Colour Vision Test.

Nature of the tests.

(1) The Colour Vision of Candidates is to be tested by means of Holmgren's wools.

The wools are always to be kept in the tins provided for the purpose, except when in use at an examination, in order that they may not become faded or dirty. Each set contains about 135 skeins of wool.

General instructions.

(2) Before the examination commences, the skeins should be separated from one another, but each separate skein should be kept tied up as when first received.

The three test skeins are labelled respectively I (light green), IIa (pink) and IIb (red), and they are always to be used in the order mentioned.

Care must be taken that the labels do not get detached.

The Colour Vision Test should be held only by daylight. If a good natural light is not obtainable, and artificial light has to be used, the test must be postponed. When the weather is dark or foggy, and a Candidate cannot be examined in colours before his examination in Navigation commences, he may be allowed to proceed with the examination in Navigation, provided he is examined in colours on the first available opportunity.*

Full instructions as to the conduct of the examination will be found on pages 97 to 104.

Course to be followed if incorrect selections are made by Candidates.

(3) The Examiner, as the examination proceeds, should carefully place on one side the skeins, the selection of which by the Candidate seems to indicate a defect in Colour Vision, taking care to discriminate between those selected as matching the first test skein, those selected as matching the second test skein, and those selected as matching the third test skein.

The skeins which have been correctly selected, should be returned to the general heap on the completion of each of the three tests.

(4) In every case in which the Examiner rejects a Candidate, or is in doubt as to whether he should reject him or not, he is, when the examination is finished, to cut a small piece (say, an inch) off every one of the actual skeins incorrectly selected by the Candidate, and to stitch the pieces cut off on to Form Exn. 17c, keeping the pieces cut off the skeins selected as matches to the first test skein in one line, the pieces cut off the skeins selected as matches to the second test skein in another line, and the pieces cut off the skeins selected as matches to the third test skein in a third line on the Form. The Form (Form Exn. 17c), with the pieces of wool attached to it, is then to be forwarded to the Port Officer, with the Examiner's report on Form Exn. 17B.

The greatest care must be taken that the pieces forwarded are cut off the actual skeins selected by the Candidate, in order that there may be a reliable record of the actual selections made by the Candidate if any question should subsequently arise.

Pieces need not be cut off the test skeins, but only off the skeins incorrectly selected by the Candidate.

* When the examination in Navigation precedes the Colour Test, the Candidate should be informed that the examination in Navigation will count for nothing if they should fail to pass the Colour Test.

Pieces of the wools incorrectly selected by a Candidate who fails are to be sent to the Principal Examiner of Masters and Mates.

the machinery, the Examiner will then question him on the uses of the parts, get him to point out the different cylinders, pumps, valves, condenser, &c., also the dynamo, its field magnets, armature commutators, brushes, cables, &c. He must show that he understands the run of the pipes in the bilges, not necessarily that he has gone over every one of them, but he ought to be directed to trace, at least, one important range of pipes, and to thoroughly satisfy the Examiner that he could be safely trusted to manipulate the valve or cocks in connection therewith. It will not often be practicable for the Candidate to be asked to actually work engines under steam, but he must satisfy the Examiner that he knows how to do so, and that he is aware what precautions have to be taken in regard to water in the cylinder, &c. It is most important that a Candidate should show that, in the event of an accident depriving him of the assistance of engineers, he knows what to do to safely take his vessel to an anchorage, or to stop the engines and proceed under sail alone.

The examination of a Mate in steam is the same as that of a Master. The knowledge required has no reference to the Mate's position. A Mate may be examined, but such examination implies that the Mate will one day be a Master, when the possession of the knowledge will be an advantage to him in the discharge of his duties as Master.

APPENDIX O.

THE SIGHT TESTS.

1.—Form Vision Test.

(1) The test for Form Vision in the first test which the candidate is required to undergo, and until he has passed this test, he cannot be allowed to proceed further with the examination. (See paragraph 10, page 3.)

(2) The test to be used are Snellen's Letter Test for Candidates who can read, and the "Dot" tests for those who cannot read.

The sets of tests, which have been supplied to the Examiners consist, respectively, of eight sheets of Snellen's letters and two sheets of dots.

(3) The chief object of the tests for Form Vision is to show whether the Candidate possesses eyesight of sufficient strength and range, or, in other words, they are means of discovering whether the Candidate has good or bad sight.

They also afford a means of detecting whether a Candidate is suffering from that form of colour-blindness which is caused by the excessive use of tobacco, and by illness of similar affections. All candidates who are suffering from colour-blindness arising from causes of that nature, will be found to be incapable of passing the test for Form Vision.

(4) Candidates may use both eyes or either eye when being tested, but they must not be allowed to use spectacles or glasses of any kind.

The set of tests is to be hung on the wall, in a good light, at a height of about five or six feet from the ground.

(5) If the Candidate can read, he should be placed at the distance of 16 feet from the Letter Test sheets, and exactly opposite them. The distance which should never be varied should be carefully measured, and the Candidate should not be allowed to approach within 16 feet of the test sheets.

One of the eight sheets of letters should then be exposed, and the Candidate should be asked to read the letters, beginning at the top and going downwards. If he can read correctly three of the five letters in the fifth line from the top (third from the bottom), or four of the letters in either of the two lines below, he may be considered to have passed the test. If he cannot do so, he should be treated as having failed. Candidates should be tested with at least two of the sheets of letters, and the same two sheets should not be used for all Candidates.

(6) The number printed over each row of letters only shows the distance in feet at which a person possessing ordinary or normal sight to be able to read the letters in the row and does not apply to the distance at which a Candidate under examination should be tested.

(7) If the Candidate cannot read, he must be tested with the sheets of dots. For this test he is to be placed at a distance of precisely eight feet from the test sheets, and exactly opposite them. One of the sheets of dots is then to be exposed, and the Candidate should be asked to name the number of dots in one or two of the lines of groups. Lines and groups of dots can be formed by holding a piece of white paper over part of the sheet, but care must be taken that when this is being done, the Candidate's view is not obstructed, or the light on the test sheet in any way obscured.

The Examiner must make sure that the Candidate understands what he is required to do.

If the Candidate answers the questions put to him by the Examiner with complete or very nearly complete accuracy, he should be treated as having passed. If he does not answer with very nearly complete accuracy, he should be treated as having failed.

A divided scale should be marked or fitted outside the tube or some other convenient place so as to show the proper position for the correcting magnet as found in any given magnetic latitude, and the same recorded as a guide for approximately placing the magnet in position on any subsequent voyage in the same locality, and especially on the return of the ship to the United Kingdom.

Candidates should understand that the object of tentative adjustment is to bring the deviations within manageable limits and also to equalise the directive force of the needle so far as is practicable on all courses; but no system of adjustment whatever, is sufficiently reliable in character to absolve the navigator from the necessity of using every precaution, and especially of ascertaining the deviation on every available opportunity by observations of the sun by day and the other heavenly bodies by night.

APPENDIX N.

EXAMINATION OF A MASTER OR MATE IN STEAM.

The regulations under which these examinations are conducted are printed at pages 27 to 29.

A Candidate for this examination is required to have a thorough grasp of the construction of the steam-engine and boiler, to enable him to understand the nature and importance of any defect which may be reported to him by the engineer, and work in harmony with the engineer, in affording time and facilities for disconnections, inspections, adjustments, and repairs.

To have a knowledge of what the principal repairs are which are needed in engines and boilers and pipes, and how these repairs are usually accomplished.

To be able to form an independent opinion as to a breakdown and the consequent propriety or impropriety of proceeding under reduced steam with temporarily repaired or defective machinery. To understand how to estimate approximately the reduction of fuel required for reduced speed, and consequently to sanction such reduction of speed as may seem to him to be warranted by the report of the engineer, and to satisfy himself before leaving port that there is sufficient coal for the voyage.

To have an intelligent grasp of the general run of pipes and connexions in the engine-room, the marking of cocks, the opening and closing of cocks and valves, how mistakes of importance may be made in the confusion of an accident, and how best to guard against such mistakes.

To be capable of being left in charge of the feeding of a set of boilers, to understand the working of the water-gauge, and to be able to guard against being misled by false indications of the gauge-glass.

To understand about blowing down and surfacing, the reasons for doing so, and the danger which may result from the neglect of these under certain circumstances. A Master or Mate presenting himself for examination in steam must be understood to have made up for his want of practical experience by reading up about the steam-engine. He ought, therefore, to show that he has given his mind to intelligently understanding the *rationale* of the action of the steam-engine. Under this head he should, therefore, be able to state approximately the quantity of heat required in the formation of steam, the remarkable relation of "latent" heat to "sensible" heat, how much steam can be raised by the combustion of one pound of coal, what horse-power measure is, what indicated horse-power is, what is the action of the slide-valve, the course of the steam through the engine, and the advantage of working expansively, and how the expansive action is shown by the indicator diagram. To know the uses of various parts of the engines and dynamos used for electric lighting, and how they and the cables are fitted in the hull; how wires are jointed, insulated and cased; why it is desirable that they should be led along places which are dry and accessible; what is "sparking" and what are the causes which produce it; what is its danger in coal bunkers and petroleum-carrying steamers; what are the uses of switches and cutouts, and why is it so important to prevent short circuiting taking place.

The Candidate has to answer in writing 16 out of 20 questions selected from the book of Elementary Questions.* Selections for this examination are given on the alphabetical sheet for "Steam." Generally, these answers are given by Candidates as learned by rote from a book; the Candidate should, therefore, be asked such *viva voce* questions as will necessitate his giving his answers in different words, so as to discover whether he has the root of the matter in him.

The principal part of the *viva voce* is the examination on board a steamer, preferably one with which he is unacquainted. He is told to look about and try to find out the run of the machinery without the assistance of any one; the Examiner to be in the engine-room to see that this independent examination is properly carried out. When the Candidate reports that he thinks he knows the whole arrangement of

and partly from the vertical component of the sub-permanent magnetism of the ship. In the Northern hemisphere in the majority of cases the N. point of the compass needle is drawn to windward or the high side of the ship, with, as a rule, a maximum heeling error on N. and S. points, and zero on E. and W. points by compass. If the compass is not properly placed in the ship, there may be a sensible heeling deviation on E. and W. courses.

TENTATIVE CORRECTIONS.

To correct co-efficient C.—With ship's head north or south magnetic place a bar magnet (or more than one if necessary) horizontally and exactly athwartship, either on the deck or on any convenient platform with its centre on the fore and aft line passing through the centre of the compass card, placing its red or marked end to starboard if the N. point of the needle deviates to the starboard side, or to port if it deviates to the port side of the ship, moving the magnet to or from the compass until it points correctly.

Note.—The deviation represented by co-efficient C varies inversely as the earth's horizontal force, providing the iron, is symmetrically arranged on each side of the compass.

To correct co-efficient B.—With ship's head east or west magnetic place a bar magnet (or more than one if necessary) horizontally and exactly parallel to the fore and aft midship line of the ship, either on the deck or on any convenient platform, with its centre on the athwartship line passing through the centre of the compass, the red or marked end of the magnet being directed aft if the N. point of the compass needle deviates towards the stern, or forward if it deviates towards the bow, moving the magnet to or from the compass until it points correctly.

Note.—The co-efficient B consists of two parts; one is due to the permanent magnetism of the ship, which varies inversely as the earth's horizontal force; the other to vertical induction in soft iron, which varies as the tangent of the dip. As ships in the merchant service are rarely built with a view of providing a satisfactory position for the standard compasses, it is very difficult in many ships to find a position for it where it will not be affected by vertical iron. It follows, therefore, that if this deviation be compensated, as is customary, by a fore and aft permanent magnet instead of by a vertical soft iron bar, the poles of the magnet may in some cases require to be reversed in high southern latitudes.

To correct co-efficient + D.—With ship's head on one of the quadrantal points magnetic the + D is generally corrected by boxes of small chain, cylinders of soft iron, or soft iron globes, placed athwartships on the same level, and at equal distances, on the port and starboard sides of the compass, with the centre of their mass on a level with the compass needle, move them to or from the compass till the needle points correctly.

To correct co-efficient — D.—Co-efficient — D, which is of very rare occurrence is corrected by placing the above correctors on the fore and aft sides of the compass.

Note.—When once the co-efficient D is properly corrected by soft iron, it is correct for all magnetic latitudes, provided the distribution of the iron in the ship is not materially changed, and provided the magnetism of the soft iron has not been affected by the compass needles. With short needles having small magnetic power, such, for instance, as Sir Wm. Thomson's there will probably be no change; but when a compass with long and powerful needles is employed, soft iron correctors placed very near it become magnetised by induction according to the power of the needles, and the resulting correction will not remain strictly perfect in all latitudes.

To correct Heeling Error.—The heeling error is corrected for any given magnetic latitude by placing a vertical magnet exactly under the centre of the compass card, with its N. or red pole uppermost if the heeling error is to windward or to the high side of ship, or its S. or blue end uppermost if to leeward or to the low side of ship, moving the magnet to or from the compass until the heeling error is corrected.

Note.—The heeling error due to the permanent part of the magnetism, varies inversely as the earth's horizontal force, and consequently is greatest in high latitudes, diminishes as the ship approaches the magnetic equator and increases again, still retaining the same name as the ship recedes from the magnetic equator in the Southern hemisphere. The heeling error due to transverse and vertical soft iron decreases as the ship approaches the magnetic equator, where it is zero, and is of a contrary name in the Southern hemisphere. It is probable that the poles of the vertical magnet may require to be reversed in high southern latitudes.

APPENDIX M.

COMPASS ADJUSTMENT.

It is of the utmost importance that Masters of ships should thoroughly understand the tentative method of compass adjustment as generally practised in merchant ships, and Examiners are, therefore, directed to fully satisfy themselves that all Candidates for Masters' Certificates have this particular knowledge. It should be tested in connection with the Form Exn. 7 with the aid of Captain Beall's Deviascope, and Candidates will be required to prove—(1) their knowledge of the laws of deviation, and the tentative method of compass adjustment; (2) that they understand the practical application of the answers given by them to any of the other questions on Form Exn. 7 that the Examiner may ask.

A concise statement of the present method of tentative compass adjustment is appended for the use of Examiners. It is, however, distinctly to be understood that the Board of Trade are not in any way advocating the correction of that part of co-efficient B which arises from vertical induction in soft iron by a permanent magnet instead of by a soft iron bar. The Board have no authority to interfere with the methods in use amongst compass adjusters for the adjustment of compasses in iron ships, but the Examiners must satisfy themselves that Masters are acquainted with the ordinary method as at present practised.

THE TENTATIVE METHOD OF COMPASS ADJUSTMENT AS GENERALLY PRACTISED BY COMPASS ADJUSTERS IN SHIPS OF THE MERCANTILE MARINE.

Before describing the practice, it will be as well to briefly state the co-efficients used to express the different magnetic forces:—

Co-efficient A	represents a	constant quantity.
„ B	„	semicircular deviation due to fore and aft magnetic forces.
„ C	„	semicircular deviation due to transverse magnetic forces.
„ D	„	quadrantal deviation due to horizontal induction in soft iron.
„ E	„	quadrantal deviation due to horizontal induction in soft iron unsymmetrically distributed.

SIGNS AND EFFECTS OF CO-EFFICIENTS A, B, C, D and E.

Co-efficient A represents a constant deviation of the same nature and amount on all points of the compass; + A signifying easterly, and — A westerly deviation.

Co-efficient + B represents an attraction towards the ship's head, and causes easterly deviations with ship's head in the eastern semicircle of the compass, and westerly deviations in the western semicircle, attaining a maximum value on the east and west points, decreasing to zero on north and south points, by compass.

Co-efficient — B represents an attraction towards the ship's stern, and causes easterly deviations with ship's head in the western semicircle, and westerly deviations with the ship's head in the eastern semicircle, with a maximum value on the east and west points, decreasing to zero on the north and south points, by compass.

Co-efficient + C represents an attraction towards the starboard side of the ship, and causes easterly deviations with ship's head in the northern semicircle, and westerly deviations in the southern semicircle, attaining a maximum value on the north and south points, decreasing to zero on the east and west points by compass.

Co-efficient — C represents an attraction towards the port side of the ship, and causes westerly deviations with ship's head in the northern semicircle, and easterly in the southern semicircle, attaining a maximum value on the north and south points, decreasing to zero on the east and west points, by compass.

Co-efficient + D gives easterly deviations with ship's head between N. and E. and S. W.; and westerly deviations between S. and E. and N. and W.

Co-efficient — D gives results exactly the reverse to + D.

Note—Both + D and — D have a maximum value on the four quadrantal points, and become zero on the cardinal points by compass.

Co-efficient + E gives easterly deviations with ship's head between N. E. and N. W. and S. E. and S. W.; and westerly deviations between N. E. and S. E. and N. W. and S. W.

Co-efficient — E gives results exactly the reverse to + E.

Note.—Both + E and — E have a maximum value on the cardinal points, and become zero on the four quadrantal points, but are usually very small in amount in compasses placed in the middle line of the ship.

Heeling Error.—The heeling error arises partly from vertical induction in transverse iron, and from vertical to the ship's deck,

- (b) Where the effect of red vertical sub-permanent magnetism is greater than that of the vertical induction in the soft iron.
- (c) Where the effect of red vertical sub-permanent magnetism is less than that of the vertical induction in the soft iron.
- (d) Where the effect of blue vertical sub-permanent magnetism is equal to that of the vertical induction in the soft iron.
- (e) Where the effect of blue vertical sub-permanent magnetism is greater than that of the vertical induction in the soft iron.
- (f) Where the effect of blue vertical sub-permanent magnetism is less than that of the vertical induction in the soft iron.

89. Can the heeling error be compensated? If so, state the means to be employed, and how the compensation may be effected?

90. Can the compensation of the heeling error be depended on in every latitude? If not, state the reason?

91. Do the soft iron correctors used for compensating the coefficient $+D$ have any effect on the compass needle when the ship heels over, and if so, do they draw the needle towards the low or the high side of the ship, and do they counteract, or otherwise, the effect produced by the vertical induction in the soft iron; (a) in the Northern hemisphere, (b) in the Southern hemisphere; and what is the reason of this?

92. Given the heel, the direction of the ship's head by compass, and the heeling error observed, to find the approximate heeling error, with a greater or less given heel, and with the ship's head on some other named point of the compass, the ship's magnetic latitude being in both cases the same.

93. Describe any instrument to show the ship's heel (generally called a clinometer), and state how and where it should be fixed.

94. Should the clinometer be observed when the ship is swung to determine the deviation when the ship is upright? If so, state the reason why?

95. Would you expect the table of deviation supplied by the compass adjuster from observations made in swinging the ship to remain good during the voyage, or would you expect the deviations to change? If so, state under what circumstances?

96. Is it desirable that a record of your observations for deviations should be kept as a guide for any subsequent voyage in case the ship should be in the same locality, or for further correction of the compass? If so, describe some suitable form for keeping such record.

97. Would you under any circumstances consider it a safe and proper procedure to place implicit confidence in your compasses however skillfully they may have been adjusted? If not, what precautions is it your duty to take at all times?

APPENDIX L.

DEVIATION OF THE COMPASS.

For Masters' Certificates for Home Trade Passenger Ships.

The applicant must answer in writing, on paper given him by the Examiner, all the following questions, numbering his answers to correspond with the numbers of the questions.

1. When taking a meridian altitude, how do you know when the sun is on the meridian; or, in other words, when it is noon?
2. How does the sun bear (true and magnetic) when on the meridian of an observer in these latitudes (Home Trade Limits)?
3. What do you mean by deviation of the compass, and how is it caused?
4. Having determined the deviation, how do you know when it is easterly, and when westerly?
5. Supposing the sun when on the meridian bore by your compass _____, what would be the deviation of that compass for the direction of the ship's head at the time, the variation given on the chart being _____?
6. How could you find the deviation of your compass when in port, or when sailing along a coast?
7. Name some suitable objects by which you could readily obtain the deviation of your compass, when sailing along the coasts of the channel you have been accustomed to use.
8. The bearing of two objects when in a line with each other was found on the chart to be _____ magnetic; but when brought in a line on board they bore _____ by your compass; required the deviation of your compass for the direction of the ship's head at the time.
9. What means are there for checking the deviation of your compass by night?
10. Supposing the North Star (*Polaris*) bore _____ by your compass, what would be the deviation (approximately) of that compass for the direction of the ship's head at the time, supposing the variation given on the chart to be _____?
11. Do you expect the deviation to change? If so, state under what circumstances.
12. What is meant by the variation of the compass, and what is the cause of it?

and the correction, and when the sum; and when it is of the name as that of the correction, and when of the contrary name.

69. In observing azimuths of heavenly bodies, the best method is by "time azimuths," since these can be observed without an altitude when the ship is in port, or when the horizon cannot be defined from any cause. Given the sun's declination, the hour of the day, and the latitude, to find the true bearing of the sun.*

70. By night, if it be desirable to observe the correction of the compass. Given the day of the year, and time at ship, also the latitude of the place, to determine what stars will be in good position for this purpose.

71. If your correcting magnets are so mounted that their positions can be altered, describe the process by which on open sea you can place the ship's head magnetic N. (or S.), and magnetic E. (or W.), and can make the correction perfect.

72. Given the name of a star, the time, the place of ship, the variation of the compass, and the bearing of the star by compass. Determine the deviation, and name it east or west.

73. Would you expect any change to be caused in the error of your compass by the ship heeling over either from the effect of the wind or the cargo?

74. Describe clearly the three principal causes of the heeling error on board an iron ship.

75. Towards which side of the ship would that part of magnetism induced in continuous transverse iron (which was horizontal while ship was upright) help to draw the north point of the needle when ship heels over (a) in the Northern hemisphere, (b) in the Southern hemisphere?

76. Supposing the compass were placed between the two parts of a divided beam or other athwartship iron, towards which side of the ship would iron so situated help to draw the north point of the needle when ship heels over (a) in the Northern hemisphere, (b) in the Southern hemisphere?

77. Would you expect that part of the magnetism induced in iron exactly perpendicular to the ship's deck, such as stanchions, bulkhead, &c., if below the compass, to cause any part of the heeling error when ship heels over, and if so, towards which side of the ship (a) in the Northern hemisphere, (b) in the Southern hemisphere?

78. If an ordinary standard compass placed higher than the iron top sides be compensated whilst the ship is upright, what co-efficient will be effected by heeling?

79. Under what conditions (that is, as regards position whilst building and the arrangement of iron in the ship) is the north point of the compass needle usually drawn to windward, or the high side of the ship, in the Northern hemisphere?

80. Under what conditions, as a rule, is the north point of the compass needle usually drawn to leeward, or the low side of the ship, in the Northern hemisphere?

81. State to which side of the ship, in the majority of cases, is the north point of the compass drawn when ship heels over in the Northern hemisphere; and when this is the case, and it is not allowed for, what effect has it on the assumed position of the ship when she is steering on northerly and also on southerly courses?

82. On what courses would you keep away, and on what courses would you keep closer to the wind in both the Northern and Southern hemispheres, in order to make good a given compass course (a) when north point of compass is drawn to windward, or the high side of ship, and (b) when drawn to leeward or the low side?

83. If a ship is beating to windward, when she tacks, under what circumstances will the heeling error retain the same name, and under what circumstances will it take the contrary name?

84. If a ship is placed on the opposite tack by the change of wind, the ship's course being the same by compass, will the heeling error change its name?

85. In which direction of the ship's head does the heeling error attain its maximum value, and in which direction does it generally vanish?

86. Explain clearly how that part of the heeling error due to the permanent part of the magnetism of the ship varies as the ship changes her geographical position, and what is the reason of this?

87. Explain clearly how that part of the heeling error due to the induction in transverse iron (which was horizontal when ship was upright), and iron vertical to the ship's deck, varies as the ship changes her geographical position.

88. What, then, would be the probable nature of the heeling error, that is, whether to high or low side of the ship, and whether the error would be equal to the sum or difference, &c., of the forces given (1) in high north latitudes, (2) on magnetic equator, (3) in high south latitudes? Assuming the polarity of the sub-permanent magnetism of the ship under, and affecting the compass, to be as given below: the vertical induction in soft iron, of course, obeying the ordinary laws in the above geographical positions (1), (2), (3)—

(a) In cases where the effect of ~~sub~~ vertical sub-permanent magnetism is equal to that of the vertical induction in the soft iron of the ship.

* The process of finding time azimuths by the ordinary formulae of spherical trigonometry is tedious, and since on board an iron ship these observations should be often repeated, the Candidate will be allowed to use any table or graphic or linear method that will solve the problem within a half of a degree, the altitude of the

55. Describe, in detail, how you would determine the deviation of your compass by the bearings of the sun. Also by a star or planet.

56. Describe the uses to which the Napier's diagram can be applied, and its special advantages.

57. Describe clearly how the Napier's diagram is constructed.

58. For accuracy, what is the least number of points to which the ship's head should be brought for constructing a complete curve of deviations, or a complete table of deviations?

59. Nearing land, and being anxious to check your deviations on a few courses you may probably require to steer, what is the least number of points it will be necessary to steady the ship's head upon, if making use of a Napier's diagram, in order to ascertain the deviation on each of the points, say in a quadrant of the compass and describe clearly how you would do this at sea?

60. Supposing you have no means of ascertaining the magnetic bearing of the distant object when swinging your ship for deviations, how could you find it, approximately, from bearings of the object taken with the ship's head on equi-distant compass points, and how far as a rule, should the object be from the ship when swinging or steaming round?

61. Example:—Having taken the following compass bearings of a distant object, find the object's magnetic bearings, and thence the deviations:—

(a) MAGNETIC BEARING REQUIRED:—

Ship's Head by Standard Compass.	Bearing of distant object by Standard Compass.	Deviation required.	Ship's Head by Standard Compass.	Bearing of distant object by Standard Compass.	Deviation required.
1	2	3	4	5	6
North. N. E. East. S. E.	S. 75° W. S. 64° W. S. 56° W. S. 50° W.		South. S. W. West. N. W.	S. 34° W. S. 31° W. S. 40° W. S. 71° W.	

(b) Construct a curve of deviations on a Napier's diagram with the deviations as above, and give the courses you would steer by the Standard Compass to make the following course, magnetic:—

Magnetic courses—N.N.W., S.S.E., W.N.W., E.S.E.
Compass courses required.

(c) Supposing you have steered the following courses by the Standard Compass, find the magnetic courses made from the above curve of deviations:—

Compass courses—N.N.E., E.N.E., S.S.W., W.S.W.
Magnetic courses required.

(d) You have taken the following bearings of two distant objects by your Standard Compass as above; with the ship's head at N. E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E., find the bearings, magnetic:—

Compass bearings—S. E. by S. and N. N. W.
Magnetic bearings required.

62. Assuming the deviations observed with ship's head by compass to be as follows [or as in question 61, whichever may be given], determine the value of the co-efficients A, B, C, D, and E, and from them construct a complete table of deviations (or for as many points as the Examiner may direct):—

Deviation at North	South
N. E. {	S. W. {
East {	West {
S. E. {	N. W. {

63. When swinging your ship, if it be required to construct deviation tables for two or more compasses situated in different parts of the vessel, describe the process, and how you would employ the Napier's diagram for this purpose.

64. State your rule for determining whether deviation is easterly or westerly.

65. Is a knowledge of the value of the various co-efficients of any advantage? If so, state why?

66. Describe (a) what is commonly known by the term "retentive" or "retained" magnetism, and how the ship acquires it when in port and at sea; (b) its effect on the compass needle whilst ship's head continues in the same direction; (c) the immediate consequence when the direction of the ship's head is altered, and (d) the special precautions to be invariably observed at sea on the alteration of the ship's course.

67. Describe a "Dumb-card" or "Pelorus" and its use (a) in compensating a compass, (b) in determining the deviation.

68. If you determine the deviation by an azimuth or an amplitude of a heavenly body, it is then combined with variation which together is sometimes called the correction for the compass. State when the deviation is the difference between the variation

34. On what points of the compass will each of the co-efficients D and E, + and -, give easterly, and on what points westerly deviation?

35. What conditions of the iron of a ship will produce + D and what - D?

36. State clearly which end of horizontal iron running athwartship (such as beams, &c.), and of horizontal iron running fore and aft of a ship, acquires red and which blue polarity, by induction, when ship's head is at N.E., S.E., S.W., and N.W., respectively.

37. Describe the nature of the deviation represented by co-efficients +A and -A, and describe the errors in the construction of the compass, and other causes, that frequently produce it.

38. What is the object of compensating the compass by magnets, &c., and what are the general advantages of a compensated compass over an uncompensated one?

39. Before adjusting the compass of an iron ship, what it is desirable to do with the view to eliminating, as far as possible, what may be termed the unstable part of the magnetism of the ship?

40. Describe clearly the tentative method of compass adjustment (that is, the compensation of co-efficients B, C, and D, with ship upright) as generally practised by compass adjusters in ships of the Mercantile Marine.

41. State at what distance, as a general rule, the magnets and soft iron correctors should be placed from the compass needles and what will be the consequence if they are placed too near the needles.

42. Is it necessary that the magnets used for compensating co-efficients B and C should be placed on deck? If not, state where they may also be placed, and the rules to be observed in placing them into position.

43. Does the B found on board ship usually arise altogether from sub-permanent magnetism, or does part of it usually arise from some other cause or causes?

44. If the part of B due to induced magnetism in vertical soft iron, as well as the part due to sub-permanent magnetism, are corrected by a magnet alone, as is generally the case, what is frequently the consequence on the ship changing her magnetic latitude and hemisphere?

45. How should each of these two parts of B, strictly speaking, be compensated?

46. Assuming, for the sake of clearness, that your steering compass is unavoidably placed very near to the head of the sternpost (and other vertical iron at the stern), thereby causing a very large -B from induced magnetism; describe briefly any method by which the approximate position for the compensating vertical iron bar (Flinder's or Rundle's) could be estimated in order to reduce the error; describe also how you would proceed, in order to improve, if not, to perfect, its position after observations have been made on the magnetic equator.

47. State if standard compasses, as well as steering compasses, are generally subject to this disturbance from induced magnetism in vertical iron; also whether the attraction in all cases is found to be towards the stern; and if not, state the conditions under which it might be towards the bow, and how the compensating soft iron bar should then be placed.

48. Generally speaking, does the magnetism induced in vertical iron usually have any effect in producing the co-efficient C, ship upright, or is it generally produced by sub-permanent magnetism alone? State also your reasons for saying so.

49. Provided the needles of your compass are not so long and powerful, and so near, as to cause the soft iron correctors to become magnetised by induction, would the co-efficient D, if properly compensated as you have described (Ans. 40), be likely to remain so in all latitudes and both hemispheres? If so, state the reason why.

50. Under what circumstances does the character of A and E so change as to render it desirable that these co-efficients should be disregarded or modified?

51. Supposing your compasses were allowed to remain uncompensated, explain clearly what would be the probable changes (ship upright) in the deviations produced separately by (1) the sub-permanent magnetism of the ship alone; (2) by the induced magnetism in vertical soft iron; (a) on reaching the equator; (b) in the southern hemisphere?

52. Assuming you were able to arrive at the proper proportions to be corrected, and were then to exactly compensate the sub-permanent magnetism of the ship by means of a permanent magnet, and the induced magnetism in vertical iron by a soft iron bar, would you expect any deviation to take place in your compass as the ship changed her latitude and hemisphere? And state your reasons for saying so.

53. Supposing the co-efficient D from horizontal soft iron were allowed to remain uncompensated, would you, or would you not, expect the D to differ in name or amount on the ship changing her magnetic latitude and hemisphere? And state the reason.

54. Describe how you would determine the deviation of your compass (1) by reciprocal bearings; (2) by figures on the dock walls; (3) by bearings of a distant object.

8. What do you understand by the term "soft" iron and what are its properties as regards acquiring and retaining magnetism?

9. What do you understand by the term "hard" iron; and what are its properties as regards acquiring and retaining magnetism?

11. Describe the meaning of the term "horizontal force" of the earth; where is it the greatest, and where the least; and what effect has it in respect to the increase or decrease of the directive force of the compass needle?

12. Does the magnetic equator coincide with the geographical equator; if not, state clearly how it is situated?

13. Where can the values of the magnetic dip, the earth's horizontal force, and the variation, be found?

14. State in what parts of the globe lying in the usual tracks of navigation the variation changes very rapidly, and what special precautions should be observed when navigating these localities, also why a "variation" chart is then very useful.

15. Why is a knowledge of the magnetic dip and the earth's horizontal force important in dealing with compass deviations?

16. Describe the meaning of the term "vertical force of the earth; where is it the greatest and where the least?

17. Would you expect a compass to be the more seriously affected by any given disturbing force when near the magnetic equator, or near the poles? and state the reason.

18. State briefly (a) the essentials of an efficient compass; and (b) what you would consider a good arrangement of the needles (that is, whether long or short, single or double, &c.) with the view to good compensation.

19. In stowing away spare compass cards or magnets, how would you place them with regard to each other, or what might be the probable consequences?

20. State briefly the chief points to be considered when selecting a position for your compass on board ship, and what should be particularly guarded against.

21. What is meant by transient induced magnetism?

22. Which is the red and which the blue pole of a mass of soft vertical iron (for of any soft iron not in a horizontal position) by induction, and what effect would the upper and lower ends of it have on a compass needle in the Northern hemisphere.

23. Which is the red and which the blue pole of a mass of soft vertical iron by induction, and what effect would the upper and lower ends of it have on the compass needle in the Southern hemisphere?

24. What effect would a bar of soft vertical iron have on the compass needle on the magnetic equator?

25. Describe what is usually termed the sub-permanent* magnetism of an iron ship, and state when and how it is acquired, and which is the sub-permanent red and which is the blue pole, and why it is called sub-permanent magnetism.

26. What is meant by "the composition of forces" and "the parallelogram of forces," and show how the knowledge of these is valuable in ascertaining and compensating the sub-permanent magnetism of an iron ship?

27. Describe the nature of the co-efficient B and C plus (+) and minus (-), and the different magnetic forces they represent; also why they are said to produce semicircular deviations.

28. Can semicircular deviations be produced by any other force than the sub-permanent magnetism of the ship? If so, by what?

29. On what points by compass bearings of the ship's head does + B give westerly deviation, and on what points does it give easterly; also on what points does - B give westerly, and on what points easterly?

30. On what points does + C give westerly deviation, and on what points easterly; also on what points does - C give westerly, and on what points easterly deviation?

31. The value of either co-efficient B or C being given, also the magnetic direction of the ship's head while she was being built, determine by the traverse tables the approximate value of the other co-efficient C or B and the value of both these co-efficient being given, determine approximately the direction by compass of the ship's head whilst being built, assuming, of course, that these co-efficients resulted altogether from sub-permanent magnetism.

32. Would you expect the greatest disturbance of the needle from the effects of sub-permanent magnetism alone to take place when ship's head is in same direction as when building, or when her head is at right angles to that direction, and in what direction of the ship's head would you expect to find the least disturbance?

33. Describe quadrantal deviation, and state what co-efficients represent it; also on what points of the ship's head, by compass, each of these co-efficients gives the greatest amount of deviation, and why it is called quadrantal deviation?

The term "sub-permanent" magnetism in the Syllabus is used in the sense proposed by the late Mr. G. B. Airy to denote the character of the permanent magnetism of an iron ship as distinguished from the permanent magnetism of a magnetized steel bar. The terms "sub-permanent" and "permanent" throughout the Syllabus may therefore be considered as synonymous.

37. State clearly how that part of the heeling error due to the permanent part of the magnetism of the ship varies as the ship changes her position on the globe, and give the reason for it?
38. State clearly how that part of the heeling error due to the induction in transverse iron (which was horizontal when ship was upright) and iron vertical to the ship's deck, varies as the ship changes her position on the globe.
39. Your compass having a large error, show by Beall's Compass Deviascope how you would correct it by compensating magnets and soft iron (as usually practised by compass adjusters in the Mercantile Marine) in order to reduce the error within manageable limits. Show also how the heeling error can be compensated.
40. As the co-efficient B (capable of being corrected) usually consists of two parts—one due to the permanent magnetism of the ship, and the other to vertical induction in soft iron, how should each of the two parts, strictly speaking, be corrected when compensating the compass?
41. If the whole of co-efficient B be corrected by a permanent magnet, as is usually done, what is likely to ensue as the ship changes her magnetic latitude?
42. Provided the needles of your compass are not so long and powerful, and so near, as to cause the soft iron correctors to become magnetised by induction, would the co-efficient D, if properly compensated, be likely to remain so in all magnetic latitudes and both hemisphere? If so, state the reason why.
43. State at what distance, as a general rule, the magnets and soft iron correctors should be placed from the compass needles, and what will be the consequence if they are placed too near the needles?
44. Is it necessary that magnets used for compensating co-efficients B and C should be placed on the deck? If not state where they may also be placed, and the rules to be observed in placing them into position.
45. Can the compensation of the heeling error be depended upon when the ship changes her latitude? If not, state the reason.

APPENDIX K.

SYLLABUS of EXAMINATION in the LAWS of the DEVIATION of the COMPASSES of an IRON SHIP, and in the Means of compensating or correcting it.

Candidates for the voluntary examination in compass deviation, and for Extra Master's Certificates will be required to give written answers to 40 of the questions; these will be marked by a cross by the Examiner. They will also be required to by "Beall's Compass Deviascope"—(1) their knowledge of the tentative method of compass adjustment, and (2) that they understand the practical application of the questions they have answered and of any other questions in the Syllabus that the Examiner may ask. Questions 31, 61, 62, 69, 70, 72, and 73 will be marked by the Examiner in all cases. The other questions will be *constantly* varied:—

1. Describe an artificial magnet, and how a steel bar or needle is usually magnetized.

2. Which end of the compass needle, or a magnet, is commonly termed the red, and which the blue pole?

3. Which is the red magnetic pole of the earth, and which the blue; and give their geographical positions.

4. What effect has the pole of one magnet of either name on the pole of the same name of another magnet, and what would be the consequence of the pole of one magnet of either name being brought near enough to effect the pole of contrary name, if in these cases both magnets were freely suspended?

5. By applying this law to all magnets, natural as well as artificial, describe what would be the result on a magnetic bar or needle, freely suspended, but constrained by weight or by the nature of its mounting to preserve a horizontal position; and what would be the result, if so mounted, but free to move in every direction; the earth being regarded as a natural magnet?

6. What is the cause of the variation of the Compass?

7. What is meant by the deviation of the compass?

8. What is meant by the term "local attraction;" under what circumstances have ships' compasses, from recent careful investigation, been found to be affected by it, and name some of the localities in different parts of the world where this disturbance is to be found, and consequently, where increased vigilance is necessary.

12. With the deviation as above, construct a curve of deviations on a Napier's diagram and give the courses you would steer by the Standard Compass to make the following courses magnetic :—
Magnetic courses.—S.S.W., W.N.W., N.N.E., E.S.E.
Compass courses required.
13. Supposing you have steered the following courses by the Standard Compass, find the magnetic courses made from the above curve of deviations :—
Compass courses.—W.S.W., N.N.W., E.N.E., S.S.E.
Magnetic courses required.
14. You have taken the following bearings of two distant objects by your Standard Compass as above ; with the ship's head at W. $\frac{1}{2}$ S., find the bearings, magnetic :—
Compass bearings.—W. by S. and N. $\frac{1}{2}$ W.
Magnetic bearings required.
15. Do you expect the deviation to change ; if so, state under what circumstances ?
16. How often is it desirable to test the accuracy of your table of deviations ?
17. What is meant by variation of the Compass ; what is it caused by ; and where can you find the variation for any given position ?
18. The earth being regarded as a magnet, which is usually termed the blue, and which the red magnetic pole ?
19. Which end of a magnet (or compass needle) is usually termed the red or "marked" end, and which the blue ?
20. What effect has the pole of one magnet of either name on the pole of another magnet ?
21. What is meant by transient induced magnetism ?
22. Which is the red and which is the blue pole of a mass of soft vertical iron, by induction, and what effect would the upper and lower ends of it have on the compass needle (a) in the Northern hemisphere, (b) in the Southern hemisphere, (c) on the magnetic Equator ?
23. Describe what is usually termed the sub-permanent* magnetism of an iron ship, and state when and how it is acquired, and which is the red and which is the blue pole, and why it is called sub-permanent magnetism ?
24. Describe the meaning of the expression co-efficient A ?
25. Describe the meaning of the expression co-efficient B : its signs and effects.
26. Describe the meaning of the expression co-efficient C : its signs and effects.
27. Describe the meaning of the expression co-efficient D : its signs and effects.
28. Describe the meaning of the expression co-efficient E ; its signs and effects.
29. Would you expect any change to be caused in the error of your compass by the ship heeling over either from the effect of the wind or the cargo, &c. ?
30. The compass of iron ships being more or less effected by what is termed the heeling error, on what courses is this error usually at its minimum, and on what courses at its maximum ?
31. Describe clearly the three principal causes of the heeling error on board ship.
32. State to which side of the ship in the majority of cases is the north point of the compass drawn when ship heels over in the Northern hemisphere.
33. Under what conditions (that is, as regards position of ship whilst building, and the arrangement of iron in the ship) is the north point of the compass needle usually drawn to windward or the high side of the ship in the northern hemisphere, and if not allowed for, what effect has it on the assumed position of the ship when she is steering on northerly and on southerly courses in the Northern hemisphere ?
34. Under what conditions (as in question 33) is the north point of the compass needle usually drawn to leeward or the low side of the ship in the Northern hemisphere, and, if not allowed for, what effect would it have on the assumed position of the ship when she is steering on northerly, and on southerly courses in the Northern hemisphere ?
35. The effects being as you state, on what courses would you keep away, and on what courses would you keep closer to the wind in the Northern hemisphere in order to make good a given compass-course (a) when north point of compass is drawn to windward or the high side of ship ; and (b) when drawn to leeward or the low side ?
36. Does the same rule hold good in both hemispheres with regard to the heeling error ?

* The term sub-permanent magnetism in these questions is used in the original sense as proposed by the late Sir G. B. Airy, to denote the character of the permanent magnetism of an iron ship as distinguished from the permanent magnetism of a magnetized steel bar. The terms "sub-permanent" and "permanent" through out these questions may, therefore, be considered as synonymous.

QUESTIONS RELATING TO CYCLONES ON NAVIGATING STORMS COMMON IN TROPICAL SEAS.

The Candidate must answer in writing, on paper supplied by the Examiner the following questions, numbering the answers to correspond with the questions:—

1. The direction of the wind in a cyclone being "the?" Hemisphere.
2. And suppose that the wind during the passage of the same cyclone were found to change towards the? what would be the ship's position with reference to the line of progression of the centre of the cyclone, and what action would you take?
3. Under what conditions would the change in the direction of the wind in the cyclone be the reverse of the above?
4. What are the usual indications of a ship being on the line of progression of the centre of a cyclone?
5. What are the usual indications that a ship is (a) approaching the centre of a cyclone; (b) receding from it?
6. Describe the track usually taken by cyclones in the Indian Ocean, and state the seasons of the year in which they most frequently occur in that region.

* These spaces to be filled in by the Examiners, and frequently varied.
† The Examiners to fill in whether North Atlantic, Bay of Bengal, China Seas, Indian Ocean, &c., &c.

APPENDIX I.

Questions on the deviation of the Compass used in the examination of Candidates for Certificates as Masters of Foreign-going Ships, as given on examination Form Kxn 7:—
The candidate is to answer correctly such of the following questions as are marked with a cross by the Examiner. At least 12 will be marked.
The Examiner's attention is specially called to the importance of questions, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 39, which must be marked in all cases—

1. State briefly the essentials of an efficient Compass.
2. State briefly the chief points to be considered when selecting a position for your Compass on board ship, and what should be particularly guarded against.
3. What do you mean by Deviation of the Compass, and how is it caused.
4. Describe how you would determine the deviation of your compass—(1) by reciprocal bearings; (2) by figures on the dock walls; (3) by bearings of a distant object; (4) by the bearings of the sun or other celestial body.
5. Having determined the deviation with the ship's head on the various points of the compass, how do you know when it is Westerly and when Easterly?
6. Why is it necessary, in order to ascertain the deviations, to bring the ship's head in more than one direction?
7. For accuracy, which is the least number of points to which the ship's head should be brought for constructing a curve or table of deviations?
8. How would you find the deviation when sailing along a well-known coast?
9. Name some suitable objects by which you could readily obtain the deviation of the Compass when sailing along the coast of the Channel you have been accustomed to use.
10. Supposing you have no means of ascertaining the magnetic bearing of a distant object when swinging your ship for deviations, how could you find it, approximately from bearings of the object taken with the ship's head on equidistant compass points; and what distance as a rule should the object be from the ship?
11. Example:—Having taken the following compass bearings of a distant object, find the object's magnetic bearing, and thence the deviation—

Ship's Head by Standard Compass.	1	North N. 40° E. 10° W.		Ship's Head by Standard Compass.	4	South S. 40° E. 10° W.		Ship's Head by Standard Compass.	7	North N. 110° E. 20° W.		Ship's Head by Standard Compass.	10	North N. 110° E. 20° W.	
Bearing of distant object by Standard Compass.	2			Bearing of distant object by Standard Compass.	5			Bearing of distant object by Standard Compass.	8			Bearing of distant object by Standard Compass.	11		
Deviation required.	3			Deviation required.	6			Deviation required.	9			Deviation required.	12		

MACNETIC BEARING REQUIRED:—

EXAMINATION IN CHEMISTRY.

[The Candidate will be required to work out the following questions on either a "true" or "magnetic" chart, whichever may be handed to him by the Examiner, and also determine whether the chart is a "true" or "magnetic" one, and whether it is for the northern or southern, and eastern or western hemisphere.]

- Answer.**—Compass course
Distance
Variation
Deviation

- Answer.**—Latitude
Longitude

- Answer.**—Latitude
Longitude
Distance

Additional questions for Masters, including Masters of Home Trade Passenger Ships.

- Answer.**—Compass course
Distance

8. How would you find, approximately, the time of high water at any place, the Admiralty tables not being at hand, nor any other special tables available?

All the foregoing questions, and those on Form Exn. 9 C., must be answered. But this does not preclude the Examiner from putting any other questions of a practical character or which the local circumstances of the port may require.

"The terms "true" and "magnetic" are used for the sake of brevity and convenience, to indicate charts that have compasses delineated upon them showing the "true" or "magnetic" points of the compass respectively.

81. A is a steam-vessel going north, seeing a white light and red light right ahead at B. Are A and the vessel B showing the two lights meeting end on, or nearly end on, or is B passing A, or is B crossing the path of A, and in what direction, and how do you know?

Passing to port, because if I see a red light ahead, I know that the head of the vessel carrying that red light must be pointing away in some direction to my own port or left hand. The vessel showing the red light has her port or left side more or less open to A.

86. If A is going north, within what points of the compass must the vessel B showing the white and red lights be steering?

B must be going from a little W. of S. to W. N. W.

86. How do you know this?

Because, the screens being properly fitted I could not see the red light of B at all with the vessel's head in any other direction.

87. A is a steam vessel going north, and seeing a white and green light ahead. Are A and B meeting, or is B passing A, or is B crossing the course of A, and in what direction; and how do you know?

B is passing to starboard of A, because if I see a green light ahead, I know that the head of the vessel carrying that green light must be pointing away in some direction to my starboard or right hand.

The ship showing the green light has her right or starboard side more or less open to me.

88. As A is going north, within what points of the compass must the vessel showing the white and green lights be steering?

B must be going from a little E. of South to E. N. E.

89. How do you know?

Because, the screens being properly fitted, I cannot see the green light at all with the vessel's head in any other direction.

90. If a steam-vessel A sees the three or four lights of another steam-vessel B ahead or nearly ahead, are the two steam-vessels meeting, passing or crossing?

Meeting end on, or nearly end on.

91. Do the regulations expressly require the course of a vessel to be altered to starboard in any case; and, if so, when?

Yes; in the case of two steam-vessels meeting end on, or nearly end on.

92. Do they expressly require the course of a vessel to be altered to starboard in any other case; and if so, in what other?

No, it is not in any other case expressly required by the regulations.

[The Examiner should see that the Candidate places the models in the position indicated by the question 98 and following.]

93. If a steam-vessel A sees another steam-vessel's red light B, on her own starboard side, are the steam-vessels meeting, passing, or crossing, and how do you know?

Crossing, because the red light of one is opposed to the green light of the other; and whenever a green light is opposed to a red light, or a red light to a green light, the vessels carrying the lights are crossing vessels.

94. Is A to stand on; and if not, why not?

A has the other vessel B on her own starboard side. A knows she is crossing the course of B because she sees the red light of B on her (A's) own starboard side. A also knows she must get out of the way of B, because Article 19 expressly requires that the steam-vessel that has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

95. Is A to starboard or to port in such a case?

A must do what is right so as to get herself out of the way of B; and must, if the circumstances 'of the case permit' avoid crossing ahead of B.

96. If A gets into collision by porting, will it be because she is acting on any rule?

No; the rule does not require her either to port or to starboard. If she ports, and gets into collision by porting, it is not the fault of any rule.

97. If a steam-vessel A sees the green light of another steam vessel B on her own (A's own) port bow, are the two steam-vessels meeting, passing or crossing; and how do you know?

Crossing, because the green light of one vessel is shown to the red light of the other.

98. What is A to do, and why?

By the rule contained in Article 21 of the regulations, A is required to keep her course and speed subject to the qualification that due regard must be had to all dangers of navigation and collision; and that due regard must also be had to any special circumstances which may exist in any particular case rendering a departure from that rule necessary in order to avoid immediate danger. The crossing vessel B on A's port side must get out of the way of A, because A is on B's starboard side.

99. A, a steam-vessel, sees the green light of another steam vessel B, a point on her, A's port bow. Is there any regulation requiring A to port in such a case, and if so, where is it to be found?

There is not any.

100. Are steam-vessels to get out of the way of sailing vessels?

101. A steam-vessel and a sailing-vessel are proceeding in such a direction as to involve risk of collision. The steam-vessel is to get out of the way of the sailing-vessel, and the sailing-vessel is overtaking the steam-vessel.

cable, or a vessel under way which is unable to get out of the way of an approaching vessel through not being under command or unable to manoeuvre as required by the rules?

A vessel towing, or when laying or picking up a telegraph cable, or when unable to get out of the way, shall, at intervals of not more than two minutes, sound three blasts in succession, viz., one prolonged blast followed by two short blasts.

69. What sound signal may a vessel being towed make?

A vessel towed may give the same signal as a vessel towing, and she shall not give any other.

70. What sound signal must sailing vessels and boats of less than 20 tons gross tonnage make?

If they do not give the signal prescribed for other vessels, they must make some other efficient sound signal at intervals of not more than one minute.

71. Do the regulations require vessels to take any other precaution during thick weather?

Yes. Article 16 says every vessel shall, in a fog, mist, or falling snow or heavy rain-storms go at a moderate speed having careful regard to the existing circumstances and conditions.

72. What action must be taken by a steam-vessel hearing apparently forward of the beam the fog signal of another vessel the position of which is not ascertained?

She shall, so far as the circumstances of the case admit, stop her engines, and then navigate with caution until danger of collision is over.

73. How can you generally ascertain whether there is risk of collision in approaching another vessel?

By carefully watching the compass bearing of the other vessel, and if it does not appreciably change, such risk should be deemed to exist.

74. When a steam-vessel under way takes any course required by these rules, must she indicate that course to any vessel she has in sight?

Yes. Article 28 provides that in taking any course authorized or required by the regulations, a steam-vessel under way may indicate that course to any other vessel which she has in sight by the following signals on her whistle or siren, viz.:—

One short blast to mean "I am directing my course to starboard."

Two short blasts to mean "I am directing my course to port."

Three short blasts to mean "My engines are going full speed astern."

75. What does the expression "short blast" used in the preceding Article mean?

It means a blast of about one second's duration.

76. What precaution is to be taken by steam-vessels which are directed by these rules to keep out of the way when approaching another vessel?

They shall, if necessary, slacken speed, or stop and reverse.

77. If you see two white lights in a vertical line one over the other, what do they denote as regards the vessel carrying them?

They may denote the presence of a steam-vessel end on with her side-lights not within sight on account of distance, fog, &c., or a steam-vessel towing with her side-lights not within sight on account of distance, fog, &c.; or a vessel end on to me engaged in drift net fishing, or in line fishing; or it may be a steam trawler end on, or within two points of being end on to me, or a vessel of 150 feet or upwards in length at anchor and end on to me.

78. If you see a green, or a red light with a white light below, what do they denote?

They denote the presence of a steam-vessel engaged in trawling.

79. If you see both the green and red lights with a white light below them, what do they denote?

They denote the presence of a sailing trawler coming end on to me.

80. If you see a white light alone, what does it denote as regards the ship carrying it?

It denotes the presence of a vessel or boat at anchor; or a pilot vessel on her station; or the masthead light of a vessel, under steam, with her side-lights not within sight on account of distance, fog, &c.; or a fishing vessel stationary through her gear getting fast to some obstruction, or a sailing trawler engaged in trawling, or it may be a light shown from the stern of a vessel which is being overtaken.

81. If you see a green or a red light without a white light, or both a green and a red light without a white light, is the vessel carrying the light or lights seen, a vessel under steam or a vessel under sail?

A vessel under sail.

82. How do you know?

Because there is no white mast-head light.

83. If you see a white light over a coloured light, is the vessel a vessel under sail or a vessel under steam?

A vessel under steam. The mast-head light denotes that the vessel is under steam.

[The Examiner will then take one model of a vessel which he will place on the table, and call it A. He will then take the mast-head stand with a white and red ball on it, and place it at the other end of the table, and call it B.

The Examiner should be careful that the model of one vessel only is used when the questions numbered 84 to 89 are asked.

Yes. If it is afterwards proved that he did not render assistance, his certificate may be cancelled or suspended by the court investigating the case.

119. Is it not expected that you should understand the regulations before you take charge of the deck of a vessel?

It is.

120. Why?

If I do not understand them and am guilty of default, the consequences will be very serious to me.

121. What would be a serious offence?

To cause a collision by porting the helm or doing anything not required by the regulations and without due consideration.

AIDS TO MEMORY in four verses, by the late Mr. THOMAS GRAY, C. B.

1. *Two Steam-ships meeting.*

When both side lights you see ahead—
Port your helm and show your RED.

2. *Two Steam-ships passing.*

GREEN to GREEN—or, RED to RED—
Perfect safety—Go ahead!

3. *Two Steam-ships crossing.*

Note. This is the position of greatest danger: there is nothing for it but good look-out, caution, and judgment.

If to your starboard Red appear.
It is your duty to keep clear;
To act as judgment says is proper:—
To port—or Starboard—Back—or, Stop her.
But when upon your Port is seen.
A Steamer's Starboard Light of GREEN.
There's not so much for you to do.
For GREEN to Port keeps clear of you.

4. *All Ships must keep a good look-out and Steam-ships must stop, and go astern, if necessary.*

Both in safety and in doubt.
Always keep a good look-out.
In danger, with no room to turn.
Ease her, stop her, go astern.

APPENDIX F.

SIGNALS TO BE MADE BY SHIPS WANTING A PILOT.

In the daytime.—The following signals, numbered 1 and 2, when used or displayed together or separately, shall be deemed to be signals for a pilot in the daytime, viz.:—

1. To be hoisted at the fore, the Union Jack having round it a white border, one-fifth of the breadth of the flag; or
2. The International Code pilotage signal indicated by P. T.
3. The International Code flag S with or without the Code pennant over it.
4. The distant signal, consisting of a cone, point upwards, having above it two balls or shapes resembling balls.

At night.—The following signals, numbered 1 and 2, when used or displayed together or separately, shall be deemed to be signals for a pilot at night, viz.:—

1. The pyrotechnic light commonly known as a blue light every fifteen minutes; or
2. A bright white light, flashed or shown at short or frequent intervals just above the bulwarks, for about a minute at a time.

If a master of a vessel uses or displays, or causes or permits any person under his authority to use or display, any of the pilot signals for any other purpose than that of summoning a pilot, or uses or causes or permits any person under his authority to use any other signal for a pilot, he shall for each offence be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds. [Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, Section 618(3).]

101. What is to be done by A, whether a steam-vessel or sailing vessel if overtaking B?

A is to keep out of the way of B.

102. When is a vessel considered to be an overtaking vessel? Every vessel coming up on another vessel from more than two points abaft her beam, i.e., in such a position, with reference to the vessel which she is overtaking, that at night she would be unable to see either of that vessel's side-lights, is an overtaking vessel; and no subsequent alteration of the bearing between the two vessels can make the overtaking vessel a crossing vessel within the meaning of the rules, or relieve her of the duty of keeping clear of the overtaking vessel until she is finally passed and clear.

103. In the day time how do you know when you are an overtaking vessel?

It is often hard to judge with any degree of certainty, but if in doubt assume you are an overtaking vessel and keep out of the way.

104. Have sailing-vessel under way to keep out of the way of sailing-vessels and boats fishing?

Yes; they have to keep out of the way of sailing-vessels or boats fishing with nets, or lines or trawls; but this rule does not give to and vessel or boat engaged in fishing the right of obstructing a fairway used by vessels other than fishing vessels or boats.

105. When by the rules one of two ships is required to keep out of the way of the other, what is the other to do?

To keep her course and speed.

106. Is there any qualification or exception to this?

Yes. Due regard must be had to all dangers of navigation and collision, and to any special circumstances which may exist in any particular case, and require a departure from the regulations to avoid immediate danger.

107. Is there any general direction in the steering and sailing rules, and if so, what is it?

Yes, it is this: that nothing in the rules shall exonerate any vessel or the owner, master, or crew thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper look-out, or of the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

108. Can you repeat Article () of the regulations? I refer to the article containing the rule for ().

[The Examiner will repeat this question, naming a different Article each time.]

109. What does the Act of Parliament provide as to the obligation of owners and masters in obeying the regulations respecting lights, fog-signals and steering and sailing?

Section 419 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, provides that owners and masters shall be bound to obey the regulations, and it also provides that in case of wilful default by the master or owner, he shall be deemed to be guilty of a misdemeanour for each infringement.

110. What do breaches of the regulations imply?

If an accident happens through non-observance of the regulations, it implies wilful default on the part of the person in charge of the deck at the time, unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the court hearing the case that the special circumstances of the case rendered a departure from the rules necessary.

111. If collision ensues from a breach of the regulations, who is to be deemed in fault for the collision?

The person by whom the regulations are infringed, unless the court hearing the case decides to the contrary.

112. Is there any special rule for steam-vessels navigating narrow channels?

In narrow channels every steam-vessel must, when it is safe and practicable, keep to that side of the fairway or mid-channel which is on the starboard side of such vessel.

113. Do the regulations for preventing collisions at sea apply to sea-going vessels in harbours and in rivers?

Yes; unless there is any rule to the contrary made by a competent authority.

114. Do they apply to British vessels only?

No, to foreign vessels as well, with the exception of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of Article 10 of the Order in Council of the 11th August 1884, and Orders in Council of the 30th December 1884, 24th June 1885, and 7th July 1897, which apply only to British vessels.

115. Do you know where the present regulations are to be found?

Yes, in Article 10 of the Order in Council of the 11th August 1884 and in the Orders in Council of the 30th December 1884, 14th June 1885, 27th November 1896 and 7th July 1897.

116. Is one vessel bound to assist another in case of collision?

Yes.

117. What is the penalty for default?

If the master or person in charge of the vessel fails to render assistance without reasonable excuse, the collision is, in absence of proof to the contrary, to be deemed to be caused by his wrongful act, neglect or default.

118. Is there any other penalty attached to not rendering assistance?

NOTIFICATION No. 1823B.

THE Central Distillery at Khulna, in the district of Khulna, will be abolished with effect from the 1st April 1906. It is hereby notified, under the provisions of the Bengal Excise Act, VII of 1878, that from and after that date, within the following limits of the district of Khulna, no spirituous liquors manufactured after the native process shall be sold without a license from the Collector of Khulna, and no still shall be constructed or worked or spirituous liquors be manufactured:—

Northern boundary—Jessore and Faridpur districts.

Western boundary—24-Parganas district.

Southern boundary—The Sunderbans and the Bay of Bengal.

Eastern boundary—Faridpur and Backergunge districts.

This cancels notification, dated the 18th March 1890, published at page 219, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.

S. M. NASIRUDDIN, *Offg. Secretary.*

MIS. REV. DEPT., EXCISE BRANCH, CALCUTTA, the 20th March 1906.

Statement showing the quantity of salt (private property) in bonded warehouses and afloat on the river Hooghly on the 15th day of March 1906, and transactions during the half-month from the 1st to the 15th March 1906.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.	IN BONDED WAREHOUSES IN CALCUTTA.					TRANSACTIONS DURING HALF-MONTH FROM THE 1st TO THE 15th MARCH 1906, INCLUSIVE.				
	private golas.	in Sulkea Golah.	Dock in K.	Quantity	Gra.	Quantity on whi has been paid.	Manifested arrived i port of Calcutta.	Delivered from wh for consumption inland bonded warehouses.	Delivered from bonded warehouses for consumption afloat in inland bonded houses.	
United Kingdom—		Mds	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Liverpool and other		50,889	1,44,870	1,95,759	68,973	2,64,731	66,775	1,53,805	84,109	60,190
Panga salt.										
Other European countries—										
Spanish salt		77,044	56,305	1,33,349		1,33,349	4,200	1,36,133	3,800	400
Hamburg and Bremen salt.		34,035	39,329	73,365		73,365	23,350	731	12,040	26,500
Do. rock salt		12,308	8,978	20,587		20,587				
Port Said salt		1,21,315	20,560	1,41,865		1,41,865				3,000
Aden and Red Sea—										
Aden salt		2,35,869	81,674	3,37,543		3,37,543	27,716			34,446
Salif salt		3,68,330	12,750	3,76,000	1,06,518	4,81,518	33,352	1,75,914		41,162
Do. rock salt		12,560		12,560		12,560	200			400
Kawayah salt		67,923		67,923		67,923	5,600			8,200
Muscat and Persian Gulf—										
Muscat, Lingah and Hanjam salt.		14,380	18,464	32,864		32,864	2,600			2,600
Ditto ditto rock salt		1,044		1,044		1,044				
British India—										
Bombay salt		1,51,816	2,928	1,54,742		1,54,742	1,950*			14,100
Madras salt										
Oceonada salt										
Visagapatam salt										
Other places—										
Madagascar salt										
Total		11,62,331	3,55,359	15,47,590	1,74,490	17,22,070	1,78,743	4,71,583	50,550	1,99,963
Written off during the half-month—										
Wastage in private golas						Mds.				
Ditto in Sulkea golas						Nil				
Ditto in Kidderpore Dock golas						1,530				
Abandoned and destroyed						888				
						74				
This quantity passed free of duty, duty having been paid at Bombay.										
In transit—						Mds.				
Liverpool and other Panga salt						15,180				
Salif salt						15,180				

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

L. F. MORSEHEAD,

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 24th March 1906.

Collector of Customs.

ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS.

NOTIFICATION.

IN supersession of the notification dated the 16th January 1906, published at page 184, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th idem, it is hereby notified for general information that the next general election of the Commissioners of the Baidyabati Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, under the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, as modified up to 1st November 1896, will be held on Friday, the 11th May 1906.

N. L. BAGCHI, *Personal Assistant*, for *Offy. Commissioner, on tour.*

BURDWAN COMM'R.'S OFFICE, CHINSURA, *the 21st March 1906.*

NOTIFICATION.

IN supersession of the notification, dated the 16th January 1906, published at page 133, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th idem, it is hereby notified for general information that the next general election of the Commissioners of the Bansberia Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, under the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, as modified up to 1st November 1896, will be held on Saturday, the 5th May 1906.

N. L. BAGCHI, *Persl. Asst.*, for *Commissioner, on tour.*

BURDWAN COMM'R.'S OFFICE, CHINSURA, *the 21st March 1906.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that at a bye-election held on Saturday, the 3rd March 1906, in Ward No. II of the Joynagar Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, Babu Sarat Chandra Bhattacharjee was duly elected as a Commissioner for that ward in the place of Babu Benoy Krishna Dutt, who has been removed from the Municipal Board under section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act.

E. W. COLLIN, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 24th March 1906.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that at a bye-election, held on the 3rd March 1906, in Ward No. II of the Maniktola Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, Babu Kartic Chandra Bose has been duly elected to be a Commissioner for that Ward in the place of Babu Mohendra Nath Biswas, deceased.

AMRITA LAL MUKHERJI, *Persl. Asst.*, for *Commr.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 27th March 1906.*

NOTIFICATION.

THE following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Bharathpura Dispensary, in the district of Patna, in addition to the appointed under notification, dated the 23rd February 1906, published at page 355, Part of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 20th idem :—

1. Chairman, Local Board, Dinapore ... *Ex-officio.*
2. Mahant Krishna Nand.
3. Babu Laldhari Singh.
4. „ Gopal Narain Singh.
5. „ Debi Lall.

E. V. LEVINGE, *Addl. Commissioner*

PATNA COMM'R.'S OFFICE, BANKIPORE, *the 24th March 1906.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under Rule 21 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the Management of Charitable Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Bahadurganj, in the district of Purnea:—

- | | | |
|--|-----|---|
| 1. Subdivisional Officer, Kishenganj | ... | <i>Ex-officio Chairman.</i> |
| 2. Sub-Registrar, Bahadurganj | ... | <i>Ex-officio Member and Secretary.</i> |
| 3. Senior Sub-Inspector of Police, Bahadurganj | ... | <i>Ex-officio Member.</i> |
| 4. Munshi Meher Ali of Dasiatoli, Honorary Magistrate | ... | } <i>Members.</i> |
| 5. Batu Hari Prasad Das, Zamindar of Rupni | ... | |
| 6. Munshi Leakut Hossein, Mukhtar and Zamindar of Haldikhora | ... | |
| 7. Munshi Moshun Ali, Zamindar of Baigna | ... | |
| 8. Munshi Lal Ali, Mukhtar | ... | |

D. J. MACPHERSON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BHAGALPUR, the 11th March 1906.



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1906.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
CIRCULAR and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 24th February 1906	403	RESULTS of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 25th February to 3rd March 1906	411
Statement showing the quantities of the Principal staples of Traffic imported into and exported from Calcutta from the interior in the nine months of April to December 1905	404	Bengal and North-Western Railway for the month of November 1905	412
		Eastern Bengal State Railway during the month of December 1905	414
		Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways	416

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate Return of Traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 24th February 1906, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

NATURE OF CARGO.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 24TH FEBRUARY 1906.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 25TH FEBRUARY 1905.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	436	2,12,548	3,664	2,051	4,47,650	8,268
Jute	228	84,750*	1,261	27	7,450†	124
Firewood	44	41,475	616	98	1,01,375	1,522
Other articles	629	1,79,460	2,261	1,005	2,82,015	3,968
Total	1,337	5,18,233	7,802	3,181	8,38,490	13,882

* Weight by canal measurement, 81,387½ maunds.

† Ditto ditto, 8,482½ "

Imports of Principal Articles into the Calcutta trade Block

Whence imported	FOOD-GRAINS							FIBROUS PRODUCTS		OILSEEDS			
	Rice and paddy			Wheat	Wheat flour	Gram and pulse	Other food-grains	Total	Jute, raw	Gunny bag†	Linseed	Mustard seed	
	Rice	Paddy*	Total (in rice)										
BEHAL													
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	No	Mds	Mds	
Bardwan	653,773	158,286	784,002	9,934	3,273	24,968	458	825,355	12,147	178,703	12,011	1,896	
Birbhum	1,889,382	48,460	1,910,545	361	47	2,885	.....	1,810,548	870	26,875	10,198	179
Bankura	53,918	217	53,059	.....	.....	38	.....	53,087	88	29,120	30	.....
Midnapore	1,676,231	18,993	1,695,101	720	62	26,168	358	1,715,401	9,688	105,161	13,394	64	
Hooghly	826,788	138,475	913,380	28,516	338	70,005	701	1,013,370	660,813	9,329,478	27,678	16,313	
24 Parganas	2,348,018	276,828	2,627,819	1,363	553	19,948	.....	2,639,109	2,653,282	20,028,776	17,110	250
Nadia	81,912	4,040	86,112	98,389	219	1,023,401	16,158	1,194,398	908,609	84,076	71,198	1,847	
Marhabad	307,126	1,481	305,088	67,133	663	180,181	5,670	541,607	298,740	17,005	56,034	8,737	
Jessore	4,712	41,383	36,568	258	.....	223,541	1,235	237,682	479,076	5,705	4,808	2,083
Khulna	16,648	301,579	143,088	.....	119	32,406	.....	175,911	328,138	76,055	9,808	885
Rajshahi	1,690	1,985	2,981	4,193	6	14,637	852	22,738	711,375	511,640	1,204	167	
Dinajpur	17,615	8,068	22,687	.....	.....	1,926	.....	24,669	326,126	455,965	223	270
Jalpaiguri	240	.....	241	101	.....	.....	.....	943	178,900	.....	.....	.....
Darjeeling	1	.....	1	610	.....	2,831	233	4,168	1,416,837	119,035	9,892	3,881
Rangpur	1,199	.....	1,160	230	.....	2,037	.....	8,732	460,141	74,760	1,280	1,878
Fogra	6,119	830	6,975	.....	.....	4,062	396	6,343	1,483,961	83,403	10,284	4,466
Patna	1,891	7	1,895	.....	.....	7	.....	78	100,378	6,010	.....	.....
Cooh Behar	68	.....	66	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,268	2,891,309	63,005	7,603	27,894
Dacca	587	278	787	853	.....	4,648	.....	47,113	1,279,997	180,320	8,513	34,016
Mymensingh	18,784	41,800	44,671	170	3	2,298	.....	90,871	3,408,604	27,333	82,840	14,412
Faridpur	24,910	3,268	28,949	3,338	.....	.....	.....	1,086,701	33,801	4,944	5,372	625
Backergunge	1,083,303	5,067	1,088,470	.....	.....	2,231	.....	6,504	413,668	5,040	1,780	29,390
Tiptera	6,183	4	6,185	.....	.....	319	.....	4,408	4,421	1,285	4,860	.....
Noakhali	4,283	200	4,483	.....	.....	.....	.....	66	289,439	12,930	525	1,023
Onitagon	66	.....	66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Bengal	8,438,630	910,873	9,028,425	210,865	5,372	1,673,912	21,656	10,946,483	18,772,225	38,740,663	671,245	144,465	
BIHAR													
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	
Patna	217	.....	217	113,190	42	417,255	35,801	565,005	5	15,000	341,711	78,392
Gaya	81	215	215	99,908	.....	136,811	1,822	233,548	.....	14,560	247,390	35,105
Shahabad	2,913	.....	2,913	297,474	57	202,227	13,434	516,104	7	7,810	134,463	8,275
Baran	.....	.....	.....	7,013	.....	3,606	5,782	10,401	.....	5,003	46,336	8,878
Champan	847	.....	847	11,920	5,947	8,899	23,530	51,403	6,643	6,195	123,775	24,525
Munshapur	3,270	.....	3,270	42,584	.....	19,412	14,233	78,439	3,305	6,475	108,742	20,692
Darbhanga	4,037	.....	4,037	14,958	.....	17,403	4,780	44,309	831	6,405	100,765	21,154
Monghyr	8,848	.....	8,848	293,281	1,471	311,935	18,409	739,898	39,036	83,735	196,163	145,083
Bhagalpur	7,144	.....	7,144	417,186	.....	144,264	171,074	739,898	39,036	10,445	120,638	138,891
Purnea	589	.....	589	13,972	.....	10,265	5,196	35,071	1,301,299	28,810	14,038	67,914
Malda	7,029	.....	7,029	22,617	.....	87,829	11,038	80,903	160,741	1,621	12,369	1,414
Sonthal Parganas	75,783	4	75,785	265,335	6	134,354	41,051	519,583	132,626	15,363	73,272	93,333	
Total Bihar	110,110	219	110,347	1,702,591	7,525	1,481,740	354,960	3,647,053	1,003,994	150,544	1,380,373	618,016	
ORISSA													
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	
Cuttack	67,084	.....	67,088	.....	5	10,063	.....	77,156	6,981	18,435	.....	1,081
Balesore	903,512	111,768	978,980	776	.....	30,815	172	1,004,023	41,338	24,945	3,513	836
Puri	156,695	.....	156,695	.....	.....	24	.....	156,619	.....	2,905	.....	.....
Bambalpur	88,546	.....	88,546	.....	.....	34	.....	88,540	871	.....	11	225
Mouthanaj State	7,681	.....	7,681	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,715	.....	380	.....	94
Total Orissa	1,193,422	111,768	1,305,170	776	5	40,436	172	1,304,080	52,160	43,635	5,524	2,866	
CHOTA NAGPUR													
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	
Hasaribagh	105	.....	105	.....	.....	31	.....	196	43	1,293	2,183	628
Palaman	20,265	.....	20,265	45	.....	645	.....	36,946	.....	1,050	38,024	30,047
Manbhum	121,938	.....	121,938	67	.....	713	.....	122,682	.....	04,085	613	833
Singbhum	229	.....	229	.....	.....	.....	.....	229	.....	5,390	6,303	88
Gangpur State	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	350	.....	289
Total Chota Nagpur	148,632	.....	148,632	45	37	1,389	.....	159,143	43	73,500	47,034	31,896
Total	9,182,814	1,058,849	10,547,594	1,914,307	12,930	3,202,807	370,680	14,046,217	20,428,448	39,007,644	2,103,985	786,635	
OTHER PROVINCES AND PLACES													
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	
Burma	33,343	1,190	33,946	126	.....	46,175	172	80,469	.....	23,154	60	.....
Assam	87,679	6,016	91,439	289	28	899	.....	94,845	187,350	33,040	41,906	858,801
U P of Agra and Oudh	5,485	1,119	6,184	3,489,366	39,938	620,548	19,894	3,181,708	30,418	26,090	460,410	634,758	
Punjab	497	.....	497	379,109	52,032	131,803	35,903	560,935	.....	.....	844	499,049
Blind	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,971
Central Provinces and Berar	37,041	499	37,347	1,328,683	1	695,636	388	1,089,054	4,603	.....	319,773	44,112
Bombay	123	.....	123	11	12	13	4	171	.....	.....	30,187	98,489
Madras	5,999	.....	5,999	741	.....	54,024	.....	45,065	791	26,893	7,906	27,738
Rajasthan and Central India	.....	.....	.....	26,153	.....	6,135	.....	45,238	.....	280	120,568	118,518
Mysore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
GRAND TOTAL	10,025,589	1,067,865	10,893,879	6,042,900	105,970	4,745,358	416,807	32,008,294	30,611,406	39,115,143	3,078,048	3,499,101	
1903	7,335,498	1,431,888	8,330,437	14,038,321	82,870	3,708,206	574,187	23,178,508	18,786,825	31,837,745	8,581,478	3,340,255	
1904	6,847,986	1,296,913	7,447,030	7,406,021	30,841	5,041,319	354,256	20,391,797	17,608,684	15,406,065	6,816,216	3,071,941	

* One mowad of paddy is equivalent to 25 acres of rice
† Including gunny-sack, 3 yards = 1 bag

No II

Statement of the Routes by which the Articles enumerated in Table No I were imported into the Calcutta trade block in the nine months of April to December 1905.

ROUTES	FOOD-GRAINS						FIBROUS PRODUCTS		OILSEEDS	
	Rice	Paddy	Wheat	Wheat flour	Gram and pulse	Other food-grains	Jute, raw	Gunny-bags*	Linseed	Mustard seed
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	No	Mds	Mds
By boat	4,156,836	557,300	184,249	608	934,703	40,303	3,043,683	32,725,579	257,505	64,968
„ river steamer ...	290,833	50,146	31,595	71	119,283	1,284	2,775,067	163,060	101,833	339,966
„ rail { E. I. Railway	2,133,338	226,435	4,561,730	108,551	2,179,138	365,304	2,470,636	997,920	2,041,461	1,843,764
„ rail { E. B. S. Railway (including B. C. Railway)	468,070	16,265	27,580	1,045	672,301	9,311	10,117,038	4,717,335	350,061	63,336
„ rail { A. B. Railway	3,012	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	24,789	19,320	810	2,330
„ rail { B. N. Railway	1,800,024	55,024	1,235,758	59	697,509	26	70,888	133,960	260,093	49,891
„ rail { Bombay Railway	3	.....	.....	.....	25,317	.....	.....	.....	30,295	.....
„ rail { Howrah-Amra and Howrah-Sheakhala Light Railways†	337	63	.....	2	11	.....	6,451	40,390	304	.....
„ road	1,055,319	95,195	.....	274	9,639	3	1,199,614	278,160	4,226	251
„ sea	327,267	67,233	883	.....	105,437	176	303,140	38,804	23,140	134,505
Total { 1905 ...	10,028,589	1,067,865	6,042,500	105,970	4,715,339	416,307	20,611,506	39,115,148	3,075,048	2,499,101
Total { 1904 ...	7,335,498	1,431,883	14,023,222	82,370	5,269,236	874,187	18,755,825	21,327,745	8,851,475	3,249,855
Total { 1903‡ ...	6,657,085	1,205,913	7,498,021	30,641	5,041,819	334,256	17,003,884	15,400,065	6,618,236	3,071,047

ROUTES	Tea, Indian	Cotton, raw	Silk, raw	Coal and coke	Indigo	SUGAR		TOBACCO	
						Refined	Unrefined	Unmanufactured	Manufactured
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds
By boat	5,855	14,779	94	73,698	.....	4,710	177,115	91,783	5,897
„ river steamer ...	1,008,555	12,406	4,937	41,755	.....	723	5,256	8,805	2,893
„ rail { E. I. Railway	5,707	572,000	4,587	83,383,866	14,468	1,519	85,707	51,874	14,547
„ rail { E. B. S. Railway (including B. C. Railway)	551,486	16,666	3,582	367	110	136	51,713	327,624	1
„ rail { A. B. Railway	116,226	6,329	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....
„ rail { B. N. Railway	146	17,690	.....	20,926,332	.....	1	1	543	814
„ rail { Bombay Railway	1	195,910	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300	4
„ rail { Howrah-Amra and Howrah-Sheakhala Light Railways†	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	18	2	.....
„ road ... ..	.....	9,343	.....	61,811	.....	59,950	180,696	83,330	3,062
„ sea	12,126	134,421	13	.....	.....	191,725	.....	2,332	2,095
Total { 1905 ...	1,785,803	980,044	13,216	104,487,289	14,608	258,764	500,506	519,641	35,213
Total { 1904 ...	1,004,663	507,025	9,175	93,037,033	24,498	223,366	472,083	563,863	32,040
Total { 1903‡ ...	1,818,066	474,829	14,083	52,234,665	40,240	205,731	429,520	438,423	36,033

* Including gunny-cloth, 2 yards = 1 bag

† Trade carried by these Railways was not registered previous to April 1905

‡ Exclusive of the trade between Calcutta and Assam, carried partly by river and partly by the Dibru-Gadiya Railway

No III

Imports of certain Articles into Calcutta by Sea (Foreign and Coastwise) in the nine months of April to December 1905

	COTTON FINCE-GOODS		COTTON YARN		Salt	Kerosene oil
	European	Indian	European	Indian		
From Foreign Countries—	Rs	Rs	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds
United Kingdom	14,06,82,900	.....	103,608	.....	3,333,139	905
Other countries	20,13,910	.....	9,909	.....	3,592,366	1,354,983
Total	14,26,96,710	.....	113,517	.....	7,154,505	1,956,888
Coastwise—						
Bombay	31,417	57,34,309	.....	80,000	740,487	.....
Bird	.....	1,200	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madras	5,118	2,88,915	.....	.....	2	.....
Other ports in Madras	265	1,938	.....	.....	26,909	.....
Barma	67,365	73,251	.....	.....	.....	1,906,488
Other ports	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,090	.....
Total	1,05,185	60,96,623	.....	80,000	770,488	1,956,488
Total	1905	1905	1905	1905	1905	1905
	14,31,01,806	60,96,623	113,517	80,000	7,934,993	3,253,377
	12,89,11,309	49,75,164	71,056	109,136	9,322,889	3,227,067
	10,79,03,000	42,85,910	62,466	105,518	8,065,729	3,263,445

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, MARCH 7, 1906.

Exports of Principal Articles from Calcutta by Sea (Coastwise and to Foreign countries) in the nine months of April to December 1905

	Rice	Paddy*	Total (in rice)	Wheat	Wheat flour	Gram and pulses	Other food-grains	Total	Jute, raw	Gunny-bags†
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	No
Coastwise—										
Bombay ...	236,597	.....	236,597	116	.....	73,013	389	280,114	.....	13,860,533
Veraval ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	401	.....	3,346,098
Sind ...	401	.....	401	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,060,983
Madras ...	372,703	569	373,272	3,179	21,436	125,370	14,533	536,086	.....	3,180,865
Other ports in Madras ...	718,168	46,646	764,814	198	12,079	45,101	150	804,847	.....	443,400
Quilon ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,619	1,692	.....	4,301	.....	.....
Pondichery ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Goa ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....
Kattywar ...	5	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,598	29	43,990
Allepey ...	10,349	398	10,747	.....	.....	.....	.....	462,221	425	18,007,817
Nurma ...	37,777	240	38,017	6,344	230,472	163,110	19,368	432,221	425	618,921
Other Indian ports ...	479	.....	479	45	14,148	13,546	13	33,531	63	43,084,566
Total ...	1,346,476	47,883	1,394,359	9,802	250,754	432,621	34,448	2,134,103	542	
To Foreign countries—										
United Kingdom ...	632,313	.....	632,313	2,634,509	8,510	1,320,323	55,958	4,638,511	5,571,223	29,604,679
Other countries ...	6,705,778	26,820	6,732,598	460,496	75,070	392,357	78,317	7,720,824	6,633,552	388,098,922
Total ...	7,338,091	26,820	7,364,911	3,095,005	83,580	1,712,680	134,275	12,359,335	12,204,774	418,603,594
Total ...	14,684,567	74,703	14,759,270	3,104,827	334,334	2,143,003	168,718	14,531,940	12,265,316	401,658,160
1905 ...	8,691,460	74,703	8,766,163	3,104,827	334,334	2,143,003	168,718	14,531,940	12,265,316	401,658,160
1904 ...	6,389,283	9,589	6,398,872	10,307,941	424,800	2,470,537	327,398	20,305,952	12,395,476	422,108,715
1903 ...	5,082,129	23,369	5,105,498	4,972,673	295,143	2,755,464	426,817	13,547,030	11,620,209	400,179,601

	Linseed	Mustard seed	Tea, Indian	Cotton, raw	Silk, raw	Coal and coke	Indigo	SUGAR		TOBACCO	
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Refined	Un-refined	Un-manufactured	Manufactured
Coastwise—											
Bombay ...	.....	.....	15,479	11	4	31,796,397	890	2,690	.....	.....	30
Veraval ...	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	7,901,741	.....	.....	.....	20	41
Sind ...	.....	.....	656	.....	.....	2,138,068	.....	2,246	.....	.....	1,365
Madras ...	.....	.....	669	.....	41	2,148,379	.....	2,917	27	734	715
Other ports in Madras ...	.....	13,628	134	.....	1	141,556	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Quilon ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	38,383	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pondichery ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	457,823	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Goa ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	254,569	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kattywar ...	.....	.....	17	.....	.....	164	.....	.....	.....	.....	40
Allepey ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,224,703	4	16,559	11,629	186,072	3,001
Nurma ...	21	1	4,386	932	115	186,405	.....	20,121	4,389	3,241	153
Other Indian ports ...	1	1,370	4	.....	2	43,392,207	403	44,252	15,945	170,667	6,263
Total ...	22	14,997	21,317	943	163	43,392,207	403	44,252	15,945	170,667	6,263
To Foreign countries—											
United Kingdom ...	1,639,515	25,843	1,193,538	12,904	1,861	817	4,141	14	.....	.....	237
Other countries ...	1,399,453	117,368	409,673	411,335	0,076	16,101,358	4,225	1,264	252	25,996	1,308
Total ...	3,038,968	143,211	1,603,211	424,239	10,937	16,102,175	8,366	1,278	252	25,996	2,145
Total ...	3,060,990	158,208	1,624,428	435,662	11,100	59,504,382	8,769	45,530	16,227	196,663	7,410
1905 ...	3,060,990	158,208	1,624,428	435,662	11,100	59,504,382	8,769	45,530	16,227	196,663	7,410
1904 ...	2,802,330	843,466	1,710,181	243,083	7,407	40,130,313	14,389	23,796	16,738	218,257	6,894
1903 ...	2,764,325	985,007	1,263,944	225,965	11,796	40,850,051	4,774	28,492	16,243	188,970	4,756

* One maund of paddy is equivalent to 35 seers of rice
† Pounded and measured in bags, 2 yards = 1 bag

No V

Exports of certain Articles from the Calcutta trade block by Rail, Road, River, Canal, and Sea (coastwise) in the nine months of April to December 1905

	COTTON PIECE-GOODS*		COTTON YARN		Salt	KEROSENE OIL		Gunny-bags†
	European	Indian	European	Indian		From Calcutta	From Budget	
BENGAL	Rs	Rs	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	No
Burdwan	23,85,675	42,154	2,573	11,325	335,320	4,549	90,096	751,615
Birbhum	14,30,889	47,079	801	8,124	163,357	225	30,618	843,570
Bankura	4,35,480	3,300	18	7,427	72,024	53	363	64,610
Midnapore	24,06,903	2,22,781	7,533	10,563	444,310	822	5,705	463,454
Hongkby	14,86,180	2,11,187	4,537	431	185,067	38,261	14,230	340,548
24-Parganas	17,50,545	3,10,313	4,131	443	170,084	86,372	37,052	814,562
Calcutta	31,08,071	1,57,893	8,448	7,451	205,730	1,195	76,070	781,372
Nadia	14,37,027	33,332	1,226	1,701	1,371	1,533	35,842	265,635
Murshidabad	7,47,194	8,83,707	8,061	4,639	17,447	25,653	13,936	92,762
Jessore	4,97,540	1,53,772	1,807	1,148	9,393	20,562	2,550	51,240
Khulna	22,14,287	29,310	2,629	917	100,520	390	30,472	116,503
Rajshahi	11,04,313	56,431	67	2,954	118,700	941	12,597	129,030
Dinajpur	14,03,783	70,820	897	1,794	105,945	1,404	35,387	45,680
Jaipur	11,46,198	8,061	623	2,165	59,471	1,756	29,309	54,110
Darjeeling	37,75,089	1,98,528	1,511	3,391	230,778	4,222	30,450	108,780
Rangpur	19,90,441	26,761	359	2,234	104,354	1,351	15,703	102,900
Bogra	15,04,630	1,43,811	6,480	2,090	339,461	452	212,873	83,285
Patna	6,07,291	7,811	47	670	41,482	238	1,290	11,200
Cooch Behar	58,81,027	1,06,669	15,280	1,149	537,177	4,444	22,236	100,001
Dacca	30,72,479	1,38,254	1,447	1,670	206,171	256	70,905	91,870
Mymensingh	18,47,004	2,30,621	16,098	811	241,598	41,591	31,026	125,606
Faridpur	25,00,084	4,167	16,217	180	282,812	56,544	56,054	262,000
Backergunge	16,02,400	8,731	10,303	79	113,100	1,351	14,099	143,185
Tippura	7,56,219	.....	4,994	.....	6,582	184	.....	10,358
Nonkhali	9,25,461	5,433	4,476	.....	461	121	1,021	379,376
Chittagong ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Bengal	4,62,59,014	26,31,725	127,304	72,961	4,411,460	290,510	1,639,859	5,711,501
BIHAR								
Patna	25,01,607	26,709	3,747	6,131	327,197	302	160,838	1,442,334
Gaya	23,00,928	29,350	1,550	14,409	187,031	69	31,577	405,250
Shahabad	27,84,841	13,424	435	3,101	114,342	190	23,965	825,766
Saran	30,79,895	7,320	1,244	1,587	167,327	418	20,156	76,811
Champanan	57,23,113	56,348	110	3,431	190,713	297	58,695	224,710
Muzaffarpur	35,55,009	94,102	.....	3,706	249,576	174	84,765	256,469
Darbhanga	39,01,705	61,094	8	1,775	211,052	773	60,823	1,029,705
Monohyr	19,73,893	34,404	409	7,811	219,517	267	63,470	602,201
Bhagalpur	41,02,796	1,14,857	265	8,390	269,826	1,549	69,952	177,575
Purnea	31,25,380	54,108	1,774	9,500	283,213	693	58	132,065
Maida	12,04,844	10,831	2,369	2,115	65,453	528	90,436	655,050
Sonthal Parganas	19,02,518	11,507	1,112	1,071	224,707	.....	.....	.....
Total Bihar	3,41,06,809	5,32,104	13,023	81,128	2,569,274	5,275	726,344	6,138,460
ORISSA								
Cuttack	8,20,427	66,162	.....	17,392	7,643	232	371	371,000
Balasore	5,35,023	9,337	4,821	34,122	243,770	83	29,542	960,175
Puri	1,25,340	1,740	.....	162	226	90	172,915	172,915
Sambalpur	1,70,661	4,615	7	519	1,297	134	56	189,380
Mourbhauj State	34,580	.....	.....	53	5,247	34	.....	9,546
Total Orissa	16,96,445	81,754	4,831	52,659	263,173	577	21,399	1,704,235
CHOTA NAGPUR								
Hazaribagh	5,75,861	1,978	33	3,901	63,503	235	11,571	14,735
Palamau	6,12,214	547	11	67	57,203	78	3,954	69,510
Manbhum	17,01,871	14,723	29	14,482	228,547	2,332	17,406	76,300
Singbhum	3,38,105	3,624	.....	532	46,261	149	573	178,140
Gangpur State	81,768	1,868	.....	534	17,127	103	.....	9,916
Total Chota Nagpur	33,09,849	26,737	73	19,520	432,641	2,601	33,504	319,125
Total	8,54,01,807	32,62,410	145,921	229,207	7,676,548	308,264	2,421,106	18,903,711
OTHER PROVINCES AND PLACES								
Burma	8,37,231	38,590	4,710	34,418	140	.....	23,607	18,607,117
Assam	68,50,783	3,34,299	12,341	7,150	418,378	10,486	89,678	335,266
U P of Agra and Oudh	2,78,47,367	7,09,100	8,973	3,696	224,048	965	534,310	6,883,570
Punjab	63,57,607	4,26,173	3,986	438	190	163	46,780	5,223,400
Sind	24,326	4,047	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,348,074
Central Provinces and Berar	11,18,281	22,612	230	3,324	5,948	851	19,946	3,348,074
Bombay	2,50,818	53,994	.....	45	.....	.....	4,536	18,408,377
Madras	8,05,275	11,007	187	6,615	88	377	82,523	4,901,188
Rajputana and Central India	10,05,852	3,187	449	31	1,584	123	9,960	366,300
Nizam's Territory	36,087	1,418	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	319,196
Nagore	3,329	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,944
Alleppey ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	45,900
Pondicherry ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	416,400
Nicobar Islands ... ..	.....	680	.....	1	.....	.....	5	.....
Port Blair	14,690	.....	.....	808	.....	.....	223	709
GRAND TOTAL	13,07,82,833	48,46,662	177,602	984,955	8,897,473	321,331	3,251,782	75,381,246
1904	12,90,09,799	11,80,912	175,375	947,316	8,037,396	427,934	3,980,996	84,783,852
1903	10,53,82,370	6,34,636	168,126	257,938	6,852,451	349,515	2,762,500	65,516,606

* The value rates are fixed quarterly, and the monthly valuation is made at the value rates of the preceding quarter
† Represents the trade registered at the traffic-registering stations only
‡ Including gunny-cloth, 2 yards = 1 bag

**Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from
25th February to 3rd March 1906.**

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Fahr.	TEMPERATURE.				HYGROMETRY.				WIND.		Miles recorded.	Rain.	WEATHER.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.				
1906.		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%			Inches.		
Feb.	25th	182.8	9.0	29.934	67.7	75.3	13.4	61.9	60.6	0.445	55.7	64	NNW	...	134	Nil	Clear, D.
"	26th	182.7	8.9	30.029	64.3	73.6	16.9	56.7	56.5	260	49.8	53	NNW and N by W.		114	"	Chiefly clear, D.
"	27th	135.1	8.8	0.06	64.6	77.3	23.7	53.6	56.6	251	49.2	57	N by W and NNW.	and	156	"	Chiefly clear, D.
"	28th	133.7	8.8	0.017	64.3	75.9	21.5	54.4	57.5	53	51.6	61	NNW	...	109	"	Clear, D.
Mar.	1st	131.3	9.0	0.044	61.4	72.8	21.1	51.7	53.2	308	45.7	54	NAW, WNW and NW.		101	"	Clear, D.
"	2nd	134.8	9.1	0.050	64.3	73.4	26.4	52.0	56.0	351	49.2	57	NW and WNW		84	"	Clear, D.
"	3rd	138.6	9.0	0.042	67.5	81.9	27.0	54.9	58.5	382	51.6	59	NW, WNW and NNW.		88	"	Clear, D.

The mean pressure of the seven days	...	...	...	...	Inches.
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	...	...	...	...	30.022
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	...	...	...	...	Hours.
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	...	...	...	...	62.6
					81.4
					°
The mean temperature of the seven days	...	...	...	...	64.9
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	...	...	...	...	77.0
The extreme variation of temperature	...	...	...	...	30.2
The maximum temperature	...	...	...	...	81.9
					Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	...	...	...	...	19
					°
The mean relative humidity	...	...	...	...	59
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	...	...	...	...	65
					Inches.
The total fall of rain from 25th February to 3rd March 1906	...	...	...	...	Nil
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	...	...	...	...	0.42
The total fall from 1st January to 3rd March 1906	...	...	...	...	9.74
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	...	...	...	...	1.78

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from eye observations.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified, and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground. Rainfall reported on any day is for 24 hours preceding 8 A.M. of that day.

Δ, dew.

J. A. CUNNINGHAM,

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Alipore (Calcutta), the 4th March 1906.

for Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India
and Director-General of Indian Observatories.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.

Abstract of principal commodities carried during the month of November 1905, as compared with the corresponding period of previous year.

ARTICLES.	1905.		1904.		Total, 1905.	Total, 1904.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.				
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
I.—Apparel, including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uniforms, accoutrements, boots and shoes.	34	7	41	9	31	39	.....	19
II.—Coal and coke carried for the public and foreign railways.	26,434	68,931	74,061	30,367	95,415	94,408	1,007	.....
III.—Cotton—								
1. Raw	25	869	43	350	374	368	601	.....
2. Manufactured—								
(a) Twist and yarn, European	1	439	1	298	430	209	271	.....
(b) Ditto, Indian	387	844	345	804	1,231	1,149	102	.....
(c) Piece-goods, European	592	554	678	485	1,146	1,163	.....	17
(d) Ditto, Indian	96	555	110	438	653	645	105	.....
(e) Others	1	1	3	.....	2	.....	.....	1
IV.—Chemicals excepting saltpetre	23	7	9	4	30	13	17	.....
V.—Drugs—								
1. Intoxicating, other than opium.	.....	1	.....	2	1	2	.....	1
2. Non-intoxicating—								
(a) Medicinal preparations	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	97	.....	.....
(b) Others	119	113	54	43	235	.....	136	.....
VI.—Dyes and Tans—								
1. Al (morinda citrifolia) .....	.....	1	.....	5	.....	1	.....	1
2. Alizarine and aniline dyes	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	11
3. Cutch	1	.....	10	2	1	1	.....	.....
4. Indigo	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
5. Myrabolans	554	588	298	271	1,112	630	482	.....
6. Tanning barks	27	60	17	.....	87	63	24	.....
7. Turmeric	141	423	117	430	567	317	250	.....
8. Others	60	29	27	23	92	59	36	.....
VII.—Fodder—								
1. Oleske	114	13	212	14	127	232	.....	106
2. Hay, straw and grass	292	24	31	33	316	114	202	.....
VIII.—Fruits and vegetables, fresh	69	63	233	132	162	273	.....	221
IX.—Grain and Pulse—								
1. Gram and pulse	2,651	3,591	3,626	2,072	2,442	5,704	738	.....
2. Jowar and bajra	7	2	172	.....	9	173	.....	263
3. Rice in the husk	1,383	2,269	1,029	2,190	2,743	4,289	.....	511
4. " not in the husk	14,147	5,845	1,060	2,072	10,032	12,753	7,779	.....
5. Wheat	5,907	2,428	2,386	479	2,365	3,365	6,000	.....
6. " flour	239	51	219	32	290	315	.....	65
7. Others	246	46	163	14	288	177	111	.....
X.—Hides and skins—								
1. Hides of cattle—								
(a) Dressed or tanned .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
(b) Raw	3.7	796	146	547	1,103	693	410	.....
2. Skins of sheep and other animals—								
(a) Dressed or tanned	13	11	37	36	23	78	.....	50
(b) Raw .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
XI.—Horns	3	10	13	21	16	33	.....	15
XII.—Hemp (Indian) and other fibres, excluding jute.	2	45	30	99	80	129	.....	79
XIII.—Jute—								
1. Raw	1,558	231	479	97	1,229	489	1,339	.....
2. Ganny-bags and cloth	2,100	266	1,316	186	2,396	1,542	544	.....
XIV.—Lac	98	573	138	1,263	668	1,400	.....	732
XV.—Leather—								
1. Unwrought	61	43	55	32	104	37	17	.....
2. Wrought excepting boots and shoes.	.....	1	2	.....	1	2	.....	1
XVI.—Liquors—								
1. Ale and beer	12	37	6	33	49	69	.....	10
2. Spirits of all kinds, including country-spirit and wine.	26	55	35	41	91	76	15	.....
3. Wine .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. All other sorts, including toddy and fermented liquor, other than ale and beer.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
XVII.—Metals—								
1. Brass, unwrought .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175	142	33	.....
2. " wrought	63	112	56	36	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Copper, unwrought .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	48	14	39	.....
4. " wrought	25	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5. Iron and steel—								
(a) Cast	13	37	30	1	40	31	19	.....
(b) Unwrought .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
(c) Wrought	121	1,297	551	684	2,519	1,425	1,094	.....
(d) Manufactures	204	123	69	91	267	180	87	.....
6. Others	19,598	64	9,380	671	20,009	10,251	9,311	.....
XVIII.—Oils—								
1. Kerosine	1,492	264	2,426	227	2,766	2,253	517	.....
2. Castor	6	24	3	50	56	28	27	.....
3. Coconut	63	72	63	9	112	71	47	.....
4. Mustard and rape	41	11	22	12	53	36	17	.....
5. Others	73	61	42	39	117	79	38	.....

ARTICLES.	1905.		1904.		Total, 1905.	Total, 1904.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.				
XIX.—Oilseeds—	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
1. Castor	18	95	143	51	113	193	.....	80
2. Earthnuts ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Linseed	433	189	207	90	591	566	25	.....
4. Poppy ... ..	.....	.....	19	4	.....	23	.....	23
5. Rape and mustard	107	143	147	130	280	367	.....	117
6. Til or jinjill	253	1,464	470	421	1,720	891	838	.....
7. Others	753	623	220	330	1,384	540	844	.....
XX.—Opium ... ..	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....
XXI.—Paper and pasteboard	58	4	64	7	62	71	.....	9
XXII.—Provisions—								
1. Dried fruits and nuts	578	261	526	335	830	661	.....	23
2. Ghee	49	108	41	268	217	367	.....	90
3. Others	230	185	191	147	395	338	57	.....
XXIII.—Railway plant and rolling-stock carried for the public and foreign railways—								
1. Locomotive engines and tenders and parts thereof.	33	11	15	.....	44	15	29	.....
2. Carriages and trucks and parts thereof.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Materials—								
(a) Steel rails and fish-plates.	17	.....	90	35	17	134	.....	117
(b) Sleepers and keys of steel and cast-iron.	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	7	.....	7
(c) Others	1,071	1,136	238	3,454	2,301	3,693	.....	1,491
XXIV.—Salt	3,455	3,393	4,229	3,623	8,443	7,851	997	.....
XXV.—Saltpetre and other saline substances—								
1. Saltpetre ... ..	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	1
2. Other saline substances ... ..	.....	.....	43	8	.....	51	.....	51
XXVI.—Silk—								
1. Raw—								
(a) Foreign ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
(b) Indian	26	18	44	28	42	72	.....	30
2. Piece-goods—								
(a) Foreign ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
(b) Indian ... ..	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....
XXVII.—Spices—								
1. Betelnuts	451	63	321	40	513	561	.....	48
2. Cardamoms ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Chillies	18	596	29	132	1,004	161	843	.....
4. Ginger ... ..	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	7
5. Pepper ... ..	.....	.....	1	25	.....	26	.....	26
6. Others	323	188	217	200	430	426	4	.....
XXVIII.—Stone and lime	653	3,464	418	3,349	4,116	3,707	349	.....
XXIX.—Sugar—								
1. Refined or crystallised, including sugar-candy.	750	604	403	388	1,354	856	498	.....
2. Unrefined—								
(a) Sugar ... ..	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1
(b) Gnr, rab, jaggery, molasses, and other saccharine produce.	748	191	931	162	930	1,153	.....	219
XXX.—Tea—								
1. Foreign ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2. Indian	24	13	30	25	39	61	.....	22
XXXI.—Tobacco—								
1. Unmanufactured	441	327	300	129	768	429	339	.....
2. Manufactured—								
(a) Cigars ... ..	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1
(b) Other sorts	31	25	30	14	60	50	6	.....
XXXII.—Wood—								
1. Timber, unwrought	1,171	3,096	1,163	1,925	4,367	3,093	1,174	.....
2. Manufactured	187	70	174	68	227	242	.....	15
XXXIII.—Wool—								
1. Raw ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2. Manufactured—								
(a) Carpets and rugs ... ..	.....	.....	1	1	.....	2	.....	2
(b) Piece-goods, European ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
(c) Ditto, Indian	1	.....	2	.....	1	2	.....	1
(d) Other sorts of manufactures.	1	.....	14	7	.....	21	.....	21
XXXIV.—All other articles of merchandise—								
1. Firewood	220	1,136	410	1,231	2,045	1,691	327	.....
2. Bamboos	410	118	510	136	528	646	.....	118
3. Moha	923	193	730	652	1,154	1,383	.....	223
4. Bones	136	234	.....	.....	373	.....	373	.....
5. Others	2,053	1,563	1,257	1,478	3,656	3,435	181	.....
Total	26,924	115,975	124,418	55,084	213,800	150,030	38,479	4,679
Net increase ...							32,500	.....

Calcutta, the 27th February 1906.

L. GREENHAM,
for Auditor, Bengal-Nagpur Railway.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

Abstract of Principal Commodities carried over the Eastern Bengal State Railway during the month of December 1905 as compared with the same month of the previous year

No.	STAPLES.	1905.	1904.	Increase in 1905.	Decrease in 1905.	EXPLANATIONS OF FLUCTUATIONS IN TRAFFIC SUPERINTENDENT.
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	
1	Apparel, including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uniforms, accoutrements, boots and shoes.	231	109	22	.....
2	Coal and coke carried for the Public and Foreign Railways.	48,003	31,698	16,315	.....
3	Cotton—					
	(1) Raw	613	286	377	.....
	(2) Manufactured—					
	(a) Twist and yarn, European	133	157	.....	24	
	(b) Ditto, Indian	349	236	113	.....
	(c) Piece-goods, European	2,106	1,509	597	.....
	(d) Ditto, Indian	385	75	280	.....
	(e) Others .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	Chemicals, excepting saltpetre	61	99	.....	28	
5	Drugs—					
	(1) Intoxicating, other than opium	8	1	7	.....
	(2) Non-intoxicating—					
	(a) Medicinal preparations .....	.....	2	.....	2	
	(b) Others	122	238	.....	116	
6	Dyes and Tans—					
	(1) Al (Morinda citrifolia) .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(2) Alizarine and Aniline dyes .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(3) Outch	8	27	.....	19	
	(4) Indigo	15	43	.....	28	
	(5) Myrabolams .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(6) Tanning barks .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(7) Turmeric	518	243	275	.....
	(8) Others	6	23	.....	22	
7	Fodder—					
	(1) Oilcake	845	536	310	.....
	(2) Hay, straw and grass	870	840	10	.....
8	Fruits and vegetables, fresh	1,223	735	488	.....
9	Grain and pulse—					
	(1) Gram and pulse	5,527	4,724	803	.....
	(2) Jawar and bajra .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(3) Rice in the husk	7,728	4,863	2,865	.....
	(4) Do. not in the husk	11,371	5,465	5,906	.....
	(5) Wheat	368	81	287	.....
	(6) Do. flour	693	666	27	.....
	(7) Others	385	138	247	.....
10	Hides and skins—					
	(1) Hides of cattle—					
	(a) Dressed or tanned .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(b) Raw	3,074	1,685	1,409	.....
	(2) Skins of sheep and other animals—					
	(a) Dressed or tanned .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(b) Raw	266	180	86	.....
11	Horns .....	.....	12	.....	12	
12	Hemp (Indian) and other fibres, excluding jute.	1,474	.....	1,474	.....
13	Jute—					
	(1) Raw	92,121	55,352	36,769	.....
	(2) Gunny-bags and cloth	2,161	1,901	260	.....
14	Lac	432	200	232	.....
15	Leather—					
	(1) Unwrought .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(2) Wrought, excepting boots and shoes .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	Liquors—					
	(1) Ale and beer	52	74	.....	22	
	(2) Spirits of all kinds, including country spirit.	68	67	1	.....
	(3) Wines .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(4) All other sorts, including toddy and fermented liquors, other than ale and beer.	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	Metals—					
	(1) Brass, unwrought	24	14	10	.....
	(2) Do., wrought	192	203	.....	11	
	(3) Copper, unwrought	15	12	3	.....
	(4) Do., wrought	131	57	74	.....
	(5) Iron and steel—					
	(a) Cast	8	217	.....	209	
	(b) Unwrought .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(c) Wrought	2,747	1,925	822	.....
	(d) Manufactures	1,140	503	637	.....
	(e) Others	491	173	318	.....
18	Oils—					
	(1) Kerosine	11,044	11,919	.....	875	
	(2) Castor	10	8	2	.....
	(3) Coconut	77	48	29	.....
	(4) Mustard and rape	605	343	272	.....
	(5) Others	167	58	74	.....
19	Oilseeds—					
	(1) Castor	58	132	.....	94	
	(2) Earthnuts .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(3) Linseed	1,258	611	647	.....
	(4) Poppy .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(5) Rape and mustard	1,797	1,942	.....	145	
	(6) Til or jujili	23	7	26	.....
	(7) Others	41	18	23	.....
20	Opium .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	Paper and pasteboard	815	871	.....	56	
22	Provisions—					
	(1) Dried fruits and nuts	23	16	17	.....
	(2) Ghoe	54	81	5	.....
	(3) Others	701	1,015	.....	314	

No.	STAPLES.	1905.	1904.	Increase in 1905.	Decrease in 1905.	EXPLANATIONS OF FLUCTUATIONS BY TRAFFIC SUPERINTENDENT.
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	
23	Railway Plant, &c., for the Public and Foreign Railways—					
	(1) Locomotive engines and tenders and parts thereof.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(2) Carriages and trucks and parts thereof	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(3) Materials—					
	(a) Steel rails and fish-plates	25	.....	25	.....
	(b) Sleepers and keys of steel and cast-iron.	71	.....	71	.....
	(c) Others	150	630	.....	480	
24	Salt	6,641	4,020	2,621	.....
25	Saltpetre and other saline substances—					
	(1) Saltpetre	3	3	.....	.....
	(2) Other saline substances	380	135	445	.....
26	Silk—					
	(1) Raw—					
	(a) Foreign ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(b) Indian	87	7	30	.....
	(2) Piece-goods—					
	(a) Foreign ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(b) Indian ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	Spices—					
	(1) Betelnuts	1,041	832	173	.....
	(2) Cardamoms	64	33	28	.....
	(3) Onillies	553	368	215	.....
	(4) Ginger	75	131	.....	56	
	(5) Pepper	13	26	.....	14	
	(6) Others	115	154	.....	39	
28	Stone and lime	1,679	1,681	.....	2	
29	Sugar—					
	(1) Refined or crystallised, including sugar-candy.	908	680	318	.....
	(2) Unrefined—					
	(a) Sugar	1,015	931	94	.....
	(b) Gur, rob, jaggery, molasses, and other saccharine produce.	2,807	2,145	662	.....
30	Tea—					
	(1) Foreign ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(2) Indian	3,180	2,230	950	.....
31	Tobacco—					
	(1) Unmanufactured	1,877	1,882	.....	5	
	(2) Manufactured—					
	(a) Cigars	74	69	5	.....
	(b) Other sorts ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	Wood—					
	(1) Timber, unwrought	3,054	797	2,257	.....
	(2) Manufactures	871	349	.....	18	
33	Wool—					
	(1) Raw	122	.....	122	.....
	(2) Manufactured—					
	(a) Carpets and rugs ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(b) Piece-goods, European	20	12	8	.....
	(c) Ditto, Indian ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(d) Other sorts of manufactures ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	All other articles of merchandise	7,021	8,150	.....	1,159	
	Total	2,33,957	1,37,845	80,172	4,060	

(ILLEGIBLE),

CALCUTTA, the 3rd March 1906.

for Offg. Examiner of Accounts, E. B. S. Ry.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ending 17th February 1906 on 1,514 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 1,514 miles open ...	231,900	(a) 98,750	12,40,870	(b) 1,40,870	18,780	2,09,200	40,801	(c) 44,453	91,355
Or per mile of railway ...	153.17	61.94	819.26	93.88	12.40	171.20	...	...	...
For previous 52 weeks of half-year ...	1,403,770	6,36,320	6,715,080	8,53,350	1,02,390	12,91,970	274,174	248,340	522,533
Total for 6½ weeks ...	1,605,670	7,29,080	79,54,190	10,00,690	1,21,170	15,51,170	321,076	292,801	613,878
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 1,467 miles open ...	228,538	1,01,405	10,97,050	1,39,157	18,656	2,59,215	43,473	(d) 41,030	85,402
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year ...	155.78	69.12	748.28	94.96	12.72	176.70	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,520,731	6,49,590	7,227,144	9,44,564	1,42,077	17,37,531	301,181	292,207	593,478
Earnings per Coaching Goods and Total train mile respectively during the week ...	.....	2.00	.....	3.30	.21	2.84	.....	.....	.....
Earnings per Coaching Goods and Total train mile respectively during the corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	2.33	.....	3.83	.22	3.04	.....	.....	.....

(a) Decrease mainly under foreign inward.

(b) Increase chiefly under foreign outward and inward traffic.

(c) Includes 5,564 miles of ballast trains.

(d) Includes 5,457 miles of ballast trains.



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1906.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
WEATHER and Crop Report for the week ending the 5th and 12th March 1906	417	TABLE of Rainfall recorded at stations in Bengal in February 1906	426
Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 3rd March 1906	424	Supplementary Table of Rainfall recorded at stations in Bengal in 1905	444
Area leased for irrigation up to end of January 1906	425	Abstract of the Results of Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory in the month of February 1906	450
Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major and Minor Works for the month of January 1906	427	Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 4th to 10th March 1906	451
Prices-current (retail and wholesale) of food-grains and salt in the head-quarters station bazars of the districts of Bengal on the 28th February 1906	428	Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways	452
Meteorological Report of the Provinces of Bengal and of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the month of February 1906	429		

WEATHER AND CROP REPORT.

For the week ending the 5th March 1906.

Burdwan.—Rainfall nil. Weather cold and clear. Prospects of *rabi* crops not good. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease except in thanas Mantashwar and Farbatthali. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11	0	} per rupee.
Raniganj	11	0	
Katwa	11	15	
Kalna	10	0	

bhum.—Rainfall nil. Sugarcane-pressing continues. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	12	0	} per rupee.
Rampur Hat	11	8	

Bankura.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Sugarcane-pressing continues. State of *rabi* crops bad. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12 annas both at Sadar and Vishnupur.

Baharore.—Rainfall at Sadar nil. Threshing of *saradh* and pressing of sugarcane continue. Sporadic cases of cattle-disease reported almost from all circles. Fodder and water available. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs. ch.	
Sadar	...	...	...	13 0	} per rupee.
Bhadrak	...	...	...	14 0	

Angul.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Ploughing of lands continues. Fodder and water available. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs. ch.	
Sadar	...	...	...	13 0	} per rupee.
Khondmals	...	...	...	12 0	

Puri.—Rainfall at Sadar and Khurda nil. Weather seasonable. *Dalua* getting on well. Sugarcane being crushed. Late cotton thriving well. Land being ploughed for the ensuing *saradh* paddy. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Common rice selling at 13 seers and 2 chitaks per rupee.

Sambalpur.—No rain. Weather warm. Fields are being ploughed for sugarcane plantation. Cattle in healthy condition. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs. ch.	
Sadar	...	...	...	14 0	} per rupee.
Bargarh	...	...	...	15 0	

Hazaribagh.—Rainfall at Sadar nil. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices at Sadar are as follows:—

				Srs. ch.	
Common rice	...	...	...	9 8	} per rupee.
<i>Marua</i>	...	...	...	20 0	
Indian-corn	...	...	...	15 0	

Ranchi.—Rainfall at Sadar nil. Weather seasonable. Ploughing of lands continues. State of standing crops fair. Cattle-disease reported from two thanas. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at Sadar at 11½ seers per rupee.

Palamau.—No rain. Weather fair. *Rabi* crops being reaped in places. Fodder and water sufficient. A few cases of cattle-disease reported. Common rice sells at 9 seers and 9 chitaks per rupee at Sadar.

Manbhum.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-disease reported from Purulia thana. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs. ch.	
Sadar	...	...	...	12 0	} per rupee.
Gobindpur	...	...	...	10 0	

Singhbhum.—Rainfall nil. Prospects of crops fair. Outturn of *rabi* crops is estimated at 80 per cent. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-disease reported from thana Ghatsila. Common rice sells at 12½ seers per rupee.

General Summary.—In the week under report the Province was almost free from rain; light showers are reported from Monghyr and Bhagalpur only. Sugarcane pressing and harvesting of oilseeds are approaching completion. The condition of the *rabi* crops is generally good in Bihar, though they have suffered in places from the recent rain. Cattle-disease continues in eight districts. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. The price of common rice has risen in seven and has fallen in four districts. It continues high in most of the districts of the Presidency Division and also in Hooghly, Howrah, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr and Purnea.

C. E. A. W. OLDHAM,

Officer on special duty in connection with the
Agricultural Department, Bengal.

DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

The 6th March 1906.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORT.

For the week ending the 12th March 1906.

Burdwan.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·02, other subdivisions nil. Ploughing of lands going on. Condition of crops fair. Cattle-disease in Purbasthali. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11 0	
Kalna	10 10 ³	
Katwa	11 5	per rupee.
Raniganj	11 0	

Birbhum.—Rainfall nil. Rampur Hât 0·39. Sugarcane-pressing continues. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	12 0	
Rampur Hât	11 8	per rupee.

Bankura.—No rain. Weather seasonable. Sugarcane-pressing continues. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	12 0	
Vishnupur	12 0	per rupee.

Midnapore.—Rainfall at Sadar, Contai and Ghatal nil, Tamluk 0·23. Weather seasonable. Threshing of winter paddy nearing completion. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11 0	
Contai	12 0	
Tamluk	9 0	per rupee.
Ghatal	11 0	

Hooghly.—No rain. Weather seasonable. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	9 0	
Serampore	9 6	per rupee.
Arambagh	11 12	

Howrah.—Rainfall nil. Harvesting of *rabi* and oilseed crops continues. Pressing of sugarcane going on. Lands are being prepared for sowing of *bhadoi* paddy and jute. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	9 0	
Ulubaria	9 4	per rupee.

24-Parganas.—Rainfall at Diamond Harbour 0·02, other stations nil. Weather seasonable. Lands are being prepared for next crop. State of standing crops fair. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee.

Nadia.—Rainfall at Kushtia 0·12, other subdivisions nil. Weather cloudy. Prospects of standing crops fair. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	10 0	
Meherpur	10 0	
Ohuadanga	9 0	per rupee.
Kushtia	9 0	
Ranaghat	9 8	

Murshidabad.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·13, Lalbagh 0·20, Kandi 0·05, Jangipur 0·60. Prospects of standing crops fair. Lands are being cultivated. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11 0	} per rupee.
Lalbagh	10 0	
Kandi	13 8	
Jangipur	11 8	

Jessore.—Rainfall nil. Character of the weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops favourable. Fodder and water sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	0	} per rupee.
Bangaon	8 14	
Narail	8 14	
Magura	9 0	
Jhenida	8 8	}

Khulna.—Rainfall nil. Weather a little cloudy. Lands are being prepared for jute. Outturn of winter rice and rape and mustard is estimated at 78 and 83 per cent. respectively. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	9 0	} per rupee.
Bagerhat	9 0	
Satkhira	9 8	

Patna.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·23. Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *rabi* continues. Lancing of poppy in progress. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Average price of common rice is as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	12 0	} per rupee.
Bihar	11 8	

Gaya.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·20. Weather seasonable; occasionally cloudy. Pressing of sugarcane and lancing of poppy continue. Harvesting of *rabi* crops going on. Planting of sugarcane commenced. Fodder and water ample. Average price of common rice is 11½ seers a rupee.

Shahabad.—Rainfall at Buxar 0·07, Dehri 0·08, Arrah 0·30. Harvesting of *rabi* and lancing of poppy going on. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12 seers a rupee.

Saran.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·11, Siwan 0·13, Gopalganj 0·06. Weather cloudy with cold nights. Harvesting of *rabi* crops commenced. Planting and pressing of sugarcane going on. Prospects of crops good. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice and maize sell at 11 and 13 seers a rupee, respectively, at Sadar.

Champan.—No rain. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of oilseeds and collection of opium going on. Lands are being prepared for *bhadoi* paddy. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice and maize sell at 11½ and 12½ seers a rupee, respectively.

Muzaffarpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·09, Hajipur 0·06, Sitamarhi 0·05. Prospects of crops good. Harvesting of *rabi* begun at some places. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice and maize sell at 10 and 12 seers a rupee, respectively, at Sadar.

Darbhanga.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·04, Madhubani nil, Samastipur 0·09. Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of oilseed crops in progress. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11 0	} per rupee.
Samastipur	11 0	
Madhubani	11 0	

Monghyr.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·07, Begusarai 0·05, Jamui 0·22. Weather seasonable. Pressing of sugarcane continues. Landing of poppy going on. Prospect of *rabi* crops not well. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	10 0	} per rupee.
Begusarai	10 0	
Jamui	10 0	

Bhagalpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·20, Banka 0·34, Madhipura and Supaul nil. Weather seasonable. Prospect of *rabi* favourable. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	10 12	} per rupee.
Banka	11 4	
Madhipura	12 0	
Supaul	12 0	

Purnea.—Slight rainfall with hail at Kishanganj and Araria. Lands are being prepared for *bhadoi* crops. Standing crops doing well. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	9 0	} per rupee.
Kishanganj	8 8	
Araria	9 8	

Darjeeling.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·18. Weather seasonable. Hills—Wheat, barley and mustard in fair state. Terai—Ploughing for jute and *bhadoi* paddy continues. Tobacco doing well. Coarse rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Hills	7 8.	} per rupee.
Terai	8 0.	

Maize sells at 9 seers a rupee at Darjeeling and at 11 seers at Kalimpong.

Sonthal Parganas.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·25, Deoghur 0·38, Godda 1·05, Jamtara 0·01, Pakour 0·25, Rajmahal 0·28. Weather seasonable. Sugarcane pressing still continues at Sadar. Prospect of *rabi* fair. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 10 seers a rupee at Sadar.

Cuttack.—Rainfall nil. *Dalua* flowering; cotton, tobacco, *mung* and sugarcane growing. Condition of cattle generally good. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12 seers and 7 chitaks per rupee.

Balasore.—Rainfall at Sadar nil. Threshing of *saradh* and pressing of sugarcane continue. Sporadic cases of cattle-disease reported from Bhadrak. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	13 0	} per rupee.
Bhadrak	14 0	

Angul.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Paddy-fields being ploughed. Planting of sugarcane is in progress. Fodder and water available. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	13 0	} per rupee.
Khondmals	12 0	

Puri.—Rainfall at Sadar and Khurda nil. Weather seasonable. *Dalua* getting on well. *Mung* flowering. Sugarcane being crushed. Cotton thriving well. Land being ploughed for the ensuing *saradh* paddy. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Common rice sells at 13 seers and 2 chitaks per rupee.

Sambalpur.—No rain. Weather warm. Fields are being ploughed for sugarcane plantation. Cattle in healthy condition. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sambalpur	14	0	per rupee.
Bargarh	15	12	

Hazaribagh.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·09. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee, *marua* at 20 seers and Indian-corn at 15 seers.

Ranchi.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·31. Weather little cloudy. Ploughing continues. State of *rabi* crops not favourable in the Gumla subdivision. Cattle-disease reported from several thanas. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11	8	} per rupee.
Khunti	13	0	
Gumla	14	0	

Palamanu.—No rain. Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *rabi* commenced. A few cases of cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 9 seers and 9 chitaks per rupee at Sadar.

Manbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·07, Gobindpur nil. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-disease reported from Purulia thana. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	13	0	per rupee.
Gobindpur	10	0	

Singhbhum.—Report not received.

General Summary.—There was general but very light rain in Bihar and scattered showers in the Burdwan, Presidency and Chota Nagpur Divisions; while Orissa was free from rain. Lands are being prepared for jute and *aus* paddy. The prospect of the *rabi* crops is reported to be on the whole good. Cattle-disease exists in five districts. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. The price of common rice has risen in four and has fallen in three districts. It continues high in most of the districts of the Presidency Division and also in Hooghly, Howrah, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr, Purnea and Darjeeling.

C. E. A. W. OLDHAM,

*On special duty in connection with the
Agricultural Department, Bengal.*

DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL,
The 13th March 1906.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate Return of Traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 3rd March 1906, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

NATURE OF CARGO.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 3RD MARCH 1906.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 4TH MARCH 1905.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	ca. Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	872	1,69,391	2,617	901	3,19,980	5,917
Jute	313	62,100*	993	25	16,250†	233
Ferrowood	40	32,075	476	69	61,625	873
Other articles	784	1,80,335	2,399	707	2,06,060	2,753
Total	1,389	4,37,901	6,485	1,702	6,03,905	9,806

* Weight by canal measurement, 67,940 mounds.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.
IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR 1906-06.
Area leased for irrigation up to end of January 1906.

Canal.	District.	Canal.	Estimated full discharge.	Average discharge in month.	Discharge utilized.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year.	DETAILS OF AREAS LEASED.						RAINFALL, 1906-06.		REMARKS.			
								SEASON LEASES.						Grand total.	During month.		Up to end of month.		
								Long-term leases.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Rugarcana.	Hot-weather.	Total.						
			Acres.	Q. ft.	Q. ft.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.	Inches.	Up to end of month.	During month.	Up to end of month.		
Orissa	Orissa	Talanda system ..	60,336	123	65	60,336	66,392	53,787	6,976	41	34	7,041	60,393	0'23	44'39	1'09	58'38	Average rainfall of Talanda system 58'38	
		Kandrapan do. ..	84,360	206	144	84,360	75,046	69,128	16,298	...	...	16,298	84,360	0'36	41'38	0'31	58'38	Average rainfall of Kandrapan 58'38	
		High Level, Range I	23,547	72	...	23,547	22,509	20,082	3,467	...	2	24	3,493	23,546	0'73	37'02	0'79	50'45	Average rainfall of High Level, Range I 50'45
		Ditto, Range II	5,773	16	1	5,773	5,318	5,772	...	33	...	33	5,810	0'90	41'54	1'24	58'38	Average rainfall of Range II 58'38	
		Jajpur Canal ..	15,507	98	87	15,507	14,600	13,694	1,894	1,394	38	14	2,316	16,908	0'90	44'67	0'72	54'39	Average rainfall of Jajpur 54'39
Orissa	Orissa	Dudhai Canal	48,331	105	108	48,331	2,678	40,094	1,724	2,310	151	2,925	45,287	...	...	1'32	57'50	Average rainfall of Dudhai 57'50	
		High Level, Range III	234,653	27	...	234,653	41,142	...	...	...	...	...	2,925	45,287	0'69	41'16	...	57'50	Average rainfall of Range III 57'50
		Total Orissa Canals	234,653	...	...	234,653	216,136	201,371	(a) 30,288	3,773	219	426	34,687	234,653	...	...	...	57'50	Average rainfall of Orissa 57'50
		Total of the corresponding period of last year.	...	...	...	...	...	187,002	25,737	5,688	245	306	32,056	219,048	...	...	...	...	Average rainfall of last year 57'50
		Midnapore	65,430	78	...	65,430	76,624	68,180	1,748	...	...	...	1,748	67,965	1'09	56'35	2'23	58'55	Average rainfall of Midnapore 56'35
Sootie-Waters	Sootie-Waters	Panchtara	3,042	25	...	3,042	3,204	6,044	...	...	...	...	6,044	2'39	51'40	1'08	51'71	Average rainfall of Panchtara 51'71	
		Tidal Reaches, Ranges I and II	68,579	...	...	68,579	190	388	...	...	...	...	...	388	2'11	59'36	0'30	58'16	Average rainfall of Tidal Reaches, Ranges I and II 59'36
		Total Midnapore Canal	68,579	...	...	68,579	82,018	74,368	(b) 1,745	...	...	...	1,745	74,137	...	...	...	...	Average rainfall of Midnapore 56'35
		Total of the corresponding period of last year.	...	...	...	...	...	70,370	14,977	...	...	...	14,977	85,347	...	...	...	...	Average rainfall of last year 56'35
		Eden Canal ..	24,308	24	2	24,308	26,199	23,853	599	65	...	...	445	23,998	1'53	79'19	1'37	57'00	Average rainfall of Eden Canal 57'00
Burdwan	Burdwan	Total Eden Canal	24,308	...	...	24,308	26,199	23,853	(c) 599	65	...	445	23,998	...	...	...	...	...	Average rainfall of Eden Canal 57'00
		Total of the corresponding period of last year.	...	...	...	...	...	25,901	306	110	...	...	406	25,697	...	...	...	...	Average rainfall of last year 57'00
	
	
	

(a) Of this 30,288 acres represent provisional lease.
(b) Provisional lease.
(c) Includes 268 acres under lease during.

CIRCLE.	District.	Canal.	Estimated full discharge	Average discharge in month.	Discharge utilized.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year.	DETAILS OF AREAS LEASED.										RAINFALL, 1904-05.		REMARKS.					
								Long-term leases.	SEASON LEASES.					Grand total.	Total.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Up to end of month.	During month.	Up to end of month.
									Kharif.	Rabi.	Supercane.	Hot-weather.	Total.												
Bhulabed	Pras and Gaya	Western Main	4,943	9,091	180	35,715	35,325	21,096	5,010	6,095	—	478	9,497	31,183	9-08	30-30	6-40	43-09							
		Harar	1,526	289	221	126,031	131,390	85,546	7,576	12,165	—	5,154	24,675	126,418	1-37	37-46	0-57	49-27							
		Arrah	2,000	1,063	476	200,812	207,378	160,775	4,765	17,228	—	15,463	35,464	194,369	1-37	37-46	0-57	49-27							
		Eastern Main	1,466	804	549	4,101	4,102	3,462	250	144	—	10	441	5,932	8-17	47-29	0-53	38-06							
		Patna	—	—	—	105,535	102,671	85,415	9,578	6,339	—	5,966	20,903	104,018	8-17	47-29	0-53	38-06							
		Total Some Canals	—	—	—	431,004	470,869	364,916	23,717	42,082	—	25,005	90,494	456,610	—	—	—	—							
		Total of the corresponding period of last year.	—	—	—	—	—	360,884	29,784	45,440	—	25,502	100,726	451,520	—	—	—	—							
Champaian	Saran	Tour	174	20	15	434	4,095	—	—	434	—	—	434	434	0-04	80-96	0-94	54-16							
		Total Tour Canal	—	—	—	434	4,095	—	—	434	—	—	434	434	—	—	—	—							
		Total of the corresponding period of last year.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—						
Saran	Saran	Saran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							
		GRAND TOTAL	—	—	—	512,075	703,547	602,223	54,111	46,354	219	36,581	128,906	790,487	—	—	—	—							
		GRAND TOTAL OF THE CORRESPONDING PERIOD OF LAST YEAR.	—	—	—	—	—	683,467	70,854	81,228	245	35,883	146,535	751,698	—	—	—	—							

Canals closed.

CALCUTTA,
The 9th March 1906.H. H. STEVENS,
Under-Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract Statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major Works for the month of January 1906, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

CANALS.	TOLLAGE, 1905-06.			TOLLAGE, 1904-05.		
	During the month.		To end of the month.	During the month.		To end of the month.
<i>Orissa Canals.</i>	Rs.	A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Taldanda Canal System	1,478	5 3	13,730 11 3	1,408 10 0	12,237 14 9	12,237 14 9
Kendrapara ditto	4,295	14 0	28,545 14 3	3,389 12 9	24,627 11 10	24,627 11 10
High Level, Range I	1,233	2 0	10,125 1 7	2,195 5 6	10,288 5 3	10,288 5 3
Ditto II	199	8 0	1,464 12 5	383 13 3	1,154 5 6	1,154 5 6
Ditto III	48	1 9	419 5 6	109 9 6	360 3 9	360 3 9
Jajpur Canal	51	4 8	461 6 3	41 9 0	390 15 6	390 15 6
Total Orissa Canals	7,306	3 8	54,747 3 3	7,478 12 0	49,059 8 7	49,059 8 7
Midnapore Canal	7,576	3 0	63,034 12 3	6,372 4 3	43,202 12 6	43,202 12 6
Hijili Tidal Canal	4,668	13 3	55,669 2 3	605 6 6	35,630 12 0	35,630 12 0
<i>Sone Canals.</i>						
Patna Canal System	1,432	8 6	14,937 9 11	1,167 9 0	10,181 15 11	10,181 15 11
Arrah ditto	403	1 6	5,000 12 9	456 14 0	5,422 10 0	5,422 10 0
Buxar ditto	1,228	5 3	6,110 3 3	494 5 3	3,744 2 9	3,744 2 9
Total Sone Canals	3,063	15 3	26,048 9 11	2,118 12 3	19,348 12 8	19,348 12 8
GRAND TOTAL	22,615	3 2	1,99,499 11 8	16,575 3 0	1,47,241 13 9	1,47,241 13 9

CALCUTTA,
The 9th March 1906.

H. H. STEVENS,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract Statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Minor Works and Navigation for the month of January 1906, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

CANALS.	TOLLAGE, 1905-06.			TOLLAGE, 1904-05.		
	During the month.		To end of the month.	During the month.		To end of the month.
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta and Eastern Canals	37,438	0 9	2,62,905 4 0	44,263 12 7	2,85,321 8 0	2,85,321 8 0
Tolly's Nala	8,038	3 9	80,697 8 5	11,866 1 9	75,394 10 3	75,394 10 3
Madaripur Bhil Route	Traffic stopped		6,697 6 0*	Traffic stopped	45,398 9 9†	45,398 9 9†
Total	45,471	4 6	3,50,300 2 5	56,129 13 9	4,06,114 12 0	4,06,114 12 0
Orissa Coast Canal	2,210	11 6	21,922 5 3	2,499 12 0	21,837 14 9	21,837 14 9
Nadia Rivers	4,254	13 0	89,282 8 4	4,752 10 4	80,561 10 4	80,561 10 4
GRAND TOTAL	51,936	13 0	4,61,505 0 0	63,382 4 1	5,08,514 5 1	5,08,514 5 1

* on country boats only.
† Including tollage on steamers and flats.

CALCUTTA,
The 9th March 1906.

H. H. STEVENS,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains and Salt in the Head-quarters

Number	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN											
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, COMMON.			JOWAR OR ONGON (Sorghum Vulgare).		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
BURDWAN DIVISION.	1 Burdwan	...	...	13 8	...	...	...	11 14	10 8	14 4	...	...	...
	2 Bishnupur	...	10 0	10 0	12 12	...	...	12 0	10 8	15 8	...	...	...
	3 Bankura	...	10 0	10 0	13 8	...	...	12 8	12 8	15 0	...	...	...
	4 Midnapore	...	8 0	8 0	10 0	...	...	12 0	11 0	16 8	...	...	...
	5 Hooghly	...	8 8	8 8	11 0	...	...	8 14	8 14	10 0	...	...	...
	6 Howrah	...	...	...	12 0	...	...	9 0	9 0	12 8	...	...	...
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.	7 24-Parganas	...	9 0	8 0	...	...	...	9 14	10 0	12 0	...	...	...
	8 Calcutta	...	10 0	10 0	10 10	12 4	12 4	14 0	7 0	7 0	9 0	11 0	11 0
	9 Nadia	...	12 4	13 5	...	...	...	10 10	13 0	13 4	...	...	...
	10 Murshidabad	...	10 8	11 4	14 0	22 0	22 0	26 0	10 8	11 8	18 8	...	...
	11 Jessore	...	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 12	12 0	10 0	10 0	14 0	...	...
	12 Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	16 0	...	...	...
PATNA DIVISION.	BIHAR.												
	13 Patna	...	9 8	9 8	13 0	...	16 0	23 0	12 8	13 0	15 0	11 8	13 0
	14 Gaya	...	8 11	9 3	14 0	14 5	17 5	20 8	11 12	12 13	14 1	12 13	14 5
	15 Shahabad	...	10 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	15 0	20 0	12 8	12 8	13 0	...	...
	16 Saran	...	9 8	9 8	12 0	16 0	14 0	22 0	11 0	11 0	15 0	18 0	1 0
	17 Champaran	...	9 0	9 0	12 0	19 0	19 0	23 0	12 0	12 0	15 0	...	...
	18 Muzaffarpur	...	8 0	8 0	12 0	12 0	13 0	24 0	10 0	11 0	13 0	...	...
	19 Darbhanga	...	7 11	9 14	12 1	16 8	14 4	22 2	11 0	12 1	15 6	...	...

- A. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Kalpa 17½ seers; Katwa 16½ seers; Raniganj 14½ seers.
 B. At Rampur Hat the retail price of salt is 15½ seers per rupee.
 C. At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is not reported.
 D. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Contal 18½ seers; Tamluk 16 seers; Ghatal return not received.
 E. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Serampore 14½ seers; Arambagh 16 seers.
 F. At Ulbaria the retail price of salt is 12½ seers; at Mahiary it is 16 seers per rupee.
 G. In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Ohetia 14½ seers; Baranati 16 seers; Baduria 16 seers; Mograhat 18½ seers; Barraokpore not reported.
 H. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Kushtia 16 seers; Chudanga 16 seers; Maherpur 18½ seers; Ranaghat 13 seers (crushed).

Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.

4284

1 price of salt per rupee are—Lalbagh 16 seers, Kandi 15 seers; Jaugipur 16 seers.
 all prices of salt per rupee are—Jhenida 12 seers (karkatoh); Magura 12 seers (karkatoh)
 rali 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ seers.
 all prices of salt per rupee are—Bagarhat 12 seers (karkatoh); Satkhira 18 seers.
 not reported; at Barh it is 14 seers per rupee.
 all prices of salt per rupee are—Jahanabad 14 seers; Nawada 16 seers; Aurangabad 1
 all prices of salt per rupee are—Bhahua 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ seers; Sasaram 14 seers; Buzar not report
 prices of salt per rupee are—Siwan 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ seers; Gopalganj 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ seers.
 salt is 18 seers per rupee.
 salt per rupee are—Sitamarhi 14 seers; Hajipur 18 seers.
 all prices of salt per rupee are—Samastipur 14 seers; Madhubani 14 seers 5 chitaks.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains and Salt in the Head-quar

Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE 1											
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, COMMON.			JOWAR OR CHOLUM (Sorghum Vulgare).		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	BIHAR—concluded.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.	20 Monghyr ...	8 12½	9 6½	12 13	...	...	...	10 6	10 11½	13 11	...	...	...
	21 Bhagalpur ...	8 14	8 14	13 14	...	...	25 4	10 13	11 6	15 4	...	...	...
	22 Purnea ...	10 0	10 0	15 0	...	...	...	8 10 0	14 0	...	...	...	...
	23 Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	12 0	...	...	...
	24 Sonthal Parganas.	7	8	10 0	13 0	14 0	18 0	10 8	10 0	15 0	...	...	...
	ORISSA.												
ORISSA DIVISION.	25 Cuttack ...	10 8	11 13	13 12	...	...	...	13 2	13 2	16 6	...	...	...
	26 Balasore ...	13 0	13 0	13 0	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	17 0	...	...	...
	27 Angul ...	9 0	9 0	8 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	20 0	...	...	...
	28 Puri ...	9 3	11 2	11 13	...	...	...	13 2	13 2	17 1	...	...	...
	29 Sambalpur ...	10 0	10 0	14 0	...	...	...	13 8	14 0	18 0	...	...	...
	CHOTA NAGPUR.												
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.	30 Hasaribagh ...	8 0	8 0	12 0	14 0	14 0	17 8	11 0	11 0	12 8	...	...	...
	31 Ranchi ...	6 0 to 8 0	8 0 to 10 0	7 12 to 11 0	18 0	13 0	16 0	11 8	11 8	14 0	...	...	...
	32 Palamau ...	10 2	8 7	14 10	13 8	...	20 4	12 6	12 7	13 8	...	...	...
	33 Manbhum ...	9 8	10 0	11 0	...	13 0	18 0	12 0	13 0	14 0	...	...	...
	34 Singhbhum ...	11 0	11 0	12 0	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	14 0	...	...	...

S. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Jamui 15 seers; Beguasarai 15 seers.
T. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Bunka 15 seers; Madhipura 13 seers; Supaul 13 seers.
U. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Kishanganj 13 seers; Basantpur 14 seers.
V. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Kurseong 11 seers; Siliguri 13½ seers.
W. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Godda not received; Rajmahal not received; Pakauri 16 seers; Deoghur 16 seers; Jamtara not received.

CALCUTTA,

The 19th March 1906

rate of Bengal on the 28th February 1906—concl'd.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoidesum). MARUA OR RAGI (Eleusine Coracana).

of

Ob. Ob. Ob. S. Ob. S. Ob. Ob.

3 0 3 0

19 0 19 8 21 0

24 0 24 0 26 8

430

		WHOLESALE PRICES PER MAUND OF 40 SEERS.										
		SALT.			SALT.						DISTRICTS.	
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next return.						Number.
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.				BIHAR—concluded.	
S	13 9 1/2	13 9 1/2	12 8	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 2 0					Monghyr	20
	T	15 0	15 0	12 8	2 8 3/2	10 0	3 3 0				Bhagalpur.	21
	U	13 0	13 0	11 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 8 0				Purnea.	22
W	11 0	10 8	0 0	3 9 0	3 12 0	3 14 0					Darjeeling.	21
	11 8	14 0	12 0	2 10 0	6 12 0	3 2 0					Sonbhat Parganas.	24
ORISSA.												
X	16 0	16 0		2 6 0	2 6 0	2 8 0					Cuttack.	
Y	13 0	13 0	13 0	2 15 0	2 15 0	2 13 6					Palaore.	25
Z	10 8	10	10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	4 0 0					Angul.	27
	16 0	16 0	15 0	2 7 0	2 6 0	2 9 0					Puri.	
	12 0	12 0	11 0	3 4 0	3 0 0	3 4 0					Sambalpur	29
CHOTA NAGPUR.												
	12 8	12 8	11 0	3 1 3/3	1 3 3/9	0					Hazaribagh.	30
	12	12 8	11 0	3 3 0	3 1 0	3 8 0					Ranchi.	
	15 14	1 14	0 12	6							Palamau.	
	14 0	13 4	12 0	2 10 0	2 11 0	3 0 0					Manbhum.	
	13 0	13 0	11 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 8 0					Singbhum.	

CHOTA NAGPUR
DIVISION.

of salt is 16 seers a rupee; Jajpur 15 seers.

of salt is 14 seers per rupee.

of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Sankhpur 11 seers; Phulbani

of salt is 14 seers per rupee.

of salt is 12 1/2 seers (Bombay) per rupee.

of salt is not reported.

a. in the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Gobindapur 13 seers; Jhalda 11 seers.

Published for general information.

C. E. A. W. OLDHAM,

On special duty in connection with the
Agricultural Department, Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (wholesale) of Food-grains, Firewood, &c.

MARKS.												
	RICE (BEST SORT).			COMMON RICE (meta chau).			WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>).			BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	6 8 0	6 8 0	5 4 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	4 4 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	2 12 0	2 12 0	2 10 0
Burdwan	4 0 0	4 8 0	3 5 0	3 5 3	3 12 3	2 12 9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	4 0 0	4 4 0	2 13 0	3 5 0	3 10 0	2 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Patna	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	3 3 0	3 1 0	2 10 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 1 0	...	2 8 0	1 11 0
Muzaffarpur	5 11 6	5 0 0	5 0 0	3 10 0	3 5 3	2 13 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 1 3	3 1 3	2 13 9	1 9 0
Bhagalpur	4 4 0	4 4 0	3 8 0	3 11 0	3 8 0	2 10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	2 14 0	...	...	1 9 0
Cuttack	5 1 3	5 1 3	3 13 0	3 0 9	3 0 9	2 7 0	3 12 0	3 3 9	2 14 0	...	...	...
Sambalpur	4 8 0	4 0 0	3 13 0	2 14 0	2 13 0	2 2 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	2 12 0	...	...	...
Ranaki	4 7 8	4 7 8	4 3 4	3 1 0	3 1 3	2 11 3	5 0 0 to 6 10 9	4 0 0 to 5 0 0	3 10 0 to 5 2 6	3 1 0	3 1 3	2 8 0

CALCUTTA,

The 19th March 1906.

JAB OR CHOLUM (<i>Sorghum vulgare</i>).			BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>).			MABUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>).			GRAM, CHANA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SONAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>).		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
3 4 0	3 4 0	2 12 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	2 10 0	...	...	...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 0 0
...	3 8 0	3 8 0	2 10 0
...	3 0 0 to 3 8 0	3 0 0 to 3 8 0	2 12 0 to 3 8 0
3 8 0	3 0 0	2 5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 3 0	2 13 0	2 1 0
...	1 9 6	3 3 0	3 3 0	2 10 6
...	3 3 0	3 3 0	2 7 0
...	Biri.		...
...	2 8 8	2 8 8	2 0 6
...	3 7 0	3 7 0	2 5 0
...	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 1 0

INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE (See page).			ARHAR DAL OR TUR— CADJAN PRA (Cajanus indicus).			LINSERD.			MUSTARD AND RAPESEED.		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.
3 0 0	3 0 0	2 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	4 10 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4
"	"	"	5 0 0	4 10 0	3 8 3	"	"	"	6 0 0	6 0 0	4
"	"	"	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	3 10 0	Black mustard. Rapeseed.		
3 1 0	"	2 2 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	2 14 0	5 4 0	5 10 0	4 1 0	5 4 0	5 8 0	3
3 3 0	3 3 0	2 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 8 0	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	1 15 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	3 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	3 6 0	Mustard. Rapeseed.		
"	"	"	2 12 3	2 12 3	1 14 6	"	"	"	5 7 6	5 7 6	5
"	"	"	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	"	"	"	5 2 0	5 2 0	3
"	"	"	6 10 9	6 2 6	5 11 0 to 6 2 3	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0 to 6 10 6	5 11 6 to 6 10 6	3

STANDARD SEEDS.

TIL OR JINJILI SEED.			SUGAR (RAW).			COTTON (CLEANED).			JUTE.		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
4 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	6 4 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	17 0 0	17 0 0	17 0 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	3 1 0
...	...	...	6 0 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0 to 5 8 0	20 0 0 to 25 0 0	23 0 0 to 25 0 0	23 0 0	...	...	...
7 0 0	7 0 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	18 0 0	18 0 0	18 0 0	7 6 0	7 0 0	5 0 0
...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	4 3 0	4 0 0	3 9 0	20 0 0	20 0 0	19 0 0	...	...	...
5 1 3	5 1 3	3 8 3	4 12 3	4 12 3	4 12 0	22 18 0	22 13 0	20 0 0	...	...	...
4 14 0	4 12 0	4 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	...	...	...	6 4 0	6 0 0	6 0 0
...	...	...	5 11 6	5 8 0	4 7 0	...	26 10 0	22 14 0	...	...	...

GHI (CLARIFIED BUTTER).			TOBACCO LEAF.			HIDES (COW).			GRASS.		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.
41 0 0	41 0 0	39 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	500 0 0	500 0 0	350 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 9 0
36 0 0	36 0 0	33 0 0	...	...	-	...	...	...	...	...	...
38 8 0	38 0 0	35 0 0	Madhukhali. 6 8 0 } 6 8 0 } 6 8 0 } Pulta. 9 0 0 } 9 0 0 } 8 8 0 }			Uncleaned. 2 4 0 } 2 4 0 } 2 4 0 } to } to } to } 3 4 0 } 3 4 0 } 3 4 0 } Cleaned. 2 8 0 } 2 8 0 } 2 8 0 } to } to } to } 3 8 0 } 3 8 0 } 3 8 0 }			...	...	-
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 5 0
34 0 0	35 0 0	28 0 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
32 0 0	32 0 0	30 7 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
37 10 0	37 10 0	33 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	6 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
38 1 6	38 1 6	34 4 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	4 4 0	25 0 0	25 0 0	25 0 0	0 7 0	0 7 6	0 7 6
36 0 0	36 0 0	33 8 0	20 0 0	20 0 0	16 0 0	40 0 0	40 0 0	42 0 0	...	...	...
{ 35 0 0 to	{ 32 0 0 to	{ 33 0 0 to	10 0 0	10 0 0	{ 10 0 0 to 13 0 0	Per maund. 25 0 0 } 25 0 0 } 25 0 0 } Per maund. 40 0 0 } 40 0 0 } 42 0 0 } Per piece. 2 0 0 } 2 0 0 } 1 4 0 }			0 4 6	0 4 0	0 5 4
								

the undermentioned *Marts* of Bengal on the 28th February 1906.

STRAW.			JUAR STALKS.			PRICE PER MAUND OF 40 STANDARD SEEDS.									MARTS.
						IRON.			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
0 14 0	0 14 0	1 4 0	...	...	...	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	0 9 0	0 9 0	0 7 0	2 8 0	2 8 0	2 12 0	1. Calcutta.
Per pun.	0 6 0	0 6 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 3	0 6 3	0 6 0	2 7 0	2 7 0	0 2 12 0	2. Burdwan.
0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	2 8 0 to 4 6 0	2 8 0 to 4 4 0	2 8 0 to 4 0 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	2 8 0	2 8 0	2 14 0	3. Midnapore.
...	...	0 6 0	...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 5 0	2 12 0	2 7 0	3 0 0	4. Patna.
...	...	...	...	...	...	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 5 3	2 12 0	2 12 0	3 3 0	5. Muzaffarpur.
...	...	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	0 5 3	0 5 3	0 5 3	2 8 3	2 10 0	3 3 0	6. Bhagalpur.
0 8 6	0 8 6	0 7 6	...	...	...	4 12 3	4 12 3	3 6 9	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 4 6	2 6 0	2 6 0	2 8 0	7. Cuttack.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 3 6	0 3 6	0 4 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 4 0	8. Sambalpur.
0 8 0	0 8 0	0 9 1	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 3 0	3 1 0	3 8 0	9. Ranchi.

C. E. A. W. OLDHAM,

Officer on special duty in connection with the Agricultural
Dept., Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Provinces of Bengal

				STATION OBS											
Division.	District	Representative stations.	AIR PRESSURE.					WIND.		TEMPERATURE.					
			Highest, 8 A.M., barometer read- ing.	Lowest, 8 A.M., barometer read- ing.	Mean, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant grav. 10, lat. 26°.	Variation from normal mean.	Mean direction at 8 A.M.	Mean velocity in miles daily.	Highest of month.	Lowest of month.	Mean daily maximum temperature.	Mean daily minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.	Variation from normal.
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Bardwan	Bardwan	30.011	29.730	29.900	29.933	-.033	N31°W	48	85.9	84.3	78.9	82.0	70.9	1.1
		Bankura	29.774	29.488	29.637	29.901	-.028	N46°E	30	87.0	81.3	76.5	82.7	68.1	1.1
		Midnapore	29.758	29.488	29.628	29.946	-.033	N	40	87.1	84.6	77.0	81.6	68.8	1.1
		Hooghly	29.933	29.604	29.768	29.948	-.045	N3°E	60	88.3	85.1	80.8	83.1	71.9	1.1
		Howrah	30.099	29.767	29.970	29.948	-.015	S46°E	217	85.4	82.9	80.3	85.0	73.7	1.1
	Presidency	W. Parganas	30.076	29.779	29.979	29.948	-.034	N4°W	103	87.4	83.9	72.3	82.5	70.8	1.1
		Calcutta	29.075	29.783	29.944	29.943	-.034	N35°W	30	86.2	80.9	77.3	80.1	68.3	1.1
		Nadia	29.015	29.768	29.930	29.940	-.034	S37°W	51	86.6	82.2	76.6	80.8	68.3	1.1
		Murshidabad	30.087	29.779	29.979	29.951	-.015	S16°E	19	85.3	80.0	77.7	80.6	68.2	1.1
		Jessore													
NORTH BENGAL.	Rajshahi	Rampur Balia	30.076	29.758	29.923	29.951	-.020	S90°W	81	86.1	81.1	76.4	80.9	67.7	1.1
		Dinajpur	30.012	29.691	29.856	29.951	-.009	N35°W	60	85.6	80.4	76.0	84.7	65.4	1.1
		Jalpaiguri	29.010	29.637	29.784	29.903	-.031	N36°E	49	79.8	67.9	74.3	84.6	64.8	1.1
		Cooch Behar	31.014	29.648	29.832	29.953	—	N36°E	54	81.3	68.7	74.7	84.9	64.6	1.1
		Rangpur	31.043	29.720	29.885	29.971	-.006	N	66	81.7	68.6	75.0	86.6	65.3	1.1
	Patna	Bogra	30.010	29.740	29.925	29.941	-.006	N63°E	37	86.2	80.7	77.0	85.0	67.3	1.1
		Brachman	30.010	29.773	29.954	29.954	-.018	Calim	19	85.3	80.9	76.5	85.4	67.3	1.1
	Dacca	Narayanganj	30.111	29.781	29.945	29.960	-.003	N74°E	65	87.1	84.6	78.7	82.3	70.8	1.1
		Mymensingh	30.010	29.738	29.900	29.983	-.006	S33°E	53	84.2	80.0	76.7	83.8	67.6	1.1
		Faridpur	31.010	29.740	29.940	29.969	-.010	S37°E	33	85.3	80.5	77.5	83.9	68.2	1.1
EAST BENGAL.	Chittagong	Barisal	30.110	29.787	29.969	29.948	-.011	N15°E	37	87.3	82.2	79.8	82.1	70.9	1.1
		Comilla	30.010	29.754	29.900	29.944	-.016	N79°E	30	86.4	80.3	79.8	83.8	69.8	1.1
		Noakhali	31.010	29.753	29.940	29.940	-.017	N6°W	40	85.8	80.8	79.1	80.2	69.7	1.1
		Chittagong	30.010	29.713	29.910	29.960	-.023	S61°E	70	85.7	80.1	80.4	80.8	79.8	1.1
		Chittagong Hill Tracts													
	Patna	Bankipore	29.010	29.683	29.811	29.954	-.023	S46°W	118	85.3	80.9	75.9	85.2	61.6	1.1
		Gaya	29.711	29.440	29.615	29.966	-.037	N73°W	88	87.0	80.6	75.1	87.2	66.3	1.1
		Dhaka	29.711	29.473	29.631	29.966	-.036	S11°W	125	87.8	83.1	78.8	88.1	66.7	1.1
		Buxar	29.830	29.597	29.753	29.968	-.033	S11°E	123	87.1	82.9	74.3	85.4	64.8	1.1
		Arrah	29.010	29.637	29.806	29.989	-.004	S63°E	18	83.9	80.8	78.7	84.9	64.3	1.1
BIHAR.	Patna	Chhapra	29.008	29.653	29.794	29.941	-.026	S18°E	78	83.3	80.8	73.4	84.3	63.6	1.1
		Madhupur	29.008	29.611	29.763	29.961	-.011	S34°E	124	83.6	80.3	74.8	85.3	63.4	1.1
		Muzaffarpur	29.010	29.681	29.885	29.960	-.007	N68°W	40	81.1	80.9	73.9	85.0	64.0	1.1
		Darbhanga	29.010	29.667	29.868	29.958	-.015	S33°W	64	81.6	80.3	73.6	84.7	64.3	1.1
		Monghyr													
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29.010	29.658	29.858	29.958	-.007	S46°W	60	83.3	80.4	74.8	87.3	65.6	1.1
		Darjeeling	29.120	29.738	29.935	29.960	-.030	S	135	83.7	81.3	47.6	83.2	41.4	1.1
		Purnea	31.010	29.713	29.873	29.960	-.009	N46°W	14	82.7	80.6	74.8	84.6	64.8	1.1
		Malda	31.010	29.748	29.904	29.933	-.036	N56°W	143	83.6	80.6	75.3	85.9	66.1	1.1
		Sonhal Parnama	29.611	29.304	29.458	29.903	-.033	N46°W	37	80.6	80.5	74.9	83.3	66.6	1.1
ORISSA.	Orissa	Sambalpur	29.673	29.290	29.480	29.933	-.043	N36°E	191	89.6	81.7	83.3	83.9	73.6	1.1
		Angul	29.663	29.327	29.514	29.940	—	S37°E	154	91.6	83.1	84.7	83.7	74.2	1.1
		Cuttack	29.067	29.718	29.915	29.931	-.046	N36°E	84	84.4	80.1	89.6	86.9	78.9	1.1
		False Point	30.194	29.701	29.786	29.940	-.015	N1°E	164	84.9	84.0	86.9	86.0	73.9	1.1
		Balasore	30.079	29.763	29.954	29.940	-.018	N46°W	58	90.4	83.1	81.8	83.8	73.6	1.1
	Puri	Puri	30.146	29.805	29.985	29.948	-.007	S36°W	247	84.9	81.6	81.6	70.6	73.3	1.1
		Goopalpur	30.057	29.731	29.913	29.927	-.021	N36°W	243	85.7	83.5	82.8	83.0	76.3	1.1
CENTRAL NAGPUR.	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribagh	28.045	27.779	27.933	29.960	-.036	S41°W	146	83.7	80.3	71.3	83.7	63.8	1.1
		Ranchi	27.344	27.654	27.831	29.961	-.016	N36°W	158	83.1	80.9	71.3	83.4	64.4	1.1
		Palamou	29.356	29.168	29.261	29.969	—	N46°E	62	89.1	85.6	76.8	86.4	64.4	1.1
		Manbhum	29.262	28.965	29.114	29.960	—	N46°W	100	87.9	83.8	76.4	85.9	63.3	1.1
		Singbhum	29.310	29.016	29.197	29.941	-.034	S74°W	1	85.4	82.0	77.9	80.7	69.3	1.1
	Sambalpur	Dibruagarh	29.601	29.463	29.645	(a) 29.777	—	N36°E	81	75.1	67.9	69.9	(a) 68.0	60.3	1.1
		Sibesar	29.615	29.470	29.679	29.979	-.039	N36°E	59	70.3	68.9	70.6	84.7	63.7	1.1
		Tespur	29.901	29.537	29.741	29.968	—	N36°E	78	87.1	81.5	74.3	85.7	65.6	1.1
		Gaubati	29.971	29.637	29.800	(a) 29.972	—	S11°E	3	81.8	81.6	76.9	84.0	66.0	1.1
		Duburi	30.037	29.768	29.906	29.961	-.006	S36°E	3	81.1	81.3	78.3	85.6	65.9	1.1
ASSAM.	Assam	Mitohar	30.033	29.719	29.910	29.973	-.039	Calim	0	83.6	83.5	77.7	87.6	67.8	1.1
		Shillong	30.311	29.007	29.176	29.198	—	S46°W	46	68.6	68.0	61.4	43.1	53.3	1.1
		Cherrapunji	30.330	29.038	29.716	29.697	—	W	161	68.7	60.9	50.3	47.6	53.5	1.1
	Khasi and Jaintia Hills														

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, MARCH 14, 1906.

Eastern Bengal and Assam for the month of February 1906.

STATIONS				DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.												District.
LATITUDE.	CLOUD.		Rain-fall.	RAINFALL—												
	Mean cloud amount, 8 A.M.	Variation from normal mean, 8 A.M.		Of month.					Since 15th October 1905.							
				Mean of district.	Normal mean.	Variation from mean.	Number of rainy days.	Normal mean number of rainy days.	Mean of district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean number of rainy days.	Normal mean number of rainy days.			
1	+15	5.5	+4.6	5.45	4.91	0.54	+3.94	5.00	1.87	5.32	3.35	+4.97	11.00	4.76	Sardwan.	
2	-	5.1	-	4.27	3.98	0.78	+3.65	5.17	1.47	5.56	2.78	+3.77	9.67	4.50	Birbhum.	
3	-	3.2	-	4.79	5.08	0.85	+4.83	7.13	1.30	5.11	3.91	+3.20	11.20	4.79	Bankura.	
4	-	4.8	-	6.40	5.18	0.68	+4.30	7.00	1.43	5.23	5.72	+3.21	12.80	4.54	Midnapore.	
5	-	-	-	5.89	1.13	+4.74	7.00	1.35	10.21	3.66	+6.56	11.90	5.36	Hooghly.		
6	-	-	-	7.30	0.99	+3.30	7.33	1.60	12.25	3.14	+9.11	12.00	6.04	Howrah.		
7	-5	8.0	+3.0	1.58	4.91	1.16	+3.73	3.25	1.74	12.25	4.63	+7.73	13.88	5.28	24-Parganas.	
7	+3	5.5	+3.3	7.96	7.96	1.02	+5.04	8.00	1.61	13.97	3.34	+9.68	12.00	5.63	Calcutta.	
10	-	4.7	-	3.13	4.30	1.09	+3.11	6.76	1.63	7.92	3.86	+4.06	12.00	3.06	Nadia.	
17	+12	5.4	+3.8	3.76	3.64	0.73	+3.88	3.63	1.40	6.23	3.07	+3.16	11.58	4.87	Murshidabad.	
26	+4	4.8	+2.3	6.22	4.24	1.15	+3.69	3.30	1.74	12.56	4.37	+9.56	17.13	3.71	Jessore.	
					3.31	1.07	+3.44	4.40	1.06			+3.06	14.23	6.64	Khulna.	
65	-	4.1	-	2.70												
65	-	5.3	-	1.64												
67	-	3.8	-	1.40												
67	-	4.0	-	1.93												
68	-	4.9	-	1.34												
68	-	3.4	-	2.50												
68	-	4.4	-	2.20												
67	+7	5.0	+3.2	3.04												
63	-	5.8	-	1.34												
67	-	3.8	-	2.30												
64	-	3.2	-	3.04												
66	-	3.5	-	1.99												
65	-	3.9	-	1.70												
63	-4	3.2	+1.2	1.13												
83	+15	4.6	+2.2	2.81	2.68	0.62	+3.04	5.20	1.35	5.32	2.72	+0.60	7.44	4.30	Paima.	
82	+28	5.1	+2.8	2.02	2.54	0.61	+1.93	3.87	1.32	5.38	2.51	+0.87	6.00	4.29	Gaya.	
77	-	3.8	-	1.03	1.85	0.72	+0.93	4.00	1.54	2.52	3.19	-0.67	5.62	4.86	Shahabad.	
77	-	5.1	-	1.73												
85	-	2.7	-	2.08	1.83	0.44	+1.39	3.83	1.09	2.14	2.46	-0.32	7.33	3.85	Saran.	
37	-	3.3	-	1.74	2.06	0.43	+1.68	4.25	1.12	2.21	2.09	+0.12	4.75	3.81	Champanan.	
04	-	1.9	-	2.21	1.95	0.27	+1.46	5.00	1.13	2.35	3.29	+0.06	3.74	3.73	Munshiganj.	
87	-	3.8	-	1.75	1.90	0.43	+1.48	5.20	1.05	2.42	2.07	+0.35	6.20	3.46	Darbhanga.	
91	+20	3.8	+2.0	2.94	0.65	+3.29	6.11	1.48	4.11	2.53	+1.68	7.54	4.22	3.46	Monghyr.	
78	-	4.8	-	3.93	3.67	0.51	+2.18	4.63	1.29	3.40	2.22	+1.18	8.01	3.69	Shahjipur.	
53	+12	8.0	+1.4	2.80	2.63	0.59	+1.74	4.67	2.00	4.24	5.87	+0.67	10.31	6.63	Darjeeling.	
65	+15	2.9	+1.8	2.36	1.89	0.41	+1.41	4.00	1.09	2.24	1.83	+0.41	5.34	3.27	Purnea.	
66	-	3.8	-	3.04												
65	-	4.1	-	3.04	3.48	0.30	+2.63	5.00	1.21	4.90	2.00	+2.21	7.77	4.11	Sonthal Pargan.	
78	-	3.9	-	3.55	3.17	0.46	+2.71	6.00	0.90	-	2.30	-	-	6.20	Sambhalpur.	
33	-	3.4	-	2.14	2.24	0.55	+1.09	4.40	1.05	4.13	3.65	+0.46	0.50	6.71	Angul.	
67	+7	5.0	+3.1	2.77	3.09	0.74	+2.36	4.00	1.17	5.01	5.33	+2.08	10.00	8.68	Outlast.	
64	-8	5.4	+2.2	2.60												
83	-	4.0	-	4.34	4.48	1.04	+3.44	3.50	1.67	10.20	4.48	+3.72	15.30	3.25	Balesore.	
78	-	3.4	-	2.13	2.00	0.75	+1.25	3.17	1.22	4.63	5.69	-3.06	7.61	7.30	Parl.	
60	-	2.9	-	1.53												
72	+24	8.0	+1.2	3.76	3.28	0.68	+2.41	6.60	1.02	4.91	3.18	+1.73	10.77	4.88	Hazaribagh.	
76	-	8.0	-	0.37	6.58	0.52	+5.78	12.33	1.30	5.78	2.68	+5.10	15.30	3.07	Ranchi.	
89	-	4.8	-	3.77	3.11	0.68	+3.48	6.76	1.28	5.60	3.17	+2.43	11.75	4.36	Palamau.	
65	-	3.3	-	3.37	4.78	0.74	+4.04	9.48	1.37	6.44	2.66	+3.78	13.67	4.93	Manbhum.	
66	-	4.3	-	2.41	7.87	0.77	+6.00	0.00	1.35	10.72	2.57	+8.15	14.02	4.71	Singbhum.	
66	-	4.3	-	3.37												
66	+4	9.9	+3.2	2.11												
60	-	5.5	-	1.42												
61	-	3.0	-	1.47												
66	+8	8.9	+2.4	1.37												
60	+1	4.7	+1.7	3.07												
70	-	4.3	-	3.68												
76	-	4.8	-	3.28												

(a) Mean of 27 days.

Table of Rainfall recorded at an

[illegible]

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, MARCH 14, 1900.

Bengal in February 1906.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869	870	871	872	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891	892	893	894	895	896	897	898	899	900	901	902	903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957	958	959	960	961	962	963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970	971	972	973	974	975	976	977	978	979	980	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990	991	992	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000
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Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		
Patna - consolidated.	Shahabad	Buxar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.06	0.39	0.18	0.15	...	0.02
		Dehri	...	...	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.03	0.43	0.12	...	...
		Bhabhua	...	...	0.05	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	0.04	0.23	0.13	...	0.05
		Banarman	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.30	0.78	0.10	...	0.02
		Arrah	...	...	0.06	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	0.01	0.60	0.33	...	0.15
		Mohanta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Agamon	0.50	0.64	0.03	...	0.13
		Ramgarh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.05	0.28	0.10	...	0.20
		Koath	0.02	0.05	0.54	0.29	0.01	...	0.27
		Sikrool	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.15	0.70	0.19	...	0.25
		Bassowan	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.05	0.63	0.18	...	0.12
		Monaharpur	0.03	1.73	0.12	0.02	...	0.29
		Akberpur	0.06	0.09	0.07	0.03	0.12	0.49	0.13	0.05	...	0.07
	Saran	Gopalsan	0.04	0.20	0.09	0.40	...	0.10
		Siwan	0.21	0.02	0.23	0.13	0.23	...	0.23
		Bikma	0.02	0.09	0.04	0.24	0.35	0.04	...	0.43
		Chapra	0.02	0.08	0.04	0.38	0.37	0.04	...	0.15
		Hathua	0.01	0.01	0.23	0.13	0.43	...	0.12
		Amur	0.20	0.28	0.40	0.03	...	0.40
		Basantpur	0.30	0.10	0.11	0.10	...	0.20
		Dawaldi	0.26	0.23	0.14	0.08	...	0.20
		Bhorah	0.05	0.02	0.25	0.11	0.40	...	0.08
		Sripur	0.22	0.18	0.40	...	0.04
Champaran	Motihari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.04	0.09	0.40	...	0.05
	Retnah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.21	0.10	0.56	...	...
	Begha	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.07	0.01	...	...	...	...	0.02	0.18	0.69	0.71	0.01	...
	Barburwa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.13	0.08	0.44	...	...
	Ramnagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.10	1.00	1.03	...	...
	Nakarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kisoriah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.20	0.11	0.30	...	0.17
Dhanaka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.20	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.45	0.64	...	...	...
Munaffarpur	Sitamardi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.17	0.18	0.28	...	0.03
	Munaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.28	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.15	0.35	0.08	...	...
	Hajipur	...	...	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.48	0.01	...	...	...	...	0.01	0.41	0.42	0.07	0.01	0.25
	Paru	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.50	0.08	...	0.40
	Mahua	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.31	0.32	0.03	...	0.26
	Shluhar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.30	...	...	...
	Papri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.18	0.30	0.25	...	...
Darbhanga	Tajpur (Samas- tupur)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.43	0.36	0.14	...	0.09
	Darbhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.12	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.08
	Madhubani	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.19	0.30	0.15	...	...
	Bahra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.27	0.33	0.19	...	...
	Boscha	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.13	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.30	0.48	...	...	...
	Khatonia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.40	0.09	...	...
	Ladania	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.13	0.18	0.40	...	...
Lankali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.14	0.31	0.11	...	...
Monghyr	Begusarai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.11	0.03	...	...	...	...	...	0.20	0.57	0.31	...	...
	Monghyr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.35	0.64	0.38	...	...
	Jamui	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.21	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.40	0.65	1.23	0.01	...
	Gogri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.11	1.12	0.12	0.13	...
	Jamalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	0.29	0.09	0.43	...	...
	Bhaikhpura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.44	0.65	0.54	...	...
	Chakri Banda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.38	0.75	1.33	0.04	0.02
	Chuproom	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.51	0.47	0.25	...	...
	Gidhour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.16	...	...	...	...	...	0.47	0.68	1.30	...	...
	Kharagpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.27	0.65	0.12	...	...
Shahganj	Madhipura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.20	0.57	0.25	...	...
	Bangraon (Biy- bad)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.24	0.30	...	...
	Supaul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.14	0.55	0.11	...	...
	Pratapganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.16	0.68	0.06	...	...
	Bhagalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.03	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	0.15	0.91	1.04	...	...
	Banka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	0.21	0.60	1.13	0.03	...
	Oolrong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.21	0.63	0.85	...	...
Banshi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.19	0.80	2.00	0.03	...	
Darjeeling	Siliguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Darjeeling	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.05	0.69	0.19	...	0.17
	Kalimpong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.48	0.14	...	0.04
	Mongpo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.48	0.30	...	0.45
	Kurseong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.58	0.20	...	0.72
Pedong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.01	0.66	0.15	...	0.14	
Tibet	Yatung	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.05	0.15	...	0.35
	Kishanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.10	0.61	0.20	...	...
Purnea	Araria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.10	0.41	0.15	...	...
	Purnea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.12	0.68	0.23	...	...
	Gondwana (Korah)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.09	0.28	0.34	...	...
	Barsoe	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.10	0.30	0.60	...	...
	Forbaganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.19	0.23	0.07	...	...
Kaliganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sonthal Par- rana.	Rajmahal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.17	0.36	0.31	0.04	...
	Godda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.17	0.48	1.10	0.04	...
	Patnaur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.09	...	...	...	...	...	0.10	0.53	2.29	0.04	0.04
	Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.01	0.01	0.01	...	...	...	0.08	0.70	1.02	0.04	0.11
	Deokhur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								

Bengal in February 1906—continued.

1	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 18th Oct. 1905 up to 28th Feb. 1906.	Average rainfall from 18th Oct. up to 28th February.	Station.	District.	Division.	Meteorological Division.
0.84	0.05	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.26	1.13	0.49	0.39	2.12	2.03	Buxar	Shahabad.		
0.41	0.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.29	1.04	0.52	0.42	1.96	2.79	Dehri			
0.78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.43	1.74	0.89	0.78	2.27	3.20	Shahbha.			
0.44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.40	1.72	0.89	0.78	2.27	3.20	Sasaram.			
0.40	0.03	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.10	1.73	0.41	0.60	3.05	2.78	Arrah.			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	0.73	...	0.47	...	...	3.14	Mohanes.			
0.40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.78	1.78	0.78	0.64	2.47	3.65	Agarwal.			
0.40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.78	2.00	0.72	1.05	3.93	2.28	Agarwal.			
0.48	0.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2.00	1.97	0.86	0.84	2.08	3.15	Konh.			
0.30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.80	1.44	0.81	0.70	2.58	3.28	Sikrol.			
0.60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2.00	1.63	1.04	0.63	1.89	4.28	Hassowan.			
0.24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2.11	2.55	1.04	1.78	3.10	3.36	Monaharpur.			
0.11	0.03	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	1.22	?	0.46	3.01	?	Akberpur.			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.18	1.73	0.46	0.81	1.97	2.11	Gopalganj.	Saran.		
0.61	0.28	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1.23	1.70	0.57	0.40	1.94	2.79	Siwan.			
0.40	0.56	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	0.86	2.09	0.31	0.69	2.41	2.63	Ekma.			
0.50	0.18	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.15	2.05	0.49	0.68	2.75	2.41	Chapra.			
0.39	0.06	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	1.71	?	0.54	1.85	?	Nahwa.			
0.54	0.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1.39	1.87	0.44	0.60	2.13	2.79	Amnor.			
0.55	0.05	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	0.86	1.58	0.34	0.41	1.75	2.13	Hassanpur.			
0.40	0.38	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	1.87	?	0.41	1.95	?	Darauli.			
0.41	0.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	1.71	?	0.64	1.94	?	Bhorah.			
0.04	0.18	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	1.64	?	0.69	2.00	?	Sripur.			
0.59	0.13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.30	0.68	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1.00	1.74	0.37	0.88	1.75	1.92	Motihari.	Champanag.		
0.50	0.28	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1.17	2.04	0.48	0.90	2.34	1.98	Bettiah.			
0.58	0.77	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.33	2.73	0.53	0.82	3.09	2.39	Bagaha.			
0.65	0.33	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.00	1.82	0.34	0.55	1.78	2.14	Burhurwa.			
1.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	3.23	?	1.10	3.23	?	Bamagar.			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	1.81	?	0.54	1.93	?	Shikarpur.			
0.35	0.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	2.56	?	0.55	2.36	?	Kissoriah.			
0.55	0.17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dhanaka.			
0.41	1.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.13	2.19	0.40	1.10	2.35	2.12	Sitamarhi.	Muzaffarpur.		
0.38	0.53	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.27	1.89	0.47	0.63	1.91	2.75	Muzaffarpur.			
0.49	0.34	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	6	1.28	2.78	0.18	0.69	3.25	2.66	Hajipur.			
0.68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.07	2.50	0.41	0.88	2.69	1.92	Paru.			
0.50	0.43	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1.27	2.24	0.38	0.63	3.11	2.63	Mahua.			
0.20	0.60	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1.00	1.00	0.46	0.80	1.19	2.79	Shihar.			
0.50	0.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	0.98	1.47	0.36	0.60	1.67	1.33	Pupri.			
...			
0.56	0.47	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	0.90	2.49	0.48	0.87	4.07	2.33	Tajpur (Bamas).	Darbhanga.		
0.33	0.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1.23	1.75	0.45	0.31	1.93	2.28	Darbhanga.			
0.44	0.69	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	0.93	1.90	0.47	0.89	2.01	2.23	Madhubani.			
0.32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.13	1.23	0.36	0.33	1.39	1.85	Bahera.			
0.34	0.40	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.07	2.34	0.34	0.94	2.78	1.70	Roshera.			
...	1.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	1.53	?	1.10	1.59	?	Khatonia.			
...	0.97	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	1.37	?	0.97	1.37	?	Ladania.			
0.23	0.84	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	1.68	?	0.94	1.62	?	Laukahi.			
0.75	0.50	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	3	1.37	2.35	0.70	0.73	3.09	2.33	Boghaara.	Monghyr.		
1.28	0.70	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.81	2.36	0.67	0.70	3.62	3.55	Monghyr.			
0.78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.47	2.28	0.71	1.23	5.32	2.33	Jamui.			
0.15	1.15	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.27	2.74	1.02	1.73	4.02	2.85	Gogri.			
0.60	0.47	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1.59	2.40	0.50	0.60	3.13	2.10	Jamailpur.			
0.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	0.93	2.79	0.48	0.85	2.96	2.31	Shakhpur.			
1.52	0.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2.03	4.57	0.87	1.82	3.90	3.22	Chakal Bamda.			
0.86	0.23	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1.00	2.11	0.36	0.55	2.47	1.66	Chupra.			
1.24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.50	3.92	0.82	1.34	4.93	2.96	Gidhaur.			
0.75	0.11	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.33	2.74	0.47	0.92	3.97	2.59	Kharagpur.			
...			
0.80	0.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1.37	1.33	0.66	0.60	1.32	2.31	Madhipura.	Shahpur.		
...	1.21	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.10	2.41	0.37	1.21	2.61	1.62	Bangaon.			
0.55	0.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.03	1.97	0.46	0.75	3.38	2.07	Banail.			
0.30	0.40	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.00	1.83	1.30	0.90	2.21	2.30	Pratapganj.			
0.41	0.53	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1.52	2.03	0.78	1.04	4.69	2.26	Bhagalpur.			
0.90	0.23	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.37	2.03	0.69	1.75	4.24	2.70	Banaka.			
0.65	0.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.67	2.49	0.67	0.83	3.42	2.10	Colkong.			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1.23	4.19	0.30	2.30	5.07	1.93	Banail.			
0.30	0.56	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.35	1.71	0.83	0.88	3.86	2.80	Shikuri.	Darjeeling.		
0.16	1.06	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2.52	2.80	1.18	1.88	4.07	3.16	Darjeeling.			
0.38	1.27	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.79	2.29	0.73	1.27	3.53	2.89	Kalimpong.			
0.30	1.17	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2.00	3.10	0.89	1.17	5.03	3.43	Mongpo.			
0.31	1.38	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2.09	3.51	1.01	1.36	6.64	3.64	Kurseong.			
0.37	1.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2.25	2.48	1.09	1.26	4.20	4.25	Pedong.			
0.18	0.55	1.50	0.08	...	...	...	...	7	2.17	4.02	0.62	1.30	5.36	3.21	Yatong.	Tibet.		
0.16	1.09	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.28	2.34	0.47	1.00	2.43	2.16	Kishanganj.	Purnea.		
0.40	0.90	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.10	2.06	0.51	0.90	2.90	2.08	Araria.			
0.53	...	0.70	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.13	2.35	0.86	0.79	3.05	2.48	Purnea.			
0.63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	0.73	1.68	0.28	0.63	2.17	1.77	Gondwana.			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.11	2.30	0.38	1.10	2.70	1.14	Barso.			
...	1.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1.38	1.61	0.46	0.84	1.86	1.90	Forbesganj.			
...	0.28	0.64	...	...	...	...	...	1	0.87	0.50	0.33	0.50	0.50	1.34	Kaliaganj.			
...	0.50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.38	0.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.07	2.79	0.41	0.91	4.28	1.88	Rajnahal.	South Par.		
0.31	0.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.36	2.73	0.68	2.15	4.41	2.11	Godda.			
0.34	0.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.04	4.07	0.45	2.20	5.31	2.60	Takur.			
0.70	0.15	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1.62	3.04	0.70	1.02	5.43	2.96	Naya Dumka.			
0.44	0.13	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1.35	3.79	0.71	1.40	4.96	3.13	Deoghur.			
0.68	1.57	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1.37	4.70	0.51	1.57	6.25	2.80	Jamtara.			
...			
...	1.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.00	2.61	0.61	1.36	3.33	2.23	Mohagama.			
...	3.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	0.71	3.41	0.13	1.55	4.73	2.60	Narhat.			
...	0.56	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1.57	2.97	0.32	1.16	4.83	3.72	Assenboni.			
...	1.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	1.73	2.79	0.48	1.10	3.71	2.55	Katikund.			
...	0.31																	

Table of Rainfall recorded at sta

Division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Orissa.	Sambalpur	Sambalpur	...	...	...	...	1.07	...	...	...	...	...	1.11	...	...	...	0.76	0.33	0.30	0.38	0.0
		Bargarh	...	...	...	0.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.81	...	...	...	0.94	0.33	0.45	0.12	0.0
		Padampur	...	...	...	0.17	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.80	...	...	...	0.84	0.45	0.29	0.17	0.0
		Balangir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.80	0.04	0.05	...	1.10	0.45	0.29	0.17	0.0
		Nhawaniapatna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.70	...	...	...	1.24	0.45	0.29	0.17	0.0
	Uria Feudatory States.	Rampur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.00	...	...	...	0.34	1.43	0.03	0.82	0.0
		Bamra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.74	...	...	1.05	0.59	1.11	0.05	0.15	0.0
		Gangpur	...	...	1.08	0.71	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
		Donnigurh	...	...	...	0.12	0.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
		Jagatsingpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.34	...	...	...	1.43	...	...	0.14	0.0
	Cuttack	Bauki	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.17	...	...	0.25	0.87	0.08	0.15	1.04	0.0
		Cuttack	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.32	0.02	...	...	0.85	0.02	...	1.87	0.0
		Palae Point	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.13	...	...	...	1.70	...	0.17	0.45	0.0
		Kendrapara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
		Jajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.00	...	0.41	1.10	1.09	...	0.0
	Balasore	Dharmasala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.21	...	...	0.00	1.05	...	0.12	0.37	0.0
		Salapuri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.13	...	...	...	0.08	...	0.02	0.81	0.0
		Akhyapada	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.13	...	...	...	1.24	0.27	0.05	1.52	0.0
		Chandbali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.85	0.20	...	1.20	0.0
		Bhadrak	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
	Angul	Soro	...	...	...	...	0.24	...	...	...	...	...	0.09	...	...	1.08	0.78	...	0.00	0.52	0.0
		Balasore	...	...	...	...	0.33	0.35	...	...	...	...	0.21	...	...	...	0.81	0.80	0.10	1.03	0.0
		Jeliasore	...	...	...	...	0.23	...	...	...	...	...	0.08	...	...	...	2.34	0.58	0.80	0.38	0.0
		Belpat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.00	0.0
		Bram (Bansdebar)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	Torigaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.50	...	...	1.50	0.0
		Bansuh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.03	...	...	...	0.71	0.07	0.73	0.11	0.0
		Angul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.56	...	...	...	0.03	1.07	0.23	0.02	0.0
		Bissipara	...	...	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	0.20	...	...	0.30	1.35	...	1.35	0.81	0.0
		Chhendipada	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.25	...	...	0.39	0.21	0.26	...	...	0.0
CHOTA NAGPUR	Puri	Tikerpura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.05	...	...	...	0.64	2.20	0.19	0.91	0.0
		Balandapara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.13	...	...	...	2.19	0.11	...	...	0.0
		Baramba	...	...	...	...	...	0.03	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.07	0.03	0.45	0.13	0.53	0.85	0.0
		Kunjabongsh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.31	...	...	...	2.05	...	0.10	0.96	0.0
		Dhenkanal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.18	...	...	...	1.25	0.16	1.78	0.15	0.0
	Puri	Baisinga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.91	...	...	...	1.32	3.64	0.64	0.28	0.0
		Kooujhar	...	...	...	0.23	0.47	...	...	...	...	...	0.53	...	...	...	1.34	0.05	0.50	1.05	0.0
		Anandapur	...	...	...	...	0.05	0.27	0.40	...	...	...	1.18	...	...	...	3.16	2.08	0.40	1.23	0.0
		Haripada	...	...	...	...	0.50	1.00	...	...	...	...	1.15	...	...	...	2.23	2.06	0.10	2.83	0.0
		Karajia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.00	...	...	...	0.02	0.70	0.04	1.04	0.0
	Puri	Narsingpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.48	...	0.7	0.58	0.05	0.00	0.0
		Nayagarh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.72	...	...	...	1.30	1.70	0.46	0.30	0.0
		Pal Lahera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.39	...	...	0.81	0.0
		Rampur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.15	...	...	...	2.35	2.10	0.19	0.83	0.0
		Talehar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
	Puri	Athmalik	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.05	...	0.21	...	0.21	0.23	0.03	0.30	0.0
		Hindal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
		Boud	...	...	...	...	0.50	...	...	...	...	...	0.12	...	...	...	1.25	2.09	0.23	2.17	0.0
		Nilgiri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.30	0.03	...	...	1.44	0.03	0.22	0.06	0.0
		Athguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
	Puri	Puri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.23	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.02	0.0
		Khurda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.00	...	0.09	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
		Bhanpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.40	...	0.18	...	...	...	...	1.40	0.0
		Gop	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
		Satpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
	Hasaribagh	Pipli	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.45	...	...	...	0.02	...	...	0.23	0.0
		Kanas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.30	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.18	0.46
		Pachamba (Giridih)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.30	...	...	...	0.23	1.32	0.76	...	0.0
		Hasaribagh	...	...	...	...	...	0.25	...	...	...	0.05	0.03	0.30	...	...	0.70	0.06	1.04	...	0.0
		Barhi	...	...	...	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	0.28	0.02	0.32	...	...	0.04	0.92	0.69	...	0.0
	Ranchi	Chatra	...	...	...	0.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.04	...	...	...	0.05	0.48	0.51	0.33	...
		Kharagdiha	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.12	...	...	...	0.30	0.53	...	0.22	0.0
		Ramkr	...	...	...	...	...	0.50	...	...	...	...	0.14	...	...	...	0.45	1.23	1.55	0.04	0.0
		Koderma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.10	0.02	0.31	...	...	0.37	1.20	0.80	0.11	0.0
		Bagdara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
	Ranchi	Lohardaga	...	...	...	0.05	...	0.54	2.06	0.07	0.23	...	0.68	...	...	0.10	0.34	0.43	0.37	0.19	0.0
		Ranchi	...	...	...	...	...	0.23	0.23	0.24	...	...	0.10	0.81	...	...	0.31	2.08	0.77	0.70	0.0
		Billi	...	...	...	...	...	0.30	0.29	0.10	...	...	0.40	0.80	0.30	...	0.39	1.48	0.41	0.50	0.0
		Palkot	...	...	...	...	...	0.80	0.30	0.50	0.03	...	0.60	0.65	...	...	1.03	1.50	...	0.35	0.0
		Bano	...	...	...	...	...	0.39	1.45	...	...	...	0.14	0.73	...	...	1.44	1.53	0.18	...	0.0
	Palamau	Tamar	...	...	...	...	...	0.19	0.53	...	...	...	0.42	0.82	...	...	0.81	1.50	0.36	0.38	0.0
		Kandag	...	...	...	...	...	0.78	0.52	...	...	...	0.10	0.84	...	...	1.81	1.75	0.22	0.40	0.0
		Gandag	...	...	...	...	...	0.10	0.30	0.53	0.70	...	0.80	1.12	0.03	...	1.36	1.90	0.84	0.23	0.0
		Gandag	...	...	...	...	...	0.23	0.19	0.72	1.02	...	0.60	1.00	...	...	1.00	1.19	0.83	0.27	0.0
		Chalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0
	Palamau	Palamau (Daltonganj)	...	...	...	...	...	0.07	0.37	0.13	...	...	0.00	0.39	0.02	...	0.11	0.81	0.14	1.14	0.03
		Kalunath	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.20	...	...	...	1.00	1.25	...	0.05	...
		Husainabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.23	...	...	...	0.17	0.85	0.10	0.10	0.01
		Gandag	...	...	...	...	...	0.30	0.43	...	...	...	0.11	...	...	...	0.15	0.70	...	...	0.0
		Mahadag	...	...	...	...	...	0.23	0.50	0.16	...	...	1.00	...	...	...	0.20	0.80	0.40	...	0.0
	Ranchi	Palkot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.20	0.80	0.40	...	0

Angul in February 1906—concluded.

22	23	24	25	26	27	28	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heavyest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st Oct. 1905 up to 28th Feb. 1906.	Average rainfall from 1st Oct. 1905 up to 28th Feb. 1906.	Station.	District.	Division.	Metereological Division.
...	7	1.06	3.55	0.58	1.11	...	2.34	Sambalpur ...	Sambalpur.	Orissa.	Orissa.
...	5	0.80	3.79	0.76	0.94	...	2.35	Harsach.			
...	5	?	3.15	?	1.45	...	?	Padampur.			
...	5	?	4.78	?	2.45	...	?	Belangir ...	Uria Feudatory States.		
...	3	?	1.35	?	0.80	...	?	Khawnipatna.			
...	3	?	5.26	?	1.63	...	?	Kampur.			
...	6	?	7.58	?	3.34	...	?	Karma.			
...	6	1.23	9.98	1.67	3.39	13.55	3.63	Gangpur.			
...	2	?	7.65	?	3.75	...	?	Bonaigurh.			
...	2	1.20	2.45	0.45	1.27	4.75	5.65	Jagasingpur	Outlook.		
...	1.18	4	1.33	4.94	0.55	3.26	5.93	4.56	Hanki.		Orissa.	Orissa.
0.07	3	1.16	3.30	0.49	1.04	5.68	4.93	Outlook.			
0.07	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	3	1.39	3.60	0.90	1.45	31.35	8.44	False Point.	
...	...	0.35	...	...	...	...	5	1.20	3.90	0.90	1.87	6.81	6.00	Kendrapara.	
0.52	0.08	...	...	...	...	...	5	1.50	3.07	1.08	1.75	6.48	4.82	Jajpur.	
0.04	4	1.40	3.67	0.70	1.09	7.82	4.07	Dharmasala.			
...	4	...	87	1.94	0.42	5.90	6.44	Balepur.			
...	...	0.03	...	...	...	...	4	1.35	3.05	0.78	1.05	8.85	4.03	Akhyapada ...	Raisasore.
...	4	1.35	3.48	1.01	0.97	15.94	5.29	Chandball.			
...	4	1.13	7.09	1.27	1.86	11.10	5.13	Bhadrak.			
...	7	1.70	5.89	0.97	3.55	11.34	4.41	Soro.		Orissa.	Orissa.
...	7	2.18	4.61	1.31	1.17	...	5.63	Balasore.			
...	9	1.87	3.95	1.01	1.03	7.43	3.45	Jillasore.			
...	5	?	4.84	?	1.30	9.19	?	Baitapal.			
...	?	?	?	?	Bram (Basu- dehpur).			
...	?	?	?	?	Turigaria.			
...	5	?	4.90	?	1.50	...	?	Bansih.			
...	4	1.30	2.14	0.77	0.73	4.62	3.81	Anxul	Angul.		
...	4	5.90	9.37	0.33	1.07	3.66	3.47	Bisipara.			
...	5	?	2.86	?	1.35	4.42	?	Chhendipada.			
...	5	?	2.47	?	1.35	2.57	?	Tikarpura.			
...	8	?	5.48	?	3.90	5.78	?	Balandapara.		Orissa.	Orissa.
...	5	5.82	4.72	5.34	2.36	5.37	3.76	Baramba	Orissa Tributary Mahals.		
...	6	0.70	5.07	0.39	3.45	7.03	3.40	Kunjabongarh			
...	5	1.35	3.84	0.64	3.06	4.83	3.63	Dhenkanal.			
...	6	?	3.72	?	1.85	5.79	?	Bailega.			
...	8	1.28	8.15	0.36	3.68	15.35	3.15	Kesoghhar.			
...	8	2.00	4.58	1.17	1.30	7.30	4.25	Amardapur.			
...	7	1.82	9.21	0.86	3.18	11.43	3.63	Baripada.			
...	10	?	11.36	?	3.65	12.77	?	Koraputa.			
...	3	0.70	3.85	0.29	1.94	6.24	3.10	Narasingpur.			
...	6	1.43	3.54	0.78	1.18	3.15	4.15	Nayagarh.		Orissa.	Orissa.
...	6	1.13	3.04	0.94	1.78	6.94	2.54	Pal Lahara.			
...	4	1.90	3.70	0.72	5.94	5.35	3.48	Ranpur.			
...	5	1.15	5.00	0.77	3.35	7.46	2.98	Talcher.			
...	?	?	?	?	Athmalik.			
...	6	?	1.31	?	0.54	3.87	?	Hindol.			
...	?	?	?	?	Boad.			
...	?	7.45	?	3.17	10.42	?	Nigiri.			
...	4	?	2.58	?	1.44	3.50	?	Athgurh.			
...	2	1.08	2.13	0.95	1.30	4.78	8.79	Puri	Puri.	Orissa.	Orissa.
...	3	1.13	1.61	0.88	0.60	4.12	5.63	Khurda.			
...	5	1.67	3.37	1.30	1.40	4.51	7.37	Bhanpur.			
...	2	5.98	1.35	5.45	0.80	4.80	7.43	Gop.			
...	3	1.78	1.96	1.03	1.08	5.62	6.15	Barpara.			
...	4	0.80	1.45	0.99	0.45	4.11	4.47	Pipil.			
...	4	?	1.04	?	0.80	5.43	?	Konasa.			
...	7	1.40	3.58	0.78	1.38	5.30	3.88	Pachamha ... (Giridih).	Hazaribagh.		
...	6	1.84	2.75	5.81	1.04	5.91	3.69	Hazaribagh.			
...	7	1.60	4.17	0.73	1.04	5.33	3.42	Barhi.			
...	5	1.69	2.31	0.39	0.54	3.38	8.29	Chatra.		Orissa.	Orissa.
...	?	1.87	?	0.33	...	...	Kharnadiha.			
...	7	1.30	3.33	0.79	0.50	4.14	3.53	Rangar.			
...	6	?	3.98	?	1.55	5.00	?	Koderma.			
...	6	?	3.90	?	1.30	5.82	?	Bagodar.			
...	?	?	?	?	...			
...	13	1.78	6.51	0.85	2.90	...	3.73	Lohardaga	Ranchi.		
...	12	2.10	8.61	1.08	3.09	8.98	2.29	Ranchi.			
...	14	1.21	8.06	0.38	1.48	8.15	1.53	Sih.			
...	9	2.14	6.03	0.80	1.50	8.69	2.45	Palhot.			
...	7	?	5.77	?	1.53	10.24	?	Babar.		Orissa.	Orissa.
...	16	1.43	6.38	0.85	1.56	7.15	1.84	Vamar.			
...	9	?	7.05	?	1.80	10.95	?	Kurdeg.			
...	11	?	9.15	?	1.36	10.77	?	Gumla.			
...	13	2.14	7.78	1.18	1.10	9.64	3.27	Chaiupur.			
...	8	1.34	3.77	0.53	1.14	4.65	2.36	Palamau ... (Daltengan)	Palamau.		
...	6	1.37	4.80	0.65	1.25	7.65	3.36	Halumath.			
...	4	1.13	1.14	0.03	0.79	4.75	3.29	Husainabad.			
...	0	1.40	2.78	0.66	5.83	5.14	3.17	Garhwa.			
...	8	?	3.55	?	1.00	4.77	?	Mahudand.			
...	4	?	1.50	?	0.60	Paaki.		Orissa.	Orissa.
...	9	?	8.68	?	4.15	9.46	?	Latchur.			
...	5	?	2.18	?	0.97	4.17	?	Nagarutari.			
...	9	?	8.75	?	1.50	7.62	?	Ranka.			
...	8	?	3.05	?	0.85	4.98	?	Chattarpur.			
...	5	?	1.68	?	0.84	2.83	?	Bhaonathpur.			
...	7	?	3.42	?	0.33	4.53	?	Putan.			
...	?	?	?	1.10	...	?	Monahi.			
...	8	?	3.98	?	1.34	5.58	?	Lesiganj.			
...	7	?	4.80	?	1.32	6.13	?	Kari.			
...	6	?	2.15	?	0.80	5.57	?	Garu.		Orissa.	Orissa.
...	11	1.97	6.37	1.08	3.08	9.11	2.56	Purulia	Manbhum.		
...	7	1.30	3.42	0.89	1.13	4.72	2.91	Gobindpur.			
...	3	1.33	5.47	0.54	3.00	6.97	2.80	Raghunathpur.			
...	11	1.33	5.90	0.63	1.30	7.25	2.31	Baruabhum.			
...	11	1.79	5.73	0.80	1.08	7.77	2.40	Jhalda.			

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM, FOR THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY, 1906.

FEBRUARY 1906 has established an absolute record in the matter of excessive rainfall. In every division of the Province the amount received was at least four or five times as much as is usual in February, and in Chota Nagpur the excess was actually sevenfold. This heavy rainfall eclipsed, of course, all other features of the weather, and gave the month a completely abnormal character in spite of the fact that when analysed the other components of the weather show nothing strikingly strange. Pressure and temperature were both on the whole in slight defect.

A sudden atmospheric see-saw on the last two days of January had, it may be remembered, been associated with a rapid fall of temperature over the Province from several degrees above to a couple of degrees below normal, and had in fact left the north-east of India in the possession of a strong but typical North-East Monsoon. The 1st of February showed these conditions only slightly intensified—a slightly steeper North to South pressure gradient and mean temperature, as much as 4° below normal. On the 2nd, there was a slight going back to within less than 2° of normal, which on the 3rd became 2° , on the 4th 4° , and on the 5th 6° above normal, while all the time an essentially anti-cyclonic pressure distribution prevailed, with the barometer highest in the extreme north-east. It was during the 4th, 5th, and 6th that the first rain fell in a more or less scattered manner over Central India and Chota Nagpur. This rain can scarcely be associated with any definite depression, but only with a generally disturbed state of weather probably emanating from the upper atmospheric strata. The ground level winds were light and irregular, but with, on the whole, a southerly component over Bengal, which caused the temperature to rise continuously— 4° above normal on the 6th, 6° on the 7th, and 7° or 8° on the 8th and 9th. A small depression which had travelled rapidly across India gave rain in Bihar on the 8th, then remained nearly stationary over the north of the Province for a couple of days, giving a very general and heavy fall of rain over the whole Province except Bihar on the 10th, and continued in Assam on the 11th. With the disappearance of this depression eastwards the winds assumed a northerly direction in its wake, and caused a rapid fall of temperature which remained about 2° below normal on the 11th and 12th. On the 13th, however, the first effects of another depression which was only shown by the isobars on the 14th, were felt in a slight rise of temperature. During the day and night of the 14th, precipitation was general and heavy over the whole western part of Bengal, and spread all over Bengal and Assam on the 15th and 16th, while on the 17th, there was very heavy rain, but confined mainly to the South of Bengal and Orissa, only to spread over the whole area again on the 18th. During these very wet days the barometer continued highest in the extreme north-east with a steep pressure gradient and strong winds towards the south-west. On the morning of the 17th, the isobars did indeed show two shallow depressions—one over North Madras and the other in the extreme west of Bihar. But the general disturbed character of the weather of this period was better illustrated by the small but well-defined cyclonic storm which passed over Calcutta on the morning of the 15th. This steady rain, accompanied by north-easterly winds and heavy overclouding, kept the day temperature so much below normal that though the nights were a little hotter than usual, the mean temperature was always a little below normal by about 3° or 4° up to the 19th when the rain ceased and the temperature began to rise again slowly until the 21st.

During the night of the 21st a very deep and large depression in the north-west began to cause a strong indraught from the Bay, with general heavy rain in Bihar and less heavy in South-West Bengal. On the 22nd heavy rain fell all over Bengal and Assam, and on the morning of the 23rd the centre of the depression appeared in South Orissa.

On the 22nd also the accompanying cold wave reached its maximum development (with a defect of 10° below normal) in Bengal, and after the cessation of the rain temperature continued 6° and 4° below normal on the 23rd and 24th, and fell again to 8° below on the 25th, 10° on the 26th, and rising to within 8° of normal on the 27th only to fall again on the 28th to 12° below normal. During these last days of the month, after the cessation of the rain the pressure distribution was very typically that proper to the season of the year, with a strong anti-cyclonic movement with its centre towards the W. N. W.

Summary of Pressure.—The month was characterised by very considerable oscillations of pressure. It began just a trifle above normal, especially in the north, varying slightly at about $\frac{1}{4}$ th of an inch in excess up to the 5th, falling to normal on the 6th and 7th, rising again to $\frac{1}{4}$ th in excess on the 8th, falling to $\frac{1}{8}$ th in defect on the 9th and $\frac{1}{4}$ th in defect on the 10th and back again to normal on the 11th. It remained about normal on the 12th and 13th, fell through $\frac{1}{8}$ th on the 14th and 15th and rose back to normal on the 16th only to fall $\frac{1}{4}$ th again on the 17th, 18th and 19th, rising $\frac{1}{8}$ th on the 20th and back to normal on the 21st. On the 22nd a rapid fall took place, and the barometer remained $\frac{1}{4}$ th of an inch or more below normal for the next three days, rising again rapidly on the 25th and 26th to $\frac{1}{8}$ th above normal, from which it only fell by a trifling amount on the 28th.

The average for the month shows a defect of about $\frac{1}{4}$ th of an inch over the whole Province and Bay.

Summary of Temperature.—Mean temperature for the month as a whole was in slight defect south and west of the line of the Partition of Bengal, and in slight excess in Eastern Bengal and Assam. Day temperature was in defect all over and night temperature in excess.

Summary of Rainfall.—The total rainfall for the month was quite exceptionally great, being 490 per cent. of the normal in South West Bengal, 420 in Bihar, 380 in Orissa, and 690 in Chota Nagpur, and the number of rainy days from three to five times as many as usual in February.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature of each of the seven Meteorological Divisions of the Provinces of Bengal and of Eastern Bengal and Assam, and rainfall data of each of the four meteorological divisions of the Province of Bengal for the month of February 1906:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	TEMPERATURE.										RAINFALL—					Since 16th October 1905.	
	Highest observed during month.	Lowest observed during month.	Average for month.			Normal average.	Of month.	Rainy days.									
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.			Average number in month.	Normal average number in month.	Variation.							
South-West Bengal	88.3	49.6	78.1	61.6	69.9	-0.6	4.63	0.66	+3.73	6.12	1.54	+4.58	9.36	3.56			
North Bengal	86.1	46.4	75.7	56.4	66.1	+0.8											
East Bengal	87.3	49.5	78.8	60.4	69.6	+0.8											
Bihar	87.9	46.2	74.2	55.8	65.0	-0.5	2.33	0.55	+1.78	4.45	1.29	+3.16	3.00	2.52			
Orissa	94.4	51.7	82.9	66.4	74.6	-0.6	3.14	0.83	+2.31	4.50	1.34	+3.16	7.72	5.54			
Chota Nagpur*	89.1	45.5	74.6	57.3	68.0	-2.4	5.27	0.76	+4.51	8.87	1.58	+7.31	7.51	2.81			
Assam	87.1	46.6	73.9	55.8	64.9	-0.7											

* Purulia not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,

The 13th March 1906.

J. A. CUNNINGHAM,

Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

January 1905.

[illegible]

March 1905.

Station.	April 1905.																															Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall during the month.	Heaviest rainfall for the month.	Total rainfall from 1st Oct. 1894 up to 31st March 1905.	Average rainfall from 1st Oct. 1894 up to 31st March 1905.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31								
Lipar (Nag- la).	0.10	0.46	0.14	0.15	0.50	0.67	0.02	6	3.17	2.04	1.63	0.67	7.92	7.16	
ir	0.67	1.04	..	0.43	0.35	3	?	1.89	?	1.04	?	?	
Lipur	..	0.58	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.33	..	0.99	0.30	..	..	0.24	..	..	..	..	1.23	2.15	0.67	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.67	9	?	7.23	?	2.15	17.19	?
Bawan	0.13	0.25	0.85	..	..	0.07	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	0.80	1.35	0.44	0.85	7.05	3.46		
Ira	0.15	1.36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	NH	0.53	NH	0.00	NH	3.33	3.33		
Irar	0.15	1.36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	0.25	1.45	0.69	1.30	7.96	2.91		
Karpur	0.04	0.20	0.61	..	0.59	0.20	4	0.37	1.25	0.43	0.61	10.12	3.16	
Shi	0.22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	?	0.22	?	0.22	15.57	?		
e	0.06	0.07	0.05	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	NH	0.78	0.18	0.21	0.47	5.33	1.33		
Gana	..	0.18	..	..	..	..	..	0.18	1.20	..	0.10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	?	1.75	?	1.20	6.47	?
Sark	0.25	0.43	C.23	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.50	1.05	0.25	..	..	..	0.35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	1.43	3.62	0.53	1.65	7.76	4.03
Sediba	0.71	0.83	1.43	..	..	..	..	0.26	0.23	..	0.39	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.10	..	..	..	..	..	5	1.20	2.88	0.88	1.43	8.76	3.93		
Sanj	0.44	1.21	0.05	0.13	1.21	6.43	?
..	0.18	0.40	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1.33	1.33	0.74	0.75	5.12	3.15
Hargh	0.02	..	..	0.36	..	..	0.42	0.22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	?	2.36	?	1.07	4.93	?
Lambati	1.10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.60	1.05	0.29	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2.82	1.10	2.35	1.10	1.19	2.35		
Lapur	0.15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.80	..	..	..	..	..	0.42	0.68	..	0.15	1.00	0.40	0.70	..	..	4	?	2.55	?	1.96	2.45	?		
Jatala	1.30	0.80	..	..	..	..	0.42	0.68	..	0.15	1.00	0.40	0.70	..	..	9	5.75	5.54	5.22	1.30	5.54	5.22		
Akhimpur	0.55	1.06	..	0.46	0.31	..	..	..	1.36	1.06	..	..	..	0.62	0.63	0.13	..	0.12	0.18	0.29	0.43	0.06	..	13	?	6.79	?	1.98	6.79	?		
Sjauli	NH	0.60	NH	0.33	NH	NH	0.33		
Chansa	NH	0.47	NH	0.33	NH	NH	0.33		
Sanjason (Safabad)	3	1.90	1.35	0.91	1.75	1.85	0.61		
oddwara (Korah)	0.25	1.15	..	0.50	1.13	0.38	0.76	..	..	5	1.64	1.38	1.20	0.50	1.48	1.23		
ayagurh	0.68	..	..	..	..	..	0.22	..	..	..	..	..	0.62	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.30	..	..	0.26	0.38	0.67	..	..	..	3	3.00	1.54	1.67	0.67	1.54	1.67
haragidha	1	1.27	0.68	0.69	0.68	0.68	0.68			
ano	1.40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.68	..	..	..	..	1	?	1.40	?	1.40	?	1.40		
..	NH	1.67	NH	1.07	NH	NH	1.07		

May 1905.

[illegible]

June 1907.

[illegible]

July 1905.

[illegible]

August 1905.

[illegible]

December 1905

[illegible]

LOGICAL OFFICE,
BENGAL;
13 March 1906.

J. A. CUNNINGHAM,

Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abstract of the Results of Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory in the month of February 1906.

	Inches.	Date.	Hour.
The mean pressure of the month	29.938		
The average pressure of February from 44 years' registers	29.953		
The highest pressure in the month	30.125	4th	10
The lowest pressure in the month	29.710	22nd	16
The range of pressure	0.415		
Hours			
The total number of hours of bright sunshine during the month	179.1		
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	318.0		
°			
The mean temperature of the month	70.0		
The average temperature of February from 19 years' registers	70.0		
The highest temperature in the month	87.4	9th	
The lowest temperature in the month	53.1	1st	
The range of temperature during the month	34.3		
The mean daily range of temperature	16.3		
The greatest range of temperature in one day	23.9	1st	
Per cent.			
The mean humidity of the month	78		
The average humidity of February from 19 years' registers	65		
Inches.			
The mean vapour tension of the month	0.567		
The average vapour tension of February from 19 years' registers	0.464		
The mean cloud proportion of the month	5.13		
The average cloud proportion of February from 29 years' registers	2.12		
Inches.			
The total rainfall of the month	7.96		
The total rainfall indicated by a Beckley's self-registering rain-gauge (mouth of the gauge about 8 feet above the ground)	7.73		
The average fall of February from 23 years' registers	1.02		
The greatest fall in 24 hours	3.18	18th	
Days.			
The number of rainy days in the month			
The average number of rainy days in February from 23 years' registers	2		
°			
The mean maximum equilibrium temperature of solar radiation during the month	133.3		
The mean difference of sun and air temperatures	54.7		
The greatest sun temperature	147.8	14th	
The greatest excess of sun over air temperature	67.9	21th	
The mean temperature of the nocturnal radiation thermometer on woollen cloth	60.4		
The mean depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature at 4 feet above the ground	2.3		
The greatest depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature	4.7	4th	
Miles.			
The mean movement of the wind per day	102.6		
The greatest movement of the wind in one day	147.0	11th and 27th	
The greatest movement of the wind in one hour	19.0	27th 1 to 2 P.M.	

The number of hours with winds from each of the eight points—

N. 110, N.E. 58, E. 79, S.E. 9, S. 11, S.W. 144, W. 101, N.W. 133, Calm 27.

J. A. CUNNINGHAM,

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA,
Alipore (Calcutta), the 12th March 1906.

for Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Ind
and Director-General of Indian Observatories.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 4th to 10th March 1906.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Fahr.	TEMPERATURE.				HYGROMETRY.				Prevailing direction.	Rain.	WEATHER.
					Mean.	Maximum.			Wet bulb.	Wet bulb.	Wet bulb.	Wet bulb.			
1906.				Inches.					Inches.			%		Inches.	
Mar.	4th	140.2	9.0	29.991	69.4	84.9	27.9	57.0	63.5	0.514	59.7	73	NNW and SW by W.	122	Nil Clear, A.
	5th	140.3	8.7	.983	75.8	89.9	22.9	67.0	70.6	.634	67.9	79	SW by W and WNW and WSW	114	Clear, A.
	6th	143.8	8.2	.983	78.0	90.1	21.2	68.9	72.5	.730	69.8	77	WSW and NNE	102	Chiefly clear, A.
	7th	139.0	8.7	.921	76.8	85.5	15.7	69.8	72.3	.731	70.0	80	NNE and SSW ...	126	Chiefly clear, A.
	8th	138.8	9.0	.950	73.6	83.4	16.5	66.9	64.3	.483	58.0	60	WSW and NNW	162	Clear, A.
	9th	140.8	8.6	30.030	72.0	85.4	15.3	69.1	65.2	.69	70	WSW			Chiefly clear, A.
	10th	142.9	9.0	.005	75.3	87.9	22.0	65.9	69.3	.638	65.9	75	WSW	131	Chiefly clear A.

The mean pressure of the seven days 29.981

The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office 842

The total number of hours of bright sunshine 61.2

The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine 82.5

The mean temperature of the seven days 74.4

The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office 78.1

The extreme variation of temperature 33.1

The maximum temperature 90.1

The highest velocity of the wind in one hour 12

The mean relative humidity 73

The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office 69

The total fall of rain from 4th to 10th March 1906 Nil

The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office 0.46

The total fall from 1st January to 10th March 1906 97.4

The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office 2.24

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermo graph, and from eye observations.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified, and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground. Rainfall reported on any day is for 24 hours preceding 8 A.M. of that day.

A, dew.

J. A. CUNNINGHAM,

Senior Officer Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 17th February 1906 on 1,994.23 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
Total traffic for the week ...	412,957	Rs. A. P. (a) 4,37,303 0 0	Mds. c. 67,34,367 0	Rs. A. P. (b) 10,94,338 0 0	Rs. A. P. 32,707 0 0	Rs. A. P. 15,54,168 0 0	132,714	1,179,512	512,636
per mile of railway ...	2,069,174	32,40,201 0 0	32,40,201 0	548 11 0	16 6 5	779 5 4	818,213	1,005,147	1,823,370
for previous 52 weeks of half-year	3,273,131	36,67,400 0 0	4,47,55,251 0	72,56,097 0 0	2,26,172 0 0	1,12,40,673 0 0	950,937	1,184,969	2,135,906
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	401,777	8,86,308 9 9	60,67,713 20	10,17,401 3 9	81,113 3 9	14,34,723 0 6	112,189	168,612	280,801
per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	...	109 13 0	...	256 5 11	16 1 6	742 4 5	...	...	...
Total for corresponding 7 weeks of previous year ...	2,763,338	23,10,191 7 6	4,58,51,389 20	77,23,481 0 8	2,94,905 7 10	1,07,58,478 0 0	819,870	1,261,968	2,081,838

(a) The increase is chiefly due to greater movements of pilgrims on.

(b) The increase is in general merchandise.

306.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905.

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train mileage.	
		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rate.
1,905-05	First 12 days of Jan.	803,010	9,58,143	1,15,29,072	19,55,173	60,851	29,72,202	1,491	587,786	5 0 11
1,905-05	Week ended 30th "	513,693	5,75,950	61,24,443	9,90,803	33,841	16,09,396	807	301,660	5 5 4
1,905-05	" 27th "	609,550	7,10,089	63,46,897	10,42,511	32,877	17,85,477	895	310,805	5 11 11
1,905-05	" 3rd Feb.	486,483	5,27,836	71,23,732	11,33,519	33,169	10,99,518	553	308,698	5 8 1
1,905-05	" 10th "	469,539	4,70,184	69,46,710	11,24,031	32,707	15,28,922	817	314,421	5 2 11
1,906-05	" 17th "	612,937	4,27,203	6,734,387	10,94,288	32,707	15,54,168	779	312,536	4 15 7
Totals up to date		3,275,131	36,67,400	44,755,251	72,56,097	2,26,172	1,12,40,673	823	2,135,906	5 4 3

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905—concluded.

1905.

		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rate.
1905-07	First 14 days of Jan.	771,074	7,80,794	1,22,12,346	22,98,149	01,421	31,50,364	1,630	608,707	5 3 8
1905-07	Week ended 31st "	359,101	4,27,593	64,60,442	11,86,526	34,457	15,48,906	853	309,187	5 5 4
1905-07	" 28th "	367,068	3,75,282	71,66,989	11,58,673	32,527	15,67,182	811	302,017	5 3 0
1905-07	" 4th Feb.	307,461	3,94,663	64,99,831	10,85,004	32,628	15,16,264	784	296,679	5 1 9
1905-07	" 11th "	416,287	4,32,252	67,34,088	9,76,833	32,929	14,42,014	746	281,542	5 1 11
1905-07	" 18th "	401,777	3,85,209	66,67,714	10,17,406	31,113	14,34,723	752	280,801	5 0 6
Totals up to date		2,763,338	28,10,082	45,831,390	77,23,451	2,94,905	1,07,58,478	795	2,081,838	5 2 8

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 17th February 1906 on 22.23 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
traffic for the week ...	22,043	Rs. A. P. 5,392 0 0	Mds. c. 33,332 0	Rs. A. P. 834 0 0	Rs. A. P. 10 0 0	Rs. A. P. 6,130 0 0	985	230	1,215
per mile of railway ...	132,399	33,638 0 0	1,38,472 0	4,754 0 0	51 0 0	36,463 0 0	5,789	1,340	7,129
for previous 52 weeks of half-year	158,342	38,950 0 0	1,91,704 0	5,589 0 0	61 0 0	44,699 0 0	6,754	1,579	8,333
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of 1905 year ...	19,637	4,890 3 3	15,340 0	633 0 0	5 12 0	5,489 1 0	908	220	1,128
per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	...	216 13 4	...	28 7 7	0 4 3	245 9 2	...	...	...
Total for corresponding 7 weeks of previous year ...	147,608	34,669 14 10	1,38,954 10	4,998 0 0	60 9 6	39,708 0 4	4,735	1,340	6,075

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY—concluded.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905.

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train mileage.	
		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs. A. P.
1905	First 13 days of Jan.	40,030	10,521	40,965	1,394	14	11,929	557	2,395	5 9 6
1905	Week ended 20th "	31,408	4,371	24,792	712	8	5,561	223	1,315	4 9 2
1905	" " 27th "	22,990	5,294	25,264	826	10	6,190	276	1,315	5 1 0
1905	" " 3rd Feb.	21,510	5,926	25,098	982	10	6,767	294	1,315	5 2 3
1905	" " 10th "	28,064	7,014	25,315	824	10	7,896	353	1,315	5 4 10
1905	" " 17th "	23,943	5,293	25,238	824	10	6,134	276	1,315	5 4 10
	Totals up to date	155,548	36,950	191,704	5,593	61	44,509	203	5,393	5 5 3

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905—concluded.

1905.

		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs. A. P.
1905	First 14 days of Jan.	43,078	9,716	40,980	1,408	10	11,134	501	2,395	6 11 9
1905	Week ended 21st "	22,881	5,288	23,026	843	6	6,137	276	1,188	5 9 8
1905	" " 28th "	31,754	4,904	19,716	735	7	5,727	258	1,188	4 14 7
1905	" " 4th Feb.	30,042	4,939	15,613	552	11	5,323	234	1,188	4 6 9
1905	" " 11th "	21,317	5,192	20,779	836	11	5,996	270	1,188	5 0 3
1905	" " 18th "	19,637	4,530	19,249	653	6	5,460	246	1,188	4 9 6
	Totals up to date	1,47,603	34,639	1,36,354	4,998	51	3,978	255	5,395	6 12 7

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 17th February 1906 on 162.36 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week	22,265	19,806 0 0	2,30,047 0	18,995 0 0	73 0 0	22,174 0 0	2,302	2,780	12,000
Or per mile of railway	137,411	1,30,166 0 0	11,19,953 0	89,974 0 0	3 4 0 0	2,25,424 0 0	53,881	22,308	76,974
For previous 52 weeks of half-year	17,667	1,56,963 0 0	13,50,002 0	1,07,269 0 0	437 0 0	2,63,668 0 0	63,182	24,153	80,000
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year.	23,598	16,361 11 4	1,37,411 20	16,671 6 0	119 1 0	33,032 2 4	9,330	4,011	12,241
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year.	.....	100 2 0	.....	102 10 11	0 11 0	203 9 2	.....	.....	.....
Total for corresponding 7 weeks of previous year.	149,700	1,20,042 10 1	11,75,964 0	1,02,123 13 0	733 0 6	2,23,800 7 7	64,706	24,961	81,661

1906.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905.

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train mileage.	
		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs. A. P.
1905	First 13 days of Jan.	46,735	44,764	3,04,362	27,712	113	72,589	447	24,434	2 15
1905	Week ended 20th "	23,230	20,977	1,72,053	16,318	56	37,251	229	12,167	2 15
1905	" " 27th "	44,374	32,113	1,90,990	16,116	60	48,280	297	12,325	3 10
1905	" " 3rd Feb.	31,418	15,513	2,27,931	15,202	63	33,577	307	12,946	2 9
1905	" " 10th "	28,064	10,900	2,15,529	15,736	73	35,765	368	12,513	3 11
1905	" " 17th "	22,346	19,506	2,30,947	16,395	77	36,174	335	12,008	2 14
	Totals up to date	179,667	1,35,908	12,50,008	1,07,269	437	263,668	207	60,396	3 4

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905—concluded.

1905.

		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs. A. P.
1905	First 14 days of Jan.	48,479	27,506	3,50,354	24,439	190	63,143	390	26,024	2 6
1905	Week ended 21st "	20,951	15,773	1,82,308	13,546	106	30,463	181	15,513	2 6
1905	" " 28th "	22,039	17,003	1,66,407	17,714	116	34,897	215	15,353	2 10
1905	" " 4th Feb.	31,488	15,908	1,07,182	11,313	79	27,878	163	12,721	3 3
1905	" " 11th "	31,351	17,449	2,74,272	17,541	114	35,104	215	12,400	3 11
1905	" " 18th "	22,508	19,303	1,37,411	16,671	119	33,032	204	12,241	2 7
	Totals up to date	149,700	1,20,042	11,75,964	1,02,124	733	2,23,800	190	61,661	3 4

SOUTH BEHAR RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 17th February 1906 on 78.75 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	T
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	18,087	6,800 0 0	44,620 0	3,238 0 0	57 0 0	10,135 0 0	1,929	1,379	
Or per mile of railway ...	87 1 7	87 1 7	571 10	41 1 10	0 7 8	129 10 11	...	...	...
For previous 7 weeks of half-year.	78,738	48,785 0 0	3,07,751 0	18,763 0 0	166 0 0	68,714 0 0	11,299	6,087	14
Total for 6½ weeks ...	92,793	50,845 0 0	3,52,371 0	22,001 0 0	203 0 0	72,849 0 0	13,228	9,416	28
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year.	15,633	8,449 9 5	56,633 80	3,300 15 0	40 0 3	11,800 0 8	1,808	1,419	
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year.	...	107 4 6	...	41 14 7	0 10 1	149 13 2	...	...	...
Total for corresponding 7 weeks of previous year.	91,900	46,251 8 8	3,62,117 20	22,326 7 0	224 4 9	68,801 15 5	11,940	11,843	2

1906.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905.

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train mileage.	
		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
78.75	First 13 days of Jan. ...	25,847	13,458	1,01,043	6,431	41	19,930	253	6,104	3
78.75	Week ended 30th ..	10,206	7,084	54,713	3,278	22	10,384	132	3,308	3
78.75	" " 27th ..	14,901	8,416	50,567	2,510	31	10,957	180	3,308	3
78.75	" " 4th Feb. ...	13,110	6,825	61,397	3,530	35	10,193	120	3,308	3
78.75	" " 10th ..	15,582	7,899	49,891	3,214	37	11,250	143	3,308	3
78.75	" " 17th ..	13,037	6,860	44,620	3,238	37	10,135	129	3,308	3
	Totals up to date ...	92,793	50,845	3,62,371	22,001	203	72,849	125	22,844	3

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905—concluded.

1905

		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
78.75	First 14 days of Jan. ...	26,501	12,932	1,10,810	6,472	58	19,402	247	6,777	2
78.75	Week ended 21st ..	12,223	6,122	38,437	2,850	23	8,995	114	3,308	2
78.75	" " 28th ..	12,209	6,080	36,307	2,835	25	8,640	114	3,227	2
78.75	" " 4th Feb. ...	12,442	6,170	49,046	3,961	36	10,067	128	3,415	2
78.75	" " 11th ..	12,709	6,498	61,864	3,007	33	9,534	121	3,768	2
78.75	" " 18th ..	16,613	8,430	56,631	3,301	49	11,800	150	3,287	3
	Totals up to date ...	91,900	46,251	3,62,114	22,326	214	68,802	125	22,790	2

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th February 1906 on 1,994.23 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	T
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	473,807	4,86,198 0 0	64,81,099 0	10,42,960 0 6	30,603 0 0	15,59,760 0 0	182,868	182,775	31
Or per mile of railway ...	242 12 10	242 12 10	325 15 10	522 15 10	15 5 6	789 9 2	...	...	...
For previous 7 weeks of half-year.	3,810,078*	37,48,898 0 0*	4,47,22,306 0*	73,23,222 0 0*	2,32,154 0 0*	1,18,98,074 0 0	961,969*	1,171,535*	2,1
Total for 7½ weeks ...	3,812,970*	42,34,404 0 0	0,12,03,465 0	33,71,189 0 0	2,32,757 0 0	1,36,36,433 0 0	1,064,922	1,354,000	2,4
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year.	468,547	4,37,183 4 10	70,81,349 20	11,32,049 10 1	52,743 0 8	16,81,946 4 7	116,268	178,592	2
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year.	...	220 2 6	...	566 0 6	16 15 3	829 2 8	...	...	...
Total for corresponding 8 weeks of previous year.	3,331,865	32,47,234 13 4	0,34,12,069 0	88,75,539 15 9	2,57,696 8 6	1,33,80,424 4 7	936,143	1,469,810	2,5

(a) The increase is due to greater movements of pilgrims.

(b) The decrease is in general merchandise.

* The figures of passengers 4,948 and Rs. 40,880 On account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the first 13 days of Jan. 1906.
 Merchandise, 32,970 mds. and Rs. 27,875 19-6.
 Audited figures up to 13th January 1906. " 4,613

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—concluded.

1906.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905.

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train mileage.	
		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rate.
*1,904'35	First 13 days of Jan. ...	867,558	10,37,037	1,14,94,097	10,37,298	55,853	30,51,198	1,515	575,674	5 4 2
1,903'45	Week ended 20th ..	513,523	5,75,950	60,34,483	0,99,006	33,861	16,00,306	807	301,650	5 5 2
1,903'45	" " 27th ..	809,540	7,10,089	68,46,897	10,42,511	32,877	17,55,877	896	310,865	5 11 11
1,903'45	" " 3rd Feb. ...	466,486	5,37,835	71,35,732	11,34,519	33,159	16,59,515	833	308,898	5 8 1
1,903'45	" " 10th ..	469,630	4,70,184	69,94,710	11,30,031	32,707	16,58,928	817	314,421	5 8 11
1,904'35	" " 17th ..	412,587	4,37,2 3	67,34,387	10,54,258	32,707	16,54,168	779	312,536	4 15 7
1,904'35	" " 24th ..	472,597	4,36,186	64,61,089	10,42,900	30,603	16,59,769	783	315,723	4 13 1
	Totals up to date ...	3,812,970	42,34,404	5,12,03,405	83,71,182	2,52,757	1,38,58,433	631	2,469,523	5 4 4

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905—concluded.

1905.

		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rate.
1,902'37	First 14 days of Jan. ...	771,074	7,90,794	1,28,13,346	22,94,149	61,431	31,50,364	1,630	565,707	5 4 2
1,902'37	Week ended 21st ..	589,101	4,27,803	63,40,442	11,56,586	34,437	10,48,906	853	309,187	5 5 2
1,902'37	" " 28th ..	387,668	3,74,242	71,66,859	11,58,573	32,827	15,67,182	811	302,017	5 5 2
1,902'37	" " 4th Feb. ...	397,441	3,96,062	64,00,881	10,55,904	32,628	15,15,284	784	305,579	5 1 3
1,902'37	" " 11th ..	419,357	4,33,352	67,34,068	9,76,333	32,939	14,42,014	745	301,646	5 1 12
1,902'37	" " 18th ..	401,777	3,96,309	66,57,714	10,17,406	31,113	14,34,738	743	295,901	5 8 0
1,902'37	" " 25th ..	465,547	4,57,133	75,81,309	11,52,050	32,763	16,21,946	839	304,630	5 5 7
	Totals up to date ...	3,331,665	32,47,325	5,34,12,059	68,75,531	2,57,668	1,23,80,434	801	2,376,623	5 5 4

* Audited figures.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th February 1906 on 22.23 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. c.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	44,831	(a) 12,090 0 0	21,398 0	824 0 0	8 0 0	12,923 0 0	1,117	285	1,402
Or per mile of railway ...	1,993	543 13 9	963 0 0	37 1 1	0 5 9	584 4 7	50	12	62
For previous 8½ weeks of half-year ...	151,630*	36,258 0 0*	1,47,828 0†	5,815 0 0†	58 0 0*	44,131 0 0	6,791§	1,592§	8,383
Total for 7½ weeks ...	196,461	50,348 0 0	2,09,626 0	6,639 0 0	68 0 0	57,053 0 0	7,908	1,777	9,685
COMPARISON.									
For corresponding week of previous year.	30,194	6,385 4 0	30,704 20	1,038 14 0	5 13 3	7,429 15 3	937	231	1,168
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year.	1,328	287 3 9	1,396 0 0	46 11 9	0 4 2	334 3 8	42	11	53
Total for corresponding 8½ weeks of previous year.	173,797	41,045 2 10	1,68,768 30	6,086 14 0	56 6 9	47,128 7 7	7,692	1,791	9,483

(a) The increase is due to "Shivaratree festival."

* Deducted No. of passengers 712 and Rs. 692

† Ditto Mds. 4,476 and added .. 227

‡ Ditto .. 3

§ Audited figures up to 13th January 1906.

On account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the first 13 days of January 1906.

1906.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905.

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of Railway.	Train mileage.	
		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rate.
*22'33	First 13 days of Jan. ...	39,518	9,829	42,480	1,621	11	11,461	516	2,365	5 4 1
22'33	Week ended 20th ..	21,408	4,871	24,708	712	8	6,591	252	1,319	5 0 1
22'33	" " 27th ..	22,890	5,324	25,364	858	10	6,190	278	1,315	5 0 1
22'33	" " 3rd Feb. ...	21,510	5,368	25,068	830	9	6,707	304	1,315	5 1 4
22'33	" " 10th ..	22,084	7,214	25,313	962	10	7,886	359	1,315	5 0 1
22'33	" " 17th ..	23,043	5,292	33,532	834	10	6,136	276	1,315	5 0 1
22'33	" " 24th ..	44,831	12,090	21,398	824	8	12,923	581	1,368	5 10 1
	Totals up to date ...	196,461	50,348	2,09,626	6,639	68	57,053	837	9,685	5 16 1

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905—concluded.

1905.

		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rate.
22'33	First 14 days of Jan. ...	42,073	9,716	46,040	1,408	10	11,134	501	2,378	5 11 0
22'33	Week ended 21st ..	32,891	5,348	33,025	863	6	6,137	278	1,183	5 2 5
22'33	" " 28th ..	31,754	4,994	17,708	739	7	5,727	265	1,180	4 34 7
22'33	" " 4th Feb. ...	30,048	4,680	16,615	552	11	5,858	250	1,188	4 6 8
22'33	" " 11th ..	31,217	5,183	20,770	836	11	5,999	270	1,166	4 9 16
22'33	" " 18th ..	10,037	4,620	15,244	633	6	6,450	240	1,184	4 9 6
22'33	" " 25th ..	36,194	6,396	30,704	1,039	5	7,430	331	1,188	4 4 1
	Totals up to date ...	173,797	41,045	1,68,768	6,087	56	47,128	265	9,483	4 13 5

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, MARCH 14, 1906.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th February 1906 on 162.36 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
all traffic for the week	22,108	Rs. 21,413 0 0	Mds. 1,86,897 0	Rs. 13,788 0 0	Rs. 70 0 0	Rs. 38,241 0 0	9,408	2,916	12,324
per mile of railway	170,828*	1,81 14 2	15,08,667 0†	1,08,035 0 0†	0 6 11	2,54,868 0 0	63,866‡	25,800‡	89,666
previous 6 weeks of half-year.		1,48,410 0 0*			448 0 0‡				
Total for 7½ weeks	201,935	1,69,923 0 0	15,35,544 0	1,19,786 0 0	518 0 0	2,90,127 0 0	73,808	29,716	103,524
COMPARISON.									
all for corresponding week of previous year	26,876	Rs. 20,489 5 5	2,90,289 0	Rs. 22,125 10 0	114 10 0	Rs. 48,677 10 0	8,684	2,788	11,472
per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	...	125 14 3	...	186 4 3	0 11 4	282 13 0	...	...	...
all for corresponding 6 weeks of previous year	176,636	1,40,481 15 6	14,64,383 0	1,24,347 7 6	847 11 2	2,65,577 2 6	73,634	29,738	103,372

* Deducted No. of passengers 115 and Rs. 7,558 On account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the first 13 days of
† Added Mds. 18,845 and deducted " 1,341 January 1906.
‡ Do. " 11
§ Audited figures up to 15th January 1906.

1906. Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905.

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train mileage.	
		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rate. Rs. A. P.
1895	First 15 days of January	45,631	37,312	3,25,997	25,471	124	63,807	393	24,264	2 10 1
1895	Week ended 31st "	23,280	20,977	1,72,063	16,218	84	37,251	229	15,147	2 12 4
1895	" " 27th "	44,374	32,113	1,46,990	16,116	60	48,289	297	13,286	2 10 6
1895	" " 3rd Feb. "	21,415	15,313	2,27,931	15,204	62	38,577	207	12,946	2 9 6
1895	" " 10th "	21,606	19,989	2,15,593	15,796	73	33,789	206	15,618	2 11 2
1895	" " 17th "	22,358	19,806	2,30,047	15,295	78	38,174	235	15,068	2 14 9
1895	" " 24th "	22,103	21,413	1,86,897	13,788	70	35,251	217	15,065	2 10 2
	Totals up to date	201,935	1,69,923	15,35,544	1,19,786	518	2,90,127	227	102,584	2 13 3

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905—consolid.

1905 .

		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rate. Rs. A. P.
1895	First 15 days of Jan.	45,631	37,312	3,25,997	25,471	124	63,807	393	24,264	2 10 1
1895	Week ended 31st "	23,280	20,977	1,72,063	16,218	84	37,251	229	15,147	2 12 4
1895	" " 27th "	44,374	32,113	1,46,990	16,116	60	48,289	297	13,286	2 10 6
1895	" " 3rd Feb. "	21,415	15,313	2,27,931	15,204	62	38,577	207	12,946	2 9 6
1895	" " 10th "	21,606	19,989	2,15,593	15,796	73	33,789	206	15,618	2 11 2
1895	" " 17th "	22,358	19,806	2,30,047	15,295	78	38,174	235	15,068	2 14 9
1895	" " 24th "	22,103	21,413	1,86,897	13,788	70	35,251	217	15,065	2 10 2
	Totals up to date	176,636	1,40,483	14,64,383	1,24,347	846	2,65,577	204	104,307	2 2 9

* Audited figures.

SOUTH BEHAR RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th February 1906 on 78.76 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
all traffic for the week	13,614	Rs. 8,074 9 0	Mds. 48,170 0	Rs. 2,796 0 0	Rs. 32 0 0	Rs. 10,901 0 0	1,929	2,079	3,008
per mile of railway	91,989*	102 5 3	3,08,581 0†	35 7 9	0 6 6	138 5 6	...	...	...
previous 6 weeks of half-year		40,417 0 0*		23,144 0 0†	210 0 0‡	72,790 0 0	12,808‡	9,494‡	22,302
Total for 7½ weeks	167,602	87,491 0 0	4,08,752 0	25,930 0 0	251 0 0	83,681 0 0	15,237	16,573	21,810
COMPARISON.									
all for corresponding week of previous year	10,080	Rs. 5,487 3 11	58,894 10	Rs. 3,532 1 0	50 0 0	Rs. 12,046 5 2	1,906	1,108	3,014
per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	...	107 0 0	...	44 14 11	0 10 2	152 9 1	...	...	...
all for corresponding 6 weeks of previous year	107,980	54,873 7 2	4,50,981 30	25,965 8 0	274 5 0	60,812 4 7	12,808	12,948	25,756

SOUTH BEHAR RAILWAY—concl'd.

1906.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905.

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train mileage.	
		No. of Passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rate.
7876	First 13 days of Jan. ...	25,132	12,330	1,13,384	7,574	57	19,551	222	6,281	8 8 9
7876	Week ended 30th " ...	10,206	7,094	54,713	3,978	23	10,381	153	3,308	8 2 3
7876	" " 27th " ...	14,901	8,418	50,567	2,610	51	10,987	189	3,365	8 5 6
7876	" " 3rd Feb. ...	13,110	6,528	51,597	3,330	35	10,193	139	3,209	8 1 4
7876	" " 10th " ...	16,583	7,999	49,831	3,214	37	11,350	143	3,308	8 6 8
7876	" " 17th " ...	13,057	6,866	44,620	3,238	37	10,135	139	3,308	8 1 0
7876	" " 24th " ...	15,614	8,074	43,170	2,735	39	10,941	138	3,308	8 4 9
	Totals up to date ...	107,602	57,481	4,05,723	25,939	351	83,681	125	24,130	8 8 3

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905—concluded.

1905.

		No. of Passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rate.
7876	First 14 days of Jan. ...	26,591	12,932	1,19,810	6,478	50	19,462	247	6,777	8 12 11
7876	Week ended 31st " ...	12,326	6,123	38,437	2,850	23	8,995	114	3,306	8 11 6
7876	" " 28th " ...	13,309	6,080	36,907	2,835	25	8,910	114	3,337	8 12 4
7876	" " 4th Feb. ...	13,443	6,170	40,048	3,841	36	10,037	128	4,415	8 15 2
7876	" " 11th " ...	12,799	6,408	61,864	3,007	33	9,538	131	3,708	8 8 6
7876	" " 19th " ...	15,633	8,480	56,834	3,301	49	11,800	150	3,887	8 9 5
7876	" " 25th " ...	16,060	8,437	58,824	3,539	50	12,016	153	3,089	8 14 0
	Totals up to date ..	107,990	54,679	4,50,943	26,845	274	80,818	138	26,579	8 0 1

* Audited figures.

ASSAM-BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 17th February 1906 on 772* miles open for all descriptions of traffic and an additional 3 miles for goods traffic only.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
Total traffic for the week ...	51,905	Rs. 33,408 0 0	Mds. 333,113 0	Rs. 33,171 0 0	1,853 0 0	35,023 0 0	11,275	17,028	28,303
Or per mile of railway ...	87.23	46.27	297.69	42.80	2.39	58.46	14.60	21.97	36.57
For previous 8 weeks of half-year ...	299,173	2,00,085 0 0	1,009,870 0	1,87,688 0 0	17,805 0 0	3,86,478 0 0	66,984	85,322	1,52,306
Total for 7 weeks † ...	351,077	2,34,391 0 0	13,15,085 0	2,00,859 0 0	19,658 0 0	4,54,908 0 0	78,259	112,330	190,579
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	43,838	28,408 0 0	1,66,348 0	27,420 0 0	1,383 0 0	57,314 0 0	10,474	14,504	24,978
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	59.53	38.44	234.75	37.06	1.88	77.47	14.21	19.00	33.21
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	315,356	2,15,461 0 0	11,63,196 0	1,80,651 0 0	21,916 0 0	4,18,04 0 0	73,044	103,874	176,918

* Includes 34.80 miles for Noakhali (Bengal) Railway.

† Includes earnings and mileage of Noakhali (Bengal) Railway from 1st January to 17th February 1906 Rs. 9,836 and miles 6,341.

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of Gross Receipts of the Assam-Bengal Railway.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 10TH FEBRUARY 1906.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 11TH FEBRUARY 1905.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1905 TO 17TH FEBRUARY 1906.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1904 TO 15TH FEBRUARY 1905.			Total increase in 1906.	Total decrease in 1905.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked per week.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked per week.	Rs.	Rs.
775	60,430	88.46	740	57,314	77.47	775	30,40,361	...	740	26,41,098	...	3,99,263	...

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY SYSTEM.

(INCLUDING DACCA SECTION.)

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 24th February 1906 on 1,271 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (including steam-boat). Rs.	Total earnings. Rs.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchan- dise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	329,610	1,63,440 0 0	80,64,770 0	2,05,290 0 0	55,250 0 0	5,13,890 0 0	07,558	45,775	103,331
Or per mile of railway ...	256	129 0 0	2,364 0	232 0 0	27 0 0	398 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 7 weeks of half- year ...	2,386,600	12,25,060 0 0	1,11,87,240 0	17,87,850 0 0	1,51,070 0 0	31,33,780 0 0	398,799	322,128	720,910
Total for 8 weeks ...	29,12,610	13,88,500 0 0	1,41,92,000 0	20,37,850 0 0	2,06,320 0 0	36,47,670 0 0	458,398	373,903	830,341
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	267,734	1,51,351 0 0	22,01,087 0	1,66,823 0 0	52,679 0 0	3,70,850 0 0	45,444	35,767	81,311
Per mile of railway correspond- ing week of previous year (971 miles) ...	276	156 0 0	2,267 0	172 0 0	53 0 0	386 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	2,301,397	10,51,840 0 0	92,09,741 0	12,46,168 0 0	1,66,610 0 0	24,93,611 0 0	361,458	274,667	636,125

* Excluding ferry earnings, Rs. 20,700.

N.B.—Increase is chiefly in jute and food-grains traffic and owing to the amalgamation of the B. O. Railway.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 24th February 1906 on 86 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (including ferry). Rs.	Total earnings. Rs.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchan- dise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	30,030	9,070 0 0	41,840 0	3,690 0 0	240 0 0	13,000 0 0	3,274	1,736	5,000
Or per mile of railway ...	349	105 0 0	487 0	43 0 0	3 0 0	151 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 7 weeks of half- year ...	224,710	65,630 0 0	3,68,560 0	30,160 0 0	870 0 0	96,680 0 0	22,937	9,199	32,130
Total for 8 weeks ...	254,740	74,700 0 0	4,10,400 0	33,850 0 0	1,110 0 0	1,09,660 0 0	26,211	10,935	37,136
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	29,842	8,791 0 0	27,840 0	6,074 0 0	559 0 0	15,724 0 0	2,936	1,026	3,964
Per mile of railway correspond- ing week of previous year ...	341	102 0 0	1,134 0	71 0 0	10 0 0	183 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	222,833	69,794 0 0	3,38,708 0	24,284 0 0	1,713 0 0	95,791 0 0	24,018	10,514	34,532

COOCH BEHAR RAILWAY—NATIVE SECTION.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 24th February 1906 on 336 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (including ferry). Rs.	Total earnings. Rs.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchan- dise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	3,610	1,320 0 0	18,690 0	1,420 0 0	10 0 0	2,750 0 0	447	280*	260
Or per mile of railway ...	107	39 0 0	554 0	42 0 0	1 0 0	82 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 7 weeks of half- year ...	23,510	9,240 0 0	1,61,350 0	9,690 0 0	40 0 0	17,970 0 0	2,969	1,342	4,311
Total for 8 weeks ...	26,120	10,560 0 0	1,79,970 0	16,110 0 0	50 0 0	20,720 0 0	3,416	1,722	5,138
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	3,067	1,000 0 0	269,559 0	6,730 0 0	4 0 0	7,764 0 0	447	2,306	2,306
Per mile of railway correspond- ing week of previous year ...	9	31 0 0	10,814 0	201 0 0	...	232 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	24,053	10,267 0 0	6,06,376 0	16,346 0 0	197 0 0	26,730 0 0	17,249	8,125	25,374

* Ballast train-miles nil.

MYMENSINGH-JAGANNATHGANJ RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 24th February 1906 on 80.69 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (including ferry).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
Total traffic for the week ...	11,230	Rs. 3,710 0 0	Mds. 22,390 0	Rs. 1,240 0 0	Rs. 20 0 0	Rs. 4,470 0 0	1,033	395	1,428
Per mile of railway ...	221	63 0 0	439 0	25 0 0		89 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 7 weeks of half-year ...	74,270	20,650 0 0	1,08,170 0	16,460 0 0	130 0 0	37,260 0 0	7,108	2,876	9,984
Total for 8 weeks ...	85,490	23,860 0 0	1,30,490 0	17,700 0 0	150 0 0	41,710 0 0	8,141	3,271	11,412
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	7,806	2,364 0 0	37,720 0	1,231 0 0	26 0 0	3,621 0 0	1,035	363	1,428
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	158	46 0 0	734 0	21 0 0	1 0 0	71 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	57,782	17,581 0 0	1,06,662 0	8,090 0 0	137 0 0	25,808 0 0	8,206	3,236	11,502

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ending 24th February 1906 on (a) 1,536 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
Total traffic for the week on (a) 1,536 miles open ...	2,28,440	Rs. (b) 96,590	Mds. 12,38,430	Rs. (c) 1,44,710	Rs. (d) 23,010	Rs. 2,63,320	47,577	(e) 42,867	90,464
Or per mile of railway ...	148.72	62.83	804.97	94.31	14.33	171.37	...	...	...
For previous 7 weeks of half-year ...	1,698,670	7,29,080	70,54,100	10,00,620	1,21,170	18,51,170	321,073	292,808	613,873
Total for 7 1/2 weeks ...	1,924,110	8,23,490	91,90,620	11,44,730	1,43,180	21,14,390	368,653	335,680	7,04,343
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 1,467 miles open ...	298,665	1,04,552	11,47,523	1,37,372	31,684	2,73,608	43,642	(f) 43,448	87,090
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year ...	201.54	71.27	783.23	93.64	21.60	186.51	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,816,398	7,54,143	83,74,667	10,02,236	1,74,773	20,11,140	344,823	335,743	680,566
Earnings per Coaching Goods and Total train mile respectively during the week ...	...	3.03	...	3.37	24	2.91	...	...	...
Earnings per Coaching Goods and Total train mile respectively during the corresponding week of previous year ...	...	2.40	...	3.10	30	3.74	...	...	...

(a) 32 miles from Narkataganj to Bhikna Thoree opened from 17th February 1906.

(b) Decrease mainly under local and foreign outward traffic.

(c) Foreign outward traffic better.

(d) Decrease mainly under Sundries.

(e) Includes 5,342 miles of ballast trains.

(f) Includes 5,329 miles of ballast trains.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 24th February 1906 ...	Coaching ...	4,083	0	0	15,366	0
	Goods ...	10,372	0	0		
	Other earnings ...	811	0	0		
Audited earnings for the corresponding period of 1905	Coaching ...	9,775	0	0	20,794	0
	Goods ...	10,823	0	0		
	Other earnings ...	896	0	0		
	Decrease				5,428	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 24th February 1906					801	4
Ditto for the corresponding period of 1905					407	11
	Decrease				106	6
Receipts from 1st January to 24th February 1906					1,11,375	0
Ditto for the corresponding period of 1905					1,15,261	0
	Decrease				3,885	0

DANJENLING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 3rd March 1906	... { Coaching ...	6,660	0	0	17,006	0	0
	... { Goods ...	10,960	0	0			
	... { Other earnings ...	56	0	0			
Admitted earnings for the corresponding period of 1905	... { Coaching ...	10,904	0	0	21,769	0	0
	... { Goods ...	11,458	0	0			
	... { Other earnings ...	87	0	0			
	Decrease				4,308	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 3rd March 1906	...				346	8	3
Ditto for the corresponding period of 1905	...				426	13	6
	Decrease				80	7	3
Receipts from 1st July to 3rd March 1906	...				1,39,048	0	0
Ditto for the corresponding period of 1905	...				1,37,020	0	0
	Decrease				7,968	0	0



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1906.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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CONTENTS.

Page.	Page.
REPORT on the Administration of the Opium Department during the season 1904-1905 ... 461	CIRCULAR and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 10th March 1906 ... 478
Liberality of Babu Ram Chandra Thirani in connection with the new Hospital at Kishanganj in the district of Purnea ... 467	Faai Kharif, 1905-06 ... 479
Liberality of Messrs. Lai Mohan Shaha and Co. in connection with the Darjeeling Charitable Hospital ... 467	Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 11th to 17th March 1906 ... 480
Weather and Crop Report for the week ending the 19th March 1906 ... 468	Vital Statistics of Districts and Towns in Bengal for the month of December 1905 ... 481
Prices-current (retail and wholesale) of food-grains and salt in the head-quarters station bazars of the districts of Bengal on the 15th March 1906 ... 473	Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways ... 488

REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE OPIUM DEPARTMENT DURING THE SEASON 1904-1905.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 391-O.—The 17th March 1906.—The following extracts from the Report of the Board of Revenue, on the Administration of the Opium Department during the year 1904-1905, are published for general information.

L. P. SHIRKES,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 1236B., dated Calcutta, the 21st February 1906.

From—KHAN BAHADUR S. M. NASIRUDDIN, Offg. Secretary to the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department.

5. *Check-measurements by Gazetted Officers of the Department.*—* * * *
In the Bihar Agency, although the number of villages inspected has fallen from 9,609 to 8,962, the decrease has been more than counterbalanced by an increase in the area test-measured, which was about 6 per cent. on the net cultivation. Similarly, a marked increase will be observed in the measurements * * * * over those effected * * * * in the previous year. This increase is satisfactory, resulting as it did in a corresponding increase in the efficiency of the check exercised over the work of the ministerial staff.

In the Benares Agency, in all 20,130 villages were inspected as against 19,050 in the previous year: a good outturn of work, taken altogether. In this respect the work of Mr. C. A. Levett-Yeats has again been unfavourably noticed. Mr. House reports that about 400 villages may be taken as representing a fair season's work in most charges.

Those licensees who are a little out of the way often escape inspection for many years together, and officers have been requested to pay particular attention to such persons during the current cold weather.

The return of test-measurements exhibits 48,877 bighas test-measured, out of a total of 623,132 or 7·85 per cent. The percentage for 1903-04 was 6·87. Here again there are marked variations in the returns of work. The amount of work that has to be done to make up the full tale of bighas varies very much in different subdivisions. Mr. Godfrey, for instance, in Kanauj was able to test-measure 1,941 bighas with 3,135 sets of measurements, while the late Mr. Ricker in Basti test-measured very nearly as many plots before he could make up 1,005 bighas. The heaviest work was done by Mr. McBrien in Bansi, 5,581 plots having been measured by him to make up 1,066 bighas—an average of more than 5 plots going to the bigha. The test-measurements work of Mr. Power in Utraula and of Saiyid Raza Ali in Salempur were remarkably good.

Generally in both Agencies the officers concerned did not confine their operations to particular parts of their charges and endeavoured to carry out as much of this work as possible.

In Bihar, there were two cases of fraudulent mis-measurement which resulted in the dismissal of two muharrirs. In Benares, no such instances occurred.

Most of the Sub-Deputy Agents in the Benares Agency made short tours during the cold weather within the charges of their Assistants. Owing, however, to the paucity of officers available for duty at weighments and settlements, it is extremely difficult for Sub-Deputy Agents to make such inspections at the most desirable times.

6. *Settlements*.—In the Bihar Agency, 340,149 bighas were settled, as compared with 344,730 in the previous year, showing a further decrease of 4,581 bighas in the year under review, due in a great measure to the relinquishment of unproductive lands, a policy which the Board fully support. Except in the Sub-Agencies of Gaya, Tehta and Monghyr (where the increase over the previous year was 161, 2,890 and 433 bighas, respectively), there has been a general decrease in the remaining eight Sub-Agencies, the most noticeable being in those of Motihari (—2,593 bighas) and Bettiah (—3,402 bighas).

Experiments in poppy cultivation by certain European gentlemen were continued during the year under review with fair results. * * * *

In the Benares Agency, the area engaged for amounted to 611,527 bighas, as against 693,033 bighas in 1903-04, showing a decrease of 81,506 bighas. The settlements of 1903 were exceptional, and the figures for 1904 represent a return to somewhat normal conditions, the decrease being to some extent the result of the exclusion of everything in the shape of nominal cultivation.

* * * * In the Tirhut Sub-Agency, which approximates to the Benares standard, the percentage of personal attendance varied from 61 per cent. in the Sitamarhi subdivision to 93 per cent. in the Muzaffarpur, Jasowli and Samastipur *kothis*. The fall in Sitamarhi is ascribed to Mr. W. S. Dawe "taking little or no interest in dealing with cultivators personally."

In the Hazaribagh Sub-Agency, which is worked purely on the *asamiwar* lines as in Benares, the percentage of attendance is much below the standard. The main reason assigned by the Sub-Deputy Opium Agent is that, as the cultivators are engaged at this period with important agricultural operations, that is, transplanting paddy, etc., they cannot spare the time to attend, and therefore authorise the *khatadar* to receive their advances and *chuttees*. The real reasons appear to be two—

- (1) That the Sub-Deputy Opium Agent has not taken sufficient personal interest in the matter.
- (2) That the cultivation is extraordinarily scattered.

As regards the other Sub-Agencies, the results are generally unsatisfactory. * * *

The utility to the Department of an officer who for want of sufficient energy or personal interest in his work cannot personally handle his raiyat efficiently is much impaired and the Board look to the Agent to bring to their notice the names of those officers who demonstrate their unfitness in this respect.

7. *Measurements and actual cultivation.*—Although there was a further decrease of 4,581 bighas in the settlements in the Bihar Agency, the total cultivation of 333,068 bighas by actual measurements shows an increase of 1,060 bighas over the measurements of 1903-1904.

The cultivation over an area of 8,040 bighas, as against 10,551 in the preceding year, is reported to have failed owing to climatic causes, while the non-fulfilment of engagements accounts for the decrease of 1,992 bighas in the total area settled.

In the Benares Agency, the measurements gave an area of 623,132 bighas (including 16,794 bighas on which the crop failed, owing to climatic causes), or 11,605 bighas in excess of the area engaged for. This excess was mostly in the Rae Bareilly Division (2,080 bighas) where, the Agent reports, it has been customary to sow in excess, and also in the Fatehgarh Division (3,186 bighas) where sowings without advances were as usual authorized. The general absence of short sowings of any moment testifies to the care with which settlements were made during the year under review. The area wilfully left unsown in this Agency was only 644 bighas, or a little over 1 per cent., of the area engaged for, as against 4,981 bighas in 1903-1904. With regard to the loss of 3,648 bighas, owing to non-fulfilment of engagements in the Sub-Agency of Tirhut noticed in paragraph 7 of last year's report, Mr. Bright has reported that, in consequence of the insufficient rainfall in July, September and October 1903, the soil for sowings was left without any moisture, and, in spite of frequent efforts on the part of the raiyats, the seed failed to germinate altogether in large tracts of unirrigated lands. These lands had to be left bare. They were not included in the *kothi* measurements, and the short area appeared in consequence, as due to non-fulfilment of engagements, although such was not actually the case.

8. *Weather and general results.*—The year was an abnormal one in the Bihar Agency, and the conditions varied greatly from district to district. Owing to the *Hathiya* rain in October, there was ample moisture for early sowings, and the seed germinated well. But in the middle of November occurred a sharp shower of rain, which rendered a considerable amount of re-sowing necessary, especially in Tirhut, Motihari and Bettiah. During December and January the weather was very unsettled, and towards the end of January hail fell in many places doing considerable damage, and at the end of that month and in the beginning of February an unprecedented frost occurred which caused much loss, especially in Hazaribagh and the south of Gaya. The extent of the damage from hail is always difficult to estimate, and luckily the storms were mostly confined to small areas; but still it was considerable. It was estimated that in Tirhut, the loss from cold and hail was 100 maunds, and in Motihari, 50 maunds. Gaya was particularly unfortunate in respect of hail, as there were no less than four storms—the last on the 8th March. In Tehta, the loss from hail was estimated at 250 maunds, and 46 villages in Hazaribagh were devastated. When lancings commenced, the juice was very watery; but owing to the absence of west winds the number of lancings was exceptionally large, and in the end in several districts the outturn was much above the average. In Gaya, considerable damage was done by grubs.

In Benares, the monsoon rains were good, and appeared to end in the third week of September; but, after about a month of clear dry weather, there was a final heavy fall of rain over a large part of the Agency. In November, which was unusually warm, there were some showers of rain. In December and the early part of January more rain fell. The early sowings as a rule failed, and the later sowings were kept back a good deal by the damp weather. But for this backwardness the great frost, which occurred on three nights at the end of January and the beginning of February 1905, would have caused much more

damage to the opium crop than it did. The western districts suffered the most, but in the eastern also considerable loss was sustained. Fortunately in February fairly heavy rain fell in many districts, and the crop revived wonderfully. Notwithstanding occasional rain and hail in March, the weather on the whole was favourable and the mild weather in the early part of April was highly beneficial.

10. *Outturn of opium.*— * * * * The *damdeta* produce at 70° consistence in the two Agencies which showed a decrease of 12,745 maunds in the year 1903-04 has further declined by 7,585 maunds in the year under review. In Bihar the general average gross produce per bigha (excluding failures) was 4 seers 2 chitaks 2 kachas during the year under report, or 4 chitaks more than in the previous year and 11 chitaks 3 kachas more than the average of the past seven years. The marked increase in the average outturn in the North Gangetic districts over that produced in the preceding year is attributable to the surrender of unproductive lands and to the generally favourable weather which prevailed over the unirrigated tracts during the whole of the year.

In Benares the average produce (4 seers 10 chitaks) was slightly higher than that of 1903-04 (4 seers 9 chitaks), the former being equal to the average of the last seven years. The best divisional average was that of Bara Banki (5 seers 13 chitaks) and the worst being again that of Cawnpore (3 seers 4 chitaks).

15. *Consistence of the season's opium.*—The average consistence of the outturn of the Bihar Agency was 72·77° as compared with 74·68° of the preceding year, thus showing a decrease of 1·91°. This fall in consistence is due to the effect produced upon the drug by the unfavourable weather towards the close of the collection season.

The average consistence of the opium supplied from the Benares Agency was 68·79° as compared with 69·71° of last year, or a decrease of ·92°.

The average of both Bihar and Benares opium taken together worked out to 71·46°, as compared with 72·52° last year. The average consistence for Benares was again low this year, being 68·68° as compared with 67·98° in 1903-04, and 70·33°, the average of the previous ten years. The lowest consistence (65·24°) was that of the Etawah Division.

The variation in consistence depends greatly upon the distribution of the rainfall, but there are many other factors that have to be taken into consideration.

22. *Advances for wells.*—The advances made for the construction of wells in both Agencies show a further decline as compared with those of the preceding year. The outstanding balances fell in consequence from Rs. 35,814 to Rs. 20,526 in Bihar, and from Rs. 1,36,897 to Rs. 1,08,511 in the Benares Agency. Mr. Bright reports that in Gaya the landlords of a number of villages came forward and took large advances for the construction of wells; that in Monghyr the sinking of fresh wells is slowly but gradually on the increase, and in the Sub-Agency of Patna 214 *kutchas* wells were sunk during the year under report. In Bettiah and Muzaffarpur, however, no adequate idea can be formed from this year's figures as to the reluctance or otherwise on the part of the cultivator to take such advances, since the rainfall throughout the season was both frequent and plentiful. But in Motihari the opposition is due to the raiyats maintaining that the water from the wells is so heavily impregnated with salts that the poppy crop suffers rather than derives any benefit from such irrigation. This question must therefore remain an open one until such time as expert opinion is obtained, and also until the opposition is overcome by experimental cultivation carried on locally under reliable supervision. The Opium Agent has directed the Sub-Deputy to carefully watch a convenient plot irrigated by well-water during the present season, and to report upon its outturn as compared with an adjoining plot irrigated by other means.

In the Benares Agency also the year was not one in which any great demand for well advances would be likely to arise, and the amount advanced was only Rs. 38,137 as compared with Rs. 73,360 in the previous year.

30. *Cost of a chest of Provision Opium and net revenue.*—During the calendar year 1905, 48,000 chests of provision opium were sold in equal proportions from Bihar and Benares, the average prices realized for a chest from each Agency were Rs. 1,530 and Rs. 1,466, or Rs. 1,498 for both combined, and the total sale-proceeds amounted to Rs. 7,19,17,010. The total cost of manufacture of the produce sold (including Presidency charges, &c.) amounted to Rs. 1,18,81,314 in Bihar and to Rs. 1,18,51,581 in Benares, or a total of Rs. 2,37,32,895, giving an average cost per chest of Rs. 494. The net revenue derived from opium during the two calendar years 1904 and 1905 amounted to Rs. 5,39,59,613 and Rs. 4,81,84,115, respectively.

* * * * * As compared with 1903-1904, the average prices of Bihar and Benares opium for the twelve months under notice showed a decrease of Rs. 67 and Rs. 88 per chest, respectively. This is mainly due to the cessation of hostilities in Korea and Manchuria, where the political disturbances for a time impeded the cultivation and transport of the native drug.

33. *Branches of the Opium Laws.*—The number of prosecutions in the Bihar Agency under Act XIII of 1857 was 179, as against 8 in the preceding year; that in Benares decreased from 208 in 1903-1904 to 98 during the year under review. Under Act I of 1878 the number of cases showed a decrease of 41 in Bihar and 10 in Benares. The percentage of fines realized in Bihar, viz., 61, is the same as in the previous year. At the same time the amount paid in rewards was in excess of the fines imposed. In Benares the realizations decreased from 86 to 77 per cent.

(e) *Abolition of the Cawnpur Sub-Agency.*—For the reasons stated in their letter to Government, No. 5179B., dated the 31st July 1905, the Board have approved of the Benares Agent's proposal to abolish Cawnpur as a separate Sub-Agency and to convert it into a subdivision of the Fatehgarh Sub-Agency.

(i) *Revision of the Departmental Manuals.*—The following volumes of the revised Bihar and Benares Opium Manuals have been completed and published :—

The publication of Volumes II, III (District Procedure Rules and Forms, Bihar), and Volumes VII and VIII (District Procedure Rules and Forms, Benares) has been delayed pending discussion of certain rules with the Opium Agent, Benares, on the occasion of the Member's next visit to the Benares Agency. Volumes VI, IX and X, which relate, respectively, to Opium Laws and Factory Procedure, Rules and Forms (Benares), will shortly be published.

37. *Merits of Officers.*—The thanks of the Board are due to Messrs. Bright and House for the efficient manner in which they have administered their respective charges.

At the instance of the Agents the Board desire to bring to the notice of Government the good work done by the following officers:—

Messrs. J. Christian, A. T. Christian, Field, Reed, J. C. Roy, Powell, M. N. Bhattacharjee and Mackertich in Bihar, and Messrs. G. A. Levett-Yeats, Kennedy, Delmerick, Graham and Cartland in Benares.

LIBERALITY OF BABU RAM CHANDRA THIRANI IN CONNECTION WITH THE NEW HOSPITAL AT KISHANGANJ IN THE DISTRICT OF PURNEA.

No. 1108Medl., dated Calcutta, the 15th March 1906.

From—L. P. SHIRRES, Esq., I.C.S., Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Municipal Dept.,
To—The Commissioner of the Bhagalpur Division.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 207Jct., dated the 24th February 1906, in which you report that Babu Ram Chandra Thirani, a merchant of Kishanganj, in the district of Purnea, has defrayed the entire cost, amounting to Rs. 9,300, of acquiring land for a new hospital at Kishanganj and constructing a hospital building thereon.

2. In reply I am to request that you will be so good as to convey to the donor an expression of the Lieutenant-Governor's appreciation of his liberality and public spirit.

LIBERALITY OF MESSRS. LAL MOHAN SHAHA & CO. IN CONNECTION WITH THE DARJEELING CHARITABLE HOSPITAL.

No. 1122Medl., dated Calcutta, the 13th March 1906.

From—L. P. SHIRRES, Esq., I.C.S., Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Municipal Dept.,
To—The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 1653 of the 20th February 1906, in which you report that the entire cost of building a Cottage Ward in the compound of the Darjeeling Charitable Hospital amounting to Rs. 2,159-3 was contributed by Messrs. Lal Mohan Shaha & Co., the late Babu Lal Mohan Shaha who was formerly a member of that firm having previously promised to construct the building at his own expense.

2. In reply I am to request that you will be so good as to convey to the donors an expression of the Lieutenant-Governor's appreciation of their liberality and public spirit.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORT.

For the week ending the 19th March 1906.

Burdwan.—Rainfall at Sadar 2·83, Kalna 1·85, Katwa 1·07, Raniganj 1·10. Standing crops doing well. Ploughing continues. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-disease reported from all the three thanas of Kalna. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11 2	} per rupee.
Kalna	10 5	
Katwa	11 2	
Raniganj	11 8	

Birbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·80, Rampur Hât nil. Weather seasonable. Sugarcane-pressing continues. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	12 0	} per rupee.
Rampurhat	11 8	

Bankura.—Rainfall at Sadar 1·53, Vishnupur 1·13. Weather cloudy. Pressing of sugarcane going on. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	12 0	} per rupee.
Vishnupur	13 0	

Midnapore.—Rainfall at Sadar 1·53, Contai 1·02, Tamluk 1·56, and Ghatal 1·85. Weather cool. Condition of standing crops good. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11 0	} per rupee.
Contai	12 0	
Tamluk	9 0	
Ghatal	11 0	

Hooghly.—Rainfall at Sadar 1·69, Serampore 2·61, Arambagh 2·01. Weather cloudy. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	9 0	} per rupee.
Serampore	9 6	
Arambagh	11 12	

Howrah.—Report not received.

24-Parganas.—Rainfall at Sadar 1·94, Barasat 1·76, Barrackpur 2·95, Basirhat 0·53, and Diamond Harbour 1·48. Weather cloudy with slight showers. Lands are being prepared for next crops. State of standing crops fair. Prospects and probable outturn of the harvest are good. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 10 seers a rupee.

Nadia.—Rainfall at Sadar 2·21, Ranaghat 1·13, Chuadanga 0·63, Meherpur 0·30, and Kushtia 1·49. Weather cool. Prospects of standing crops fair. Lands are being ploughed for *bhadai* paddy. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	10 0	} per rupee.
Ranaghat	9 8	
Meherpur	9 8	
Kushtia	9 0	
Chuadanga	9 0	

Murshidabad.—Rainfall at Sadar 1·81, Kandi 0·71, Jangipur 0·27, Lalbagh 0·87. Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops fair. *Rabi* crops are being reaped. Lands are being cultivated. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11 0	} per rupee.
Kandi	12 0	
Jangipur	11 0	
Lalbagh	10 4	

Jessore.—Rainfall at Sadar 1·72, Bongaon 0·76, Jhenida 0·55, Narail 1·90, Magura 0·99. Character of the weather is cloudy and cool. Prospects of standing crops favourable. Fodder and water sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	10 0	} per rupee.
Bongaon	8 14	
Jhenida	8 8	
Narail	8 14	
Magura	8 12	

Khulna.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·76, Bagerhat 0·59, Sitkhira 1·13. Weather cloudy, but seasonable. Lands are being prepared for jute. Outturn of winter rice and rape and mustard is estimated at 78 and 83 per cent. respectively. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	9 0	} per rupee.
Bagerhat	9 0	
Sitkhira	10 0	

Patna.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·16, Dinapore 0·03, Bihar 0·10, Bikram 0·10. Weather cold and occasionally cloudy. Harvesting of *rabi* crops and collection of opium in progress. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Average price of common rice is as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	12 0	} per rupee.
Barh	11 0	
Bihar	11 4	
Dinapore	11 0	

Gaya.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·09, Jehanabad 0·06, Aurangabad 0·15. Weather seasonable; occasionally cloudy. Pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of *rabi* crops continue. Opium collection approaching completion. Fodder and water ample. Common rice sells at 11½ seers a rupee.

Shahabad.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·27, Dehri 0·03. Harvesting of *rabi* and lancing of poppy in progress. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12 seers a rupee.

Saran.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·19, Siwan and Gopalganj nil. Weather cloudy with cold nights. Harvesting of *rabi* and pressing of sugarcane going on. Lancing of poppy nearly finished. Standing crops doing well. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice and maize sell at 11 and 13 seers a rupee, respectively, at Sadar.

Champanan.—No rain. Standing crops doing well. Harvesting of *rabi* and collection of opium going on. Lands are being prepared for paddy. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice and maize sell at 11½ and 12½ seers a rupee respectively.

Muzaffarpur.—Rainfall at Hajipur 0·06. Prospects of crops good. Harvesting of *rabi* begun at some places. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice and maize sell at 10 and 12 seers a rupee, respectively, at Sadar.

Darbhanga.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of *rabi* commenced in places. Fodder insufficient in thana Dalsingsarai. Water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11 0	} per rupee.
Samastipur	10 12	
Madhubani	11 6	

Monghyr.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·01, Begusarai 0·23, Jamui 0·09. Weather seasonable. Pressing of sugarcane and landing of poppy going on. Harvesting of *rabi* commenced in places. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	10 0	} per rupee.
Begusarai	10 0	
Jamui	10 0	

Bhagalpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·25, Banka 0·15, Madhipura and Supaul nil. Weather rather cool for the season and cloudy at times. Prospect of *rabi* fair. Harvesting of peas and *kissari* going on. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	10 12	} per rupee.
Banka	10 10	
Madhipura	12 0	
Supaul	12 8	

Purnea.—Rainfall at Sadar 1·08. Lands are being prepared for *bhadoi* and jute crops. Cattle-disease reported from Kishanganj. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	9 0	} per rupee.
Kishanganj	8 8	
Araria	9 8	

Darjeeling.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·17. Weather seasonable. Hills—Wheat, barley and mustard in fine state. Terai—Ploughing for *bhadoi* paddy going on. Coarse rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Hills	7 8	} per rupee.
Terai	8 0	

Maize sells at 9 and 10 seers a rupee at Darjeeling and Kalimpong respectively.

Sonthal Parganas.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·81, Deoghar 0·07, Godda 0·11, Jamtara 0·36, Pakour 0·21. Weather cloudy. Sugarcane-pressing still continues at Sadar. *Rabi* damaged by hail. Fodder insufficient at Majhua Rajmahal Damin. Water sufficient. Common rice sells at 10 seers a rupee at Sadar.

Cuttack.—Rainfall slight. Late cotton, *mung*, tobacco and *dalua* growing. Condition of cattle generally good. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12 seers and 7 chitaks a rupee.

Balasore.—Rainfall at Sadar 5·94. Threshing of *saradh* and pressing of sugarcane continue. Sporadic cases of cattle-disease reported from Bhadrak. Fodder and water available. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	13 0	} per rupee.
Bhadrak	14 0	

Angul.—Rainfall at Sadar 2·43. Weather cloudy with heavy showers and hailstorms. Lands are being ploughed. Planting of sugarcane going on. Fodder and water available. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	12 0	} per rupee.
Khondmals	12 0	

Puri.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·06, Khurda nil. Weather seasonable. *Dalua* ripening in some places and in ear at other places. *Mung* approaching maturity. Sugarcane being crushed in some places and outtings planted in others. Cotton thriving well. Lands are being ploughed for the ensuing *saradh* paddy. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 13 seers and 2 chitaks a rupee.

Sambalpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 2·37. Weather cool with showers daily for the last two days. This untimely rainfall has impeded the plantation of sugarcane. Paddy-fields are being ploughed for next harvest. Cattle in healthy condition. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of common rice is as follows:—

				Srs. ch.	
Sadar	...	...	...	14 0	} per rupee.
Bargarh	...	...	...	16 14	

Hazaribagh.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Giridih 0·05. Weather seasonable. Prospect of *mahua* and mango not favourable. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported. Poppy injured by rain. Common rice sells at Giridih at 11 seers a rupee. Price at Sadar is as follows:—

				Srs. ch.	
Common rice...	...	...	...	11 8	} per rupee
Indian-corn ...	...	...	...	14 8	
Marua ...	...	...	...	20 0	

Ranchi.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·80. Weather cloudy. Recent rain has damaged *rabi* crops to some extent. A few cases of cattle-disease reported from Sadar and Khunti subdivisions. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs. ch.	
Sadar	...	...	...	11 8	} per rupee.
Khunti	...	...	...	13 0	
Gumla	...	...	...	14 0	

Palaman.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·36. Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *rabi* going on. Cattle-disease exists. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12½ seers a rupee at Sadar.

Manbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·68, Gobindpur 0·99. Weather seasonable. Prospect of crops fair. Outturn of winter rice and *til* in Gobindpur is estimated at 75 per cent. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-disease not reported. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs. ch.	
Sadar	...	...	...	15 0	} per rupee.
Gobindpur	...	...	...	10 0	

Singhbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 2·01. Prospects of crops fair. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12 seers a rupee.

General Summary.—Rain was fairly general, the fall being moderate in the Presidency, Burdwan and Orissa Divisions and light in the rest of the Province. Harvesting of the *rabi* crops and the collection of opium are going on. Some damage to the standing crops by hail is reported from the Sonthal Parganas and Angul. Prospects are on the whole satisfactory. There is cattle-disease in five districts. Fodder is reported to be insufficient in parts of Darbhanga and the Sonthal Parganas. Water supply is sufficient. The price of common rice has risen in one and has fallen in five districts. It continues still high in most of the districts of the Presidency Division and also in Hooghly, Howrah, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr, Purnea and Darjeeling.

C. E. A. W. OLDHAM,

On special duty in connection with the

Agricultural Department, Bengal.

DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL,

The 20th March 1906.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains and Salt in the Head-quarters

Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN											
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, COMMON.			JOWAR OR OHOLUM (Sorghum Vulgare).		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	BENGAL.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
BURDWAN DIVISION.	1 Burdwan	...	...	18 0	...	...	...	11 4	11 14	14 4	...	...	...
	2 B'rbh'm *	...	10 0	12 0	...	...	...	...	12 0	15 8	...	...	...
	3 Bankura	10 8	10 0	13 8	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	15 0	...	...	...
	4 Midnapore	8 0	8 0	9 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	16 8	...	...	...
	5 Hooghly	8 8	8 8	7 8	...	...	...	8 10	8 14	9 8	...	...	...
	6 Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	12 0	...	...	...
FARIDPUR DIVISION.	7 24-Parganas	9 0	9 0	...	...	...	...	9 0	9 14	12 0	...	...	...
	8 Calcutta	10 0	10 0	10 10	12 4	12 4	15 0	7 0	7 0	9 0	12 0	11 0	15 0
	9 Nadia	10 10	12 4	...	...	...	...	10 10	10 10	12 13	...	...	...
	10 Murshidabad	11 8	10 8	12 8	21 0	22 0	26 0	11 0	10 8	14 0	...	...	...
	11 Jessore	8 0	8 0	10 0	8 0	10 0	11 4	9 2	10 0	14 4	...	...	...
	12 Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	16 0	...	...	...
	BIHAR.												
PATNA DIVISION.	13 Patna	10 0	9 8	12 8	...	...	23 0	13 0	12 8	15 0	...	11 8	...
	14 Gaya	11 4	8 11	13 5	14 6	14 5	20 8	11 12	11 12	13 3	12 6	12 13	...
	15 Shahabad *	...	10 0	13 0	...	13 0	18 0	...	12 8	13 0	...	...	...
	16 Saran	9 8	9 8	12 0	16 0	16 0	24 0	11 0	11 0	14 8	...	13 0	...
	17 Champaran	9 0	9 0	12 0	19 0	19 0	26 0	11 8	12 0	14 8	...	...	...
	18 Muzaffarpur	8 0	8 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	24 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	...	...	...
	19 Darbhanga	8 3½	7 11	12 1	15 6	16 8	22 2	11 0	11 0	15 6	...	...	...

- A. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Kalna 17½ seers; Katwa 16½ seers; Raniganj 15 seers.
 C. At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 16 seers per rupee.
 D. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Contai 18 seers; Tamuk 16 seers; Ghatal 16 seers.
 E. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Serampore 14½ seers; Arambagh 16 seers.
 F. At Uluberia the retail price of salt is 12½ seers; at Mahiary it is 16 seers per rupee.
 G. In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Chetla 16 seers; Baranant 16 seers; Baduria 14 seers; Mogyraht 13 seers; Barraekpore 13 seers.
 H. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Kushtia 16 seers; Chudanga 16 seers; Maharpur 18½ seers; Ranaghat 12 seers (crushed).
 * Return not received.

Station Basars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th March 1906.

INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE.						ARHAR (dāl) OR TURR, CADIAN PEA (Cajanus cajan).						SALT.						WHOLESALE PRICES PER MAUND OF 40 SEERS.						DISTRICTS.		Number.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
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BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides).						MARUA OR RAGI (Eleusine Coracana).																		BURDWAN DIVISION.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
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PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains and Salt in the Head-quarter.

Number.	DISTRICTS	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE 12											
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, COMMON.			JOWAR OR CHOLUM (Sorghum Vulgare).		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
BIHAR—concluded.		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.	20 Monghyr ...	10 7½	8 12½	12 0	16 2	...	22 8	10 7½	10 5	12 8	...	...	...
	21 Bhagalpur* ...	...	8 14	15 4	...	...	25 8	...	10 13	16 6	...	...	...
	22 Purnea ...	10 0	10 0	14 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 8	14 0	...	...	...
	23 Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	11 8	...	...	...
	24 Bonthal Parganas.	7 8	7 8	10 0	14 0	13 0	...	10 0	10 8	14 8	...	...	...
ORISSA.													
ORISSA DIVISION.	25 Cuttack ...	10 8	10 8	13 12	...	...	...	12 7	13 2	17 1	...	...	...
	26 Balasore ...	13 0	13 0	13 0	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	16 0	...	...	...
	27 Angul ...	9 0	9 0	8 0	...	...	...	13 0	14 0	20 0	...	...	...
	28 Puri ...	9 8	9 8	11 2	...	...	...	13 2	13 2	17 1	...	...	...
	29 Sambalpur ...	10 8	10 0	13 8	...	...	...	14 0	13 8	19 0	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.													
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.	30 Hazaribagh ...	8 0	8 0	11 0	14 0	14 0	15 8	11 4	11 0	12 0	...	...	...
	31 Ranchi ...	{ 7 0 to 8 0	{ 6 0 to 8 0	{ 7 12 to 12 0	14 0	13 0	16 0	11 8	11 8	14 0	...	...	...
	32 Palamau ...	9 9	10 2	9 0	...	13 8	16 14	12 15	12 6	12 7	...	...	...
	33 Manbhum ...	10 0	9 8	11 0	13 0	...	16 0	12 0	12 9	14 0	...	...	...
	34 Singhbhum ...	11 0	11 0	12 0	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	14 0	...	...	...

B. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Jamui return not received; Beguwarai 15 seers.

W. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Khataganj 13 seers; Bisanpur 13 seers.

V. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Kurseong return not received; Siliguri 12½ seers.

W. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Gedda 10 seers; Rajmahal not received; Pabaur not reported; Deoghur 16 seers; Jambana 13 seers.

*Return not received.

CALCUTTA,
The 19th March 1906.

PRICES-CURRENT (wholesale) of Food-grains, &c

Number.	MARKS.												
		RICE (BEST SORT).			COMMON RICE (note above).			WHEAT (Triticum sativum).			BARLEY (Hordeum).		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	Calcutta	6 8 0	6 8 0	5 4 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	4 4 0	8 12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	2 10 0	2 1	
2	Burdwan	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 4 0	3 5 3	3 5 3	2 12 9	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Midnapore	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	3 5 0	3 5 0	2 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Patna	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	3 1 0	3 3 0	2 10 0	4 0 0	4 3 0	3 3 0	...	...	...
5	Muzaffarpur	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	2 13 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 1 3	3 1 3	3 1	3 1
6	Bhagalpur*	...	4 4 0	3 8 0	...	3 11 0	2 10 0	...	4 8 0	3 2 6	...	...	...
7	Cuttack	5 1 3	5 1 3	3 13 0	3 0 9	3 0 9	2 5 6	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 0 9	...	...	...
8	Sambulpur	4 3 0	4 8 0	3 13 0	2 12 0	2 14 0	2 0 0	3 10 0	3 13 0	2 14 0	...	...	...
9	Ranchi	4 7 8	4 7 8	4 3 4	2 15 0	3 1 0	2 12 0	5 0 0 to 5 11 6	5 0 0 to 6 10 9	3 5 3 to 5 2 6	} 2 13 6		3 1

*Return not need.

CALCUTTA,
The 19th March 1906.

JUAR OR CHOLUH (<i>Sorghum vulgare</i>).			BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>).			MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>).			GRAM, CHANA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristicornis</i>).		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 0	3 4 0	2 10 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	2 10 0	...	...	...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 8 0	3 8 0	2 10 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 0 0 to 3 8 0	3 0 0 to 3 8 0	2 14 0 to 3 8 0
..	3 8 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 5 0	3 3 0	2 8 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 9 0	3 1 3	3 3 0	2 13 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 3 0	2 12 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Biri. 2 10 3	2 8 3	2 13 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 7 0	3 7 0	2 6 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 1 0 to 3 3 0

PRICE

INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE (See notes).			ARHAR DAL OR TUR— CADJAN PEA (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>).			LINSEED.			MUSTARD.	
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.
3 0 0	3 0 0	2 8 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	4 10 0	4 6 0	4
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	3 5 0	...	...	...	6 0 0	6
...	...	...	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 12 0	4 14 0	5 0 0	3 14 0	6 0 0	Black i 6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8 0	Rap 4
3 1 0	3 1 0	2 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 0 0	5 5 0	5 4 0	4 0 0	5 0 0	5
5 1 0	3 8 0	2 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	...	Must 5
...	...	1 15 6	...	5 4 0	3 8 0	...	5 0 0	6 4 0	...	Rapex 8
...	...	...	2 12 8	2 12 8	2 2 9	...	...	...	5 7 6	5
...	...	...	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	...	...	...	5 2 0	5
...	...	...	6 10 9	6 10 9	6 2 3 to 6 10 6	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 to 5 11 6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1

D 0 STANDARD SEERS.

Year.	TIL OR JINJILI SEED.			SUGAR (RAW).			COTTON (CLEANED).			JUTE.		
	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
0 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	6 4 0	6 4 0	4 12 0	17 0 0	17 0 0	18 0 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	6 14 0	
0 0	—	—	6 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
0 0	—	—	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 8 0	20 0 0 to 25 0 0	20 0 0 to 25 0 0	23 0 0	—	—	—	—
0 0	7 0 0	5 2 6	4 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	18 0 0	18 0 0	18 0 0	7 4 0	7 6 0	6 0 0	
0 0	—	—	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
0 0	—	—	—	4 3 0	3 12 0	—	20 0 0	24 0 0	—	—	—	—
0 0	5 1 3	8 5 3	4 12 3	4 12 3	4 12 0	22 13 0	22 13 0	20 0 0	—	—	—	—
0 0	4 14 0	4 2 0	5 10 0	5 8 0	5 8 4	—	—	—	6 4 0	6 4 0	6 0 0	
0 0	—	—	5 0 0 to 5 8 3	5 11 6	5 0 0 to 5 12 0	26 10 0	—	22 14 0	—	—	—	—

GHI (CLARIFIED BUTTER).			TOBACCO LEAF.			HIDES (COW).			GRASS.	
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.
Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.
39 0 0	41 0 0	41 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	500 0 0	500 0 0	350 0 0	1 6 0	2 0 0
36 8 0	36 0 0	33 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38 8 0	38 8 0	35 0 0	Madhukhali. 6 8 0 0 8 0 0 6 8 0			Uncleaned per piece. 2 4 0 2 4 0 2 4 0 to to to 3 4 0 3 4 0 3 4 0			...	...
			Pulha. 9 0 0 9 0 0 8 8 0			Cleaned per piece. 2 8 0 2 8 0 2 8 0 to to to 3 8 0 3 8 0 3 8 0			...	...
24 0 0	24 0 0	28 0 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	...	...
32 0 0	32 0 0	30 7 6	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	...	...	...	...	...
...	37 10 0	32 0 0	...	4 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
33 1 6	33 1 6	34 4 0	6 1 6	6 1 6	4 4 0	25 0 0	25 0 0	25 0 0	0 7 0	0 7 0
36 0 0	36 0 0	35 0 0	20 0 0	20 0 0	16 0 0	40 0 0	40 0 0	42 0 0	...	...
36 0 0	35 0 0	33 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	Per piece. 2 0 0 2 0 0 1 4 0			0 4 0	0 4 0
40 0 0	40 0 0	40 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	13 0 0	...	...	...	...	...

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, MARCH 21, 1906.

in the undermentioned *Marts* of Bengal on the 15th March 1906.

PRICE PER MAUND OF 40 STANDARD SEERS.

STRAW.				JUAR STALKS.				IRON.				FIREWOOD.				SALT.				MARTS
return.	ing return.	Corresponding ret last year.		ig re	ponding year.			Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			Pre	pend year.			Pre	Next	ing return.	urn of last	
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
0 14 0	0 14	1 0 0						5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	0 9 0	0	0	0 8 0	2 8 0	2 8 0	2 12 0			1. Calcutt
Per pun.	0 6	0 7 0									0 6 3	0 6 3	0 5 3	2 7 0	2 7 0	2 12 0				2. Burdwa
0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0						2 8 0	2 8 0	2 8 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	2 8 0	2 8 0	2 14 0				3. Midnap
								4 6 0	4 4 0	4 0 0										
		0 6 0						4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 5 0	3 11 0	2 12 0	3 0 0				4. Patna.
								5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 5 3	2 12 0	2 12 0	3 3 0				5. Muzaffa
								5 0 0			0 5 3	0 5 0		2 8 3	3 3 8	0				6. Bhagalp
0 8 6	0 7 6							4 12 3	4 12 3	3 6 9	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 4 6	2 5 0	2 6 0	2 8 0				7. Cuttack
											0 3 6	0 3 6	0 4 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 4 0				8. Sambalp
0 8 0	0 8 0	0 9 1						5 11 6	5 0 0	5 8 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 8 0	3 3 0	3 10 0				9. Ranchi.

C. E. A. W. OLDFHAM,

Officer on special duty in connection with the Agricultural
Dept., Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate Return of Traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 10th March 1906, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

NATURE OF CARGO.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 10TH MARCH 1906.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 11TH MARCH 1905.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy ...	386	1,51,873	2,454	1,588	3,51,125	6,279
Jute ...	153	56,950*	756	29	11,475†	178
Firewood ...	55	52,225	772	52	50,630	758
Other articles ...	791	1,97,174	2 746	848	2,13,490	2,783
Total ...	1,384	4,57,722	6,728	2,517	6,26,720	9,998

* Weight by canal measurement, 59524, maunds.

† Ditto ditto, 12,112

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS OF FASL KHARIF, 1905-06.

Statement in acres of crops irrigated in Canal districts.

CALCUTTA

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from
11th to 17th March 1906.

TEMPERATURE.										HYGROMETRY.				WIND.				REL. H.		WEATHER	
Date		in bar		pressure of Fahr.		°		°		Dew pt		Prevailing direc- tion.		Inches.							
		Inches.								Inches				Inches.							
1906.																					
Mar.	11th	151.1	7.8	29.956	78.3	86.9	14.0	72.9	74.7	0.815	73.1	85	WSW, S and SSW	157	Nil	Partially cloudy,					
	12th	187.2	7.2	888	78.7	86.2	13.0	78.2	74.8	814	73.0	81	SSW and variable	153		Partially cloudy, t, z, d.					
	13th	144.8	6.5	865	78.7	86.2	14.9	71.3	74.3	794	72.3	81	SSE, S and SSW	179	0.05	Partially cloudy.					
	14th	138.4	0.8	894	74.5	80.9	9.6	71.3	71.2	723	69.5	85	WSW and variable	137	0.01	Chiefly cloudy, t, z, d, p.					
	15th	140.6	4.9	950	74.2	83.6	17.1	66.5	70.3	716	69.2		SE, NE and SSW	89		Chiefly cloudy.					
	16th	187.8	0.7	951	75.1	81.1	10.8	70.8	70.8	746	70.5	88	SSW and WNW	95		Chiefly cloudy, o, t, z, d.					
	17th	183.8	3.9	927	75.8	82.9	13.5	69.4	69.8	679	67.7	76	W by S and WNW	70		Chiefly cloudy, o.					

The mean pressure of the seven days	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Inches.	29.919
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.833	
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hours.	31.8
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83.6	
The mean temperature of the seven days	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76.4	
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80.0	
The extreme variation of temperature	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20.4	
The maximum temperature	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	86.9	
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Miles.	12
The mean relative humidity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83	
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	
The total fall of rain from 11th to 17th March 1906	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Inches.	1.42
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.15	
The total fall from 1st January to 17th March 1906	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11.16	
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.39	

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph, and from eye observations.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified, and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground. Rainfall reported on any day is for 24 hours preceding 8 a.m. of that day.

o, overcast; t, thunder; z, lightning; d, drizzling rain; p, passing temporary showers;

Vital Statistics of the districts of Bengal for the month of December 1905.

DISTRICTS.	BIRTHS.		DEATHS.												AVERAGE OF CORRESPONDING MONTHS OF PREVIOUS FIVE YEARS.		REMARKS.								
	Population under registration.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population.	CHOLERA.		SMALL-POX.		PLAGUE.		FEVER.		DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA.		INFLUENZA.		OTHER CAUSES.		TOTAL OF ALL CAUSES.	Ratio per 1,000 of population.	Number registered.					
				ed.	Ratio per 1,000 of annum.	ed.	Ratio per 1,000 of annum.	ed.	Ratio per 1,000 of annum.	ed.	Ratio per 1,000 of annum.	ed.	Ratio per 1,000 of annum.	ed.	Ratio per 1,000 of annum.	ed.					Ratio per 1,000 of annum.				
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
Burdwan	1,532,475	3,327	26.04	531	4.44	78	1.08	1	0.09	1,346	17.52	480	6.48	63	8.4	38	4.8	609	8.79	3,413	48.79	6,078	47.76	6,078	47.76
Birbhum	902,280	2,413	29.04	518	6.44	10	0.04	5,135	29.64	270	1.44	53	3.6	82	3.6	1,082	5.88	8,589	49.90	2,776	36.84	2,776	36.84
Bansura	1,116,411	2,734	29.04	49	4.8	92	1.30	8,135	3.64	364	6.04	11	0.09	41	0.09	1,189	10.94	1,060	41.92	3,132	33.48	3,132	33.48
Wardham	2,769,114	7,531	33.92	2,192	9.36	7,083	26.64	144	6.0	7	0.02	25	0.9	2,088	8.58	13,154	58.20	10,961	47.94	10,961	47.94
Hooghly, including Behagly, including Beh																									

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 3rd March 1906 on 1,994.23 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total
Total traffic for the week ...	442,045	4,60,498 0 0	65,35,444 0	10,68,043 0 0	31,230 0 0	15,79,625 0 0	132,324	190,011	312,335		
Or per mile of railway ...	220 14 7	230 14 7	326 10 0	540 8 6	15 11 1	792 5 2	.....	.....	.....
For previous 7½ weeks of half-year ...	3,859,930*	46,94,987 0 0†	3,11,55,468 0*	84,12,939 0 0†	2,54,346 0 0†	1,29,62,512 0 0	1,083,460‡	1,367,303§	2,450,763		
Total for 8½ weeks ...	4,301,965	47,55,449 0 0	5,76,93,903 0	95,01,032 0 0	2,85,636 0 0	1,45,42,117 0 0	1,215,789	1,537,314	2,753,099		
COMPARISON.											
Total for corresponding week of previous year.	494,324	4,06,897 2 11	67,71,734 20	10,55,343 0 7	33,625 13 2	15,49,036 0 8	108,771	174,670	283,44		
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year.	236 6 0	236 6 0	341 3 11	541 3 11	17 2 4	794 12 3					
Total for corresponding 9 weeks of previous year.	5,796,309	57,08,121 13 3	6,01,84,398 20	99,30,874 0 4	2,91,004 5 8	1,39,30,090 5 3	1,014,914	1,613,180	2,628,094		
* Added No. of passengers 46,960 and Rs. 60,463 } † Deducted Mds. 44,946 and an. added " 41,877 } On account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 20th January 1906. ‡ Added " 1,569 } § Audited figures up to 20th January 1906.											

1906.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905.

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train mileage.	Rate.
		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs. A. P.
* 1,994.23	First 15 days of Jan.	867,988	10,37,037	1,14,94,037	19,27,298	56,853	39,21,198	1, 15	575,674	5 4 0
* 1,994.23	Week ended 20th "	560,583	6,36,413	58,79,437	10,11,412	35,430	17,13,265	808	302,901	10 6
1,993.45	27th "	809,550	7,10,089	63,40,837	10,42,511	32,777	17,85,477	846	310,805	11 11
1,993.45	3rd Feb.	468,485	5,27,835	71,25,732	11,38,519	33,159	16, 0,518	853	308,084	8 1
1,993.45	10th "	609,530	4,70,184	69,94,710	11,36,031	32,707	16,23,922	817	316,421	2 11
1,994.23	17th "	411,987	4,27,2 5	67,34,387	10,94,238	32,707	15,54,168	779	312,536	15 7
1,994.23	24th "	472,897	4,86,196	64,61,099	10,42,960	30,633	15,59,769	782	315,724	15 1
1,994.23	3rd Mar.	442,945	4,60,492	65,35,444	10,68,043	31,230	15,79,625	792	312,337	0 11
Totals up to date		4,301,965	47,55,449	5,76,93,903	95,01,032	2,85,636	1,45,42,117	823	2,753,098	4 6

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905—concluded.

1905.

		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rate.
										Rs. A. P.
1,934.87	First 14 days of Jan.	771,074	7,00,794	1,26,18,316	23,93,149	61,121	31,50,364	1,630	605,707	5 3 3
1,934.87	Week ended 1st Feb.	589,101	4,27,883	69,60,442	11,30,526	31,487	16,48,006	813	309,187	5 0 4
1,934.87	23rd "	387,068	3,76,282	71,66,839	11,38,519	32,327	15,07,192	811	302,017	5 3 0
1,934.87	4th Feb.	397,401	3,96,062	64,99,531	10,35,934	32,618	16,15,385	784	296,579	5 1 9
1,934.87	11th "	410,237	4,33,352	67,34,068	9,74,833	32,629	14,42,014	746	281,542	5 1 1
1,934.87	18th "	401,777	3,86,209	66,57,714	10,17,466	31,113	14,34,728	742	286,501	5 0 0
1,934.87	25th "	403,347	4,37,133	75,61,369	11,52,050	32,763	16,21,946	839	294,826	5 8 0
1,949.84	4th Mar.	494,324	4,60,897	67,71,734	10,55,343	31,420	15,49,036	795	283,441	5 7 6
Totals up to date		3,796,309	37,08,123	6,01,84,394	99,30,874	2,91,004	1,39,30,090	600	2,660,094	5 5 0

* Audited figures.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 3rd March 1906 on 22.23 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	24,453	(a) 6,263 0 0	21,689 0	712 0 0	8 0 0	6,983 0 0	963	230	1,193
Or per mile of railway	281 11 9	281 11 9	32 0 6	32 0 6	0 5 9	314 2 0	.....	.....	.....
For previous 7½ weeks of half-year	197,253*	50,111 0 0*	2,06,347 0†	6,737 0 0†	61 0 0‡	50,802 0 0	7,630§	1,778§	9,611
Total for 8½ weeks	221,706	56,374 0 0	2,27,936 0	7,450 0 0	72 0 0	63,985 0 0	8,700	2,008	10,822
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year.	37,973	10,648 8 1	30,530 10	1,308 0 0	15 3 6	11,966 0 7	1,111	231	1,342
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year.	.....	478 11 8	.....	54 3 5	0 11 0	523 12 1	.....	.....	.....
Total for corresponding 9 weeks of previous year.	311,770	81,697 5 11	1,69,379 0	7,344 14 0	71 10 3	69,003 14 3	8,503	2,029	10,632

(a) The decrease is due to "Shivaratri" festival in the corresponding period of 1905.

* Deducted No. of passengers 3,208 and Rs. 237 } On account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 30th January 1906. † Added " 1,569 and added " 55 }

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY—conold.

1906.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905.

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of Railway.	Train mileage.	
		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
*22'23	First 13 days of Jan.	26,318	0,829	42,489	1,641	11	11,961	216	2,989	5
*23'23	Week ended 20th "	18,197	4,034	21,383	800	6	5,410	245	1,144	4
23'23	" " 27th "	22,290	5,331	26,364	866	10	6,190	278	1,215	5
23'23	" " 3rd Feb.	21,510	5,928	28,088	830	9	6,767	304	1,315	5
23'23	" " 10th "	22,044	7,014	33,317	932	10	7,956	339	1,315	6
23'23	" " 17th "	23,043	5,202	33,322	834	10	6,136	278	1,215	5
23'23	" " 24th "	44,831	12,000	31,306	824	8	12,928	581	1,242	9
23'23	" " 3rd Mar.	24,483	6,263	21,683	712	8	6,983	314	1,198	5
	Totals up to date	231,703	56,374	2,27,896	7,439	72	63,985	324	10,807	5

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905—concluded.

190

		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
22'23	First 14 days of Jan.	22,072	2,716	40,680	1,409	10	11,134	501	2,576	4
23'23	Week ended 21st "	22,891	5,248	23,991	843	6	6,137	276	1,188	3
23'23	" " 28th "	17,784	4,991	19,760	736	7	5,727	255	1,188	4
23'23	" " 4th Feb.	20,043	4,089	15,015	552	11	5,652	258	1,188	4
23'23	" " 11th "	21,217	5,152	20,770	836	11	5,999	270	1,188	5
23'23	" " 18th "	19,637	4,320	18,342	433	6	5,449	240	1,188	4
23'23	" " 25th "	26,184	6,394	30,705	1,039	5	7,439	324	1,188	8
23'23	" " 4th Mar.	27,973	10,642	30,220	1,208	16	11,806	534	1,312	8
	Totals up to date	211,770	51,687	1,98,370	7,245	72	59,004	295	10,825	5

* Audited figures.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 3rd March 1906 on 162'36 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.			TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.			Rs.	A. P.		Coaching.	Merchandise.	T.
Total traffic for this week	23,564	Rs. 19,125 0 0		Mds. 1,32,280 0	Rs. 12,871 0 0		Rs. 79 0 0	Rs. 32,073 0 0			9,481	4,030	
Or per mile of railway	"	117 12 8		"	79 4 5		0 7 10	197 3 11					
For previous 7½ weeks of half-year.	198,948*	1,63,890 0 0*		16,30,431 0†	1,32,753 0 0†		560 0 0‡	2,27,205 0 0			72,935‡	30,400‡	10
Total for 8½ weeks	222,512	1,83,015 0 0		17,71,701 0	1,35,633 0 0		639 0 0	3,19,390 0 0			89,356	34,439	1

COMPARISON.

Total for corresponding week of previous year	19,780 12 11	2,53,461 10	15,118 15 0	57 14 6	31,987 10 3	8,894	4,102
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	121 13 4		93 1 11	0 5 8	215 4 11		
Total for corresponding 8 weeks of previous year	203,324	1,60,292 12 5	17,17,734 10	1,39,366 6 6	905 9 9	3,00,534 12 8	82,528 34,335

* Deducted No. of passengers 2,600 and Rs. 5,933 }
 † Added Mds. 83,577 and " 2,983 }
 ‡ Do. " 43 }
 § Audited figures up to 20th January 1906.

On account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended January 1906.

1906

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905.

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train mileage.	
		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
*162'36	First 13 days of Jan.	45,021	37,312	3,22,997	26,471	124	63,507	363	24,234	2
*162'36	Week ended 20th "	20,530	15,014	2,55,990	19,187	98	31,329	211	13,967	2
162'36	" " 27th "	44,374	33,113	1,96,990	16,116	60	48,289	297	12,235	2
162'36	" " 3rd Feb.	21,415	18,313	2,27,931	15,302	62	33,677	207	12,944	2
162'36	" " 10th "	22,043	19,990	2,15,593	13,796	73	33,788	208	12,518	2
162'36	" " 17th "	22,286	18,808	2,30,047	18,293	75	33,174	205	12,008	2
162'36	" " 24th "	22,103	21,418	1,56,307	13,795	70	33,241	207	12,508	2
162'36	" " 3rd Mar.	22,064	19,125	1,22,280	14,871	79	33,075	198	13,451	2
	Totals up to date	222,512	1,83,015	17,71,701	1,35,633	639	3,19,390	322	116,798	2

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1906 in comparison with 1905—concluded.

1

		No. of passengers.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
162'36	First 14 days of Jan.	41,479	37,506	3,24,364	25,439	108	63,148	369	24,094	2
162'36	Week ended 21st "	20,061	15,772	1,31,990	13,546	108	30,426	181	13,513	2
162'36	" " 28th "	22,089	17,086	1,65,407	17,714	113	31,297	184	12,908	2
162'36	" " 4th Feb.	21,423	18,986	1,27,188	11,813	79	27,378	168	12,721	2
162'36	" " 11th "	21,231	17,449	2,74,373	17,541	114	33,104	210	12,880	2
162'36	" " 18th "	22,528	16,942	1,37,411	14,871	119	33,063	204	12,341	2
162'36	" " 25th "	22,578	20,424	2,30,220	21,122	115	42,677	233	12,716	2
162'36	" " 4th Mar.	20,994	19,781	2,53,441	15,119	78	34,998	215	12,900	2

ASSAM-BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 24th February 1906 on 772 miles open for all descriptions of traffic an additional 3 miles for goods traffic only.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.		Total earnings.		TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES	
	No. of		Weight	Receipts.					Coaching.	Merchan-
	receipts.		carried.						dise.	
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	81,384	44,860 0 0	2,17,570 0	32,968 0 0	593 0 0	79,801 0 0	11,406 16 30	16,830	24 38	
Or per mile of railway ...	79 73	58 11	280 74	42 79	1 04	102 94				
For previous 7 weeks of half-year ...	300,307	2,35,440 0 0	15,25,368 0	2,01,801 0 0	19,886 0 0	4,25,104 0 0	75,312	112,470		
Total for 8 weeks ...	481,281	2,78,300 0 0	15,42,868 0	2,35,789 0 0	20,480 0 0	5,24,707 0 0	86,807	123,280		
COMPARISON.										
Total for corresponding of previous year ...	50,365	34,748 0 0	1,98,772 0	30,997 0 0	1,761 0 0	67,506 0 0	11,040	15,347		
Per mile of railway correspond- ing week of previous year ...	68 36	47 15	258 07	41 39	2 38	91 42	14 98	20 57		
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	305,721	2,50,230 0 0	15,31,986 0	2,11,647 0 0	23,677 0 0	4,55,554 0 0	84,064	110,021	30	

* Includes earnings and mileage of Noakhali Railway Rs. 11,184 and miles 7,345.

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of Gross Receipts of the Assam-Bengal Railway.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 24TH FEBRUARY 1906.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 25TH FEBRUARY 1906.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1905 TO 24TH FEBRUARY 1906.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1904 TO 25TH FEBRUARY 1905.			Total increase in 1906.	Total decrease 1906
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked per week.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked per week.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.	
775	79,801	102 94	740	67,506	91 42	775	31,31,977	...	740	27,06,605	...	4,25,371	...

ASSAM-BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of traffic for the week ended 3rd March 1906 on 772 miles open for all descriptions of traffic and an additional 3 miles for goods traffic only.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.		Total earnings.		TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES BY.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.					Coaching.	Merchan-	Tot
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		dise.		
Total traffic for the week ...	55,563	39,521 0 0	2,65,521 0	37,727 0 0	1,123 0 0	78,280 0 0	12,886 16 30	16,830	21 02	29,04	
Or per mile of railway ..	71 97	51 19	343 01	48 98	1 46	101 38					
For previous 8 weeks of half-year ...	421,501	2,78,964 0 0	15,45,611 0	2,36,396 0 0	20,881 0 0	5,26,221 0 0	89,319	128,860	222,6		
Total for 9 weeks ...	477,123	2,18,475 0 0	15,15,348 0	2,74,123 0 0	22,015 0 0	6,14,611 0 0	102,619	149,149	251,76		
COMPARISON.											
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	61,805	46,145 0 0	1,90,906 0	27,779 0 0	2,971 0 0	76,795 0 0	11,561	16,396	27,94		
Per mile of railway correspond- ing week of previous year ...	83 46	62 01	217 44	37 54	3 38	1 4 03	15 39	23 01	3		
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	427,226	2,90,375 0 0	14,92,806 0	2,30,426 0 0	26,546 0 0	5,62,269 0 0	94,646	126,3 7	300,051		

* Includes earnings and mileage of Noakhali Railway Rs. 12,004 and train miles 7,954.

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of Gross Receipts of the Assam-Bengal Railway.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 2ND MARCH 1906.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 4TH MARCH 1906.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1905 TO 2ND MARCH 1906.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1904 TO 2ND MARCH 1905.			Total increase in 1906.	Total decrease in 1906.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked per week.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked per week.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.	
775	78,280	101 38	740	70,795	104 03	775	32,11,991	...	740	27,36,606	...	4,75,385	...

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, MARCH 21, 1906.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY SYSTEM.

(INCLUDING DACCA SECTION.)

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 3rd March 1906 on 1,971 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (including steam-boat).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchan- dise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week	369,670	1,74,370 0 0	14,07,540 0	2,14,490 0 0	11,580 0 8	4,01,040 8 0	57,393	80,158	1,37,551
Or per mile of railway	363	137 0 0	1,108 0	1,108 0 0	1 0 0	207 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 8 weeks of half- year	2,012,610	13,86,300 0 0	1,41,93,000 0	20,82,350 0 0	2,04,330 0 0	86,47,670 0 0	454,338	373,903	828,241
Total for 9 weeks	2,372,280	15,60,670 0 0	1,55,99,540 0	22,97,440 0 0	2,17,900 0 0	90,48,710 0 0	518,734	454,061	972,795
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	278,828	1,50,454 0 0	11,66,533 0	1,46,922 0 0	9,181 0 0	3,00,557 0 0	47,061	86,060	1,33,121
Per mile of railway correspond- ing week of previous year (971 miles)	287	155 0 0	1,202 0	155 0 0	1 0 0	311 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,450,235	12,32,300 0 0	1,63,70,573 0	12,96,076 0 0	1,74,521 0 0	88,03,198 0 0	466,919	310,737	777,656

* Excluding ferry earnings, Rs. 10,430.

N.B.—Increase is chiefly in jute and food-grains traffic and owing to the amalgamation with the B. C. Railway.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 3rd March 1906 on 86 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (including ferry).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	36,340	10,700 0 0	29,890 0	3,030 0 0	130 0 0	13,960 0 0	3,426	1,696	5,122
Or per mile of railway ...	421	124 0 0	344 0	35 0 0	2 0 0	161 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 8 weeks of half-year ...	264,740	74,700 0 0	4,10,400 0	28,350 0 0	1,110 0 0	1,09,680 0 0	26,311	10,925	37,236
Total for 9 weeks ...	290,980	85,400 0 0	4,39,990 0	31,380 0 0	1,240 0 0	1,33,640 0 0	29,737	12,611	42,348
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	31,464	10,837 0 0	25,140 0	2,603 0 0	96 0 0	13,115 0 0	3,196	894	4,090
Or per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	366	121 0 0	292 0	31 0 0	1 0 0	153 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	260,707	80,161 0 0	3,58,554 0	26,946 0 0	1,309 0 0	1,08,904 0 0	27,314	11,408	38,722

COOCH BEHAR RAILWAY—NATIVE SECTION.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 3rd March 1906 on 33.6 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings. (including ferry).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	3,330	1,600 0 8	17,080 0	1,230 0 0	...	3,890 0 0	463	781*	1,265
Or per mile of railway ...	116	48 0 0	508 0	38 0 0	...	86 0 0	...	..	...
For previous 8 weeks of half-year ...	26,230	10,660 0 0	1,70,876 0	10,110 0 0	50 0 0	20,720 0 0	3,496	5,783	9,279
Total for 9 weeks ...	29,560	12,160 0 0	1,96,986 0	11,400 0 0	50 0 0	23,610 0 0	3,918	6,563	10,481
COMPARISON									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	3,300	1,377 0 0	13,606 0	1,230 0 0	18 0 0	2,645 0 0	463	1,308	2,365
Or per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	97	41 0 0	377 0	37 0 0	1 0 0	78 0 0	...	..	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	27,930	11,744 0 0	1,67,394 0	17,406 0 0	125 0 0	20,306 0 0	4,006	10,742	15,210

* Ballast train-miles 276.

MYMENSINGH-JAGANNATHGANJ RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 3rd March 1906 on 80.69 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (including ferry).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
Total traffic for the week ...	12,748	Rs. A. P. 3,510 0 0	Mds. s. 10,080 0	Rs. A. P. 970 0 0	Rs. A. P. 10 0 0	Rs. A. P. 4,480 0 0	1,083	806	1,889
Or per mile of railway ...	381	60 0 0	367 0	19 0 0	.....	88 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 8 weeks of half-year ...	86,490	23,900 0 0	2,90,400 0	17,700 0 0	180 0 0	41,710 0 0	2,141	2,371	4,512
Total for 8 weeks ...	99,238	27,370 0 0	3,26,480 0	18,670 0 0	180 0 0	46,300 0 0	2,174	2,688	4,862
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	8,976	2,635 0 0	10,080 0	1,801 0 0	19 0 0	4,146 0 0	1,088	808	1,896
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	178	54 0 0	198 0	30 0 0	.....	81 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	66,688	20,215 0 0	1,76,688 0	9,592 0 0	148 0 0	20,984 0 0	2,801	2,438	5,239

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY SYSTEM.

(INCLUDING DACCA SECTION.)

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 10th March 1906 on 1,271 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (including steam-boat).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
Total traffic for the week ...	446,300	Rs. A. P. 1,89,850 0 0	Mds. s. 15,58,900 0	Rs. A. P. 3,08,540 0 0	Rs. A. P. 13,980 0 0	Rs. A. P. 4,11,970 0 0	88,090	80,931	169,021
Or per mile of railway ...	380	149 0 0	1,231 0	164 0 0	12 0 0	315 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 8 weeks of half-year ...	3,872,280	14,63,370 0 0	1,85,89,040 0	22,67,440 0 0	2,17,900 0 0	40,48,710 0 0	513,604	484,001	997,605
Total for 10 weeks ...	3,717,480	17,52,920 0 0	1,71,51,900 0	24,75,980 0 0	2,31,780 0 0	41,60,680 0 0	571,694	474,992	1,046,686
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	386,223	1,50,304 0 0	10,80,119 0	1,36,006 0 0	9,537 0 0	2,86,817 0 0	45,267	37,980	83,247
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year (971 miles) ...	377	155 0 0	1,122 0	130 0 0	1 0 0	286 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	2,846,448	12,82,398 0 0	1,14,65,692 0	15,22,174 0 0	1,84,840 0 0	30,89,416 0 0	453,776	348,716	802,492

* Excluding ferry earnings, Rs. 12,170.
N.B.—Increase is chiefly in jute and food-grains traffic and owing to the amalgamation of the B. C. Ry. Dole jatra festival also accounts for the increase under coaching.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 10th March 1906 on 86 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (including ferry).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
Total traffic for the week ...	31,500	Rs. A. P. 10,580 0 0	Mds. s. 32,100 0	Rs. A. P. 2,110 0 0	Rs. A. P. 100 0 0	Rs. A. P. 12,790 0 0	2,486	1,461	3,947
Or per mile of railway ...	366	123 0 0	358 0	35 0 0	1 0 0	149 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 8 weeks of half-year ...	200,990	60,400 0 0	4,30,000 0	36,980 0 0	1,240 0 0	1,33,660 0 0	20,687	12,611	33,298
Total for 10 weeks ...	232,490	70,980 0 0	4,62,100 0	39,090 0 0	1,340 0 0	1,35,000 0 0	23,173	14,072	37,245
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	33,477	9,779 0 0	36,700 0	2,413 0 0	61 0 0	12,253 0 0	2,122	883	3,005
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	389	114 0 0	399 0	28 0 0	1 0 0	140 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	203,374	60,300 0 0	4,64,000 0	39,566 0 0	1,470 0 0	1,31,336 0 0	20,807	13,301	34,108

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, MARCH 21, 1906

COOCH BEHAR RAILWAY—NATIVE-SECTION.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 10th March 1906 on 33·6 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (including ferry).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
Total traffic for the week ...	8,670	Rs. A. P. 1,550 0 6	Mds. S. 15,640 0	Rs. A. P. 1,130 0 0	Rs. A. P. 84 0 0	Rs. A. P. 2,680 0 0	654	414*	1,068
Or per mile of railway ...	109	45 0 0	465 0	84 0 0	.....	80 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 9 weeks of half-year ...	29,950	12,100 0 0	1,96,930 0	11,460 0 0	50 0 0	23,610 0 0	3,918	6,503	10,421
Total for 10 weeks ...	33,620	13,710 0 0	2,12,570 0	12,530 0 0	50 0 0	26,290 0 0	4,572	7,007	11,579
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	3,163	1,330 0 0	0,764 0	964 0 0	11 0 0	2,305 0 0	452	1,734	2,186
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	94	40 0 0	231 0	29 0 0	.....	69 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ..	30,451	13,074 0 0	8,27,698 0	18,460 0 0	137 0 0	31,671 0 0	4,520	21,476	25,996

* Ballast train-miles 110.

MYMENSINGH-JAGANNATHGANJ RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 10th March 1906 on 50·69 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (including ferry).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
Total traffic for the week ...	11,610	Rs. A. P. 3,500 0 0	Mds. S. 12,270 0	Rs. A. P. 770 0 0	Rs. A. P. 20 0 0	Rs. A. P. 4,290 0 0	1,224	204	1,428
Or per mile of railway ...	229	69 0 0	242 0	15 0 0	1 0 0	85 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 9 weeks of half-year ...	98,280	27,370 0 0	3,38,480 0	18,670 0 0	160 0 0	46,200 0 0	9,174	3,066	12,240
Total for 10 weeks ...	1,09,840	30,870 0 0	3,50,750 0	19,440 0 0	180 0 0	50,460 0 0	10,398	3,270	14,268
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	9,363	2,512 0 0	6,294 0	—343 0 0	15 0 0	2,987 0 0	1,228	200	1,428
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	192	55 0 0	123 0	—7 0 0	.....	48 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	76,491	23,027 0 0	1,82,082 0	9,248 0 0	167 0 0	32,442 0 0	10,550	3,829	14,338

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED

		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 10th March 1906 ...	Coaching ...	5,735	0	0	18,236	0	0
	Goods ...	12,440	0	0			
	Other earnings ...	61	0	0			
Audited earnings for the corresponding period of 1905 ...	Coaching ...	5,654	0	0	18,655	0	0
	Goods ...	12,929	0	0			
	Other earnings ...	72	0	0			
	Decrease ...					419	0 0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 10th March 1906 ...						357	9 1
Ditto for the corresponding period of 1905 ...						365	12 7
	Decrease ...					8	3 6
Receipts from 1st July to 10th March 1906 ...						1,47,278	0 0
Ditto for the corresponding period of 1905 ...						1,56,686	0 0
	Decrease ...					8,407	0 0



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page
LIBERALITY of the late Babu Abhoy Charan Mullick ...	491	WEATHER and Crop Report for the week ending the 26th March 1906. ...	538
Resolution reviewing the Reports on the working of Municipalities in Bengal (except Calcutta) during the year 1904-1905 ...	498	Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major and Minor Works for the month of February 1906 ...	547
Resolution reviewing the Report on the Administration of the Calcutta Municipality for the year 1901-1905 ...	528	Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending the 17th and 24th March 1906 ...	548
Appointment of a Committee to enquire into Drainage schemes in the Presidency Division in connection with the prevalence of Malaria ...	535	Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 18th to 24th March 1906 ...	544
Liberality of Orissa Chiefs ...	537	Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways ...	546

LIBERALITY OF THE LATE BABU ABHOY CHARAN MULLICK.

*Extract from a letter No. 1166, dated Calcutta, the 13th March 1906, from
MR. G. GORDON, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General
Department, to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.*

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 2053, dated the 20th February 1906, in which you report that the executrix and executors to the estate of the late Babu Abhoy Charan Mullick have made over to you, under the terms of the will of the deceased, the sum of Rs. 3,000, in currency notes, for founding Scholarships tenable at the Sanskrit College, Calcutta. The Scholarships are to be called Abhoy Charan Mullick's Scholarships, after the name of the donor, and to be awarded to deserving Brahmin boys reading in that College. You recommend that the offer may be accepted and that steps may be taken for the creation of a Fund, the Principal of the Sanskrit College being appointed administrator.

2. In reply I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to accept the legacy. The Accountant-General, Bengal, will be requested to open a Trust Fund to be styled Abhoy Charan Mullicks' Scholarship Fund and the Principal of the Sanskrit College will be the administrator of the Fund.

RESOLUTION REVIEWING THE REPORTS ON THE WORKING OF MUNICIPALITIES IN BANGAL (EXCEPT CALCUTTA) DURING THE YEAR 1904-1905.

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT—MUNICIPAL.

Calcutta, the 23rd March 1906.

RESOLUTION—No. 1300M.

READ—

The Reports from the several Commissioners of Divisions on the working of Municipalities in Bengal (except Calcutta) during the year 1904-05.

Read again—

The Resolution reviewing the Divisional Commissioners' Reports on the working of Municipalities during the year 1903-04.

No new Municipalities were created during 1904-1905, and the present Resolution reviews the statistics of 161 municipalities, the same number as in the previous year.

2. *Vital Statistics.*—The total number of births registered in Municipalities in 1904 was 98,690 against 90,281 in 1903, the ratio to population being 34·7 per mille which is the highest yet recorded. The number of deaths reported was 102,739, which represents a ratio of 36·1 per mille. Apart from the high mortality from plague in the Patna and Bhagalpur Divisions, the year appears to have been a healthy one. The general health of Municipal towns in Bengal has undoubtedly improved during the last few years. Greater attention is given to the sources of water-supply, and in this connection it may be noted that the average death-rate from cholera declined from 4·15 in the seven years ending 1897 to 2·8 in the septennium which closed in 1904. The towns which are supplied with filtered water all show a marked improvement in this respect, and, except in Howrah and Dacca, the decrease of the mortality from dysentery is almost equally noticeable. Pure water is unfortunately no protection against malaria and the introduction of a regular supply where the surface drainage is defective may even result in an increased fever mortality. The death rate from fever in the Municipal areas has however steadily declined for the last five years, and in 1904 was only 15·3 per mille against 21·8 in 1900; but this result is probably largely due to better diagnosis. A further improvement may be expected when the numerous drainage schemes now in contemplation are actually carried out. Special arrangements will be made to ascertain the effect of these works on the public health by a careful examination of the death rate before and after their introduction. In addition to the general Drainage Schemes systematic operations to remove the breeding grounds of mosquitos are necessary in many towns to combat the ravages of malaria. It is intended to carry out experiments in this direction in one or two selected Municipalities at the expense of Government in order to provide an object lesson.

3. *Collections.*—During the last three or four years no feature of the municipal administration of the Province has been more satisfactory than the improvement which has taken place in collections. The high standard already reached was maintained in 1904-05, and in some respects the results were even better than those of the previous year. The percentage of total collections on the current demand declined from 98·6 to 97·5, which is due to the fact that the realisable arrears have been steadily reduced for some years past and are now very small. The percentage of current collections on current demand rose from 92·9 to 93·5, and this improvement was shared by all Divisions except Dacca and Orissa. The percentage of total remissions on the current demand rose from 3·5 to 4·1. It was highest in the Burdwan Division (8·5). This high percentage was due to very large remissions in Burdwan, Asansol, Hooghly, Chinsura, Serampore, Howrah and Bally. The outstanding balance has now been reduced to Rs. 2,17,145, which is

only 5·9 per cent. of the current demand. Twenty-three municipalities collected cent. per cent. of the current demand or more, and the same number had a closing balance of Rs. 10 or less. In Vishnupur, Sonamukhi, Garulia, Kotehandpur, Maheshpur and Lalganj both results were attained. The results attained in the Bhagalpur Municipality are particularly satisfactory, the percentage of collections on current demand having risen from 89·05 to 104·5. Cuttack is to be congratulated on closing the year with no balance outstanding.

4. *Number of rate-payers.*—The total number of rate-payers was 4,94,533, and the percentage to population 17·2 against 17·17 in 1903-1904. As in the previous year, the percentage was highest at Katwa in the Burdwan district (39·3) and lowest at Titaghar in the 24-Parganas (6·8). The low percentage in the latter Municipality and in Garulia is due to the assessment being made on the owner for each block of huts instead of separately on the occupiers who are mostly migratory mill operatives. The same cause may partially account for the low ratio of rate-payers to population in Naraingunge (9·5), but the Commissioner has not alluded to the matter. In the Dacca Division as a whole the percentage continues very low, only two, out of seventeen Municipalities giving results above the provincial average.

5. *Results of elections held during the year.*—General elections were held during the year only in Cossipore-Chitpur and Manicktola. In Manicktola and in two wards of Cossipore-Chitpur there were no contests. In the two remaining wards of the last mentioned municipality the elections were contested, and more than half the voters went to the polls.

6. *Constitution of Committees and attendance at Meetings.*—The total number of Commissioners was 2,217, or 19 less than in the previous year. This is due to the reduction of the number of members in Santipur and Nadia from 25 and 12 to 9 each. The number of meetings held was 2,828, of which 199 had to be adjourned. These figures disclose very little variation from those of the previous year. The Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality again held the largest number of meetings (44) and was followed by Sherpur in Mymensingh (41) and Murshidabad (39). Twelve municipalities failed to hold one meeting a month, and in Jamalpur, Dumka and Kendrapara only eight meetings were held. The average attendance at a meeting fell from 59·2 to 53·6. The number of municipalities in which half the Commissioners were ordinarily present was 109 against 118. The average attendance was best in the small Municipality of Rajpur in the 24-Parganas (90·14). It exceeded three-fourths of the number of Commissioners in Nadia, Bhadreswar, Buxar, Garulia, Dainhat, Maheshpur and South Barrackpore. The worst attendance was at Jalpaiguri where it was only 20·3 per cent.

7. *Assessment and Taxation.*—As in the previous year, the rate on holdings was in force in 47 Municipalities and in certain wards of Bhadreswar, South Dum-Dum and Deoghur, the alternative tax on persons being levied elsewhere. The enforcement of the rate on holdings has, however, been sanctioned in six more Municipalities, viz., Kotrung, Bhatpara, Garulia, Rangpur, Noakhali and Cuttack. This will leave only eight Municipalities with a population exceeding twenty thousand, viz., Bankura, Berhampore, Rampur-Boalia, Sirajganj, Arrah, Sassaram, Bettiah, Darbhanga and Balasore, in which the tax on persons will continue to be levied. The need for the change is urgent in Berhampore, Arrah and Darbhanga, the state of things in the two former Municipalities being rendered still more anomalous by the fact that both the water and latrine rates are in force, and are levied on the annual value of holdings. Latrine fees are levied in 112 Municipalities, the water rate in fourteen and the lighting rate in two (Darjeeling and Howrah). The imposition of a water rate has been sanctioned in Tollygunge, and will come into force as soon as the water is supplied, and the levy of a lighting rate has been sanctioned in Cossipore-Chitpur and Manicktola. In 15 Municipalities the rate on holdings was levied at less than the legal maximum. Of the four Municipalities in which the legal maximum has been raised to ten per cent., only Dacca and Darjeeling have availed themselves of their powers, the rate in Howrah and Patna being seven and a-half per cent. The average incidence of the taxation per head of the population has been gradually increasing since 1889-90, and during the past year it rose from Re. 1·3-11 to Re. 1·4-4. If the two hill Municipalities, Darjeeling and Kurseong, whose circumstances

are exceptional, are excluded, Howrah is, as might be expected, the town most heavily taxed, the average payment per head being Rs. 3 6 4. The lowest point is touched at Ramjibanpur in Midnapore where each person pays only 4 annas and 5 pies. There are twenty-six other towns in which the incidence is less than eight annas per head.

8. *Revision of assessment.*—In many Municipalities general or partial revisions of the assessments were made. The revision of the assessment in Chittagong resulted in an increase of about Rs. 7,000 in the house-tax and of Rs. 4,000 in the latrine-tax. In Bhagalpur, the assessment was revised by a Sub-Deputy Collector deputed by Government, a survey of the town having been previously made by the Survey Department. The Commissioner reports that the result has been an increase of nearly 20 per cent., which may however be reduced on appeal. The survey of Monghyr town was completed, and the revision of the assessment was taken up during the current year. In the following towns also the financial results were satisfactory:—

					Rs.
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	8,006
Bhatpara	...	...	...	...	7,848
Darjeeling	...	...	...	...	7,175
Santipur	...	...	...	...	5,859
Bally	...	...	...	...	5,824
Kurseong	...	...	...	...	5,722
Patna	...	...	...	...	5,320
Nadia	...	...	...	...	4,652
Howrah	...	...	...	...	4,104

Action was taken under Section 111A to remedy inadequate and inequitable assessments in Halisahar, Baduria, Chapra and Revelganj.

The new procedure for the appointment of appellate Committees, to which reference was made in last year's Resolution, has now been adopted by a large number of Municipalities, and steps are about to be taken to incorporate it in the substantive law. A scheme for the employment of a permanent staff of trained assessors was also drawn up and placed before the Municipalities; but it was found to be too expensive, and only a small proportion of them were ready to join in it. The scheme has accordingly been abandoned for the present, but Commissioners of Divisions have been instructed to keep a list of persons qualified to act as assessors whose services will be placed at the disposal of such Municipalities as may require them.

9. *Fresh imposts levied during the year.*—The tax on carriages and animals was introduced into the Sherpur Municipality. In Darjeeling, the rate on holdings was increased by one per cent. Section 263 was extended to the Hooghly-Chinsura Municipality, while in eight municipalities license fees under section 261 were imposed on various trades (chiefly kerosine oil depôts and lodging-houses). Cart registration fees were newly imposed in Nawabganj and were levied at an increased rate in Bogra; and the Hackney Carriage Act was extended to Deoghur. The water rate was levied for the first time in Kurseong and Daltouganj and latrine fees under Part IX in Santipur and Nadia and parts of six other Municipalities. The provisions of Part X of the Act relating to markets were extended to Tollygunge, Rajpur, Baraipur, Halisahar, Bhatpara, Ranaghat, Kamarhati, Chakdah and Sherpur.

10. *Income and expenditure.*—The total income of the Municipalities including the opening balance was Rs. 67,21,637 or Rs. 3,91,398 more than in the previous year. The total expenditure was Rs. 57,93,338 against Rs. 53,85,903 in 1903-04.

11. *Closing balances of Municipalities (Rs. 9,28,299).*—The aggregate closing balances of the municipalities diminished by Rs. 16,037. This is due probably to the fact that the amount borrowed during the year fell from Rs. 2,41,860 to Rs. 2,17,235. Where the balance is large, it is due, as in Howrah (Rs. 1,41,384), to the inclusion of unspent loans from Government or, as in Chapra (Rs. 33,547), to the accumulation of funds for a market or

other work of public utility. Some municipalities still neglect to maintain a sufficient working balance. This was most noticeably the case in Meherpur (Rs. 112), Deblatta (Rs. 92), Arrah (Rs. 14) and Roserah (Rs. 9). The attention of the Divisional Commissioners concerned is invited to these figures which are not creditable to the administration of the abovementioned towns.

12. *Income (Rs. 57,77,295).*—The aggregate income of the Mufassal Municipalities is less than that of Calcutta alone. It is however, growing steadily; and there was a gain during the year of Rs. 2,79,113 or 6 per cent. This is the more satisfactory as there was a falling off of Rs. 9,672 under Extraordinary and Debt. About a lakh was derived from taxation, and nearly a lakh and a-half from grants and contributions. All divisions, except Dacca, contributed to this general result; but the increase was greatest in the Presidency Division where it amounted to nearly a lakh.

13. *Tax on houses and lands (Rs. 12,99,830).*—The revenue from the rate on holdings increased by Rs. 37,206. The improvement was marked in Bhagalpur (Rs. 8,615) due mainly to an improvement in collections, in Darjeeling (Rs. 7,662) owing to the enhancement of the rate of taxation, in Hooghly-Chinsura and in Chapra. A decrease in Darbhanga is ascribed to the fact that certain assessments which had been revised under section 93 of the Act, could not be collected pending the disposal of objections. Short collections in Puri and large arrear collections in the previous year in Purulia account for a falling off in those municipalities. In last year's Resolution special attention was drawn to an extraordinary diminution in the income under this head in the Naihati Municipality. In the year under review there was a further slight decrease which, however, has not been explained by the Commissioner. In Berhampore the occupants of Government buildings have hitherto been assessed to the tax on persons, instead of to the rate on holdings, as they should have been under section 89 of the Act. In certain other municipalities where the tax on persons is in force the rate on Government buildings is wrongly shown under that head. The attention of Commissioners is invited to these points.

14. *Tax on animals and vehicles (Rs. 2,72,877).*—The receipts under this head increased by Rs. 11,516. Rs. 1,170 was collected in Nawabganj where the tax was levied for the first time. A marked improvement took place in Purulia (Rs. 1,918), Howrah (Rs. 1,910) and Deoghur (Rs. 1,337), and in so far as the increase is the result of closer supervision it is satisfactory, but there is some ground for thinking that the income in some municipalities is unduly swelled by the registration of carts which cannot be said to be used "in the ordinary course of business" within the municipality. The attention of Municipal Commissioners should again be called to the provisions of the law and to the necessity of avoiding the harassment of persons whose carts only occasionally visit the municipality. The arrangement by which the cart registration fees in certain Suburban Municipalities are collected by the Calcutta Corporation and the surplus proceeds divided has not worked satisfactorily. The expenses of the registration staff swallow up nearly all the receipts and there is hardly any surplus to distribute. A separate enquiry will be made with regard to this matter.

15. *Tax on Professions and Trades (Rs. 65,323).*—This tax is levied in 139 Municipalities out of 161. The receipts increased by Rs. 970, but they nowhere constitute a substantial portion of the Municipal income.

16. *Tolls on Roads and Ferries (Rs. 1,44,891).*—Tolls on roads are not levied in Bengal. The receipts from ferries show a net decrease of Rs. 456. In Saran a decrease of Rs. 1,335 is ascribed to the re-settlement of ferries at reduced rentals, but the cause of the reduction is not explained. The falling off in Monghyr (Rs. 2,000) is due to an advance collection of Rs. 1,000 in 1903-1904, and to the failure to collect Rs. 1,000 in 1904-1905. A decline of Rs. 934 in Cuttack is due to similar causes. The largest increases were obtained in Chandpur (Rs. 2,396) and Bardwan (Rs. 1,445); the former was due mainly to the realization of the previous year's arrears.

17. *Water-rate (Rs. 2,97,903).*—A water-rate is now levied in fourteen municipalities, having been levied for the first time during the year in Kurseong and Daltonganj. In these two municipalities the proceeds amount to

to Rs. 3,842 and Rs. 469, while in the other municipalities they increased from Rs. 2,85,248 to Rs. 2,93,592. There was an increase of Rs. 2,513 in Darjeeling due to better collections; of Rs. 1,914 in Mymensingh, owing to revision of assessment and the raising of the rate; and of Rs. 4,874 in Bhagalpur, owing to a larger demand and better collections.

18. *Lighting Rate (Rs. 87,308).*—The proceeds of this rate, which is levied only in Howrah and Darjeeling, increased by Rs. 3,310. The increase is said to be due to better collections in Darjeeling, but fuller information should have been given by the Commissioner.

19. *Conservancy including scavenging and latrine-rate (Rs. 8,62,715).*—The revenue improved in all Divisions except Burdwan, where there was a falling off of Rs. 2,349. The large increase of Rs. 24,106 in the Presidency Division is due mainly to the extension of Part IX to the Santipur and Nadia Municipalities, where the receipts amounted to Rs. 12,222 and Rs. 4,235 respectively. The improvement was also marked in the Chittagong, Bhagalpur and Cuttack Divisions, and in the district of the 24-Parganas. The usual reasons are assigned for a rise in receipts, viz., revision of assessment, assessment of new holdings and better collections. No progress was made in the leasing out of trenching-grounds. The Commissioner of the Presidency Division remarks that, while the general repugnance of Bengal cultivators to use night-soil as manure will take time to disappear, the land is often so badly trenched that in any case no one would care to till it.

20. *Tax on persons according to their circumstances and property (Rs. 6,12,119).*—The income under this head shows a small increase of Rs. 1,424. There was a rise of Rs. 8,498 in the Presidency Division, but in the Patna Division the temporary exodus of residents from certain Municipalities on account of plague caused a decline of Rs. 5,805, or 4·2 per cent.

21. *Grants from Provincial and Local Funds and Contributions from private individuals (Rs. 4,88,234).*—The increase of Rs. 1,38,311 under this head is accounted for by larger Government subventions for medical purposes, including special grants for hospitals and dispensaries and grants-in-aid of preventive measures against plague. Contributions for general purposes amounted to Rs. 1,08,792, for education to Rs. 10,473, and for medical purposes to Rs. 3,68,969.

22. *Gifts, etc., by private individuals*—The Commissioners have, as usual, recorded in their reports many instances of private liberality. The most prominent of the public benefactors during the year was the Maharani of Hatwa, who gave Rs. 25,000 for the construction of a new female ward and operation room for the Chapra hospital, and contributed Rs. 5,000 towards the cost of reconstructing the Bourdillon Market in the same town. Babu Dhanpat Singh Nowlakha subscribed Rs. 16,000 towards the construction and equipment of a Charitable Dispensary at Azimganj. The names of these and other donors will be recorded in a separate Resolution.

23. *Expenditure.*—The aggregate expenditure of the mufassal municipalities amounted to Rs. 57,93,338, against Rs. 53,85,903 in 1903-04 and Rs. 40,67,711 ten years ago. The ordinary expenditure (*i.e.*, excluding loans, advances and the like) rose from Rs. 45,04,960 to Rs. 48,34,702. The main heads under which this increase has occurred are Roads (Rs. 2,80,554), Lighting (Rs. 87,424), Conservancy (Rs. 53,662) and Drainage (Rs. 34,411). On the other hand, the expenditure on water-supply was less than in the previous year by Rs. 1,21,872, and that on buildings by Rs. 39,251. The distribution of the expenditure over the principal heads is still on the whole much the same as it was ten years ago.

24. *Office and Collection Establishment (Rs. 4,47,340).*—The expenditure increased in five Divisions and diminished in four, the net result being a decrease of Rs. 9,975. The expenditure under this head was about one-tenth of the total ordinary expenditure. In the Burdwan Division, it fell from 10·4 to 9·4 per cent., and in the Patna Division from 11·5 to 10·0, but in the Rajshahi Division it rose from 8·5 to 10·5 per cent. The highest percentage (26·3) was recorded in the Gobardanga Municipality in the 24-Parganas, and the lowest (4·7) in the Mymensingh Municipality. Constant watchfulness is required to check the unnecessary growth of expenditure of this kind, and it is satisfactory that an actual reduction should have been effected during the past year.

25. *Prevention of fire (Rs. 30,275).*—The outlay under this head increased by Rs. 2,694. Almost the whole of it was incurred in the Burdwan and Presidency Divisions, and four-fifths of it in the two Municipalities of Howrah and Cossipore-Chitpur which contribute towards the up-keep of the Metropolitan Fire Brigade. In the rest of the Province the charges were trifling. There were ten fires during the year, involving a loss of $5\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs of rupees. The most serious fires were those at the Ghosery Cotton Mills and the Sulkea jute press.

26. *Lighting (Rs. 3,22,835).*—The expenditure under this head shows an increase of no less than Rs. 87,124 or 27 per cent. This is almost wholly accounted for by heavy expenditure in Darjeeling on the electric lighting scheme, the charges for which exceeded those of the previous year by Rs. 79,045, the capital outlay amounting to Rs. 75,949. There has also been a general, though slight, increase in expenditure throughout the Province.

27. *Water-supply (Rs. 3,14,498).*—The expenditure on maintenance increased by Rs. 12,580, but the capital outlay diminished by Rs. 1,31,452, the net result being a decrease of Rs. 1,21,872. The capital charges in 1903-04 were exceptionally high and the falling off was not unexpected.

Eight Municipalities maintain complete Water work installations of their own. Of these the Howrah Water-works are entitled on all accounts to the first place. Their management was most efficient and the cost of maintenance was reduced from 1·3 to 1·1 anna per thousand gallons. In Burdwan the Commissioners have maintained the high standard which they reached for the first time in the previous year. The cost of maintenance was reduced from 2·7 to 1·7 anna per thousand gallons, and by the advice of the Civil Surgeon, Lieutenant-Colonel French-Mullen, a successful experiment was made in the use of ferro-sulphate of alumina to remove the silt from the river water. The other water-works have had greater difficulties to contend with and have not always succeeded in overcoming them. At Berhampore, Dacca, Arrah and Bhagalpur the recession of the main current of the river from the intake has occasioned great trouble and expense. At Arrah a channel was scraped through the sand-banks, while in the other three towns centrifugal pumps in the bed of the river had to be used to bring the water to the intakes. The management of the Berhampore Water-works was far from satisfactory. According to the Sanitary Engineer's estimate the rate-payers received a supply of only 2·8 gallons per head of the population, while the maintenance charges amounted to $10\frac{1}{2}$ annas per thousand gallons. For forty-eight days the supply was cut off altogether, serious irregularities occurred in the accounts and grave discrepancies were found in the coal used. In these circumstances it is regrettable that the Commissioners have abandoned the intention previously expressed to adopt the Government rules for the appointment of a Committee of management. They have been warned that unless a very marked improvement is effected the management will be taken out of their hands altogether. At Dacca the condition of the works is not satisfactory, but the Commissioners adhere to their determination not to impose a water-rate. In Darjeeling the supply was insufficient during the hot-weather months, and arrangements have been made to link up a spring which has hitherto been untapped. At Arrah a very large amount of the water pumped is lost owing to the leaks in the settling tanks and filters. The result is a serious reduction in the supply and heavy maintenance charges in proportion to the water supplied. In Bhagalpur the position became so serious that a Special Committee was appointed to examine the water-works and suggest means for their improvement. The Committee met at the end of the year and have submitted recommendations involving a capital outlay of about a lakh and-a-half of rupees. Towards this amount Government has undertaken to contribute, and it is hoped that the Municipality will be able to provide the balance.

Certain towns are in the fortunate position of being able to obtain their water from an external source and are thus saved the expense and trouble of keeping up an installation of their own. Daltooganj now gets a daily supply of 40,000 gallons from the Railway at two annas per thousand gallons, while Garulia, Titagarh and Bhatpara are supplied with water by the Mills free of cost. Several of the Suburban Municipalities draw water from the Calcutta mains; but owing to the shortness of filtered water in the town have been

unable to get the full promised supply. The Corporation have recently arranged to increase their supply by about six million gallons daily, and are now in a position to comply with their engagements.

The management of a water-works installation particularly when the supply is drawn from a river which is liable to desert its channel presents problems of peculiar difficulty which are apt to prove too complex for solution by the unaided energies of Municipal bodies. The financial burden they entail is heavy, and Government assistance has often to be invoked. Nevertheless a considerable measure of success has been obtained in combatting the difficulties that present themselves, and the Lieutenant-Governor can congratulate more than one Municipality on most creditable work. Towns of moderate size that are content with unambitious projects may obtain very satisfactory results from a filter such as that which has been established at Faridpur, which is designed to supply ten thousand gallons a day. Similar filters have been set up at Patuakhali and Jessore, and sanction has been accorded to a scheme of the same kind at Kholna.

28. *Drainage (Rs. 2,01,584).*—The expenditure exceeded that of the previous year by Rs. 34,411, of which Rs. 15,198 was due to larger capital outlay and Rs. 9,213 to increased charges for maintenance. In Howrah Rs. 24,431 was spent on the construction of the Sibpur section of the drainage scheme. In Burdwan Rs. 3,928 was expended on the preliminary survey and levelling operations, and Rs. 2,603 in Serampore for similar work. The expenditure of Rs. 5,145 in Narainganj was due chiefly to the completion of the Sutarpara drainage work, joining all the ditches and cess-pools in that mahalla with the river by the construction of a masonry culvert.

The expenditure on drainage works may be expected to increase steadily for some years to come. In nearly all the important Municipalities in the Province schemes are at various stages of preparation and some of the smaller towns also are awaking to their responsibilities in this matter. A complete enumeration of the various projects would occupy too much space, and only the more prominent schemes can be referred to. For drainage purposes Howrah has been divided into four sections. Work is already in progress on the Sibpur section, and the Southern Foreshore is about to be taken up. In the 24-Parganas district particular attention is being given to drainage. Schemes have already been completed for Baranagar, Titagarh and Garulia and these will shortly be commenced, while the projects in Cossipur-Chitpur, Budge Budge and Garden Reach are nearing completion. The Arathoon Jute Mills Company are about to take up the drainage of the salt water from Ward No. 3 in South Dum Dum. The Lieutenant-Governor has learned with regret, that the Commissioners of the Berhampore Municipality have adopted the short-sighted and wasteful policy of adding new lengths to their pukka drains, although no proper scheme has been prepared. The Commissioner must see that his order forbidding such expenditure is obeyed. The preparation of a well thought-out scheme based on a careful survey may involve some delay in commencing work, but in no other way can the waste of public money on useless works be prevented. The comprehensive drainage scheme for Monghyr is still in preparation, and the Puri drainage scheme was sanctioned after the close of the year. Owing to the exceptional position of Puri as a pilgrim centre, the sanitary improvement of the town is a matter of more than local importance, and every effort must be made to press on the work. It is hoped that an Assistant Sanitary Engineer will be appointed shortly, whose chief duty will be to assist Municipalities in preparing their drainage schemes.

29. *Conservancy, including road cleaning and road watering and latrines (Rs. 13,62,642).*—The outlay on conservancy increased in all Divisions except Burdwan. It now amounts to 30.6 per cent. of the aggregate Municipal expenditure. The progress in this direction during the last five years has been rapid, and is no doubt due largely to the advent of plague. The difficulties in connection with the existing system for the removal of night-soil are however almost insuperable, and it is only natural that many Municipalities should turn to the bacteriological methods of night-soil disposal for a solution of their difficulties. It is reported that the biological filters in Howrah continue to work well, and the sewage filter at Nayasarak in Dacca is also said to be satisfactory. No information has been given with regard to the septic

tank constructed in the same town in 1903-04. The septic tank at Muzaffarpur, which was completed towards the close of the year, was not actually brought into use. It is not likely however that rapid progress in this direction will be made unless some means can be devised for disposing of the effluent in a satisfactory manner, or of securing an effluent which shall not only be chemically but bacteriologically pure. Recent experiments indicate that a high standard of purity can be obtained by the treatment of the effluent with chlorine.

Of the net increase of Rs. 53,662 in the expenditure in the whole Province the Presidency Division is responsible for Rs. 31,726. The outbreak of plague in some of the towns near Calcutta resulted in increased attention being given to the cleaning Department. Many of the suburban towns are alive to their responsibilities and are taking energetic action to put things right. In his report for the year 1904 the Sanitary Commissioner draws attention to the excellent work which is being done in Bhatpara, Tittaghar, Maniktala and Garden Reach in the way of improving insanitary bastis. Roads are being cut through them, tanks filled up and insanitary latrines abolished. The example is one that might well be followed, for in these Municipalities, gratifying results have been obtained with a comparatively small outlay.

30. *Hospitals and Dispensaries (Rs. 5,05,060).*—The expenditure on Hospitals and Dispensaries exceeded that of 1902-1903 by Rs. 35,741 but was less by Rs. 5,269 than that of 1903-04. The total expenditure for medical purposes, inclusive of plague charges which are separately shown, was Rs. 5,46,549, but the contributions received from Government, local bodies and the public amounted to Rs. 3,68,969. The actual contributions by Municipalities from their own resources amounted, however, to more than the difference between these two sums, because the Government grants for 1904-05, which were exceptionally large, were not fully spent. According to the Dispensary Report for 1904 the net expenditure in that year came to Rs. 2,32,056, or 5·2 per cent. of the ordinary expenditure. The important point is that this figure is less by Rs. 51,978 than the amount contributed in the previous year, and as it was not intended that the appointment of separate Dispensary Committees should lead to a reduction of this nature, special instructions have been issued to Commissioners to make a fuller use of their power of budget control, and to see that the needs of the Dispensaries are fairly provided for. The proportionate expenditure is noticeably small in the Bardwan and Presidency Divisions.

31. *Vaccination (Rs. 21,795).*—The total expenditure on vaccination has hardly varied during the last four years but the actual work done has diminished. The number of infants under one year of age successfully vaccinated fell from 45,817 in 1903-04 to 44,069. It is to be hoped that better results will be obtained during the current year.

32. *Markets, slaughter-houses, etc.*—The necessity of preventing the spread of disease through the public food supply is now receiving fairly general attention. The provisions of Part X of the Act were extended to nine municipalities; new markets were opened at Vishnupur and Barh, and are under construction at Chapra and Puri. The total expenditure on markets and slaughter-houses rose from Rs. 23,753 to Rs. 43,630, of which Rs. 16,314 was spent on improving the Municipal market in Howrah. The work of inspecting the food supply is carried out in some cases by special Sanitary Inspectors and in others by the Overseers, but in most of the smaller Municipalities this duty is performed by the Commissioners themselves. The need for close supervision is shown by the fact that in Bankura and Cuttack persons affected with leprosy were found selling food.

33. *Public Works (Rs. 10,21,869).*—The expenditure on public works rose from Rs. 7,74,284 to Rs. 10,21,869. This is accounted for by an increase of nearly three lakhs in the outlay on roads, of which again Rs. 2,24,180 represents the contribution made by the Howrah Municipality to the East Indian Railway as their share of the cost of strengthening the Buckland Bridge, in order to enable it to bear the weight of electric tram-cars.

34. *Public Instruction (Rs. 1,52,392).*—The expenditure on education increased by Rs. 7,653. The amount spent on primary education rose from Rs. 81,789 to Rs. 83,903. This represents 2·8 per cent. of the aggregate ordinary income of the Municipalities. The percentage was highest in the

Orissa Division (4·1) and lowest in the Burdwan Division (2·1). The prescribed standard of 3·2 per cent. has not yet been reached in the aggregate, but it is largely exceeded in many of the smaller towns. The general ratio is kept down by the fact that in the larger towns primary education can be provided for by a smaller proportionate expenditure. The above figures have been compiled from those given in the Municipal reports. The returns of the Education Department place the expenditure from Municipal funds on primary education in the year under review at Rs. 1,00,033. An attempt will be made to reconcile the discrepancy.

35. *Loans.*—Thirty-nine Municipalities were in debt to Government at the close of the year, their total indebtedness amounting to Rs. 34,77,735. Against this however must be set off Rs. 1,51,235, the amount accumulated in the sinking funds of the Burdwan, Howrah and Bhagalpur Municipalities to pay off their debenture loans, which are outside the Government account, and also a sum of Rs. 8,370 payable to the Chittagong Municipality by the Port Commissioners of that town. The net indebtedness is therefore only Rs. 33,18,080, more than half of which represents the debt of the Howrah Municipality. Five new loans aggregating Rs. 2,17,235 were granted during the year, while the payments on account of the principal of existing loans amounted to Rs. 1,25,319, the increase in the net indebtedness being Rs. 88,916. Howrah received Rs. 1,50,000, the balance of the loan for the reconstruction of the Buckland Bridge. Tollygunge received Rs. 10,000 for its filtered water-supply and South Barrackpur and Panipati Rs. 1,500 and Rs. 3,750 to meet their share of the cost of improving the Khanda Khal. Darjeeling drew Rs. 43,985, the balance of its loan for the improvement of the electric-light installation, and Moughyr Rs. 2,000 for the cost of the survey of the town.

On the 31st of March 1905, the outstanding liabilities of all the Municipalities in the Province on account of unpaid bills and unfinished works were Rs. 1,44,894, which is more than 15 per cent. of the closing balance. In twelve towns these liabilities exceeded the closing balance and in seven it exceeded 15 per cent. of the current demand. Commissioners should impress on all Municipalities the necessity of meeting all demands as they fall due and not allowing them to accumulate until they become unmanageable.

The financial condition of the Berhampore Municipality continues to be very unsatisfactory. Its closing balance amounted to Rs. 9,498, but in addition to the outstanding balance of the Government loan, which amounts to Rs. 12,449, the Municipality is still in debt to its Chairman to the extent of Rs. 3,700, and the Commissioner reports that the liabilities on account of unpaid claims amount to Rs. 1,808 and the credit balance of the latrine fund to Rs. 3,491. The financial embarrassments of the Municipality are due in part to the burden of maintaining their water-works, but the Lieutenant-Governor cannot acquit the Commissioners of mismanagement and finds it necessary to warn them that the present state of affairs is one which cannot be allowed to continue.

36. *Audit of accounts and embezzlements.*—There were fewer cases of embezzlement than in the previous year, only two such instances being reported. In Daudnagar the Head-clerk was found to have embezzled more than Rs. 800, and in Bhagalpur a similar fraud was committed by a collecting sircar. The office of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality was broken into, and Government Promissory notes, cheques and cash to the value of Rs. 68,181 were stolen. Fortunately almost the whole amount was recovered. In Chapra the accounts of the Municipality were found to have fallen into a state of great confusion, and a special officer was appointed to examine and report on them.

37. *Working of the Porters and Dandiwallas Act.*—This Act, which was previously in force only in Darjeeling, was extended to Kurseong during the year. The number of porters and dandiwallas registered in Darjeeling declined from 400 and 559 to 187 and 297 respectively. The decrease was, no doubt, due to the Tibet Mission. There were 25 prosecutions against 12 in the previous year. In Kurseong the number of porters and dandiwallas registered was 106, and there were 14 prosecutions.

38. The Howrah Municipality demands special notice. In the last Resolution it was the pleasant duty of the Lieutenant-Governor to endorse the

cordial commendations bestowed on the work of the Municipal Commissioners by Sir James Bourdillon in the previous year, and His Honour is glad to find that the progressive improvement in the various branches of the administration is still maintained. The results in the Collection Department are particularly good. The percentage of the total collections to the current demand has indeed fallen from Rs. 99·1 to 97·8, but this is due not to any deterioration in the work, but to the fact that the realizable arrears have been reduced to a nominal amount. The outstanding balance which in the year 1898-99 amounted to 50·9 per cent. of the current demand, and in 1903-04 to 12·4 per cent., has now been reduced to 4·5 per cent. The percentage of total collections to the total demand rose from 84·6 in 1903-04 to 87·6 per cent. in the year under review and that of the current collections to the current demand from 88·7 to 93 per cent. This improvement is attributed by the Chairman to the fact that the taxes are now collected by the Municipal staff and not through the agency of a Contractor.

Other branches of the administration are no less satisfactory. The Lieutenant-Governor recently paid a visit to the water-works and was highly pleased with the way in which they are managed. The only defect connected with the water-supply is in the distribution mains, for which the present staff are not responsible. The working expenses have been reduced to about one anna per 1,000 gallons which is the lowest ever recorded in the history of the Municipality. The Sibpur section of the drainage scheme was completed during the year and is working satisfactorily; good progress has been made with the preparation of the detailed estimates for the other sections. As the drainage scheme is extended, steps will be taken to cleanse or fill up the numerous insanitary tanks which are scattered throughout the Municipality. The Commissioners are also dealing with the insanitary and congested *bastis*, which form a standing menace to the health of the community. A regular programme has been drawn up for improving these *bastis* at the rate of five or six a year. The Conservancy branch line from Lalbaha to Belgachia is nearing completion, and should prove a great relief to the overworked *barich* ground at Nandibagan. An arrangement has been made with the Calcutta Tramways Company for the introduction of an Electric Tramway Service in Howrah, and it is expected that trams will be running in two years' time. This will no doubt give a great impetus to building on the outskirts of the town, and will relieve the areas which are now congested. It is of the utmost importance that the Commissioners should make provision for this beforehand by a careful alignment of the roads in what are now rural areas, and by laying out the sites of the *bastis* which will soon spring into existence.

39. In the foregoing paragraphs the various branches of municipal activity have been successively brought under review. The method of treatment is dictated by the form which, under the orders of the Supreme Government, has been adopted for many years past. Each question is viewed mainly from its financial and statistical side, and only so much of the municipal life as is capable of expression in figures finds an assured place in the annual review. A complete account of the municipal history of the year would contain much which has necessarily been omitted either from considerations of space or as lying outside the scope of the Resolution.

In some respects a detailed history of a single Municipality would be at once more instructive and more interesting than the summarised narrative of a whole Province, where local colour is rigorously suppressed and individual features are lost in the general mass. But in some cases the figures themselves are the most eloquent witnesses to progress, and this is especially the case in the Collection Department on the satisfactory condition of which particular stress has been laid. The collection of revenue is not an end in itself, and the prompt realisation of the municipal taxes deserves recognition mainly because the work of the Collection Department is a barometer from which the condition of the whole administration can be accurately gauged. It may not be true that good collections are an infallible proof of sound administration, but it is quite certain that bad collections mean slovenly management in every Department. A Municipality which cannot collect its dues is not likely to manage its water-works efficiently or to provide adequately for the drainage of the town. It is therefore satisfactory to find that in this

Department the improvement is steady and continuous, and the Lieutenant-Governor does not doubt that the interest in public affairs and close attention to detail which have produced good results in one Department will not fail of their effect when applied to the important problems of water-supply, drainage and conservancy. What has been said on these matters should suffice to show that there has been much of honourable achievement in the past and much which is of good promise for the future. In the course of the next few years a fair-sized Municipality which has not a regular system of drainage will have cause to blush at its backwardness. The problems of conservancy are more difficult, and it would be idle to pretend that the solution of many of them is yet in sight. But the septic-tank latrine should go far to get rid of the perpetual nuisance of the trenching-ground.

In conclusion the Lieutenant-Governor desires to congratulate the Municipalities on the good work that has been accomplished and to express to the many gentlemen who devote their time and labour to the service of the community as Municipal Commissioners his warm appreciation of their devotedness and public spirit.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

L. P. SHIRRES,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORM No. I.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE CONSTITUTION OF THE
MUNICIPALITIES IN BENGAL

DURING

1904-1905.

FORM No. I.—Statement showing the Constitution of the Municipalities in Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1905.

1	2	3	4	5	6							
					NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.							
					(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	Act under which Constituted.	Population within the Municipal limits.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.	Natives.
MURBDWAN DIVISION.												
Burdwan	1	Burdwan	Act III (B.O.) of 1884 as amended.	34,691	1	6	15	22	3	19	3	5
	2	Kalna		8,131	...	3	10	13	1	14	...	1
	3	Katwa		7,380	...	4	5	13	...	13	...	1
	4	Dainhat		5,618	1	4	3	18	1	17	...	1
	5	Baniganj		16,398	...	4	5	13	1	11	...	1
	6	Asansol		17,364	6	3	...	9	4	5	5	1
		Total		94,032	6	26	40	72	10	73	9	7
Birbhum	7	Suri	Act III (B.O.) of 1884 as amended.	5,002	2	3	11	16	3	13	1	1
Bankura	8	Bankura	Ditto	20,086	1	3	8	12	1	11	2	1
	9	Vishnupur		13,090	...	4	5	13	1	11	...	1
	10	Sonamukhi		12,440	1	9	...	10	3	7	...	1
		Total		55,504	2	16	16	34	4	20	2	3
Midnapore	11	Midnapore	Act III (B.O.) of 1884 as amended.	82,138	1	5	12	18	3	16	3	1
	12	Tamluk		7,873	...	4	5	13	3	10	...	1
	13	Ghatal		14,537	...	4	10	15	1	14	...	1
	14	Chandrakona		9,315	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	1
	15	Ramjibanpur		10,345	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	1
	16	Khairpur		4,901	...	4	5	13	1	9	...	1
	17	Kharar		9,381	1	5	10	16	1	15	...	1
		Total		120,515	2	30	60	92	7	85	3	5
Hooghly	18	Hooghly-Chinsura	Act III (B.O.) of 1884 as amended.	22,353	1	5	12	18	3	16	2	1
	19	Sarakpur		64,461	...	5	12	18	3	16	3	1
	20	Uttarpura		7,906	...	4	5	13	1	11	1	1
	21	Isidipatti		17,174	...	4	5	13	1	11	1	1
	22	Bhadreswar		14,160	...	4	5	13	...	12	5	1
	23	Kotrunk		5,964	...	3	5	9	...	9	...	1
	24	Hansbaria		5,473	...	3	3	9	...	9	...	1
	25	Aramnagar		8,351	2	9	...	11	2	9	...	1
		Total		131,991	3	36	60	101	9	94	10	5
Howrah	26	Howrah	Act III (B.O.) of 1884 as amended.	167,394	2	6	20	28	3	27	8	5
	27	Bally		18,068	...	6	12	18	2	16	4	1
	28	Cluheria		5,396	1	6	...	9	4	7	...	1
		Total		181,651	3	12	23	37	7	30	12	6
		Divisional Total		551,086	15	137	223	365	40	343	20	23
PARADWY DIVISION.												
24-Parganas	29	Cossipore/Chitpur.	Act III (B.O.) of 1884 as amended.	40,780	...	4	8	12	6	6	2	...
	30	Manikata		22,397	...	4	8	12	3	9	1	...
	31	Barnagore		24,438	...	3	6	9	1	8	3	...
	32	Kamarkhat		13,518	...	0	...	0	...	0	...	...
	33	South Suburban		26,274	...	3	7	10	4	6	...	...
	34	Tollyganj		12,821	...	3	6	9	1	8	...	...
	35	Garlen Beach		26,311	...	13	...	13	...	13	7	...
	36	Rajpur		10,713	...	5	12	17	2	15	...	...
	37	Baripur		4,917	...	3	6	9	2	7	...	...
	38	Jainagar		5,610	...	4	3	12	1	11	...	...
	39	South Dum-Dum		10,904	...	3	6	9	1	8	...	...
	40	North (ditt)		4,804	...	3	6	9	1	8	...	...
	41	South Barrackpore.		9,419	...	3	6	9	1	8	...	...
	42	Pandit		11,178	...	3	7	10	2	8	...	...
	43	Tittagarh		14,086	...	3	...	3	...	3	...	...
	44	North Barrackpore.		12,680	...	3	10	13	2	11	...	...
	45	Garulia		7,373	...	3	...	3	1	2	...	...
	46	Barnat		5,854	...	3	12	15	3	12	...	...
	47	Naihati		12,331	...	3	6	9	3	6	...	...
	48	Hallishar		9,923	...	4	5	13	7	6	...	...
Nadia	49	Bhatpara	Act III (B.O.) of 1884 as amended.	21,646	...	3	...	3	...	3	...	...
	50	Gobardanga		3,886	...	3	...	3	1	2	...	...
	51	Bosirhat		17,901	...	3	10	13	...	13	...	...
	52	Baduria		13,931	...	3	5	13	1	11	...	...
	53	Taki		5,409	...	4	6	10	1	9	...	...
	54	Budge-Budge		12,061	...	10	...	10	1	9	...	7
		Total		368,322	...	123	123	246	48	227	43	23
	55	Krishnagar	Act III (B.O.) of 1884 as amended.	24,547	3	6	12	21	5	16	...	...
	56	Santipur		22,806	1	9	...	10	1	9	...	...
	57	Ranaghat		8,744	...	6	13	19	3	16	...	...
	58	Nadia		10,880	...	9	...	9	...	9	...	...
	59	Kuchitla		5,380	...	4	3	13	1	11	...	1
	60	Kumarkhali		4,894	...	4	10	15	1	14	...	...
	61	Bhugpur		5,706	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	...
	62	Chandah		2,124	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	...
	63	Chandah		5,493	...	12	...	12	...	12	...	1
		Total		10,356	4	35	36	118	10	108	4	1

FORM No. I.—Statement showing the Constitution of the Municipalities in Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1905—continued.

OF CT.	Serial number of Muni- cipality.	Name of Municipality.	Act under which Constituted.	Population within Muni- cipal limits.	NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.								REMARKS.	
					(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)		
					Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Official.	Non-official.	European.	Native.		
DUEBY DIVISION—concluded.														
a	64	Berhampore ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1884 as amended.	54,397	2	6	17	25	5	20	3	38		
	65	Murshidabad ...		15,108	...	5	10	15	2	13	1	14		
	66	Asimganj ...		13,868	...	5	10	15	...	15	1	14		
	67	Jangipur ...		10,921	...	5	15	24	2	22	1	23		
	68	Kandi ...		12,086	1	2	7	11	3	8	...	11		
		Total ...		78,907	2	27	60	90	12	78	6	84		
...	69	Jessore ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1884 as amended.	8,054	2	4	12	18	5	13	...	18		
	70	Kotehandpur ...		9,580	...	3	6	9	1	8	...	9		
	71	Maheshpur ...		4,190	...	5	10	15	1	14	...	15		
		Total ..		21,724	2	12	28	43	7	35	...	42		
	72	Khulna ...		Act III (B.C.) of 1884 as amended.	10,480	2	13	...	15	4	11	...		15
73	Saikhira ...	10,331	...		4	...	12	1	11	...	12			
74	Debbaita ...	5,454	...		12	...	12	...	12	...	12			
		Total ..	26,315	2	29	8	39	5	34	...	39			
		Divisional Total...	807,603	11	279	304	577	32	542	52	572			
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.														
...	75	Rampur Boalia ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	21,589	...	7	14	21	6	15	2	19		
	76	Nalor ...		5,354	...	7	12	19	2	17	...	19		
		Total ...	26,943	...	14	26	40	8	32	2	38			
...	77	Dinajpur ...	Act III (B.C.) o f 1884.	14,930	1	4	10	15	2	13	1	14		
	78	Jalpaiguri ...		10,231	3	10	...	18	4	9	3	10		
...	79	Darjeeling ...	Ditto	16,524	3	22	...	25	6	19	21	4		
	80	Kurseong ...		4,469	1	3	8	12	1	11	5	7		
		Total ..	21,993	4	25	8	37	7	30	26	11			
...	81	Rangpur ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	16,960	3	4	12	18	3	15	...	18		
	82	Bogra ...		Ditto	7,094	1	4	10	15	3	12	...		15
	83	Sherpur ...			4,104	...	4	8	12	1	11	...		12
	Total ...	11,198	1	8	18	27	4	23	...	27				
...	84	Palna ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	18,434	...	6	12	18	3	15	1	17		
	85	Sirajganj ...		29,114	...	6	12	18	...	18	4	14		
		Total ..	47,548	...	12	24	36	3	33	5	31			
		Divisional Total	145,499	11	77	98	183	31	155	37	149			
DACCA DIVISION.														
...	86	Dacca ...	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	90,542	4	3	14	21	4	17	2	19		
	87	Narayanganj ...		34,473	...	4	8	12	...	12	4	8		
		Total ...	125,014	4	7	22	33	4	29	7	26			
h	88	Mymensingh ...	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	14,888	3	4	12	18	3	15	2	18		
	89	Muktagesh ...		2,888	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9		
	90	Jamalpur ...		17,935	1	4	10	15	1	14	...	15		
	91	Sherpur ...		12,583	...	4	4	12	1	11	...	12		
	92	Kishorganj ...		10,348	...	3	10	15	...	15	...	15		
	93	Basilpur ...		10,127	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9		
	94	Netrakona ...		11,402	1	15	...	16	5	11	...	16		
	95	Tangail ...		16,966	1	4	10	15	2	13	...	15		
	Total ...	105,397	8	40	68	100	14	86	2	107				
...	96	Faridpur ...	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	11,649	...	6	12	18	9	9	...	12		
	97	Madaripur ...		17,463	...	...	6	12	1	11	1	11
		Total ...	29,112	...	1	20	30	10	20	1	21			
30	98	Barisal ...	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	18,978	...	5	10	15	3	13	2	13		
	99	Naichiti ...		2,240	3	7	...	9	4	5	...	9		
	100	Jhalpur ...		5,234	1	8	...	9	2	7	...	9		
	101	Pabna ...		14,119	1	2	...	17	2	9	...	11		
	102	Panchhat ...		5,003	1	9	...	10	3	7	...	10		
	Total ...	45,574	6	29	10	64	13	41	2	42				
		Divisional Total...	290,907	14	708	110	226	41	185	19	214			

FORM NO. I.—Statement showing the Constitution of the Municipalities in Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1905—continued.

1	2	3	4	5	6							
					NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.							
					(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	Act under which constituted.	Population within Municipal limits.	English.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.	Natives.
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.												
Tippere ...	103	Comilla	Bengal Act III of 1884.	12,100	1	3	12	16	3	16	3	15
	104	Brahmanbaria		12,915	1	3	3	7	1	11	...	12
	105	Chandpur		9,301	3	7	...	9	2	7	3	7
		Total ...		44,446	4	13	20	37	6	34	6	34
Noakhali ...	106	Noakhali	Bengal Act III of 1884.	6,830	1	3	6	10	1	11	1	11
Chittagong ...	107	Chittagong	Ditto	22,140	1	5	13	19	5	13	3	17
	108	Cox's Bazar	Ditto	3,545	3	10	...	13	3	10	...	13
		Total ...		25,685	4	15	13	32	8	23	3	26
		Divisional Total		80,961	9	33	40	82	14	68	0	72
PATNA DIVISION.												
Patna ...	109	Patna	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	123,729	4	7	30	41	4	37	4	41
	110	Barh		12,164	1	3	6	10	2	8	1	9
	111	Bihar		45,053	3	3	3	9	3	10	1	11
	112	Dinapore		23,505	1	3	13	17	2	15	3	18
		Total ...		204,451	9	13	52	74	11	63	8	71
Gaya ...	113	Gaya	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	71,368	3	6	16	25	3	22	5	27
	114	Tikari		6,407	3	3	...	12	5	7	1	13
	115	Daudnagar		9,744	1	13	...	15	1	14	...	16
		Total ...		87,519	7	12	16	35	9	26	6	32
Shahabad ...	116	Arrah	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	44,170	1	3	13	17	1	16	1	17
	117	Jagadipur		11,451	...	4	5	9	1	8	...	9
	118	Ruxar		13,545	...	3	2	5	3	10	3	13
	119	Dumraon		17,328	...	6	6	12	1	11	...	13
	120	Habibnagar		3,500	1	3	6	10	2	8	...	10
	121	Sasaram		23,544	1	7	14	22	1	21	1	22
		Total ...		113,148	5	19	51	75	8	67	5	72
Baran ...	122	Ohapra	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	44,501	1	3	13	17	6	11	5	16
	123	Revolverganj		9,738	3	3	3	9	3	6	1	10
	124	Siwan		16,740	1	3	3	7	1	6	1	7
		Total ...		71,000	5	9	19	33	10	18	6	24
Campanan ...	125	Mothari	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	13,730	1	4	3	8	3	10	4	14
	126	Bettiah		34,000	1	13	...	15	6	9	3	18
		Total ...		47,730	2	17	3	23	9	19	7	26
Munshiganj ...	127	Munshiganj	Bengal Act II of 1884, as amended up to date.	44,517	1	3	13	17	3	14	4	18
	128	Hajipur		21,300	...	4	3	7	1	6	1	7
	129	Lalganj		11,600	...	10	1	11	2	9	1	10
	130	Bitamarai		3,500	1	11	...	13	2	10	1	14
		Total ...		80,917	3	18	17	38	6	32	6	38
Durbhanga ...	131	Durbhanga	Bengal Act II of 1884, as amended up to date.	44,544	4	4	14	22	5	17	4	21
	132	Madhubani		13,500	1	3	10	14	3	11	1	15
	133	Roshera		10,345	...	14	...	14	...	14	2	16
	134	Sainasipur		3,500	2	7	...	9	3	6	3	9
		Total ...		71,989	7	18	24	40	10	30	8	38
		Divisional Total		734,970	33	100	195	328	44	281	40	325
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.												
Monghyr ...	135	Monghyr	Bengal Act I of 1884.	50,133	1	3	13	17	3	14	5	19
	136	Jamshilpur		20,074	...	6	10	16	...	16	5	21
		Total ...		70,207	1	9	23	33	3	30	10	34
Bhagalpur ...	137	Bhagalpur	Bengal Act III of 1884.	75,764	...	7	14	21	3	18	4	22
	138	Colgong		5,300	...	11	...	11	1	10	...	11
		Total ...		81,064	...	18	14	32	4	28	4	32
Purnea ...	139	Purnea	Bengal Act III of 1884.	14,000	1	3	13	17	4	13	4	17
	140	Kishanganj		7,000	3	3	6	12	3	9	1	12
		Total ...		21,000	4	6	19	29	7	22	5	29

* Of these two resigned, and in their places two members were appointed under section 16 of the Municipal Act.

No. 1.—Statement showing the Constitution of the Municipalities in Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1905—concluded.

		3	3	4	5	6								7
No.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	Act under which Constituted.	Population within Municipal limits.	NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.								REMARKS.	
					(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)		
					Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.	Natives.		
BALUTIA DIVISION—concl.														
{	141	English Bazar	Bengal Act III of 1884.	13,668	3	2	13	18	3	15	—	18		
	142	Old Malda		2,764	2	2	8	12	2	10	—	12		
	143	Nawabganj		13,378	—	12	—	12	1	11	—	12		
	Total			30,785	5	17	20	42	6	36	—	42		
{	144	Daghar	Bengal Act III of 1884.	7,019	—	7	9	16	6	10	2	14		
	145	Sahibganj		7,804	2	1	6	9	2	7	2	7		
	146	Dumka		5,338	2	7	—	10	3	7	2	8		
	Total			20,139	5	15	15	35	11	24	6	29		
Divisional Total				222,050	14	75	80	178	30	148	36	160		
ORISSA DIVISION.														
{	147	Cuttack	Bengal Municipal Act III (B.C.) of 1884 as amended up to date.	46,505	2*	4	13	19	2	16	3	19		
	148	Jajpur		12,109	1	11	—	12	2	10	—	12		
	149	Kendrapara		15,245	—	12	—	12	3	9	2	10		
	Total			73,859	3	27	13	42	7	35	5	37		
{	150	Balasore	Bengal Municipal Act III (B.C.) of 1884 as amended up to date.	20,965	1	5	12	18	5	13	4	14		
	151	Puri	Ditto	20,867	1	4	10	15	6	9	2	13		
Divisional Total				125,731	5	36	25	75	18	57	11	64		
KOTA NAOPUR DIVISION.														
{	152	Hasaribagh	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	15,799	2	4	9	15*	4	11	4	11		
	153	Chitra		10,809	2	4	10	16	7	9	1	15		
	154	Guridih		9,483	1	8	—	9	1	8	4	8		
	Total			35,091	5	16	19	40	12	28	9	31		
{	155	Ranchi	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	23,210	2	4	10	16	2	14	2	16		
	156	Lohardaga		6,122	—	10	—	10	—	10	2	2		
	Total			29,332	2	14	10	26	2	24	4	28		
	{	157	Daltonganj	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	4,691	4	6	—	10	4	6	1	11	
Total			4,691	4	6	—	10	4	6	1	11			
{	158	Purulia	Ditto	17,391	2	5	13	19	5	14	5	14		
	159	Jhalka		4,079	—	9	—	9	1	8	—	9		
	160	Raghunathpur		4,172	1	9	—	10	2	8	2	8		
	Total			25,642	3	23	13	38	8	30	7	31		
{	161	Chaitbasa	Bengal Act III of 1884, as amended up to date.	2,463	4	2	—	13	5	8	3	10		
	Divisional Total			104,450	19	66	41	127	31	96	24	103		
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1904-05.				2,074,333	153	947	1,137	2,217	352	1,965	259	1,465		

* Nominated.

FORM NO. II.—Statement showing the Income of the Municipality

1	2	3	4	5								
NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	Balance in hand at the close of last year.	MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.								
				Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls on roads and ferries.	Water-rate.	Lighting-rate.	Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine rates).	Other taxes (to be specified in detail, e.g., servants' tax, pilgrim-tax, &c.), in as many columns as may be necessary.	Total.
											Tax on persons according to their circumstances and property.	Miscellaneous receipts and penalties.
BURDWAN DIVISION.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Burdwan	1	Burdwan	2,335	38,444	5,013	1,161	5,108	33,833	...	17,400	...	717
	2	Kaina	2,628	333	...	167	...	...	...	3,368	4,763	73
	3	Katwa	3,803	131	487	74	...	...	...	1,064	4,932	110
	4	Dainhat	435	...	286	...	...	...	...	414	2,569	18
	5	Raniganj	4,438	13,946	1,447	578	...	...	...	2,850	...	81
	6	Asansol	1,707	11,436	753	178	...	...	...	4,134	...	126
		Total	15,046	63,281	12,417	2,177	5,189	33,833	...	30,135	13,353	1,105
Bhumi	7	Suri	2,982	1,315	1,001	183	...	...	...	5,407	4,564	9
	8	Bankura	6,634	1,330	570	51	...	...	...	2,340	6,781	54
	9	Vishnupur	4,764	169	606	43	...	...	...	...	5,308	134
	10	Sonamukhi	2,625	68	364	118	...	...	...	...	4,153	21
		Total	14,413	1,472	1,531	222	...	...	...	2,340	16,159	209
Daspore	11	Midnapore	2,421	16,343	5,488	435	...	...	...	14,514	...	332
	12	Tamluk	1,181	330	370	15	340	...	...	2,142	3,485	68
	13	Ghatal	2,615	237	789	3	...	...	...	...	6,531	230
	14	Chandrakona	735	37	1,110	...	...	...	...	...	3,130	40
	15	Raniganj	692	51	402	...	...	...	...	...	2,296	19
	16	Khirpal	901	40	1,077	...	...	...	...	...	1,899	19
	17	Kharar	734	...	1,008	...	...	...	...	...	8,833	20
		Total	9,100	19,908	10,149	583	340	...	...	18,656	20,356	637
Hooghly	18	Hooghly-Chinsura	3,816	31,946	4,486	597	2,084	...	...	17,400	...	1,478
	19	Serampore	10,770	29,013	1,525	1,123	5,310	...	...	18,937	...	310
	20	Uttarpara	1,875	7,900	1,281	451	941	...	...	4,430	...	9
	21	Saidyabati	3,594	36	5,903	1,725	390	...	...	4,870	7,799	141
	22	Bhadreswar	2,137	6,514	1,234	518	...	...	...	3,968	1,390	64
	23	Kotrung	2,264	...	166	1,869	...	...	...	...	3,050	29
	24	Bansberia	2,230	...	399	...	...	...	...	...	3,706	25
	25	Arambagh	849	400	336	110	...	...	...	1,166	2,653	108
		Total	27,961	75,908	14,996	6,765	9,473	...	...	47,000	18,877	2,161
Howrah	26	Howrah	2,16,515	1,80,911	14,164	2,645	...	1,32,430	54,936	1,40,448	...	1,307
	27	Nally	9,160	25,503	568	695	1,340	...	...	8,398	...	137
	28	Uluberia	204	409	51	...	...	...	...	...	2,575	53
		Total	2,25,879	2,07,823	14,723	3,340	1,340	1,32,430	54,936	1,57,731	2,175	1,496
		Divisional Total	2,05,119	5,67,917	54,744	13,843	16,123	1,58,341	54,936	8,58,016	74,774	5,797
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.												
Pargana	29	Cossipore-Chitpur	4,536	63,942	3,691	537	...	27,570	...	38,736	...	1,323
	30	Maniktala	15,368	81,040	7,086	3,583	...	9,893	...	18,304	...	727
	31	Baranagore	1,104	19,945	1,980	920	1,469	...	...	18,252	...	380
	32	Kamarhati	1,767	7,445	404	288	...	...	...	8,399	...	165
	33	South Suburban	401	11,484	2,409	2,325	...	866	...	4,067	...	230
	34	Golliganj	271	9,896	1,471	1,443	...	...	...	1,859	...	314
	35	Garden Reach	9,082	34,088	1,988	187	...	11,178	...	14,586	...	121
	36	Bajpur	2,758	40	1,088	74	...	...	...	2,169	4,874	209
	37	Barulpur	1,098	144	1,576	18	...	...	...	1,408	2,737	107
	38	Jainagar	654	60	567	133	...	...	...	1,350	3,092	81
	39	South Dum-Dum	1,857	2,304	1,911	368	...	1,666	...	3,091	6,248	9
	40	North ditto	194	28	2,374	5	...	...	...	414	1,000	7
	41	South Barrackpore	943	2,010	648	260	...	...	...	3,808	3,084	79
	42	Panihati	1,074	107	600	58	...	...	...	8,350	4,361	97
	43	Tittagarh	15,533	11,519	427	314	...	...	...	10,774	...	39
	44	North Barrackpore	1,900	134	603	404	...	...	...	8,351	...	58
	45	Garulia	6,123	32	195	519	...	...	...	4,748	4,666	47
	46	Baruaat	1,307	469	5,789	40	...	...	...	1,836	8,636	104
	47	Nahati	(a) 2,931	506	783	296	1,322	...	...	3,861	5,091	110
	48	Hallahar	1,918	1,832	506	103	284	...	...	2,841	3,923	118
	49	Bhatpara	3,986	409	774	2,490	340	...	...	6,798	11,342	133
	50	Gobardanga	834	115	270	25	...	...	...	...	8,350	83
	51	Basirhat	467	390	946	203	...	...	...	...	4,435	65
	52	Baduria	10	...	1,087	5	...	...	...	128	3,638	18
	53	Tal	1,063	88	107	...	...	...	...	178	2,000	21
	54	Budge-Budge	11,068	15,630	204	184	...	...	...	4,771	...	163
		Total	1,91,610	3,00,868	30,268	16,126	2,795	80,863	...	1,44,196	71,866	4,776

6					7								
EXEMPTIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.					REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.								
From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).													
Vaccination fees.	Int-warehouse fees.	Petroleum fees.	Fees on medical prescriptions.	Total.	Rents of lands, houses, serais, ddk bungalows, &c.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands, &c.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.		
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
301	18	...	...	...	1,100	3,950	...	705	5,089	...	3,234	...	...
...	3	...	...	...	255	304	...	18	...	...	...	...	...
...	4	...	...	...	223	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
90	20	...	...	...	408	311	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
88	25	...	...	...	591	323	...	18	...	...	30	...	...
		...	...	...	509	...	...	10	...	...	1,175	...	...
379	76	...	...	...	3,003	4,715	13	751	5,069	...	4,439	...	...
194	...	...	...	...	846	90	3	168	...	...	720	...	...
46	18	...	...	...	275	18	...	...	292	1,245	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	149	1,035	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	270	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	14	...	...	...	694	1,068	3	...	...	292	1,248	...	...
373	9	...	...	...	1,052	733	2,703	36	14,441	1,431	612	...	...
...	28	...	...	...	150	59	152	142	...	20	1,407	...	...
...	2	...	...	...	81	115	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	104	60	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	134	13	1	...	...	6	...	...	...
...	8	...	...	...	120	...	58	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	2	...	...	...	161	...	...	...	...	0	...	...	...
373	51	...	...	...	1,816	990	3,048	166	14,441	1,465	2,149	...	...
417	30	...	...	...	765	139	197	...	...	...	91	...	...
308	31	...	...	...	775	503	9	23	...	45	2,100	...	...
180	5	...	...	...	225	170	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	15	...	...	...	119	101	41	...	...	...	55	...	...
53	4	...	...	...	245	8	57	...	...	...	55	...	...
...	2	...	...	...	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	254	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	17	...	...	...	173	473	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
980	104	...	...	...	2,678	1,694	304	22	...	45	2,301	...	...
...	72	8,931	...	...	10,349	3,338	34	9,426	...	...	11,085	...	...
...	10	...	...	...	92	245	5	19	...	...	...	...	...
5	8	...	...	...	157	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	90	8,931	...	...	10,497	3,583	30	9,445	...	...	11,085	...	...
2,177	335	8,921	...	...	19,325	12,128	3,404	10,564	19,530	1,805	21,942	...	...
...	42	14,105	...	...	14,428	613	103	3,531	...	...	75	...	...
...	15	1,579	...	...	2,045	325	...	4,009	...	...	125	...	...
...	19	...	...	...	214	1,364	14	6	...	...	59	...	...
...	12	...	...	...	161	44	6	1	...	...	153	...	...
...	41	...	...	...	206	130	...	300	...	...	...	...	...
...	17	...	...	...	106	112	10	1,512	...	...	242	...	125
...	14	2,340	...	...	2,404	...	...	1,005	...	...	51	...	...
176	27	...	...	...	366	77	73	2	...	...	...	...	...
77	5	...	...	...	183	16	8	...	...	...	23	...	...
...	21	...	...	...	173	137	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	290	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	324	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
165	9	...	...	...	545	7	92	...	...	...	...	...	...
63	8	...	...	...	472	2	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	...	...	...	...	152	121	33	25	...	...	279	...	...
163	4	...	...	...	570	63	...	6	...	...	160	...	...
...	2	...	...	...	88	328	2	59	...	2	25	...	...
184	15	...	...	...	473	108	324	...	...	...	19	...	...
44	10	...	...	...	360	29	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	9	...	...	...	218	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	11	...	...	...	635	19	3,191	165	...	...	75	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	108	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	16	...	...	...	258	29	5	...	...	...	47	...	...
...	9	...	...	...	342	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	17	...	...	...	47	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	62	10	34	1,000	...	...	85	...	...
915	324	17,994	...	...	26,158	3,577	3,930	11,631	...	2	1,631	193	...

7(a)							8											
REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION—concd.							GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES).											
Other fees (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).		Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	Interest of investments.				Total.	From Govern-ment.			From local funds.			From other sources.				
From burning-places and burial-grounds.	Other fees.		For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.		For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.			
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
92	...	1,098	...	...	623	14,736	...	329	4,336	...	1,300	...	...	...	1,139	7		
1,412	38	119	...	...	...	1,063	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...
402	...	134	...	...	...	904	...	...	30	...	300	...	...	...	174	...		
176	...	15	...	...	...	415	...	...	...	...	400	...	...	...	414	...		
...	...	379	...	...	...	684	...	...	30	...	160	...	...	...	512	...		
...	3	308	...	...	...	1,540	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,396	48	2,037	68	...	628	20,074	...	329	4,336	...	1,300	10	...	...	2,389	9		
...	...	343	...	...	...	1,323	...	...	163	...	1,000	...	...	...	532	1		
...	...	208	...	...	...	1,755	...	...	680	...	1,000	...	...	...	1,497	3		
...	...	233	...	...	...	1,360	...	...	45	...	144	...	...	...	84	...		
...	...	184	...	...	...	193	...	...	...	...	340	...	...	...	35	...		
...	...	600	...	...	...	2,308	...	...	706	...	1,364	...	...	...	1,617	3		
343	62	538	...	1,940	364	22,299	...	2,780	1,510	...	360	1,444	3,000	671	1,353	11		
...	...	133	...	...	...	2,013	...	...	190	...	...	310	...	...	1,610	...		
...	...	263	36	...	...	680	...	...	45	...	...	180	...	...	191	...		
...	...	71	...	...	...	155	...	...	...	...	...	180	...	...	196	...		
...	...	303	82	...	...	390	...	...	...	...	...	180	...	...	229	...		
...	...	74	...	...	...	141	...	...	...	...	...	190	...	...	145	...		
...	...	146	...	...	...	146	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...		
343	62	1,497	62	1,940	364	22,299	...	2,780	1,745	...	360	2,364	3,000	671	2,662	10		
...	...	518	...	...	...	1,045	...	...	1,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	19	336	...	...	...	3,224	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	4,761	1		
...	...	94	...	...	...	264	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	307	120	...	...	1,153	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	196	...		
...	...	343	...	...	...	483	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	140	...		
...	...	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	27	...	...	...	2,308	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	9	...	...	...	483	...	...	94	...	...	...	...	...	301	...		
2,436	19	1,601	120	...	...	9,541	...	...	1,840	...	...	375	223	...	2,413	2		
...	(a) 7,346	16,299	9,804	...	...	37,392	260	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	220	...	...	...	848	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	75	...	...	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	7,346	16,734	9,804	...	...	38,095	260	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,895	7,474	22,750	10,023	1,640	202	1,13,576	260	2,100	2,122	...	260	7,053	3,000	701	12,796	2		
186	4	1,264	2,350	...	...	3,406	...	...	...	780	...	...	4,275	...	...	...
...	...	296	...	...	...	4,957	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	498	...	...	...	1,280	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,335	...	...	...
...	...	67	...	...	...	316	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	167	...	...	...	2,027	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	299	...	...	...	2,510	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	308	...	...	...	1,452	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	165	...	...	...	316	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	184	...	...	...	364	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	96	...	...	...	371	...	...	190	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	75	...	...	...	177	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	106	...	...	...	390	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	77	...	...	...	382	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	145	...	...	...	645	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	96	...	...	...	514	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	520	...	...	...	1,004	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	34	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	348	...	...	...	508	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	12	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	570	...	...	...	4,389	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	79	...	...	...	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	18	...	...	...	108	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	21	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	23	...	...	...	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	74	...	...	...	1,212	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,384	275	5,704	2,260	...	...	22,712	...	...	2,680	700	...	1,404	2,261	...	75	1,378		

during the year ending 31st March 1905—continued.

		10										11	12	13	14
THOUS.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.														
	Total.	Sale-proceeds of Government securities and with- drawals from Savings Bank.	Loans.		Realisations of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.	Total income of year, excluding opening balance.	Total income of year, including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation (total of group 5) per head of population.	Incidence of income (column 11) per head of population.		
			From Government.	Unlocked in the market from private individuals &c.		Permanent.	Other.								
11	1,000	...	...	...	...	8,551	2,404	10,065	1,29,834	1,31,140	2 6 3	3 5 3	
12	61	...	...	...	...	853	13	866	15,400	15,431	1 8 0	1 4 4	
13	88	...	...	...	...	82	410	492	9,271	14,182	1 1 6	1 5 10	
14	250	...	...	...	...	575	175	750	6,725	6,160	0 9 4	1 0 8	
15	50	...	...	...	...	103	635	738	20,765	20, 0	1 1 5	1 4 3	
16	324	...	...	...	...	...	401	107	19,117	19,824	0 14 0	1 1 0	
100	2,661	...	...	...	...	100	10,330	3,735	14,171	1,29,723	1 9 7	2 1 11	
77	77	...	...	...	...	...	1,912	179	2,121	16,110	15,732	1 3 1	1 13 8
305	480	...	...	...	...	...	332	417	779	17,500	24,336	0 8 0	1 13 0
22	22	...	...	...	...	...	4,521	625	3,185	13,056	17,810	0 5 2	0 10 11
30	30	...	...	...	...	...	130	91	221	5,719	8,505	0 5 7	0 6 9
306	331	...	...	...	...	...	4,962	1,203	6,165	20,200	26,679	0 6 7	0 10 10
239	234	...	...	...	...	...	6,463	192	6,278	81,366	63,787	1 2 9	3 7 3
68	64	...	...	...	...	...	1,517	...	12,318	15,499	0 13 3	1 9 0	
45	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,832	11,247	0 8 7	0 0 8	
27	27	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	5,004	5,731	0 7 4	0 8 7	
2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	3,565	4,461	0 4 5	0 5 7	
337	337	...	...	...	...	...	494	...	4,251	5,052	0 0 0	0 13 7	
8	8	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	4,824	5,678	0 7 2	0 8 1	
725	725	...	...	...	...	...	8,319	218	9,137	1,30,103	1,42,062	0 12 0	1 5 6
397	507	...	...	...	...	...	1,674	532	2,206	61,948	69,774	2 0 0	2 3 4
502	502	...	...	...	...	...	2,306	168	2,474	60,002	76,772	1 3 1	1 9 6
64	68	...	...	...	...	...	175	...	175	15,753	17,626	2 2 1	2 3 9
35	310	...	...	...	...	...	872	453	1,325	24,475	26,009	1 3 2	1 6 8
6	600	...	...	...	...	...	295	375	668	15,514	17,291	0 14 2	1 0 6
8	8	...	...	...	...	...	220	210	430	6,614	8,196	0 13 7	0 15 1
36	36	...	...	...	...	...	140	324	529	8,247	10,477	0 11 1	1 4 4
32	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	19	6,678	7,627	0 9 10	0 12 10
310	2,798	...	...	...	...	...	80	6,742	2,025	8,817	2,07,201	1 5 0	1 8 9
1,062	9,813	...	1,50,000	...	...	...	3,36,908	20,870	1,07,538	11,21,007	13,37,422	3 6 4	7 1 9
60	381	...	...	...	...	...	50	130	180	35,001	48,130	2 0 3	2 1 4
14	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,383	3,647	0 9 7	0 9 12
1,133	8,906	...	1,50,000	...	...	...	3,37,018	20,793	1,07,718	11,63,341	13,89,219	1 0 8	2 1 2
1,448	16,461	...	1,50,000	...	...	...	1,00,489	28,080	1,48,140	17,42,704	20,37,328	1 13 6	2 1 8
3,701	2,322	21,493	...	...	...	...	68	10	2,064	94,500	1,83,954	3 2 6	4 2 2
940	4,918	...	...	...	...	...	78	12,501	12,644	25,523	1,13,831	2 2 11	2 15 2
3,319	10,884	...	...	...	...	...	31	512	534	81,902	82,096	1 9 6	2 2 7
11	276	...	...	...	...	...	4	301	373	18,771	20,641	1 4 2	1 6 9
86	100	...	...	...	...	...	1,078	1,279	2,267	26,434	28,835	0 13 8	1 0 0
78	80	14,000	...	...	...	...	370	829	16,719	31,202	31,473	1 1 9	2 10 8
69	245	...	...	...	...	...	...	516	516	57,219	60,841	1 13 9	2 0 6
105	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	55	65	9,022	12,276	0 12 8	0 10 2
34	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	220	220	6,391	8,001	1 6 8	1 10 6
184	174	...	...	...	...	...	...	126	128	7,364	8,117	0 10 10	0 13 2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	13,479	15,197	1 2 10	1 5 9
4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	89	89	4,031	4,825	0 13 10	0 14 9
152	201	1,500	...	...	...	...	692	161	2,313	11,247	14,220	1 0 0	1 6 9
89	88	3,750	...	...	...	...	...	76	3,825	11,147	15,821	0 12 3	1 5 2
14	14	...	...	...	...	...	3,080	...	3,080	20,001	41,620	1 7 0	1 13 0
137	187	11	...	...	...	...	20	398	450	11,416	16,516	1 0 1	1 12 1
77	218	...	...	...	...	...	75	149	202	12,785	19,097	1 6 2	1 11 11
91	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	141	141	23,013	11,324	1 5 7	1 8 6
186	125	...	...	...	...	...	1,480	231	1,721	14,976	17,907	0 14 0	1 1 3
169	169	...	...	...	...	...	159	78	236	9,669	11,754	0 13 7	0 15 7
1,387	1,137	...	...	...	...	...	790	436	1,226	29,817	67,752	1 0 0	1 6 2
11	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	272	4,178	5,012	0 10 4	0 11 6
11	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	32	7,401	7,998	0 8 4	0 7 0
28	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	47	5,547	5,657	0 5 11	0 6 7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	34	2,402	3,585	0 7 4	0 7 5
58	53	...	...	...	...	...	168	300	781	24,009	43,107	1 9 0	1 13 0
10,892	21,928	21,403	21,380	143	8,306	21,636	73,719	7,08,625	8,29,235	1 6 6	1 13 6	

(a) Court-fee
Water-works
Town HallRs.
1,798
5,972
603
7,363(a) Includes Rs. 267 payable to Haz-
shahar Municipality, as proportion-
ate share in the closing balance
which was excluded from the closing
balance of the previous year, but
not actually paid in that

Form No. II.—Statement showing the Income of the Municipality

1	2	3	4	5									
NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	By balance in hand at the close of last year.	MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.									
				Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls (on roads and ferries).	Water-rate.	Lighting-rate.	Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine-rates).	Other taxes (to be specified in detail, e.g., servants'-tax, pilgrim-tax, &c., in as many columns as may be necessary).		
											Tax on persons according to their circumstances and property.	Miscellaneous receipts and penalties.	
PRESIDENCY DIVISION—contd.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Madia	55	Krishnagar	5,321	21,002	8,551	844	...	...	...	10,805	...	188	...
	56	Banipur	5,168	16,079	1,828	933	...	...	...	12,222	...	192	...
	57	Ranaghat	1,355	6,074	988	299	...	...	...	4,115	...	41	...
	58	Nadia	2,894	5	296	117	...	...	...	4,355	5,297	48	...
	59	Kushtia	2,185	191	1,553	354	...	...	...	2,760	3,534	100	...
	60	Kumarkhali	567	127	193	98	...	...	...	2,118	2,961	71	...
	61	Meherpur	239	255	282	74	...	...	...	...	2,310	7	...
	62	Birnagar	2,218	9	178	...	...	...	...	...	2,918	3	...
	63	Chakdah	578	129	227	83	...	...	...	...	2,182	8	...
		Total	19,911	44,759	9,580	2,892	...	...	...	36,243	19,157	614	1,...
Murshidabad	64	Berhampore	4,436	2,338	4,178	370	...	15,227	...	11,381	15,261	147	...
	65	Murshidabad	807	901	1,728	222	2,257	...	...	...	7,218	70	...
	66	Ainmanj	1,171	183	2,028	429	1,513	...	...	...	9,619	43	...
	67	Jangipur	608	417	346	47	4,102	...	...	2,631	4,731	80	...
	68	Kandi	2,003	317	627	83	...	...	...	1,795	6,017	...	...
		Total	9,015	5,129	8,301	1,161	8,821	15,227	...	15,917	42,186	320	...
Natore	69	Jessore	1,233	9,585	2,140	371	...	...	...	5,364	...	6	...
	70	Kutechandpur	1,017	25	2,515	4	313	...	...	815	2,948	176	...
	71	Maheshpur	767	63	226	...	...	...	...	...	1,879	...	...
		Total	3,017	9,673	5,643	375	313	...	...	5,779	4,864	183	...
Sulaima	72	Khulna	4,340	2,375	127	380	...	...	...	4,363	4,368	89	...
	73	Satkhira	1,225	291	291	29	...	...	...	1,038	4,704	69	...
	74	Dobhatta	67	82	...	...	34	...	...	...	1,731	1	...
		Total	5,632	2,668	528	409	34	...	...	5,393	11,003	159	...
	Divisional Total	1,58,229	2,76,807	64,283	19,375	12,965	66,390	...	2,07,918	1,45,896	8,061	7,...	
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.													
Bhagabi	75	Banpur Bania	7,227	2,315	6,935	170	1,410	...	...	2,290	10,527	89	...
	76	Nator	5,502	220	2,815	84	...	...	...	3,110	5,288	5	...
		Total	12,729	2,535	9,750	254	1,410	...	...	5,400	15,795	94	...
Dinajpur	77	Dinajpur	4,978	2,861	6,061	447	3,678	...	...	7,764	12,704	297	...
Jalpaiguri	78	Jalpaiguri	17,161	2,061	661	368	...	...	...	7,001	8,514	83	...
Dooars	79	Darjeeling	67,476	55,765	1,646	1,107	...	21,794	22,373	22,865	...	109	...
	80	Kurseong	765	2,159	...	134	...	2,543	...	3,285	...	...	...
		Total	68,241	57,924	1,646	1,241	...	24,337	22,373	26,150	...	109	...
Rangpur	81	Rangpur	11,944	2,240	6,971	136	...	...	...	7,896	9,179	60	...
Sibsanga	82	Sibsanga	5,590	1,300	1,720	388	700	...	...	4,907	4,784	38	...
	83	Sibsanga	2,432	84	1,176	15	170	...	...	1,960	2,779	98	...
		Total	8,022	1,384	2,896	403	870	...	...	7,867	7,563	131	...
Sunderbans	84	Pabna	72	1,963	2,307	180	2,564	...	...	6,849	2,164	228	...
	85	Sirajganj	2,161	428	1,224	400	517	...	...	4,008	10,418	33	...
		Total	2,233	2,491	3,531	580	3,081	...	...	10,857	12,582	261	...
	Divisional Total	1,25,770	20,889	3,749	2,679	5,238	26,576	22,373	74,630	71,877	1,247	...	

* This includes Rs. 2,321 being the balance of the Dispensary

6					7								
REALIZATION UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.					REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS, APART FROM TAXATION.								
From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).					Total.	Rents of lands, houses, serais, &c. bugielows, &c.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands, &c.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.	
Vaccination fees.	Job-warehouse fees.	Petroleum fees.	Fees on musical processions.										
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
85 20	...	...	...	1,303	1,434	4,312	29	...	...	...	40	...
61 28	...	...	...	671	80	9	11	6,500	...	...	35	...
33 7	...	...	...	172	67	428	...	...	...	...	30	...
13 4	...	...	...	685	165	6	16	...	...	1	...	...
6 4	...	...	...	277	...	113	...	...	...	8	...	...
1 1	...	...	...	132	32	73	...	...	...	...	15	...
...	...	...	...	665	6	94	...	...	...	1	5	...
...	...	...	...	120	...	1,194	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	131	8	66	...	...	...	3	...	...
40 83	...	...	...	2,901	1,206	6,285	56	6,500	13	160	...	...
84 33	...	...	...	860	1,168	206	...	...	...	...	182	...
11 11	...	...	...	807	50	44	...	...	...	...	641	...
12 11	...	...	...	1,120	...	25	...	...	...	...	30	...
18 11	...	...	...	443	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	316	...	27	5	...	...	...	...	...
81 65	...	...	...	3,608	1,251	696	5	...	...	...	852	...
84 37	...	...	...	858	145	4	...	...	...	...	80	...
16 9	...	...	...	821	174	...	...	...	...	41	27	...
...	...	...	...	179	120	19	...	...	...	...	...	...
108 33	...	...	...	1,359	43	23	...	...	...	41	107	...
43 10	...	...	...	747	994	181	6	87	...	...	27	...
18 18	...	...	...	581	119	43	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	67	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
43 40	...	...	...	1,445	1,113	175	6	37	...	...	27	...
180 570	17,924	...	...	84,501	8,199	11,020	11,808	6,337	56	2,727	126	...
831 42	...	87	...	2,127	123	1	36	...	...	...	13	...
17 17	...	...	...	385	40	10	65	...	...	...	...	...
181 59	...	87	...	2,515	161	11	89	...	...	...	12	...
...	
...	23	...	...	761	166	199	134	1,037	44	176	...	...
...	27	...	...	1,015	60	9	...	...	...	...	16	...
...	23	...	...	125	42,034	514	602	...	150	8,872	...	...
...	...	...	...	32	...	...	147	...	143	...	...	...
...	23	...	...	104	42,034	514	710	...	1,194	8,878	...	...
...	
220 19	...	...	...	954	1,100	4	90	...	...	...	...	...
...	17	...	...	349	33	48	18	2,008	36	...	...	...
...	16	...	...	608	...	44	...	147	...	...	12	...
...	38	...	...	917	33	84	18	2,155	86	...	...	...
...	
...	9	...	...	801	75	123	3	...	83	285	...	...
...	9	...	...	209	108	135	74	...	...	...	733	...
...	16	...	...	853	278	306	76	...	83	1,023	...	...
100 208	...	67	...	7,212	48,826	1,131	4,170	3,812	1,835	10,116	...	...

gal during the year ending 31st March 1905.

9		10							11	12	13	14	15
GENERAL.		EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.											
Other items.	Total.	Proceeds of Government securities and with- drawals from Savings Bank.	Loans.		Advances.				Total income of year, excluding opening balance.	Total income of year, including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation (total of group B) per head of population.	Incidence of income (column 11) per head of population.	REMARKS.
			From Government.	Raised in the market from private individuals.	Realisations of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans.	Permanent.	Other.	Deposits.					
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
291	291	...	...	...	...	2,881	678	3,459	53,874	59,099	1 8 3	2 2 5	*The difference of Rs. 49 in the opening balance is due to adjustment during the year 1894-1905 of the amount which was erroneously debited in excess under the two funds "General, sanitary, and" and "Road repairs" in the accounts of 1905-06.
147	172	...	...	...	...	2,686	62	2,678	45,015	48,777	1 2 7	1 6 11	
176	176	...	...	...	...	165	...	165	13,690	14,935	1 5 0	1 8 13	
27	70	...	...	...	...	3,0	134	613	12,587	13,903	0 14 8	1 2 6	
27	27	...	...	...	...	1,562	205	1,517	10,793	13,181	1 8 4	2 1 6	
10	10	...	...	...	...	3	69	89	6,746	7,314	1 3 3	1 7 6	
61	104	...	...	...	...	30	1,066	414	1,546	6,089	0 8 2	0 15 7	
66	66	...	...	...	...	470	25	495	4,231	7,429	0 15 2	1 10 9	
20	20	...	...	...	...	20	...	20	3,748	4,324	0 10 9	0 10 7	
774	913	...	...	...	...	60	8,885	1,577	10,475	1,75,112	1 2 11	1 11 1	
309	409	...	...	...	...	1,833	985	2,830	65,424	72,850	2 1 3	2 12 10	*The difference of Rs. 100 is due to the excess of the amount of permanent advances which has hitherto been included in the "General and sanitary" and "Road repairs" in the accounts of the Municipal Council.
728	730	...	...	...	...	75	89	164	51,447	52,274	0 13 2	1 0 2	
301	461	...	...	...	...	125	81	206	26,496	27,075	1 9 5	1 15 3	
123	182	...	...	...	...	2,067	1,049	3,951	10,418	10,426	1 1 0	1 2 5	
1,671	1,871	...	...	...	...	150	...	150	9,779	11,782	0 11 9	0 12 11	
437	449	...	...	...	...	35	135	160	28,261	29,404	2 5 1	3 8 1	
164	171	...	...	...	...	471	119	590	8,128	8,145	0 10 10	0 13 0	
47	47	...	...	...	...	618	74	692	3,576	4,443	0 8 1	0 13 8	
618	640	...	...	...	...	1,121	848	1,469	34,965	42,982	1 4 0	1 13 4	
70	70	...	...	...	...	819	748	1,567	48,919	50,200	1 3 11	2 4 8	
10	10	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	8,925	10,150	0 10 9	0 11 9	
74	82	...	...	...	...	...	169	169	2,184	2,151	0 5 8	0 5 5	
113	141	...	...	...	...	819	808	1,627	40,428	45,703	0 13 8	1 8 4	
20,101	23,557	21,774	21,250	...	...	223	23,302	27,571	93,620	1,02,844	1 5 3	1 12 11	
286	718	...	...	...	...	10,601	...	10,601	48,140	65,976	1 5 8	2 1 8	
191	301	...	...	...	...	2,681	...	2,681	16,947	21,449	1 5 4	1 13 8	
487	1,030	...	...	...	...	12,545	...	12,545	64,996	77,525	1 5 3	2 1 11	
862	1,728	1,971	...	...	...	2,130	993	5,073	49,881	65,861	2 4 1	3 4 4	
90	92	...	...	...	...	243	223	466	40,927	68,121	1 14 2	4 0 1	
1,178	5,081	...	43,983	...	...	50	65,654	57	1,00,740	5,08,690	8 0 3	18 3 9	
220	332	...	...	...	...	...	604	...	64,229	64,884	8 11 3	15 7 10	
1,374	6,613	...	43,985	...	...	50	68,555	61	1,00,740	3,77,914	7 1 10	17 10 8	
411	436	...	...	...	...	25	6,529	2,005	8,609	59,861	1 10 5	3 6 9	
205	231	...	...	...	...	...	1,788	116	1,895	21,714	2 0 0	5 6 11	
198	204	...	...	...	...	...	...	101	7,740	11,181	1 5 2	1 14 2	
313	46	...	...	...	...	...	1,788	217	1,092	20,463	2 10 1	3 6 8	
310	322	...	...	...	...	...	924	921	29,247	30,821	1 3 8	1 9 4	
187	189	...	...	...	...	...	2,725	633	3,220	24,100	0 11 11	1 0 9	
300	311	...	...	...	...	...	3,049	838	4,184	28,434	0 18 3	1 4 7	
2,766	10,175	1,971	63,986	...	...	75	93,465	4,096	43,000	6,08,924	8 4 6	4 9 6	

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the Income of the Municipalities

1	2	3	4	5										
No of District.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	By balance in hand at the close of last year.	MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.										
				Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls (on roads and ferries).	Water-rate.	Lighting-rate.	Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine-rates).	Other taxes (to be specified in detail, e.g., servants-tax, pilgrim-tax, &c., in as many columns as may be necessary).		Total.	
											Tax on persons according to their circumstances and property.	Miscellaneous receipts and penalties.		
Dacca Division.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	86	Dacca	37,928	22,708	6,407	1,440	13,961	...	...	62,253	...	470	1,87,6
	87	Narsinganj	11,679	37,481	...	674	6,808	...	...	25,517	...	88	67,0
		Total	49,607	60,189	6,407	2,114	20,769	...	...	87,770	...	558	2,54,6
	88	Mymensingh	15,972	3,187	1,171	686	...	12,125	...	9,417	11,197	106	30,2	
	89	Mukteswar	1,187	7	678	215	...	...	...	2,205	4,311	19	7,3
	90	Jamshaidpur	851	487	612	64	...	...	...	2,256	5,045	85	10,1
	91	Buwalda	84	36	1,071	60	...	...	...	1,454	4,818	66	6,7
	92	Kishouganj	1,119	46	94	90	...	...	...	1,454	2,785	15	5,5
	93	Netrakona	1,618	282	68	102	...	...	...	2,423	4,181	23	7,1
	94	Tangail	2,651	282	105	116	810	...	...	2,323	4,204	71	8,6
		Total	24,149	4,606	2,971	1,227	910	13,726	...	24,303	42,346	445	51,1	
Feni	96	Faridpur	2,406	1,303	307	267	183	...	...	2,207	2,477	41	12,1
	97	Nadarpur	1,315	683	...	1,104	1,440	...	...	2,180	4,906	15	10,1
		Total	4,721	2,086	307	1,371	1,623	...	...	4,387	7,383	56	22,1
Moulvibazar	98	Barisal	17,006	3,006	686	165	1,988	...	...	11,667	2,977	283	26,0
	99	Nalchiti	280	45	...	30	85	...	...	2,330	2,330	4	3,1
	100	Jhalokati	2,764	24	...	1,140	478	...	...	2,128	4,237	4	8,1
	101	Pirojpur	1,079	144	...	...	...	...	...	1,448	4,90	141	6,0
	102	Patuakhali	600	251	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,128	28	3,0
		Total	22,130	4,186	686	1,363	2,144	...	...	15,537	23,891	394	46,0
		Divisional Total	1,06,390	1,41,673	11,224	6,425	25,605	18,126	...	1,12,567	78,440	1,420	8,80,0	
Chittagong Division.														
Chittagong	103	Comilla	2,625	2,378	1,674	281	1,909	...	...	7,686	2,895	181	22,0
	104	Brahmanbaria	2,750	841	85	...	273	...	...	...	6,973	3	9,0
	105	Chandpur	4,180	6,512	...	...	6,368	...	...	1,761	...	86	16,0
		Total	9,555	9,731	1,759	281	8,550	...	...	9,447	13,868	270	47,0
Khulna	106	Nonkhali	2,482	984	787	269	...	...	...	6,180	2,011	17	11,0
		Total	2,482	984	787	269	...	...	...	6,180	2,011	17	11,0
Chittagong	107	Chittagong	2,931	20,260	4,973	624	4,700	...	...	16,989	...	311	46,0
	108	Oor's Bazar	504	529	...	...	1,063	...	...	...	1,476	7	2,0
		Total	3,435	20,789	4,973	624	5,763	...	...	16,989	1,483	318	48,0
		Divisional Total	12,502	22,004	7,509	1,251	16,368	...	...	29,917	20,000	545	1,07,0
Patna Division.														
Patna	109	Patna	12,718	68,900	16,999	6,977	14,906	...	...	21,084	...	264	1,20,0
	110	Barh	2,376	...	648	310	...	...	...	...	6,318	181	7,0
	111	Siwan	2,606	...	1,546	1,081	...	...	...	2,445	10,486	466	27,0
	112	Dinapore Nisaman	2,600	10,400	3,926	239	...	...	...	2,061	...	46	17,0
		Total	20,299	79,300	19,473	8,577	16,906	...	...	25,590	23,806	797	1,60,0
Bihar	113	Gaya	25,785	59,167	8,740	1,010	...	...	...	23,403	...	689	54,0
	114	Fikari	1,435	5,800	301	212	...	...	...	...	...	21	6,0
	115	Dandnagar	1,016	216	200	203	...	...	...	...	1,746	10	6,0
		Total	28,236	65,183	9,241	1,423	...	...	...	25,403	1,765	721	66,0
Muzaffarpur	116	Arrah	2,434	2,446	4,468	896	...	10,476	...	1,729	18,988	145	26,0	
	117	Jagadispur	1,016	...	1,101	50	...	...	...	...	2,006	27	6,0
	118	Buxar	1,020	...	425	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	119	Samastipur	744	75	680	240	...	...	...	...	6,185	1	9,0
	120	Bhainsa	1,085	260	91	100	...	...	...	...	2,045	18	6,0
	121	Sasaram	6,840	778	870	151	...	...	...	...	4,181	116	2,0
		Total	11,465	2,787	7,183	1,444	...	10,476	...	2,806	41,256	316	67,0	

6					7							
ALLOTMENTS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.					REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.							
From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).					Total.	Rents of lands, houses, series, &c. bungalows, &c.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands, &c.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.
Vaccination fees.	Julia-warehouse fees.	Petroleum fees.	Fees on medical professions.									
30	Rs. 217 10	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 2,101 441	Rs. 4,085 548	Rs. 91 467	Rs. 2,040 300	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 115 1,767	Rs. ...
30	333	...	...	...	2,544	4,083	558	2,440	...	...	1,842	...
38 54	44 2 8 18 21 19 11 87	...	...	...	1,799 289 409 745 340 334 636 843	17 ... 50 ... 107 ... ... ...	... ... 16 34 42 37	138 10 ... 34 ... ... ... ...	...	...	... ... ... ... 25.........	...
17	162	...	...	30	3,047	174	122	163	...	...	25	...
31	10 61	...	...	8	819 832	15 2	...	...	...	...	85 737	...
61	81	...	...	8	611	17	...	...	...	...	772	...
78	13 3 ... 2 24	...	...	...	644 44 98 53 83	361 12 ...	9 10 ...	2 ... 195 15 ...	...	...	... ... ... 487...	...
78	48	...	...	...	719	358	19	313	...	...	457	...
63	378	...	...	31	3,991	5,177	670	3,623	...	...	3,136	...
130	78 10 ...	...	...	...	730 463 171	24 100 3.0	... 30 13	62 ... ...	...	...	46......	...
130	84	...	...	...	1,350	404	53	53	...	...	48	...
	8	...	...	...	230	13	8	...	...	...	41	...
130	28	...	...	...	1,303 312	671	...	...	3,168	...	2,216 300	...
130	84	...	...	...	1,616	671	...	...	3,168	...	2,508	...
130	123	...	...	...	2,301	1,178	60	62	3,163	...	2,597	...
378	103 13 82 6	...	...	1,343	2,532 132 1,030 6	1,263 ... 383 ...	368 ... 1 ...	14 ... 40 ...	...	542	1,233 ... 470...	...
378	301	...	...	1,343	2,731	1,346	...	51	...	542	1,732	...
140	80 8 8	...	...	...	1,834 744 310	1,441 100 ...	06 ... 25	20 ... ...	...	542	6,075 62...	...
140	104	...	...	8	2,477	1,542	90	20	...	822	6,140	...
142	85 8 5 30 8 8	...	...	...	513 161 164 344 315 727	420 ... 90 ... 74 337	36 2	15 27 43 377	...	... ... ... ... ... ...	4,138 30 4,097	...
140	78	...	...	...	2,124	920	5	46	...	8	3,511	...

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the Income of the Municipalities

1	2	3	4	MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.										15
NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	By balance in hand at the close of the last year.	Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls on roads and ferries.	Water-rate.	Lighting-rate.	Casualty (including scavenging and latrine-rates).	Other taxes (to be specified in detail, e.g., servants' tax, pilgrim-tax, &c., in as many columns as may be necessary).			Total.
											Tax on persons according to their circumstances and property.	Miscellaneous receipts and grants.		
PATNA DIVISION—contd.														
Saran	122	Chapra	21,303	21,835	3,974	1,081	1,466	...	...	...	...	168	88,011
	123	Reviganj	2,176	3,368	729	65	2,439	...	...	...	...	81	4,424
	124	Siwan	5,677	...	567	234	...	...	...	...	7,925	46	5,976
		Total	89,356	35,204	5,131	1,380	4,905	...	...	...	7,925	295	86,620
Champanan	125	Motibari	4,014	5,877	581	379	...	...	...	...	...	14	9,808
	126	Bettiah	8,578	796	1,449	646	...	...	...	364	12,946	100	14,179
		Total	12,592	6,673	2,360	725	...	...	...	364	12,946	174	24,081
Muzaffarpur	127	Muzaffarpur	14,512	29,926	3,086	376	12,906	...	...	16,144	...	96	63,502
	128	Hajipur	7,011	6,080	707	302	...	...	...	...	...	111	10,110
	129	Lalganj	1,053	5,117	878	187	...	...	...	...	...	85	6,745
	130	Sitamarhi	4,617	411	663	346	...	...	...	...	6,307	96	7,856
		Total	27,199	44,513	4,946	1,011	12,906	...	...	16,144	6,307	293	66,113
Darbhanga	131	Darbhanga	11,163	8,708	5,812	1,084	...	...	...	2,274	23,315	405	42,568
	132	Madhubani	1,264	345	1,302	386	...	...	...	...	6,468	28	8,365
	133	Rowarha	122	48	716	116	...	...	...	...	8,079	17	3,974
	134	Sarautipur	2,356	453	716	350	...	...	...	...	4,580	80	8,577
		Total	14,895	10,554	8,642	1,850	...	...	...	2,274	36,910	494	60,514
	Divisional Total...	1,53,334	2,54,637	57,318	14,457	36,008	10,476	...	74,478	1,32,506	2,338	5,81,626		
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.														
Monghyr	135	Monghyr	8,906	20,101	3,531	881	11,000	...	...	5,723	...	260	44,490
	136	Jamalpur	3,173	18,333	748	119	...	...	...	7,380	...	187	24,853
		Total	12,079	38,434	4,279	1,000	11,000	...	...	13,103	...	447	69,343
Bhagalpur	137	Bhagalpur	2,427	40,392	10,926	780	11,046	26,118	...	14,331	...	798	1,04,573	
	138	Colgong	1,264	168	1,085	171	...	...	...	...	2,646	12	4,034
		Total	3,691	40,560	12,011	951	11,046	26,118	...	14,331	2,646	810	1,08,607	
Purnea	139	Purnea	8,994	14,566	3,053	160	...	...	...	5,638	...	98	21,994
	140	Kishanganj	4,215	411	611	49	...	...	...	...	3,310	98	4,946
		Total	13,209	14,977	3,670	209	...	...	...	5,638	3,310	196	27,770
Malda	141	English Bazar	5,488	1,034	1,404	8	823	...	...	4,640	3,394	36	12,912
	142	Old Malda	3,618	179	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,304	2	3,390
	143	Nawabganj	2,002	89	1,179	...	...	...	...	...	4,181	68	5,448
		Total	10,510	1,292	2,583	2	823	...	...	4,640	11,781	106	20,760
Sonchal Parganna	144	Deochur	5,145	2,733	1,950	26	...	...	...	3,348	4,078	54	12,381
	145	Sahibganj	3,849	7,444	1,735	51	...	...	...	3,487	...	14	12,748
	146	Dumka	1,983	5,303	1,716	...	...	...	...	1,424	...	...	7,046
		Total	8,977	15,480	4,401	77	...	...	...	3,259	4,972	78	22,395
	Divisional Total	48,617	1,07,064	27,385	2,435	29,068	26,716	...	48,080	31,787	1,376	1,10,661		
OTHER DIVISION.														
Cuttack	147	Cuttack	2,839	1,948	4,112	1,047	2,356	...	...	10,083	24,086	308	40,511
	148	Jajpur	934	160	171	...	...	...	...	823	4,184	49	5,158
	149	Kendrapara	1,646	283	738	194	...	...	...	...	6,026	166	8,972
		Total	4,419	2,389	5,021	1,341	2,356	...	...	10,906	27,731	493	60,641
Balasore	150	Balasore	1,509	1,360	2,490	110	...	...	...	3,480	10,907	27	16,146
Puri	151	Puri	10,201	17,500	2,301	179	...	...	...	11,390	...	306	28,776
	Divisional Total	22,438	21,209	9,757	1,530	2,356	...	...	20,696	36,664	1,490	71,463	

* Note.—Judicial cases under special A.

6						7								
* EXAMINATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.						REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.								
From hackney carriages.	From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).					Total.	Rents of lands, houses, shops, &c. bungalows, &c.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands, &c.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.	
	Vaccination fees.	Jute-warehouse fees.	Petroleum fees.	Fees on musical processions.										
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
27	783	108	...	...	...	1,143	777	89	4	346	...	...	6,310	...
73	...	13	...	...	...	186	89	3	1	...	...	...	...	...
21	...	16	...	...	...	149	180	...	18	...	...	...	637	...
84	783	132	...	...	...	1,469	1,608	43	23	346	...	...	6,837	...
34	...	39	...	...	...	253	75	331	...	663	...	...	8,559	...
41	...	38	...	...	...	639	...	...	...	...	...	...	299	...
85	...	67	...	...	...	301	75	331	...	663	...	...	8,668	...
107	348	108	...	...	...	1,092	1,442	...	1,189	...	133	...	775	...
119	...	87	...	...	...	176	304	174	...	...	...	...	434	...
75	...	27	...	...	...	102	1	...	3	...	...	...	210	...
194	...	25	...	...	...	319	...	...	10	...	...	...	266	...
395	343	212	...	...	...	1,890	1,877	174	1,143	...	133	...	1,075	...
669	80	106	...	...	...	1,251	947	9	43	...	...	...	1,716	...
185	...	25	...	...	...	230	101	...	20	...	...	...	4,144	...
109	...	11	...	...	...	130	9	...	13	...	...	...	131	...
113	...	9	...	...	...	131	47	...	...	367	...	...	859	...
478	80	100	...	...	...	1,715	404	9	75	357	...	...	6,890	...
991	2,653	300	...	...	...	13,947	7,336	1,070	1,778	1,365	1,400	...	35,543	...
361	360	60	...	...	...	1,171	306	327	379	...	137	...	1,736	...
519	...	5	...	...	...	634	...	149	...	...	...	...	82	...
1,380	360	55	...	...	...	1,695	306	676	379	...	137	...	1,804	...
365	367	43	...	...	...	1,946	339	328	4	...	1,613	...	291	...
336	...	3	...	...	...	369	26	25	4	...	...	...	...	...
1,911	367	46	...	...	...	2,334	556	333	8	...	1,613	...	294	...
1,180	...	12	...	...	...	1,193	...	...	38	...	393	...	750	...
390	...	3	...	...	...	993	...	...	...	...	...	...	238	...
3,180	...	15	...	...	...	2,184	...	...	38	...	393	...	978	...
1,123	...	12	...	...	...	1,145	136	73	...	...	61	...	2,161	...
235	...	5	...	...	...	271	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
300	...	...	...	...	...	390	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,649	...	17	...	...	...	1,626	136	73	...	...	61	...	2,161	...
355	39	25	...	...	...	329	...	10	...	...	...	...	1,903	...
417	...	...	16	...	...	411	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
650	...	...	...	...	...	450	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,133	39	25	16	...	...	1,210	19	...	...	...	...	...	1,903	...
7,783	646	108	16	...	...	9,360	917	1,001	625	...	2,164	...	7,136	...
355	321	30	...	...	...	693	769	50	333	31	19	...	1,019	...
650	...	...	...	...	...	450	...	3	...	...	...	...	192	...
345	...	17	...	...	...	360	144	171	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,667	681	37	...	...	...	1,415	804	233	333	31	19	...	1,211	...
390	...	...	...	...	...	295	...	39	300	...	124	...	319	...
696	105	5	...	...	...	613	3,656	53	...	...	3	...	2,800	...
1,380	400	46	...	...	...	2,303	4,760	316	1,153	31	149	...	6,330	...

7(a)							8												
REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION—consolid.							GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES)—												
Other fees (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).		Fees under Municipal and other Acts.	Interest of investments.			Total.	From Govern-ment.			From local funds.			From other sources.			Total.			
From burning-places and burial-grounds.	Other fees.		For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.		For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.				
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
...	...	1,067	4,050	37	436	13,158	2,080	...	350	...	150	2,050	...	...	3,679	9,116	
...	...	54	...	...	...	107	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	194	185
...	...	125	...	...	...	800	...	...	550	...	...	500	...	...	860	2,016
...	...	1,245	4,050	57	436	14,123	2,080	...	900	...	150	3,550	...	...	4,677	11,321	
...	...	70	...	...	35	4,711	...	...	725	...	...	2,400	...	...	742	3,867
40	...	79	...	...	...	416	...	...	154	...	...	1,200	...	...	1,064	3,111
40	...	140	...	...	35	5,140	...	...	875	...	...	3,600	...	...	2,408	6,482
...	400	326	...	...	1,108	5,332	...	...	(e) 5,175	...	...	2,000	...	...	324	6,474
...	16	568	...	...	...	1,468	...	...	80	...	...	600	...	...	736	1,430
...	14	140	...	...	...	427	...	...	(f) 240	...	...	...	...	...	...	314
...	...	174	...	...	70	490	...	500	75	...	...	600	...	...	1,301	2,477
...	402	1,227	...	...	1,173	7,953	...	800	3,330	...	...	4,200	...	...	2,351	10,61
...	...	941	...	...	...	3,956	250	...	930	...	...	2,440	...	...	807	4,10
...	...	62	...	...	70	4,407	...	...	87	...	...	...	...	...	798	1,48
...	...	22	...	...	...	1,53	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	731	1,04
...	...	65	...	...	...	1,311	800	53	80	...	...	340	...	...	802	3,57
...	...	1,119	...	...	70	5,018	760	53	1,087	...	240	3,600	600	1,131	2,938	10,11	
40	722	10,472	4,050	57	2,336	26,291	23,305	853	35,107	3,620	300	33,562	2,519	1,131	30,960	1,25,4			
...	...	917	...	...	2,406	6,668	200	...	3,300	90	...	4,400	...	...	1,163	9,41
...	...	111	...	...	...	543	...	...	...	...	...	...	270	...	...	21
...	...	1,028	...	...	2,406	6,350	200	...	3,540	90	...	4,440	270	...	1,163	9,71	
...	4,378	826	...	...	95	8,385	23,000	...	10,184	5,000	...	500	4,637	...	1,013	45,3	
...	...	77	...	...	...	172	...	...	...	...	...	150	...	...	140	21
...	4,378	908	...	...	95	8,487	23,000	...	10,184	5,000	...	610	4,637	...	2,063	45,34	
...	...	283	...	...	...	1,543	...	...	250	...	...	1,000	...	...	600	1,81
...	...	331	...	...	...	489	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,413	3,41
...	...	713	...	...	...	2,122	...	...	250	...	...	1,000	...	...	4,403	5,71
...	1	285	...	...	...	2,758	...	...	500	...	...	2,302	...	...	445	3,3
...	...	85	...	...	18	103	...	...	...	...	...	120	...	...	196	3
...	...	64	...	...	...	41	...	...	...	...	...	180	...	...	318	6
...	1	454	...	...	18	2,903	...	...	960	...	...	2,062	...	...	987	4,1
...	...	306	...	...	106	473	...	...	...	300	...	...	240	...	1,308	1,3
...	...	411	...	...	...	2,313	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	1
...	...	104	...	...	...	119	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
...	11	687	...	...	108	2,925	...	...	...	300	...	...	210	...	1,365	1,9
...	4,226	3,265	...	...	2,714	23,307	23,300	...	14,444	5,330	...	3,713	5,347	...	10,041	67,1	
...	...	942	...	...	...	3,784	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	1
...	...	55	...	...	...	80	...	...	155	...	...	370	...	...	219	1,1
...	40	100	...	...	...	748	...	...	240	...	...	221	105	...	415	...
...	40	1,180	...	...	...	4,560	200	...	400	...	...	482	105	...	714	2,1
...	...	216	...	...	72	961	...	...	972	...	...	2,000	...	...	876	3,1
...	6	281	...	...	...	7,441	...	...	872	6,362	...	4,000	600	...	2,915	147
...	36	1,628	...	...	72	12,982	200	...	2,330	6,582	...	6,401	772	...	2,802	20,1	

1905 during the year ending 31st March 1906.

9		10										11	12	13	14	15
SPECIALS.		EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.										Total income of year, excluding opening balance.	Total income of year, including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation (total of group 5) per head of population.	Incidence of income (column 11) per head of population.	REMARKS.
Other items.	Total.	Sub-proceeds of Government securities and withdrawal from Savings Bank.	Loans.		Realised in the market from private individuals.	Resolutions of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.						
			From Government.	Raised in the market from private individuals.			Permanent.	Other.								
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
1,015	1,543	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	63,091	94,594	0 13 3	1 5 11	
117	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,670	11,846	5 15 9	0 15 10	
108	106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,389	20,585	0 9 1	0 12 8	
1,838	1,866	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85,019	1,17,275	0 12 9	1 3 0	
48	167	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,429	624	0 11 6	1 5 6	
30	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,428	8	0 10 8	1 0 3	
80	107	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,480	825	0 10 10	1 3 7	
(d) 1,151	1,151	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,380	1,734	1 6 11	1 14 3	
335	335	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	281	881	0 7 6	0 10 10	
(e) 28	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	850	316	0 7 11	0 9 10	
889	889	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(A) 5,903	1,154	0 25 10	1 11 4	(e) Includes Rs. 3,000 for plague purposes.
1,843	1,843	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,512	3,305	0 13 7	1 6 8	(f) For plague purposes.
(f) 448	933	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,337	544	0 10 3	1 14 9	(g) Includes subscriptions from burial grounds.
46	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,858	...	0 10 4	1 6 10	(h) Includes Rs. 443 on account of the Dispensary Fund.
31	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	626	64	0 6 2	0 9 4	(i) Includes Rs. 266 as Veterinary Hospital receipts.
39	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,532	189	0 9 9	1 5 8	
554	1,059	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,355	789	0 9 9	1 0 1	
12,518	15,808	1,106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82,371	8,618	0 13 7	1 3 6	
803	1,125	17	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	707	701	0 14 2	1 5 2	
691	728	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	181	130	1 5 8	1 5 4	
1,356	1,867	17	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	828	911	0 11 3	1 5 3	
1,477	1,538	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,732	1,116	1 6 1	2 5 1	
45	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	143	95	0 12 0	0 13 4	
1,522	1,583	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,374	1,211	1 5 5	2 3 7	
389	349	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	31	1 10 2	1 15 11	
243	244	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,640	401	0 10 1	1 19 2	
633	633	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,601	401	1 4 4	1 13 10	
44	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,014	113	0 15 1	1 11 3	+ Difference of Rs. 1 from last year's figures (Rs. 484) is due to omission of fractions.
21	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	147	147	0 10 2	0 14 0	- The closing balance last year was shown as Rs. 405, which included its use as security deposit of pound rent. This has been transferred by adjustment from deposits to rent under rule 27 of Municipal Account Rules
98	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	108	106	0 7 0	0 8 6	
107	171	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,161	319	0 11 2	1 1 10	
21	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,167	1,127	1 12 6	2 5 3	
26	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,335	649	1 9 10	2 3 10	
84	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 007	1 8 2	1 7 10
133	135	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,305	848	1 1 7	2 1 9	
3,610	4,379	17	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	30,819	3,691	1 2 6	1 11 11	
284	313	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,666	2,796	1 0 8	1 4 3	
100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	264	254	0 6 9	0 0 1	* The difference of Rs. 2 is due to the omission of fraction of annas in the preceding year's statement.
86	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	178	513	0 8 9	0 11 7	
440	508	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,098	3,130	0 13 6	1 0 0	
118	134	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,188	230	0 13 4	1 1 0	
661	1,409	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,483	...	1 0 11	2 8 0	
1,104	2,101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,118	3,640	0 14 1	1 6 7	

(e) Includes Rs. 3,000 for plague purposes.
 (f) For plague purposes.
 (g) Includes subscriptions from burial grounds.
 (h) Includes Rs. 443 on account of the Dispensary Fund.
 (i) Includes Rs. 268 as Veterinary Hospital receipts.

* Difference of Rs. 1 from last year's figures (8,484) is due to omission of fractions.
 * The closing balance last year was shown as Rs. 405, which included Rs. 36 as security deposit of pound rent. This has been transferred by adjustment from deposits to rent under rule 27 of Municipal Account Rules.

* The difference of Rs. 2 is due to the omission of fraction of annas in the preceding year's statement.

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the Income of the Municipalities

1	2	3	4	5										
A NEW DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	NAME OF MUNICIPALITY.	By balance in hand at the close of the last year.	MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.										
				Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls on roads and ferries.	Water-works.	Lighting-works.	Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine rates).	Other taxes (to be specified in detail, e.g., servants-tax, pilgrim-tax, &c., in as many columns as may be necessary).		Total.	
											Tax on persons according to their circumstances and property.	Miscellaneous receipts and payments.		
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Hazaribagh	152	Hazaribagh	...	1,191	888	1,488	118	...	...	4,830	4,830	184	11,5
	153	Chatra	...	1,742	127	881	...	...	...	...	2,512	68	8,1
	154	Giridih	...	888	281	884	...	...	...	...	2,189	7	4,1
		Total	...	2,821	896	2,853	176	...	...	4,830	11,951	259	21,7
Ranchi	155	Ranchi	...	888	12,787	1,388	188	...	...	9,888	...	488	14,1
	156	Lohardaga	...	888	121	87	...	...	...	...	2,887	23	2,1
		Total	...	1,776	12,908	1,395	188	...	...	9,888	2,887	511	16,2
Palamu	157	Daltonganj	...	912	1,844	388	188	118	688	1,888	2,888	88	4,1	
			...											
Manbhum	158	Paralia	...	8,888	1,888	2,214	888	...	...	7,888	7,788	888	18,1
	159	Jhalda	...	2,888	...	...	128	...	...	...	2,188	88	3,1
	160	Baghmahar	...	117	87	...	84	...	...	671	1,448	68	2,1
		Total	...	9,173	1,975	2,214	1,000	...	...	7,667	11,024	944	23,2
Singbhum	161	Chaibasa	...	2,248	4,888	1,388	88	...	...	1,512	...	88	7,1
		Divisional Total...	...	8,113	28,888	8,612	1,046	118	688	24,884	27,887	1,515	58,1	
		GRAND TOTAL FOR 1904-05.	...	8,64,348	12,88,888	2,72,877	68,322	1,64,881	2,87,888	87,888	6,18,119	22,974	34,8	

6							7							
REALISATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.							REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.							
From pounds.	From hackney-carriages.	From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).				Total.	Rents of lands, houses, serais, dikh bungalows, &c.	Sale-proceeds of lands, and produce of lands, &c.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
400	..	4	..	..	..	404	1,007	91	25	..	..	1,208	..
313	..	3	..	..	..	316	..	..	9	..	..	527	..
411	..	..	..	..	..	411	..	..	..	..	..	742	..
1,114	..	6	..	..	..	1,120	1,007	91	44	..	..	2,635	..
378	..	23	..	..	..	394	1,007	..	233	..	..	6,087	..
251	..	9	..	..	..	260	224	..	28	..	..	..	..
623	..	26	..	..	..	646	2,223	..	200	..	..	8,067	..
204	..	13	..	..	..	217	..	7	..	..	..	2,325	..
303	24	4	..	..	..	307	1,542	..	3	..	56	2,135	..
359	..	..	..	..	..	359	645	..	..	..	..	154	..
625	..	..	..	..	..	625	625	..	1	..	..	484	..
1,817	26	4	..	..	..	1,846	2,704	..	4	..	56	2,776	..
406	..	..	..	..	..	406	242	..	1	..	..	..	..
4,370	26	24	..	..	..	4,400	6,265	98	208	..	56	10,423	..
60,621	11,072	3,025	24,000	67	3,071	1,04,126	60,000	19,297	81,155	20,445	7,084	1,04,420	126	

7(a)							8												
REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION—consolid.							GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES) —												
Other fees (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).		Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	Interest of investments.			Total.	From Government.			From Local Funds.			From other sources.			Total.			
From burning-ghats and burial-grounds.	Others.		For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.		For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.				
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
60	108	145	...	...	684	2,121	...	...	1,680	...	...	1,300	...	...	2,180	5,140
...	...	43	...	...	...	584	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	91	691
...	...	54	...	...	...	798	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	108	247	...	...	684	4,981	...	...	1,680	...	...	1,800	...	...	2,261	8,781
...	...	378	...	...	...	8,881	...	...	2,300	...	...	1,500	...	...	1,398	5,188
...	806	64	...	...	...	1,513	...	...	...	...	...	180	...	...	190	360
...	694	419	...	...	...	10,183	...	...	2,300	...	...	1,800	...	...	1,888	5,544
...			
...	2	8	...	...	...	2,840	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	684	...	...	...	8,223	...	...	645	...	...	1,188	...	...	1,186	3,628
...	...	72	...	...	...	798	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	184	414
...	...	68	...	...	...	1,408	...	...	...	...	...	180	...	...	85	255
...	...	508	...	...	...	7,138	...	...	645	...	...	1,728	...	...	1,364	5,767
...			
...	...	241	100	...	70	683	800	...	320	...	...	...	...	...	1,086	2,786
60	798	1,511	189	...	764	20,485	800	...	6,945	...	...	5,184	...	...	8,882	17,992
16,846	18,983	55,020	17,998	1,936	18,704	4,25,898	81,058	8,300	1,61,877	18,951	780	87,543	88,764	4,498	1,00,540	1,08,384			

FORM NO. III.—Statement showing the Expenditure of the Municipalities

1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16		17		18		19		20		21		22		23		24		25		26		27		28		29		30		31		32		33		34		35		36		37		38		39		40		41		42		43		44		45		46		47		48		49		50		51		52		53		54		55		56		57		58		59		60		61		62		63		64		65		66		67		68		69		70		71		72		73		74		75		76		77		78		79		80		81		82		83		84		85		86		87		88		89		90		91		92		93		94		95		96		97		98		99		100		101		102		103		104		105		106		107		108		109		110		111		112		113		114		115		116		117		118		119		120		121		122		123		124		125		126		127		128		129		130		131		132		133		134		135		136		137		138		139		140		141		142		143		144		145		146		147		148		149		150		151		152		153		154		155		156		157		158		159		160		161		162		163		164		165		166		167		168		169		170		171		172		173		174		175		176		177		178		179		180		181		182		183		184		185		186		187		188		189		190		191		192		193		194		195		196		197		198		199		200		201		202		203		204		205		206		207		208		209		210		211		212		213		214		215		216		217		218		219		220		221		222		223		224		225		226		227		228		229		230		231		232		233		234		235		236		237		238		239		240		241		242		243		244		245		246		247		248		249		250		251		252		253		254		255		256		257		258		259		260		261		262		263		264		265		266		267		268		269		270		271		272		273		274		275		276		277		278		279		280		281		282		283		284		285		286		287		288		289		290		291		292		293		294		295		296		297		298		299		300		301		302		303		304		305		306		307		308		309		310		311		312		313		314		315		316		317		318		319		320		321		322		323		324		325		326		327		328		329		330		331		332		333		334		335		336		337		338		339		340		341		342		343		344		345		346		347		348		349		350		351		352		353		354		355		356		357		358		359		360		361		362		363		364		365		366		367		368		369		370		371		372		373		374		375		376		377		378		379		380		381		382		383		384		385		386		387		388		389		390		391		392		393		394		395		396		397		398		399		400		401		402		403		404		405		406		407		408		409		410		411		412		413		414		415		416		417		418		419		420		421		422		423		424		425		426		427		428		429		430		431		432		433		434		435		436		437		438		439		440		441		442		443		444		445		446		447		448		449		450		451		452		453		454		455		456		457		458		459		460		461		462		463		464		465		466		467		468		469		470		471		472		473		474		475		476		477		478		479		480		481		482		483		484		485		486		487		488		489		490		491		492		493		494		495		496		497		498		499		500		501		502		503		504		505		506		507		508		509		510		511		512		513		514		515		516		517		518		519		520		521		522		523		524		525		526		527		528		529		530		531		532		533		534		535		536		537		538		539		540		541		542		543		544		545		546		547		548		549		550		551		552		553		554		555		556		557		558		559		560		561		562		563		564		565		566		567		568		569		570		571		572		573		574		575		576		577		578		579		580		581		582		583		584		585		586		587		588		589		590		591		592		593		594		595		596		597		598		599		600		601		602		603		604		605		606		607		608		609		610		611		612		613		614		615		616		617		618		619		620		621		622		623		624		625		626		627		628		629		630		631		632		633		634		635		636		637		638		639		640		641		642		643		644		645		646		647		648		649		650		651		652		653		654		655		656		657		658		659		660		661		662		663		664		665		666		667		668		669		670		671		672		673		674		675		676		677		678		679		680		681		682		683		684		685		686		687		688		689		690		691		692		693		694		695		696		697		698		699		700		701		702		703		704		705		706		707		708		709		710		711		712		713		714		715		716		717		718		719		720		721		722		723		724		725		726		727		728		729		730		731		732		733		734		735		736		737		738		739		740		741		742		743		744		745		746		747		748		749		750		751		752		753		754		755		756		757		758		759		760		761		762		763		764		765		766		767		768		769		770		771		772		773		774		775		776		777		778		779		780		781		782		783		784		785		786		787		788		789		790		791		792		793		794		795		796		797		798		799		800		801		802		803		804		805		806		807		808		809		810		811		812		813		814		815		816		817		818		819		820		821		822		823		824		825		826		827		828		829		830		831		832		833		834		835		836		837		838		839		840		841		842		843		844		845		846		847		848		849		850		851		852		853		854		855		856		857		858		859		860		861		862		863		864		865		866		867		868		869		870		871		872		873		874		875		876		877		878		879		880		881		882		883		884		885		886		887		888		889		890		891		892		893		894		895		896		897		898		899		900		901		902		903		904		905		906		907		908		909		910		911		912		913		914		915		916		917		918		919		920		921		922		923		924		925		926		927		928		929		930		931		932		933		934		935		936		937		938		939		940		941		942		943		944		945		946		947		948		949		950		951		952		953		954		955		956		957		958		959		960		961		962		963		964		965		966		967		968		969		970		971		972		973		974		975		976		977		978		979		980		981		982		983		984		985		986		987		988		989		990		991		992		993		994		995		996		997		998		999		1000		1001		1002		1003		1004		1005		1006		1007		1008		1009		1010		1011		1012		1013		1014		1015		1016		1017		1018	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Conservancy (including road-cleaning and watering) and latrines.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Vaccination.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Pounds.	Dak bungalows and serais.	Arboriculture, public gardens, and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Public works.				Total.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
22,316	11,976	244	268	299	135	...	120	2,084	678	12,214	9	25,087
6,495	53	85	...	19	...	...	...	442	72	8,194	17	10,922
3,585	1,464	65	...	8	...	...	60	...	...	1,875	...	7,766
1,447	1,492	65	...	8	...	...	...	107	50	371	6	3,686
4,412	2,990	171	...	...	...	...	10	...	409	3,031	...	14,223
7,617	...	64	2,757	...	...	...	60	300	...	829	...	11,804
59,648	17,748	696	3,015	304	135	...	250	2,833	1,207	22,514	32	1,38,420
5,641	4,988	120	33	...	...	...	...	...	480	406	...	12,042
4,488	4,984	120	3	7	...	...	...	323	...	3,060	...	12,929
1,831	858	122	4,401	5	...	...	...	144	173	908	19	8,734
1,608	998	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	456	...	3,281
7,786	6,240	209	4,404	12	...	...	...	467	174	4,424	12	24,854
16,898	13,337	234	194	123	...	2	...	312	345	4,612	...	26,222
3,502	1,810	89	180	...	...	55	...	175	139	572	4	6,787
2,143	1,540	46	...	2	...	...	...	...	92	2,084	...	6,114
665	1,090	54	...	1	...	38	...	...	34	483	1	3,620
638	1,095	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	5	9	1,768
820	1,047	50	...	20	...	...	...	36	393	310	4	2,610
1,320	786	43	...	...	...	...	...	36	500	566	6	3,309
24,125	20,706	347	290	150	...	88	...	559	1,573	2,521	24	61,690
28,677	1,671	259	...	76	...	...	240	871	64	6,913	15	41,530
20,853	9,253	169	69	8	...	...	65	780	...	7,423	835	50,289
6,404	72	61	...	16	...	89	...	...	21	2,573	...	11,186
9,391	1,196	73	...	3	...	17	29	...	869	3,727	...	16,548
6,644	1,063	71	...	14	...	...	12	299	86	2,080	...	10,190
1,413	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	1,683	...	3,896
1,202	11	75	...	...	...	...	...	254	...	27	...	1,037
2,250	1,898	67	...	...	...	...	...	251	100	613	...	4,797
76,794	14,098	836	69	68	...	115	394	2,435	1,110	25,146	830	1,40,097
1,71,871	6,479	1,123	16,314	167	...	194	558	16,647	5,536	2,97,865	87	6,19,611
13,321	1,271	120	...	32	...	100	...	597	484	7,427	...	24,983
589	340	44	...	...	...	...	...	180	...	780	8	1,701
1,46,461	7,992	1,287	16,314	199	...	294	558	17,424	6,030	2,96,412	45	6,46,865
2,27,400	72,336	3,798	24,125	720	125	497	1,304	23,738	10,543	3,67,483	970	10,19,368
61,468	6,161	771	...	24	...	...	330	6,056	...	40,320	74	1,29,478
29,088	1,680	519	...	...	...	...	...	916	97	14,469	228	67,908
19,663	800	180	...	5	...	15	...	270	...	8,383	54	31,490
10,677	...	147	36	18	...	103	...	275	...	2,367	9	13,864
6,843	1,787	320	...	...	...	...	...	2,366	...	6,689	...	18,668
4,878	...	302	137	...	...	...	...	1,198	...	4,399	34	11,467
24,251	973	424	...	...	...	...	...	1,813	...	10,727	148	42,368
3,619	1,214	60	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	1,493	...	6,575
1,874	1,572	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,379	...	4,978
1,439	612	60	...	...	...	...	...	190	107	92	9	3,904
3,432	1,068	90	...	12	...	...	...	160	200	1,828	40	8,815
788	880	81	...	2	...	...	...	206	619	331	1	2,886
2,468	579	87	...	92	...	...	...	673	116	2,510	3	2,181
2,789	141	79	...	30	...	...	130	...	...	2,185	...	10,718
10,103	184	126	...	30	...	80	...	...	...	4,375	9	22,343
8,284	889	63	73	31	...	...	...	...	1	2,518	...	8,079
4,763	775	47	140	...	...	...	...	211	109	1,014	5	13,802
2,008	1,568	91	63	2	...	90	...	84	58	3,503	4	9,354
6,398	706	128	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	2,302	...	9,400
4,104	683	63	219	27	...	...	...	...	881	708	...	7,319
8,909	119	102	...	16	...	...	...	...	10	2,074	164	14,058
848	...	80	...	6	...	...	...	...	50	1,000	...	1,790
1,091	1,026	64	...	25	...	61	...	...	110	1,754	...	5,371
523	1,016	50	...	...	...	...	...	144	73	803	...	3,247
830	180	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	627	...	1,632
7,423	1,613	144	...	...	...	...	...	369	551	5,815	306	18,266
2,18,970	24,893	2,066	707	329	...	326	379	14,899	3,259	1,26,139	1,074	4,92,866

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CONTRIBUTIONS.	MISCELLANEOUS.								
Schools and colleges.	Contributions.	Libraries, museums, &c.	Total.	For general purposes.	Interest on loans.		Actual cost of works done for private individuals.	Other items (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).					Total.
					Interest due on account of previous years.	Interest due on account of current year.		Printing charges.	Law charges.	Provident Fund.	Plague charges.	Miscellaneous.	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
6,100	1,197	...	7,308	...	...	4,702	...	1,127	617	426	290	1,426	6,636
...	330	100	430	...	...	...	...	108	...	...	...	...	1,255
...	415	...	415	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	255
...	290	...	290	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	240
...	779	...	779	...	...	...	...	108	273	...	...	343	861
...	800	...	800	60	...	128	...	357	280	...	10	164	1,711
6,100	3,534	100	9,734	60	...	4,804	29	2,078	1,304	681	346	2,110	12,243
...	334	60	394	...	...	...	...	118	33	33	...	319	541
...	597	...	597	...	...	74	...	142	24	44	...	99	363
...	778	...	778	...	...	157	...	100	1	20	...	41	338
...	764	...	764	...	...	...	...	55	25	15	...	41	130
...	2,134	...	2,134	...	...	221	...	304	50	79	...	181	847
19,320	870	...	20,090	...	...	...	...	480	100	400	...	355	1,594
...	484	...	484	...	...	...	...	102	10	19	...	42	210
...	800	...	800	...	...	...	...	143	...	18	...	25	248
...	570	50	620	...	...	...	...	117	10	...	...	4	131
...	463	...	463	...	...	...	...	74	6	13	...	5	99
...	220	13	233	...	...	...	...	50	...	...	...	45	93
...	288	...	288	...	...	...	...	100	2	13	...	5	117
19,320	3,537	62	22,919	...	...	...	...	1,094	323	402	...	789	2,510
...	800	60	860	...	...	...	...	800	402	180	777	708	2,322
...	1,579	...	1,579	27	...	714	52	200	19	191	154	108	1,417
...	428	...	428	...	...	...	...	94	445	...	36	43	617
...	630	...	630	...	...	...	...	220	331	101	17	631	1,319
...	847	...	847	...	...	...	...	200	30	60	230	522	1,102
...	230	...	230	...	...	...	...	50	77	...	...	172	329
...	321	...	321	...	...	...	...	52	120	...	...	581	750
...	487	...	487	...	...	...	...	77	5	15	9	10	122
...	4,843	60	5,706	27	...	714	52	1,445	1,426	490	736	2,927	7,927
...	3,647	...	4,047	...	...	67,023	482	...	3,101	1,305	3,520	10,620	24,154
...	2,681	175	2,740	...	...	...	...	401	241	134	91	1,104	2,033
...	128	...	128	...	...	...	...	26	16	...	...	24	76
...	7,340	175	7,615	...	...	67,023	482	487	3,446	1,432	3,480	19,764	26,263
26,123	22,023	487	48,611	67	...	79,808	533	5,796	6,204	2,164	4,713	27,000	1,20,407
...	2,079	...	2,079	...	...	...	2,260	1,025	473	220	1,005	2,725	6,547
...	1,102	...	1,402	...	...	...	4,423	701	571	127	627	2,077	6,361
...	846	...	846	...	...	...	...	200	422	22	46	1,126	2,118
...	294	48	246	...	...	...	...	45	141	27	314	37	627
...	644	...	644	...	...	...	...	34	202	...	...	234	1,263
...	237	...	237	702	...	...	...	400	212	...	5	68	688
...	797	...	797	20	...	1,060	196	207	206	110	...	700	2,710
...	291	...	291	...	...	117	...	150	207	21	19	79	782
...	180	...	180	...	...	...	...	85	...	...	...	5	249
...	128	...	128	...	...	...	...	81	101	...	...	60	302
...	300	...	300	...	...	...	...	124	178	26	...	30	374
...	240	...	240	...	...	...	...	76	54	23	...	7	160
...	242	...	242	...	...	...	...	104	512	20	...	480	1,196
...	250	...	250	...	...	...	...	86	120	18	...	61	380
...	208	...	208	...	...	...	...	101	222	27	600	1,246	2,612
...	635	...	635	...	...	...	...	210	50	22	...	122	409
...	192	...	192	670	...	196	226	45	185	48	...	36	761
...	246	...	246	...	...	76	...	54	...	...	...	150	283
...	202	...	202	...	...	...	...	122	206	...	...	624	1,075
...	246	...	246	100	...	...	...	106	60	11	...	10	189
...	605	...	605	...	...	795	50	191	142	19	...	53	1,272
...	94	...	94	...	...	...	...	71	12	8	...	142	253
...	446	...	446	...	...	...	...	225	19	14	...	25	276
...	256	...	256	...	...	...	...	71	16	...	...	312	402
...	174	...	174	...	...	...	...	46	...	...	...	190	370
...	277	...	277	10	...	...	...	105	14	...	...	400	640
640	11,900	48	12,627	2,025	...	2,260	5,165	5,773	6,611	1,076	2,000	20,413	22,620

in Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1905.

9(a)	10										11	12	13
Total expenditure.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.										Closing balance.	Grand Total.	REMARKS.
	Investments.		In Savings Banks.	Payments to Sinking Funds.	Provident Fund withdrawals.	Repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.			
	In securities (other than for Sinking Funds).	Permanent.					Other.						
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
1,14,703	500	...	...	...	3,146	2,613	11,361	9,308	1,91,100		
16,109	867	158	1,016	3,107	18,321		
9,363	82	300	478	3,747	19,136		
5,111	375	340	865	384	6,100		
26,711	100	836	330	1,065	28,328		
17,355	980	...	...	980	3,489	30,824		
1,30,394	500	...	...	980	180	10,808	3,740	18,436	2,14,700		
16,476	308	308	1,908	18,738	
16,863	640	100	2,048	640	3,487	34,336		
11,968	331	...	4,630	118	4,970	17,810		
5,868	315	71	386	8,383		
53,678	971	100	6,823	838	8,793	60,679		
67,715	6,836	177	6,818	9,389	63,787	
9,166	1,557	73	1,610	3,748	13,469	
8,633	3,885	11,347	
4,674	25	...	25	1,035	6,739	
3,063	33	33	1,140	4,499	
3,845	737	...	737	467	3,063	
4,791	50	175	...	225	683	5,076	
1,09,800	50	9,100	273	9,423	17,841	1,28,000	
57,354	1,714	237	1,951	9,409	68,774	
43,553	1,592	...	8,573	184	8,857	7,881	74,773	
15,738	130	10	1,530	1,380	17,636	
33,330	50	963	713	1,689	3,544	38,009	
14,043	369	190	640	2,230	17,631	
5,943	330	309	639	1,824	8,106	
4,016	50	3,645	364	3,049	8,413	10,477	
6,300	18	35	1,003	7,327	
1,31,390	1,592	100	9,797	1,303	13,381	20,791	2,33,000	
8,49,331	3,350	...	...	46,817	...	3,06,773	16,277	3,53,117	1,41,394	13,37,403	
36,729	50	105	155	11,709	48,180	
3,003	300	300	339	3,647	
6,33,318	3,350	...	...	46,817	...	3,06,533	16,080	3,52,573	1,08,489	14,00,318	
14,07,314	3,750	...	...	50,561	400	3,38,601	23,088	4,00,876	3,39,504	20,47,088	
1,75,830	30	4,935	1,381	5,644	3,364	4,00,490	
37,314	3,000	...	75	9,768	11,014	14,408	1,10,381	
41,706	108	353	305	13,394	55,096	
18,418	360	360	1,608	20,541		
33,703	1,070	1,348	2,408	3,025	36,628	
10,423	363	88	301	17,333	28,473	
67,330	1,544	...	...	971	3,113	4,067	71,941	
11,330	330	...	...	130	130	633	12,273	
6,463	397	397	1,398	8,061	
5,764	116	116	2,337	6,117	
21,963	100	100	3,104	18,167	
4,097	35	35	348	4,825	
11,330	1,010	...	...	39	1,407	841	14,330	
15,541	35	35	3,455	18,331	
39,373	680	75	...	600	1,335	493	41,086	
39,373	1,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	185	1,784	3,266	42,516	
29,354	416	75	...	140	277	908	30,613	
27,354	350	...	...	108	648	1,415	28,877	
18,367	100	...	135	1,431	2,985	19,997	
18,367	500	74	878	1,913	11,684	
6,400	600	...	...	317	6,000	20,334	27,734	
30,000	335	97	335	1,908	31,908	
3,007	13	13	418	7,908	
4,433	34	34	813	8,297	
6,000	4	4	671	6,671	
34,313	173	140	313	16,088	50,397	
3,37,351	1,400	...	...	...	...	7,130	300	13,330	16,384	46,314	1,30,805	3,39,385	

FORM No. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipalities in Bengal

1	2	3	4							5					6			
NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES.							PUBLIC SAFETY.					PUBLIC.			
			General administration—Office establishment, inspection, Honorary Members' establishments, &c.	Collection of taxes including bonded warehouses (establishment, purchase of account-books and paper, money-borne, repairs to outposts, &c.).	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of land.	Roads.	Pensions and gratuities.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire-engines, buckets, repairs, &c.).	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, &c.).	Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, &c., repairs to outposts).	Expenditure for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, &c.	Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, &c.
PRESIDENCY DIVISION—continued.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Nadia	55	Krishnapur ...	1,970	1,064	...	2	12	...	2,948	...	1,547	...	9	1,556	...	207	...	2
	56	Bantipur ...	1,092	1,745	...	...	4	...	2,839	...	1,294	...	...	1,294	...	250	...	1,70
	57	Ranachhat ...	741	898	...	...	...	...	1,639	...	622	...	...	622	...	109	...	6
	58	Nadia ...	638	673	...	...	...	...	1,311	...	879	...	...	879	...	18	...	...
	59	Kuakha ...	336	451	...	...	...	...	786	...	348	...	...	348	...	...	...	1
	60	Kumarkhali ...	418	408	...	...	...	...	826	...	306	...	...	306	...	...	...	...
	61	Meherpur ...	232	247	...	...	...	...	479	...	187	...	...	187	...	...	...	...
	62	Birnagar ...	239	271	...	...	15	...	545	...	25	...	...	25	...	50	...	...
	63	Chakdah ...	673	394	...	...	...	...	773	...	30	...	...	30	...	100	...	1
		Total ...	7,505	4,374	...	4	92	...	12,718	...	4,314	...	15	4,327	...	900	1,013	2,0
Murshidabad	64	Berhampore ...	2,422	2,892	16	...	27	...	4,569	...	5,126	...	7	2,112	...	12,920	...	5,0
	65	Murshidabad ...	768	727	30	...	...	...	1,503	...	589	...	11	604	...	15	730	1,0
	66	Asimganj ...	797	746	2	41	23	...	1,604	...	767	...	...	767	...	300	...	1,0
	67	Jangipur ...	648	616	10	...	1	...	1,177	...	423	...	2	444	...	...	...	...
	68	Kandi ...	610	419	...	...	...	...	1,029	...	518	...	...	518	...	1,400	...	...
		Total ...	5,237	4,400	54	41	30	...	9,672	...	4,773	...	24	4,802	...	300	14,735	730
Jessore	69	Jessore ...	943	946	...	...	515	...	2,403	...	1,326	...	81	1,315	1,772	779	681	...
	70	Kotechandpur ...	573	525	...	...	...	...	911	...	450	...	61	467	...	...	151	...
	71	Maheshpur ...	454	173	...	...	...	...	630	...	60	...	...	60	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,971	1,644	...	...	515	...	3,944	...	1,782	...	122	1,879	1,772	1,436	772	...
Khulna	72	Khulna ...	947	615	...	...	...	...	1,569	...	465	...	5	464	1,100	809	...	...
	73	Sakhira ...	475	390	...	...	...	...	854	...	239	...	1	850	...	169	...	...
	74	Dobliatia ...	308	161	...	...	...	...	466	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	108	...
		Total ...	1,730	1,166	...	...	...	...	2,849	...	704	...	6	714	1,100	1,048	108	1
		Divisional Total ...	40,983	42,543	64	105	1,575	...	92,215	17,486	48,824	...	322	64,513	38,138	87,407	19,772	25
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																		
Bajshahi	75	Bampur Boalia ...	1,509	2,124	...	...	6	...	2,709	...	1,342	...	4	1,347	1,000	370	480	...
	76	Nator ...	906	938	...	...	...	...	1,844	...	904	...	...	1,844	...	1,448	...	...
		Total ...	2,475	2,128	...	...	6	...	4,553	...	2,246	...	12	2,770	1,000	1,418	480	...
Dinajpur	77	Dinajpur ...	5,074	1,663	...	...	...	...	3,667	10	2,587	73	60	2,708	...	100	1,334	...
Jalpaiguri	78	Jalpaiguri ...	1,446	911	...	...	...	...	2,357	...	1,100	...	6	1,111	...	108	571	...
Darjeeling	79	Darjeeling ...	24,078	6,141	...	...	...	...	24,361	115	1,04,081	...	20	1,04,796	14,902	8,531	1,331	...
	80	Kurseong ...	1,819	838	...	...	...	...	2,174	...	1,027	...	...	1,027	1,009	1,271	1,300	...
		Total ...	25,897	6,979	...	...	...	...	26,535	115	1,05,108	...	20	1,05,823	15,911	9,802	2,631	...
Rangpur	81	Rangpur ...	2,613	1,177	...	...	...	...	2,792	12	2,408	100	...	2,401	...	572	50	...
Bogra	82	Bogra ...	1,227	759	...	...	...	...	1,986	5	959	...	23	980	...	184	...	...
	83	Shorpur ...	602	510	...	...	...	...	1,112	...	620	...	...	620	...	108	...	...
		Total ...	1,829	1,269	...	...	...	...	3,098	5	1,479	...	23	1,512	...	292	...	...
Pabna	84	Pabna ...	1,580	1,476	...	...	...	...	2,778	17	1,448	...	5	1,457	...	1,479	...	...
	85	Sirajganj ...	681	1,167	...	...	...	...	2,944	...	1,540	...	24	1,578	1,070	1,479	130	...
		Total ...	2,261	2,643	...	...	...	...	5,722	17	2,987	...	29	3,035	2,140	2,958	260	...
		Divisional Total ...	20,715	10,809	...	...	...	...	48,706	...	1,19,087	...	223	1,20,700	18,136	11,946	2,800	...

HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE.

Conservancy (including road-cleaning and watering) and latrines.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Vaccination.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Ponds.	Dak bungalows and serais.	Arboriculture, public gardens, and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Public Works.				Total.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
15,115	4,478	97	...	...	...	1,260	...	744	208	9,655	220	22,264
12,664	1,734	122	...	...	...	127	...	612	247	4,493	23	20,719
8,861	1,087	75	...	...	...	...	...	412	5	1,591	19	9,888
4,320	1,718	60	...	...	...	...	...	431	727	1,874	3	8,912
2,516	1,549	34	...	...	...	...	...	199	29	1,391	...	5,898
2,323	670	60	...	2	...	30	...	133	24	808	...	4,059
200	968	39	...	4	...	3	...	...	8	780	1	2,491
243	690	35	...	...	...	...	...	46	3	502	...	1,713
261	770	36	...	30	...	64	...	96	52	726	5	2,461
41,723	12,518	523	...	36	...	1,694	...	2,686	1,593	21,900	300	68,491
15,150	3,728	199	5	12	...	...	...	553	...	6,004	...	25,083
4,922	1,031	110	219	306	...	...	...	631	...	2,278	11	12,948
2,799	2,890	128	...	15	...	...	...	1,492	90	5,915	18	14,928
2,877	4,598	123	...	21	...	...	...	340	49	1,920	15	11,772
2,505	622	114	...	...	...	...	...	180	...	1,745	2	6,708
20,409	20,623	673	234	365	...	...	...	2,096	129	17,680	46	96,038
6,788	5,349	101	...	14	...	...	...	897	286	2,781	...	19,516
1,033	1,421	84	...	...	...	...	...	136	...	770	...	4,788
486	713	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	554	...	2,012
8,677	7,358	205	...	16	...	...	...	1,633	333	4,105	...	26,611
5,366	3,850	99	...	4	...	186	...	360	11	2,891	33	15,973
1,679	1,445	41	...	1	...	19	...	75	570	2,195	1	7,072
116	...	26	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	699	...	1,964
7,701	5,393	106	...	6	...	265	...	435	486	5,786	34	24,099
8,96,279	71,627	5,322	961	761	...	2,084	379	23,145	5,320	1,75,690	1,464	7,28,907
3,673	2,972	265	227	1,020	...	75	...	962	546	6,940	...	30,329
4,126	2,892	190	...	...	...	...	...	284	...	898	...	6,967
12,907	11,506	236	227	1,020	...	75	...	1,336	449	7,639	...	26,296
11,979	6,084	236	94	...	...	222	...	680	1,220	4,173	17	25,981
8,775	18,285	76	...	...	...	...	...	180	...	1,917	...	20,048
46,024	9,571	509	427	119	...	209	...	7,466	7,609	12,033	...	1,10,736
6,368	2,226	74	...	60	...	94	...	...	...	289	...	12,732
64,264	11,720	642	427	179	...	303	...	7,489	7,609	12,331	...	1,23,628
11,006	26,907	175	...	1	...	723	...	360	16	2,328	16	40,903
6,264	4,114	85	...	...	...	...	...	460	30	983	...	12,670
2,008	1,627	22	...	...	...	39	...	170	26	946	...	6,146
9,007	2,942	126	...	...	...	89	...	620	63	1,079	2	19,687
7,046	6,259	120	118	...	...	2	...	470	22	3,968	20	20,483
6,268	2,941	144	23	6	...	292	...	565	373	2,541	7	14,427
75,891	19,120	274	170	6	...	294	...	968	408	6,512	27	24,720
1,22,220	28,204	1,006	908	1,206	...	1,766	...	11,627	9,941	67,028	72	2,12,204

[illegible]

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, MARCH 28, 1906.

FORM No. III.—Statement showing the Expenditure of the Municipalities

1	2	3	4								5								6			
NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES.								PUBLIC SAFETY.								PUBLIC			
			General Administration—Office establishment, salaries, &c.	Collection of taxes, including bonded warehouses (establishment, purchase of account books and paper, money-bosser, repairs to outposts, &c.).	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of lands.	Refunds.	Pensions and gratuities.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire-engines, buckets, repairs, &c.).	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, &c.).	Police (establishment, purchase of cloth, line, lanterns, &c., repairs to outposts).	Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Water-supply.		Drainage.					
															Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, &c.	Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, &c.				
DACCA DIVISION.																						
Dacca	86	Dacca	5,684	7,956	...	3,089	359	...	18,988	...	8,443	481	226	9,149	...	18,997	...	5,145	475	1,40		
	87	Nurainganj	5,404	1,642	...	...	116	...	5,162	...	3,731	151	24	3,906	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	10,988	8,856	...	3,089	375	...	21,450	...	12,173	632	250	13,035	...	19,006	...	5,145	6,21	...		
Mymensingh	88	Mymensingh	3,069	995	...	...	...	...	3,067	7	1,601	116	20	1,743	4,378	12,446	1,351	1,351	1,351	1,351
	89	Muktagacha	604	584	...	...	...	...	1,188	...	719	55	...	764	...	...	...	...	...	...
	90	Jamshpur	873	637	...	...	65	...	1,204	...	87	92	...	168	...	...	...	...	...	...
	91	Sherpur	615	498	...	...	1	...	1,114	...	350	44	38	432	...	...	...	...	...	...
	92	Kishoreganj	451	586	...	...	...	...	987	...	407	93	2	502	...	...	...	...	...	...
	93	Basirpur	388	320	...	...	...	...	884	...	...	40	...	46	...	...	...	...	...	...
	94	Netrakona	663	647	...	...	...	...	1,312	...	441	...	33	476	...	...	...	...	...	...
	95	Tangail	641	456	67	...	...	...	1,039	545	732	124	2	1,413	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	5,911	4,471	67	...	66	...	10,805	852	4,427	609	106	4,591	4,378	14,540	1,700	2,1	...	...
Faridpur	96	Faridpur	559	882	...	...	...	...	1,741	5	1,000	63	8	1,076	160	668	...	...	...	...
	97	Madaripur	692	619	...	...	...	...	1,291	...	1,314	93	2	1,408	190	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	1,251	1,501	...	...	...	...	3,032	5	2,314	153	10	2,422	340	658	...	...	...	...
Rachergunge	98	Barisal	1,423	1,559	...	...	173	...	3,454	...	2,212	80	2	2,364	...	379	891	...	...	...
	99	Naichiti	308	336	...	...	...	...	639	...	310	35	5	381	...	...	...	...	...	...
	100	Jhalakati	819	398	...	...	3	...	990	...	895	35	...	931	...	...	...	...	...	...
	101	Pirojpur	554	352	...	...	...	...	906	...	926	70	1	602	...	...	...	...	...	...
	102	Patuakhali	444	217	...	...	...	...	661	...	519	55	...	574	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	3,541	3,182	...	...	176	...	6,509	...	4,860	245	16	4,621	...	954	891	2	...	...
Divisional Total			19,741	16,082	67	3,089	617	...	41,860	657	23,274	1,539	384	25,721	4,712	35,521	7,716	10	...	...
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																						
Tippera	103	Comilla	956	1,186	...	...	21	...	3,133	17	1,324	154	28	1,427	...	718	940	...	...	...
	104	Brahmanbaria	588	569	...	...	63	...	1,311	...	308	84	20	407	...	...	...	...	...	...
	105	Chandpur	789	869	...	...	32	65	1,216	...	749	58	29	830	...	2,060	372	...	...	...
		Total	2,273	2,106	...	...	85	65	4,560	17	2,370	290	77	2,734	...	3,656	772	...	...	...
Noakhali	106	Noakhali	792	864	...	...	...	...	1,878	10	656	91	27	653	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	792	864	...	...	...	...	1,878	10	656	91	27	653	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittagong	107	Chittagong	2,500	3,968	1,185	12	10	...	7,741	...	1,774	90	1	1,865	...	1,008	...	...	...	...
	108	Cor's Nazir	368	468	...	...	...	...	746	...	9	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	2,823	4,426	1,185	12	10	...	8,487	...	1,783	90	1	1,874	...	1,011	...	...	...	...
Divisional Total			5,888	7,116	1,185	12	10	...	14,423	27	4,073	481	106	4,581	...	4,578	772	...	...	...
PATNA DIVISION.																						
Patna	109	Patna	10,402	8,717	...	...	5	465	19,599	16	5,707	838	13	6,053	...	...	...	...	1,660	...
	110	Bach	704	809	...	...	...	...	1,905	...	629	73	...	701	...	...	...	...	...	...
	111	Bihar	1,180	1,184	...	...	111	...	2,483	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	112	Dinapore Wisman	1,345	940	...	...	...	...	2,383	...	1,816	...	...	1,316	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	13,641	11,600	...	...	117	465	25,903	16	8,221	910	12	9,350	...	...	...	...	1,660	...	
Gaya	113	Gaya	4,992	3,554	...	...	...	...	7,946	...	3,019	338	8	3,397	...	...	...	...	...	...
	114	Tikari	836	543	...	...	...	...	1,279	...	414	78	17	503	...	...	...	...	...	...
	115	Dandnagar	453	388	...	...	...	...	781	...	...	77	...	77	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	6,281	3,985	...	...	...	...	10,006	...	3,433	404	25	3,967	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	116	Arrah	2,846	3,031	...	...	...	...	5,877	...	1,415	180	6	1,599	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Jasadiapur	444	557	...	...	...	...	1,005	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118	Buxar	468	707	...	...	...	...	1,175	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	119	Samson	487	861	...	...	...	...	1,378	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	120	Shahpur	317	348	...	...	...	...	665	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	121	Maner	778	870	...	...	...	...	1,648	...	1,455	...	...	1,345	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	4,496	7,086	...	...	...	...	13,586	...	4,389	314	6	4,709	...	...	...	...	...	...

ALPH AND CONVENIENCE.

Conservancy (including road-cleaning and watering) and latrines.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Vaccination.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Pounds.	Dak bungalows and serais.	Arboriculture, public gardens and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Public Works.				Total.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Establishment.	Buildings.	Roads.	Stores.	Rs.
68,089 28,755	17,916 2,698	802 133	170 1,660	34 77	...	201 109	838 ...	1,782 787	10,375 3,894	29,821 11,540	483 68	1,47,976 56,142
90,817	20,612	937	1,730	111	57	310	833	2,579	14,059	49,364	261	2,06,120
18,379 3,081 3,081 2,432 1,085 808 1,376 2,154	11,388 116 1,520 3,326 1,247 808 180 ...	121 59 61 70 61 62 67 76	...	6 ...	...	...	...	619 ...	9,420 247 3,392 19 277 134 551 ...	3,196 2,230 3,392 1,459 769 832 2,453 1,724	6 9 15 16 9 ...	57,625 6,197 9,346 8,982 5,521 3,056 5,415 4,931
20,397	8,779	682	25	16	...	73	...	2,034	10,564	10,274	54	1,00,863
6,123 2,906	(a)3,834 2,077	75 63	...	...	...	56 61	...	300 288	84 161	2,194 2,685	...	13,574 9,223
6,119	5,071	138	223	...	...	117	...	588	245	4,862	...	22,707
10,561 148 3,109 1,855 218	7,777 ...	144 62 ...	...	...	...	49 5 ...	60 ...	515 ...	142 80 134 81 88	6,014 692 1,205 1,139 1,341	178 ...	37,545 1,514 8,088 5,397 3,936
16,686	12,597	328	602	35	...	78	86	916	657	11,501	173	46,081
1,46,119	68,186	1,980	2,580	180	87	577	918	6,115	25,519	75,968	483	3,76,461
10,658 1,734 3,947	4,464 2,079 1,077	70 67 62	...	...	...	...	...	1,063 299 118	49 29 461	3,450 764 11,566	...	21,032 6,021 15,273
16,289	7,620	109	85	147	...	5	...	1,480	559	15,470	...	46,251
6,271	790	58	...	...	...	...	...	301	70	381	5	8,542
19,336 511	3,000 692	106 60	141 82	...	...	250 40	...	2,177 323	1,201 81	7,870 408	400 ...	35,254 2,196
18,847	3,465	268	226	...	...	40	230	2,402	1,312	3,369	400	27,450
40,447	11,905	512	311	147	40	235	...	4,283	1,950	24,319	405	92,243
47,167 1,805 14,871 7,165	17,432 1,708 9,919 2,648	1,088 50 126 48	...	...	...	1,154 ...	923 ...	1,167 235 533	7,158 150 1,764 ...	24,044 1,033 2,182 979	421 ...	1,11,166 5,138 25,917 10,659
70,187	26,549	1,853	1,858	48	...	1,274	923	1,835	9,473	28,568	421	1,38,800
47,468 2,328 981	16,327 113 840	340 46 40	618 ...	83 ...	...	188 85 51	...	518 144 ...	457 46 75	9,914 406 27	93 ...	81,789 4,123 2,105
80,794	18,260	434	615	88	...	204	...	660	578	10,437	85	87,940
8,848 179 2,023 2,044 698 3,914	11,434 ...	284 130 108 50 75 96	...	...	...	57 ...	...	662 ...	2,130 38 ...	7,313 1,393 754 1,081 108 845	14 ...	35,578 2,329 4,746 5,888 2,816 14,164
10,336	28,571	118	300	211	80	168	...	1,210	6,436	12,621	14	68,995

[illegible]

Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1904—continued.

EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.

ADVANCES.

Rupees.

Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,29,840	73,740	100	25,100	2,975	30,765	55,905
2,03,580						2,40,615
64,073		(a) 9,380	2,751	4,165	22,145	(a) Includes Rs. 2,204 on account of the Dispensary Fund.
5,443		420			6,377	(b) Includes Rs. 271 on account of the Dispensary Fund.
11,500		(b) 1,320			12,463	(c) Includes Rs. 271 on account of the Dispensary Fund.
17,137		55			12,187	(d) Includes Rs. 1,178 on account of the Dispensary Fund.
7,515		(c) 415			9,008	(e) Includes Rs. 107 on account of the Dispensary Fund.
3,261		125			8,034	
		170			9,008	
					15,745	
1,22,430	2,035	12,361	15,473	16,401	1,37,354	
17,297		(d) 2,306	220	2,814	24,575	(d) Includes Rs. 1,178 on account of the Dispensary Fund.
12,533		(e) 103		1,402	14,263	(e) Includes an expenditure of Rs. C for other military requirements.
30,435		4,110	4,347	4,306	39,078	(f) Includes Rs. 107 on account of the Dispensary Fund.
34,125		(f) 12,351		12,375	43,995	(g) Includes Rs. 1,130 on account of the Dispensary Fund.
5,923		406	51	536	5,324	
10,501		(g) 280	113	25	1,007	
7,710		(h) 1,163		1,163	1,015	
5,900					415	
63,911		25	14,370	238	14,640	8,956
4,75,496		8,501	54,003	7,717	65,254	84,911
						6,31,051
27,231		2,344	611	2,355	6,787	35,115
5,940		323	132	216	2,112	11,489
21,433			1,307	1,307	2,391	25,090
57,205		2,027	1,550	5,877	11,230	74,703
11,234		65	430	36	753	2,025
50,225		4,578	2,047	1,277	8,000	6,180
5,255			415	508	954	804
60,280			2,465	1,823	5,924	6,970
1,30,000		4,578	55	5,764	2,959	15,254
						20,225
						1,07,150
1,73,003		9,501	(a) 25,151	1,421	40,056	26,553
5,021				254	254	2,025
22,306			(b) 2,216	1,511	2,545	4,007
12,443			2,276	135	2,409	12,004
2,00,078		9,501	30,794	2,000	26,264	47,130
						2,29,308
1,01,300		2,004	(c) 6,404	210	4,538	25,411
5,255			515	54	572	2,008
5,255			50	50	324	1,195
1,11,077		2,004	156	6,052	9,400	30,614
						1,46,150
23,120		2,330	5,748		2,323	14
5,255						1,316
11,073			1,450		1,450	217
5,255			2,070		2,070	227
5,255			740		740	548
27,444			1,787		1,787	2,511
						25,121
1,01,300		2,330	11,736	251	14,078	6,150
						1,26,100

* Includes Rs. 19 for other court requirements.

† Includes Rs. 613 for burning and bus ground charges.

(a) Includes Rs. 12,300 on account of dispensary Fund.

(b) Includes Rs. 127-15-6 on account of proceeds of suspended estate of viceroy years which was credited to Municipality and returned to Government under Chittoor-wastage Act.

(c) Includes Rs. 819 on account of dispensary Fund.

† Includes Rs. 1,515, the balance of dispensary Fund.

(d) Includes Rs. 1,213 on account of dispensary Fund.

Form No. III.—Statement showing the Expenditure of the Municipalities

1	2	3	4							5							6	
NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGE.							PUBLIC SAFETY.							PUBLIC	
			General Administration—Office establishment, inspection, Honorary Magistrate's establishment, &c.	Collection of taxes, including bonded warehouses, bonded paper, money-buses, repairs to outposts, &c.	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of land.	Refunds.	Pensions and gratuities.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire-engines, boats, repairs, &c.).	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, &c.).	Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, batons, &c., repairs to outposts).	Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Water-supply.		Drainage.	
															Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, &c.	Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, &c.
PATNA DIVISION—concluded.																		
Saran	122	Chapra	3,100	2,133	91	...	...	...	5,301	...	1,079	...	10	1,089	...	880	...	651
	123	Revelganj	860	737	...	...	...	...	1,788	...	453	...	75	568	...	75	...	76
	124	Siwan	980	944	...	...	...	...	1,944	...	873	...	...	873	...	879	...	772
		Total	4,940	3,814	91	...	...	...	8,993	...	2,414	...	75	2,020	...	1,813	...	1,504
Champaran	125	Motibari	71	80	...	...	...	...	1,331	...	1,134	...	16	1,315	...	880	...	187
	126	Bettiah	945	1,008	...	...	...	...	1,947	...	1,440	...	67	1,907	...	494	...	470
		Total	1,316	1,088	...	...	...	...	2,978	...	2,574	...	16	2,728	...	1,083	...	627
	Muzaffarpur	127	Muzaffarpur	3,901	3,434	24	...	5,459	17	8,177	177	45	3,616	...	399	...	2,931
128		Hajipur	984	1,000	...	...	...	...	1,977	...	844	70	...	914	...	55	...	...
129		Laganj	677	408	...	...	...	...	1,108	...	354	80	...	664	...	160	...	...
130		Sitamarhi	611	343	...	...	...	...	953	7	404	...	8	804	142	...	...	...
		Total	6,223	4,183	...	...	24	...	9,469	24	4,860	267	48	5,286	142	614	...	3,173
Darbhanga	131	Darbhanga	2,377	2,400	...	...	...	...	4,797	...	2,006	...	33	2,119	...	1,200	...	750
	132	Madhubani	836	807	...	...	...	...	1,643	16	474	74	...	504	...	184	...	108
	133	Rosera	573	350	...	...	...	...	1,123	...	119	15	...	134	...	64	...	70
	134	Somastipur	614	653	...	...	...	...	1,072	...	186	80	...	206	...	19	...	752
		Divisional Total	4,600	4,070	...	...	...	...	8,571	16	2,665	40	33	2,963	...	1,548	...	1,633
			20,917	26,115	91	226	161	477	70,504	56	30,476	3,971	176	31,907	806	9,831	2,986	24,921
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.																		
Monghyr	135	Monghyr	2,366	3,084	...	...	17	...	6,071	...	1,480	...	...	1,460	...	486	302	3,331
	136	Jamalganj	1,983	1,380	...	...	...	...	3,043	...	70	...	20	1,460	...	980	1,350	1,449
		Total	4,071	4,444	...	...	17	...	9,114	...	1,550	...	20	1,510	...	1,406	1,651	4,773
Bhagalpur	137	Bhagalpur	5,856	4,721	...	1,804	66	...	12,137	...	1,747	...	10	1,757	11,286	24,378	1,504	67
	138	Colgong	466	480	...	...	2	...	930	24	306	24	...	449	...	...	88	80
		Total	6,324	5,181	...	1,804	68	...	13,067	24	2,146	26	12	2,206	11,286	24,378	1,692	70
Farrukh	139	Farrukh	1,097	1,238	...	...	...	...	2,035	...	1,007	...	17	1,024	...	280	191	89
	140	Kishanganj	600	608	...	...	...	...	1,298	...	845	...	17	202	...	43	...	6
		Total	2,397	1,946	...	...	...	...	4,333	...	1,262	...	34	1,286	...	322	191	90
Aulda	141	English Bazar	1,361	679	...	...	...	...	1,940	...	608	...	20	712	...	100	184	1,19
	142	Old Malda	361	327	...	...	...	...	686	...	260	...	14	264	...	...	...	13
	143	Nawabganj	471	511	...	...	...	...	982	...	...	...	8	8	...	...	...	...
		Total	2,093	1,417	...	...	...	...	3,610	...	943	...	42	986	...	100	184	1,33
Santal Parganas	144	Deoghar	802	675	...	...	2	...	1,379	...	425	24	10	480	...	15	1,154	...
	145	Sahibganj	1,123	989	...	...	...	...	2,141	...	378	...	2	380	180	102	995	...
	146	Dumka	428	453	...	...	30	...	936	...	...	40	5	66	...	...	652	...
		Total	2,453	1,997	...	30	5	...	4,396	...	803	64	17	864	180	207	2,501	...
			17,311	14,875	...	2,110	80	...	34,843	24	6,683	89	128	6,901	11,436	26,410	6,519	7,60
ORISSA DIVISION.																		
Cuttack	147	Cuttack	2,325	3,060	76	9	...	...	5,470	68	3,194	...	108	3,288	...	607	...	1,64
	148	Jajpur	604	471	...	...	...	...	1,076	...	359	...	20	387	...	20	...	4
	149	Kendrapara	481	506	...	...	11	...	1,006	12	834	...	85	968	...	968	...	23
		Total	3,390	4,037	76	20	...	...	7,552	68	4,411	...	188	4,607	...	1,093	...	1,92
Balasore	150	Balasore	959	1,143	...	...	14	...	2,116	...	464	190	40	638	...	80	100	45
	151	Puri	2,194	2,461	...	...	2	...	4,697	...	2,078	...	10	2,689	...	1,140	...	3,90
			6,003	5,121	76	22	16	...	14,775	68	7,468	190	247	7,926	...	2,218	190	6,28

(*) Includes Rs. 1,932 on account.

USE AND CONVENIENCE.

Conservancy (including road-cleaning and watering) and latrines.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Vaccination.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Ponds.	Tuk bungalows and serais.	Arboretum, public gardens and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Public Works.				Total.
								Establishment.	Buildings.	Roads.	Stores.	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
15,464	9,670	444	2,735	1	2,417	...	...	468	41	4,893	...	38,744
2,561	1,337	165	...	...	109	46	...	14	9	304	...	4,736
5,623	2,017	129	128	25	66	...	...	135	604	1,972	34	9,943
21,667	13,024	739	2,863	26	2,592	46	...	617	714	7,359	34	53,473
...
2,840	4,133	119	108	...	...	190	...	...	78	3,682	203	12,174
6,519	6,364	160	152	...	...	...	...	60	86	4,832	...	19,058
9,369	10,503	279	260	...	...	190	...	60	164	6,514	205	31,232
...
29,451	5,861	233	87	70	...	809	...	628	1,279	13,468	3,330	57,573
1,959	1,453	121	...	...	...	...	...	421	817	2,439	...	7,665
1,279	20	127	44	4	...	...	...	163	33	1,963	1	3,716
1,616	1,658	118	605	...	...	...	...	249	25	4,625	...	8,941
22,967	9,802	599	626	74	...	899	...	1,361	2,145	22,270	2,340	77,676
...
12,496	7,067	300	190	52	...	...	902	2,679	478	8,743	695	35,333
1,697	4,363	49	347	54	...	...	...	95	977	1,726	...	9,499
1,028	1,445	60	29	10	...	...	...	239	40	497	19	3,628
1,598	2,147	69	30	...	...	...	...	300	165	437	...	5,464
16,997	14,946	467	586	116	...	...	902	3,313	1,665	11,403	914	54,594
2,21,613	1,18,818	4,467	7,119	559	2,616	2,666	1,636	9,126	20,500	1,00,221	5,020	5,27,919
...
19,997	9,446	436	390	...	...	756	262	1,134	53	6,715	...	43,510
8,942	474	422	474	...	...	...	...	1,383	...	3,359	99	16,752
23,239	9,920	858	864	...	...	758	262	2,517	53	10,605	80	62,065
...
21,667	(b) 7,308	381	146	238	...	670	...	1,784	348	11,629	172	62,101
1,345	(c) 1,381	5	...	19	32	54	...	220	56	507	9	3,702
22,932	8,689	386	146	257	32	724	...	2,004	444	12,635	151	65,803
...
6,558	5,718	171	50	1	...	25	...	1,547	4,872	3,675	18	23,974
1,072	7,944	145	29	...	...	...	...	180	1,569	779	...	12,235
7,060	18,802	310	79	1	...	28	...	1,737	6,661	4,445	18	30,209
...
9,220	(d) 4,601	161	93	...	...	...	...	348	...	1,987	11	14,994
467	685	27	...	...	...	...	...	42	...	252	...	1,585
614	714	25	...	...	...	...	...	256	172	1,183	47	3,010
7,801	6,070	212	93	...	...	...	...	640	173	3,421	58	19,669
...
3,827	1,215	82	...	...	...	...	...	655	79	2,070	...	9,097
7,518	1,467	37	240	28	...	...	...	...	20	2,190	...	12,970
2,339	800	30	...	...	...	...	26	...	2	821	...	4,161
18,676	2,008	189	240	25	...	...	26	655	101	5,061	...	20,218
50,407	41,343	1,962	1,422	283	32	1,807	288	7,649	7,631	85,047	346	2,29,884
...
22,745	2,672	467	538	192	...	53	377	1,215	...	9,145	25	30,878
2,572	1,067	93	30	...	...	...	...	72	108	470	9	4,127
1,607	1,865	73	92	95	...	98	...	90	603	1,253	...	5,793
26,967	5,236	603	660	267	...	151	377	1,377	711	10,508	32	49,798
...
2,655	4,368	101	147	90	...	79	...	469	...	3,537	...	15,068
17,468	(e) 14,170	115	1,748	221	...	...	...	612	363	7,419	...	47,315
49,270	22,715	619	2,855	696	...	230	377	2,458	1,104	22,124	32	1,12,184

7				8		9									
PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CONTRIBUTIONS.		MISCELLANEOUS.									
Schools and colleges.	Contributions.	Libraries, museums, &c.	Total.	For general purposes.	Interest on loans.		Actual cost of works done for private individuals.	Other items (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).						Total.	
					Interest due on account of previous year.	Interest due on account of current year.		Printing.	Law charges.	Proctorial Fees.	Charges on account of plague.	Miscellaneous.			
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
3,187 627 868	120	...	3,187 627 868	28	580 120 131	215 7 11	121 24 20	...	961 145 8	128 145 8	1,261 1,271 174	
4,123	120	...	4,243	...	...	...	22	612	231	100	961	204	2,447
979 977	400	...	1,142 977	...	...	...	196	244 808	2 2	22 22	79 20	218 60	771 617
1,206	400	...	1,606	...	...	...	196	730	5	64	100	206	1,206
1,450	300	...	1,750	...	...	2,454	...	500	304	100	1,003	220	5,400
...	425	...	425	...	...	...	...	...	4	20	...	250	204
...	466	...	466	...	...	...	...	125	7	19	109	20	229
...	1,374	...	1,374	...	...	...	...	231	...	19	...	20	275
1,450	2,407	...	3,857	...	...	2,454	...	800	300	204	1,112	608	5,006
1,703	...	...	1,703	...	...	231	104	400	464	100	...	270	1,261
...	641	...	641	...	...	...	...	97	...	15	...	121	235
...	306	...	306	...	...	...	...	117	...	30	...	74	214
1,477	161	...	1,638	...	76	...	...	254	...	64	...	173	261
5,110	1,197	...	6,307	...	76	...	261	124	230	444	260	700	2,700		
16,807	14,406	400	31,613	1,206	...	20,841	1,061	3,200	2,540	1,234	26,548	4,006	68,073		
2,796	...	...	2,796	...	...	114	...	515	775	121	1,079	2,608	7,328
...	573	...	573	...	...	123	...	220	120	120	506	908	2,165
2,796	573	...	3,371	...	...	206	...	608	913	264	6,006	2,406	2,266
...	2,444	...	2,444	257	...	11,400	3	720	1,401	316	2,801	2,508	20,443		
...	319	...	319	...	...	...	...	97	15	26	...	79	140
...	2,708	...	2,708	257	...	11,400	3	606	1,407	206	2,801	2,004	20,421		
...	600	...	600	...	...	206	...	224	100	70	...	90	621
...	524	...	524	...	...	...	...	125	61	19	...	7	213
...	1,104	...	1,104	...	...	226	...	240	200	95	...	100	1,003
...	404	...	404	...	...	...	...	125	20	45	...	214	729
...	500	...	500	...	...	...	...	24	21	25	1	11	144
...	545	...	545	...	...	...	...	...	18	24	...	206	629
...	1,809	...	1,809	...	...	...	3	102	102	24	1	1,001	1,400
...	600	...	600	2,500	...	...	...	23	60	45	41	202	576
...	707	...	707	...	...	...	...	140	1,128	26	70	20	1,400
...	140	...	140	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	10
...	1,000	...	1,000	2,000	...	...	...	201	1,123	70	111	414	1,265
2,796	7,406	...	10,202	2,797	...	11,921	60	2,245	2,906	674	7,200	7,001	24,408		
...	1,227	...	1,227	2,761	...	...	34	600	121	120	2	277	1,241
...	626	...	626	...	...	...	...	25	...	20	...	65	210
...	720	...	720	...	...	...	...	25	...	24	...	1	121
...	2,723	...	2,723	2,761	...	...	24	256	121	120	2	405	1,003
...	627	...	627	...	...	...	24	200	15	20	...	140	603
...	1,200	...	1,200	...	...	...	972	400	127	120	...	220	1,246
...	4,770	...	4,770	2,761	...	...	1,072	1,400	270	240	2	200	4,120

Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1905.

3)	10										11	12	13
EXTRAORDINARY AND UNST.													
Total expenditure.	Investments.		Payments to Sinking Funds.	Provision fund withdrawals.	Repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.	Closing balance.	Grand Total.	REMARKS.	
	In securities (other than for Sinking Funds).	In Savings Banks.				Permanent.	Other.						
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
10,979	354	723	1,075	33,547	84,534	† Includes Rs. 588 on account of repairs and construction of wells.		
8,911	604	...	604	2,331	11,846			
19,901	453	...	453	7,481	20,838			
71,784	1,499	723	2,132	43,359	1,17,275			
18,664	3,871	671	4,542	4,604	56,103			
23,606	4,965	...	4,965	5,049	34,019			
40,170	8,790	671	9,467	10,544	69,121			
73,178	1,073	100	9,146	1,097	12,545	15,435	1,01,438		
11,887	20	540	159	9,480	21,517			
6,011	380	204	584	8,157			
11,989	274	6,133	1,021	7,418	1,632	20,932		
1,02,486	1,073	394	16,414	3,044	21,659	2,607	1,52,664		
46,493	4,081	50	(d) 10,145	641	15,540	10,189	79,161	(d) Includes Rs. 813 on account of the Dispensary Fund.	
12,609	4,240	...	4,240	2,806	19,695		
2,381	701	50	751	9	6,147		
8,706	1,221	189	1,410	4,575	14,671	§ Includes Rs. 1,138 as balance of Dispensary Fund.	
73,010	4,081	50	16,379	589	21,949	17,678	1,12,494		
1,99,776	21,429	659	1,00,155	9,325	1,31,605	1,55,539	1,04,891		
60,869	2,945	...	1,174	831	4,072	9,722	75,256		
24,610	675	...	900	129	1,095	4,554	30,805		
85,478	3,343	...	1,474	951	5,767	13,476	1,00,221		
1,19,129	2,000	...	7,115	...	(e) 24,708	1,325	35,170	23,633	1,77,941	(a) Includes Rs. 10,052 on account of the Dispensary Fund.	
8,558	146	97	243	620	9,311		
1,94,687	2,000	...	7,115	...	24,848	1,423	35,122	24,222	1,84,831		
39,514	609	...	25	299	734	6,585	36,833	(b) Includes Rs. 224 on account of other sanitary requirements.	
14,537	640	387	1,027	1,332	16,779		
44,045	609	...	665	587	1,761	7,517	63,623		
18,774	60	4,104	113	4,267	8,791	31,892	(c) Includes Rs. 171 on account of other sanitary requirements.	
3,143	60	147	...	117	2,013	5,303		
6,908	300	350	1,646	6,594		
26,885	100	4,251	415	4,766	12,441	44,029	(d) Includes Rs. 104 on account of other sanitary requirements.	
14,573	(e) 2,091	...	2,091	4,220	21,434		
17,669	1,230	583	1,813	679	20,679		
6,993	658	...	658	3,246	9,097	(e) Includes Rs. 1,354 on account of the Dispensary Fund.	
37,554	4,479	583	5,061	8,055	50,670		
3,18,838	2,000	...	11,073	100	36,717	3,936	69,773	66,510	4,07,874		
54,139	19,083	2,500	5,565	2,405	62,192	* Includes Rs. 387 as charges for the prevention of epidemic diseases.	
6,403	570	85	655	7,29	7,827		
9,907	336	94	430	3,611	13,910		
69,604	3,663	2,689	6,352	7,005	82,961	† Includes Rs. 1,537 on account of the Dispensary Fund.	
19,936	14,972	70	4,042	161	24,429		
37,497	60	14,392	938	7,380	12,068	77,163		
1,46,237	50	15,037	3,697	18,774	18,341	1,84,553	§ Includes Rs. 1,401 on account of the Dispensary Fund.	

and charges for other sanitary requirements.

Form No. III.—Statement showing the Expenditure of the Municipalities

		GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES.										PUBLIC SAFETY.				PUBLIC HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE.			
NAME OF DISTRICT.		Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	General Administration—Office establishment, inspection, honorary Magistrates' establishments, &c.	Collection of taxes, including bonded warehouses (establishment, purchase of account books and paper, money-boxes, repairs to outposts, &c.).	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of land.	Refunds.	Pensions and gratuities.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire-engines, buckets, repairs, &c.).	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, &c.).	Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, &c., repairs to outposts).	Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Water-supply.	Drainage.		
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
CHOTA NAAGPUR DIVISION.																			
Hazaribagh	{	182	Hazaribagh	750	921	..	1,505	50	..	3,228	..	308	110	7*	518	..	210	..	
		183	Chottra	591	591	..	..	..	..	1,182	..	73	73	..	198	..	..	7
		184	Girdih	740	708	..	21	..	..	1,475	..	17	..	..	82	..	..	20
			Total	2,087	2,220	..	1,526	50	..	5,883	..	485	179	12	667	..	414	89	36
Ranchi	{	185	Ranchi	1,314	2,104	..	..	1	..	3,421	..	1,472	180	92	1,664	431	9	1,07
		186	Lohardaga	445	470	..	..	..	..	913	..	95	..	..	95	..	40	14
			Total	1,761	2,574	..	..	1	..	4,336	..	1,567	180	92	1,759	431	49	1,21
Palamu	..	157	Dallongaj	602	247	..	..	..	..	850	..	479	..	..	479	..	518	..
Manbhum	{	158	Purulia	1,158	1,317	..	..	17	..	2,522	..	1,114	105	48	1,267	..	148	1,30
		159	Jharia	329	314	..	..	..	..	642	..	..	29	..	118	..	..	..
		160	Raghunathpur	291	134	..	..	..	..	355	..	40	..	1	41	..	..	..
			Total	1,777	1,755	17	..	3,489	..	1,154	134	49	1,317	118	148	1,320	1,30
Singbhum	..	161	Churba	786	993	..	..	..	..	1,779	..	316	12	10	338	..	364	..
			Divisional Total	6,051	7,839	..	1,526	68	..	13,876	..	4,001	416	163	4,580	552	1,484	1,400	2,38
			GRAND TOTAL FOR 1904-05	2,28,691	2,62,445	1,022	1,436	4,194	987	4,47,349	3,1276	13,835	18,675	2,067	3,84,802	97,991	2,16,204	66,412	1,35,1

PUBLIC HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE—concluded.

Sewerage (including road-cleaning and watering) and latrines.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Vaccination.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Pounds.	Parks, playgrounds and sports.	Agriculture, public gardens, and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Public Works.				Total.
								Establishment.	Buildings.	Roads.	Stores.	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
7,882	7,885	130	175	...	...	11	...	...	168	177	5	15,710
1,607	1,473	72	30	15	...	...	...	156	40	333	19	4,020
2,000	...	31	164	19	...	...	...	237	...	412	10	3,241
11,055	8,858	223	367	28	...	11	...	393	208	952	34	22,579
11,846	6,103	144	1,573	214	97	1	...	729	312	3,224	17	27,791
1,016	631	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	73	...	...	3,084
12,862	6,734	203	1,573	214	97	15	...	853	285	3,229	17	34,169
3,947	360	96	628	40	...	122	129	...	225	1,395	...	7,156
7,161	6,731	120	569	...	...	...	...	769	797	1,842	16	2,371
623	817	6	122	...	183	...	...	...	...	754	...	2,110
674	915	61	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	1,716
8,460	8,625	241	721	...	186	...	...	569	797	2,111	16	24,551
2,438	3,316	107	357	124	789	...	...	221	160	812	...	8,232
35,704	27,913	810	3,929	415	167	148	139	2,695	1,675	11,418	67	64,129
13,00,642	5,03,069	21,795	43,630	1,169	4,463	2,800	5,181	59,149	84,709	8,39,123	8,813	31,93,031

7				8				9						
PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CONTRIBUTIONS.				MISCELLANEOUS.						
Schools and colleges.	Contributions.	Libraries, museums, &c.	Total.	For general purposes.	Interest on Loans.		Actual cost of work done for private individuals.	Other items (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).						Total.
					Interest due on account of previous years.	Interest due on account of current year.		Printing charges.	Law charges.	Provident Fund.	Plaque charges.	Miscellaneous.		
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...	370	...	390	...	...	...	...	211	16	53	...	62	338
...	229	...	229	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	224	239
...	250	...	250	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	414	103	496
...	872	...	872	...	...	...	...	227	10	80	474	289	1,123
...	522	20	551	120	...	...	...	274	101	70	...	2862	701
...	108	...	108	...	...	...	...	78	82	17	...	21	206
...	690	29	719	120	...	...	...	320	128	87	...	817	907
...	145	...	145	...	...	...	43	144	44	22	40	45	337
...	574	...	574	...	...	...	...	420	49	29	...	286	830
...	175	...	175	...	...	...	...	80	...	13	...	17	9
...	192	...	192	...	...	...	...	31	12	30	...	6	69
...	841	...	841	...	...	...	...	526	101	62	...	308	694
...	310	...	310	...	...	...	...	80	...	18	...	45	146
...	2,958	29	2,987	120	...	...	42	1,220	289	269	484	1,118	3,511
03,717	86,828	1,777	1,02,302	13,630	...	...	...	38,261	28,140	10,808	41,480	76,474	3,46,701

Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1905.

(a)	10								11	12	13				
EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.															
Total Expenditure.	Investments.		In securities other than for Sinking Funds.	In Savings Banks.	Payments to Sinking Funds.	Provident fund withdrawals.	Repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.	Closing balance.	Grand Total.	REMARKS.	
								Permanent.	Other.						
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
20,176	7,948†	453	8,401	680	30,287		* Includes Rs. 17 on account of charge for training of native dāks and Rs. 120 for contribution towards the pay of a lady doctor.	
8,766	40	466	206	2,478	8,464			
5,333	30	192	232	963	6,797			
31,594	30	5,018	811	3,569	4,115	44,499		
34,188	1,543	2,377	3,919	5,377	43,384		† Includes Rs. 3,581 paid to the District Fund.	
4,433	333	...	236	568	5,253			
38,640	1,777	2,377	4,154	5,943	48,637		‡ Includes Rs. 63 on account of the cost of revision of assessment. § Includes Rs. 1,153 on account of the Dispensary Fund.	
9,303	1,346	959	2,301	2,533	14,042			
35,564	3,683	347	4,005	8,396	37,967		Deposits Rs. 534 Claims— Advances recoverable 1,339 Net amount of claims 753	
3,368	306	206	2,977	6,548			
9,377	1,909	4,396			
31,316	3,688	553	4,211	13,284	48,811			
10,416	10	485	435	3,773	14,632			
1,91,903	30	14,712	5,118	19,860	36,547	1,70,610		
18,34,702	1,500	...	5,750	...	...	1,24,500	2,533	7,54,369	89,945	9,88,636	9,38,290	67,31,637		Deposits Rs. 79 Claims— Advances recoverable 86 Net amount of claims 65

RESOLUTION REVIEWING THE REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE CALCUTTA MUNICIPALITY FOR THE YEAR 1904-05.

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT—MUNICIPAL.

Calcutta, the 27th March 1906.

RESOLUTION No. 1369M.

READ—

The report of the Chairman of the Calcutta Corporation on the Administration of the Municipality for the year 1904-05.

Read also—

The reviews of the report recorded by the Corporation and the General Committee. The Resolution of this Government reviewing the Chairman's Report for the year 1903-04.

The Chairman's Report on the Municipal Administration of Calcutta is due to Government with the review by the Corporation on the 1st July, but this year it was not received until the 14th September, while the review did not reach the Secretariat until the 16th March 1906.

2. The present report is a record of sustained progress in all departments of the administration and of the zealous discharge of onerous duties on the part both of the Municipal Commissioners and of their executive officers. The average attendance at meetings of the Corporation was slightly less than in the previous year, but the number of such meetings rose from 30 to 44. The General Committee met as usual about once a week. There was a marked increase in the number of Special Committees of the Corporation, and they held in all 164 meetings against only 89 in 1903-04. The Sub-Committees of the General Committee, however, held only 125 meetings compared with 170 in the previous year. Standing, Special and Sub-Committees have as yet been appointed only for the more important branches of the municipal administration, such as water-supply, drainage, markets, public squares and the like. They are reported to have done excellent work; and the Lieutenant-Governor is glad to learn that the system has been extended since the close of the year. It is desirable, alike in the interests of efficiency and despatch, that all matters should, in the first instance, be dealt with by small Standing Committees, instead of first going before the whole Corporation, or the General Committee, and then, as now frequently happens, being referred to Committees appointed *ad hoc*.

3. *District system.*—The decentralisation of work by the division of the town into four districts has made considerable progress. Each district has now been equipped with an amalgamated Engineering and Conservancy Department under a District Engineer, a Building Department under a Building Surveyor, and a Health Department under a Health Officer. Mr. Greer inaugurated the District Councils; but they ceased to meet during the year 1904-05. They had not legal existence or powers; and this was probably why the system did not work satisfactorily. Mr. Greer saw this defect, and proposed a scheme for giving them definite legal status. The scheme, however, did not seem to commend itself to the public; and Mr. Greer's ill health prevented him from pressing the matter. During the current year the Corporation has appointed District Special Committees under section 96 of the Act. These meet regularly; and the system as thus modified seems to be working well. It must be tried for a longer period, however, before a definite opinion can be pronounced. It would be interesting if, in future reports, figures were given showing for each district separately the demand, collections, remissions and balances and the expenditure incurred under the different heads of account. The statistics collected by the Health Department are already shown separately.

4. *Assessment*—The gross assessed valuation of the town slightly exceeded 268 lakhs, or about 20 lakhs more than in the previous year. The

valuation of all municipal properties was included for the first time; but even after deducting this and a few similar items, the increase still exceeds 13½ lakhs, or far more than in any previous year. The average annual increment during the last decade has been rather more than five lakhs. The work of revision appears to have been well done, and objections were preferred for less than half the amount by which the previous valuations were enhanced. The objections received were dealt with promptly, and the result of subsequent appeals to the Courts would seem to show that the orders passed on them were generally equitable. In their review of the Chairman's report, however, the Corporation express dissatisfaction with the existing methods of assessment, and ask for the appointment of a special Commission to examine the whole question with a view to the amendment of the Act. They also indicate six particular points in which, in their opinion, the Act requires amendment. The Lieutenant-Governor is unable to hold out any hopes of the appointment of such a Commission or of the early amendment of the Act; but the recommendations of the Corporation will be fully considered when the Act next comes before the Legislature for revision. Meanwhile His Honour sees no reason why notice of increased assessment should not under the existing law be given to the occupier as well as to the owner, or why the notice should not contain a complete statement of the grounds upon which the increase is based. The Chairman will be asked to see that this is done in future.

5. *Collection of taxes.*—No less than 99·4 per cent. of the net demand was collected within the year. The improvement in this other respect has been continuous ever since the present Municipal Act came into force. The Lieutenant-Governor has much pleasure in endorsing the approval which the Corporation has given to the work of the Collector's Department.

6. *Income and Expenditure.*—The total income of the year, excluding loans, exceeded the expenditure by about 2 lakhs. The receipts were better than had been estimated by rather more than 2½ lakhs, while the expenditure was less than the estimate by about the same amount. The expenditure has gone up 22 per cent. in the last four years. Much of this has been due to the introduction of necessary reforms, which have added greatly to the efficiency of the work; but, in view of the operations of the Improvement Trust, it is important that the Corporation should, as far as possible, avoid committing themselves to any further material increase in recurring expenditure during the next few years.

7. *Loan Funds.*—During the last three years the Corporation have borrowed 90 lakhs, and their net indebtedness, or the excess of their loans over the amount to their credit in the sinking funds, has risen by about 60 lakhs. Their borrowing capacity has diminished by 21½ lakhs; but they can still borrow more than a crore before reaching the statutory limit. The consolidated rate moreover is still levied at a rate considerably below the maximum allowed by law. Their financial position is thus thoroughly sound; and the public appreciation of this fact is shown by the success attending the flotation of their last 4 per cent. debenture loan, which was issued at a premium of 1 per cent. At the same time, in view of the liabilities which the Corporation will incur in connection with the Improvement Scheme, it is essential that all new projects for Capital expenditure should be very closely scrutinized; and the Corporation have, therefore, been requested to postpone all street improvements from loan funds except those already in progress. They have also been requested to discontinue the practice of diverting loan funds which have been raised with the sanction of Government for particular works to other works which have not been so sanctioned; more than 2½ lakhs was spent from loan funds on unsanctioned works in 1904-05. There has also, in the past, been a tendency to debit Capital with expenditure which ought to be charged against Revenue, and the report of the Auditors on the accounts for the year under review discloses in this respect a state of affairs which can only be described as very unsatisfactory. The whole of the continuous water supply establishment and expenses has again been charged to Capital, although under section 105 of the Calcutta Municipal Act such expenditure should clearly have been met from Revenue. One-third of the cost of the general establishment and expenditure

and of the Chief Engineer and his establishment has been debited to Capital, which has thus been saddled with more than a lakh of rupees, or nearly four times the average of the previous five years. On the other side of the accounts the whole of the proceeds from the sale of surplus lands in Lansdowne Road has been credited to Revenue and not merely the profits on the transaction. The Auditors object to this; but the explanation was probably unknown to them, namely, that the acquisition of land for this road was originally paid for from revenue not from capital. The sale proceeds were therefore credited to revenue, in accordance with an opinion recently received from the Advocate-General.

8. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to find that in reviewing the Chairman's report the Corporation have condemned the existing practice in this respect. It is possible that reasons may be adduced in support of the procedure which has been followed; but His Honour is constrained to say that *prima facie* it appears to be very unwise. The point of view from which this important question should be regarded is not so much whether the expenditure can fairly be considered as debitable to Capital, though even on this point the procedure adopted is in some cases incorrect, but rather whether the charges are of such a character as to justify their being met from loans fund, thereby increasing the indebtedness of the Corporation and hypothecating the income of future years. The principle of borrowing money to carry out large schemes which will benefit not only the present generation but also its successors is, of course, perfectly sound. On the other hand it is equally clear that the greater the indebtedness of the Corporation the more difficult it will be to carry on the administration satisfactorily in the future; and for this reason alone, as much of the expenditure as possible should be met from current revenue. Moreover, if the revenue head is relieved of charges which it would otherwise have to incur by debiting them to Capital, or is inflated by crediting it with fortuitous receipts such as the sale-proceeds of waste lands, there will undoubtedly be a tendency for the Corporation to increase their recurring expenditure in other directions. It will thus become difficult for them hereafter to meet their obligations on account of the charges of which the revenue head is now being relieved at the expense of Capital or which are now being met by means of casual receipts. At the present time the impending improvement scheme makes it specially necessary to be cautious in this matter of finance; and the Lieutenant-Governor thinks therefore that the Corporation should carefully and even anxiously consider how far they should meet from their current revenue the charges on account of their permanent establishment; the expenses in connection with the maintenance of the continuous water-supply; the expenditure on advertisements, stamps and commission in connection with the raising of loans; and also the expenditure on petty improvements, the cost of which does not exceed at least 1,000 rupees. His Honour is also of opinion that it would be politic to follow the procedure in vogue prior to 1903-04 in respect of the sale-proceeds of waste lands and to credit the whole of such receipts to the Capital account.

The changes in the law as regards the debiting of certain charges to loan funds suggested by the Corporation in paragraph 8 of their review will be considered when the Act next comes under amendment.

9. *Accounts*.—A qualified Chief Accountant on adequate pay has been appointed with effect from the 1st April 1905, and it is said that the accounts have now been brought up to date and that a detailed audit of income has been instituted. The Auditors, however, have submitted their report on the accounts for the year under review; and although it shows that, in the actual book-keeping, there has been very great improvement, some of the worst defects of system brought to notice in the previous year are still apparent. This report was not received, it is said, in final form until October last. It is still under consideration of the General Committee. The Lieutenant-Governor awaits information as to how it is being dealt with.

10. Another matter calling for action is the necessity of overhauling the stock of all kinds with a view to the elimination of the large discrepancies which were brought to notice by the Auditors in their report for the previous year. The Lieutenant-Governor is informed that since last October

a special staff of the Licensed Measurers' Department of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce has been employed in taking stock of all the stores belonging to the Corporation, and that the work is now almost completed. It is imperative that, after a careful stock-taking, a proper system of registering all issues and receipts should be introduced.

The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to notice that the expenditure in excess of budget grants was less than Rs. 9,000 against nearly one lakh and a quarter in 1903-04. and that adequate arrangements have been made to prevent a repetition of the circumstances under which, early in the year under review, the Corporation suddenly ran short of funds and was compelled to raise a temporary loan of five lakhs.

11. *Drainage Scheme.*—The large drainage operations on which the Corporation have been engaged for some years past are now within measurable distance of completion. Although all these works are usually referred to as the suburban drainage scheme, some of them are provided for the benefit of the town proper, i.e., the area west and north of the Lower Circular Road. To this category belong the new engines at Palmer's Bridge the installation of which was completed in June 1904. The sewage from this pumping station now passes through the new town high level sewer to the combined town and suburban sewage channel, and thence by the suburban storm-water and sewage outfall reservoir and the Byntolla sluice into the Bidyadhari river. Good progress has been made with the town storm-water outfall reservoir which is designed to hold 52 million cubic feet; and though not quite complete, it has already been brought into use. At present its only exit is through the Makalpotta sluice, which was completed last May, but a second sluice at Byntolla will also shortly be brought into operation.

12. The suburban drainage scheme proper has also been pushed on vigorously. Out of a sanctioned length of 39,136 feet of main sewers, less than one-fifth remained to be constructed at the close of the year. Of a sanctioned length of 129,683 feet of branch sewers, about one-fourth was constructed during the year; but nearly one-half still remains to be built. All the main sewers converge on the Ballygunge Pumping Station, by which the sewage is raised to the suburban high level sewer. Most of the work on this station has been completed, and it is expected that it will be ready very shortly. From this point the sewage will be carried eastwards in the suburban high level sewer to the point of junction with the town high level sewer. Reflux gates were completed during the year at the point where the combined town and suburban sewage channel discharges into the suburban storm-water and sewage outfall reservoir, so as to prevent the back-flow of the sewage to Ballygunge.

13. The suburban area is divided into two parts of unequal size by Tolly's Nala. East of the Nala parts of two main and many branch sewers have still to be constructed. West of it the sewers were all completed some time ago; and the Budge-Budge Pumping Station, by which the sewage of the low-lying land in the neighbourhood of the Docks at the western extremity of the system is lifted, was begun and practically completed within the year. But while the sewers east of the Nala can be brought into use as soon as the Ballygunge Pumping Station is finished, those to the west of it cannot be utilized until certain lengths of sewer which collapsed have been reconstructed and some means of transferring the sewage across the Nala has been provided. It was intended to do this by means of a syphon. The work was undertaken by a firm of contractors, but unexpected difficulties were met with, chiefly owing to the nature of the soil; and eventually the attempt was abandoned. The dispute which resulted was referred to an arbitrator, who decided that the contract for the work should be determined, that the contractors should retain the money already paid to them (Rs. 34,450-15-10), and that the Corporation should not be liable for any further sum. It now rests with the Corporation to prepare a new project and to carry it through at the earliest possible date. The matter is one of great urgency; and no time should be lost in pushing it to a successful issue. Until some arrangement is completed for carrying the sewage across the Nala, the whole of the sewers to the west of it are useless;

and the money expended on them is bringing no return. With this single, but most important, exception the progress made with the scheme during the year was very satisfactory and reflects credit on the staff responsible for it.

14. *Water-supply.*—The average consumption of filtered and unfiltered water per head during the year was 21·7 and 22·5 gallons, respectively. The consumption of filtered water was about the same as in the previous year, while that of unfiltered water showed a considerable diminution. During the hot weather the supply of filtered water was insufficient in many quarters of the town. New machinery has since been erected at a cost of one lakh of rupees to put pressure on the main at Palta, and so increase the daily supply by about six million gallons.

Owing to the short supply of filtered water, the work of replacing the intermittent by a continuous supply was in abeyance from March till October and was only resumed at the beginning of the cold weather. At the close of the year the population under continuous supply was 304,305—an increase of 93,417 on the figures of 1903-04. The continuous supply should have been extended to the whole city by the 1st April 1905; but the Corporation have applied for and obtained an extension of two years.

With the additional water now available, more rapid progress should be made in the extension of the continuous system. Every effort should be made by the Corporation to fulfil their engagements to supply water to some of the Suburban Municipalities. Their failure to do so in the past has been productive of great inconvenience and hardship to the inhabitants of the Municipalities concerned. The average consumption per head in the area under constant supply varied from 28·1 gallons in July to 24·6 gallons in January. Even the latter figure is above the average consumption per head in the whole town; but it must be remembered that the immediate effect of the introduction of a continuous supply into a new area is a great increase in consumption owing to the waste which takes place. This is especially the case where the pressure is insufficient to make the supply continuous—in fact as well as name—and taps are left open to make sure of getting water when it comes.

The only actual breakdown in the supply occurred in February 1905, when the mains laid in the Kidderpore Docks were broken by a passing steamer. A temporary main was laid across the swing bridge; and the Water-works Department deserves great credit for the promptitude with which the supply was restored.

15. The condition of the pumps at Mallik's Ghat Pumping Station continued to cause trouble in connection with the unfiltered water-supply. A larger trunk main is being provided along the Strand Road. This will improve the pressure in the northern wards; while the new main across the Maidan, which will link up the Waugunge and Mallik's Ghat Pumping Station, will relieve the latter considerably. One hundred and thirty-one privy connections were transferred from the filtered to the unfiltered mains, making a total up to date of 1,664.

16. The Corporation have now before them a scheme for distributing filtered water by gravitation from one central reservoir instead of by direct pumping into the mains from four separate pumping stations. It is proposed to erect at Talla a large reservoir capable of holding nine million gallons and to construct an aqueduct from Palta to Talla. The scheme was originally estimated to cost about 85 lakhs of rupees; and it was claimed that sufficient water would be provided by it to enable the use of unfiltered water to be discontinued altogether; but the Lieutenant-Governor understands that it has been considerably modified, and that the estimate has been greatly reduced. His Honour would like to have a clear report as to how the case now stands. The expediency of abandoning a system which is already in use and embarking on a new and costly project at a time when an expensive improvement scheme is contemplated, is a question that demands and will no doubt receive most careful examination at the hands of the Corporation.

17. *Basti Improvement and Building Report.*—The Corporation were compelled during the year to stay their hand in acquiring *bastis*, pending the decision of an appeal against an adverse ruling of the Special Judge

regarding the method of assessing compensation. Standard plans were, however, prepared for the improvement of a large number of *bastis* by their owners; and in ten improvements in accordance with these plans were actually made. The demolition of plague-infected huts was checked owing partly to the high awards made by the Courts to the owners and partly to the fact that no satisfactory arrangements have yet been devised for housing the evicted population. In the absence of such arrangements, demolition may do more harm than good, since it must merely lead to the occupants seeking shelter in other *bastis* and so increasing the overcrowding there.

The Building Department dealt with a large number of applications, and there was some improvement in the despatch of business, but in this respect much is still to be desired.

18. *Public Health and Sanitation.*—The Departmental Report of the Health Officer is full of interest. The reported birth-rate of 17.9 per mille, though higher than in any previous year, is still admittedly inaccurate; even after allowing for the great deficiency of females in the town, the true birth-rate is probably not far short of 30 per mille. The employment of an improved reporting agency in District No. 1 produced an increase of 50 per cent. over the figures for previous years; and there can be little doubt as to the desirability of introducing a similar reform in other districts also. Thanks to the diminished prevalence of plague, the reported death-rate, which is very nearly accurate, was only 32.2 per mille, or less than in any year since plague first broke out and considerably below the estimated death-rate for Bengal as a whole. The relative healthiness of Calcutta is ascribed to its comparative freedom from malarial fever. The mortality recorded from bowel-complaints was the lowest of any year in the decade. It will doubtless be still further reduced with the extension of the filtered water-supply in the suburban tracts, where the death-rate from this cause is considerably higher than it is in the heart of the town. The number of plague deaths fell to 4,689, or less than three-fifths of that in 1903; but there has unfortunately been a recrudescence of the disease in the current year. Its virulence as usual was greatest in the Northern Division. It is said that the people are beginning to appreciate the work done by the Plague Department. Medical Officers report cases more freely and applications for disinfection are becoming more common. The officers of the special plague department have as usual rendered excellent service. They now enquire into the causes of all deaths reported.

19. The remarks of the Health Officer regarding tuberculosis, which now accounts for 8 per cent. of the total mortality, deserve careful consideration. It is largely a disease of crowded rooms; and the prevention of overcrowding is one of the most difficult problems that the Improvement Trust will have to face. Tetanus, which is due almost entirely to bad midwifery, is another fertile source of preventible mortality. Dr. Cook lays stress on the importance of bringing home to the people a few simple principles connected with the prevention of infectious diseases, and points out that this is a matter which depends very largely on the example set by the educated classes. Possibly something could be done by the distribution of leaflets, such as those recently prepared by the Sanitary Department on the care of children and the treatment of plague, etc.

There was a marked improvement during the year in vaccination work, both in the number of operations and in the substitution of glycerinated lymph for the old method of arm-to-arm vaccination. Frequent examinations were made of the filtered water-supply, which, on the whole, gave excellent results, though bacteria of the colon group were still present in relatively large numbers. A large amount of useful work was done by the Sanitary and Food Inspectors. The most important problem in respect of the food-supply now awaiting solution is the improvement of the quality of the milk sold in Calcutta. This is at present most unsatisfactory. Some steps have already been taken to improve the condition of certain dairies, but very much still remains to be done.

20. It is not possible within the limits of this Resolution to deal with more than a few of the many departments of municipal activity; nor can

the numerous recommendations made in the review submitted by the Corporation be referred to in detail. Many of the criticisms it contains are thoroughly justified, and all deserve, and will no doubt receive, the serious attention of the executive. What is said in the review with regard to such important matters as conservancy, road repairs, and lighting is especially worthy of notice; and the Lieutenant-Governor has no doubt that where real defects have been pointed out, the officers responsible will do their utmost to effect an improvement, and that they will receive the cordial co-operation of the whole body of the Commissioners. His Honour cannot endorse the charge of want of interest which the Corporation has brought against those of its own members who are nominated by Government or by public bodies; but he gladly acknowledges the devotion and energy which many of the Commissioners, both elected and nominated, have displayed. The excellent results which may be obtained when the Commissioners themselves take an active part in the municipal business are nowhere more evident than in the admirable management of the municipal markets by a Committee which is ably presided over by a nominated Commissioner.

21. Mr. C. G. H. Allen acted as Chairman from the commencement of the year until the return from leave, on the 15th November 1904, of Mr. R. T. Greer, the permanent incumbent, who held charge for the remaining months. Mr. H. P. Duval was Deputy Chairman up to the 27th October, 1904, when he was succeeded by Mr. C. F. Payne. Babu Nilambar Mukerjee was Vice-Chairman throughout the year, and performed his duties with marked ability, his work in the Accounts Department being specially valuable. The Lieutenant-Governor greatly regrets the very serious illness which has removed Mr. Greer from his work, but considers himself fortunate in having secured a successor with the zeal and energy of Mr. Allen. To all the officers who have been named and to their subordinates the Lieutenant-Governor desires to accord his heartiest thanks for the manner they have discharged duties in many cases of a most arduous and responsible character. The labours of the members of the Corporation and of the General Committee are equally worthy of praise; and His Honour cannot too highly commend the spirit in which several members have devoted themselves to the performance of their public duties.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

L. P. SHIRRES,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

**APPOINTMENT OF A COMMITTEE TO ENQUIRE INTO THE DRAINAGE
SCHEMES IN THE PRESIDENCY DIVISION IN CONNECTION WITH
THE PREVALENCE OF MALARIA.**

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.—MEDICAL.

Calcutta, the 26th March 1906.

RESOLUTION No. 1379Med.

In a speech delivered at a meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council on the 31st March 1905 the Hon'ble Babu Bhupendra Nath Basu drew attention to the prevalence of malarial fever in Bengal and asked that a Commission or Committee of Enquiry might be appointed to investigate the causes of death from malaria in Bengal and their remedies. It was stated in reply by the Hon'ble Mr. Shirres on behalf of Government that there had not been time to obtain the opinion of the Medical Advisers of Government with regard to this request, but that the suggestion would in due course be submitted for His Honour's orders.

2. The matter has been carefully examined by the Lieutenant-Governor in consultation with Commissioners of Divisions and the Medical Advisers of Government. It is not considered that much advantage would be derived from the appointment of a Commission or a Committee with a mandate of so general a character as that suggested by the Hon'ble Member. The causes of malarial fever are already known with a fair amount of accuracy and where knowledge is still incomplete further progress must be looked for from expert bacteriological investigation rather than from enquiries of a less specialized nature. A general enquiry regarding the remedies to be adopted would also tend to be infructuous. But the Lieutenant-Governor thinks that on one particular matter the appointment of a Committee of Enquiry might be attended with important results.

3. It is an undoubted fact that over a large part of Bengal and particularly in the Presidency Division the main cause of malaria is the obstruction of drainage. This state of affairs has been caused by the gradual rise of the delta, owing to which the rivers have in many cases abandoned their beds and sought new courses elsewhere. A complete remedy for this is not within the sphere of practical effort; but it is certain that in many places the conditions could be greatly ameliorated by the execution of drainage projects which could be carried out at not excessive cost. From time to time schemes of this nature have been suggested but have usually been abandoned because the necessary funds were not forthcoming. Two important projects however have already been determined on. In the 24-Parganas the Magra Mat Drainage Scheme is already in course of construction; and in the district of Jessore the drainage of the Bhairab Valley will shortly be undertaken. What is now necessary is that the whole of the Presidency Division should be examined and that a list should be prepared of all practicable drainage schemes, so that a definite programme of action may be drawn up.

4. The Lieutenant Governor has decided that for this purpose a small Committee should be appointed consisting of the following officers:—

The Hon'ble Mr. Inglis, *Member and President.*

Captain W. W. Clemesha, I.M.S., *Member.*

Mr. H. Wheeler, I.C.S., *Member and Secretary.*

The Committee will meet at once and will commence by collecting information and examining the records of such drainage schemes as may have been put forward in the past. From October 1906 the Committee will travel over the districts of the Presidency Division to examine the local conditions on the spot. During the course of the preliminary enquiries it will not be necessary to place the members of the Committee on special duty; but this can be done if necessary from the beginning of the cold weather.

5. It will be the duty of the Committee

- (1) to ascertain in what areas malaria is now prevalent;
- (2) to investigate the causes of the disease and in particular to determine whether it is due to obstructed drainage;
- (3) where malaria has been caused by obstructed drainage to decide whether a drainage scheme is practicable; and
- (4) to prepare a list of practicable drainage schemes in the Presidency Division arranged in order of urgency.

It is hoped that the Committee will be able to submit their report before the end of March 1907.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Hon'ble Mr. W. A. Inglis, Captain W. W. Clemesha, I.M.S., and to Mr. H. Wheeler, I.C.S., and that the Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

L. P. SHIRRES,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LIBERALITY OF ORISSA CHIEFS.

Extract from a letter No. 1168, dated Calcutta, the 13th March 1906, from Mr. G. GORDON, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department, to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 2052 dated the 20th February 1906, in which you report that a sum of Rs. 1,500, being the contribution of the Orissa Chiefs for the institution of the Ravenshaw College Improvement Fund, was made over to the Principal of the College by Mr. Growse, late Commissioner of the Orissa Division, some months ago, and that the money has been kept in the Post Office Savings Bank. You recommend that the offer be accepted, that steps be taken for the creation of a Fund, the Principal of the Ravenshaw College being appointed administrator, and that the interest of the Fund should be utilized in making from time to time such improvements in the College as may be considered necessary by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, on the recommendation of the administrator.

2. In reply, I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to accept the offer and to request that the thanks of Government may be conveyed to the Chiefs concerned for their liberality. The Accountant-General, Bengal, will be requested to open a Trust Fund to be styled the Ravenshaw College Improvement Fund and the Principal of the College will be the administrator of the Fund. The interest of the Fund will be utilized in the manner suggested by you.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORT.

For the week ending the 26th March 1906.

Bardwan.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·28, Kalna 0·58, Katwa 0·68, Raniganj 0·59. Standing crops doing well. Pressing of sugarcane going on. Cattle-disease reported from three thanas in the Kalna subdivision. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11	6	} per rupee
Kalna	10	5	
Katwa	11	6	
Raniganj	11	12	

Birbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·92, Rampur Hât 0·76. Weather seasonable. Sugarcane-pressing continues. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	12	0	} per rupee.
Rampur Hât	11	8	

Bankura.—Rainfall at Sadar 1·86, Vishnupur 0·47. Weather cloudy. Pressing of sugarcane continues. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	12	8	} per rupee.
Vishnupur	13	0	

Midnapore.—Rainfall at Sadar 3·29, Contai 0·43, Tamluk 0·57, Ghatal 1·31. Weather in unsettled condition. Condition of standing crops good. Prospects favourable. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	11	0	} per rupee.
Ghatal	11	0	
Contai	12	0	
Tamluk	9	8	

Hooghly.—Rainfall at Sadar 1·58, Serampore 0·72, Arambagh 0·92. Weather cloudy. Lands are being ploughed for *aus* and jute. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	9	0	} per rupee
Serampore	9	6	
Arambagh	11	9	

Howrah.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·50. Harvesting of *rabi* and oil-seeds completed. Pressing of sugarcane going on. *Boro* paddy doing well. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	9	0	} per rupee.
Ulubaria	9	4	

24-Parganas.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·14, Baranât 0·43, Barrackpur 0·87, Basirhat 0·56, Diamond Harbour 0·53. Weather seasonable. Lands are being prepared for next crops. State of standing crops fair. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Condition of cattle good. Common rice sells at 10 seers a rupee.

Nadia.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Chudanga 0·19, Meherpur 1·19, Kushtia 1·42 and Ranaghat 1·31. Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *rabi* crops finished. Lands being ploughed for *aus* paddy and jute. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	9	0	} per rupee
Chudanga	9	0	
Meherpur	9	0	
Kushtia	9	0	
Ranaghat	9	8	

Murshidabad.—Rainfall at Sadar 1·23, Lalbagh 1·28, Kandi 1·65, Jangipur 0·14. *Rabi* crops are being reaped. Lands are being cultivated. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient condition of cattle generally good. Common rice sells as follows :—

	Srs. ch.	
Sadar	10 8	} per rupee.
Lalbagh	10 4	
Kandi	12 0	
Jangipur	10 8	

Jessore.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·08, Bangaon 1·32, Jhenida 1·11, Narail 0·78, Magura 1·16. Character of weather reasonable. Prospect of standing crops favourable. Fodder and water sufficient condition of cattle generally good. Common rice sells as follows :—

	Srs. ch.	
Sadar	10 0	} per rupee.
Bangaon	9 2	
Jhenida	8 8	
Narail	8 4	
Magura	8 1	

Khulna.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·11, Bagerhat 0·21, Satkhira 1·32. Weather reasonable. Lands being prepared for jute. Sowings estimated at 25 per cent. Outturn of winter rice and rape and mustard estimated at 78 and 83 per cent, respectively. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

	Srs. ch.	
Sadar	8 8	} per rupee.
Bagerhat	9 0	
Satkhira	10 0	

Patna.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·03, Barh 0·24, Bihar 0·09, Bikram 0·05, Hilsa 0·35. Weather hot. Harvesting of *rabi* continues. Collection of opium almost complete. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

	Srs. ch.	
Sadar	11 12	} per rupee.
Barh	11 0	
Bihar	11 0	

Gaya.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·29, Jehanabad 0·11, Aurangabad 0·55. Weather cloudy. Pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of *rabi* continue. Planting of sugarcane and lancing of pory going on. *Rabi* crops damaged by rain in Aurangabad subdivision. Fodder and water ample. Average price of common rice is 11½ seers a rupee.

Shahabad.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·21, Sasaram 0·37, Bhabua 0·32, Buxar 0·16, Dehri 0·31. Harvesting of *rabi* in progress. Cattle-disease reported from Kharghar thana. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12 seers a rupee.

Saran.—Rainfall nil. Weather cloudy. Harvesting of *rabi* crops going on. Standing crops doing well. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice and maize sell at 11 and 13 seers a rupee, respectively, at Sadar.

Champan.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·03, Bettiah nil. Harvesting of *rabi* and opium collection continue. Prospects good. Sugarcane being planted. Lands are being prepared for *badai* paddy. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice and maize sell at 11½ and 12½ seers a rupee, respectively.

Muzaffarpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·07, Hajipur 0·49, Sitamarhi 0·03. Prospect of crops good. *Rabi* crops are being harvested. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice and maize sell at 10 and 12 seers a rupee, respectively, at Sadar.

Darbhanga.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·04, Samastipur 0·10, Madhubani 0·03. Weather seasonable. Prospect of standing crops good. Harvesting of *rabi* crops going on. Fodder still insufficient in Dalsinghara thana. Water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice sells as follows :—

	Srs. ch.	
Sadar	11 0	} per rupee.
Samastipur	11 8	
Madhubani	11 1	

Monghyr.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Begusarai 0·11, Jamui 0·07. Weather seasonable. Pressing of sugarcane and lancing of poppy going on. Harvesting of *rabi* commenced in places. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	10 0	} per rupee.
Begusarai	10 0	
Jamui	10 0	

Bhagalpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·01, other subdivisions nil. Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *rabi* commenced. Some cases of cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	10 12	} per rupee.
Banka	10 10	
Madhipura	11 8	
Supaul	12 0	

Purnea.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·18. *Rabi* is being reaped in some places. Fields are being prepared for *bhadoi* paddy. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	9 0	} per rupee
Kishanganj	8 8	
Araria	9 8	

Darjeeling.—Rainfall at Sadar 1·63. Weather seasonable. Hills—Wheat, barley and mustard are in fair condition. Terai—Ploughing going on well. Coarse rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Hills	7 0	} per rupee.
Terai	8 0	

Maize sells at 8 and 10 seers a rupee at Darjeeling and Kalimpong respectively.

Sonthal Parganas.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·10, Godda 0·22, Jamtara 0·76, Pakour 0·48, Rajmahal 0·9. Weather seasonable. Sugarcane pressing still continues at Sadar. Prospects of *rabi* and *mahua* not favourable. Insufficiency of fodder is felt at pargana Majhua Rajmahal. Water sufficient. Common rice sells at 10 seers a rupee.

Cuttack.—Slight rainfall. Cotton, tobacco and *mung* growing. *Dalua* being harvested. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12 seers and 7 chitaks per rupee.

Balasore.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·40. Ploughing of fields, threshing of *saradh*, and pressing of sugarcane continue. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	13 0	} per rupee.
Bhadrak	14 0	

Angul.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Phulbaria 1·88. Weather hot. Lands being ploughed. Fodder and water available. The mango has failed in Angul. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	ch.	
Sadar	12 0	} per rupee.
Khondmals	12 0	

Puri.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Khurda 0·85. Weather seasonable. *Dalua* ripening in some places and in ear at others. *Mung* approaching maturity. Sugarcane being crushed in some places and cuttings planted in others. Cotton thriving well. Land being ploughed for the ensuing *saradh* paddy. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 13 seers and 2 chitaks per rupee.

Sambalpur.—Rainfall 0·67. Weather getting warm. Sugarcane fields are being ploughed for plantation of sugarcane. Cattle in healthy condition. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sambalpur ...	...	...	...
Bargarh ...	...	...	...
	14	0	} per rupee.
	15	12	

Hazaribagh.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·67, Giridih 0·19. Prospect of *mahua* and mango not favourable. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported. Result of poppy cultivation unsatisfactory. Common rice sells at 10 seers a rupee at Giridih. Prices at Sadar are as follow :—

	Srs.	ch.	
Common rice ...	...	...	...
Indian-corn ...	...	...	...
<i>Marua</i> ...	...	...	...
	11	4	} per rupee.
	18	0	
	19	8	

Ranchi.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·59. Weather cloudy. Ploughing continues. Some damage has been done to the standing crops by hailstorms in thana Kurdeg. Cattle-disease reported from three thanas. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar ...	...	...	...
Khunti ...	...	...	...
Gumla ...	...	...	...
	11	0	} per rupee.
	13	0	
	14	0	

Palamanu.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·43. Weather cloudy. Harvesting of *rabi* in progress. Fields are being prepared for sugarcane. A few cases of cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12½ seers a rupee.

Manbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·44, Gobindpur 1·57. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops fair. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-disease reported from two thanas. Common rice sells as follows :—

	Srs.	ch.	
Sadar ...	...	...	...
Gobindpur ...	...	...	...
	12	0	} per rupee.
	11	0	

Singhbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 0·29. Prospects of crops fair. Cattle-disease reported from thana Chakradharpur. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12 seers a rupee.

General Summary.—The rainfall during the week under report was moderate in the Burdwan and Presidency Divisions and light in the rest of the Province. Harvesting of the *rabi* crops and the preparation of lands for the next *kharif* crops are going on. Planting of sugarcane continues. Some damage to the standing crops by hail is reported from Ranohi. Prospects of the *rabi* crops are on the whole fair. There is cattle-disease in seven districts. Fodder is reported to be insufficient in parts of Darbhanga and the Sonthal Parganas. Water-supply is sufficient. The price of common rice has risen in eight and has fallen in two districts. It continues high in most of the districts of the Presidency and Bhagalpur Divisions and also in Hooghly, Howrah and Muzaffarpur.

C. E. A. W. OLDHAM,

*On special duty in connection with the
Agricultural Department, Bengal.*

DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL,
The 27th March 1906.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract Statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major Works for the month of February 1906, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

CANALS.	TOLLAGE, 1905-06.			TOLLAGE, 1904-05.		
	During the month.	To end of the month.		During the month.	To end of the month.	
<i>Orissa Canals.</i>	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Taldanda Canal System	2,106 15 4	15,837 10 7		2,173 5 0	14,411 3 9	
Kendrapara ditto	5,206 5 6	33,752 3 9		3,918 10 6	28,546 6 4	
High Level, Range I	4,119 11 3	14,335 12 10		3,959 14 9	14,248 4 0	
Ditto II	319 9 0	1,784 5 5		355 0 6	1,509 6 0	
Ditto III	120 9 0	539 14 6		124 6 9	484 10 6	
Jajpur Canal	81 5 3	542 11 6		98 0 6	489 0 0	
Total Orissa Canals ...	11,945 7 4	66,692 10 7		10,629 6 0	59,688 14 7	
Midnapore Canal ...	7,440 15 3	70,475 11 6		6,962 7 9	50,165 4 3	
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	5,430 10 0	61,099 12 6		2,160 2 0	37,790 14 0	
<i>Sone Canals.</i>						
Patna Canal System ...	1,338 12 0	16,276 5 11		1,168 15 0	11,350 14 11	
Arrah ditto ...	638 7 7	5,659 4 4		517 0 9	5,939 10 9	
Buxar ditto ...	1,166 13 0	7,277 0 3		500 11 3	4,244 14 0	
Total Sone Canals ...	3,144 0 7	29,192 10 6		2,186 11 0	21,535 7 8	
GRAND TOTAL ...	27,961 1 5	2,27,460 13 1		21,958 10 9	1,69,180 8 6	

CALCUTTA,
The 27th March 1906

H. H. STEVENS,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengl.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract Statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Minor Works and Navigation for the month of February 1906, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

CANALS.	TOLLAGE, 1905-06.			TOLLAGE, 1904-05.		
	During the month.	To end of the month.		During the month.	To end of the month.	
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ...	35,427 14 3	2,98,373 2 3		41,770 11 6	3,27,092 3 6	
Tolly's Nala	6,753 11 0	87,451 3 5		10,532 15 0	85,957 9 3	
Madaripur Bhil Route ...	Traffic stopped	6,697 0 0*		Traffic stopped	45,398 9 2†	
Total	42,181 9 3	3,92,481 11 8		52,303 10 6	4,58,418 6 6	
Orissa Coast Canal ...	2,318 7 6	2,240 12 9		2,664 15 6	24,502 14 3	
Nadia Rivers ..	3,991 9 0	93,274 1 4		4,134 13 6	84,696 7 10	
GRAND TOTAL	48,491 9 9	5,09,996 9 9		59,103 7 6	5,67,617 12 7	

* Tollage on country boats only.
† Including tollage on steamers and Sats.

CALCUTTA,
The 27th March 1906.

H. H. STEVENS,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate Return of Traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 17th March 1906, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

NATURE OF CARGO.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 17TH MARCH 1906.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 18TH MARCH 1905.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	884	1,74,248	2,607	585	2,39,655	4,381
Jute	169	56,975*	882	7	7,450†	66
Firewood	34	33,625	496	99	36,530	517
Other articles	754	2,04,957	2,908	667	2,26,925	2,946
Total	1,841	4,69,705	6,893	1,298	5,09,550	7,910

* Weight by canal measurement, 50,425 maunds.
† Ditto ditto, 6,603½ "

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate Return of Traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 24th March 1906, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

NATURE OF CARGO.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 24TH MARCH 1906.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 25TH MARCH 1905.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	353	1,36,658	1,992	1,520	2,39,950	4,441
Jute	95	25,200*	436	6	2,325†	42
Firewood	83	56,850	1,476	45	40,150	593
Other articles	758	2,10,336	2,750	844	2,00,080	2,574
Total	1,289	4,68,939	6,654	2,415	4,82,485	7,650

* Weight by canal measurement, 27,725 maunds.
† Ditto ditto, 2,387½ "

**Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from
18th to 24th March 1906.**

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Fahr.	TEMPERATURE.				HYGROMETRY.				WIND.		Rain in inches.	WEATHER.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
1906.				Inches.						Inches.		%			Inches.	
Mar.	18th	145.8	4.8	29.890	75.4	83.9	15.6	68.1	70.5	0.883	67.9	78	WNW, SSW and variable.	123	0.06	Chiefly cloudy, o, d, /, t, <, R.
"	19th	137.5	8.7	.823	73.1	84.9	22.4	62.5	67.1	.689	63.6	74	WNW and NW by N	107	0.46	Chiefly clear.
"	20th	142.6	8.8	.905	78.9	88.4	20.2	68.2	70.1	.647	66.3	72	NW by N and WNW.	114	Nil	Do.
"	21st	147.8	7.0	.941	76.8	86.9	18.0	68.9	71.7	.711	69.0	73	WNW and W by N	68	"	Partially cloudy, d.
"	22nd	147.8	4.5	.939	76.8	88.2	16.5	71.7	71.6	.703	65.9	78	W by N	89	"	Chiefly cloudy, o, d, p, /, <, t.
"	23rd	139.8	8.2	.871	75.3	86.9	21.4	65.5	68.7	.631	65.6	72	N and N by W	77	0.13	Chiefly clear.
"	24th	141.5	6.1	.871	79.4	89.4	18.8	71.1	71.9	.740	70.2	80	N by W and W by N	114	Nil	Partially cloudy.

The mean pressure of the seven days ...

The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office ...

Inches.

29.888

The total number of hours of bright sunshine ...

The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine ...

Hours.

47.9

84.6

The mean temperature of the seven days ...

The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office ...

°C.

25.2

The extreme variation of temperature ...

The maximum temperature ...

81.8

26.9

89.4

The highest velocity of the wind in one hour ...

Miles

15

The mean relative humidity ...

The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office ...

%

76

The total fall of rain from 18th to 24th March 1906 ...

The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office ...

Inches.

0.65

The total fall from 1st January to 24th March 1906 ...

The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office ...

0.29

11.81

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph, and from eye observations.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified, and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The anemometer readings are corrected to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formulae.

The direction and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph. The height of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground. Rainfall reported on any day is for 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. of that day.

o, drizzling rain; o, overcast; /, strong wind; t, thunder; <, lightning; p, passing temporary showers; % thunderstorm.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE,
Alipore (Calcutta), the 20th March 1906.

J. A. CUNNINGHAM,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India
and Director-General of Indian Observatories.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

PART I A.

[Reprinted from the "Gazette of India" of 24th March 1906.]

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 27th March 1906.

No. 1139M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General will leave Calcutta on Thursday, the 29th March 1906, starting by special train from Howrah at 6-54 p.m. (Calcutta time).

His Excellency will visit Lucknow, Agra, Ajmer, Delhi, Mitha Lak, Sargodha, Mona, Nowshera, Malakand and Peshawar and arrive at Simla on Thursday, the 19th April about 4 p.m.

His Excellency's departure from Calcutta will be private and arrival at Simla public.

All covers intended to reach the Viceroy and Governor-General and party during His Excellency's journey should be addressed "Viceroy's Camp" without the addition of any post-town.

The party accompanying His Excellency on tour will be as follows:—

Her Excellency the Countess of Minto..... Will not go to Ajmer, but will proceed from Agra to Delhi.

Lady Eileen Elliot.

Lady Ruby Elliot.

Lady Violet Elliot.

Sir L. W. Dane, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Foreign Secretary..... Will be at Agra, Ajmer, Malakand and Peshawar.

Lieut.-Colonel J. R. Dunlop Smith, C.I.E., Private Secretary.

Major F. L. Adam, M.V.O., Military Secretary.

Surgeon-Lieut.-Colonel W. R. Crooke-Lawless, Surgeon.

Major G. P. T. Feilding, D.S.O., A.-D.-C.

• Captain T. H. R. Bulkeley, A.-D.-C.

Captain Lord Francis Scott, A.-D.-C.

All communications connected with business of a mere routine nature should be sent, as usual, to the Head-Quarters of the several Departments.

By Command,

G. FEILDING, Major,

Offg. Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

The following order, issued by the Government of India, in the Legislative Department, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Calcutta, the 23rd March 1906.

No. 4.—Mr. R. Sheepshanks, *i.e.s.*, Barrister-at-Law, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-five days under articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 5th April 1906, and in continuation thereof furlough for four months and eighteen days under articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

J. M. MACDONALD,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Calcutta, the 16th March 1906.

No. 624.—The services of Maulvi Syed Feda Ali, Inspector of Registration Offices, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 21st March 1906.

No. 291.—The services of Babu Kali Prosad Chatterji, Sub-Deputy Collector, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

The 23rd March 1906.

No. 298.—The services of Maulvi Mohammed Faizullah Khan, Sub-Deputy Collector, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

No. 304.—The services of Mr. W. Teunon, District and Sessions Judge, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

No. 307.—The services of Babu Mohim Chandra Ghosh, Sub-Deputy Collector, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

SANITARY—PLAGUE.

Calcutta, the 23rd March 1906.

No. 618.—Whereas the Governor-General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of the spread of the outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease, with which the Bellary district of the Madras Presidency is visited, if persons from the Bombay Presidency and the Mysore State are permitted to assemble at Hampi in the Hospet taluq of that district on the occasion of the ensuing Sri Virupakshaswami car festival:

In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Munirabad, Hospet, Papinayakanahalli, Gadiganuru, Toranagallu, Daróji and Kudatini on the Southern Mahratta Railway shall be sold from the 5th to the 20th April 1906 (both days inclusive) within the Bombay Presidency and the Mysore State to any person intending or believed to be intending to proceed to the Sri Virupakshaswami car festival at Hampi.

JUDICIAL.

The 21st March 1906.

No. 428.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Stephen, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted furlough from the 20th March to the 30th August 1906.

No. 429.—Under the provisions of the Indian High Courts Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict. Cap. 104), section 7, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. Holmwood, *i.e.s.*, to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, during the absence, on furlough, of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Stephen, or until further orders.

The 23rd March 1906.

No. 438.—Mr. U. P. Caspers, *i.e.s.*, took his seat as an Officiating Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, on the 16th March 1906.

POLICE.

The 30th March 1906.

No. 351.—The services of Mr. W. T. Moore, Superintendent of Police, Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

ECCLIASTICAL.

The 23rd March 1906.

No. 111.—The services of the Reverend H. T. Otley, a chaplain of the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 13th April 1906, or the subsequent date on which he may relinquish charge of his duties as Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop of Calcutta.

H. H. BISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 23rd March 1906.

No. 639G.B.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognize provisionally the appointment of Mr. W. H. Michael as Consul-General for the United States of America at Calcutta.

L. W. DANE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS.

Calcutta, the 22nd March 1906.

No. 1676Exc.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Notifications of the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department, Nos. 785 and 786S.R., dated the 17th February 1899, as subsequently amended, namely:—

- (1) From the Notification No. 785S.R., dated the 17th February 1899, entry No. 54 shall be omitted.
- (2) In the Notification No. 786S.R., dated the 17th February 1899, the following amendments shall be made, namely:—
 - (a) In rule 14, as amended by Notification No. 5300Exc., dated the 22nd September 1905, after the words "may be" the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"and the adhesive stamp used to denote the duty of half an anna shall bear the words 'Half Anna'."
 - (b) For clause (e) of rule 15 the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(e) Copies of maps or plans certified to be true copies shall be stamped with adhesive court-fee stamps."

W. S. MEYER,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 24th March 1906.

No. 2400—95.—The following promotions and appointments are made in the Postal Department, with effect from the 4th April 1906, consequent on the retirement from the Government service of Mr. J. Cornwall, Postmaster-General, first grade, in charge of the United Provinces:—

Mr. W. Maxwell, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, second grade, to be Postmaster-General, first grade.

W. L. HARVEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, is republished for general information.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William, the 23rd March 1906.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 16.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Hem Chandra Banerji, Indian Medical Service, Bengal,—1st February 1906.

A. W. L. BAYLY, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1268 L.S.-G.—The 22nd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 19 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Babu Gossain Das Dutt to be a member of the Sadar Local Board, in the district of Midnapore, *vice* Babu Bhuvan Chandra Banerjee, deceased.

No. 1285 M.—The 23rd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor approves the election by the Commissioners of the Azimganj Municipality, in the district of Murshidabad, of Babu Bijoy Singh Dudhuria to be their Chairman.

No. 1287 M.—The 23rd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that the Commissioners of the Monghyr Municipality, in the district of Monghyr, having at a meeting requested the Local Government, under section 23 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, to appoint a Chairman, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. H. P. Duval, i.c.s., to be their Chairman, *vice* Mr. W. S. Adie, i.c.s., resigned.

No. 1290 M.—The 23rd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Dr. H. B. Coltart to be a Commissioner of the Samastipur Municipality, in the district of Darbhanga, *vice* Dr. J. O. Montgomery, resigned.

No. 1298 M.—The 23rd March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Roserah Municipality, in the district of Darbhanga:—

Babu Gujanund Roy, *vice* Babu Noonoo Prosad Singh, removed.

„ Ramnath Jha, *vice* Babu Ganeshi Ram Gaen, removed.

No. 1336M.—The 24th March 1906.—It is hereby notified for general information that

Khulna. the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 86 (a) of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Satkhira Municipality, in the district of Khulna, made at a meeting, to sanction the levy by the Commissioners of the said Municipality of a tax, under section 131 of the Act, on carriages and on horses and other animals specified in the fifth schedule of the Act, which are kept or are used in the ordinary course of business within, or which are let for hire within or without, the Municipality and are used in the ordinary course of business within the Municipality, at rates not exceeding those mentioned in the said schedule, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality.

No. 1338L.S.-G.—The 24th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 24 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to re-appoint the District Magistrate of Muzaffarpur to be the Chairman of the District Board of Muzaffarpur.

No. 1348M.—The 24th March 1906.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to point Mr. J. P. Williams to be a Commissioner of the Halisahar Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. W. F. Harnett, resigned.

No. 1388M.—The 27th March 1906.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 sub-section (2), clause (d) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, the Lieutenant Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners under that Act, namely:—

Rai Koilas Chunder Bose Bahadur, C.I.E.
Mr. W. Banks Gwyther.
" F. G. Dumayne.
Khan Bahadur Serajul Islam.
Mr. A. E. Silk, M.I.C.E.
" W. C. Macpherson, C.S.I.
" W. J. Simmons.

Raja Binaya Krishna Deb.
The Hon'ble Mr. E. W. Collin.
Mr. J. C. E. Branson.
" W. C. Madge.
Rai Chandra Narayan Singh Bahadur.
Babu Reshee (ase Law.
Dr. C. Banks.

Mr. H. M. Rustomjee, C.I.E.

[Fourth publication.]

No. 820M.—The 22nd February 1906.—Under the provisions of section 308 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, the following plan, which has been submitted by the Commissioners of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality for lighting with gas the following roads in the said Municipality and 100 feet from their edges, is published for general information—

- (1) the whole of the Cossipore Road, commencing from the Bagbasar Canal Bridge and ending in Baranagar Bazar situate within the Municipality;
- (2) the portion of the Barrackpore Trunk Road from the Talla Canal Bridge to its junction with the Gun Foundry Road,

2. An agreement has been entered into between the Commissioners of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality and the Oriental Gas Company for the supply and lighting of lamps at the rate of Rs. 63-1 per lamp per year. The expenditure for lighting 98 lamps in the above roads is estimated at Rs. 6,180, including charges for repair of lamps according to the existing arrangements with the Oriental Gas Company.

3. The Municipal Commissioners propose to meet the charge to be incurred on account of lighting the aforesaid areas by imposing a lighting rate of 3 per cent. on the annual value of holdings situated in the areas referred to. The income to be realized from the lighting-tax in the aforesaid areas is estimated at Rs. 5,716 a year.

L. P. SHIRRE, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 1355L.S.-G.—The 26th March 1906.—In the notification No. 980L.S.-G., dated the 3rd March 1906, published at page 35 of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 7th March 1906, appointing certain gentlemen to be members of the Local Boards in the district of Nadia, for "Dr Gopal Chandra Das," one of the appointed members of the Kushtia Local Board, read "Dr. Gokul Chandra Mondal."

L. P. SHIRRE, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION.

THE following return of gentlemen appointed by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, the Calcutta Trades Association and the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, respectively, under section 8 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, to be Commissioners under that Act, is hereby published in pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 58 of the Act :—

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Mr. John Ross Bertram | |
| 2. „ Shirley Tremearne | |
| 3. „ William Henry Miles | The Bengal Chamber of Commerce. |
| 4. „ Thomas Robert Pratt | |
| 1. Mr. William Heath Phelps | |
| 2. „ William John Bradshaw | |
| 3. „ James Peter Wyness | The Calcutta Trades Association. |
| 4. „ John Stuart McDonald | |
| 1. Mr. L. F. Morshead | |
| 2. The Hon'ble Mr. Nolin Behari Sircar, C.I.E. | The Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta. |

C. G. H. ALLEN, *Chairman of the Corporation.*

The 27th March 1906.

Election of Ward Commissioners held on 20th March 1906.

THE following list of candidates for election as Ward Commissioners, duly returned for the several Wards of Calcutta, under Schedule V of the Calcutta Municipal Act, III of 1899, is published under section 55 of the said Act :—

Ward No. I—Dr. R. G. Kar, 107, Shambazar Street.

Ward No. II—Rai Sita Nath Roy, Bahadur, B.A. B.L., 68, Sovabazar Street.

Ward No. III—Babu Kali Choron Palit, 2, Jagadish Nath Roy's Lane.

Ward No. IV—Babu Judoonauth Sen, 35 & 36, Shibnarain Dass' Lane.

Ward No. V—Kumar Denendro Narain Roy, of Jorasanko Rajbati, 79, Upper Chitpur Road.

Ward No. VI—Babu Radha Churn Pal, 108, Baranasi Ghose's Street.

Ward No. VII—Rai Hariram Goenka Bahadur, 31, Banstola Street.

Ward No. VIII—Moulvie Badruddin Haidar, Khan Bahadur, 1, Kaiser Street.

Ward No. IX—Dr. Haridhan Dutta, L.M.S., 37, Beniatola Lane.

Ward No. X—Babu Bepin Ohandra Mallik, M.A., B.L., 15, Sree Nath Dass' Lane.

Ward No. XI—Dr. Jagendro Nath Ghosh, 46, Nebutolla Lane.

Ward No. XII—E. M. D. Cohen, Esq., 11, Old Post Office Street and 59, Ezra Street.

Ward No. XIII—Immanuel Jacob Cohen, Esq., 36-3, Prinsep Street.

Ward No. XIV—Moulvie Agha Muhammad Musa, 15, Gardner's Lane.

Ward No. XV—David Jacob Cohen, Esq., 36-3, Prinsep Street.

Ward No. XVI—G. Phillips Shelton, Esq., 16-6, Ohowringhee Road.

Ward No. XVII—E. S. Andrews, Esq., 67, Bentinek Street.

Ward No. XVIII—C. F. Deefholts, Esq., 14, Chapel Road, Hastings.

Ward No. XIX—Babu Sagorlal Palit, 71-1, Ananda Gopal Palit's Road.

Ward No. XX—A. O. Benerji, Esq., 44, Baneapukur Road.

Ward No. XXI—J. Ghosal, Esq., 26, Ballygunge Circular Road.

Ward No. XXII—Babu Prya Nath Mallik, 55, Chuckerberia Road, North, Bhowanipur.

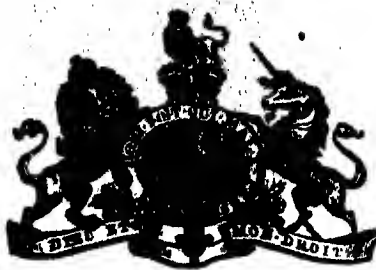
Ward No. XXIII—Babu Amulyadhan Addy, 8, Myerpore Road.

Ward No. XXIV—R. Braunfeld, Esq., 30, Diamond Harbour Road.

Ward No. XXV—Babu Nany Lal Banerjee, 20, Circular Garden Reach Road.

C. G. H. ALLEN, *Chairman of the Corporation.*

The 22nd March 1906.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906. . . .

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N. B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Eastern branch, T. S. Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 noon on the 26th day of April 1906, corresponding with the 17th Baisakh 1913 Fasil, at the Collectorate, Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than 3 feet from the same.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 10, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidder.

5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Board confirming the sale.

number.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN SIKHAR AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. E. C.	A. E. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. E. P.		
	Darbhanga	Pargana Nampore, village Jogiana.	22	North side	51 15 14	10 2 9	.....	.....	..	North—Gachhi Keah Jha and Jaik Jha, East Jha, Bhag Singh and dhar Singh. South—Railway line. East—Railway brick-ft West—Kasht Dhor Singh and I gal Singh.

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 27th February 1906.

NITYANANDA GHOSH, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated Eastern Branch, Tirhut State Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock (noon) 26th day of April 1906, corresponding with the 17th Baisakh 1312 Sudi, at the Office of the Collector of Darbhanga.

The several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1. No operations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any alterations in the fence, or plough the lands closer than 3 feet from its foundation.

1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any alterations in the fence, or to fence, or plough the lands closer than 3 feet from its foundation.

And.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited by the purchaser.
And.—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited by the purchaser, and the balance he not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the deposit being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the depositor, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

45A.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

544.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Board of the sale.

Consecutive number.	Name of district.	Pargana and manta.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary.
					B. K. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Darbhanga	Pargana Mokram-pore, villages (1) Kaithania and (2) Behat.	49	South side	20 16 2	6 3 20	.....	.....	...	North—Railway South—Kasht Jha, Lal Jha East—Kasht Jha, Thaco West—Village adjoin
2	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, village Chikna.	57	Ditto ...	31 4 15	10 1 13	.....	.....	...	North—Railway South—Hund Raj East—Tant Raj West—Kasht
	Ditto ...	Pargana Mokram-pore, villages (1) Pachhi, (2) Deep and (3) Bajh-pore.	51	North side of Rail-way.	36 0 9	19 2 27	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht Khar, Bal, Gaur Jha, Pam, Bar, Bal, Nab South—Railway East—Tant Raj West—Road, Jha, Mac
4	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, villages Ramouli and Ganghoolal.	54	South side	41 12 7	13 8 1	.....	.....	...	North—Railway South—Kasht Gog, Mik, Kar, Ono East—Kasht Bha West—Kasht Jha, dha North—Railway South—Village East—Gochi West—Village
5	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, villages (1) Duvil and (2) Ghongerla.	61	Ditto ...	15 0 11	4 3 15	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht South—Kasht East—Kasht West—Kasht
6	Ditto ...	Pargana Alapore, village Parua.	58	North side	27 15 6	9 0 20	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht South—Kasht East—Kasht West—Kasht
7	Ditto ...	Pargana Jersil, village Kantaul.	15	East side	31 13 5	17 0 13	.....	.....	...	North—Kasht South—Kasht East—Kasht West—Kasht

Lot	Consecutive No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
						B. K. C.	A. K. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. K. P.		
8		Darbhanga	Wanpara, village Joglara and	31	North side						North—Khat Peary Singh, Khat Chul Singh, and Khat Singh, Bhag Singh. South—Railway line. East—Khat Majrae Khat Maama Phakani Khat Jaitani and Tala Misar. West—Railway line, be field. North—Boundary line Munsharpur district. South—Khat Peary Singh. East—Khat Gopi Be Datarani Mi and Naji Jolaha. West—Railway line.
		Ditto	Pargana Bharwara, village Ghograha.		East side	25 15 8	7 3 18				North—Boundary line Munsharpur district. South—Khat Peary Singh. East—Khat Gopi Be Datarani Mi and Naji Jolaha. West—Railway line.
10		Ditto	Pargana Saraina, village Chak Salem Nisamati.	21	North side	30 14 1	10 0 34				North—Khat Lak Bai and Rathan Bai. South—Khat Sheor Bai. East—Khat Lak Bai. West—Khat Mohito, Bai, Rathan Bissener Bai Nathani Bai

W. B. HENCOCK, Collector.

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 17th February 1906.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required, by Government, situated the Eastern Branch, Tirhoot State Railway, in the district of Darbhanga, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock on 28th day of April 1906, corresponding to the 17th Baisakh 1818 Fusal, at the Collectorate of Darbhanga.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than 15 feet from the fencing, or plough the lands closer than three feet from its foundation.
- 2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.
- 4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.
- 5th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the District Collector of the orders of the confirming the sale.

Lot	Consecutive No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
						B. K. C.	A. K. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. K. P.		
1											
1		Darbhanga	Pargana Bharwara, village Chak Salem Nisamati.	35	East side	2 4 12	0 3 35	.....	.....	.....	North—Khat Misar. South—Railway line. East—Khat Babo West—Railway line

Darbhanga Collectorate, the 8th March 1906.

W. B. HENCOCK, Collector.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 12, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before next latest date of payment, viz., the 28th March 1906, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 30th March at 12 o'clock for the said arrears. When in columns 6, 7 and 8 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood the rate account is kept for that share.

Name of mahal and pargana.	Badar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the badar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature of amount demand which to be sold.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0 Pargana Jati- boni, mahal Jatiboni.	Rs. A. P. 796 12 7	Entire ...	.....	Kali Prasanno Narain 1960.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 73 0 8	Rs. A. P.	Revenue 73 Dak Oct 0 Penalt; 0 and Road O 136

Midnapore, the 17th February 1906.

D. WATSON, Collector.

District Charitable Society.

Abstract of Cash Accounts of the Central Office for the months of January and February 1906.

Budget for 1906	RECEIPTS.	1906.	From 1st January to 28th February 1906.	Budget for 1906.	PAYMENTS.	1906.	From 1st January to 28th February 1906.
Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
14,400	Subscriptions—			14,998	Grant to District Committee		2,574 0 0
9,839	From Government	2,400 0 0			to Commission (casual relief		630 4 0
6,067	the public	4,068 0 0			er of Police for Establishment		160 0 0
	Donations and new subscriptions	3,004 0 0		3,900	Grant to Native Committee		4,112 0 0
	Allowances towards cost of establishment—			26,994			
3,000	From Government	540 0 0		9,906	Pensions paid through Central Office		1,634 0 0
350	Interest on General Reserve Fund			624	Schooling fees ditto		93 0 0
40,770	on Trust Funds	7,788 11 7		3,550	Special Bello (on private orders)		811 4 0
682	Bakery proceeds	1,108 14 6		3,012	Alms House—Establishment		602 0 0
2,627	Workshed proceeds	5,829 4 0		5,905	Dieting		1,086 8 0
1,104	Refund on Casual Relief Account	323 3 3		1,512	Contingencies		370 11 9
2,630	on Special	493 12 3		431	Boots and Shoes		
	Legacies			1,460	Clothing and bedding		
30	Miscellaneous accounts	0 5 2		2,092	Repairs		78 13 0
955	Deposits	70 1 4		2,350	Bakery		484 6 0
317	X'mas Dinner account	317 0 0		7,656	Workshed		1,315 7 3
	G. P. Notes withdrawn from Bank's safe custody.			574	Central Office—Establishment		1,356 0 0
	G. P. Notes by Corpus of Trust Funds			800	Commission on collections.		70 4 0
	by Security Deposit			590	Anditing fees		
340	Donation to Native Committee			590	Ment (nett)		64 0 0
	Govt. grant for Alms House repairs			580	Contingencies		80 5 3
	Cash towards Corpus of Trust Funds	19,249 3 11		750	Printing and advertising.		96 10 6
					Interest on overdraft		
					Bank's commission		19 0 0
					Law charges		
					E. I. Railway Co. for passes		77 12 0
					Deposits		76 1 0
					X'mas Dinner account		379 0 0
					Safe custody deposit of G. P. Note		
					Security refunded		
					Investment		19,264 11 10
33,971	Total	33,961 8 1	33,971	Total			33,966 12 1

New subscriptions * Rs. ; ** Rs. ; Rs. for casual relief ; Rs. for special relief.

Excluding cost of bread from Bakery for A. H. Dieting, † Rs. ; †† Rs. 138-12, Budget being Rs. 2,970.

Excluding cost of flour from Workshed to Bakery, ‡ Rs. 66 ; §§ Rs. , Budget being Rs. 690.

MEMO.

Receipts as above	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Payments as above	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance at credit in Bank of Bengal on 1st January 1906	6,978 4 11	33,961 8 1	Balance at credit in Bank of Bengal on 28th February 1906	11,428 0 8	33,966 12 1
Opening cash balance on that date	321 5 4	6,967 10 8	Cash balance in hand on that date	340 5 4	11,692 5
Total	7,299 9 15	7,299 9 15	Total	11,768 5 12	11,768 5 12

CALCUTTA,
The 15th March 1906.K. MALLICK,
Accountant.H. S. CHAKRABARTY,
Secretary.

Corporation of Calcutta.

Result of the Second General Election of the Municipal Ward Commissioners held on Tuesday, the 20th March 1906, published under section 55 of Act III (B.C.) of 1899.

	Objected votes.	Clear votes.	Result.
WARD No. I.			
1. Dr. R. G. Kar, 107, Shambazar Street	Elected.
2. Babu Akshay Kumar Basu, 117, Cornwallis Street	} Withdrew.
3. " Harish Chandra Neogi, 1-2, Kaliprasad Chakraborty's Street.	
WARD No. II.			
1. Rai Sita Nath Roy, Bahadur, B.A., B.L., 68, Sovabazar Street	No poll. Elected.
WARD No. III.			
1. Babu Kali Choron Palit, 2, Jagadish Nath Roy's Lane	Ditto.
WARD No. IV.			
1. Babu Judoonath Sen, 35 & 36, Shibnarain Dass' Lane	Ditto.
WARD No. V.			
1. Kumar Denendro Narain Roy, of Jorasanko Rajbati, 79, Upper Chitpur Road.	Ditto.
WARD No. VI.			
1. Babu Radha Churn Pal, 108, Baranasi Ghose's Street	Ditto.
WARD No. VII.			
1. Rai Hariram Goenka Bahadur, 31, Banstola Street	Ditto.
WARD No. VIII.			
1. Moulvie Badruddin Haider, Khan Bahadur, 1, Kaiser Street	Ditto.
WARD No. IX.			
1. Dr. Haridhan Dutta, L.M.S., 37, Beniatola Lane	Ditto.
WARD No. X.			
1. Babu Bipin Chandra Mallik, M.A., B.L., 15, Sree Nath Dass' Lane.	4	357	Elected.
2. " Nileonto Chatterjee, 13, Mudan Boral's Lane ...	6	44	} Left poll.
3. " Suresh Chandra Dutt, 21-2, Gopee Mohan Bose's Lane	2	14	
WARD No. XI.			
1. Dr. Jagendro Nath Ghosh, 46, Nebutolla Lane	No poll. Elected.
WARD No. XII.			
1. E. M. D. Cohen, Esq., 11, Old Post Office Street and 59, Ezra Street.	...	913	Elected.
2. Geo. M. Falkner, Esq., 3, Esplanade Row, West	152	Withdrew.
WARD No. XIII.			
1. Immanuel Jacob Cohen, Esq., 36-3, Prinsep Street	No poll. Elected.

		Objected votes.	Clear votes.	RESULT.
WARD No. XIV.				
1. Moulvie Agha Muhammad Musa, 18, Gardner's Lane	...	...	232	Elected.
2. Dr. J. R. Menier, 59, Ripon Street	...	...	118	
3. Babu Govinda Chandra Ganguli, 62, Doctor's Lane	...	...	...	Withdrew.
4. Mr. A. C. Roy, 30, Newgeopukur West Lane	...	...	...	Did not appear at the poll.
WARD No. XV.				
1. David Jacob Cohen, Esq., 36-3, Prinsep Street	...	...	74	Elected.
2. C. E. Grey, Esq., 13, Alipur Road	...	...	28	
WARD No. XVI.				
1. G. Phillips Shelton, Esq., 16-6, Obowringhee Road	...	...	116	Elected.
2. Mr. M. L. Shaw, 37, Batu Sircar's Lane	...	...	28	
WARD No. XVII.				
1. E. S. Andrews, Esq., 67, Bentinck Street	...	...	...	No poll. Elected.
WARD No. XVIII.				
1. C. F. Deefholts, Esq., 14, Chapel Road, Hastings	...	...	...	Ditto.
WARD No. XIX.				
1. Babu Sagorlal Palit, 71-1, Ananda Gopal Palit's Road	...	...	203	Elected.
2. E. P. Ghosh, Esq., 18-1, Convent Road	...	...	161	} Withdrew.
3. N. N. Ghose, Esq., 43, Bancharam Unkoor's Lane	...	2	152	
WARD No. XX.				
1. Babu Tarapado Das, 58, Banepukur Road	...	8	84	Withdrew.
2. A. C. Bannerjee, Esq., 44, Ditto	...	2	145	Elected.
WARD No. XXI.				
1. J. Ghosal, Esq., 26, Ballygunge Circular Road	...	...	...	No poll. Elected.
WARD No. XXII.				
1. Babu Priya Nath Mallik, 55, Chuckerbaria Road, North, Bhowanipur.	...	...	...	Ditto.
WARD No. XXIII.				
1. Babu Amulyadhan Addy, 8, Myerpore Road	...	1	188	Elected.
2. C. O. Remfry, Esq., 31-2, Judge's Court Road (Alipur)	...	11	85	Retired.
WARD No. XXIV.				
1. E. Braunfeld, Esq., 30, Diamond Harbour Road	...	...	...	No poll. Elected.
WARD No. XXV.				
1. Babu Nany Lal Banerjee, 30, Circular Garden Beach Road	...	62	136	Elected.
2. S. Roy, Esq. (Sripati Roy), 36, Wellington Street	...	13	109	
3. Babu Satish Chandra Mukerjee, 18, Shastrestala Road	...	...	...	} Did not appear at the poll.
4. Satis Chandra Ghosh, 1, Nimuckmahal Road, Garden Beach.	...	...	...

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 20th March 1906.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
		Ra.	A. P.			Ra.	A. P.
Capital paid up	...	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government securities	...	1,45,45,558	0 0
Reserve Fund	...	1,40,00,000	0 0	Other authorised investments	...	55,05,222	8 0
Public Deposits at Head Office	Ra. 73,24,626 5 0	1,53,43,629	12 11	Loans on Government and other authorised securities	...	4,49,34,838	14 5
Ditto ditto at Branches	80,19,203 7 11	12,53,98,277	11 4	Accounts of credit on ditto ditto	...	3,33,96,994	13 8
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	19,14,354	10 0	Bills discounted and purchased	...	2,74,07,759	15 7
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	19,85,916	14 8	Balances with other Banks	...	16,19,321	2 8
Sundries	...			Bulkhoz	...	18,82,686	12 8
				Dead Stock	...	13,469	3 4
				Stamps	...	7,02,031	0 0
				Sundries	...	13,00,07,752	6 4
				Cash & Currency Notes at Head Office*	Ra. 7,53,28,605 14 8	4,77,34,626	10 2
				Cash & Currency Notes at Branches*	1,94,06,020 11 6		
Rupees	...	17,77,42,879	0 6	Rupees	...	17,77,42,879	0 6

* Includes Govts. & $\frac{1}{2}$ Govts., value Ra. 1,09,980 0 0
 + D. do. do. " 4,00,485 0 0
 Ra. 5,10,465 0 0

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta 22nd March 1906.

J. COURTS, Chief Accountant.
Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
Percentage 83-20.

By order of the Directors,
W. D. CAULICKHANK,
Secretary and Treasurer.
(284-1)

INDIAN ELECTRICITY ACT, 1903. Hooghly River Electric License, 1906.

Licence to supply electric energy for the purposes herein defined including electric traction proposed to be granted to Killick, Nixon & Co. and John Fleming & Co., of Bombay, in respect of the Hooghly River District of Bengal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. Killick, Nixon & Co., of 72, Apollo Street, Bombay, and John Fleming & Co., of 19, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Merchants, have applied to the Government of Bengal for the grant to them of a License for the right to supply Electric Energy for the purposes defined in paragraph (c) hereof, within the undernoted area.

(b) The area throughout which it is proposed to supply energy is the area of British Territory on the banks of the Hooghly River, bounded as follows:—

North.—By the Railway known as the Hooghly Bridge Line connecting the Eastern Bengal State Railway Main Line with the East Indian Railway Main Line via the Hooghly Bridge. *East.*—By the main line of the Eastern Bengal State Railway from its junction with the said Hooghly Bridge Line to the Branch junction at Kankurgachi Cabin Station; thence by the Branch Line of the said Railway known as the Kankurgachi chord to Gobra Cabin Station; thence by the Southern Section of the said Railway to its junction with the Budge-Budge Branch south of Ballygunge Station. *South.*—By the Budge-Budge Branch of the Eastern Bengal State Railway from its junction with the Southern Section to the point where it crosses the Shahpur Road; thence by the said Shahpur Road to its junction with the Budge-Budge Road; thence by the said Budge-Budge Road to Ulubaria Ferry; thence by a line from the said Ferry to the mouth of the Bans Patti Khal; thence by the said Khal to the point where the Bengal-Nagpur Railway crosses it. *West.*—By the Bengal-Nagpur Railway from the point where it crosses the Bans Patti Khal to its junction with the East Indian Railway near the Pilkhana Bazar; thence northward by the main line of the said East Indian Railway to its junction with the Hooghly Bridge Line already referred to.

Excepting only such portion of the said area as may lie within the Municipal area of the Cities of Calcutta and Howrah or within the limits of any Cantonment or of any fortress, arsenal, factory, dockyard or camp, or any building or place in the occupation of Government for Naval or Military purposes.

(c) The purposes for and the conditions under which the supply is to be given are as follows:—

I. Energy shall be supplied under this License only

- (a) to authorised distributors in bulk;
- (b) to persons requiring a supply for power; and
- (c) for Electric Traction.

II. The Licensees shall not supply energy for lighting purposes except to authorised distributors, provided that the energy supplied to any person for power may be used by such person for lighting any premises on any part of which the power is utilised.

(d) It is proposed to supply energy at first from one Generating Station within the area of supply and to lay down underground mains or erect aerial lines on such system or systems as may be approved by the Local Government. The Licensees ask authority to supply both alternating and continuous current, and the supply will be available to users as detailed in paragraph (c) hereof. The scheme provides for the erection of a second Generating Station when required.

The Licensees aim at supplying energy for motive power purposes to mills, factories, &c., and in bulk to authorised distributors and, if required, to any tramways, railways, &c., for electric traction all in the same manner as now being done by the electric power companies at home

(e) It is proposed to place electric supply lines on or approximately parallel to the Grand Trunk Road on the Right bank of the River Hooghly and the Barrackpore and Budge-Budge roads on the left Bank and such other routes as may be arranged in consultation with the Local Government.

(f) The applicants seek leave to cross the following Canals and navigable rivers, namely:—

On the Right Bank of the River Hooghly; the Mushdakra Khal, the Sarasati Nadi and the creek opposite the Pujali Ferry; and on the left Bank; the Ichapur Khal and the Cherail Khal

The Hooghly River at the following points:—

- (1) at the Hooghly Railway Bridge;
 - (2) at or near Barrackpore;
 - (3) at or near Budge-Budge Ferry;
- and at any other points which the Local Government may subsequently authorize.

(g) Copies of the map referred to in Rule 3 (2) under the rules of the Indian Electricity Act, 1903, are deposited for public inspection at the office of Messrs. Killick, Nixon & Co., 136, Canning Street, Calcutta, and

at the offices of the Municipalities of Hooghly and Chinsurah, Bhadreswar, Haidrabadli, Srampore, Kotrung, Uttarpara, Bally, Howrah, Ulabarua, Naihati, Bhatpara, Garulia, North Barrackpore, South Barrackpore, Titagarh, Panihatti, Kamarhatti, Barnagore, Cossipore, Chitpore, Manicktola, Calcutta, Garden Reach, Budge-Budge, and also at the Offices of the Collector of Howrah, the Collector of Hooghly, the Collector of the 24 Parganas, and the Port Commissioners of Calcutta, at which places copies of the draft License may be obtained at the price of one rupee per copy.

Every Local authority, Company or person desirous of making any representation to the Local Government or bringing before it any objection respecting this application may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Local Government in the Public Works Department, within three months of the date of the newspaper containing the first issue of this advertisement; a copy must at the same time be sent to be undersigned.

Per pro. KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,

W. H. OGDON,

185, Canning Street, Calcutta.

(245—1—22)

Notification.

TO be peremptorily sold by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction in his sale-room in the Court-house on Saturday, the 21st day of April 1906, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, pursuant to a decree and order of the said Court made in suit No. 478 of 1904 (wherein Nabo Kristo Kar is the plaintiff and Bepin Krishna Ghose and another are defendants), and dated, respectively, the 28th day of July 1904 and 5th day of December 1905, the undermentioned properties:—

Lot No. 1.—All that half part or share (the whole into two equal parts or shares being considered as divided) in the upper roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, hereditament and premises, together with the piece or parcel of rent-free land thereunto belonging whereon or on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation 1 cottah 12 chitaks and 21 square feet, lying at and being the southern part of premises No. 141 Gopee Kristo Pal's Lane in Sutanuty, in the town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded in the manner following, that is to say, on the north by the northern half of the said premises, on the south by Gopee Kristo Pal's Lane, on the east by the premises No. 14 Gopee Kristo Pal's Lane, and on the west by premises No. 15 Gopee Kristo Pal's Lane.

Lot No. 2.—All that half part or share (the whole into two equal parts or shares being considered as divided) in the putnee taluq known by the name of lot Garchoombuck, bearing tauzi No. 156 in pargana Arsha, in the registration district Howrah, sub-district, thana Shampur, in the district of Hooghly, and lying within the zamindari of Maharaja of Burdwan, paying an annual rent of Rs. 4,160 to the said Maharaja.

Lot No. 3.—All that half part or share (the whole into two equal parts or shares being considered as divided) in the putnee taluq known by the name of lot Radhanagar, bearing tauzi No. 156 in pargana Arsha, in the registration district Howrah, sub-district thana Shampur, in the district of Hooghly, and lying within the zamindari of the Maharaja of Burdwan, paying an annual rent of Rs. 8,700 to the said Maharaja.

Lot No. 4.—All that half part or share (the whole into two equal parts or shares being considered as divided) in the putnee taluq known by the name of lot Chundun Nawparah, bearing tauzi No. 156 in pargana Mondalghat, in the registration district Howrah, subdivision Uluberia, thana Bagnan, in the district of Hooghly, and lying within the zamindari of the Maharaja of Burdwan, paying an annual rent of Rs. 1,420 to the said Maharaja.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be seen at the Registrar's Office in the High Court, and also at the Office of Messrs. B. N. Basu & Co., Solicitors, at No. 10 Hastings Street, on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

W. R. FINK, Registrar.

B. N. Basu & Co., plaintiff's Attorneys.

Calcutta High Court, Original Side, dated this 1st day of March 1906. (236—1—21)

Notification of Sale.

TO be peremptorily sold by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction in his sale-room in the Court-house on Saturday, the 21st day of April 1906, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, pursuant to a decree and an order of the said Court, made in suit No. 621 of 1903 (wherein Komapatty Chatterjee is a plaintiff and Monahar Mukherjee and another are the defendants) and dated, respectively, 28th April 1901 and 8th August 1905, the following property of the second defendant, Radha Charan Bonnerjee in this suit:—

Premises No. 100 Taltolla Lane, in the town of Calcutta, being a partly one- and partly two-storied brick-built dwelling-house with the piece and parcel of land containing by measurement 7 cottahs 6 chitaks, a little more or less, being Holding No. 59, Survey Block No. VIII, South Division, in the town of Calcutta, and paying rupee one annas two and pies seven only to the Collector of Calcutta as land revenue, and bounded in manner following, that is to say, on the north partly by premises No. 100-1 Taltolla Lane and partly by 100-1-1 Taltolla Lane, belonging to Bepin Madhub Bonnerjee and others and Gosto Lal Bonnerjee, on the south by a private lane and premises No. 91-1 Taltolla Lane belonging to Bepin Behary Tarafdar, on the east by a filled up ditch on the west by Taltolla Lane.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the Registrar, High Court, Original Side, and also at the office of Babu Akshoy Kumar Thakur at No. 7 Old Post Office Street on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

W. R. FINK, Registrar.

A. K. Thakur, Attorney for the first defendant.

High Court, Original Side, Calcutta, the 20th day of February 1906. (254—1—25)

Notification of Sale.

TO be peremptorily sold by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction in his sale-room in the Court-house on the second floor on Saturday, the 7th day of April 1906, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, pursuant to a decree and an order of the said Court made in suit No. 401 of 1900 (wherein Jogendra Nath Ghosh is the plaintiff and Sreemutty Radha Rani Dabee and others are the defendants), and dated, respectively, 18th February 1901 and 26th March 1905:—

All that partly one- and partly two-storied brick-built dwelling-house, together with the piece and parcel of land containing by measurement 5 cottahs 3 chitaks and 28 square feet, a little more or less, situate, lying and being premises No. 45 Madon Boral's Lane, in the town of Calcutta, being Holding No. 582, Survey Block No. XIII, South Division, in the town of Calcutta, and bounded on the north partly by premises No. 14 Doss's Lane, on the east by Doss's Lane, on the south by Madon Boral's Lane, and on the west partly by premises Nos. 46 and 47 Madon Boral's Lane and partly by No. 14, Doss's Lane.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the Registrar, High Court, Original Side, and also at the office of Babu Akshoy Kumar Thakur at No. 7 Old Post Office Street on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

W. R. FINK, Registrar.

A. K. Thakur, plaintiff's Attorney.

High Court, Original Side, the 20th February 1906.

(212—1—17)

The Shampore Coal Company, Ltd.

IN pursuance of section 76 of the Indian Companies Act of 1882, a general meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office, No. 100, Clive Street, Calcutta, on Friday, the 30th March 1906 at 3 p.m. to transact such business as may be brought before the meeting.

For Shampore Coal Co., Ltd.,

GEO. HENDERSON & Co.,

Managing Directors & Secretaries.

Calcutta, the 28th March 1906.

(232—1—24)

NOTICE.

In the Court of Babu Tej Chandra Mukherji, Additional Sub-Judge at Monghyr.

T. M. EXECUTION CASE No. 3 of 1906.

Babu Gobind Sahai, decree-holder, *versus* Gannoo Singh and others, judgment-debtors.

THE undermentioned property of the judgment-debtors will be sold by the Nazir of the Civil Court of Monghyr, on the 23rd day of April 1906, at 7 A.M., for realisation of Rs. 24,308-9-6 (mortgage debt) :—

Eight annas' share out of 16 annas' share of judgment-debtors, together with all the proprietary interest and title in mauzas Budhaura and Burhwan, *asli* and *dakhli*, Motullike taluke, tsppa Par-ri, pargana Karkia in the jurisdiction of thana and Registry Office Gogri, Jamalpur, zilla Monghyr, bearing tauzi No. 633, at a jama sadar of Rs. 1,838-14. Estimated value is Rs. 8,000.

The said property is not subject to any prior incumbrance.

T. C. MUKHERJI, Addl. Sub-Judge.

Monghyr, the 19th March 1906. (282—1)

In the Court of the Munsif of Bihar, district Patna.

PRESENT :

Mr. S. M. Khalilul Rahman, Munsif of Bihar.

EXECUTION No. 44 of 1903 (MORTGAGE).

Babu Shio Nandan Prasad Singh of mauza Nadisona, pargana Pilich, district Patna, decree-holder, *versus* Babu Jagdeo Narain Singh and Bhuneshwar Prasad Singh, minor son and under guardianship of Jagdeo Narain Singh, of mauza Maghra, pargana Pilich, district Patna, judgement-debtors.

THE following properties shall be sold for recovery of Rs. 672-4-3 by the Nazir of Munsif's Court, Bihar, district Patna, in the sale-room of that Court on the 17th day of April 1906 at 8 o'clock morning:—

Ten dunes two cowries ten baoris share in mauza Paparnahusa, pargana Bilich, district Patna, hissa Mao-suma six saham as jamia eleven saham badarobast sixteen annas share in the mauza, proprietary right and title of the judgement-debtors, bearing tauzi No. 206 and jama sadar being Rs. 694-6-6, valued at Rs. 160 Besides this decretal amount Rs. 4,000 on account of Katkanat rent from the year 1913 to 1920 F. S. in respect of mauza Shaikhopore Ajaypore, pargana Bezwak, district Patna, is due to the decree-holder under a security bond, dated the 3rd July 1903, executed by Jagdeo Narain Singh, one of the judgement-debtors.

S. M. KHALILUL RAHMAN,

Munsif of Bihar.

Bihar, the 1st March 1906. (283—1).

The Indigo Manures Supply Co., Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following resolutions were passed at an extraordinary Meeting of Shareholders of the Company held at the Registered Office, No. 12 Mission Row, Calcutta, on Tuesday, the 18th day of March 1906 at 12-30 P.M.:—

1. That it has been proved to the satisfaction of the Shareholders that it is desirable to voluntarily wind up the Company under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1882 to 1895.

2. That Mr. T. D. Wood be appointed Liquidator for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the Company.

Exec, DUNLOP & Co.

The 15th March 1906. (249—1—20)

Notice.

UNDER section 8, Act VIII (B.C.) of 1863, it is hereby notified for general information that a *sundari* *dak* cess will be levied at Rs. 1 per cent. in the district of Monghyr for one year, commencing from January 1906.

H. P. DUNLOP, Offg. Collector.

Monghyr Collectorate, the 15th March 1906.

Notification.

It is hereby notified for general information that the Musaffarpur District Board, at their meeting held on the 24th February 1906, have resolved that the maximum rate of one-half anna on each rupee of the annual value of lands be fixed as the rate of road-cess in the district during the ensuing year 1906-07.

MORID. HABIBULLAH, for Chairman.

Musaffarpur District Board's Office, the 2nd March 1906.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. (1) 013383, (2) 013384, (3) 010322 of the 3 per cent. of 1896-97 for Rs. 1,000, Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 300, respectively, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, the first two last endorsed to Balika Sundari Dassi and the third one to Nikunja Bala Dassi, which has been inherited by my minor son, Krishna Chandra Kuar, of whom I have been appointed guardian, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—Balika Sundari Dassi.

Residence—Balindar, Dabipur Post Office, district Burdwan. (238—3—14)

Lost

A Receipt numbered 4207, dated 13th March 1906, and granted by Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, on submission of the undermentioned Government Promissory Note. Notice of loss has been given to the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and the undersigned is about to apply for surrender of the security:—

G. P. Note No.	Loan.	Amount, Rs.	Holder's name.
095219	3½ per cent. of 1842-43	500	Hari Har Mukerjee.

Name of the Proprietor—HARI HAR MUKERJEE.
Residence—10, Puddopoker Lane, Ballygunge. (235—1—23)

A list of Mathematical Instruments for sale in the Partition Department in the Jessore Collectorate.

Serial No.	Name of instrument.	Number in stock.
1.	Plane table	50
2.	Stand for ditto	50
3.	Screw	50
4.	Sight van	50
5.	Rectangular compass	50
6.	Optical square	50
7.	Chains	56
8.	Pins for chains	450
9.	Hundred feet tape	3
10.	Fifty feet tape	1
11.	Drawing pins	20
12.	Divider	25
13.	Brass scale	35
14.	Set square	35
15.	Offset scale (ivory)	2
16.	Flat roller	12
17.	Offset scale (wooden)	10
18.	Cardboard scale	10
19.	Plotting scale	10
20.	Talc square	5
21.	Paper scale	40
22.	Prismatic compass (with stand and screw)	5
23.	T square	4
24.	Board's drawing deal	5
25.	Instrument box	2
26.	Parallel rollers	10

N. BHAR,

Deputy Collector in charge. (251—3)

being indebted to or having claims against the estate should communicate with the above George Dragoon.

HENRY T. HYDE,

Administrator-General of Bengal

No. 3 Council House Street.

Calcutta, the 21st March 1906.

(281-1).

Notice.

A CERTIFICATE under section 86 of Act II of 1874 to the estate of Mrs. Mary Shannahan, late of Chunar, a pensioner widow who died at Chunar on 30th December 1905, has been granted to Right Reverend Dr. Petronius Gramigna, Bishop of Allahabad, as sole executor under the will of the deceased to enable him to administer the estate. All persons being indebted to or having claims against the estate should communicate with the said Right Reverend Dr. Petronius Gramigna, Bishop of Allahabad.

HENRY T. HYDE,

Administrator-General of Bengal.

No. 3 Council House Street, Calcutta, the 22nd March 1906.

(288-1)

Notice.

THE Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's European establishment:—

Mr. O. M. Bastin has been appointed Superintendent of the Public Debt Office, *vice* Mr. J. Graves appointed Assistant Superintendent.

By order of the Directors.

W. D. CRICKSHANK,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, the 27th March 1906.

(297-1)

Wanted

A B COURSE B.A. with Honours in Science for the post of Science Teacher in the B Class in connection with the Bhagalpur Zilla School on a salary of Rs. 50 a month outside the graded service. Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th April 1906

W. W. HORNELL,

Offg. Asst. Director of Public Instruction.

Calcutta, the 27th March 1906.

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the matter of **GOPAL CHUNDER SEN GUPTA**, an insolvent.

On the 9th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

N. N. Mitter, Attorney

(268-2)

In the matter of **ALBERT THOMAS RUTHERFORD**, an insolvent.

On the 19th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

(269-2)

In the matter of **LOUIS HERRERA**, an insolvent.

On the 16th day of December last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. O. Ghose, Attorney.

(270-2)

In the matter of **KAROLA OSMAN DORT**, an insolvent.

On the 8th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

S. C. Mitter, Attorney.

(261-2)

In the matter of **MACHHAJ BORTHAK**, an insolvent.

On the eight day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

O. C. Ganguly, Attorney.

(262-2)

In the matter of **MUNGI LALL**, an insolvent.

On the 3rd day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. M. Bishit, Attorney.

(263-2)

In the matter of **AGA ALI NAKI**, an insolvent.

On the 22nd day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

B. B. Newgie, Attorney.

(264-2)

In the matter of **FRANK DE ROSARIO** and another, insolvents.

On the 1st day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvents in person.

(265-2)

In the matter of **LAKH CHAND**, an insolvent.

On the 31st day of January last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. N. De, Attorney.

(266-2)

In the matter of **MRS. CECILIA SHARCOFF**, an insolvent.

On the 19th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

(267-2)

In the matter of **BRICKUCK NATH GOSSAIN** and **BHARY GOSSAIN**, insolvents.

On the 7th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. N. De, Attorney.

(268-2)

In the matter of **NAARAJ ACHARYA**, an insolvent.

On the 8th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Bonnerjee and Bonnerjee, Attorneys.

(269-2)

In the matter of **JOSEPH LAWRENCE DOMINGO** and **A. A. DOMINGO**, insolvents.

On the 3rd day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvents in person.

(270-2)

In the matter of JADAV CHUNDER SIKDAR, an insolvent.

On the 16th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Wednesday, the 18th day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

K. K. Guha, Attorney. (271-2)

In the matter of M. C. SINGLAI, an insolvent.

On the 28th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (272-2)

In the matter of E. A. SMITH, an insolvent.

On the 28th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (273-2)

In the matter of A. W. KLEYN, an insolvent.

On the 16th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (274-2)

In the matter of A. MAXWELL, an insolvent.

On the 28th day of February last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. C. Ghose, Attorney. (275-2)

In the matter of ALIO ORNIX MARI, an insolvent.

On the 16th February last, it was ordered that this matter be specially fixed for hearing on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, with liberty to the said insolvent at the said hearing to apply that the petition seeking for relief filed in this matter on the 31st March 1906 be withdrawn and the vesting order made thereon be discharged.

Bonnerjee and Haldar, Attorneys. (293-1)

In the matter of JOHN BOISOGOMOFF, an insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order was made by the said insolvent on the 21st instant, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April, at the hour of half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Any creditor of the said insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.

Gregory and Jones, Attorneys. (294-1)

In the matter of KANJIB JESSOR and others, insolvents.

On the 5th day of September last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvents be heard on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, and that the said insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Fox and Mundle, Attorneys. (295-2)

In the matter of SUBBOROSH BOSE, an insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April next, at the hour of half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Any creditor of the said insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.

C. C. Mitter, Attorney. (296-1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

In the matter of Kali Das, Mitra, an insolvent.

KALI DAS MITRA, of Serampore, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, was, on the 15th March 1906, declared an insolvent and discharged under section 251, Civil Procedure Code. The 19th April has been fixed for framing a schedule of debts and creditors, when persons having claims against him are to prove them in this Court.

S. B. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Hooghly Judge's Court, Chinsura, the 23rd March 1906. (291-1-23)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

In the matter of Shaikh Abdus Suttar, an insolvent.

SHAIKH ABDUS SUTTAR, of Bandpur, thana Chanditala, district Hooghly, was, on the 16th March 1906, declared an insolvent and discharged under section 251, Civil Procedure Code. The 19th April has been fixed for framing a schedule of debts and creditors when persons having claims against him are to prove them in this Court.

S. B. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Hooghly Judge's Court, Chinsura, the 23rd March 1906. (292-1-27)

Insolvency Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned dividends are lying unclaimed:—

Estate James Murdoch (separate estate), an insolvent.

No.	Names of creditors.	Amount of claim.	2nd dividend at Rs. 2-2-6 per cent.
3	F. G. Davison	Rs. A. P. 15,029 5 8	Rs. A. P. 324 1 1

Estate Taraprosunno Sircar, an insolvent.

No.	Names of creditors.	Amount of claim.	3rd dividend at Rs. 1-2-6 per cent.
220	Bhramuttu Rajabala Dameso Sabact of Sri Sri Goneshjee.	Rs. A. P. 15,759 10 9	Rs. A. P. 182 3 6

Estate Hera Lall Addy, an insolvent.

No.	Names of creditors.	Amount of claim.	2nd dividend at Rs. 9-8 per cent.
130	Receiver, High Court, and Receiver of the estate of Mutty Lall Seal.	Rs. A. P. 885 13 6	Rs. A. P. 84 7 5
136	Gopal Chunder Ghose	803 11 6	70 5 8

Estate Shaikh Ellahi Bux and others, insolvents.

No.	Names of creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st dividend at Rs. 16-4 per cent.
9	Kanailal Shewprotap	Rs. A. P. 750 5 8	Rs. A. P. 123 13 11
14	Ashamala	333 4 9	54 13 9
16	Gungaba Balkisen	235 0 0	36 7 9
19	Gopal Chander Coondoo and Son	551 1 0	86 14 0
21	Mahomed Ibrahim Bares and Son	486 2 8	76 9 5
37	Johory Mull Uday Chand	295 12 9	45 12 10
38	Fulay Shahi	319 6 0	52 11 2
41	Ramkisen Dass Kisingopal	351 3 3	57 15 2
<i>Creditors of No. 187-S Dhurram-tollah Shop.</i>			
7	Kanailal Shewprotap	545 6 6	86 15 10
17	Radhakristo Dutta	723 3 0	120 3 7
34	Khoses Chand Chundelall	280 0 0	43 12 10

Estate Balchand Soorana, an insolvent.

No.	Names of creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st dividend at Rs. 10-15 per cent.
9	Labb Chand Wooday Chand	Rs. A. P. 473 20 9	Rs. A. P. 41 15 10
18	Amuluck Chand Doggar	527 2 6	57 10 6
20	Panna Lall Juma Das	500 0 0	54 11 0
34	Motechand Takumall	508 0 8	54 11 0

A. B. MILLER, Official Assignee.

Calcutta, the 26th March 1906. (279-1)

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Mails for—	Date and hour of closing at the General Post Office, Calcutta.	Routes by which despatched.
United Kingdom, Aden, Egypt, Europe, America, West Africa and United Kingdom and East Africa and Aden (and also South Africa, if superscribed on the cover and United Kingdom or Aden).	1906. Mar. 29 At 6-30	Per P. & O. steamer from Bombay.
Parcels and money-orders for the United Kingdom and other Foreign places.	" 28 At 5 P.M.; M.O., 4 P.M.	Parcels, Ditto ditto.
* Australasian Colonies ...	Apl. 2 At 7-30	Via Tuticorin and Colombo.*
† Straits Settlements, China and Japan.	Mar. 30 " 8-30	Per steamer Kutsang.
Burma ...	" 29 " 7-30	Per B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer.
Burma, Penang and Singapore.	" 31 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
Akyab, Kyaukpadaung and Sandoway.	" 30 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
Burma, Tavoy and Mergui ...	Apl. 2 " 7-30	Ditto ditto.
South Africa (Letters) Supplemental.	Mar. 28 " 7-30	Per Steamer Umsooto from Colombo.
Ditto (Parcels) Supplemental.	" 28 " 5	
Port Blair ...	" 31 " 7-30	Via Rangoon.

* Although the date entered in column 2 is, as far as can be calculated, the latest safe date of posting for the next Mail steamer, full allowance being made for the steamer being in advance of her published timing, Mails for the places mentioned in column 1 are despatched daily to Tuticorin, so that they may proceed by any steamer from Colombo that has been unusually accelerated or retarded, or by any special opportunity that may be afforded by a steamer not belonging to one of the regular lines.

† On other days correspondence for China and Japan is despatched daily to Tuticorin, so that it may proceed by the first steamer from Colombo.

1. The letter-box for inland articles will be cleared for the forenoon Mails at the following hours:—

For Goalundo, Arakan and Chittagong, at 6-15 A.M.
For Khulna and Jessore districts, at 7-15 A.M.
For the Eastern districts, as far as Dacca and Mymensingh, at 8-15 A.M.

For Midnapore and Orissa districts, at 10 A.M.
For Bombay, Central Provinces and Midnapore via Bengal-Nagpur Railway, at 1-15 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 1-35 P.M.

2. The letter-box will be cleared for the evening Mails at the following hours, viz.—

For the East Indian Railway Loop Mail, at 2-30 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 2-55 P.M.

For the Northern Bengal, Darjeeling and Assam Mails, at 3-55 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 4-15 P.M.

For the Bombay Mail via Jabulpore, at 6 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 6-30 P.M.

For the Punjab Mail, at 7-30 P.M.

For Midnapore, Orissa, Madras Presidency and Ceylon, at 7-30 P.M.

For the Khulna Mail, at 7-30 P.M.

For the Eastern Bengal Mail, Darjeeling, and places on the Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway, at 7-30 P.M.

and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 8 P.M. and with a late fee of 1 anna up to 8-45 P.M.

3. Late registered letters will be received between the following hours:—

For the Bombay Mail via Jabulpore, from 5 P.M. to 6-15 P.M.

For the Punjab Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For the Eastern Bengal Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For the Khulna Mail, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

For Midnapore, Orissa, Madras Presidency and Ceylon, from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M.

NOTE.—The late fee on each registered letter will be 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps on the letter.

4. Articles for Burma and for Port Blair by sea are received without late fee up to 7-30 P.M., and with a late fee of ½ anna up to 8 P.M., and late registered letters on the days on which direct mails are closed will be received from 6 P.M. to 7 P.M. with a late fee of 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps affixed to the letters.

5. On the latest safe day of despatch of Mails for the Australasian Colonies, or any other Foreign Countries, via Madras or Tuticorin, the letter-box for Foreign articles will be cleared for the last time at 7-30 P.M., and late letters and papers fully prepaid will be received up to 8-45 P.M. and late registered letters will be received from 8 P.M. to 7 P.M.

6. On the next day of despatch of the Mail for Europe (Thursday) the letter-box for Foreign articles will be cleared for the last time for articles without the late fee, at 7-15 P.M., and late letters and papers fully prepaid will be received up to 7-30 P.M. Late registered articles will be received from 8 to 6 P.M. On the

for Foreign articles 2 annas, which must be prepaid in stamps affixed to the articles.

CALCUTTA G. P. O.

JOHN OWENS,

The 24th March 1906.

Presidency Postmaster

Nadia Rivers.

Report showing the least depths of water for the week ending Friday, the 23rd March 1906.

Name of River.	Reach of River.	Least depth of water soundings, Ft. in.	REMARKS.
Entrance from Ganges	...	0 6	
Thence to Geriah	...	0 2	Monintola.
From Geriah to Jangipur	...	0 4	Alampur.
.. Jangipur to Berhampore	...	0 9	Bampur.
.. Berhampore to Katwa	...	0 7	Bhootghat.
.. Katwa to Nadia	...	2 3	Matari.
Entrance from Ganges	...	5 0	
Thence to Akrikanj	...	4 0	Chakharpara.
Akrikanj to junction of the	...		
Bhairab and Jalangi	...	3 6	Purandarpur.
Thence to Patkbari	...	4 0	Lainagar.
Patkbari to Nadia	...	3 0	Patnavanga.
Entrance from Ganges	...		
Thence to Dewanganj	...		Dewanganj.
From Dewanganj to Shikarpur	...		Megna.
.. Shikarpur to Boalia	...		Boalia.
.. Boalia to Chuadanga	...		Tatola.
.. Chuadanga to Kissen	...		
ganj and Hanskhali	...	4 0	Raypore.

Gauge Readings.

Locality.	Date.	Hour.	Height above zero.	Height above mean sea level.	REMARKS.
N. habganj	24-3-1906	A.M. 8	0 20	63 50	Fall.
Bampur Boalia	24-3-1906	Noon	0 31	68 31	"
Entrance of Bhagirathi Geriah	25-3-1906	A.M. 7	3 34	68 34	"
Entrance of Bhairab Jalangi, Akrikanj	25-3-1906	A.M. 7	0 38	58 38	Steady.
Entrance of Chuadanga	...	A.M. 7	...	...	...
Jangipur	25-3-1906	A.M. 8	19 40	66 40	Fall.
Berhampore	26-3-1906	A.M. 7	1 66	58 41	Steady.
Katwa	24-3-1906	P.M. 5	4 30	19 36	Rise.
Krishnagar	...	...	...	...	...
Sarupganj	25-3-1906	Noon	4 90	4 90	Rise.
Hanskhali	24-3-1906	P.M. 4	6 70	15 25	"

for A. K. BANERJI, Accountant,
Exec. Engr., Nadia Rivers Division.
Berhampore, the 26th March 1906.

NOTICE.

THE next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April and will last till the 21st April 1906, inclusive. The public are hereby informed that all issues of the said reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during the period.

L. C. ADAMI,

Offg. Secy. to the Bengal Council,
and Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

THE INDIAN LAW REPORTS.

Published in FOUR SERIES, viz.

CALCUTTA, MADRAS, BOMBAY AND ALLAHABAD.

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 List of Officers in the Subordinate Educational Service, Bengal, corrected up to 1st January 1906. As. 8. (1a.).
 General Report on Public Instruction in Bengal for 1904-05. Rs. 1-5-8. (2a.).

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 Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, January to March 1905. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 6d. (1s.)
 Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India on the standardisation of anti-Typhoid Vaccine. By Captain G. Lamb, M.D., I.M.S., and Captain W. O. B. Forster, M.B., I.P.H., I.M.S. New series, No. 21. Super-Royal 4to. Board. 2s. or 7d. (3s.)
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Railway Board. Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all railways corrected up to 31st December 1905. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

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- Imperial Library List of Additions. Third Series, with Subject Index. Nos. 10, 11, 12 and 13. Super-Royal 4to. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.) each.
- Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Snake Venoms in Relation to Hæmolysis, by Captain George Lamb, M.D., I.M.S. New series, No. 17. Super-Royal 4to. Limp cover. 6s. or 7d. (2s.)
- Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India—Hæmogerarina Gerbulli, by Lieutenant S. H. Christophers, M.B., I.M.S., New Series, No. 18. Super-Royal 4to, Limp cover. 10s. or 1s. (2s.)
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DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

- Records of the Botanical Survey of India. Vol. IV, No. 2. An Epitome of the British Indian Species of Impatiens, by Sir J. D. Hooker, G.C.S.I., O.B., F.R.S. Part II. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 8s. or 6d. (1s.)

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A Note upon the "Bee-hole Borer of Teak in Burma," by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.S. Super-Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

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A Book for the Army—"The Services of the Bengal Native Army," an historical sketch from 1599 to 1885, 586 pages, with two coloured plates, obtainable from all the principal booksellers, and from the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, Calcutta. Demy. 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2-8 or 3s. 9d. (7s.)

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Memoirs, Nos. 1, 4, 5, 1905. At Rs. 1-8.

" No. 2, 1905. At Rs. 1.

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Nityacaraprodipah. Fasc. 7, at 6s.

Uchaturvarga Uchintamani. Vol. IV. Fasc. 5 at 6s.

***List of books published by the Meteorological Department
from 1st July to 31st December 1905.***

Monthly Weather Review, January to June 1905. (Illustrated by 8 plates). Quarto. Paper cover.
Rs. 1 per month.

Monthly Weather Review, July 1905. (Illustrated by 8 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs. 1.

***List of new books published by the Geological Survey of
India during the week ending 17th February 1906.***

*Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XXXII, (Part I. By Director, Geological
Survey of India, Rs. 1.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

PART III.

Act of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, received the assent of His Honour on the 7th March, 1906, and, having been assented to by His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General on the 21st idem, is hereby published for general information:—

BENGAL ACT No. I of 1906.

An Act to amend the Court of Wards Act, 1879.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Court of Wards Act, Ben. Act IX of 1879, 1879;

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained, under section 5 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892, to the provisions of this Act which affect Acts passed by the Governor General of India in Council; 55 & 56 Vict., c. 14.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Bengal Court of Wards (Amendment) Act, 1906.

Partial re-
peal of sec-
tion 9 of
Bengal Act IX
of 1879.

2. In section 9 of the Court of Wards Act, 1879 [as amended by the Court of Wards Act (Bengal) Amendment Act, 1892], Ben. Act IX of 1879, IV of 1892. the words, figures and letters from "And in any case in which the Court has taken charge" to the end of the section are hereby repealed.

Insertion of
new sections
10A to 10E.

3. After section 10 of the said Court of Wards Act, Ben. Act IX of 1879, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"10A. (1) Whenever the Court of Wards assumes charge of any person or property under section 7 or section 10, it shall publish in the manner provided in section 64A a notice calling upon all creditors having claims against the ward or his immovable property to submit the same in writing to the Court, at a place to be named in the notice, within six months from the date of the publication of the notice aforesaid.

Notice to creditors.

(2) Every such claim (other than a claim on the part of the Government) not submitted to the Court in compliance with the provisions of sub-section (1), shall, save in the case provided for by section 10E, sub-section (2), clause (c), notwithstanding any law, contract, decree or award to the contrary, cease to carry interest from the date of the expiry of the period aforesaid:

Provided that, if the Court is satisfied that the creditor was prevented by any sufficient cause from complying with the provisions of sub-section (1), it may consider and allow, either wholly or in part, his claim for interest at any time after the date of the expiry of the period aforesaid.

"10B. (1) Every creditor submitting his claim in compliance with the provisions of section 10A, sub-section (1), shall furnish, along with his written statement of claim, full particulars thereof, and shall, within such time as the Court may appoint, produce all documents which are in his possession, power or control (including entries in books of account) on which he relies to support his claim, together with a true copy of every such document.

(2) The Court shall, after marking, for the purpose of identification, every original document so produced and verifying the correctness of the copy, retain the copy and return the original to the creditor.

(3) If any document, which to the knowledge of the creditor is in his possession, power or control, is not produced by him as required by sub-section (1), the document shall not be admissible in evidence against the ward, whether during the continuance of the management or afterwards, in any suit brought by the creditor or by any person claiming under him in respect of such claim.

"10C. If a Civil Court has directed any process of execution to issue against any immovable property of a ward or the rents thereof or any crops standing thereon, the Court of Wards may, at any time within one year after it assumed charge of such property, apply to the Civil Court to stay proceedings in the matter of such process; and the Civil Court may, on such terms regarding interest or compensation for delay as may appear to it to be just and reasonable, stay such proceedings for such period as it may deem fit.

"10D. (1) On receipt of all claims submitted in compliance with the provisions of sections 10A and 10B, the Court shall proceed to investigate such claims and shall decide which of them are to be wholly or partly admitted or wholly or partly rejected, as the case may be, and shall communicate its decision in writing to each claimant concerned.

(2) When the Court has admitted any claim under sub-section (1), it may make to the creditor a proposal in writing for the reduction of the claim, or of the rate of interest to be paid in future, or of both; and, if such proposal, or any modification of it, is accepted by the creditor and his acceptance is finally recorded and attested by the Court, it shall be conclusively binding upon the creditor and upon the ward:

Provided that, if when the superintendence of the property by the Court is relinquished or otherwise terminates, any portion of the claim reduced as aforesaid is still unsatisfied, the creditor shall be entitled to recover a sum bearing the same proportion to the original claim admitted under sub-section (1) as the unsatisfied portion bears to the reduced claim.

(3) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), nothing in this section shall be construed to bar the institution of a suit in a Civil Court for the recovery of a claim against a ward or his property which has been submitted to the Court of Wards:

Provided that no decision of the Court of Wards under this section shall be proved in any such suit as against the defendant.

(4) In calculating the period of limitation applicable to suits for the recovery of a claim which has been submitted to the Court of Wards, the period from the date of submission of the claim up to the date of the communication of the Court's decision thereon to the creditor shall be excluded.

"10H. (1) The Court of Wards may, after making an investigation under section 10D, when it appears to the Court that the estate is involved beyond all hope of extrication, or for any other sufficient reason, by notice published in the manner provided in section 64A, declare that it will, on a date to be fixed by the notice, relinquish charge of the property and person (or of the property as the case may be) of the ward under this section.

Relinquishment of inextricably involved estates.

(2) On the date so fixed—

(a) such charge shall terminate:

(b) the owner of the said property shall be restored to the possession thereof, subject to any contracts entered into by the Court of Wards for the preservation or benefit of such property; and

(c) the claims for interest barred under section 10A, subsection (2), shall revive in case the debt or liability in respect of which the interest is claimed be not then barred by any law of limitation.

(3) In calculating the periods of limitation applicable to suits to recover claims for interest revived under this section, the time during which such charge has continued shall be excluded."

Insertion of new section 13A in Bengal Act IX of 1879.

4. After section 13 of the said Act, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"13A. If, when any disqualified proprietor dies, or ceases to be disqualified within the meaning of this Act, there remain undischarged any debts or liabilities which were incurred by, or are due from, such proprietor, or which are a charge upon his property or any part thereof,

Power of Court to retain charge of property of disqualified proprietor until discharge of debts.

then, notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing sections, the Court may either withdraw from the charge of such property or retain such charge until such debts and liabilities, as the Court considers necessary to be discharged, together with all interest due thereon, have been discharged:

Provided that, after the death of a proprietor, the Court shall not retain charge on account of any debt or liability which has been declared by a competent Civil Court not to be binding on his representative."

New section 31A.

5. After section 34 of the said Act, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"34A. All expenses incurred by a Collector in taking action under section 31, section 32 or section 33 in respect of any person shall, if the property of such person is not taken under the charge of the Court, be recoverable from such person or from the person whom the Collector finds to be in possession of such property, under the procedure provided by the Public Demands Recovery Act, 1895, for the recovery of public demands."

Recovery of expenses incurred by Collector under sections 31 to 33.

Ben. Act I of 1895.

Partial repeal of section 56.

6. The words from "or to a proprietor" to the end of section 56 of the Court of Wards Act, 1879 [as amended by the Court of Wards Act (Bengal) Amendment Act, 1892] are hereby repealed.

*Ben. Act IX of 1879.
IV of 1892.*

Insertion of new section 59A.

7. After section 59 of the said Act, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

59A. Every person employed by the Court under this Act shall, for the purposes of the Indian Penal Code, be deemed to be a public servant."

XLV of 1860.

Insertion of
new section
60B.

8. After section 60A of the Court of Wards Act, 1879 [as amended by the Court of Wards Act (Bengal) Amendment Act, 1892], the following shall be inserted, namely:—

Ben. Act IX of 1879,
IV of 1892.

“60B. For the purposes of Part VII and sections 60 and 60A, a person whose property is under the charge of the Court of Wards by virtue of the second clause of section 11, or charge of whose property has been retained under section 13A, shall be deemed to be a “ward,” but only so far as regards such property.”

Repeal of
section 62.

9. Section 62 of the Court of Wards Act, 1879, is hereby repealed.

New section
64A.

10. After section 64 of the said Act, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“64A. Any notice required to be published by the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 10A, or of sub-section (1) of section 10E, shall be published—

- (a) in the English and in the vernacular Official Gazettes;
- (b) in at least three issues each of one English and one Vernacular newspaper published in Calcutta;
- (c) in two issues of a newspaper (if any) published in the district or Division in which the ward ordinarily resides, or has last resided; and
- (d) by posting such notice on the notice-boards in the offices of the Collector and of the Judge of the district in which the place named in the notice is situate.”

CALCUTTA;

L. O. ADAMI,

The 27th March, 1906.

Offg. Secretary to the Bengal Council.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

PART IVA.

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal assembled under the provisions of the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 and 1892.

THE Council met in the Council Chamber on Saturday, the 24th March, 1906, at 11 A.M.

Present:

The Hon'ble SIR ANDREW FRASER, K.C.S.I., Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, *presiding*.

The Hon'ble MR. L. HARE, C.S.I., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MR. F. A. SLACKE.

The Hon'ble MR. E. W. COLLIN.

The Hon'ble MR. R. W. CARLYLE, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MR. W. A. INGLIS.

The Hon'ble MR. L. P. SHIRRES.

The Hon'ble MR. T. W. RICHARDSON.

The Hon'ble MR. G. GORDON.

The Hon'ble MR. C. G. H. ALLEN.

The Hon'ble MR. C. F. LARMOUR.

The Hon'ble MR. J. CHAUDHURI, M.A.

The Hon'ble RAJA BAN BEHARI KAPUR, C.S.I.

The Hon'ble BABU JOGENDRA NATH MUKHERJEE, M.A., B.L.

The Hon'ble MR. J. D. NIMMO.

The Hon'ble BABU BHUPENDRA NATH BASU, M.A., B.L.

The Hon'ble MR. SYED SHURFUDDIN.

NEW MEMBER.

The Hon'ble MR. T. W. RICHARDSON took his seat in Council.

The Hon'ble Mr. RICHARDSON replied :—

"The classification of prisoners is laid down in the Jail Code, rules 517 to 529. Prisoners are divided into two classes, namely, (a) Habitual criminals, and (b) Non-habitual criminals.

"It is not clear what is meant by technical offences. The Courts decide whether a prisoner has been guilty of an offence which should be punished by rigorous imprisonment. When the Courts consider the offence to be of such a nature that simple imprisonment is sufficient, the prisoner is kept apart from the ordinary convicts."

WORKING OF SECTIONS 562 AND 563 OF THE CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, 1898.

The Hon'ble Mr. SYED SHURFUDDIN asked :—

Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a statement showing the working in Bengal of sections 562 and 563 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, since their introduction?

The Hon'ble Mr. RICHARDSON replied :—

"The Hon'ble Member was requested to state clearly what information he desired; and a statement prepared in accordance with his wishes is laid on the table."

Statement referred to in the above answer.

YEAR.	TOTAL NUMBER DEALT WITH UNDER SECTIONS 562 AND 563.		TOTAL NUMBER DISPOSED OF.		
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	
				Discharged.	Convicted.
1898	54	63	54	..	63
1899	139	168	139	..	168
1900	137	155	137	..	155
1901	113	136	113	2	134
1902	82	88	82	..	88
1903	66	72	66	..	72
1904	134	182	134	..	182
Total	725	864	725	2	862

THE BENGAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR 1906-07.

The Hon'ble Mr. SHERRES laid on the table the Bengal Financial Statement for 1906-07, with explanatory notes. He said :—

"Sir, I have the honour to lay upon the table the Financial Statement for 1906-07, together with the usual appendices and accounts.

"The past year has been a prosperous one, and the revenue has considerably exceeded the estimates. From the commencement of next year a new and more advantageous Financial Settlement with the Government of India will come into force. The transfer of 15 districts to another Province necessitated a revision of the existing settlement; and in making the revision the Government of India have dealt liberally with us.

"The usual comparison between the budget and the revised estimates for the current year is rendered difficult, owing to the transfer of the districts to the new Province having taken place in the middle of the year. The budget estimates of 1906-06 are for the undivided Province for the whole year, whereas the revised estimates are for the undivided Province for rather more than half of the year, and for the new Province for the remainder of the year.

"The simplest way in which to make a comparison is in the first instance to eliminate altogether the receipts and charges for the transferred districts, and afterwards to make whatever adjustment may be necessary on account of those districts.

"This comparison is made in paragraphs 4 to 8 of the Financial Statement. It will be seen that if we look only to the present Province of Bengal, and omit various assignments and adjustments, there has been a net increase of revenue amounting to Rs. 8,00,000. This is the net result of improvements under certain heads aggregating Rs. 12,04,000 and of decreases under others aggregating Rs. 4,04,000. On the expenditure side there have been very large savings amounting to Rs. 28,34,000 due chiefly to the failure to spend the large special grants for police and education reforms and to lapses in the Public Works Department.

"The reason why it is necessary to make an adjustment on account of the transferred districts is that in them, as in all districts outside Calcutta, the Provincial receipts exceed the Provincial expenditure. The surplus accruing from those districts in fact formed part of the revenues assigned to this Province from which the expenditure outside those districts was to be met. Moreover while the expenditure in the districts in question proceeds more or less uniformly throughout the year, the greater part of the revenue is collected in the last quarter; with the result that there is an actual deficit in the first part of the year and a large surplus in the last half. In the budget we estimated for a surplus for the whole year of Rs. 9,27,000, but after the budget had been passed we transferred an additional sum of Rs. 2,34,000 to the Public Works Department for expenditure in Eastern Bengal, thus reducing the anticipated surplus to Rs. 6,93,000. The adjustment allowed to us is the difference between the actual receipts and the actual expenditure in Eastern Bengal from the 16th October to the close of the year, and this is estimated at Rs. 5,61,000; but as the expenditure up to the date of transfer exceeded the income by Rs. 2,95,000 the adjustment for the whole year comes to only Rs. 2,66,000. In the transferred districts the receipts have exceeded the estimates but so also has the expenditure; and the amount which is being made over to us is the actual surplus.

"When the budget of the current year was prepared the closing balance of 1904-05, and therefore also the opening balance of 1905-06, was underestimated by Rs. 5,14,000. This sum is carried forward and increases the closing balance of 1905-06 and the opening balance of 1906-07. In calculating the closing balance of the current year and the opening balance of next year we must likewise add the amount by which the receipts have exceeded the estimates in Bengal proper and the savings in expenditure; and we must deduct the loss on the adjustment for Eastern Bengal. The net result is to place the opening balance of next year at Rs. 1,17,98,000.

"In preparing our budget estimates for next year, we have at our disposal the opening balance of Rs. 1,17,98,000, the assignment of revenue made to us by the Government of India under the new settlement which comes to Rs. 4,72,73,000, and an additional sum of Rs. 1,69,000 by which that revenue is expected to expand next year. There are also certain special grants, aggregating Rs. 4,30,000, which bring the total up to Rs. 6,10,70,000. Of this however we must carry forward at least Rs. 70,00,000, namely the minimum provincial balance of Rs. 20,00,000 and the grant of Rs. 50,00,000 for the improvement of Calcutta, so that the amount actually available for expenditure is Rs. 5,40,70,000.

"A few words of explanation may be given regarding the new settlement. It would have been easy for the Government of India, to have continued the settlement made in 1904 after modifying it to suit the new Province. They might have said "We take away from you the receipts and expenditure of certain districts: those districts have hitherto yielded you a surplus and their removal means a net loss to you: we shall therefore make you a permanent grant equal to the surplus, but otherwise we shall leave the existing settlement untouched." Fortunately the Government of India elected to make an altogether fresh settlement.

"Now when making a financial settlement the Government of India scrutinise the estimates, decide what total expenditure may fairly be taken as the

necessary expenditure of the Province, and make over receipts sufficient just to meet that expenditure. On previous occasions the revised estimates were made the basis of the scale of expenditure so that all anticipated savings were eliminated before the scale was calculated. The new settlement however has been based on the budget estimates, and is therefore much more favourable to us. Moreover in our budget for the current year we proposed to reduce the opening balance by Rs. 42,37,000. The Government of India before adopting our budget as the new scale of expenditure might have cut out the whole of this amount on the ground that it is non-recurring expenditure met from the opening balance, but the total deduction they made from the budget came to only Rs. 37,86,000. Thus they practically treated about 4½ lakhs of non-recurring expenditure as though it were recurring and made over to us recurring revenue to meet it. They also left our Public Works grant untouched, although the separation of East Bengal relieved us of charges amounting to Rs. 5,22,000.

"We have also been allowed a larger share of the divided heads of revenue. In other words, a larger proportion of the revenue made over to us is expanding revenue, and the non-expanding assignment has been reduced from Rs. 73,70,000 to Rs. 5,72,000. The following are the changes which have been made:—We now receive $\frac{1}{2}$ instead of $\frac{1}{10}$ of Excise, $\frac{1}{2}$ instead of $\frac{1}{4}$ of Forests, $\frac{1}{2}$ instead of $\frac{1}{4}$ of Assessed Taxes, the whole instead of $\frac{1}{4}$ of the receipts from Government estates, and $\frac{1}{2}$ instead of $\frac{1}{4}$ of the remainder of Land Revenue. The effect of these changes has been to add about 1½ lakhs to our net annual increment of revenue.

"I may mention also that subsequent to the settlement of 1904, the Government of India have, owing to the improved state of their finances made large grants to us for Agriculture, Education, Police, etc., and these grants are continued under the new settlement.

"If the new settlement had been in force for the last five years there would have been an average annual increase of revenue over the revenue of the preceding year of Rs. 8,97,000. The whole of this could not however have been available for new expenditure because there must first be deducted the normal increase of necessary expenditure due, *e.g.*, to increase of superannuation charges, increments of salary, expenditure necessary to obtain the increased revenue, &c. This increment of necessary expenditure amounts to about Rs. 5,37,000 a year.

"To return to our budget for next year. As already stated the amount actually available for expenditure is Rs. 5,40,70,000. Of this sum we propose to carry forward Rs. 19,76,000 and to spend Rs. 5,20,94,000. The amount which we budget to spend next year is therefore Rs. 5,20,94,000; and this is made up of Rs. 28,22,000 taken from the opening balance and Rs. 4,92,72,000 the revenue of the year.

"In paragraph 16 there is a list of items of non-recurring expenditure amounting to Rs. 47,28,000. As the reduction in the opening balance is only Rs. 28,22,000 the remainder of this non-recurring expenditure amounting to Rs. 19,06,000 is met from the revenue of the year. In other words there is a margin between recurring income and recurring expenditure of Rs. 19,06,000. This it may be noted is altogether apart from the special grants made by the Government of India.

"The reforms and improvements which it is proposed to carry out will be apparent from the lists in paragraphs 16 and 17. I need not comment on them in detail, but shall be glad to furnish any further information regarding them which Hon'ble Members may desire. I need only explain that the reforms and improvements indicated in those lists are in addition to those under Agriculture, Education and Police, which are to be met from the special grants from the Government of India. Those are referred to under the appropriate heads in the Financial statement.

"The budget will not come up for discussion until the 7th April so as to allow Hon'ble Members ample time to examine it, and I shall be greatly obliged if notice can be given to me a week before the debate of any points which it is proposed to raise or any information which is required in order that the matter may receive sufficient attention."

THE BENGAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR 1906-07.

PART I.—General Review.

(1) ACCOUNTS FOR 1904-1905.

When the revised estimate for 1904-1905 was laid before the Council on the 25th March 1905, the closing balance for that year, which was also the opening balance for the current year was estimated at Rs. 1,24,86,000. The accounts of last year are now finally closed and show that the actual closing balance came to Rs. 1,30,00,101, or in round numbers to Rs. 1,30,00,000, which is Rs. 5,14,000 more than the revised estimate. The receipts were better by Rs. 1,90,000 chiefly under Marine on account of larger pilotage receipts; while the charges were also less by Rs. 3,24,000 partly under Jails and partly under the heads of "Minor Works and Navigation." and "Civil Works" in charge of the Public Works Department.

(2) REVISED ESTIMATE, 1905-1906.

2. The budget estimate for 1905-1906 as passed by the Government of India provided for receipts aggregating Rs. 5,64,33,000 and an expenditure of Rs. 6,06,70,000, thus reducing the accumulated balance at the commencement of the year by Rs. 42,37,000. In consequence of the transfer, from the 16th October 1905, of fifteen districts to the new province of Eastern Bengal and Assam, and the addition of the Sambalpur district to this province by transfer from the administration of the Central Provinces, the receipts and charges for the last five months and a half in the districts transferred to the new province have been incorporated in the revised estimate of that province, while those in the added area have been included in the revised estimate of this province. The revised estimate for 1905-1906 as now presented therefore includes the actuals of the transferred districts for the first six months and a half and that of the added area for the last five months and a half.

3. In order, however, that the finance of this province might not be materially affected by these readjustments of accounts in the middle of the year it has been decided that any loss to this province arising therefrom should be made good through the adjusting head of Land Revenue. Thus the surplus of revenue over expenditure in the districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam, which but for the separation would have been available to meet in part the cost of the central administration at the Presidency, and which is now estimated at Rs. 5,61,000, as well as the estimated deficit in the added area amounting to Rs. 91,000, have been credited in favour of Bengal.

4. To make a proper comparison of the revised estimates of new Bengal with that of the sanctioned budget estimates for the current year it is necessary in the first instance to eliminate the receipts and charges for the transferred districts, as included in the original consolidated estimates for undivided Bengal, and add to the net results the revenue and expenditure for the added area in Sambalpur as estimated for the last five months and a half of the year. The following table which is an abstract of Appendix C shows the result of this comparison:—

	Original estimate for undivided Bengal.	Sanctioned estimate for the districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Difference between columns (2) and (3).	Estimate for the added area in Sambalpur for the last 5½ months.	Total of columns (4) and (5).	Revised estimate for new Bengal.	Actuals of the first 6½ months of transferred districts.	Total of columns (7) and (8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Total Receipts	Rs. 5,64,33,000	Rs. 1,16,30,000	Rs. 4,48,03,000	Rs. 88,000	Rs. 4,48,91,000	Rs. 4,54,53,000	Rs. 54,58,000	Rs. 5,09,03,000
Adjustments for transfer of districts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,53,000	.....	6,53,000
Total	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,61,06,000	54,58,000	5,15,64,000
Expenditure	6,06,70,000	1,36,08,000	4,70,62,000	1,71,000	4,92,43,000	5,29,12,000	57,58,000	5,87,03,000
Surplus (+) or Deficit (—)	—42,37,000	+8,22,000	—31,64,000	—31,000	—43,52,000	—9,07,000	—3,58,000	—12,02,000

5. Columns (6) and (7) of the preceding table show that the receipts in Bengal (proper) are expected to be better by Rs. 8,62,000, while the expenditure is likely to be less by Rs. 28,34,000.

6. The increase in receipts is accounted for partly by increase in revenue, and partly by the following assignment and adjustments under Land Revenue:—

	Rs.
(a) Assignment for grants to University and private Colleges	1,10,000
(b) Special grant from Imperial revenues for the improvement of Dalhousie Square in Calcutta	1,38,000
(c) Ditto for Cantonment Police taken over from the Cantonment Funds	10,000
(d) Ditto for the development of Agricultural and Veterinary Department	3,50,000
	<u>6,08,000</u>
<i>Deduct—</i>	
Contribution to Imperial for redistribution of charges under " 2—Assignments and Compensations " ...	1,15,000
Special grant for the improvement of the Port of Chittagong transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam ...	4,31,000
	<u>5,46,000</u>
Net increase under Adjustments	<u>62,000</u>

7. The increase in revenue is the net result of improvements under some heads and of decreases under others. The improvements aggregate Rs. 12,04,000, which are expected chiefly under the following heads:—Stamps (Rs. 1,41,000), chiefly from Court-fee stamps, Excise (Rs. 2,97,000), mainly for better settlements, Assessed Taxes (Rs. 38,000), Registration (Rs. 41,000), Marine (Rs. 3,45,000) under Pilotage receipts, Medical (Rs. 1,14,000), chiefly for the allotment of Rs. 90,000 to the Medical College Hospital made by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales out of the donation of one lakh made by the Maharaja of Darbhanga on the occasion of the Royal visit; Irrigation Works (Rs. 1,80,000), chiefly for water-rates in the Sone Canals. On the other hand the decreases aggregate Rs. 4,04,000, and are principally under Interest (Rs. 30,000) owing to smaller loans having been taken by the local bodies than were provided for in the budget, Courts of Law (Rs. 38,000), Police (Rs. 54,000), Miscellaneous (1,54,000) and Civil Works in charge of the Public Works Department (Rs. 78,000).

8. On the expenditure side the revised estimate shows a net decrease of Rs. 28,34,000. The decrease is partly due to the failure to obtain the sanction before the close of the year to the scheme for an increase in the number of Deputy Collectors, partly to the non-utilization in full of the grants for the increase of salaries of Ministerial officers and the development of the Veterinary and Agricultural Department, partly to savings in the special and other grants for the Police and Education Departments amounting to about 7 and 9½ lakhs respectively, and partly to lapses in the grants for Civil Works (7½ lakhs) which have been regranted next year for the completion of the works in question. On the other hand there have been increases under General Administration, Jails, Medical, Miscellaneous and Irrigation Minor Works. The increase under Medical is for larger grants to Hospitals and Dispensaries, grants to the Jheriah Plague Committee and Purulia Leper Asylum, and for the payment of fees and allowances of Dr. Gilbert Fowler, deputed to report on septic tanks in Bengal. The increase under Miscellaneous is especially due to the special grants of Rs. 45,000 to the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital, Calcutta, and of Rs. 12,500 to the Calcutta Female Nurses' Institution. The increase under Irrigation Minor Works and Navigation is for the payment of Rs. 3,90,000 for a portion of the cost of the Suction Dredger indented for from England.

9. The closing balance of the current year was estimated in March last at Rs. 82,49,000. To this must now be added Rs. 5,14,000, the excess of the opening balance over the estimate, Rs. 8,62,000, by which the receipts of

the current year have improved, and Rs. 28,34,000 the net decrease of expenditure. But from the total of these should be deducted Rs. 2,95,000 the excess of expenditure over receipts in the Eastern districts during the first six months and a-half of the year and the loss in the estimated surplus in the Eastern districts amounting to Rs. 9,27,000—Rs. 5,61,000=Rs. 3,66,000. The net result of these additions and deductions will bring the balance to Rs. 1,17,98,000. In the revised estimate, therefore, the closing balance of the current year is placed at Rs. 1,17,98,000.

NEW FINANCIAL SETTLEMENT.

10. In consequence of the transfer of fifteen districts of Bengal to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, a new Provincial settlement has been made which will come into force from the 1st April 1906, and will be of a quasi-permanent nature. In framing the terms of the revised settlement it has been necessary (1) to determine the standard of revenue and expenditure in Bengal as previously constituted; (2) to deduct the revenue and expenditure incurred in the districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam; (3) to make similar changes in connection with the transfer of Sambalpur from, and of certain Native States to, the Central Provinces; (4) to distribute the special grants given to Bengal as previously constituted for Police reorganization, Primary education and District Boards; and (5) to make an addition on account of a special grant-in-aid of agricultural improvements.

11. For the standards of revenue and expenditure the Government of India have adopted the budget figures for 1905-06, except under the head of "45—Civil Works" for which the standard of 45 lakhs has been taken as suitable to the requirements of the reduced province. In revising the terms the receipts under the heads of Land Revenue, Excise, Assessed Taxes and Forests have been divided equally between Provincial and Imperial, while the collections from Government estates have been made wholly Provincial. The Bengal Government will now get one-half of the increased receipts under the divided heads mentioned above, including Stamps, while those under Registration will continue to be wholly Provincial as settled in 1904.

BUDGET ESTIMATE, 1906-07.

12. The opening balance for 1906-07 corresponds with the closing balance of the current year, and is therefore taken at Rs. 1,17,98,000.

13. The estimate shows receipts aggregating Rs. 4,92,72,000, an expenditure of Rs. 5,20,94,000, and a closing balance of Rs. 82,76,000.

14. The ordinary Provincial minimum closing balance is Rs. 20,00,000, but in addition to that amount the Government of Bengal must keep the special grant for improvements of Calcutta untouched, so that under the present conditions the minimum closing balance is $20+50=70$ lakhs. The estimated closing balance is therefore Rs. 19,76,000 in excess of the present minimum.

15. The budget estimate for next year as passed provides for receipts aggregating Rs. 4,92,72,000. The amount assigned to the Local Government in the new Financial settlement is Rs. 4,72,73,000, and owing to ordinary expansion it is estimated that the revenue made over will yield next year Rs. 4,88,42,000. To this must be added the special assignments of Rs. 4,30,000 for the following:—

	Rs.
For charges on amount of Cantonment Magistrates which have been re-provincialized	29,000
For grants to University and private Colleges	1,60,000
For Technical education	35,000
For additional reforms in Police	4,00,000
For abolition of Patwari cess in Sambalpur	26,000
	6,50,000
<i>Deduct</i> —Balance of the Zamindari Dak Fund transferred to Imperial on the abolition of the Fund, a corresponding credit having been afforded to Provincial under "Contribution from Local"	2,20,000
Net assignment	4,30,000

These will bring up the total receipts to Rs. 4,92,72,000.

16. The expenditure of the year is estimated at Rs. 5,90,94,000 and exceeds the income by Rs. 23,22,000 and the settlement assignment, by Rs. 48,21,000. The estimate includes provision for non-recurring charges aggregating Rs. 47,28,000 as shown below:—

	Rs.
Sundarbans reclamation	1,00,000
Initial outlay in bringing up records-of-rights in Orissa ...	1,81,000
Grant for improvements in record-rooms	50,000
Grain Compensation Allowance	2,00,000
Survey of Sundarbans Forest (Provincial share) ...	45,000
Collection of Sanitary Statistics proposed by the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India ...	7,000
Expert Sanitary Engineer for Septic Tank installation ...	16,000
Acquisition of land for the extension of Buxar Central Jail ...	20,000
Purchase of furniture and apparatus and models for the Mining Department, Civil Engineering College ...	10,000
Initial outlay on the establishment of Central Weaving School at Serampore	1,00,000
Purchase of works of Art for Government Art Gallery ...	29,000
Laboratories, fittings and other charges for Patna College	1,00,000
Steam Launch for the Commissioner of the Presidency Division	20,000
Civil Works in charge of the Public Works Department—	
Extension of High Court	1,00,000
Presidency Jail and Surgical Ward, Medical College ...	2,00,000
Lunatic Asylum, Ranchi	4,50,000
District Judge's Residence, Darbhanga	33,000
Judge's House, Gaya	50,000
Purchase of Bungalows in Cuttack	81,000
Improvements in Darbhanga	24,000
Cholera Ward in Medical College, Calcutta	53,000
Paying-patients' block for Indians in Medical College, Calcutta	1,00,000
Construction of Cadet School, Ranchi	1,75,000
Land and buildings at Kharagpur and Jhargram for the division of the Midnapore District into two ...	4,00,000
Acquisition of Haritola bustee, near Campbell Hospital ...	1,00,000
Land and buildings for Ranchi Model College and School and Civil Engineering College	6,00,000
Land and building for officers' quarters, etc., in Howrah ...	3,90,000
Double-storied block in Campbell Hospital	60,000
Civil Works in charge of Civil officers—	
Calcutta Municipality for Incinerator	35,000
Bhagalpur Municipality for Water-works	25,000
Nadia Municipality for repairs to Embankments	6,000
Monghyr Municipality for Water-supply	75,000
Berhampore Municipality for Drainage	20,000
Titaghur Municipality for Drainage	10,000
Puri Municipality for drainage	25,000
Ditto for Sanitary Improvements	50,000
Acquisition of Post Office Bustee in Patna	24,000
Police Buildings in the Mufassal	85,000
Water-works and sanitary improvements in Darjeeling ...	1,00,000
Initial outlay for the division of Patna into two	64,000
Suction Dredger	4,50,000
Bhairsab Valley Drainage	75,000
Sugarcane irrigation in Otter	40,000
Total	47,28,000

17. The estimate also provides, besides the normal growth in administration such as increase in salaries, supernumeration charges, etc., for the following recurring outlay in addition to the scale of expenditure allowed for in the settlement:—

	Rs.
(1) For increase of pay of ministerial officers in addition to the special grant made by the Government of India	1,50,000
(2) „ reorganization of the Registration Department ...	90,000
(3) „ Additional District and Sessions Judges and their establishments ...	40,000
(4) „ additional establishment for the separation of the Patna Division into two ...	10,000
(5) „ an Additional Secretary, Legislative Council ...	5,000
(6) „ an Additional Professor of Sanskrit in the Presidency College ...	6,000
(7) „ an Additional Professor of Physiology in the Medical College ...	14,000
Total ...	3,15,000 •

PART II.—Detailed remarks on the Budget for 1906-07.

[The remarks in the following paragraphs refer to Bengal as it now stands after the transfer of East Bengal to the new Province.]

RECEIPTS.

18. *Land Revenue.*—The total collections under this head in 1904-05 amounted to Rs. 2,87,82,526, and the estimate for 1906-07, as passed by the Government of India, is Rs. 2,93,61,000. The estimate includes Rs. 5,00,000 for recoveries of the survey and settlement charges in Purnea (Rs. 4,00,000) and Ranchi (Rs. 1,00,000). About Rs. 50,000 will be recovered in the Sonthal Parganas, but they are to be adjusted under “Advances Recoverable” and not credited in the general account.

The estimated Provincial share of land revenue is arrived at as follows:—

	Estimate, 1906-07. Rs.
Gross Land Revenue ...	2,93,61,000
Deduct estimated collections from Government estates (now wholly Provincial) ...	32,38,000
Deduct recoveries of Survey and Settlement charges (Imperial) ...	5,00,000
Total deduction ...	37,38,000
Net amount divisible between Imperial and Provincial Funds ...	2,56,23,000
Provincial share of above (one-half) ...	1,28,11,000
Add collections from Government estates ...	32,38,000
Total Provincial ...	1,60,49,000
Add Adjustments as in Appendix A ...	10,02,000
Total Provincial share ...	1,70,51,000

19. *Stamps.*—The actual receipts in 1904-05 were Rs. 1,85,03,882. The actuals in the first eleven months of the current year, exclusive of those from one anna Receipt Stamps, show an increase of Rs. 7,28,000 over those in the corresponding period of last year. In view of these figures the revised estimate for the current year has been passed for Rs. 1,42,00,000 and the estimate for

1906-07 placed at Rs. 1,45,00,000. The Local Government gets one-half of these amounts.

20. *Excise*.—The actuals for the first eleven months of 1905-06 show an increase of Rs. 11,15,000 over those in the corresponding period of the preceding year, and as Rs. 1,40,69,166 were realized in 1904-05, the revised estimate for the current year has been passed for Rs. 1,52,50,000. The estimate for next year allows for an increase of 4½ lakhs, and has been placed at Rs. 1,57,00,000. The Provincial share (one-half) amounts to Rs. 78,50,000.

21. *Provincial Rates*.—The actual collections of Public Works cess in 1904-05 amounted to Rs. 35,20,337; and the estimate for next year has been taken at Rs. 35,90,000. An increase is anticipated on the completion of the work of revaluation in certain districts. Under General Rates for the management of private estates the estimate of receipts is Rs. 1,30,000, and this added to the estimate of receipts from Public Works Cess makes up the sum of Rs. 37,20,000, which is the total estimate for the year.

22. *Assessed Taxes*.—The budget estimate of receipts from Income-tax for 1905-06 was Rs. 43,97,000. The actual collections in the first eleven months of the year amounted to Rs. 42,15,000. For the remaining month of the year the receipts have been put at Rs. 3,35,000, and the revised estimate has been placed at Rs. 45,50,000. The estimate for next year allows for an increase of Rs. 1,00,000 and stands at Rs. 46,50,000. The Provincial share (one-half) amounts to Rs. 23,25,000.

23. *Forests*.—The total receipts under this head for 1906-07 are estimated at Rs. 10,00,000 against Rs. 8,98,000, the budget estimate for 1905-06, and Rs. 8,80,905, the actuals of 1904-05. The Provincial share under the new settlement is one-half.

24. *Registration*.—The budget estimate under this head for 1905-1906 was Rs. 10,22,000. The collections of the first eleven months of the current year show an increase of Rs. 46,000 over those of the corresponding period of the preceding year; and as the actuals of 1904-05 were Rs. 10,18,261, the revised estimate has been placed at Rs. 10,64,000, while the estimate for 1906-07 has been passed for Rs. 10,50,000. The receipts under this head are not expected to be as high as in the current year because a considerable decrease is expected in the Chota Nagpur Division owing to the operation of the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Amendment Act V of 1903. The receipts of this Department are wholly Provincial.

25. *Law and Justice—Courts of Law*.—The actuals of last year amounted to Rs. 5,61,378, and the revised estimate for the current year has been taken at Rs. 5,40,000 with reference to the actuals of the first ten months of the year. During the current year there has been a falling off under general fees, fines and forfeitures, but this is not expected to continue, and the receipts for next year have been estimated at Rs. 5,60,000.

26. *Jails*.—The actuals of the twelve months ending 31st January 1906 show an increase of Rs. 31,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year; and as the actuals of 1904-1905 were Rs. 12,31,117, the revised estimate has been placed at Rs. 12,60,000. The budget estimate for the current year, Rs. 12,50,000, has been repeated as the estimate for next year.

27. *Police*.—The estimate under this head amounts to Rs. 1,67,000 against Rs. 1,30,000, the revised estimate for 1905-1906, and Rs. 1,68,016, the actuals of 1904-1905. No recoveries are to be made for Cantonment Police from 1st April 1905, while the fines for the prevention of cruelty to animals now appear under Law and Justice instead of under this head, as in 1904-1905. The budget includes Rs. 22,000 for fines imposed on the Calcutta and Suburban Police Force which were formerly credited to the Police Superannuation Fund which has now been abolished.

28. *Marine*.—The budget estimate for the current year was Rs. 13,05,300. This has been raised to Rs. 16,50,000 in the revised estimate with reference to the actuals of the first eleven months of the current year. The estimate for next year has also been passed for a like amount.

29. *Education*.—The estimate under this head is Rs. 6,40,000 against Rs. 6,10,900, the revised estimate for 1905-1906, and Rs. 5,72,626, the actuals of 1904-1905. The increase is expected mainly from rent of boarding houses

30. *Medical*.—The estimate under this head is Rs. 2,60,000 against Rs. 2,46,387, the actuals of 1904-1905, and Rs. 5,46,000, the revised estimate for the current year. The revised estimate includes a contribution of two lakhs from the Calcutta Hospital Port Dues Fund towards the maintenance of the Presidency General Hospital and an allotment of Rs. 90,000 made by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to the Medical College Hospital out of the donation of one lakh made by the Maharaja of Durbhanga on the occasion of the Royal visit.

31. *Scientific and other Minor Departments*.—The total receipts for 1906-07 are estimated at Rs. 2,94,000 against Rs. 2,74,454, the actuals of 1904-05. The revised estimate for 1905-06 based on the actuals of the nine months of the year has been placed at Rs. 2,78,000. The budget includes larger provision for the sale of sulphate of quinine.

32. *Receipts in aid of superannuation*.—The budget estimate for 1906-07 has been passed for Rs. 57,000 against Rs. 60,000, the revised estimate for 1905-06, and Rs. 59,730, the actuals of 1904-05.

33. *Miscellaneous*.—The receipts under this head are of a fluctuating character. The estimate for next year has been placed at Rs. 5,76,000 against Rs. 6,80,000 and Rs. 5,26,000, the budget and revised estimates, respectively, for the current year, and Rs. 5,95,684, the actuals of last year.

34. *Irrigation, Major Works (Direct Receipts)*.—The estimate under this head amounts to Rs. 20,72,000 against Rs. 20,00,000, the budget estimate for the current year. The actuals of last year were Rs. 20,46,167. During the current year there have been larger receipts under Water-rates from the Orissa and Sone Canals and under Navigation from all the canals and the revised estimate has been placed at Rs. 21,50,000.

35. *Irrigation, Minor Works and Navigation in charge of the Public Works Department*.—The estimate for the current year is Rs. 6,50,000 which has been raised to Rs. 6,80,000 in the revised estimate owing to larger navigation receipts in the Calcutta and Eastern Canals. It is doubtful if the increase will continue in next year, and a lower figure has been adopted for the budget. The budget includes Rs. 5,000 which is anticipated from sugarcane irrigation in Bihar.

36. *Civil Works*.—The details of the receipts under this head are given in Appendix A.

EXPENDITURE.

37. *Refunds and Drawbacks*.—The estimate for 1906-1907 is Rs. 1,15,000 against Rs. 1,09,000 and Rs. 99,093, the revised estimate for the current year and the actuals of 1904-1905, respectively. The increase is due to the increase in the Provincial share in some of the principal heads of revenue.

38. *Assignments and Compensations*.—The Government of India have decided that the charges under Land Revenue compensations should be divided in the same proportion as the receipts under that head with effect from 1st April 1905. The charges under the head Pensions in lieu of resumed lands, which were wholly Imperial before 1905-1906, and Malikana, which were wholly Provincial, are the only two heads which have been affected by this decision. The details are shown in Appendix B.

39. *Land Revenue*.—The total Provincial expenditure for next year is estimated at Rs. 38,01,000 against Rs. 34,61,696, the budget estimate for the current year, as shown below :—

	1904-1905.		1905-1906.
	Budget. Rs.	Revised. Rs.	Budget. Rs.
(1) Charges of District Administration ...	26,23,195	28,57,000	29,20,000
(2) Charges on account of Land Revenue collections ...	1,401	1,000	1,400
(3) Management of Government estates ...	5,09,918	4,82,000	4,17,000
(4) Survey and Settlement ...	2,52,500	3,00,000	2,00,000
(5) Land Records and Agriculture For rounding ...	74,688	92,000	2,22,000
	...	...	100
Total ...	34,61,696	32,32,000	38,01,000

The increase under (1) is due to provision having been made for (a) the full sanctioned strength of officers and establishment, (b) for increase in the number of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, (c) for the pay of mubarrirs and peons of Additional Deputy Magistrates, (d) for grain compensation allowance to menial officers during dearness of food-grains, (e) for increase of salaries of Ministerial officers, and (f) for increased grant for improving the record-rooms of Collectorates. Under (3) a provision of one lakh has been made for the Sunderbans reclamation work, while the increase under (5) is for the provision of Rs. 1,31,000 for initial expenditure for bringing up the records of rights in Orissa and Rs. 36,000 for the maintenance of Record of Rights in Sambalpur.

40. *Stamps*.—The estimate for 1906-1907 is Rs. 3,70,000 against Rs. 4,27,000, the budget grant for 1905-1906. The decrease is chiefly under "Stamp paper supplied from Central Stores," the estimate under this head being Rs. 1,90,000 against Rs. 2,28,000, the budget estimate for 1905-1906. The provisional share (one-half) is Rs. 1,85,000.

41. *Excise*.—The total expenditure for next year is estimated at Rs. 7,32,000 against Rs. 7,23,000, the budget grant for 1905-1906. The increase is due to a provision of Rs. 15,000 for establishment in Sambalpur. Under the new settlement the Provincial share is one-half and amounts to Rs. 3,66,000.

42. *Assessed Taxes*.—The expenditure for next year is estimated at Rs. 1,45,000 against Rs. 1,30,000, the sanctioned estimate for the current year. The increase is due to an increase in horse allowance of assessors and to an increase of establishment sanctioned for the Office of the Collector of Income-tax, Calcutta. The estimate for next year includes provision for two additional temporary assessors.

43. *Forests*.—The total budget grant for next year is Rs. 6,50,000 against Rs. 5,65,000, the estimate for 1905-1906. The increase is chiefly due to a provision for the detailed survey of the reserved forests in the Sunderbans, and for the payment of the profits in the working of the Porahat reserves in the Singhbhum Division for the five years ending 1905-1906. The budget also includes a larger provision for the construction of roads required for the opening out of Singhbhum, Angul and other divisions. The Provincial share (one-half) is Rs. 3,25,000.

44. *Registration*.—The estimate for next year is Rs. 6,92,000 against Rs. 6,01,000, the grant for the current year. The increase is due to a provision having been made to give full effect to the scheme of the reorganisation of the Department sanctioned by the Secretary of State.

45. *General Administration*.—The estimate for 1906-1907 is Rs. 17,32,000 against Rs. 17,27,196 the actuals of 1904-05. The budget includes Rs. 20,000 for increase of pay of Ministerial establishment, Rs. 20,000 for the balance of the cost of the steam-launch for the Commissioner of the Presidency Division which will have to be paid to the Dockyard authorities, and Rs. 10,000 for additional establishment that may be required, when the Patna Division is divided into two Commissionerships. Provision has also been made for the appointment of an additional Secretary to the Legislative Council and for additional temporary establishment in that Department.

46. *Law and Justice—Courts of Law*.—The budget estimate under this head for 1905-1906 was Rs. 73,13,295, but in the revised estimate this has been reduced to Rs. 70,54,000 with reference to the known actuals of the year. The estimate for 1906-1907 has been passed for Rs. 74,00,000, which includes provision for a District and Sessions Judge for Darbhanga, an Additional Judge for the 24-Parganas for five months, and an Additional Sub-Judge for that district. Larger provision has also been made for increase of salaries of ministerial officers, remuneration to copyists, diet and travelling allowances to witnesses, and allowances to Jurors and Assessors, and Additional Deputy Magistrates and their establishment.

47. *Jails*.—The estimate for the current year was Rs. 22,17,147 against Rs. 19,02,245 the actuals of last year. The actuals of the first nine months of the year, however, show an increase of three lakhs as compared with the figures of last year, and the revised estimate for the year has accordingly been raised to Rs. 23,33,000. The increase is chiefly under Jail Manufactures and is due to larger expenditure on the purchase of raw materials. The estimate for

48. *Police.*—The following table compares the estimates under this head:—

	1904-1905. Actuals.	1905-1906.		1906-1907. estimate.
		Budget.	Revised.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(1) Presidency Police ...	8,62,316	8,70,000	9,08,000	10,06,600
(2) Municipal " ...	42,700	52,000	61,000	54,000
(3) Superintendence ...	1,85,253	1,63,000	1,94,000	2,01,000
(4) District Executive Force ...	37,47,168	48,78,600	42,30,000	47,10,700
(5) Village Police ...	52,883	51,800	47,000	51,000
(6) Special " ...	94,861	1,13,600	85,000	63,000
(7) Railway " ...	1,53,428	2,01,000	1,66,000	2,17,500
(8) Cattle-pounds ...	1,767	1,000	1,000	1,000
(9) Refunds ...	16,786	30,000	11,000	12,200
(10) Grain compensation allowance ...	.. ..	.....	.....	50,000
Total ...	51,57,102	63,61,000	57,03,000	63,67,000

The budget for the current year included a lump provision of Rs. 12,60,000 for reforms recommended by the Police Commission. A portion of this (3 lakhs) will go from next year to the New Province. The estimate for next year includes the distribution of the remainder of the grant in full between different heads as well as a special lump grant of four lakhs under District Executive Force for additional expenditure on reforms.

49. *Marine.*—The budget provides for a total expenditure of Rs. 10,97,600, against Rs. 11,07,604, the sanctioned estimate for 1905-1906. The estimate for the current year included the delivery charges of steam cruiser *Fraser* which will not recur next year.

50. *Education.*—In order to have a correct idea of the growth of expenditure under Education, it is necessary to show the disbursements both in the Provincial and District Fund accounts, since most of the expenditure under the latter is met from grants from the Provincial Revenues. The following table shows the charges from 1903-1904:—

	ACCOUNT.		Revised estimate, 1905-1906.	Budget estimate, 1906-1907.
	1903-1904.	1904-1905.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
<i>Provincial.</i>				
Direction ...	90,000	90,000	82,000	91,300
University ...	.....	2,00,000	80,000	80,000
Inspection ...	2,57,000	2,49,600	2,70,000	4,35,500
Government Colleges, General ...	4,75,000	5,32,000	5,57,000	5,69,000
Ditto do., Professional ...	2,67,000	2,02,000	2,10,000	2,81,000
Ditto Schools, General ...	5,32,000	4,86,000	5,09,000	5,50,000
Ditto do., Special ...	2,72,000	3,11,000	3,35,000	5,75,000
Technical education ...	.....	...	...	1,35,000
Grants-in-aid ...	7,16,000	7,62,000	8,30,000	7,80,000
Scholarships ...	1,65,000	1,59,000	1,51,000	1,65,000
Miscellaneous ...	1,09,000	75,000	90,000	1,23,000
Refunds ...	7,000	2,600	3,000	3,000
Lump provision for primary education and other Educational schemes ...	.....	.....	...	2,97,200
Grain compensation allowance ...	.....	.....	...	5,000
Total Provincial ...	28,90,000	30,65,000	31,17,000	41,00,000
<i>Local.</i>				
Inspection ...	2,31,000	2,40,000	2,29,000	1,00,000
Schools ...	73,000	76,000	88,000	88,000
Grants-in-aid ...	7,70,000	8,09,000	8,47,000	9,56,000
Scholarships ...	21,000	26,000	35,000	35,000
Miscellaneous ...	42,000	39,000	21,000	21,000
Refunds ...	.....	2,000	.....	.....
Total Local ...	11,37,000	11,82,000	12,20,000	12,00,000
GRAND TOTAL ...	40,27,000	42,50,000	43,37,000	53,00,000

The above table shows that the expenditure under this head is increasing year after year. The Provincial budget for 1906-1907 includes the following provisions:—

	Rs.
Grant to Calcutta University for administration, inspection and travelling charges	30,000
Grant to Calcutta University for building purposes	50,000
Grant to private colleges for hostels, etc.	80,000
Pay and allowances of Sub-Inspectors of Schools transferred from District Boards to Education Department	1,67,000
An Additional Professor of Sanskrit in the Presidency College	6,000
Electric lights and fans and the maintenance of hydraulic lift in the Presidency College	3,000
Salary of Professors and Instructors for the Mining Class at the Civil Engineering College	10,360
Travelling allowance and house allowance of ditto	6,700
Mining Models	5,000
Furniture and apparatus for Mining class	5,000
High School at Sambalpur	12,000
Purchase of works of Art for Government Art Gallery	28,764
Starting Training Colleges at Hooghly and Bhagalpur	75,000
Establishment and maintenance of a Central Weaving School at Serampur	1,35,000
For laboratories fittings and other charges for Patna College	1,00,000

51. *Medical*.—The budget grant for next year is Rs. 21,89,000 against Rs. 20,45,000, the revised estimate for the current year, and Rs. 19,91,050 the actuals of last year. The estimate provides Rs. 90,000 for preventive measures against plague, Rs. 20,000 for anti-malarial measures, Rs. 16,100 for fees and allowances of Mr. Gilbert Fowler on deputation to report on septic tanks in Bengal, Rs. 7,000 for collection of sanitary statistics proposed by the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, and a reserve provision of Rs. 9,000 for grants to Leper Asylums.

52. *Scientific and other Minor Departments*.—The expenditure under this head is estimated at Rs. 10,76,000 against Rs. 7,50,000, the revised estimate for the current year. Provision has been made for the development of the Veterinary and Agricultural Departments.

53. *Superannuation*.—The charges under this head show a progressive increase year after year owing to the increase in the claims to pension. The estimate for 1906-1907 is Rs. 25,37,000 against Rs. 23,94,000, the revised estimate for 1905-1906 and Rs. 22,93,065 the actuals of 1904-1905.

54. *Stationery and Printing*.—The estimate for 1906-1907 is Rs. 10,29,000 against Rs. 10,34,000 and Rs. 10,71,500, the revised and budget estimates for 1905-1906. The decrease is under stationery supplied from Central Stores.

55. *Miscellaneous*.—The revised estimate for the current year is Rs. 8,60,000 against Rs. 2,79,000, the original budget estimate for the year. The increase is due to the special payment of Rs. 45,000 to the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital in Calcutta, and of Rs. 12,500 to the Calcutta Female Nurses' Institution. The estimate for next year is Rs. 2,71,000, and pretty closely follows the budget estimate for 1905-1906. The variations in the estimates are shown in Appendix B.

56. *Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation in charge of the Public Work Department*.—The actual charges in 1904-1905 were Rs. 16,86,998. The budget estimate for 1905-1906, inclusive of Rs. 3,75,000 on account of Government contribution for the Magra Hat drainage scheme, was Rs. 20,04,000. The revised estimate for the year is Rs. 22,30,000 and includes Rs. 3,90,000 for payment required in the current year on account of a suction dredger indented for from England, but excludes Rs. 1,40,000 surrendered from the grant for the Magra Hat drainage scheme which, however, has been re-granted for expenditure in 1906-1907. The budget estimate of expenditure for 1906-1907 is Rs. 21,85,000 and includes Rs. 4,50,000, the balance to be paid for the suction dredger, Rs. 1,40,000 for Magra Hat drainage, as stated above, Rs. 75,000 for the Bhairab Valley drainage in the District of Jessore, Rs. 40,000 for a pump installation in Bihar required for sugarcane irrigation, and Rs. 49,500 for

57. *Civil Works.*—The estimate of expenditure in charge of the Public Works Department for next year has been placed at Rs. 73,25,000, which is distributed thus :—

	Rs.
Original Works	48,69,000
Repairs	15,00,000
Establishment	9,23,825
Tools and Plant	32,175
Total	73,25,000

The allotment for original works includes the following items :—

	Rs.
Land and buildings in Kharagpur and Jhargram for the division of Midnapore into two districts	4,00,000
Construction of Munsifs' Court	75,000
Ditto of Residences	40,000
Removing the Plassey Monuments to the site of the battlefield, &c.	15,000
Extension of High Court	1,00,000
New Presidency Jail	1,00,000
Construction of a Police-station at Taltollah	49,000
Ditto of a Cadet School, Ranchi	1,75,000
Construction of a Hostel for Hindu students, Ravenshaw College	19,000
Removal of the Lunatic Asylum to Ranchi	4,63,800
Construction of a Model and Engineering College at Ranchi	6,35,000
Barracks for Students, Pathological Museum in Temple Medical School	27,000
Construction of Surgical ward, Medical College	1,00,000
Ditto of Cholera ward, ditto	53,500
Ditto of Nurses' quarters, ditto	49,000
Ditto of Paying Patients' block for Indians in ditto	1,00,000
Remodelling the central portion of the Campbell Hospital	20,000
Construction of a double-storied ward in the Campbell Hospital	60,000
Acquisition of Haritollah Bustee adjoining ditto	1,00,000
Construction of Residence for the District Judge, Darbhanga	33,300
Ditto ditto, Gaya	50,000
Purchase of bungalows in Cuttack	81,000
Land and buildings for Subjail, offices, and housing of officials, at Howrah	3,89,800
Residences of Government officials in mufassal	88,000
Extension of the Veterinary Institution, Belgachia	1,20,000
High-Level Tista Valley Road	93,800
Improving the drainage of the south-east corner of Calcutta Maidan	15,000
Improvement of Civil Station, Darbhanga	24,000
Total	34,74,200

58. *Civil Works in charge of the Civil Department.*—The estimate for next year is Rs. 11,30,000 and includes provision for grants to Municipalities and Excluded Local Funds which are adjusted under this head, Rs. 85,000 for Police buildings in addition to the provision in the Public Works Department budget; one lakh for Water-works and Sanitary improvements in the town of Darjeeling, and Rs. 64,000 for initial expenditure for the division of Patna into two Commissionerships.

59. *Contributions from Provincial to Local.*—The original estimate for the current year amounting to Rs. 25,12,000 has been reduced to Rs. 23,66,000 in the revised estimate as the special reserve kept under this head has been transferred to Public works and other Departments to meet pressing demands in those departments, while Rs. 4,80,000 has been added for grants to District Board for Primary School buildings. The estimate for next year is Rs. 19,10,000 and Rs. 10 lakhs for grants to District Boards being equivalent

BENGAL PROVINCIAL REVENUE.

(The figures are in thousands of rupees, except for Actuals.)

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.
	Actuals for undivided Bengal.	Sanctioned estimate for undivided Bengal.	Revised estimate for new Bengal after readjustment of territorial jurisdictions, and includes actuals for the first 6 months of Eastern districts and estimates for the last 6 months of Sambalpur.	Budget estimate. (For new Bengal.)
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Opening balance ...	1,42,52,919	1,24,86	1,30,00	1,17,98
Principal Heads of Revenue—				
I.—Land Revenue { Proper ...	1,06,95,908	1,07,76	85,07	1,00,49
{ Adjustments ...	+ 49,48,794	+ 86,35	+ 93,49	+ 10,02
IV.—Stamps ...	1,04,30,354	1,07,00	91,26	72,50
V.—Excise ...	73,45,749	75,91	73,67	78,50
VI.—Provincial Rates ...	52,03,964	53,34	44,80	37,20
VIII.—Assessed Taxes ...	12,58,314	12,75	12,38	23,25
IX.—Forests ...	2,91,868	3,00	2,72	5,00
X.—Registration ...	16,59,610	17,00	14,32	10,50
Total ...	4,18,64,561	4,63,11	4,17,66	3,97,46
XII.—Interest ...	2,85,701	3,35	2,91	3,67
Receipts by Civil Department—				
XVI.—Law and Justice { Courts of Law ...	7,98,064	8,14	6,77	5,60
{ Jails ...	13,86,712	14,00	13,28	12,50
XVII.—Police ...	1,86,205	2,00	1,36	1,67
XVIII.—Marine ...	15,20,363	13,25	16,64	16,00
XIX.—Education ...	7,27,668	7,70	6,87	6,40
XX.—Medical ...	2,52,876	4,37	5,49	2,60
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	2,74,891	2,57	2,78	2,94
Total ...	51,46,779	52,03	53,19	48,21
Miscellaneous—				
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation ...	67,053	78	65	57
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing ...	1,45,866	1,40	1,35	1,29
XXV.—Miscellaneous ...	7,91,020	10,09	5,62	5,76
Total ...	10,03,939	12,22	7,62	7,62
Irrigation—				
XXIX.—Major Works (direct receipts) ...	20,46,167	20,00	21,50	20,72
XXX.—Minor Works and Navigation—				
By Public Works Department...	7,01,154	6,50	6,80	6,55
By Civil Department ...	1,42,838	1,28	1,28	1,26
Total ...	28,90,154	27,78	29,58	28,53
Buildings and Roads—				
XXXII.—Civil Works—				
By Public Works Department..	3,89,898	2,80	2,02	2,64
By Civil Department ...	2,48,948	2,41	2,05	1,89
Total ...	6,38,830	5,21	4,07	4,53
Contributions ...	69,478	63	57	2,70
Total Revenue ...	5,18,98,948	5,64,33	5,15,00	4,92,72
GRAND TOTAL	6,01,51,867	6,69,19	6,45,60	6,10,70

BENGAL PROVINCIAL EXPENDITURE.

(The figures are in thousands of rupees, except for Actuals.)

Kmda.	1904-1905.		1905-1906.		1906-1907.
	Actuals for undivided Bengal.	Sanctioned estimate for undivided Bengal.	Revised estimate for new Bengal after readjustment of territorial jurisdictions, and includes actuals for the first 6 months of Eastern districts and estimates of the last 6 months of Sambalpur.	Budget estimate (For new Bengal.)	
1	2	3	4	5	
Direct demand on the revenues—	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	
1. Refunds and Drawbacks ...	1,23,273	1,35	1,22	1,15	
2. Assignments and Compensations ...	1,50,697	1,62	43	83	
3. Land Revenue ...	42,93,323	47,22	40,60	38,01	
6. Stamps ...	3,46,028	3,50	2,23	1,85	
7. Excise ...	3,58,167	3,78	3,37	3,66	
8. Provincial Rates ...	83,814	92	79	61	
10. Assessed Taxes ...	88,937	39	38	72	
11. Forests ...	1,72,147	1,91	1,57	3,25	
12. Registration ...	9,70,708	9,96	8,17	6,02	
Total ...	65,87,094	70,65	58,76	57,00	
13. Interest on ordinary debt ...	1,96,186	2,22	2,05	2,22	
Post Office, Telegraph and Mint—					
15. Post Office ...	.....	.....	1	.....
Salaries and expenses of the Civil Department—					
18. General Administration ...	19,27,272	19,02	19,07	17,32	
19. Law and Justice { Courts of Law ...	98,52,504	1,02,00	86,79	74,00	
{ Jails ...	25,75,164	28,20	26,30	22,71	
20. Police ...	67,45,832	79,90	66,24	63,67	
21. Marine ...	18,46,508	11,23	11,91	10,97	
22. Education ...	86,32,002	47,52	34,30	41,00	
24. Medical ...	23,07,843	22,75	22,12	21,89	
25. Political ...	20,850	22	16	10	
26. Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	7,00,388	9,40	7,85	10,76	
Total ...	2,96,18,363	3,19,24	2,75,04	2,62,42	
Miscellaneous—					
29. Superannuation, &c. ...	27,07,289	28,15	26,23	25,37	
30. Stationery and Printing ...	11,03,863	12,22	10,43	10,29	
32. Miscellaneous ...	3,42,812	8,14	3,75	2,77	
Total ...	41,53,964	43,51	40,41	38,43	
Railway Revenue Account—					
40. Subsidised Company's land, &c. ...	3,965	...	.....	.....
Irrigation—					
42. Major Works—					
Working Expenses ...	9,88,005	11,04	10,50	10,75	
Interest on Debt ...	24,51,988	24,52	24,52	24,52	
43. Minor Works and Navigation—					
By Public Works Department ...	16,86,998	20,04	22,30	21,85	
By Civil Department ...	5,569	5	9	10	
Total ...	51,32,560	55,65	57,41	57,22	
Buildings and Roads—					
46. Civil Works—					
By Public Works Department ...	58,37,918	56,48	61,88	73,25	
By Civil Department ...	2,18,645	25,82	2,75	11,30	
Total ...	60,56,563	82,30	64,63	84,55	
Contributions ...	14,52,771	33,13	29,31	19,10	
Total Expenditure ...	5,31,51,766	6,06,70	5,27,62	5,20,94	
Closing balance ...	1,80,00,101	82,49	1,17,98	89,76	
GRAND TOTAL ...	6,61,51,867	6,89,19	6,45,60	6,10,70	
Provincial surplus (+) or deficit(—) ...	—12,52,818	—42,37	—12,02	—28,22	

APPENDIX A.

Bengal Provincial Receipts, in detail, of minor heads.

[The figures in columns 4 and 5 are those accepted by the Government of India.]

THE remarks in column 6, except when otherwise specially explained, refer to difference between columns 3 and 5. The figures in column 4 against Eastern Bengal represent the actuals of the first six months-and-a-half in the districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam.

I.—Land Revenue—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
(1) Gross Land Revenue	2,87,81,525	2,92,33,000	2,93,00,000	2,93,61,000	Larger collections are anticipated from Government estates. Budget includes receipts from Sambalpur.
(2) Deduct 12 per cent. on collections from Government estates in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and 100 per cent. in 1906-07, which is wholly Provincial ...	3,51,039	3,37,000	3,58,000	32,78,000	The collections from Government estates have been made wholly Provincial in the new settlement.
(3) Deduct recoveries of Survey and Settlement charges which are Imperial	3,87,825	3,55,000	5,85,000	5,00,000	Purnea 4,00,000 Ranchi 1,00,000 Tot. 1 5,00,000
Total deduction	7,34,914	9,42,000	9,10,000	37,38,000	
(4) Net amount divisible between Imperial and Provincial	2,80,43,611	2,82,94,000	2,83,90,000	2,56,23,000	
(5) Provincial share of above (one-fourth in 1904-05 and 1905-06, and (one-half in 1906-07)	70,10,403	70,73,000	70,97,000	1,28,11,000	The Provincial share is one-half under the new settlement.
(6) Add percentage on collections from Government estates as in (2) above	3,51,039	3,87,000	3,55,000	31,38,000	
Net	73,61,922	74,60,000	74,52,000	1,60,49,000	
Add on account of adjustments as shown below	49,48,704	86,35,000	93,47,000	10,02,000	
Total Bengal	1,23,10,186	1,60,95,000	1,68,01,000	1,70,51,000	
Eastern Bengal	34,33,910	33,16,000	10,55,000	.....	The revised estimate represents the figures from 1st April to 15th October 1905.
Grand Total (Provincial share)	1,56,44,702	1,94,11,000	1,78,56,000	1,70,51,000	

Adjustments—

Contribution from Imperial to Provincial—				
Fixed adjusting entry under the new Provincial Settlement	40,03,000	40,03,000	40,03,000	5,78,000
Contribution on account of the Cantonment Magistrate's salaries, establishment, &c. ...	.....	.....	.....	93,000
Contribution for alkali Police	5,000	.....	.....	.....
Ditto for the preservation of ancient manuscripts	6,000	6,000	6,000	.....
Contribution for Monuments and Antiquities ...	18,000	15,000	15,000	.....
Ditto on account of improvement of the Grant for the improvement of the Port of Chittagong ... ..	.....	4,31,000	.....	.....
Assessment for Police reorganization ... ..	.....	12,00,000	12,00,000	.....
Ditto for Primary Education ... ..	.....	10,00,000	10,00,000	4,90,000
Ditto for Technical Do. ... ..	.....	.....	.....	35,000
Ditto for grants-in-aid to District Boards ... ..	.....	12,50,000	12,50,000	.....
Ditto for the development Agricultural and Veterinary Departments ... ..	.....	.....	3,50,000	.....
Contribution for grants to the University and private Colleges	2,00,000	.....	1,10,000	1,60,000
For surplus of the 15 districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam from 16th October 1905 to 31st March 1906 ... ..	.....	.....	5,61,000	.....
Contribution for excess of expenditure over receipts in the transferred area—in Sambalpur from 16th October 1905 to 31st March 1906 ...	.....	.....	91,000	.....
Contribution for improvements of Dalhousie Square ... ..	.....	.....	1,38,000	.....
Contribution for Cantonment Police ... ..	.....	.....	10,000	.....
Contribution equivalent to Patwari Gans in Sambalpur. ... ..	.....	.....	.....	20,000
Total	51,29,060	84,05,000	96,34,000	13,22,000
Contribution from Provincial to Imperial—				
Adjustment of the cost of Mr. N. G. Mukerji's deputation to the Central Provinces to enquire into the tussar silk industry	2,380	.....	.....	.....
Contribution towards Raj Kumar College ...	2,000	2,000	2,000	.....
Contribution from Provincial in connection with the transfer of the maintenance of the Bilguri-Teesta Bridge Road to the Military Department	50,000	.....	.....	.....
Contribution for the transfer of the Stamp and Stationery Office	1,20,000	1,68,000	1,09,000	.....
Contribution for redistribution of charges under Assignments and Compensations ... ..	.....	.....	1,15,000	.....
Balance of the zamindari dak Fund transferred to Imperial on the abolition of the Fund, a corresponding credit having been afforded to Provincial under contribution from Local ...	.....	.....	.....	2,20,000
Total	1,80,380	1,70,000	2,85,000	3,20,000
Net sum to be transferred from Imperial ...	49,48,704	86,35,000	93,47,000	10,02,000

IV.—Stamps—

HEADS.	1904-05.	1905-06.		1906-07.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned Estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	
Sale of general stamps	Rs. 36,97,582	Rs. 37,00,000	Rs. 37,66,000	Rs. 38,50,000	The revised and budget include Rs. 1,78,000 and Rs. 4,70,000 for share of the sale-proceeds of the unified stamp.
Do. of court-fee stamps	38,00,000	38,46,000	1,00,22,900	1,02,50,000	The budget allows for normal increase of receipts.
Do. of plain paper to be used with court-fee stamps	1,78,000	1,77,000	1,80,000	1,80,000	The increase in the revised is due to special receipts in Calcutta on account of duty on embossing one-anna receipt and cheque stamps, and larger receipts under duty on unstamped or insufficiently stamped documents.
Duty on impressing documents	1,80,000	25,000	1,50,000	1,51,000	
Fines and penalties	18,000	17,000	18,000	18,000	The decrease in the revised is for smaller receipts on account of composition duty.
Miscellaneous	30,000	70,900	42,900	51,000	
Total ...	1,35,03,882	1,39,95,000	1,42,60,600	1,45,00,000	The revised estimate is based on 11 months' actuals.
Eastern Bengal	78,56,826	75,05,000	40,52,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,08,60,708	2,14,00,000	1,82,12,000	1,45,00,000	
Provincial share (one-half) ...	1,04,30,354	1,07,00,000	91,06,000	72,50,000	

V.—Excise—

License and distillery fees and duties for the sale of liquors and drugs—					
Foreign liquors	2,52,632	3,68,000	8,20,000	8,50,000	Decrease in revised is especially in Midnapur owing to the introduction of contract distillery system.
Indian-made liquors excised at tariff rates ...	8,12,222	8,71,000	8,50,000	8,70,000	
Country spirits—					
License fees—					
Distillery	12,50,058	73,08,000	80,70,000	82,80,000	
Outstills	36,01,750				
Still-head duty	23,12,800				
Miscellaneous	1,03,507				
Toddy revenue	10,00,494	11,72,000	11,80,000	12,00,000	
Opium and its preparation	5,55,472	5,93,000	5,90,000	6,00,000	
Other drugs, ganja, bhang, &c.	12,08,243	12,19,000	12,70,000	12,80,000	
Total ...	1,12,32,658	1,15,11,000	1,32,50,000	1,35,80,000	Budget framed with reference to progressive increase of revenue.
Gain on sale-proceeds of Excise opium	15,28,741	16,56,000	15,75,000	16,35,000	
Duty on ganja	12,90,005	13,18,000	13,75,000	14,65,000	
Fines, confiscations and miscellaneous	17,632	14,000	20,000	20,000	
Total	1,40,80,100	1,44,09,000	1,52,50,000	1,57,00,000	
Eastern Bengal	27,21,118	28,61,000	15,48,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	1,07,90,284	1,73,50,000	1,68,38,000	1,57,00,000	
Provincial share (seven-sixteenths in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and one-half in 1906-07.)	73,44,740	75,91,000	78,67,000	78,50,000	

VI.—Provincial Rates

Public Works cess	35,20,337	35,02,000	35,68,000	36,90,000	Budget provides for normal growth of revenue.
General rates for the management of private estates	1,23,065	1,28,400	1,25,000	1,30,000	
Total ...	36,43,402	36,30,400	36,93,000	37,20,000	
Eastern Bengal ...	15,59,072	16,43,000	7,87,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL ...	52,03,104	53,53,000	44,80,000	37,20,000	

VIII.—Assessed Taxes—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Deductions by Government from salaries and pensions, &c.	3,95,363	4,37,400	4,10,000	4,10,000	
Deductions by Government from interest on Government securities	10,892	15,000	14,000	14,000	
Deductions from salaries, &c., paid by local authorities or companies	54,087	55,400	54,000	54,000	
Deductions from profits of Railway Companies	3,452	4,000	5,000	4,000	
Income-tax on securities of local authorities or companies	92,719	92,000	92,000	94,000	
Ordinary collections	37,79,035	37,40,000	39,59,000	40,55,000	
Fines	9,451	14,400	11,600	11,000	
Miscellaneous	7,495	10,300	7,000	8,000	
Total ...	43,53,990	45,97,000	45,80,000	46,50,000	The budget provides for an increase of one lakh over revised in view of progressive growth.
Eastern Bengal ...	6,79,375	7,02,000	5,82,000		
GRAND TOTAL ...	50,33,365	51,00,000	49,82,000	46,50,000	
Provincial share (one-fourth in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and one-half in 1906-07) ...	12,58,314	12,75,000	12,33,000	12,25,000	

IX.—Forests—

Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government agency ...	1,25,438	1,50,700	97,200	98,000	The decrease in the revised is due to smaller receipts from the sale of timber. The increase in the revised is partly 1. the Darjeeling Division from sale of firewood and charcoal and partly in the Kurseong, Birghum, and Angul Divisions from sale of timber and also from the inclusion of receipts from "Mambalpur" (Rs. 2,500).
Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers ...	7,17,616	7,14,800	8,25,500	8,64,000	
Confiscated drift and wail-wood	1,728	3,300	3,500	3,200	
Miscellaneous ...	36,523	30,000	34,000	31,800	
Total ...	8,80,305	8,98,000	9,60,000	10,00,000	
Eastern Bengal ...	2,86,567	3,02,000	1,36,000		
GRAND TOTAL ...	11,67,473	12,00,000	10,86,000	10,00,000	
Provincial share (one-fourth in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and one-half in 1906-07) ...	2,91,868	3,00,000	2,72,000	2,00,000	

X.—Registration—

Fees for registering documents	9,43,940	9,65,000	9,85,000	9,70,000	The receipts are not expected to be as high as in 1905-06.
Fees for copies of registered documents	26,510	19,000	23,000	23,000	
Miscellaneous ...	48,011	33,000	50,000	52,000	
Total	10,18,461	10,22,000	10,64,000	10,50,000	Revised based on the actuals of the first seven months of the current year.
Eastern Bengal ...	6,71,340	6,73,000	3,68,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	14,89,921	17,00,000	14,32,000	10,80,000	

XII.—Interest—

Class I.—Interest on advances to cultivators—					
On advances to cultivators under Land Improvement Loans Act ...	16,814	55,000	42,000	73,000	
On advances to cultivators under Agriculturists' Loans Act, XXII of 1891 ...	19,510				
Class II.—Interest on advances under Special Loans—					Revised based on the outstanding mean balances. The estimate is based on the amount of interest due next year on the existing loans and on the probable amount of advances estimated to be made in that year.
On drainage and embankment advances ...	56,732	55,000	40,000	55,000	
Class III.—Interest on loans to landholders, &c. ...	1,699	1,000	8,000	14,000	
Class IV.—Interest on loans to Municipal and other public Corporations (excluding Presidency Corporations) ...	1,39,128	1,48,000	1,41,000	1,48,000	
Interest on Government securities ...	6,421	6,000	7,000	7,000	
Miscellaneous—					
Interest on arrears of public works loans on the capital cost of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor's house, &c. ...	37,568	37,000	37,500	38,000	
Other loans ...	143	1,200	.....	.....
Interest on zamindari embankment recoveries, &c. ...	3,057	3,500	4,000	30,000	Budget includes receipts from interest on debentures of Police Superannuation Fund.
Total Miscellaneous ...	41,428	42,000	44,000	61,000	
Total ...	2,02,720	2,11,000	2,32,000	2,67,000	
Eastern Bengal ...	22,941	23,000	9,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	2,25,701	2,34,000	2,91,000	2,67,000	

XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.	1906-1907.		REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Sale-proceeds of unclaimed and escheated property	22,283	20,600	20,000	23,000	The decrease in revised is for smaller receipts from amin's fees.
Court-fees realised in cash	24,228	25,000	21,000	25,000	
General fees, fines and forfeitures	4,75,552	4,75,100	4,51,000	4,75,000	Revised and budget include fines for prevention of cruelty to animals formerly credited under Police, but the increase on this account is more than counterbalanced by smaller receipts from other magisterial fines.
Pleaders' examination fees	23,255	22,600	26,000	25,000	
Miscellaneous fees and fines	1,008	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Miscellaneous	15,082	17,700	18,000	11,000	
Total	5,61,378	5,75,000	5,40,000	5,60,000	Budget follows the revised and the actuals of 1904-1905.
Eastern Bengal	2,36,686	2,39,000	1,37,000		
GRAND TOTAL	7,98,064	8,14,000	6,77,000	6,60,000	

XVIB.—Jails—

Jails	19,680	19,000	20,000	20,000	
Jail manufactures	13,11,437	12,31,000	12,40,000	12,30,000	
Total	12,31,117	12,50,000	12,60,000	12,50,000	The budget is based on the normal receipts of the preceding four years. The revised is based on the actuals of 12 months ending January 1906.
Eastern Bengal	1,55,806	1,50,000	68,000		
GRAND TOTAL	13,86,712	14,00,000	13,28,000	12,50,000	

XVII.—Police—

Police supplied to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds	19,258	10,000	2,000	.....	No recoveries are made for Cantonment Police from 1st April 1905. The revised includes arrears.
Police supplied to Public Departments, private companies and persons	25,946	39,000	32,000	26,000	
Presidency Police	1,00,780	1,06,000	60,000	1,10,000	The decrease in the revised and budget is due to credit having appeared on account of fines for prevention of cruelty to animals. Smaller realizations of loss, fines and forfeitures are anticipated in 1906-1907 while the budget provides for normal receipts on these accounts. It includes Rs. 22,000 for fines imposed on police force which were hitherto credited to the Police Superannuation Fund.
Recoveries on account of village police	442	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	25,060	20,000	27,000	26,000	
Cash receipts under the Arms Act	34	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	4,000	6,000	8,000	8,000	
Total	1,68,016	1,84,000	1,30,000	1,67,000	
Eastern Bengal	15,159	16,000	6,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	1,86,205	2,00,000	1,36,000	1,67,000	

XVIII.—Marine—

Sale-proceeds of vessels and stores ... ..	.....	15,000	.....	3,000	The budget for 1906-07 included provision for the sale-proceeds of the Pilot Vessel <i>Sarvagati</i> which is now being converted into a lightship before being made over to the Port of Chittagong.
Registration and other fees	76,171	75,000	76,000	80,000	
Pilotage receipts { Calcutta	13,38,900	11,30,000	14,81,000	14,80,000	Increased provision made in view of the progressive increase.
Lead-money for Volunteers (Calcutta) "	58	14,000	18,000	10,000	
Total Pilotage Receipts	13,54,215	11,44,000	14,99,000	14,90,100	
Miscellaneous—					
Deductions for mess-money	12,265	12,300	14,000	14,000	
Contribution to Life-boat establishment, Goalundo	150	.....	.....	.....
Marine Survey	24,119	28,000	26,000	30,000	
Overtime fees	6,800	.....	7,000	7,000	
Miscellaneous receipts of the Shipping office	5,648	.....	6,000	8,000	
Other items	5,520	17,600	6,000	8,900	
Fees for certificates of inland vessels under Act VI of 1904	10,770	.....	6,000	.....
Total Miscellaneous	66,267	63,900	75,000	70,900	
Total	14,90,823	18,05,900	16,50,000	16,50,000	
Eastern Bengal	23,710	19,700	14,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	15,10,303	18,25,000	16,64,000	16,50,000	

XIX.—Education—

HEADS.	1	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
		Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
		2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Fees, Government Colleges ...	General ...	1,51,945	1,50,000	1,50,000	1,55,000	
	Professional ...	46,823	44,700	45,000	46,000	
Fees, Government Schools ...	General ...	2,81,594	2,54,530	2,51,000	2,54,500	
	Special ...	8,815	8,500	11,000	9,500	
Contributions from Native States, private persons and Municipalities ...		14,985	9,500	5,000	5,000	
Income from endowments ...		1,015	2,500	1,000	2,000	
Miscellaneous ...		63,715	93,150	99,000	1,27,000	The increase is for larger receipts from rent of boarding-houses.
	Total ...	5,78,545	6,12,410	6,10,000	6,40,000	Budget based on actuals including receipts from Sambalpur.
Eastern Bengal ...		1,49,023	1,57,590	77,000	.....
	GRAND TOTAL ...	7,27,568	7,70,000	6,87,000	6,40,000	

XX.—Medical—

Medical School and College fees	53,657	54,000	51,000	54,000	The revised includes contribution of two lakhs from the Hospital Port Dues Fund towards the Presidency General Hospital and Rs. 50,000 allotted by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales for the Medical College Hospital out of the donation of one lakh made by the Maharaja of Darbhanga on the occasion of the Royal visit to Calcutta.
Hospital receipts (receipts from paying patients) ...	1,10,020	1,05,000	1,30,000	1,30,000	
Lunatic Asylum receipts	20,715	17,000	20,000	20,000	
Contributions (from Municipalities and private persons)	48,584	2,46,000	2,50,000	48,000	
Miscellaneous	13,390	6,000	10,000	8,000	
Total	2,44,387	4,31,000	5,46,000	2,60,000	
Eastern Bengal	6,480	0,000	3,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	2,51,876	4,37,000	5,49,000	2,60,000	

XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments—

Botanical and other public garden receipts	2,723	2,800	3,000	3,000	
Veterinary and stallion receipts	24,143	10,000	24,000	25,000	Estimate based on actuals.
Cinchona plantation... ..	2,24,206	2,02,000	2,22,000	2,35,000	The increase in the revised is due to larger sale of sulphate of quinine. Larger receipts are also anticipated in next year.
Receipts on account of experimental cultivation ...	737	200	1,000	2,000	Estimate includes Rs. 1,500 for Outlaek and Rs. 500 for Sambalpur.
Emigration fees	21,616	31,000	27,000	27,000	
Examination fees	923	3,540	1,000	1,000	
Miscellaneous	2	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,74,454	2,63,540	2,78,000	2,94,000	
Eastern Bengal	437	1,100	.....	.....
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,74,891	2,67,000	2,78,000	2,94,000	

XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation—

Family subscriptions of Native members of the Covenanted Civil Service	1,513	1,400	2,000	1,000	Estimate based on the actual demands according to the Register in the Accountant-General's office.
Contributions for pensions and gratuities—					
Contributions of officers lent to foreign service of the first and second kind	25,516	46,000	40,000	25,600	
Contributions of persons employed in the establishment for the management of private estates under Act X of 1893	10,988	10,000				8,400
Refund of Gratuities	323				
Deductions for Marine Pension Fund	11,575	10,000	12,000	12,000	
Total	49,790	67,400	60,000	57,000	Revised based on the actuals of first nine months of 1906-1906.
Eastern Bengal	7,223	5,600	5,600	.....
GRAND TOTAL	67,013	73,000	65,600	57,000	

XXIII.—Stationery and Printing—

Stationery receipts	807	.....	1,000	1,000	
Sales of Gazette and other publications	24,422	20,470	24,500	20,500	
Other Press receipts	28,089	28,300	28,500	20,500	
Total ...	1,31,534	1,37,400	1,37,000	1,29,000	Budget follows the revised which is based on the actuals of first nine months of cur- rent year.
Eastern Bengal ...	14,022	12,600	6,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,45,556	1,40,000	1,38,000	1,29,000	

XXV.—Miscellaneous—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Unclaimed deposits	Rs. 3,95,045	Rs. 4,72,000	Rs. 3,50,000	Rs. 3,71,000	Estimate based on the amount likely to lapse next year.
Treasure-trove	118	.....	.....	.....
Sale-proceeds of Durbar presents	2,598	2,700	2,000	3,000	Estimate based on actuals.
Sale of old stores and materials	6,188	13,500	0,000	6,000	
Sale of lands and houses, etc.	—2,583	.....	.....	.....	Estimate includes the estimated loss for local audit of Cantonment Funds.
Contribution for Government audits of Municipal and Excluded Local Funds accounts	64,607	51,000	37,000	51,000	
Rents	19,465	22,000	18,000	20,000	
Miscellaneous fees, fines, and forfeitures	4,892	10,000	7,000	5,000	
Contributions	23,952	22,800	26,000	26,000	
Miscellaneous—					
Fees and fines of Revenue Courts	56,000	52,000	40,000	50,000	
Recoveries of Law charges other than those in pauper suits	25,875	8,000	19,000	20,000	
Value of mathematical stores returned	243	500	1,000	500	
Sundry receipts—Circuit-house	518	500	.....	500	
Miscellaneous receipts on account of Public Work—Cross under Act IX of 1893 (B.C.)	33	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous receipts on account of Government Management of Wards' estates	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sale-proceeds of trees on tea-lands ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sale of elephants ... ..	.....	4,000	.....	2,000	
Other items	19,161	20,400	20,000	21,000	
Total Miscellaneous	1,02,429	85,300	60,000	94,000	
Total	5,93,684	6,40,000	5,26,000	5,70,000	
Eastern Bengal	1,95,336	3,20,000	30,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	7,91,020	10,00,000	5,62,000	5,70,000	

XXIX.—Major Works—(Direct Receipts)—

Orissa Canals ...	3,88,000	4,15,000	4,69,000	4,46,000	The increase in the revised is due to larger receipts under water-rates from the Orissa and Some Canals and also under navigation from all the canals. Such large increase is not expected in next year.
Midnapore Canal	2,06,215	1,73,000	2,00,000	1,74,000	
Hijili Tidal Canal	65,242	42,000	55,000	55,000	
Some Canals ...	14,06,510	13,80,000	14,24,000	13,80,000	
Total	20,46,167	20,00,000	21,50,000	20,72,000	

XXX.—Minor Works and Navigation—

IN CHARGE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
(Irrigation and Navigation Works.)

Works for which Capital and Revenue accounts are kept—

Orissa Coast Canal ...	32,230	32,000	32,000	32,000	The increase in the revised is chiefly under navigation receipts. It is doubtful whether these receipts during 1906-1907 will keep up to the level of the current year, and hence a lower figure has been taken.
Baran Canals ...	585	500	1,000	1,000	
Cakutta and Eastern Canals	5,38,136	4,91,000	5,11,000	4,93,000	

Total	5,61,060	5,23,500	5,44,000	5,16,000	
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Works for which only Revenue accounts are kept—

Nadia Rivers ...	88,412	80,000	89,500	89,500	
Gaighatta and Buxi Khal ...	6,700	4,500	4,500	4,500	
Total	95,112	84,500	94,000	94,000	

Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue accounts are kept—

Eden Canal ...	24,638	20,800	23,700	23,000	
Tour ...	276	200	300	1,000	
Sugarcane irrigation in Behar ...	.....	.....	.....	5,000	
Total	24,914	20,000	24,000	29,000	

Total Irrigation and Navigation Works	6,81,086	6,38,000	6,62,000	6,39,000	
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(Agricultural Works.)

Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue accounts are kept—

Government embankments ...	15,610	9,000	12,000	10,000	
Takavi embankments under contract ...	4,440	3,000	6,000	6,000	
Total Agricultural Works	20,050	12,000	18,000	16,000	

Total in charge of the Public Works Department	7,01,134	6,50,000	6,80,000	6,55,000	
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IN CHARGE OF THE CIVIL DEPARTMENT.

Recoveries on account of lands benefited by embankments ...

Recoveries on account of capitalised maintenance charges of the Rajapur drainage system ...

Total in charge of the Civil Department	1,42,858	1,28,000	1,28,000	1,20,000	Estimate based on actuals.
GRAND TOTAL	8,43,987	7,78,000	8,08,000	7,81,000	

XXXII.—Civil Works—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budg t.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
IN CHARGE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.					
Total gross receipts	Rs. 3,89,393	Rs. 3,80,000	Rs. 3,02,000	Rs. 2,64,000	The decrease in the revised is due to profits on stock erroneously credited to Revenue in 1904-1905 having been written back to works in progress in 1905-1906.
IN CHARGE OF THE CIVIL DEPARTMENT.					
Tolls on ferries	1,75,312	1,74,300	1,69,000	1,60,000	
Cemetery receipts	1,350	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Receipts from staging bungalows and encamping grounds	7,118	6,400	9,000	8,993	
Total	1,83,777	1,81,700	1,79,000	1,69,000	
Eastern Bengal	68,106	59,300	56,000	.....
Total in charge of the Civil Department	2,48,943	2,41,000	2,05,000	1,89,000	
GRAND TOTAL	6,38,336	5,31,000	4,07,000	4,53,000	

APPENDIX B.

Bengal Provincial Expenditure, in detail, of minor heads.

[The figures in columns 4 and 5 are those accepted by the Government of India.]

The remarks in column 6, except when otherwise specially explained, refer to difference between columns 3 and 5. The figures in column 4 against Eastern Bengal represent the actuals of the first six months-and-a-half in the districts transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam.

1.—Refunds and Drawbacks—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS
	Actuals	Sanctioned Estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Land Revenue	Rs. 8,747	Rs. 12,500	Rs. 8,000	Rs. 20,000	Provincial share raised from one-fourth to one-half under the new settlement with effect from 1905-1907. Ditto ditto.
Stamps	65,168	77,000	74,000	82,000	
Excise	7,680	4,300	10,000	12,000	
Assessed Taxes	6,024	6,000	4,000	12,000	
Forest	357	000	1,000	1,000	
Provincial Rates	8,187	9,500	8,000	8,000	
Registration	2,166	3,400	4,000	2,500	
For rounding		—200			
Total	99,093	1,14,000	1,09,000	1,18,000	Based on actuals.
Eastern Bengal	24,100	21,000	13,000		
GRAND TOTAL	1,23,273	1,35,000	1,22,000	1,17,000	

2.—Assignments and Compensations—

Pension in lieu of resumed lands			7,000	8,000	The estimate includes provision for pension to the Moulana family as the result of compromise in a settlement made in the Damin-i-Koh.
Drawbacks	1,14,854	1,23,000	1,41,000	1,50,000	
Total	1,14,854	1,23,000	1,48,000	1,58,000	The Land Revenue compensations have been divided in the same proportion as the receipts under that head with effect from 1st April 1905, i.e., the Provincial share has been one-fourth in 1903-04 and will be one-half in 1906-07.
Eastern Bengal	35,843	30,000	25,000		
GRAND TOTAL	1,50,697	1,53,000	1,73,000	1,58,000	
Provincial share	1,50,697	1,53,000	43,000	63,000	

3.—Land Revenue—

Charges of District Administration— (General Establishment)	20,43,740	22,81,500	21,03,000	23,70,000	The decrease in the revised is due to non-utilization of the grant for additional Deputy Magistrates and their establishment. The budget includes a moiety of Rs. 1,60,000 for additional Deputy Magistrates and a moiety of Rs. 25,000 for pay of Muharrirs and peons of Additional Deputy Magistrates and Rs. 50,000 for grain compensation allowance.
Subdivisions Establishment	98,000	94,414	90,000	98,000	
Partition Establishment	—24,444	—2,000	—2,000	—2,000	Budget includes Rs. 70,000 for non-recurring improvements.
Process-serving Establishment	1,20,313	1,51,500	1,24,000	1,32,000	
Record-room (or copy-making) Establishment	11,614	14,200	12,000	14,000	
Survey of Waste Lands (Establishment)	—35,900				
Management of Private Estates under Act X of 1894	23,664	21,000	24,000	28,000	
Lump provision for increase of pay of Ministerial Establishment		70,000		2,30,000	
Total	22,39,367	26,33,114	23,57,000	27,20,000	
Charges on account of Land Revenue Collections	1,107	1,500	1,000	1,400	
Management of Government Estates— Collection of Revenue	3,41,870	3,15,314	2,45,000	4,17,000	
Outlay on improvements	1,04,500	3,23,600	2,37,000		
Deduct probable savings		20,000			
Total	4,06,466	5,09,914	4,82,000	4,17,000	
Survey and Settlement— Controlling office (survey)	11,118				
Other survey operations— Bengal Drawing Office	78,240	51,240		10,660	
Other operations	1,02,810	18,000		36,507	
Minor settlement operations	78,595	24,000		48,000	
Other ditto	70,643	1,32,807		1,00,000	
Refund to Imperial on account of Survey and Settlement of Government temporarily-settled Estates		25,000			
For rounding		9,52,552		2,01,143	
Total Provincial	3,42,406	2,02,601	3,00,000	2,00,000	
Land Records and Agriculture— Superintendence	24,506	24,500		2,52,000	Budget includes Rs. 1,31,000 for initial outlay in bringing up the records in Orissa and Rs. 30,000 for the maintenance of such record in Sambalpur.
District charges					
Total	24,506	24,500		2,52,000	
Add for rounding				800	
GRAND TOTAL	30,70,836	34,61,606	32,38,000	38,01,000	
Eastern Bengal	12,52,487	12,80,304	8,28,000		
Total	48,53,323	47,23,000	40,66,000	38,01,000	

6.—Stamps—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Superintendence—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Presidency Executive Establishment	19,393	.....	.....	.....	Made Imperial from the 1st July 1904.
District Establishment	8,489	8,000	7,000	7,000	
Total	25,882	8,000	7,000	7,000	
Charges for the sale of general stamps—					As the sale of one-anna stamps has been stopped, no provision has been made.
Discount on sale of one-anna stamps	24,380	24,000	10,000	.....
Ditto bills-of-exchange or bundles	5,433	3,800	5,000	4,000	
Ditto other general stamps	81,278	80,200	88,000	80,000	
Total	1,11,791	1,08,000	1,03,000	90,000	
Charges on sale of court-fee stamps—					Budget includes provision for two stamp vendors on Rs. 70 and Rs. 30 each per month in the office of the Collector or Calcutta, whose pay was formerly adjusted under "7.—Excise."
Discount on sale of adhesive stamps	62,341	65,400	64,000	65,000	
Ditto stamps for copies	5,424	5,600	5,000	5,500	
Establishment for sale of stamps	1,428	48	1,000	1,244	
Total	68,193	71,048	70,000	71,744	
For rounding ... ..	.....	—48	.....	—744	
Total	268,991	71,000	70,000	71,000	
Discount on plain paper	11,063	12,000	1,000	12,000	Estimate of the Controller of Stamps.
Stamp-paper supplied from Central Stores	2,05,797	2,29,000	1,80,000	1,80,000	
Total	4,30,844	4,27,000	3,70,000	3,70,000	
Eastern Bengal	2,71,513	2,78,000	77,000	.....
Grand Total	6,92,027	7,00,000	4,67,000	3,70,000	
Provincial share—(one-half)	3,46,028	3,50,000	2,33,500	1,85,000	

7.—Excise—

Superintendence	83,197	87,600	84,000	87,000	
Presidency Establishment— Calcutta Collectorate (office)	61,685	64,762	65,000	61,608	Decrease due to the transfer of the provision for the pay of two stamp vendors on Rs. 70 and Rs. 30 each per month to "6.—Stamps."
Inspection and Prevention	16,802	17,302	20,000	17,382	Larger provision made for rewards in view of the actuals of 1904-05.
Allowances and Contingencies of ditto	24,103	19,380	22,000	27,010	
District Executive Establishment— Sadar Establishment	1,04,669	1,24,724	1,08,000	1,33,644	The decrease in revised is due to non-utilisation of the grant of Rs. 20,000 for strengthening the establishment in the districts of the Orissa Division. The budget repeats the provision.
Inspection and Prevention	1,77,450	1,76,890	1,75,000	1,75,548	Budget includes Rs. 5,000 for substitution of Deputy Inspectors of Excise for Sub-Deputy Collectors reverted to the general line.
Allowances	1,00,479	1,04,910	1,04,000	1,06,486	
Presidency Establishment	8,023	10,000	0,000	10,000	
District Establishment	1,00,843	1,17,000	1,08,000	1,18,000	
Sambalpur establishment ... ..	.....	.....	.....	15,000	
Probable savings ... ..	.....	.....	.....	—5,678	
For rounding ... ..	.....	—1,314	.....	.....
Eastern Bengal	1,86,787	1,46,000	74,000	.....
Grand Total	8,18,988	8,63,000	7,70,000	7,83,000	
Provincial share seven sixteenths in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and one half in 1906-07	3,66,167	3,78,000	3,87,000	3,60,000	

8.—Provincial Rates—

HEADS.	1904-05.	1905-06.		1906-07.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned Estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Collection of Rates and Cesses	Rs. 2,38,287	Rs. 2,44,800	Rs.	Rs. 2,62,000	Budget includes larger grant for process serving charges. Estimate based on actual requirements.
Valuation and Revaluation	67,744	83,700		72,000	
Total	3,05,971	3,28,500	2,82,000	3,34,000	The decrease in the revised is due to smaller process-serving and contingent charges and savings in the grant for establishment
Deduct—Proportion debitable to Local for cost of road-cess collection				1,08,000	
.. —Proportion debitable to Local for revaluation	2,05,514	2,19,000	1,80,000	45,000	
.. —One-third share of recoveries on account of collection of arrears cesses	40,830	41,900	31,000	40,300	
.. —Contribution for pension of the cess-collecting establishment	6,397	6,500	6,000	6,500	
Total	58,330	60,800	57,000	61,000	
Eastern Bengal	30,484	31,200	22,000	...	
Grand Total	83,814	92,000	79,000	61,000	

10.—Assessed Taxes—

Calcutta Establishment	63,432	68,000	51,000	85,000	The revised includes increase in horse allowance of Assessors and increased establishment in the Calcutta Income Tax Collector's Office. The budget includes provision for two additional temporary assessors.
District	59,246	62,000	60,000	60,000	
Total	1,22,678	1,30,000	1,11,000	1,45,000	
Eastern Bengal	27,065	25,000	11,000	...	
GRAND TOTAL	1,50,743	1,55,000	1,22,000	1,45,000	
Provincial share (one-fourth in 1904-05 and 1905-06 and one-half in 1906-07)	37,686	39,000	30,500	72,000	

11.—Forests—

A.—Conservancy and Works.					
I.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government agency	47,856	86,000	6,500	50,000	
II.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers and purchasers	79,771	70,100	70,300	84,900	The increase is for additional temporary establishment in the several divisions and for the supply of additional coal for steamers in the Sunderbans.
III.—Drift, waif-wood and confiscated forest produce	316	1,150	1,500	1,305	
V.—Rent of leased forests and payment to share holders in forests managed by Government ... ..	...	...	...	10,000	This represents the estimated amount of profit in the working of the Forest reserves in the Singhbhum Division for the five years ending 1905-06 which will have to be paid to the estate.
VI.—Live-stock, stores, tools and plant	9,108	14,650	15,300	27,700	
VII.—Communications and buildings	69,807	67,600	80,800	78,600	Budget includes provision for the construction of roads required for the opening out of Singhbhum, Angul and other divisions.
VIII.—Organisation, improvement and extension of forests	60,143	51,200	48,700	1,33,900	
IX.—Miscellaneous	4,042	5,800	6,200	6,400	The decrease in the revised is for the postponement of the survey of the reserved forests in the Sunderbans. Budget includes Rs. 90,000 for a part of the cost of a detailed survey of the same.
Deduct—Probable saving ... ..	...	...	2,01,400	4,00,000	
Total A.—Conservancy and Works	2,50,043	2,07,500	2,86,400	3,70,000	
B.—Establishments.					
I.—Salaries	2,07,708	2,10,180	2,10,650	2,28,000	The decrease in the revised is due to the absence on leave or deputation of a large number officers. The budget provides for the full scale.
II.—Travelling Allowances	34,892	36,780	37,750	46,800	
III.—Contingencies	8,364	11,500	12,000	12,600	
Total B.—Establishments	2,51,964	2,58,460	2,60,400	2,87,400	
Total A and B	5,02,007	4,65,960	5,46,800	6,57,400	
Eastern Bengal	1,80,244	1,90,000	77,300	...	
GRAND TOTAL	6,82,251	6,55,960	6,24,100	6,57,400	
Provincial share (one-fourth in 1904-06 and 1905-06 and one-half in 1906-07)	1,70,563	1,64,000	1,56,000	1,64,350	

12.—Registration—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Superintendence	Rs. 55,528	Rs. 56,000	Rs. 58,000	Rs. 60,000	
District Charges—					
Calcutta	23,228	23,000	24,000	23,500	
Special Sub-Registrars	1,40,643	1,52,700	5,17,000	1,44,000	
Rural Sub-Registrars	3,57,088	3,67,500		3,75,000	
Ex-officio Sub-Registrars	1,910	1,750	2,000	1,500	
For rounding ... ..	.....	50	.....	.....
Total	5,51,983	5,45,000	5,48,000	5,43,000	
Total	5,47,181	5,41,000	5,55,000	5,58,000	
Eastern Bengal	3,53,547	3,45,000	3,33,000	.....	The increase is for the reorgan- isation of the Department.
GRAND TOTAL	8,70,708	8,68,000	8,17,000	8,23,000	

13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt—

Interest on Provincial Advance and Loan Account	1,82,758	1,92,000	2,05,000	2,22,000	Based on the estimated mean outstanding balance of loans carrying interest at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Eastern Bengal	12,736	30,000	.....	.....
Total	1,95,494	2,22,000	2,05,000	2,22,000	

15.—Post office—

District Post Charges	1,000	This is for the district of Nambalpur. The charge will be Imperial in 1906-07.
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18.—General Administration—

Salary of Lieutenant-Governor	96,000	96,000	96,000	95,000	
Salary of Chief Commissioner and Exchange Com- pensation Allowance	13,075	.....	.....	.....
Salary of other officers paid in Bengal ... ..	.....	.....	8,500	.....
Staff and household of Lieutenant-Governor	87,535	89,000	1,23,000	81,600	Budget includes Rs. 4,000 for the maintenance of Motor Car, Rs. 900 for a driver for the same, and Rs. 600 for charges for saloon carriages. The revised estimate includes larger saloon carriage charges, larger expenditure on furniture and purchase of Motor Car.
Expenditure from contract allowance	38,176	40,000	40,000	40,000	
Tour Expenses	2,981	6,000	0,000	4,000	
Legislative Department	80,970	68,000	80,000	78,500	Revised includes Rs. 15,000 paid to the Maharaja of Gidhaur on account of travel- ling allowance for attending Council Meetings. The budget includes pay of Addi- tional Assistant Secretary and his establishment.
Civil Secretariats	6,40,150	5,91,000	6,79,000	6,17,000	The increase is partly under temporary establishment for sending papers to the new Province and partly under allowances and contingencies.
Board of Revenue	3,09,406	3,12,000	3,10,000	3,01,900	Reduction in budget is due to transfer of establishment to the new Province.
Commissioners	4,37,700	4,08,000	4,94,000	4,61,200	The increase in the revised is due to charges in connection with the Chaudhary pun- chayat and the cost of a Motor Car for the Commis- sioner of the Oota Nagpur Division. Budget includes Rs. 20,000 for increase of pay of ministerial establishment, Rs. 50,000 for a part of the cost of the steamer for the Commissioner of the Presi- dency Division, and Rs. 10,000 for additional establishment for the Division of Patna into two Commissionerships.
Civil Officers of Account and Audit	48,755	46,000	41,000	50,000	
Deduct—For rounding ... ..	.....	.....	.....	(—) 2500	
Total	17,37,116	18,52,000	18,87,000	17,33,000	
Eastern Bengal	1,93,078	2,45,000	80,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	19,30,194	20,97,000	19,67,000	17,33,000	

1)A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned Estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
High Court—					
Judges	Rs. 7,48,461	Rs. 7,64,000	Rs. 7,64,000	Rs. 7,54,000	Provision has been made for 14 Person Judges and the Chief Justice. No provision has been made for the Additional Judge for inspection work, as was done in 1905-06.
Original Side	2,68,712	2,64,000	2,68,000	2,68,000	
Appellate Side	1,46,349	2,81,000	2,81,000	2,81,000	
Copyists' Establishment	68,717	65,000	44,000	61,000	Provision has been made for 3 shorthand writers. The provision made in the budget for 1905-06 for the purpose has not been utilized.
Reporters	24,634	25,000	25,000	25,000	
Total	13,48,733	13,35,000	12,78,000	13,29,000	
Law Officers—					
Madrasah Law Officers	58,873	58,700	1,11,000	59,000	The decrease is due to provision for the minimum pay of the Deputy Magistrates. The increase in the revised is under charges for conducting law suits.
Legal Remembrancer and High Court Pleaders	50,117	25,300	1,11,000	50,400	
Madrasah Establishment	1,32,012	1,27,200	1,42,000	1,44,000	The increase is under Supplies and Services for fees to pleaders and counsels.
Total	3,37,602	3,14,200	3,10,000	3,29,400	
Coroner's Court	8,423	5,000	7,000	5,000	
Presidency Magistrates—					
Calcutta Police Court	81,011	80,000	58,000	96,000	The increase is under Contingencies and Supplies and Services.
Civil and Sessions Courts—					
District and Sessions Judges	8,56,167	8,42,224	8,42,224	8,77,843	Budget includes provision for one Judge for Darbhanga and an Additional Judge for 24 Parganas for 6 months and similar work in both.
Subordinate Judge	4,01,773	4,29,276	4,19,000	4,40,193	Budget includes provision for an Additional Subordinate Judge, 24 Parganas, and his establishment.
Madrasah Small Cause Court	10,819	13,104	17,000	13,440	
Munims	9,04,125	10,07,450	1,74,000	9,92,520	
Allowance	2042	1,100	2,000	22,000	
Supplies and Services	2,41,363	2,38,000	2,03,000	2,03,510	Budget includes large provision for remuneration to magistrates, diet and travelling allowances of witnesses and allowances to jurors and assessors.
Contingencies	51,419	63,710	80,000	67,235	Budget includes grant for the new Judge of Darbhanga and for Samaspur.
Process-serving Establishment	4,24,731	4,28,750	4,22,000	4,27,217	
Deduct—Probable savings ... ..	.....	—12,715	.....	9,748	
Total	31,42,239	30,61,000	30,62,000	31,22,506	
Presidency Courts of Small Cause	1,63,791	1,60,000	1,61,000	1,71,000	The saving in revised is under salaries.
Criminal Courts—					
General Establishment	17,29,523	18,49,370	17,29,000	18,54,000	Budget includes provision for Additional Deputy Magistrates and their establishment, Rs. 10,000 for establishment of Honorary Magistrates for larger grant for travelling allowance of officers and establishment and larger grant for diet money to witnesses.
Sub-divisional Establishment	85,068	94,418	94,000	98,000	
Process-serving Establishment	84,461	87,500	85,000	85,000	
Tributary Mahals, Oases	1,340	.....	2,090	.....
Total	19,17,339	20,31,385	19,40,000	20,70,000	
Pleadership Examinations charges	19,015	12,000	12,000	12,000	
Refunds	63,217	61,000	60,000	61,000	
Lump provision for increase of pay of miscellaneous establishment ... ..	.....	1,64,000	.....	2,17,000	
Grain Compensation Allowance ... ..	.....	.....	.....	70,000	
Deduct—Probable savings ... ..	.....	.....	.....	(—)1,45,000	
Total	69,78,006	73,13,295	70,54,000	74,00,000	
Eastern Bengal	28,53,808	28,53,705	16,55,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	98,62,506	1,02,00,000	86,79,000	74,00,000	

19B.—Jails—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Superintendence	Rs. 84,742	Rs. 84,000	Rs. 85,000	Rs. 85,000	
Establishments—					
Superintendents and Jailors	1,82,797	1,60,004	1,65,000	2,10,000	
Medical Establishment	28,870	30,788	2,400	20,000	
Civil, Educational and Mechanical Establishments	700	400	.....	400	
Warder Establishment	1,50,829	1,50,100	1,50,000	1,54,000	
Mental and other Establishments	8,100	8,323	8,000	8,000	
Dietary Charges	4,10,010	4,80,000	4,80,000	4,80,000	
Hospital Charges	65,015	65,000	70,000	70,000	Increase is due to prophylactic measures taken for prisoners and warders.
Clothing and Redding of Prisoners	62,136	63,000	63,000	70,000	Based on local requirements.
Sanitary Charges	28,034	31,000	35,000	28,000	
Charges for moving prisoners	42,280	39,000	40,000	40,000	
Miscellaneous Services and Supplies	50,828	1,02,328	70,000	1,17,000	Includes a provision of Rs. 20,000 for acquisition of land for Bazar Central Jail.
Allowances	7,831	7,000	8,000	8,000	
Contingent Charges	51,078	51,000	52,000	51,000	
Extraordinary Charges for Live-stock and Tools and Plant	25,841	19,447	20,000	24,000	
Charges for Police Custody	11,204	11,571	11,000	12,000	
Total Jails	12,23,708	13,15,210	13,91,000	13,20,000	
Jail Manufactures	6,78,305	9,00,000	10,52,000	9,21,000	
Refunds	172	1,000	.....	1,000	
Total	19,02,246	22,16,210	24,43,000	22,41,000	
Eastern Bengal	6,72,109	6,62,853	2,07,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	25,74,355	28,79,063	26,50,000	22,71,000	

20.—Police—

Presidency Police— Police Commissioner (Superintendence)	72,081	68,000	69,000	67,000	The saving in the revised is under 5.1 per cent.
Calcutta Police	7,75,800	7,57,300	8,35,000	9,32,000	Budget includes provision for sick pay, which was previously given effect to in 1905-06.
River Police	9,777	9,700	10,500	8,000	
Salt Police	7,510	4,000	3,000	4,000	
Fidoi and Sowar	643	1,000	1,000	800	
Balauch ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	8,01,810	8,70,000	10,09,100	10,16,800	
Municipal Police	42,700	52,000	61,000	54,000	
Superintendence	1,85,253	1,63,000	1,91,000	2,01,000	Increase due to increase of pay and allowances and an additional Deputy Inspector General.
District Police Force— Salaries	3,00,500	3,73,200	3,80,000	3,90,000	Increase due to increase in the number of Assistant District Superintendents.
Police Force Training School for Sub-Inspectors	23,74,561	21,31,400	26,91,000	27,30,000	Increase for reorganization. Provision has been made for larger number of instructors and establishment with larger grant for contingencies and allowances.
Establishment	1,02,784	97,700	1,04,000	1,50,000	Increase provision made for reorganization of establishment.
Hospital charges	28,976	20,400	28,000	32,700	Provision made for allowances of Assistant Surgeons and Civil Hospital Assistants.
Allowances	2,00,950	2,83,000	3,10,000	3,03,000	Budget includes special allowance in August Division and daily allowances of inspectors and travelling allowances of constables.
Supplies and Services	4,49,597	4,37,000	4,48,000	3,91,000	The estimate for 1905-06 includes a special provision of Rs. 48,000 for the purchase of a steam launch.
Lump provision for Police Reforms ... ..	.....	.....	.....	4,00,000	
Contingencies	1,43,422	1,83,000	1,54,000	2,00,000	Increased grant for contingencies and salaries and taxes in account of raising of establishment.
Other Police	28,181	20,500	31,000	25,000	
Total	27,41,000	28,78,800	32,34,200	32,10,700	
Village Police	85,853	51,800	47,000	64,000	

20.—Police—continued.

HEADS.	1914-1915.	1915-1916.		1916-1917.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Special Police—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Nikkim State Police	8,091	.....	.....	.....
Bengal Military Police	51,774	70,000	44,000	58,000	
Frontier Police, Chittagong	237	.....	.....	.....
Ditto Angul	29,834	38,000	38,000	.....	No provision made here as Angul Police has been amalgamated with the District Executive Force.
Upper Burma Police Depot	4,823	5,000	3,000	5,000	
Total	94,801	1,13,800	85,000	63,000	
Railway Police—					
East Indian Railway Police	55,582	65,000	53,000	68,900	Increase due to reorganization.
Eastern System Railway Police	76,337	1,01,000	80,000	1,15,000	Increase due to reorganization and for amalgamation of the Bengal Central Railway Police.
Assam-Bengal Railway Police	253	.....	.....	.....
Bengal and North-Western and Tirhut State Railway Police	10,823	14,000	12,000	16,000	Increase due to reorganization.
Bengal-Nagpur Railway Police	12,628	16,000	13,000	15,000	Increase due to reorganization and amalgamation of Sambalpur Force.
Cooch Behar Police ... ..	.....	5,000	3,000	500	
Bengal Central Railway Police	4,406	.....	.....	.....	Included under Eastern System Railway Police.
Total	1,53,428	2,01,000	1,50,000	2,17,500	
Cattle-pounds	1,767	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Remounts	16,786	30,000	11,000	12,500	
Grain compensation allowance ... ..	.....	.....	.....	10,000	
Total	18,551	31,000	12,000	13,500	
Eastern Bengal	15,88,730	15,00,000	11,21,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	67,43,833	78,90,000	64,27,000	63,67,000	

21.—Marine—

Salaries and allowances of officers and men afloat	61,483	70,000	65,000	70,000	The increase in the revised is for larger payments to officers and men attached to pilot vessel <i>Alice</i> and steam cruiser <i>Fraser</i> .
Victualling of officers and men afloat	23,710	25,000	24,000	24,900	
Purchase of marine stores and coal for the building, repairs and outfit of ships and vessels	75,610	1,08,700	97,000	1,23,000	Budget includes larger provision for purchase of marine stores for pilot vessels and steam cruiser <i>Fraser</i> .
Purchase and hire of ships and vessels	7,45,659	65,000	58,000	50,000	
Pilotage and pilot establishments	7,22,863	6,74,800	7,61,000	6,61,500	Larger payments of allowances to pilots caused the increase in the revised. The allowances are not expected to be as heavy in 1917-18 as in the current year.
Marine establishments	93,023	1,01,000	96,000	1,03,000	
Subsidies to steam-tug companies	20,400	23,000	18,000	20,000	
Miscellaneous	23,000	27,000	26,000	28,000	
State yacht establishment	9,967	6,500	5,000	6,100	
Kutums	16,214	1,000	8,000	5,000	Based on actuals.
Total	18,20,672	11,07,800	11,79,000	10,87,500	
Eastern Bengal	3,836	16,288	12,600	.....
GRAND TOTAL	18,46,608	11,23,000	11,91,000	10,97,500	

22.—Education—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Director	Rs. 89,677	Rs. 89,000	Rs. 82,000	Rs. 81,800	Budget includes local allowance of the non-departmental Director.
University	2,80,000	.....	87,000	87,000	
Inspection—					The increase in the revised is due to the transfer of Sub-Inspectors of Schools from the District Boards to Education Department with effect from the 1st January 1906. Budget includes Rs. 1,67,000 on this account and also for increase under salaries and allowances.
Inspector of European Schools	13,401	14,400	14,000	13,000	
Inspectors of other schools	8,35,828	2,24,517	2,51,000	4,12,000	
Inspector of Hostels and students' messes .....	.....	.....	2,000	2,500	
Total	2,94,887	2,39,917	2,76,000	4,35,300	
Government Colleges, General—					
English Colleges—					
Arta College	8,93,451	8,71,225	5,71,000	5,71,000	
Kden Hindu Hostel	33,432	31,000	30,000	33,000	
Bethune College	30,910	33,000	33,000	40,300	
Oriental College—					
Banskrit College	37,791	40,000	31,000	41,000	
Calcutta Madrasah	55,132	54,000	5,000	55,000	
Millott Madrasah Hostel	8,551	4,674	2,000	4,674	
Grants towards the Hostel attached to the Midnapur College .....	.....	14,000	.....	.....
Expenditure on petty construction and repairs	300	.....	.....	.....
Expenditure on furniture and apparatus	40,093	12,700	18,000	21,300	
For rounding .....	.....	5,74,508	.....	5,09,474	
Total	5,31,530	5,74,508	5,57,000	5,69,000	
Government Colleges, Professional—					
Law Colleges	8,217	4,800	4,000	4,000	The decrease in the revised is for savings in the grants for training of teachers for B and C classes, for mining courses and some other petty grants. The increase in the budget is for increase in the number of professors and additional instructors for Mining Engineering with their travelling and house allowances, and for the purchase of mining models and other requirements of the Mining Class.
Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, Howrah	1,98,163	2,23,000	2,00,000	2,74,000	
Expenditure on furniture and apparatus .....	.....	6,000	.....	13,000	Budget includes provision for the introduction of practical science and mining course in the Civil Engineering College.
For rounding .....	.....	2,31,800	.....	2,91,000	
Total	2,07,400	2,32,800	2,10,000	2,91,000	
Government Schools, General	4,85,828	5,30,306	5,09,000	5,53,800	The decrease in the revised is for savings in the provisions for Agricultural Classes, Agricultural Gardens, and for opening H and V classes in certain high schools. The increase in the budget is due to inclusion of schools in Sambalpur.
Government Schools, Special	2,10,572	2,63,147	2,33,000	2,75,000	The decrease in the revised is for savings in the grants for training institutions for girls, for women education by central authorities, for female teachers, house-to-house visitation, and for training institutions for primary school teachers. Budget includes one lakh for laboratories, fitting and other charges for Patna College and Rs. 75,000 for starting training colleges.

22.—Education—conold.

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Grants-in-aid	Rs. 7,53,997	Rs. 7,37,548	Rs. 8,30,000	Rs. 7,80,000	Budget provides Rs. 7,00,000 for normal grants and Rs. 80,000 for grants to private colleges. Revised includes Rs. 30,000 for grants to private colleges and larger payments to primary schools and to schools for European boys and girls.
Technical Education .....	.....	.....	.....	1,35,000	
Scholarships	1,59,027	1,62,900	1,51,000	1,65,000	One lakh for initial expenditure and Rs. 55,000 for recurring charges. The decrease in the revised is for nonutilization of provisions for Apprentice Scholarships in Civil Engineering College, for the Bihar School of Engineering and for Industrial Scholarships for students studying in Europe.
Miscellaneous	75,050	1,34,060	80,000	1,33,000	
Refunds	1,923	4,000	5,000	3,000	
Lump provision for Primary Education and provision for new Educational schemes .....	.....	10,00,000	.....	2,97,200	
Brain compensation allowances .....	.....	.....	.....	5,000	
Total	30,67,891	40,63,548	31,17,000	41,00,000	
Eastern Bengal	5,64,111	6,88,100	5,13,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	36,32,002	47,52,000	34,30,000	41,00,000	

24.—Medical—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Medical Establishment—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Superintendence	77,930	87,800	83,000	80,400	The decrease is due to the separation of the offices of the Sanitary Commissioner from the Inspector-General's Office. Budget based on the actual number of officers and the pay drawn by them.
District Medical Establishment	4,73,976	4,94,279	4,97,000	4,76,000	
Reserve Medical Officers and Subordinates	10,287	20,000	21,000	20,000	
Total	5,62,193	6,03,779	6,01,000	5,76,400	
Hospitals and Dispensaries—					
Providence Hospitals and Dispensaries—					The increase in the Budget is partly under salaries for increase of pay of officers, partly under establishment for increase of pay of servants, &c., for larger grants, for diet of patients and rates and taxes owing to revision of assessment.
Medical College Hospital	1,00,232	1,51,000	1,61,000	1,35,000	
General Hospital	2,19,012	2,15,800	2,30,000	2,19,000	
Campbell Hospital	82,324	88,000	82,000	1,00,000	
Albert Victor Asylum for Lepers	18,236	21,100	19,000	19,200	The increase is due to the increase in the number of Assistant Surgeons and Civil Hospital Assistants in charge of dispensaries. Budget includes Rs. 8,100 for capitation grant for Leper Asylum at Furulla and grants to Moulhant, Arish and other dispensaries. A reserve has also been provided for grants to other Leper Asylums.
Mutassal Hospitals and Dispensaries	20,714	27,100	27,100	28,900	
Grants to Mutassal Hospitals and Dispensaries	2,16,700	25,050	1,71,000	1,19,400	
Probable savings ... ..	.....	6,18,193 —8,900	.....	.....
Total	7,18,309	6,10,183	6,03,000	7,21,500	
Sanitation and Vaccination	1,67,600	1,66,177	1,79,000	2,66,000	Budget includes Rs. 20,000 for anti-malarial measures, Rs. 10,150 on account of fees and allowance of Dr. Gilbert Fowler on deputation to report on septic tanks in Bengal and Rs. 7,000 for collection of sanitary statistics proposed by Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, and also for increase in the number of vaccinators for Sambalpur. Budget based on actuals. Revised includes grants to the Jheria Plague Committee.
Grants for Medical purposes—					
Expenses during the prevalence of plague	81,064	70,000	98,000	90,000	Budget based on actuals. Revised includes grants to the Jheria Plague Committee.
Expenses during the prevalence for Sambalpur	.....	.....	.....	.....
Expenses during the prevalence of epidemics	1,476	5,000	6,000	2,000	
Expenses in connection with cholera inoculation	8,168	8,000	8,000	.....
Value of medical stores	20,519	9,000	9,000	9,000	
Exchange compensation allowances	187	.....	.....	.....
Total Grants for medical purposes	93,916	84,000	1,10,000	1,01,000	
Medical Schools and Colleges—					
Medical College	1,74,537	1,91,000	2,12,000	2,66,400	The increase in the budget is for increase in the number of Professors and Demonstrators and for the revision of the pay of Professors, for cost of supply of electric current, for increased grant under scholarships, cost of medical stores, models and diagrams, and rates and taxes on account of increased assessment.
Medical Schools	1,14,000	1,17,000	1,14,000	1,17,400	
Total	2,88,537	3,08,000	3,26,000	3,83,800	
Leprosy Asylum	1,09,000	1,18,576	1,13,000	1,08,700	The decrease is under Salaries.
Regional Hospital	19,873	15,500	10,000	12,900	
Chemical Examiner	65,081	60,000	26,000	22,000	
Referrals	2,311	1,000	2,000	1,900	
Grain compensation allowance ... ..	.....	.....	.....	2,000	
Deduct—For rounding	.....	.....	.....	21,80,200 —200	
Total	19,91,050	19,98,512	20,48,000	21,89,000	
Eastern Bengal	2,16,753	2,16,000	2,07,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	22,07,803	22,78,000	22,55,000	21,89,000	

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Entertainment of Envoys and Chiefs ...	Rs. 1,979	Rs. 15	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 200	Estimate based on actuals.
Barbar presents and allowances to Vakils, etc. ...	8,641	10,700	10,000	5,800	
Miscellaneous	2,075	6,284	5,000	4,000	
		16,979			
For rounding		81			
Total	12,695	17,000	16,000	10,000	
Eastern Bengal	8,155	5,000			
GRAND TOTAL	20,800	22,000	16,000	10,000	

26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments—

Preservation and translation of ancient manuscripts	6,200	6,000	6,000	8,000	The decrease in the revised is due to the non-utilization of the lump provision of Rs. 80,000 for the extension of the institution at Belgachia and of Rs. 17,000 for the introduction of Glanders and Parcy Acts. Budget includes provision for an additional lecturer, for increase in the number for servants for hostel, and for increase in dieting charges. Budget includes increase of pay and allowance of the Registrar.
Veterinary and Stallion Charges	79,706	1,83,637	89,000	1,30,000	
Registrar of Co-operative Credit Societies	5,996	23,000	16,000	28,000	
Imperial Institute Donations to Scientific Societies	8,000	800	8,000	800	
Experimental Cultivation	1,04,808	1,79,450	1,77,000	4,00,000	The revised includes expenditure form the special part made by the Government of India, since the passing of the budget but on the other hand there has been decrease for the non-utilization of the grant of Rs. 24,000 for a farm to demonstrate the value of irrigation, Rs. 50,000 for the cattle-breeding farm at Pusa and Rs. 8,000 for two bull rearing farms. Provision has been made in the budget for the development of the Agricultural Department.
Cinchona Plantation	1,97,000	2,36,000	1,87,000	2,25,000	
Public Exhibitions and Fairs	3,407	3,000	3,000	3,500	
Botanical and other Public Gardens	1,71,453	1,32,000	1,40,000	1,41,000	
Emigration	23,995	36,000	22,000	24,000	Budget includes pay for the appointment of an additional inspector.
Inspector of Factories	24,337	35,000	20,000	33,000	
Census Gazetteer and Statistical Memoirs	1,120	1,300	1,000	1,700	The increase is for the increased number of clerks employed in the 21 bungalows for the registration of internal road-borne traffic.
Registration of Railway Traffic	21,595	47,600	17,000	22,000	
Registration of River-borne Traffic	8,872	8,700	9,000	9,000	
Provincial Statistics	4,731	5,400	4,000	3,100	
Examinations	18,887	17,300	19,000	24,000	
Factories	3,913	6,500	5,000	4,500	
Inspector of Mines	8,808	10,000	9,000	10,000	
Miscellaneous	2,300	.....	2,000	.....
Refunds	31	500	100	
Total	6,94,614	9,27,186	7,50,000	10,76,000	
Eastern Bengal	5,884	12,300	8,000	
GRAND TOTAL	7,00,398	9,40,000	7,58,000	10,76,000	

27.—Superannuation—

Superannuation and retired allowances	22,36,128	23,52,000	23,61,000	24,51,000	Increased provision made to meet the annual growth of expenditure as well as to meet the change of Police force, hitherto paid from the Police Superannuation Fund. Estimate based on the average actuals of last three years.
Compassionate allowances	15,886	16,000	11,000	15,000	
Gratuities	9,819	8,000	8,000	8,000	
Marine Department pensions	26,191	30,000	30,000	32,000	
Refunds	71	.....	.....	.....
Total	22,93,095	24,07,000	23,04,000	25,37,000	
Eastern Bengal	4,14,824	4,08,000	3,29,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	27,07,919	28,15,000	26,33,000	25,37,000	

30.—Stationery and Printing—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Stationery Office at the Presidency	Rs. 66,166	Rs. 65,000	Rs. 54,000	Rs. 71,000	Budget includes increased grant for contingencies and rates and taxes on account of the removal of the office to Dullanda.
Ditto purchased in the country	37,867	44,000	41,000	48,000	The decrease in the revised is for smaller expenditure under place-hand establishment and contingencies.
Government Presses	3,68,069	4,15,000	2,57,000	4,15,000	
Printing at Private Presses	933	700	1,000	1,000	
Stationery supplied from Central Stores	4,83,480	5,48,000	5,80,000	5,00,000	
Refunds	865	1,800	1,000	1,000	
Total	9,71,483	10,71,500	10,84,000	10,89,000	
Eastern Bengal	1,82,440	1,50,500	9,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	11,53,863	12,23,000	10,43,000	10,20,000	

32.—Miscellaneous—

Travelling allowances to officers attending examinations	4,678	4,400	7,000	5,000	Based on actuals. Nominal provision to meet unadjusted deficits.
Subscription to periodicals ... ..	.....	5,000	.....	5,000	
Reward for proficiency in Oriental languages, and allowance to Language Examination Committee... ..	14,799	11,000	12,000	12,000	Increase with reference to actuals.
Cost of books and publications	8,740	1,000	1,000	1,000	Budget includes provision for expenses for sending indigent persons bitten by rabid dogs to Pasteur Institute. The revised includes special grant of Rs. 45,000 to the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital and Rs. 12,500 to the Calcutta Female Nurses Institution.
Donations for charitable purposes	1,40,817	1,20,500	1,82,000	1,30,000	
Charges on account of European vagrants	5,298	7,000	11,000	7,000	Budget includes provision for Ministerial Officers Committee. The charges on account of Mr. Savage's deputation to Chaudhary Panchayat for which provision was made in the budget for 1905-1906 is being recorded under General Administration.
Rewards for destruction of wild animals	4,581	5,200	6,000	6,000	
City establishments	25,097	27,000	14,000	17,000	Budget includes provision for Ministerial Officers Committee. The charges on account of Mr. Savage's deputation to Chaudhary Panchayat for which provision was made in the budget for 1905-1906 is being recorded under General Administration.
Special Commissions of Enquiry	3,097	44,000	23,000	20,000	
Khedda charges ... ..	.....	.....	9,000	9,000	Included under petty establishments in 1904-05 and in the estimate for 1905-06.
Irrecoverable temporary loans written off	5,100	14,000	8,000	8,000	Estimate based on normal expenditure exclusive of special payments.
Charges for search of hidden Treasure	10	.....	.....	.....	Based on actuals. Increase in the Revised is due to the payment of compensation to the Purna Municipality for loss of ferry income caused by the establishment of ferry service by Bengal North-Western Railway between Balak and Marufganj Ghats.
Rents, Rates, and Taxes	25,719	25,000	30,000	30,000	
Contributions	4,321	4,000	23,000	6,000	The actuals for 1904-05 represent special payments for compensation to the proprietor of Lochnagar Estate in Darjeeling and fees to Government Pleader for conducting the suit in connection thereto. The revised includes special charges of Rs. 19,000 on account of pay and allowance of Mr. Holt, late Manager, Khagra Estate in Purnea.
Miscellaneous and unforeseen charges	41,820	6,000	23,000	7,000	
Miscellaneous refunds	9,025	4,500	8,000	9,000	
Extraordinary item ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
For rounding ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,05,897	2,79,000	3,30,000	2,77,000	
Eastern Bengal	36,915	55,000	15,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	2,42,812	3,34,000	3,75,000	2,77,000	

40.—Railway Revenue Account—Subsidised Company's land.

Land charges of the Bengal Provincial Railway	2,005
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42.—Irrigation—Major Works—(Working Expenses)—

Orissa Canals	2,14,500	2,44,000	2,38,175	2,38,000
Midnapore Canal	1,51,542	1,00,000	1,51,180	1,44,000
Hijili Tidal Canals	47,052	29,000	22,185	20,000
Bose Canal	4,99,095	5,61,000	5,22,500	5,52,000
Total	9,12,189	11,04,000	10,50,000	10,54,000

42.—Irrigation—Major Works—(Interest on Debt)—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals	Sanctioned estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Interest	24,51,998	24,52,900	24,52,000	24,52,000	

43.—Minor Works and Navigation—

IN CHARGE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION WORKS.

Works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept.

CAPITAL.

Works in Progress.

Midnapore Canal	4,028	12,000	7,470	26,000	Budget provision is for constructing permanent outlets, additions to weirs and other improvements for the control of irrigation from the canal. Budget provision is for Dudha canal.
Orissa Canals	28,232	41,000	23,000	40,500	
Bone Canals	3,385	10,000	1,769	4,500	
Damodar Canal	—1,204	.....	.....	.....
Saran Canals	1,775	.....	939	.....
Calcutta and Eastern Canals	2,81,074	2,74,000	3,70,608	4,60,000	The revised estimate includes Rs. 8,50,000 for a suction dredger while the budget is wholly for the same purpose.
Orissa Coast Canal	—302	.....	.....	.....
Total Capital	3,10,972	3,67,000	5,03,752	5,30,000	

REVENUE.

Orissa Coast Canal	48,480	58,000	65,306	91,000
Saran Canals	1,822	3,600	4,071	6,100
Calcutta and Eastern Canals	3,16,614	2,97,500	3,28,542	3,04,000
Total Revenue	3,66,916	3,59,000	3,97,919	4,00,100

Total Works for which Capital and Revenue accounts are kept

6,85,896	6,46,000	10,01,671	9,30,100
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Works for which only Revenue Accounts are kept.

WORKS IN PROGRESS.

Nadia Rivers	1,24,338	1,16,000	1,15,062	1,18,700
Gangabata and Buxi Khals	10,174	1,000	976	2,000
Total Works for which only Revenue accounts are kept	1,34,512	1,16,000	1,16,037	1,20,700

Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue Accounts are kept.

WORKS IN PROGRESS.

Eden Canal	24,780	39,000	30,462	37,300
Tenai Canal	11,054	4,000	2,940	4,000
Improvement of Navigable channels—Ganges river	65,132	46,000	48,520	.....
Sugarcane irrigation by pumping at Otter	10,308	.....	13,965	40,000
Total Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue accounts are kept	1,21,964	89,000	1,01,887	81,300
Total Irrigation and Navigation Works	9,42,374	8,61,000	12,20,493	11,32,000

AGRICULTURAL AND DRAINAGE WORKS.

Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue Accounts are kept.

WORKS IN PROGRESS.

Government embankments and works for the improvement of Government and escheated estates	4,67,048	11,14,000	10,09,694	10,20,330	The budget includes Rs. 1,40,000 for the Mogra Hat drainage scheme and Rs. 75,000 for the drainage of the Bhairab Valley in the district of Jessore.
Midnapore takavi embankments under contract	84,358				
Gandak takavi embankments under contract	84,103				
Rajpur and Howrah Drainage	14,668				
Works in charge of Civil Officers	1,14,803				
Mogra Hat Drainage Project				

Total Agricultural

7,44,734	11,14,000	10,09,694	10,20,330
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Reserve

30,000	(—) 187	25,670
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Total in charge of the Public Works Department

16,86,998	20,04,000	22,30,000	21,86,000
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IN CHARGE OF CIVIL DEPARTMENT.

Embankments under the contract system—

Establishments	1,474	1,462	5,000	5,702	Provision has been made for charges on account of the embankment co- establishments in Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur and Darbhanga.
Contingencies	67	48		819	
Maintenance charges of the Howrah and Rajpur drainages	4,039	3,276		3,276	
Refunds	9	224	.....	113	
Add—For rounding .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total in charge of the Civil Department	5,569	5,000	9,000	10,000	
GRAND TOTAL	16,92,567	20,09,000	22,39,000	21,96,000	

4.—Civil Works—

HEADS.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.		1906-1907.	REMARKS.
	Actuals.	Sanctioned Estimate.	Revised.	Budget.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
IN CHARGE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.					
<i>Original Works.</i>					
Civil Buildings { In progress	22,05,172	14,55,000	35,22,000	18,67,200	
... .. { Not commenced		15,45,700		27,59,800	
Communications { In progress	5,10,225	2,54,200	2,41,000	1,31,300	
... .. { Not commenced		20,000		20,000	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements. { In progress	1,15,384	50,000	1,44,000	1,700	
... .. { Not commenced		25,000		40,000	
Total	28,20,511	31,60,200	39,07,000	49,63,000	
<i>Repairs.</i>					
Civil Buildings	5,87,361	5,70,000	4,47,000	4,70,000	
Communications	8,07,747	8,13,700	5,15,000	9,15,000	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements	69,700	1,07,000	1,07,000	1,15,000	
Total	14,74,798	14,90,700	10,69,000	15,00,000	
Establishment	9,31,378	9,59,800	9,91,000	9,33,536	
Tools and Plant	61,028	37,110	42,000	32,175	
Stock and Suspense	36,909	.....	—15,000	.....
Total in charge of Public Works Department	28,27,515	(a) 56,48,000	(b) 51,89,000	73,20,000	(a) Includes Rs. 7,62,000 for Eastern Bengal. (b) Includes Rs. 3,25,000 for Eastern Bengal for six months and a-half.
IN CHARGE OF THE CIVIL DEPARTMENT.					
Ferry charges	7	4,312		9,122	
.. refunds	20,546	27,150	39,000	30,000	
Staging bungalows	8,904	9,713		8,448	
Encamping grounds	133	787		55	
Contributions in aid of Excluded Local Funds and Municipalities	1,46,000	5,71,500	2,14,000	8,00,000	Budget includes Rs. 24,802 for an incinerator in Calcutta, for grants for water-works, in Bhagalpur and Monghyr Municipalities and for sanitary improvements to the Puri Municipality.
Reserve for Police, Jails and other buildings ... ..	.....	14,51,000	.....	2,81,852	This is chiefly for Police buildings, water-works and sanitary improvements in the town of Darjeeling, and for the initial expenditure for separation of Patna division into two Commissionerships.
.....	1,82,547	20,68,442	2,72,000	11,20,000	
Eastern Bengal	36,306	8,15,558	2,000	.....
Total in charge of the Civil Department	2,18,645	23,82,000	2,75,000	11,20,000	
GRAND TOTAL	30,46,160	80,30,000	54,63,000	84,40,000	

Contributions from Provincial to Local.

HEADS.	Actuals, 1904-1905.	Sanctioned Estimate, 1905-1906.	Revised, 1905-1906.	Budget, 1906-1907.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Land Revenue	52,000	20,000	24,000	14,000	
Provincial Rates ... ..	.....	1,000	1,000	11,000	
Post Office ... ..	.....	1,000	.....	.....
Education ... ..	.....	4,20,000	6,25,000	2,000	The decrease is chiefly due to the transfer of Sub-Inspectors of Schools from the service of District Boards to that of Government from 1st January 1906. The increase is the revised estimate for the special grant of Rs. 4,25,000 made through the Divisional Commissioners to District Boards for primary school buildings out of the special assignment of 10 lakhs under 22—Education.
Medical	5,000	3,000	5,000	3,000	
Scientific and other Minor Depart- ment	4,000	7,000	5,000	7,000	
Civil Works	2,35,000	2,15,000	2,25,000	4,30,000	
Miscellaneous	20,000	.....	3,000	.....
Grant to establish equilibrium	7,70,000	17,00,000	12,11,000	14,43,000	Includes the additional assignment equivalent to one-fourth of road cess receipts.
Total	10,44,000	25,15,000	25,64,000	19,10,000	
Eastern Bengal	3,50,000	8,01,000	8,05,000	.....
GRAND TOTAL	14,55,000	33,16,000	30,31,000	19,10,000	

APPENDIX C.

Estimates and Revised Estimates of Receipts, 1905-06.

[The figures are in thousands of rupees.]

HEADS.	Sanctioned Estimate for undivided Bengal.	Estimate of Eastern districts included in column 2.	Difference between columns 2 and 3.	Estimate of Sambalpur for last 6 months.	Total of columns 4 and 5, i.e., estimate of New Bengal.	Revised estimate for New Bengal.	Actuals of first 6 months of Eastern Districts.	Total of columns 7 and 8.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Heads of Revenue—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Land Revenue { Proper ...	1,07,76	33,16	74,60	22	74,82	74,52	10,55	85,07
{ Adjustments ...	+ 86,35	...	86,35	...	+ 86,35	+ 93,49	...	+ 93,49
I.—Stamps ...	1,07,00	37,52	69,48	11	69,59	71,00	20,26	91,26
I.—Excise ...	75,91	12,47	63,44	31	63,75	66,72	6,95	73,67
I.—Provincial Rates ...	53,34	16,43	36,91	6	36,97	36,93	7,87	44,80
I.—Assessed Taxes ...	12,75	1,76	10,99	...	10,99	11,37	96	12,33
I.—Forests ...	3,00	75	2,25	4	2,29	2,40	82	2,72
X—Registration ...	17,00	6,78	10,22	1	10,23	10,64	3,68	14,32
Total ...	4,63,11	1,08,87	3,54,24	75	3,54,99	3,67,07	50,59	4,17,66
II.—Interest ...	3,35	24	3,11	1	3,12	2,82	9	2,91
Receipts by Civil Department—								
I.—Law and Justice—								
Courts of Law ...	8,14	2,39	5,75	3	5,78	5,40	1,37	6,77
Jails ...	11,00	1,50	12,50	4	12,54	12,60	68	13,28
II.—Police ...	2,00	16	1,84	...	1,84	1,30	6	1,36
II.—Marine ...	13,25	20	13,05	...	13,05	16,50	14	16,64
IX.—Education ...	7,70	1,58	6,12	1	6,13	6,10	77	6,87
IX.—Medical ...	4,37	6	4,31	1	4,32	5,46	3	5,49
XI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	2,57	1	2,56	...	2,56	2,78	...	2,78
Total ...	52,03	5,90	46,13	9	46,22	50,14	3,05	53,19
Other Receipts—								
III.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation ...	73	6	67	3	70	60	5	65
III.—Stationery and Printing ...	1,40	13	1,27	...	1,27	1,27	8	1,35
XV.—Miscellaneous ...	10,09	3,29	6,80	...	6,80	5,26	36	5,62
Total ...	12,22	3,48	8,74	3	8,77	7,13	49	7,62
Receipts from—								
IX.—Major works (direct receipts)...	20,00	...	20,00	...	20,00	21,50	...	21,50
XX.—Minor works and navigation—								
By Public Works Department	6,50	...	6,50	...	6,50	6,80	...	6,80
„ Civil Department	1,28	...	1,28	...	1,28	1,28	...	1,28
Total ...	27,78	...	27,78	...	27,78	29,58	...	29,58
Receipts from—								
XXII.—Civil Works—								
By Public Works Department	2,80	...	2,80	...	2,80	2,02	...	2,02
„ Civil Department	2,41	59	1,82	...	1,82	1,79	28	2,06
Total ...	5,21	59	4,62	...	4,62	3,81	26	4,07
Contributions ...	63	22	41	...	41	50	7	57
GRAND TOTAL ...	5,64,33	1,19,30	4,45,03	88	4,45,91	4,61,05	54,55	5,15,60

APPENDIX C.

Estimates and Revised Estimates of Expenditure, 1905-06.

[The figures are in thousands of rupees.]

HEADS.	Sanctioned Estimate for undivided Bengal.	Estimate of Eastern districts, included in column 2.	Difference between columns 2 and 3.	Estimate of Eastern districts for last 4 months.	Total of columns 4 and 5, i.e., estimate of New Bengal.	Revised estimate for New Bengal.	Actuals of first 6 months of Eastern districts.	Total of columns 7 and 8.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Direct demand on the revenues—								
1. Refunds and drawbacks ...	1,35	21	1,14	..	1,14	1,09	18	1,2
2. Assignments and Compensations ...	1,62	39	1,23	...	1,23	86	7	4
3. Land Revenue ...	47,22	12,60	34,62	51	35,13	32,32	2,81	40,6
6. Stamps ...	3,50	1,36	2,14	1	2,15	1,85	30	2,2
7. Excise ...	3,78	61	3,17	1	3,18	3,04	14	3,3
8. Provincial Rates ...	92	31	61	1	62	57	5	7
10. Assessed Taxes ...	39	7	32	...	32	35	3	3
11. Forests ...	1,91	50	1,41	5	1,46	1,38	8	1,5
12. Registration ...	9,96	3,95	6,01	...	6,01	5,95	6	6,1
Total ...	70,65	20,00	50,65	59	51,24	46,91	14,33	58,7
13. Interest on ordinary debt ...	2,22	30	1,92	...	1,92	2,05	...	2,0
Post office ...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...
Salaries and Expenses of Civil Department—								
18. General Administration ...	19,02	2,43	16,59	...	16,59	18,87	2,28	19,6
19. Law and Justice { Court of Law ...	1,02,00	28,87	73,13	19	73,32	70,54	2,78	86,7
{ Jails ...	28,20	6,02	22,18	8	22,26	23,33	1,07	26,3
20. Police ...	78,90	15,29	63,61	33	63,94	57,03	6,91	60,2
21. Marine ...	11,23	15	11,08	...	11,08	11,79	71	11,9
22. Education ...	47,52	6,88	40,64	9	40,73	31,17	9,56	34,3
24. Medical ...	22,75	3,19	19,56	6	19,62	20,45	83	22,1
25. Political ...	22	5	17	...	17	16	1	18
26. Scientific and other Minor Department.	9,40	13	9,27	...	9,27	7,50	1,77	7,5
Total ...	3,19,24	63,01	2,56,23	75	2,56,98	2,40,84	16,14	2,75,0
Miscellaneous—								
29. Superannuation, &c. ...	28,15	4,08	24,07	6	24,13	23,94	19	26,2
30. Stationery and Printing ...	12,22	1,50	10,72	...	10,72	10,34	38	10,4
32. Miscellaneous ...	3,14	35	2,79	1	2,80	3,60	80	3,7
Total ...	43,51	5,93	37,58	7	37,65	37,88	2,23	40,1
Navigation—								
32. Major Works—								
Working expenses ...	11,04	...	11,04	...	11,04	10,50	...	10,50
Interest on debt ...	24,52	...	24,52	...	24,52	24,52	...	24,52
33. Minor Works and Navigation—								
By Public Works Department ...	20,04	...	20,04	...	20,04	22,30	...	22,30
" Civil Department ...	5	...	5	...	5	9	...	9
Total ...	55,65	...	55,65	...	55,65	57,41	...	57,41
Buildings and Roads ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35. Civil Works—								
By Public Works Department ...	56,48	7,62	48,86	35	49,21	58,68	9,47	61,88
" Civil Department ...	25,82	5,16	20,66	...	20,66	2,73	...	2,70
Total ...	82,30	12,78	69,52	35	69,87	61,36	8,51	64,6
Contributions ...	38,13	8,01	25,12	2	25,14	23,60	1,54	29,3
GRAND TOTAL ...	6,06,70	1,10,08	4,96,62	1,79	4,98,43	4,70,12	28,31	5,27,0
Provincial surplus (+) or deficit(—) ...	—42,37	+9,27	—51,64	—61	—52,55	—9,07	—2,95	—12,0

The Council was then adjourned to Saturday, the 7th April, 1906.

CALCUTTA;
 The 27th March, 1906.

L. C. AADMI,
 Offg. Secretary to the Bengal Council.

The Calcutta Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART V.

Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 21st March 1906, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. IV OF 1906.

An Act further to amend the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882.

382. WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1906.
Short title.

382a. 2. In section 28 of the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882, after the words "such decree" the words "and for the purpose of deciding all questions arising in the execution of such decree" shall be inserted.
Amendment of section 28, Act XV, 1882.

3. In section 30 of the said Act, for sub-section (2) the following shall be substituted, namely:—
Amendment of section 30 of same Act.

"(2) Unless the Judge is of opinion that the application has been made solely for the purpose of delay, the applicant shall be entitled to such order as of right:

— Provided that the removal directed by such order shall, unless the Judge otherwise directs, be conditional upon the applicant giving security, to the approval of the Judge, within a reasonable time to be prescribed in the order, for the payment of the amount claimed and of the costs which may become payable by him to the plaintiff in respect of the said suit."

4. For section 69 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—
Substitution of new section for section 69 of same Act.

"69. (1) If two or more Judges of the Small Cause Court sit together in any suit, or in any proceeding under Chapter VII of this Act, and differ in their opinion as to any question of law or usage having the force of law or the construction of a document, which construction may affect the merits, or

if in any suit or any such proceeding, in which the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds five hundred rupees, any such question arises upon which the Court entertains reasonable doubt, and either party so requires,

the Small Cause Court shall draw up a statement of the facts of the case and the point on which there is a difference of opinion or on which doubt is entertained, and refer such statement with its own opinion on the point for the opinion of the High Court; and the provisions of sections 519 to 621 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall, so far as they are applicable, be deemed to apply as if such XIV of

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reference had been made under section 617 of the said Code.

(2) When the Small Cause Court refers any question for the opinion of the High Court as provided in sub-section (1), it shall either reserve judgment or give judgment contingent upon such opinion."

5. In No. 11 of the second schedule to the Indian Limitation Act, 1877, after the words "the XV of Code of Civil Procedure," the following shall be inserted, namely:—"or section 28 of the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882."

J. M. MACPHERSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 21st March 1906, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT NO. V OF 1906.

An Act further to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1899.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1899; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called the Indian Stamp (Amendment) Act, 1906.
Short title.

2. In section 2, clause (19), of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (hereinafter referred to as "the said Act"), sub-clause (c), and the word "and" prefixed thereto, are hereby repealed.

3. In section 11, clause (a), section 32, proviso, clause (c), section 35, proviso, clause (a), section 69 and 74, Act II, 1899. 40, section 41, section 69 and section 74, of the said Act, after the words "one anna," wherever they occur, the words "or half an anna" shall be inserted.

4. For section 29, clause (b), of the said Act, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(b) in the case of a policy of insurance other than fire-insurance—by the person effecting the insurance ;

• (bb) in the case of a policy of fire-insurance—by the person issuing the policy ;".

5. To section 30 of the said Act the following paragraph shall be added, namely :—

Addition to section 30, Act II, 1899.

"Any person receiving or taking credit for any premium or consideration for any renewal of

any contract of fire-insurance, shall, within one month after receiving or taking credit for such premium or consideration, give a duly stamped receipt for the same."

6. In section 51 of the said Act, after the word "instruments" the words "by any banker or," and after the word "said" the word "banker," shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 51, Act II, 1899.

7. In Schedule I of the said Act, the following amendments shall be made, namely :—

Amendments of Schedule I, Act II, 1899.

(1) For clauses (b) and (c) of the exemptions from Article No. 24 the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(b) Copy of, or extract from, any register relating to births, baptisms, namings, dedications, marriages, deaths or burials."

(2) In clause (b) of Article No. 41, for the words "one year" the words "eighteen months" shall be substituted.

(3) For divisions A and B of Article No. 47 the following shall be substituted, namely :—

	If drawn singly.	If drawn in duplicate, for each part.
"A.—SEA-INSURANCE (see section 7)—		
(1) for or upon any voyage—		
(i) where the premium or consideration does not exceed the rate of two annas or one-eighth per centum of the amount insured by the policy ;	One anna.	Half an anna
(ii) in any other case, in respect of every full sum of one thousand rupees and also any fractional part of one thousand rupees insured by the policy ;	Two annas.	One anna

	If drawn singly.	If drawn in duplicate, for each part.	
(2) for time—			"B.—FIRE INSURANCE—
(iii) in respect of every full sum of one thousand rupees and also any fractional part of one thousand rupees insured by the policy—			(1) in respect of an original policy—
where the insurance shall be made for any time not exceeding six months;	Two annas.	One anna.	(i) when the sum insured does not exceed Rs. 5,000; Eight annas.
where the insurance shall be made for any time exceeding six months and not exceeding twelve months.	Four annas.	Two annas.	(ii) in any other case; One rupee.
			and (2) in respect of each receipt for any payment of a premium on any renewal of an original policy. One-half of the duty payable in respect of the original policy in addition to the amount, if any, chargeable under No. 53."
			(4) To Article No. 53 the following note shall be added, namely:—
			"See also POLICY OF INSURANCE [No. 47-B (2)]."

J. M. MACPHERSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 21st March 1906, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. VI OF 1906.

An Act further to amend the law relating to merchant seamen.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the law relating to merchant seamen; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Indian Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Act, 1906.
Short title.

2. To section 23 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1859, the following shall be added, namely:—
Amendment of section 23, Act I, 1859.

"Notwithstanding anything in this section, in the case of any such foreign-going ship as aforesaid, being a ship—

3 Vict, (a) registered in British India under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, or

(b) registered in the United Kingdom under the said Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, but not employed in trading with any port in the United Kingdom, a running agreement with the crew may be made to extend over two or more voyages so that it shall terminate either within six

months from the date on which it was executed or on the first arrival of the ship at her port of destination in British India after the expiration of that period, or on the discharge of cargo consequent upon such arrival, whichever of these dates shall be the latest:

"Provided that no such agreement shall continue in force, if, after the expiration of such period of six months as aforesaid, the ship proceeds on a voyage from a port out of British India to any other such port which is not on the direct road or a customary route to her port of destination in British India:

"Provided also that every such agreement shall, in addition to any other particulars required by law, contain such stipulations for the discharge of the crew and payment of their wages, for securing their return to the port at which they were shipped or to some other port in British India, and for other purposes on the termination of the agreement at a port out of British India under the foregoing proviso, as the Governor General in Council may direct."

3. In section 24A of the said Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1859, as amended by section 2 of Act I of 1894, the Indian Merchant Shipping Law Amendment Act, 1891, after the word "December" the words "or, as the case may be, after the expiration of a period of six months from the date on which it was executed," shall be inserted.
Amendment of section 24A, Act I, 1859.

J. M. MACPHERSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

